The Commission’s determination resulted in finding a violation of section 337. Id. The Notice also requested written submissions on remedy, the public interest, and bonding. See id.

On September 6, 2019, Complainants submitted a brief on remedy, the public interest, and bonding, requesting that the Commission issue a GEO, issue CDOs against two of the three Defaulting Respondents, and set a bond of 100 percent during the Presidential review period. On the same day, OUII also submitted a brief on remedy, the public interest, and bonding, supporting the ALJ’s recommended GEO, CDOs against two of the Defaulting Respondents, and bond in the amount of 100 percent. On September 13, 2019, OUII submitted a reply to Complainants’ opening brief. No other submissions were filed in response to the Notice.

The Commission finds that the statutory requirements for relief under section 337(d)(2) are met with respect to the Defaulting Respondents. See 19 U.S.C. 1337(d)(2). In addition, the Commission finds that the public interest factors enumerated in section 337(d)(1) do not preclude issuance of statutory relief. See id. at 1337(d)(1).

The Commission has determined that the appropriate remedy in this investigation is: (1) a GEO prohibiting the unlicensed entry of certain water filters and components thereof that infringe one or more of claims 1–3, 6, and 7 of the ’551 patent; claim 49 of the ’551 patent; claims 1–3, 7–9, and 12–15 of the ’322 patent; and claims 14–18 and 21–31 of the ’852 patent; and (2) CDOs against Angkua Environmental and Calux. The Commission has also determined that the bond during the period of Presidential review pursuant to 19 U.S.C. 1337(j) shall be in the amount of 100 percent of the entered value of the imported articles that are subject to the GEO and CDOs. The Commission’s orders were delivered to the President and to the United States Trade Representative on the day of its issuance. The investigation is terminated.


By order of the Commission.

Issued: November 12, 2019.
Lisa Barton,
Secretary to the Commission.

[FR Doc. 2019–24860 Filed 11–15–19; 8:45 am]

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INTERNATIONAL TRADE COMMISSION

[Investigation Nos. 701–TA–630 and 731–TA–1462 (Preliminary)]

Glass Containers From China; Determinations

On the basis of the record developed in the subject investigations, the United States International Trade Commission (“Commission”) determines, pursuant to the Tariff Act of 1930 (“the Act”), that there is a reasonable indication that an industry in the United States is materially injured by reason of imports of glass containers from China, prorated for in subheading 7010.90.50 of the Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States, that are alleged to be sold in the United States at less than fair value (“LTFV”) and to be subsidized by the government of China.2

Commencement of Final Phase Investigations

Pursuant to section 207.18 of the Commission’s rules, the Commission also gives notice of the commencement of the final phase of its investigation. The Commission will issue a final phase notice of scheduling, which will be published in the Federal Register as provided in section 207.21 of the Commission’s rules, upon notice from the U.S. Department of Commerce (“Commerce”) of affirmative preliminary determinations in the investigations under sections 703(b) or 733(b) of the Act, or, if the preliminary determinations are negative, upon notice of affirmative final determinations in those investigations under sections 705(a) or 735(a) of the Act. Parties that filed entries of appearance in the preliminary phase of the investigations need not enter a separate appearance for the final phase of the investigations. Industrial users, and, if the merchandise under investigation is sold at the retail level, representative consumer organizations have the right to appear as parties in Commission antidumping and countervailing duty investigations. The Secretary will prepare a public service list containing the names and addresses of all persons, or their representatives, who are parties to the investigations.

Background

On September 25, 2019, the American Glass Packaging Coalition, Tampa, Florida, and Chicago, Illinois, filed petitions with the Commission and Commerce, alleging that an industry in the United States is materially injured or threatened with material injury by reason of subsidized imports of glass containers from China and LTFV imports of glass containers from China. Accordingly, effective September 25, 2019, the Commission, pursuant to sections 703(a) and 733(a) of the Act (19 U.S.C. 1671b(a) and 1673b(a)), instituted countervailing duty investigation No. 701–TA–630 and antidumping duty investigation No. 701–TA–1462 (Preliminary).

Notice of the institution of the Commission’s investigations and of a public conference to be held in connection therewith was given by posting copies of the notice in the Office of the Secretary, U.S. International Trade Commission, Washington, DC, and by publishing the notice in the Federal Register of October 2, 2019 (84 FR 52536). The conference was held in Washington, DC, on October 16, 2019, and all persons who requested the opportunity were permitted to appear in person or by counsel.

The Commission made these determinations pursuant to sections 703(a) and 733(a) of the Act (19 U.S.C. 1671b(a) and 1673b(a)). It completed and filed its determinations in these investigations on November 12, 2019. The views of the Commission are contained in USITC Publication 4996 (November 2019), entitled Glass Containers from China: Investigation Nos. 701–TA–630 and 731–TA–1462.

By order of the Commission.

Issued: November 12, 2019.
Lisa Barton,
Secretary to the Commission.

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