UNITED STATES TARIFF COMMISSION

SAFETY PINS

Report to the President (1962) Under Executive Order 10401



TC Publication 46

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UNITED STATES TARIFF COMMISSION

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UNITED STATES TARIFF COMMISSION WASHINGTON 25, D. C.

OFFICE OF THE CHAIRMAN

January 2, 1962

Dear Mr. President:

I have the honor to transmit the United States Tariff Commission's third report under paragraph 1 of Executive Order 10401 with regard to developments in the trade in safety pins since the modification of the tariff concession on such pins granted in the General Agreement on Tariffs and Trade.

The Commission is of the view that developments in the trade in safety pins do not indicate such a change in the competitive situation as to warrant institution at this time of a formal investigation under the provisions of paragraph 2 of Executive Order 10401.

Respectfully,

Ben Dorfman

Chairman

Enclosure

The President

The White House

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(TC 28100)

U.S. TARIFF COMMISSION Washington 25, D.C.

Safety Pins

Report to the President Under Paragraph 1 of Executive Order 10401 On Developments in the Trade in Safety Pins

Introduction

After investigation by the Tariff Commission and report to the 1/2 President under section 7 of the Trade Agreements Extension Act of 1951, as amended (the escape-clause procedure), the President, by Proclamation No. 3212, dated November 29, 1957 (3 CFR, 1957 Supp., p. 51), modified the concession on safety pins granted in the General Agreement on Tariffs and Trade (GATT). The change in the U.S. customs treatment of safety pins resulting from this action became effective December 31, 1957.

Paragraph 1 of Executive Order 10401 of October 14, 1952 (3 CFR, 1949-1953, Comp., p. 901), requires the Tariff Commission to keep under review developments with regard to any product respecting which a tradeagreement concession has been withdrawn or modified pursuant to action taken under the escape-clause procedure, and to make periodic reports to the President concerning such developments. The first such report must be made not later than 2 years after the escape-clause action was taken, and subsequent reports are required at intervals of 1 year.

^{1/} U.S. Tariff Commission, Safety Pins: Report to the President on Escape-Clause Investigation No. 53 . . ., 1957 (processed); and Safety Pins: Supplemental Report to the President on Escape-Clause Investigation No. 53 . . ., 1957 (processed).

If, in the judgment of the Tariff Commission, conditions of competition with respect to the trade in the imported articles and the like or directly competitive domestic products concerned have so changed as to warrant a formal investigation to determine whether the withdrawn or modified tradeagreement concession may be restored in whole or in part without resultant serious injury to the domestic industry, or upon request of the President, such a formal investigation must be instituted by the Tariff Commission under paragraph 2 of the order.

The first report on safety pins under paragraph 1 was submitted to the President on December 31, 1959, and the second on December 31, 1960. This, therefore, is the third report.

U.S. customs treatment

Safety pins are dutieble under paragraph 350 of the Tariff Act of 1930. As originally provided for in the act, the rate of duty was 35 percent ad valorem. Pursuant to a concession granted in the General Agreement on Tariffs and Trade negotiated at Geneva in 1947, the rate was reduced to 22-1/2 percent ad valorem, effective April 21, 1948. Following investigation by the Tariff Commission under section 7 of the Trade Agreements Extension Act of 1951, as amended, the tariff concession granted on safety pins in the General Agreement was modified by the President and the statutory rate of 35 percent ad valorem was restored on December 31, 1957. Table 1 in the statistical appendix shows the 1930 rate of duty and all subsequent changes.

Description of articles

The safety pins covered by this report are those made of base metal not plated with gold or silver and not commonly known as jewelry. All

of the imports, so far as is known, and much the greater part of the domestic production, consist of all-metal safety pins. Several concerns in the United States produce plastic-capped safety pins, but the production of these pins is small. The information contained in the remainder of this report, therefore, is confined to all-metal safety pins.

Domestic industry

In 1961, safety pins were produced by the following five concerns:

The Ideal Manufacturing Co., Beacon Falls, Conn. The Oakville Co. Division of the Scovill Manufacturing Co., Oakville, Conn. William Prym, Inc., Dayville, Conn. The Risdon Manufacturing Co., Naugatuck, Conn. The Star Pin Co., Shelton, Conn.

A sixth company, the F. Kelly Co., of Derby, Conn., produced small amounts of safety pins until 1960, when it discontinued their manufacture.

The Oakville Co. Division is by far the principal producer. This division is one of several operated by the Sccvill Manufacturing Co.

The Risdon Manufacturing Co. is the only other producer that operates more than one plant. Its safety pins, together with other wire products, are produced in its Waterbury (Conn.) plant. Safety pins comprise a substantial part, but in no instance do they comprise the bulk, of the total sales of the plants in which they are manufactured.

The Star Pin Co. did not produce safety pins until 1957, after acquiring the safety-pin assets of the DeLong branch of the Oakville Co. Division. Although production of safety pins by the DeLong Company had been substantial, production by the Star Pin Co. has been small, and most of the safety pins sold by that concern have been purchased from other manufacturers.

All of the domestic producers except the Ideal Manufacturing Co. and the F. Kelly Co. have reported their sales of safety pins to the Pin, Clip and Fastener Association. In order that the operations of individual concerns may not be disclosed, the statistical data contained in this report, as in previous ones, relate only to the operations of the association members.

Domestic production and sales.—In 1960 the four concerns for which information may be published produced 7.4 million gross of safety pins (table 2). This quantity was substantially below the average of 9.2 million gross produced in 1956-59, and was smaller than the quantity produced in any year since 1952. In the first 6 months of 1961, the production was 4.3 million gross, a quantity slightly larger than in the corresponding months of 1960.

Sales of safety pins in 1960 and the first 6 months of 1961 differed but slightly from production. The number of safety pins (3.4 million gross) held in inventory by the producers on June 30, 1961, was therefore almost the same as the number (3.6 million gross) held on December 31, 1959.

Employment and wages. -- The average number of persons employed on all products in plants manufacturing safety pins declined from 1,263 in 1956-59 to 1,179 in 1960 and to 1,152 in the first 6 months of 1961 (table 3). Based on man-hours of production workers, employment attributable to safety pins declined from an average of 211 persons in 1956-59 to 173 in 1960 and to 167 in the first 6 months of 1961. Somewhat more than half of the number in all years is accounted for by the Oakville Co. Division of the Scovill Manufacturing Co.

Average hourly earnings of production and related workers for labor on safety pins increased from \$2.21 in 1958 to \$2.34 in 1960, and amounted to \$2.31 in the first 6 months of 1961. Total wages paid to workers on safety pins amounted to \$899,000 in 1958, \$973,000 in 1959, and \$832,000 in 1960. Wages paid in the first 6 months of 1961 amounted to \$397,000 (an annual rate of \$794,000).

Prices.--Safety pins, which are made of steel or of brass wire, are sold in bulk for use by laundries, hospitals, and industrial establishments, or in bunches or on cards for distribution at retail. Unit prices vary widely for steel pins and brass pins and for the same kind of pins in different forms of packaging. The several domestic manufacturers put up pins in the same types of packages and generally charge the same prices for the same kinds of pins in the same types of packages.

Safety pins marketed in bulk are priced per gross of safety pins and are usually sold in boxes of 5- or 10-gross. Those in retail packages are priced per gross (or per dozen) packages. The packages are generally designed for sale over the retail counter at 15 cents (formerly 10 cents) or 29 cents per package. Most changes in the unit prices for pins in retail packages are accomplished by changing the number of pins contained in a package.

During the period March 1956 to October 1960, the price of safety pins sold in bulk, which comprise about two-thirds of the total number sold, increased 10 to 20 percent. During the same period, the unit price of safety pins sold in small bunches changed imperceptibly, although bunches designed to sell over the counter for 10 cents were replaced by larger bunches to sell for 15 cents. The unit price of pins sold on

retail cards and in large bunches, however, increased substantially. From October 1960 to October 1961 producers' prices were unchanged (table 4).

U.S. imports

Imports of safety pins increased from 3.0 million gross in 1958 to 4.6 million gross in 1960. Imports in 1960 were smaller than in 1957 (6.0 million gross), when there were large entries in anticipation of the forthcoming increase in duty, but were almost as large as at the previous peak (4.9 million gross) in 1956 (table 5). Imports in the first 9 months of 1961 amounted to 2.5 million gross, compared with 3.1 million gross in the corresponding period of 1960 (table 6).

Imports from the United Kingdom accounted for about 60 percent of the total quantity of safety pins imported during 1957-59, and for 45 to 55 percent in 1960 and the first 9 months of 1961. Most of the remaining imports came from West Germany and Czechoslovakia (table 7).

U.S. consumption 1/

Compared with an average of 13.3 million gross in 1956-59, the apparent consumption of safety pins (sales by U.S. producers plus imports less exports) amounted to 12.4 million gross in 1960. Apparent consumption in the first 6 months of 1961 was almost the same as in the corresponding period of 1960 (table 5).

The ratio of imports to apparent consumption declined from 37.5 percent in 1960, when it was almost as high as in 1957, to 26.6 percent in the first 6 months of 1961.

^{1/} As previously stated, in order that the operations of an individual manufacturer may not be disclosed, statistics on sales by domestic producers are given in this report only for the four companies that are members of the Pin, Clip and Fastener Association. If sales by all of the domestic producers were taken into account, apparent consumption would be somewhat greater and the ratio of imports to consumption somewhat less than is stated in this section.

STATISTICAL APPENDIX

Table 1.--Safety pins: Changes in U.S. rates of duty under the Tariff Act of 1930, 1930-61

			Tariff Act of 1930	
Tariff paragraph	Statutory		Modifications	
	rate	Rate	Authority	Effective date
Par. 350:				
rins with solid nears, with .				••
including hair, safety, :		• •		••
hat, bonnet, * *; all :		••		••
the foregoing not plated :				••
with gold or silver, and :		••		••
not commonly known as :				
jewelry:				, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
Safety pins:	: 35% ad val.	: 30% ad val.	: Trade agreement with	: Apr. 16, 1938.
			Czechoslovakia.	()
	••	: 35% ad val.	Trade agreement with	: Apr. 22, 1939.
•	•••	• •	Czechostovania terminated	
	•	22.5%	General Agreement on	: Apr. 21, 1948.
. ••	• • •	ad val.	Tariffs and Trade.	
	•••	: 35% ad val.	: Presidential Proclamation	: Dec. 31, 1957.
	••	••	: No. 3212.	••
		••		••
	• •	••		•

Table 2.--Safety pins: U.S. production, sales, and inventories at end of period, for 4 manufacturers, 1956-60, January-June 1960, and January-June 1961

			Sales		Inventory at end of period	at end od
Year or period	Production :	Quantity	Value	Unit value	Quantity	Ratio to sales
	Gross	Gross		Per gross	Gross	Percent
:	9,605,621	8,972,594	\$2,758,763	\$0.31	2,668,069	29.7
:1361	9,679,447	9,049,084	3,067,196	JE.	3,299,169	36.5
1958	7,540,300	7,981,887	2,670,748	.33	3,003,920	37.6
1959	10,077,106	9,508,056	3,036,793	.32	3,573,871	37.6
1960	7,402,968	7,775,866	2,861,676	.37	3,200,866	41.2
January-June 1960	4,065,546	3,937,532	1,466,198		3,701,885	1/ 47.0
1961	4,308,109	4,150,871	1,456,026	.35	3,358,551	1/ 40.5
			A CONTRACTOR OF THE PROPERTY O			

1/ At the annual rate of sales in January-June.

Source: Compiled from data submitted to the U.S. Tariff Commission by the producers.

Table 3.--Employment and wages in 4 U.S. plants manufacturing safety pins, 1956-60, January-June 1960, and January-June 1961

				Producti	Production and related workers	d workers		
Year or period	rotar employment,	Average	Total man-hours	-hours	Total wages paid	s paid	Hourly earnings	rnings
	all products	number, all products	A11 products	Safety pins	All products	Safety pins	All products:	Safety pins
American de Carlos de Carl	Average number of workers				•• •• •	••	•• •• ••	
1956	1,274	646	1,984,505	161,850	\$4,008,800	\$927,544	\$2.02	\$2.01
1957	1,317	1,033	2,166,817	166,087	4,536,117	983,667	2.09	2.11
1958	1,277	866	1,955,848	406,957	4,282,177	899,128	2.19	2.21
1959	1,243	976	146,441,5	426,852	4,861,466	972,570	2.27	2.28
1960	1,179	921	1,889,979	355,898	4,405,937	832,316	2.33	2.34
January-June 1960	1,183	126	955,949	186,020	2,236,603	433,927	2.34	2.33
1961	1,152	893	921,312	172,099	2,123,173	397,152	2.30	2.31

Source: Compiled from data submitted to the U.S. Tariff Commission by the producers.

Table 4.--Safety pins: Net prices to wholesalers, by 4 U.S. producers, in specified periods, 1956-61

Item :	March 1956	October 1959	October 1960	October 1961
Pins in bulk: : Hard steel, size l, closed: Brass, size 00 gilt, open:	\$0.16 \$0.20			
Pins in retail bunches: Hard steel: Small bunch:			:	
Number of pins per bunch Price per gross bunches Price per gross pins	17 \$6.86 \$0.40	\$9•53		
Lerge bunch: Number of pins per bunch Price per gross bunches Price per gross pins	72 \$18.42 \$0.26	: \$18.46	: \$18.46	: \$18.46
Brass: Small bunch: Number of pins per bunch Price per gross bunches Price per gross pins	22 \$6.86 \$0.31	\$9.53	\$9.5 3	\$9.53
Lerge bunch: Number of pins per bunch Price per gross bunches Price per gross pins	\$18.42	: \$18.46	: \$18.46	: \$18.46
Pins on retail cards: Brass, size 2: Number of pins per card Price per gross cards Price per gross pins	7 \$6.72 \$0.96			

Source: Compiled from data submitted to the U.S. Tariff Commission by the producers.

Table 5.--Safety pins: Sales by 4 U.S. manufacturers, U.S. imports for consumption, and apparent U.S. consumption, 1956-60, January-June 1960, and January-June 1961

	Sales by	Sales by U.S. producers	ers	•••	+ 400 404	Ratio of
Year or period	Total	Domestic	Export	Imports for consumption	sumption $1/$	imports to apparent consumption 2/
	Gross	Gross	Gross	Gross	Gross	Percent
1956	8,972,594	8,958,456	14,138	4,869,938	13,828,394	35.2
1957	780,640,6	9,033,199	15,885	6,001,231	15,034,430	39.9
1958	7,981,887	7,970,369	11,518	3,048,284	11,018,653	27.7
1959	9,508,056	9,490,853	17,203	3/3,705,827	13,196,680	28.1
	7,775,866	7,754,570	21,296	3/4,643,584	12,398,154	37.5
January-June :	3,937,532	3,926,742	10,790	3/1,943,444	5,870,186	33.1
1961	1,150,871	1,146,127	4,744	3/1,501,145	5,647,272	26.6
•		•	•			

1/ Total sales by the producers plus imports less exports. $\overline{2}/$ The ratio would be somewhat lower if it were based on total sales by the U.S. industry, but, as explained in the report, in order that individual operations may not be disclosed, statistics are given only for the manufacturers that report their sales to the Pin, Clip and Fastener Association. 3/ Preliminary.

Source: Compiled from data submitted to the U.S. Tariff Commission by the producers and from official statistics of the U.S. Department of Commerce.

Table 6.--Safety pins: U.S. imports for consumption, by months, 1957-60 and January-September 1961

February	Month	1957	1958	1959 <u>1</u> /	1960 <u>1</u> /	JanSept. 1961 <u>1</u> /
February 371,916 : 201,933 : 277,787 : 179,786 : 164,75 March 713,008 : 65,758 : 385,831 : 349,232 : 285,56 April : 457,621 : 306,749 : 267,859 : 337,772 : 157,67 May 291,229 : 137,104 : 444,254 : 367,887 : 214,13 June : 448,215 : 143,493 : 246,040 : 500,648 : 336,63 July : 342,815 : 237,412 : 364,385 : 314,548 : 382,96 August : 246,948 : 271,001 : 233,464 : 659,431 : 342,65 September : 288,792 : 548,359 : 265,411 : 229,832 : 322,73 October : 536,921 : 213,272 : 246,994 : 228,961 : November : 555,451 : 599,887 : 403,959 : 584,204 : December : 1,344,385 : 242,101 : 367,046 : 683,164 : Total : 6,001,231 : 3,048,284 : 3,705,827 : 4,643,584 : 2,549,51 February : 53,174 : 29,556 : 45,182 : 30,669 : 24,22 May : 43,710 : 17,045 : 46,963 : 38,805 : 24,56 June : 70,472 : 22,763 : 35,460 : 63,613 : 46,83 July : 43,776 : 31,288 : 61,949 : 44,173 : 58,51 August : 32,364 : 41,485 : 36,312 : 49,819 : 42,40 September : 56,084 : 53,053 : 49,243 : 45,947 : 49,35 October : 56,084 : 53,053 : 49,243 : 45,947 : 49,35 October : 67,394 : 33,190 : 39,835 : 30,082 : November : 74,995 : 82,032 : 51,085 : 63,064 : December : 181,776 : 40,671 : 63,222 : 59,842 :	•		Qı	uantity (gros	s)	
February	*					
March						
April						
May						
June						
July						
August						,
September						2) /
October						
November						322,730
December		536,921 :	213,272			
Total	November:					
Foreign value	December:	1,344,385	242,101	: 367,046:	683,164	_
Foreign value	met el	. 6 001 221 4	3 01.8 281.	3 70E 827 .	1, 61,3 581, 5	ו סיבורט בווי
January	TOOTTamaaaaaaaaaaaaaa	ه عرعود٥٥ و٥	,	• اعنوره اوره •	4,04,04,04	· ~ 9 7 4 7 9 7 ± 4
January	•		1			
February 53,174 29,556 45,182 30,669 24,22 March 87,373 9,867 55,758 41,188 40,41 April 67,566 47,810 41,826 46,147 23,95 May 70,472 22,763 35,460 63,613 46,83 July 143,776 31,288 61,949 44,173 58,51 August 32,364 41,485 36,312 49,819 42,16 September 56,084 53,053 49,243 45,947 49,35 October 67,394 33,190 39,835 30,082 November 74,095 82,032 51,085 63,064 December 181,776 40,671 63,222 59,842	:			foreign value		alian and a superior
February	Iomuore	\$1.8 7 03	\$10 050	: • \$31 766 •	\$30, 128	: • \$\d\d\d\d\d\d\d\d\d\d\d\d\d\d\d\d\d\d\d
March						
April		87 373				
May		67 566	17 870			
June						
July						
August 32,364: 41,485: 36,312: 49,819: 42,16 September: 56,084: 53,053: 49,243: 45,947: 49,35 October: 67,394: 33,190: 39,835: 30,082: November: 74,095: 82,032: 51,085: 63,064: December: 181,776: 40,671: 63,222: 59,842:				61.9/19		10 1
September 56,084 53,053 49,243 45,947 49,35 October 67,394 33,190 39,835 30,082 November 74,095 82,032 51,085 63,064 December 181,776 40,671 63,222 59,842						
October: 67,394: 33,190: 39,835: 30,082: November: 74,095: 82,032: 51,085: 63,064: December: 181,776: 40,671: 63,222: 59,842:					15.917	49,355
November: 74,095: 82,032: 51,085: 63,064: December: 181,776: 40,671: 63,222: 59,842:						
December: 181,776: 40,671: 63,222: 59,842:						
Total: 826,577: 418,819: 558,601: 543,477: 354,76	Total	826,577	418,819	558,601	543,477	354,766

1/ Preliminary.

Source: Compiled from official statistics of the U.S. Department of Commerce.

Table 7.--Safety pins: U.S. imports for consumption, by specified sources, 1957-60 and January-September 1961

Country	1957	1958	1959 <u>1</u> /	1960 <u>1</u> /	Jan-Sept. 1961 <u>1</u> /
×		Qu	antity (gros	s s)	
United Kingdom	2,459,479 : 22,130 : 12,325 :	1,158,520 : 4,500 : 49,011 :	1,281,641 4,794 139,775	: 1,910,903 : : 9,567 :	986,097 5,115 149,238
Total	6,001,231	3,048,284	3,705,827	4,643,584	2,549,514
:		F	oreign valu	9	
United Kingdom	299,894 5,543	2,608 : 5,121 :	149,374 2,200 20,538	: 162,687 : 4,063 : 54,423	106,538 1,631 20,103
Total	826,577	418,819	558,601	543,477	354,766
:	. anapusassussusperviewen etisselin resisten	Unit va	alue (cents	per gross)	
United Kingdom West Germany Japan Czechoslovakia All other	12.2 25.0 37.5	11.5 58.0 10.4	11.7 45.9 14.7	: 8.5 : 42.5 : 12.6	10.8 31.9 13.5
Average	13.8	: : 13.7 :	15.1	: : 11.7 :	: 13.9 :

1/ Preliminary.

Source: Compiled from official statistics of the U.S. Department of Commerce.