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Quarterly Report

to the
Congress and
the Trade
Policy
Committee

**Trade Between
the United States and
the Nonmarket Economy
Countries During
January–June 1991**

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NOTICE TO READERS

Please note that this quarterly report covers trade and other related developments through June 1991, before the recent events in the Soviet Union. In view of recent developments there, and in many of the other monitored countries, changes in the title and structure of this series of reports are currently underway. These changes will be introduced in subsequent reports and will reflect the changing tide of political and economic events in the designated countries.

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Introduction

This series of reports by the United States International Trade Commission is made pursuant to section 410 of the Trade Act of 1974 (19 U.S.C. 2440), which requires the Commission to monitor the flow of imports and exports between the United States and certain nonmarket economy countries (NMEs).¹ These countries include both those listed in general note 3(b) of the Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States (HTS), subject to the generally higher statutory rates of duty in column 2 of the HTS,² and several countries accorded most-favored-nation (MFN) tariff status in the general subcolumn of column 1 of the HTS, namely, Czechoslovakia,³ Hungary, the People's Republic of China (China), and Poland. Although all of the countries covered in this report remain designated NMEs, some of them have made significant progress in introducing market-oriented reforms into their economies.

Under section 410, the Commission is required to publish a summary of trade data for the Congress and the East-West Foreign Trade Board once each calendar quarter. As of January 2, 1980, the East-West Foreign Trade Board was abolished, and its functions were transferred to the Trade Policy Committee chaired by the United States Trade Representative.

The statute requires that the reports in this series present data on the effect, if any, of imports from NMEs on the production of like or directly competitive articles in the United States and on employment within industries producing those articles. To fulfill this requirement, the Commission developed an automated trade statistics monitoring system to identify imports from the NMEs that have grown rapidly and to measure the degree of penetration of such imports. Because comprehensive data on the production of the U.S. manufacturing sector are compiled and published annually rather than quarterly, the monitoring system is run only once each year. However, every quarterly report monitors imports from NMEs and discusses trends that may be significant for U.S. commerce.

¹ Earlier reports in this series included Yugoslavia among the NMEs whose trade with the United States is monitored. At the suggestion of the United States Trade Representative and after consultation with the appropriate congressional committees, the Commission determined that Yugoslavia would no longer be included in the countries covered by this report. This decision became effective with the 27th report. (U.S. International Trade Commission, *27th Quarterly Report to the Congress and the Trade Policy Committee on Trade Between the United States and the Nonmarket Economy Countries During April-June 1981*, USITC publication 1188, September 1981, p. 1, hereinafter *27th Quarterly Report*.)

Since the reunification of Germany in 1990, and beginning with the 66th *Quarterly Report*, U.S. trade with the former East Germany is no longer covered by this series of reports.

² As of June 30, 1991, the following countries or areas were enumerated in general note 3(b) of the HTS: Afghanistan, Albania, Bulgaria, Cambodia (Kampuchea), Cuba, Estonia, Laos, Latvia, Lithuania, Mongolia, North Korea, Romania, the U.S.S.R., and Vietnam. In this series of reports, imports from and exports to Estonia, Latvia, and Lithuania are included in the data on U.S.-U.S.S.R. trade.

³ Czechoslovakia was granted MFN tariff status on Nov. 17, 1990.

The reports focus on U.S. trade with Bulgaria, China, Czechoslovakia, Hungary, Poland, Romania, and the U.S.S.R., whose current levels of trade with the United States have the potential to affect a domestic industry. Although U.S. trade with Afghanistan, Albania, Cambodia, Cuba, Laos, Mongolia, North Korea, and Vietnam is negligible, exports to and imports from each of these are shown and included in the totals for "All NMEs" in these reports.

In the early 1950s, the MFN status of NMEs was suspended in accordance with section 5 of the Trade Agreements Extension Act of 1951, which provided that the benefits of trade-agreement concessions were not to be accorded to such countries. Section 401 of the Trade Act of 1974 reaffirmed the policy of denying MFN tariff treatment to imports from NMEs with the exception of Poland, whose MFN trade status had been restored in 1960.⁴ However, section 402 of the Trade Act of 1974 authorizes the President to extend MFN status to those countries that meet the freedom-of-emigration requirement provided for in this section (the Jackson-Vanik amendment) or to waive full compliance with this requirement when he has received certain assurances. Waivers resulting in MFN tariff treatment were extended to Romania in 1975, to Hungary in 1978, and to China in 1980.

During the 1980s, the following developments affected the MFN status of individual NMEs. The President suspended the MFN status of Poland in October 1982 but restored it in February 1987.⁵ In February 1988, the Government of Romania informed the U.S. Government that it had decided to renounce MFN status under the terms of section 402 of the Trade Act of 1974, and the waiver extended to Romania was accordingly suspended on July 3, 1988.⁶ Finally, on October 26, 1989, in response to a new emigration law passed by the Hungarian Parliament, the President reported to the Congress that Hungary was in full compliance with the freedom-of-emigration requirement of section 402. This determination

⁴ The MFN status of Yugoslavia, which was included in earlier reports in this series, was also restored prior to enactment of the Trade Act of 1974.

⁵ The reason cited for the suspension was the failure of Poland since 1978 to meet certain import commitments under its Protocol of Accession to the General Agreement on Tariffs and Trade (GATT), but a more immediate reason was the Polish Government's banning of the Solidarity trade union in October 1982. The restoration of Poland's MFN status in 1987 completed the gradual removal, over more than a 3-year period, of a number of economic sanctions that the United States had enacted against the Polish Government in response to its imposition of martial law in 1981 and its subsequent repression of the Polish people.

Since Poland's MFN status was initially restored prior to the enactment of the Trade Act of 1974, its reinstated MFN status is not subject to either the review or renewal provisions of section 402.

⁶ On Aug. 17, 1991, President Bush issued a new waiver of the application of the freedom-of-emigration requirement (Jackson-Vanik amendment) with respect to Romania (White House, *Weekly Compilation of Presidential Documents*, vol. 27, No. 34 [Aug. 26, 1991], p. 1168). This action represented the initiation of the process of restoring MFN status to Romania.

released Hungary from the waiver procedure that had made its MFN status subject to annual renewal. Czechoslovakia received MFN tariff treatment in 1990.⁷

Imports from NME countries can be subject to market-disruption investigations by the Commission under section 406 of the Trade Act of 1974 (19 U.S.C. 2436). Section 406 was included in the Trade Act of 1974 because, in the view of the Senate Committee on Finance, an NME country, "through control of the distribution process and the price at which articles are sold," could direct exports "so as to flood domestic markets within a shorter time period than could occur under free market condition[s]."⁸

In the HTS, as noted above, the MFN rates of duty are set forth in the general subcolumn of column 1, and the rates applicable to products of designated Communist countries are set forth in column 2. The latter are, in general, the rates that were established by the Tariff Act of 1930, and they are equal to or higher than the MFN rates. Since many column 2 rates are substantially higher than the corresponding column 1-general rates, actual or potential U.S. imports from countries subject to column 2 rates are affected in some measure by the rates of duty on the specific items involved.

Except as otherwise noted, the trade data in this series of reports are compiled from official statistics of the U.S. Bureau of the Census. Imports are imports for consumption (the sum of directly entered imports plus withdrawals from customs warehouses) at customs value (generally equivalent to f.o.b. value at the foreign port of export). Exports are domestic exports (U.S.-produced goods) at f.a.s. value.

Beginning with the *58th Quarterly Report*,⁹ the trade data in this series have been presented in terms of

⁷ On Jan. 22, 1991, President Bush issued a Jackson-Vanik waiver for Bulgaria, and on Jan. 23, 1991, he issued a waiver for Mongolia, the first step toward granting MFN status to these countries. On June 3, 1991, he recommended to the Congress that the waivers in effect for Bulgaria and Mongolia be continued for a year, and on June 25, 1991, he submitted the United States-Bulgaria trade agreement and the United States-Mongolia trade agreement, both of which contain a provision for MFN treatment, to Congress for approval.

On June 3, 1991, the President also submitted to the Congress his recommendation to extend for a year the Jackson-Vanik waiver authority with respect to the Soviet Union, which he had initially issued on Dec. 12, 1990. This action permitted the Soviet Union to remain eligible for export credit guarantees provided by the U.S. Department of Agriculture for the purchase of grains and other U.S. farm products and for the export financing services provided by the U.S. Export-Import Bank. On Aug. 2, 1991, President Bush submitted the U.S.-U.S.S.R. trade agreement to Congress which, if approved, will extend MFN treatment to the Soviet Union. On Oct. 9, 1991, a resolution was introduced in Congress that removes all references to the Baltic countries from the U.S.-U.S.S.R. trade agreement, and congressional consideration of the agreement was begun again. Legislation has also been introduced (H.R. 3313) to separately grant MFN status to Estonia, Latvia, and Lithuania.

⁸ U.S. Congress, Senate, *Trade Reform Act of 1974: Report of the Committee on Finance . . .*, 93d Cong., 2d sess., 1974, S. Rept. 1298, p. 210.

⁹ Throughout the report, citations in this abbreviated form refer to earlier reports in this series.

the Harmonized System (HS). The detailed analysis of imports is now based on the six-digit subheadings of the HTS, and that of exports is based on the six-digit subheadings of the HS-based Schedule B (1990 edition). The analysis of aggregate trade levels and trends is presented in terms of HTS and HS-based Schedule B sections, and the discussion of this trade also includes references to chapters (two-digit numbers) and headings (four-digit numbers).¹⁰ These new classifications for reporting trade between the United States and the NMEs have replaced the seven-digit items of the Tariff Schedules of the United States Annotated (TSUSA), seven-digit Schedule B numbers, and Standard International Trade Classification (SITC) Revision 2 categories used in all earlier reports in this series.

The U.S. International Trade Commission is an independent, factfinding agency. Thus, any statements made in the quarterly reports on U.S. trade with the NMEs do not necessarily reflect the views of executive branch agencies and should not be taken as an official statement of U.S. trade policy. These reports are also done independently of any other work conducted by the Commission, and nothing in these reports should be construed to indicate what the Commission's determination would be if an investigation was conducted under another statutory authority.

This quarterly report contains a summary of U.S. trade with the NMEs during April-June and, where appropriate, January-June 1991. The report also contains a section on first- and second-quarter developments affecting U.S. commercial relations with NMEs and a section updating the findings of the Commission's automated trade-statistics monitoring system. This system scans all U.S. imports of manufactured commodities from NME sources and identifies any that meet specified criteria with respect to import growth and import penetration of the U.S. market.

Additional copies of this report can be obtained by calling (202) 205-1809 or by writing to the Office of the Secretary, U.S. International Trade Commission, 500 E Street SW., Washington, DC 20436. Requests to receive the report on a quarterly basis should be directed to (202) 205-3255 or to the Trade Reports Division, U.S. International Trade Commission, 500 E Street SW., Washington, DC 20436.

Second-quarter Developments in Trade Between the United States and the Nonmarket Economy Countries

Two-way merchandise trade between the United States and the nonmarket economy countries (NMEs) increased by 4.8 percent, from \$6.6 billion during April-June 1990 to \$6.9 billion during April-June 1991.

¹⁰ The Harmonized System is a hierarchical coding system, with the first two digits of a six-digit subheading representing one of the chapters into which the sections are divided, the second two digits representing a heading in a chapter, and the third two digits representing the subdivision of a heading.

U.S. exports to the NMEs decreased by 8.1 percent to \$2.5 billion, and imports from these countries increased by 13.9 percent to \$4.4 billion. The U.S. deficit of \$1.1 billion in merchandise trade with the NMEs during April-June 1990 increased to \$1.9 billion during the second quarter of 1991 (table 1). This increase was mainly attributable to a significant decline in the U.S. trade surplus with the Soviet Union, from \$1.0 billion during the second quarter of 1990 to \$403.1 million during the quarter under review, and an increase in the U.S. trade deficit with China, from \$2.2 billion during April-June 1990 to \$2.4 billion during the second quarter of 1991. The U.S. trade balance with Eastern Europe¹¹ improved over the same period, from a deficit of \$5.0 million to a surplus of \$127.9 million.

A comparison of the trade figures for the first 6 months of 1991 with those for the corresponding period of 1990 also reveals a slight expansion in two-way trade between the United States and the NMEs, from \$12.9 billion during January-June 1990 to \$13.6 billion during January-June 1991, an increase of 5.5 percent. U.S. exports to the NMEs declined by 4.6 percent over this period to \$5.2 billion, and imports from the NMEs rose by 12.8 percent to a level of \$8.4 billion. The U.S. deficit of \$2.1 billion in trade with these countries during the first half of 1990 grew to \$3.3 billion during the first half of 1991. The U.S. surplus in trade with the Soviet Union declined from \$2.0 billion to \$1.2 billion, and the deficit in trade with China widened from \$4.0 billion to \$4.6 billion. The rise in the deficit was partly offset, however, by a reversal in the U.S. trade balance with Eastern Europe, from a deficit of \$1.6 million during January-June 1990 to a surplus of \$138.9 million during January-June 1991.

After rising for three consecutive quarters through April-June 1990, U.S. exports to the NMEs declined sharply during July-September 1990. They then increased for two consecutive quarters before declining again during the quarter under review (fig. 1). These shifts in the value of U.S. shipments to all NMEs largely paralleled the changes in exports to the Soviet Union.

U.S. exports to the Soviet Union declined from \$1.2 billion during April-June 1990 to \$568.2 million during April-June 1991 (table 2). U.S. exports to China increased to \$1.6 billion during the second quarter of 1991, up from \$1.2 billion during the corresponding quarter of 1990, and those to Eastern Europe rose from \$263.4 million during April-June 1990 to \$355.4 million during the second quarter of 1991. This increase in the value of U.S. shipments to Eastern Europe was led by a rise in exports to Hungary, which more than tripled from \$39.3 million during April-June 1990 to \$129.2 million during the quarter under review. U.S. exports to Poland increased from \$76.7 million to \$127.2 million over the same period, whereas exports to Romania fell from \$128.9 million to \$50.9 million.

¹¹ Eastern Europe refers to Bulgaria, Czechoslovakia, Hungary, Poland, and Romania.

Half-year figures also show an overall decrease in U.S. exports to the NMEs, from \$5.4 billion during the first half of 1990 to \$5.2 billion during the first half of 1991. The value of U.S. shipments to the Soviet Union declined from \$2.4 billion during January-June 1990 to \$1.6 billion during January-June 1991, whereas U.S. exports to China rose from \$2.5 billion to \$2.9 billion, and those to Eastern Europe increased from \$529.6 million to \$607.7 million. (For data on U.S. exports to the individual NME countries by Schedule B section, see tables A-2, B-2, B-3, and B-5 through B-17.) The Soviet Union's share of the value of U.S. exports to all NMEs decreased from 34.3 percent during 1990 to 31.3 percent during January-June 1991, and China's share increased from 53.3 to 56.5 percent (fig. 2). Eastern Europe's share declined slightly, from 12.1 percent during 1990 to 11.8 percent during the first half of 1991.

U.S. exports of vegetable products (sec. 2) to the NMEs—primarily corn, wheat, and other grains—decreased by 48.1 percent, from \$2.1 billion during the first half of 1990 to \$1.1 billion during the first half of 1991. In spite of the decline, vegetable products, with a 20.9-percent share of shipments in terms of value, remained the leading commodity group among U.S. exports to the NMEs (table A-1). Among the leading items exported to the NMEs, corn (sec. 2, Schedule B subheading 1005.90) remained the top export during January-June 1991, wheat (sec. 2, Schedule B subheading 1001.90) ranked fourth, and soybeans (sec. 2, Schedule B subheading 1201.00) ranked eighth (table C-1). Corn led U.S. exports to the Soviet Union, followed by wheat and soybean oilcake (sec. 4, schedule B subheading 2304.00) (table C-5). Wheat ranked fourth among exports to China (table C-3), and soybeans ranked third among exports to Eastern Europe (table C-7).

U.S. corn shipments to the Soviet Union declined from \$1.0 billion (8.8 million metric tons [mt]) during January-June 1990 to \$655.0 million (6.0 million mt) during the first half of 1991. Corn shipments to Eastern Europe fell from \$94.5 million (780,216 mt) to \$28.0 million (129,759 mt), owing to decreases in corn exports to Poland and Romania that far offset a substantial rise in shipments to Bulgaria. U.S. corn exports to China fell from \$15.0 million (139,524 mt) during the first half of 1990 to zero during January-June 1991. U.S. exports of wheat to both the Soviet Union and China also fell sharply. Wheat shipments to the Soviet Union declined from \$531.7 million (3.6 million mt) during January-June 1990 to \$167.5 million (2.1 million mt) during the first half of 1991, and those to China declined from \$252.4 million (1.7 million mt) to \$121.4 million (1.5 million mt).¹²

¹² The values for corn and wheat shown here may be slightly higher than those shown in tables C-1, C-3, C-5, and C-7. Unlike the data for corn (Schedule B subheading 1005.90) and wheat (Schedule B subheading 1001.90) shown in the app. C tables, the figures for corn shown above include corn seed and those for wheat include durum wheat.

Table 1
U.S. trade with the world and with the nonmarket economy countries,¹ by quarters, April 1990-June 1991

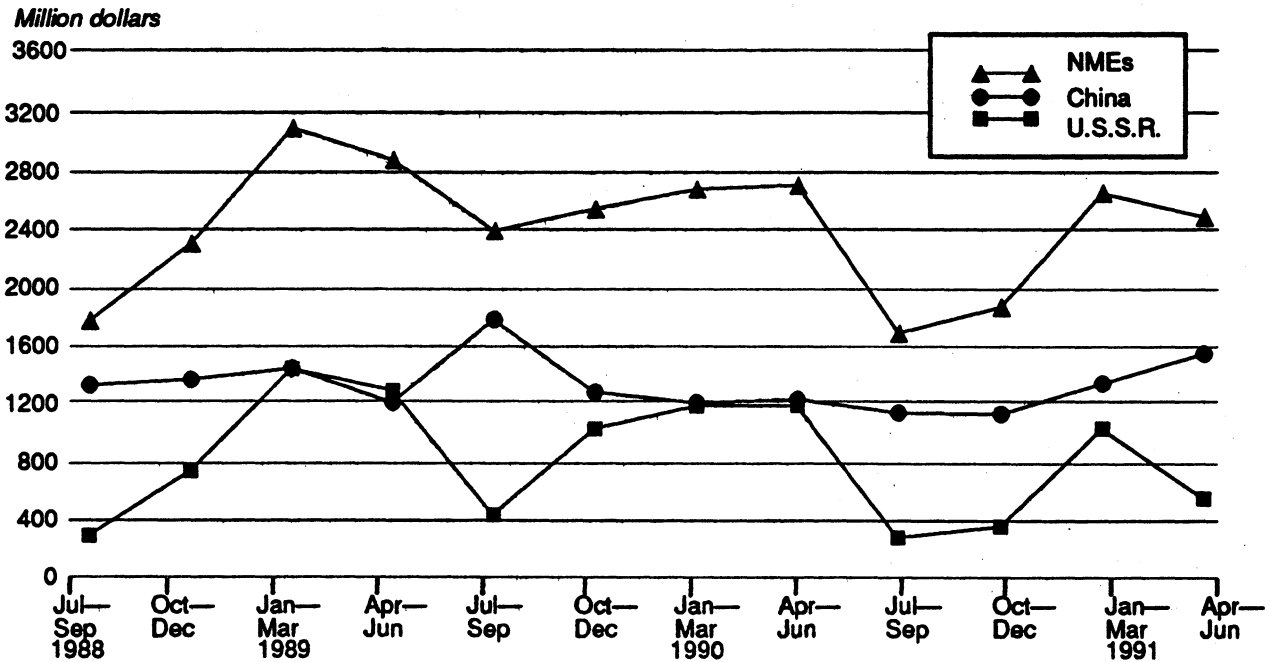
Item	1990			1991	
	April-June	July-September	October-December	January-March	April-June
<i>Value (million dollars)</i>					
U.S. world trade:					
Exports	95,821	89,253	96,805	97,575	102,535
Imports	118,688	122,667	130,834	114,703	118,282
Balance	-22,867	-33,414	-34,029	-17,128	-15,747
Trade turnover (exports plus imports) ..	214,509	211,920	227,639	212,278	220,817
U.S. trade with NMEs:					
Exports	2,723	1,704	1,833	2,666	2,503
Imports	3,856	4,979	4,798	4,037	4,394
Balance	-1,133	-3,275	-2,965	-1,371	-1,891
Trade turnover (exports plus imports) ..	6,579	6,683	6,631	6,703	6,897
<i>Percent of total</i>					
Share of total U.S. trade accounted for by trade with NMEs:					
Exports	2.84	1.91	1.89	2.73	2.44
Imports	3.25	4.06	3.67	3.52	3.71

¹ Afghanistan, Albania, Bulgaria, Cambodia, China, Cuba, Czechoslovakia, Hungary, Laos, Mongolia, North Korea, Poland, Romania, the U.S.S.R. (including Estonia, Latvia, and Lithuania), and Vietnam.

Note.—Import figures in this and all other tables in this report are Census-based imports for consumption at customs value. Exports are domestic exports only, including Defense Department military assistance shipments, and are valued on an f.a.s. basis.

Source: Compiled from official statistics of the U.S. Department of Commerce.

Figure 1
U.S. exports to all nonmarket economy countries, China, and the U.S.S.R., by quarters, July 1988-June 1991



Source: Compiled from official statistics of the U.S. Department of Commerce.

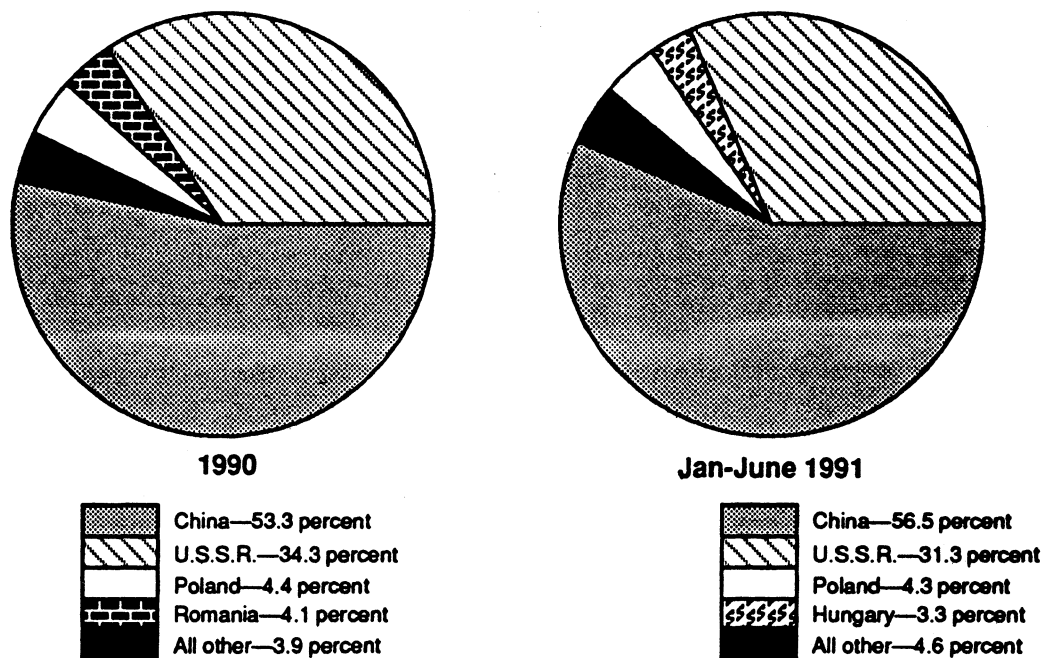
Table 2
U.S. exports to the individual nonmarket economy countries and to the world, 1989, 1990, January-June 1990, January-June 1991, April-June 1990, and April-June 1991
(In thousands of dollars)

Market	1989	1990	January-June—		April-June—	
			1990	1991	1990	1991
Afghanistan	4,776	4,249	2,464	1,752	1,217	594
Albania	5,287	10,409	3,468	6,155	1,240	1,660
Bulgaria	180,733	83,691	19,177	47,367	3,897	19,502
Cambodia	34	34	34	0	26	0
China	5,775,478	4,775,734	2,471,841	2,919,979	1,248,017	1,563,128
Cuba	2,629	1,298	718	663	313	383
Czechoslovakia	51,287	85,300	29,338	58,611	14,566	28,554
Hungary	119,305	151,643	66,789	168,555	39,290	129,174
Laos	341	771	8	785	8	412
Mongolia	30	94	14	12,215	0	11,789
North Korea	16	32	30	100	0	36
Poland	411,228	395,905	148,607	222,857	76,702	127,223
Romania	155,312	367,792	265,660	110,266	128,931	50,924
U.S.S.R.	4,262,336	3,071,629	2,405,780	1,617,158	1,205,163	568,196
Vietnam	10,493	7,445	5,238	2,290	3,739	1,510
Total	10,979,285	8,956,025	5,419,166	5,168,753	2,723,111	2,503,085
Total, U.S. exports to the world	349,432,947	374,536,647	188,478,272	200,110,232	95,821,012	102,534,972

Note.—Because of rounding, figures may not add to the totals shown.

Source: Compiled from official statistics of the U.S. Department of Commerce.

Figure 2
Relative shares of U.S. exports to the nonmarket economy countries, 1990 and January-June 1991



Source: Compiled from official statistics of the U.S. Department of Commerce.

Machinery, mechanical appliances, and electrical equipment (sec. 16) was the second-ranking commodity group among U.S. exports to the NMEs during January-June 1991. Machinery exports to the NMEs increased from \$763.2 million during the first half of 1990 to \$868.9 million during the first half of 1991. Although China remained the largest NME market for these exports, U.S. shipments of machinery to China decreased from \$583.7 million to \$571.5 million over the period. U.S. exports of machinery to the Soviet Union increased from \$125.5 million during January-June 1990 to \$178.4 million during January-June 1991, and such shipments to Eastern Europe increased from \$53.4 million to \$117.7 million.

Chemical products (sec. 6), the third-ranking commodity group among U.S. exports to the NMEs, increased from \$622.7 million during January-June 1990 to \$821.9 million during January-June 1991. At \$556.5 million, fertilizers (ch. 31) remained the leading export in this category, and, following corn, was the second largest U.S. export to these countries (table C-1).

Vehicles, aircraft, and other transport equipment (sec. 17) was the fourth-ranking commodity group among U.S. exports to NME markets during January-June 1990. Exports of U.S. transport equipment to the NMEs rose from \$564.6 million during the first half of 1990 to \$671.6 million during the first half of 1991, reflecting mainly an increase from \$20.5 million to \$144.0 million in shipments to Eastern Europe (tables B-1 and B-4). China remained the largest NME market for U.S. transport equipment during the first half of 1991, although these exports to China declined to \$504.7 million from \$541.6 million during the first half of 1990 (table B-2). Airplanes and other aircraft exceeding 15,000 kilograms in weight (Schedule B subheading 8802.40) accounted for \$365.8 million of the U.S. exports of transport equipment to China during January-June 1991 (table C-3) and for \$93.5 million of such exports to Eastern Europe (table C-7).

Textiles and textile articles ranked fifth among U.S. exports to the NMEs during the first half of 1991, up from sixth place during the corresponding period of 1990. These exports rose from \$258.5 million to \$406.7 million over the period, owing mainly to increased shipments to China (tables B-1 and B-2). Raw cotton (Schedule B subheading 5201.00) was the leading item in this commodity group, ranking fifth among exports to all NMEs and third among exports to China (tables C-1 and C-3).

U.S. imports from the NMEs were at a higher level during April-June 1991 than during April-June 1990. In both 1989 and 1990, imports from NME sources reached alltime high levels during the third quarter. The July-September 1990 high, like the July-September 1989 high, was followed by two consecutive quarters of decline and then an increase during the second quarter of 1991 (fig. 3). U.S. imports from China amounted to \$4.0 billion during the second quarter of 1991, up from \$3.4 billion during the corresponding period of 1990 (table 3). U.S. imports

from the Soviet Union declined slightly, however, from \$167.5 million during April-June 1990 to \$165.0 million during April-June 1991, and imports from Eastern Europe also decreased, from \$268.3 million to \$227.5 million.

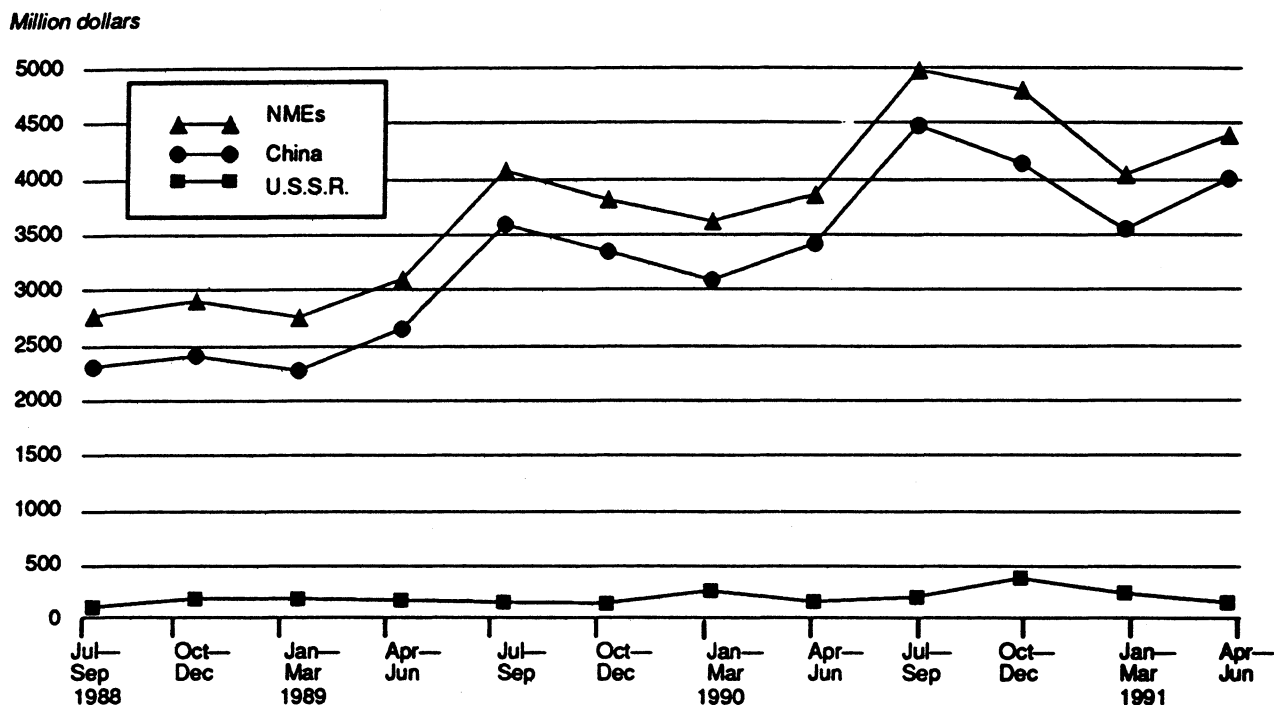
From January-June 1990 to January-June 1991, U.S. imports from the NMEs increased from \$7.5 billion to \$8.4 billion. Imports from China rose from \$6.5 billion during the first half of 1990 to \$7.5 billion during the first half of 1991. U.S. imports from the Soviet Union decreased over this period, from \$435.6 million to \$412.0 million, and those from Eastern Europe decreased from \$531.1 million to \$468.8 million. During January-June 1991, China accounted for 89.5 percent of all U.S. imports from the NMEs (fig. 4).

Despite a slight decline in shipments, textiles and textile articles (sec. 11) remained the first-ranking commodity group among U.S. imports from the NMEs, representing 21.1 percent of the value of shipments from these countries during January-June 1991 (table A-5). Textile imports decreased from \$1.79 billion during January-June 1990 to \$1.78 billion during January-June 1991, reflecting a 0.9-percent drop in shipments. China accounted for 95.9 percent of the textile imports during the first half of 1991 (tables B-1 and B-2). U.S. imports of textiles and textile articles from China decreased slightly, from \$1.72 billion during the first half of 1990 to \$1.71 billion during the first half of 1991 (table B-2).

Machinery, mechanical appliances, and electrical equipment (sec. 16) was the second-ranking commodity group among U.S. imports from the NMEs during the first half of 1991. At \$1.3 billion, machinery and equipment imports accounted for 15.2 percent of the value of shipments from NME sources during January-June 1991 (table A-5), with imports from China accounting for 70.9 percent of the NME shipments in this category. Such shipments from China increased by 20.8 percent to \$911.6 million from \$754.6 million during January-June 1990. The leading product group within this section was electrical equipment, sound recorders and reproducers, and television image and sound recorders and reproducers (ch. 85), which amounted to \$935.7 million during January-June 1991, up 21.2 percent from the value of these shipments during the corresponding period of 1990. China accounted for 97.4 percent of electrical equipment imports from the NMEs during the half year under review.

U.S. imports of footwear, headgear, and artificial flowers (sec. 12) increased by 51.7 percent, from \$821.7 million during the first half of 1990 to \$1.2 billion during January-June 1991, replacing shipments of miscellaneous manufactured articles for the third-ranking position among commodity groups imported from the NMEs. This increase in imports was due chiefly to a rise in shipments of footwear (ch. 64) from China, which grew from \$613.3 million during January-June 1990 to \$1.0 billion during January-June 1991.

Figure 3
**U.S. imports from all nonmarket economy countries, China, and the U.S.S.R., by quarters, July 1988-
 June 1991**



Source: Compiled from official statistics of the U.S. Department of Commerce.

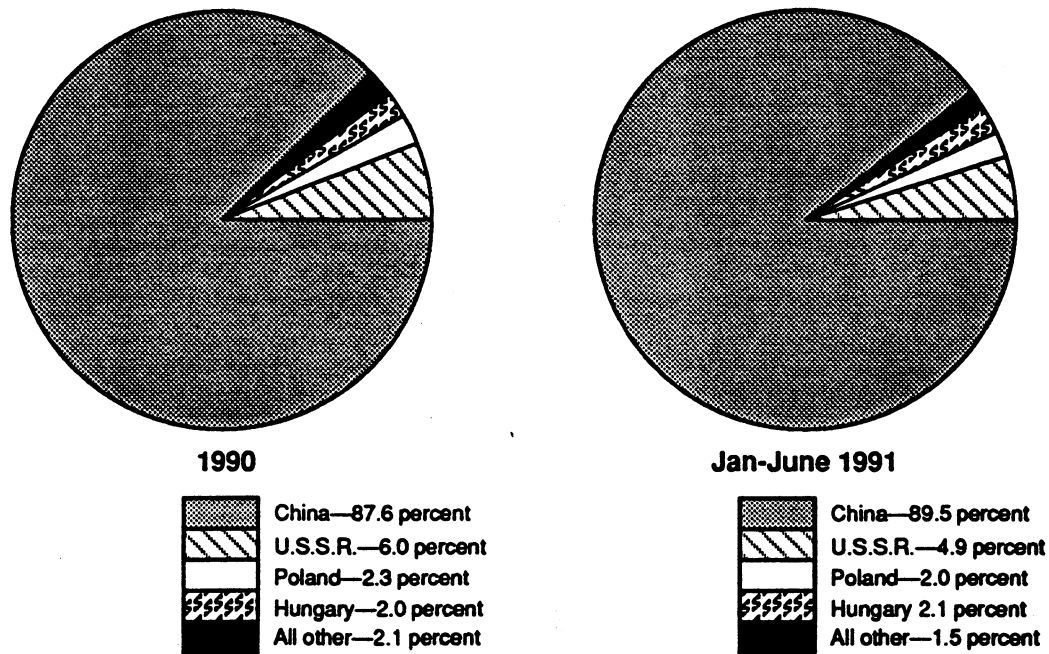
Table 3
**U.S. imports from the individual nonmarket economy countries and from the world, 1989, 1990, January-June
 1990, January-June 1991, April-June 1990, and April-June 1991**
(In thousands of dollars)

Source	1989	1990	January-June—		April-June—	
			1990	1991	1990	1991
Afghanistan	3,821	5,314	2,818	1,595	1,837	747
Albania	2,815	2,197	1,742	990	1,151	491
Bulgaria	57,331	42,897	23,277	21,638	9,643	11,979
Cambodia	314	112	112	0	49	0
China	11,859,172	15,119,852	6,503,077	7,546,353	3,417,047	3,998,875
Cuba	0	77	77	0	0	0
Czechoslovakia	82,117	79,014	36,908	59,894	16,179	33,366
Hungary	326,694	345,273	168,722	177,958	79,589	77,760
Laos	821	365	64	1,421	44	1,274
Mongolia	1,088	1,766	673	185	427	39
North Korea	533	0	0	0	0	0
Poland	362,862	401,323	186,704	171,279	96,364	89,947
Romania	348,201	221,949	115,512	37,981	66,572	14,413
U.S.S.R.	690,891	1,031,918	435,636	411,991	167,459	165,049
Vietnam	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total	13,736,658	17,252,057	7,475,322	8,431,287	3,856,359	4,393,940
Total, U.S. imports from the world	468,012,021	490,553,739	237,052,966	232,984,998	118,687,972	118,282,367

Note.—Because of rounding, figures may not add to the totals shown.

Source: Compiled from official statistics of the U.S. Department of Commerce.

Figure 4
Relative shares of U.S. imports from the nonmarket economy countries, 1990 and January-June 1991



Source: Compiled from official statistics of the U.S. Department of Commerce.

Miscellaneous manufactured articles (sec. 20) was the fourth leading category among U.S. imports from NME sources during the first half of 1991, down from third place during the first half of 1990. Shipments of miscellaneous manufactured articles increased by 14.4 percent, from \$916.1 million during January-June 1990 to \$1.0 billion during January-June 1991. Imports of toys, games and sports equipment (ch. 95), the leading product group within this category, increased by 9.1 percent, from \$759.2 million to \$828.4 million. China accounted for 98.5 percent (\$1.0 billion) of U.S. imports of miscellaneous manufactured articles from these countries during the first half of 1991 and for 99.7 percent (\$826.1 million) of all NME shipments of toys, games, and sports equipment to the U.S. market during January-June 1991.

At \$519.5 million, mineral products (sec. 5), consisting mainly of crude petroleum and refined petroleum products, remained the fifth leading commodity group among imports from the NMEs during the first half of 1991. Imports in this category from China increased from \$309.8 million during January-June 1990 to \$405.8 million during January-June 1991, and those from the Soviet Union increased from \$106.2 million to \$112.5 million. However, imports of mineral products from Eastern Europe—representing almost entirely shipments from Romania—declined from \$75.2 million to only \$1.3 million.

First- and Second-Quarter Developments Affecting U.S. Commercial Relations With the Nonmarket Economy Countries

United States and Soviet Union Consider Issues of Emigration Rights and Intellectual Property Rights Protection

On June 1, 1990, Presidents Bush and Gorbachev signed the Agreement on Trade Relations Between the United States of America and the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics.¹³ During the first half of 1991, however, the process of normalizing trade relations with the Soviet Union was slowed by two issues: the emigration rights of Soviet citizens and the protection of U.S. intellectual property rights. President Bush did not immediately send the trade agreement to Congress for ratification because these two issues remained unresolved.¹⁴

¹³ For a complete discussion of this trade agreement, see *65th Quarterly Report*, April 1991, pp. 17-18.

¹⁴ The U.S.-Soviet trade agreement was eventually sent to Congress on Aug. 2, 1991. Congress has 90 legislative days (under a "fast-track" legislative procedure) to act upon the trade agreement once it has been submitted by the President. The agreement will not go into effect, however, until it is also approved by the Soviet legislature.

One of the provisions of the trade agreement is reciprocal most-favored-nation (MFN) treatment. Under MFN, U.S. tariffs on Soviet exports could drop from 34.0 percent to 6.7 percent on average. Initial estimates have suggested, however, that the effects of MFN would be minimal in the short term for two reasons: (1) U.S. trade with the Soviet Union is limited in quantity, amounting to only \$4.1 billion in two-way trade in 1990¹⁵; and (2) almost one-half of the Soviet exports entering the United States are commodities that already enter duty free and thus would not benefit from lower tariffs.¹⁶ Moreover, the instability of the Soviet economy, the lack of hard currency to pay for imported goods, and the general low quality of Soviet-made products have in the past been greater impediments to bilateral trade with the United States than high tariffs. The political and long-term benefits from MFN, however, could be more substantial.

Some progress toward the trade agreement was made on December 29, 1990, when President Bush issued a 6-month waiver of the Jackson-Vanik amendment.¹⁷ This amendment (section 402 of the 1974 Trade Act) links trade preferences and the availability of U.S. Government credits to the emigration policies of NMEs. President Bush's temporary waiver permitted the United States to grant export credits to the Soviet Union but did not permit the extension of MFN. For several months the issue of MFN remained complicated by the question of Soviet emigration rights. The Bush administration reportedly wanted to wait until the Supreme Soviet passed a law guaranteeing citizens' access to exit visas and travel rights before signing the waiver, even though this was not formally required by the amendment itself. On May 20, 1991, the Soviet legislature passed a new emigration law and on June 3, 1991, President Bush signed a 1-year continuation of his Jackson-Vanik waiver.¹⁸ Although the new Soviet law will not become completely effective until January 1, 1993, the Bush administration stated that sufficient emigration was already taking place.¹⁹ This step moved the Soviet Union closer to MFN status, but the trade agreement still requires congressional approval.

The second issue that delayed the sending of the U.S.-Soviet trade agreement to Congress concerned

¹⁵ See U.S. International Trade Commission, *Survey of Views on the Impact of Granting Most Favored Nation Status to the Soviet Union*, Investigation No. 332-280, January 1990, Publication 2251; and U.S. General Accounting Office, *International Trade, Soviet Agricultural Reform and the U.S. Government Response*, June 1991, p. 23.

¹⁶ This is discussed in U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA), Economic Research Service, *USSR Agriculture and Trade Report*, May 1991, pp. 30-31. The commodities that could potentially be affected include vodka, cotton fabric, fiberboard, and caviar (*Washington Trade Daily*, Aug. 1, 1991, vol. 1, No. 62).

¹⁷ Executive Order 12740, 56 F.R. 355.

¹⁸ For additional information on the Soviet emigration law, see *International Trade Reporter: Current Reports*, May 22, 1991, vol. 8, No. 21, p. 764; and Presidential Determination No. 91-39, 56 F.R. 27187.

¹⁹ Statistics show that Soviet emigration has increased from 2,000 in 1986 to 370,000 in 1990. Statement released by the Office of the White House Press Secretary, June 3, 1991.

Soviet protection of intellectual property rights. The agreement stipulates that the Soviets must have adequate copyright, trademark, and patent laws passed before the end of 1991. A new law was passed by the Soviet legislature on May 31, 1991, but numerous U.S. industries complained that the law was inadequate.²⁰ Most of the complaints about the new law centered on its lack of criminal penalties for piracy, low levels of protection for copyrighted material, and failure to provide coverage for computer software. President Bush said he would not send the trade agreement to Congress until this issue was resolved.²¹

United States Extends Additional Agricultural Credits to the Soviet Union

Commercial trade with the Soviet Union was affected during the first half of 1991 by the decision to extend an additional \$1.5 billion in Commodity Credit Corporation (CCC) guarantees for the purchase of U.S. agricultural products.²² The Soviet Union was eligible

²⁰ John Maggs, "Soviets Meet US Copyright Demands," *Journal of Commerce*, July 23, 1991, p. 1A.

²¹ At the London economic summit in July, Secretary of State James Baker met with Soviet Foreign Minister Alexander Bessmertnykh to encourage a stricter interpretation of the Soviet Union's new law governing intellectual property. Later in July, a team of U.S. copyright specialists traveled to Moscow for meetings and the Soviets promised more rigid enforcement of the law. This proved assurance enough for U.S. copyright-sensitive industries to withdraw their complaints and allowed President Bush to send the trade agreement to Congress on Aug. 2, 1991 (Proclamation No. 6320, 56 F.R. 37407).

The agreement arrived just prior to the congressional recess, so the issue was not debated until mid-September. During the recess, however, the coup d'etat in the Soviet Union and the subsequent declarations of independence by many Soviet republics brought into question the appropriateness of passing a trade agreement that had been negotiated with the center. By the time the Senate Finance Committee held hearings on Sept. 11 and 12, 1991, both Washington and Moscow had recognized the independence of Estonia, Latvia, and Lithuania. The hearings, therefore, brought up questions of how the agreement would apply to the Baltics and to other republics and of whether MFN should be granted in light of these ambiguities. Other issues raised at these hearings included suggestions to actually repeal the Jackson-Vanik amendment rather than simply waive it, as well as recommendations to repeal the Stevenson and Byrd amendments that limit U.S. Export-Import Bank credits to the Soviet Union. (Later in September, House and Senate conferees overturned these export lending limits to the Soviet Union [*Washington Trade Daily*, vol. 1, No. 101 (Sept. 26, 1991), p. 1].)

On Oct. 9, 1991, the Congress introduced a resolution to approve the trade agreement that omitted all references to the Baltic States. (Another resolution was introduced to separately grant MFN treatment to Estonia, Latvia, and Lithuania.) Since this new legislation replaced the resolution of approval of the U.S.-Soviet trade agreement that was introduced in August without this change, consideration of the agreement by Congress under the "fast-track" legislative procedure was begun again.

²² These credits allow the Soviet Union to purchase U.S. agricultural products using loans from U.S. banks. The CCC of the U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA) backs these loans with a promise to pay back 98.0 percent of principal and 4.5 percent of interest if the client defaults. In late September, the USDA decided to increase guarantee coverage of the principal to 100 percent in response to a continued hesitancy by U.S. banks to lend to the Soviet Union. USDA also suggested that interest rate coverage could increase as well, but this will be determined at the time the CCC receives an application for a guarantee. These terms apply to \$200 million (of the total \$1.6 billion) of loan credits made available to the Soviets for fiscal year 1991. (*Washington Trade Daily*, Sept. 25, 1991, p. 2.)

for this credit program for the first time in December 1990 when President Bush issued the temporary waiver of the Jackson-Vanik amendment.²³ The United States offered the Soviets \$1 billion in credit guarantees to cover purchases of U.S. farm products; the majority of these credits were spent on feedgrains, wheat and wheat flour, protein meals, soybeans, poultry meat, and almonds.²⁴

In April 1991, President Gorbachev requested an additional \$1.5 billion in credits to meet the additional consumption needs of his country, and on June 11, President Bush gave his approval.²⁵ The first \$600 million became available immediately, while \$500 million was to follow in October and the remaining \$400 million become available in February 1992.²⁶ The total amount of \$1.6 billion in loan guarantees for the Soviet Union in fiscal 1991 (or one-third of the total available credits) is the largest share ever granted by the United States to a single country.²⁷

Despite continued efforts to increase productivity in the grain sector, the Soviet Union remains dependent on the importation of agricultural products from the West, in particular, U.S. grain. After 2 years of good grain harvests (1989 and 1990), it is estimated that the 1991 cereal harvest in the Soviet Union could be down some 23 to 33 million tons from last year.²⁸ In addition, domestic agricultural reform efforts are moving slowly. As of January 1991, state and collective farms continued to control 97 percent of all cropland, whereas private farms controlled less than 1 percent.²⁹ Inefficient resource allocation and difficulties transporting harvested crops also complicated the situation.³⁰

²³ Prior to this waiver, the Soviet Union had used its hard currency reserves to pay for the U.S. grain it purchased under the U.S.-U.S.S.R. long-term bilateral grain agreements, three of which were signed between 1975 and 1990. For more information on this subject, see *65th Quarterly Report*, p. 18, and U.S. General Accounting Office, *International Trade, Soviet Agricultural Reform and the U.S. Government Response*, June 1991, pp. 23-32.

²⁴ USDA, Economic Research Service, *USSR Agriculture and Trade Report*, May 1991, p. 30.

²⁵ The Senate passed a nonbinding resolution (S. Res. 117) in May 1991 recommending the extension of \$1.5 billion in agricultural export credit guarantees. By September 25, the Soviet Union had used up its agricultural export credits for fiscal 1991. (*Washington Trade Daily*, Sept. 27, 1991, p. 1.)

²⁶ This staggered allocation of the credits was later altered following resolution of the August 19 coup d'etat in the Soviet Union. President Bush permitted access to \$315 million of the \$500 million scheduled to become available at the beginning of fiscal year 1992. Later, on Oct. 1, the President announced that the balance of fiscal 1992 credits (\$585 million) would be made available immediately in order to help the Soviets through the winter. (*International Trade Reporter*, Oct. 2, 1991, p. 1448.)

²⁷ U.S. General Accounting Office, *International Trade, Soviet Agricultural Reform and the U.S. Government Response*, June 1991, pp. 31-32.

²⁸ *East Europe & USSR Agriculture and Food Monthly*, July 1991, p. 6.

²⁹ USDA, Economic Research Service, *USSR Agriculture and Trade Report, Situation and Outlook Series*, May 1991, p. 3.

³⁰ In July, the Ukraine Parliament announced a ban on the sale of Ukrainian grain to any other republics in order to protect itself from shortages during the winter. Domestic difficulties such as these among nationalistic republics will contribute to agriculture and trade difficulties. (*East Europe and USSR Agriculture and Food Monthly*, July 1991, pp. 6-7.)

Beyond these domestic difficulties, however, there is also the disruption in trade caused by the disintegration of the Council of Mutual Economic Assistance (CMEA).³¹ As of January 1991, CMEA countries changed their policy from one of trading in transferable rubles to one of trading in convertible currencies at current world prices. Although some estimates suggest that this new system will actually benefit the Soviet Union, the short-term changes in trade patterns have made certain agricultural imports from the West even more important.³² Nonetheless, the Soviet Union cut food imports in January-June 1991. In volume, grain imports were 27 percent lower than during the corresponding period of 1990, animal oil imports were down 56 percent, sunflowerseed oil imports were down 79 percent, and poultry meat imports were down 49 percent.³³

United States-Bulgaria Trade Agreement

On April 22, 1991, the United States and Bulgaria signed a 3-year, automatically renewable trade agreement, providing for the mutual extension of most-favored-nation status and for a host of other bilateral measures aimed at expanding merchandise trade and tourism between the two countries.³⁴ Key provisions of the agreement stipulate mutual adherence to nondiscriminatory treatment in bilateral trade and the expansion of commercial contacts, including the expansion of commercial representation in each other's country.³⁵

The agreement encourages U.S. firms to mount trade promotion events and to establish business offices in Bulgaria.³⁶ U.S. firms established in Bulgaria are assured both national treatment in internal taxation and benefits from the most advantageous rules in existence regarding the maintenance of bank accounts and the repatriation of export revenues. The Government of Bulgaria has pledged to provide adequate and effective protection for U.S. intellectual property, such as patents, trademarks, and copyrights, and to introduce

³¹ This group of countries included the Soviet Union, Bulgaria, Czechoslovakia, Hungary, Poland, Romania, Cuba, Vietnam, Mongolia, and the former East Germany. A large percentage of Soviet imports came from these countries, including many agricultural imports. For specific products and percentages, see USDA, Economic Research Service, *USSR Agriculture and Trade Report, Situation and Outlook Series*, May 1991, pp. 26-27.

³² The new system of trade could prove beneficial for the Soviet Union because the East European CMEA countries will probably have to drop the prices on their exports of manufactured goods relatively more than the Soviet Union will have to drop its prices on energy and other resource exports. This gain has been estimated at anywhere from \$5 billion to \$15 billion for the Soviets. In the meantime, agricultural imports from East European CMEA countries dropped by 27 percent in 1989, which led to increased Soviet imports of animal products from the West. See USDA, Economic Research Service, *USSR Agriculture and Trade Report, Situation and Outlook Series*, May 1991, pp. 24-28.

³³ USDA, *Agricultural Outlook*, September 1991, p. 15.

³⁴ Office of the United States Trade Representative, *Fact Sheet, U.S.-Bulgarian Trade Agreement*, Apr. 22, 1991. For the conditions of renewing trade agreements with the NMEs, see 19 U.S.C. 2435 (1988).

³⁵ *Ibid.*

³⁶ *Ibid.*

trade secret and integrated circuit layout design (mask works) legislation.³⁷

Negotiators of the two countries reached agreement on the text of the bilateral pact on October 5, 1990, and President Bush issued a waiver of the Jackson-Vanik amendment of the Trade Act of 1974 with respect to Bulgaria on January 22, 1991.³⁸ The Bulgarian Parliament approved the trade agreement on June 24, 1991,³⁹ and President Bush submitted the agreement to the U.S. Congress for approval on June 25, 1991.⁴⁰ By the laws of both countries, the agreement enters into force after both the U.S. Congress and the Bulgarian Parliament have approved it.⁴¹ Meanwhile, the normalization and expansion of commercial relations between the United States and Bulgaria have maintained their momentum.⁴²

U.S. imports from Bulgaria are expected to increase after the implementation of the trade agreement, largely because of tariff reductions.⁴³ A study by the General Accounting Office has concluded that the introduction of MFN tariff treatment for Bulgaria would reduce the average tariff rate on dutiable products from 21.0 percent during 1987-1989 to an estimated 5.2 percent, the same as the average tariff rate of dutiable imports from all MFN countries.⁴⁴

United States-Mongolia Trade Agreement

On January 23, 1991, United States Trade Representative Carla Hills and Mongolian Minister of Trade and Industry Sed-Ochiryn Bayarbaatarm signed a trade agreement which will provide the basis for improved economic and business ties between the two countries. The agreement contains, among other things, a provision for the two countries to grant MFN status to the other. President Bush submitted the agreement to Congress for consideration on June 25, 1991.⁴⁵

³⁷ Ibid.

³⁸ Bureau of National Affairs, *International Trade Reporter*, Oct. 10, 1990, p. 1552, and White House, *Weekly Compilation of Presidential Documents*, vol. 27, No. 4 (Jan. 28, 1991), p. 69.

³⁹ Commercial and Economic Counselor at the Washington Embassy of the Republic of Bulgaria, interview with USITC staff, Oct. 2, 1991.

⁴⁰ White House, *Weekly Compilation of Presidential Documents*, vol. 27, No. 26 (July 1, 1991), pp. 841-42.

⁴¹ Approval of the agreement by the U.S. Congress is expected soon. (Congressional Research Service official, interview with USITC staff, Oct. 18, 1991.)

⁴² On July 22, 1991, the President announced his intent to establish a Bulgarian-American Enterprise Agriculture/Agribusiness Fund to accelerate the process of privatization in Bulgaria. (U.S. Department of State, *U.S. Department of State Dispatch*, July 29, 1991, p. 543). On Sept. 27, 1991, the U.S. Export-Import bank announced that it has opened its export credit insurance program for Bulgaria. (Trade Reports International Group, *Washington Trade Daily*, Sept. 29, 1991, p. 2.) The next round of negotiations on a bilateral investment treaty between the two countries is scheduled to take place in November 1991. (Office of the United States Trade Representative, interview with USITC staff, Oct. 2, 1991.)

⁴³ United States General Accounting Office (GAO), *International Trade, Bulgarian Trade Data*, March 1991, pp. 4-5.

⁴⁴ Ibid.

⁴⁵ White House, *Weekly Compilation of Presidential Documents*, vol. 27, No. 26 (July 1, 1991), pp. 843-44.

In addition to establishing MFN reciprocity, the trade agreement contains a number of other provisions designed to facilitate bilateral trade and trade-related activities. Under the terms of the agreement, U.S. and Mongolian firms will be accorded nondiscriminatory treatment with respect to a range of financial transactions, including converting currency, establishing bank accounts, and paying for goods and services with local currency within Mongolia. Hard currency earnings from trade may be immediately repatriated.

Included in the agreement are measures to encourage the mounting of trade promotion events, ease the establishment of business offices,⁴⁶ and improve the transparency of laws and regulations affecting trade and commercial matters. Certain other provisions will make it easier for U.S. companies to do business in Mongolia (e.g., they will have the right to advertise, to engage local agents and distributors, and to contract end-users directly). Moreover, Mongolia agreed to improve its intellectual property laws.⁴⁷

Transformed from an authoritarian state to a multi-party democracy only last year, Mongolia has long been isolated economically.⁴⁸ Its primary trading partner and dominant political influence since the 1920s has been the Soviet Union. The United States recognized Mongolia in 1987 and established an embassy there in June 1988. A comprehensive reform program was initiated in 1990 with the objectives of expanding the role of the private sector, diversifying the economic base, promoting exports to and increasing trade with the western nations, and introducing new methods of indirect economic management.⁴⁹

Mongolian representatives have expressed the hope that the U.S.-Mongolian trade agreement will help their country reinforce its efforts to transform its formerly centrally planned economy into a market-oriented one. The agreement could lead to more joint ventures and technical assistance exchanges.⁵⁰ Mongolia's main exports include hides, wool, and metals, but the country could become a viable market for U.S. commercial aircraft, computers, and oil-related equipment.

⁴⁶ U.S. commercial representatives will be approved by the Government of Mongolia through a simple registration process. Both sides have also agreed not to mandate the use of barter or countertrade in commercial transactions.

⁴⁷ The Government of Mongolia has agreed to adhere to the Berne Convention for the Protection of Literary and Artistic Works and the Geneva Phonogram Convention and to introduce legislation in the areas of patents, copyrights, trade secrets, and integrated circuit layout designs, and to provide effective enforcement of these proprietary rights.

⁴⁸ The country became an autonomous state under Soviet protection in 1924 and, although it was accepted into the United Nations, it gained little international recognition.

⁴⁹ *IMF Survey*, Apr. 29, 1991, p. 132.

⁵⁰ On Jan. 23, 1991, the United States and Mongolia signed a bilateral science and technology accord that is intended to cover a broad range of government scientific and technological cooperation between the two countries. For details, see *U.S. Department of State Dispatch*, Feb. 4, 1991, p. 73.

Continuation of MFN Status for China

On May 29, 1991, President Bush recommended to the Congress that the most-favored-nation (MFN) status of China be continued for another year.⁵¹ The President's decision to maintain normal U.S. trade relations with China was strongly opposed, however, by many members of Congress. Before the end of June, the House and Senate had each reported out of Committee and moved to the floor a joint resolution disapproving the renewal of China's MFN status in 1991 and a bill that would impose conditions on the renewal in 1992.

Since February 1, 1980, the United States has extended MFN, or nondiscriminatory, tariff treatment to products imported from China under the general authority of the President to waive full compliance with the freedom-of-emigration requirement (Jackson-Vanik amendment) of section 402 of the Trade Act of 1974. This section provides that the President's waiver authority expires on July 3 of each year but may be extended for another 12 months by a Presidential determination and report to the Congress that the extension will substantially promote the objectives of the 1974 Trade Act with respect to freedom of emigration. To remain in effect, any waivers the President has granted under this authority must also be extended (each separately based on a freedom-of-emigration determination by the President) at least 30 days before the annual expiration date.⁵²

In the report to Congress on his decision to extend the MFN status of China, President Bush noted that 16,751 U.S. immigrant visas were issued in China during fiscal year 1990, the number that fully met the U.S. numerical limitation for immigrants from China.⁵³ "The principal restraint on increased emigration," he concluded, "continues to be the capacity and willingness of other nations to absorb Chinese immigrants, not Chinese policy."⁵⁴ After considering this and other relevant information, the President therefore determined that "continuing the

⁵¹ White House, *Weekly Compilation of Presidential Documents*, vol. 27, No. 22 (June 3, 1991), p. 687.

⁵² In addition to recommending the extension of the waiver applicable to China on May 29, 1991, President Bush submitted to the Congress his recommendation to extend the general waiver authority granted under the Jackson-Vanik amendment and the separate waivers for Bulgaria, Czechoslovakia, Mongolia, and the Soviet Union on June 3, 1991 (White House, *Weekly Compilation of Presidential Documents*, vol. 27, No. 23 (June 10, 1991), pp. 706-707).

Among these countries, China and Czechoslovakia are the only two which at that time were accorded MFN tariff status under the waiver authority. For information on the extension of the waivers applicable to Bulgaria, Mongolia, and the Soviet Union, see the developments affecting U.S. commercial relations with each of these countries covered in this section.

⁵³ U.S. President, *Continuation of the Waiver in Effect for the People's Republic of China*, Communication from the President of the United States. . . , dated May 29, 1991 (Washington: U.S. Government Printing Office, 1991; 102d Congress, H. Doc. 102-92), p. 4.

⁵⁴ *Ibid.*

MFN waiver will preserve the gains already achieved on freedom of emigration and encourage further progress."⁵⁵

In reporting to the Congress on the impact of MFN treatment for China on U.S. interests, President Bush particularly emphasized the adverse effects that the withdrawal of MFN status could have on both bilateral trade relations and the operations of U.S. joint ventures in China. He also emphasized the U.S. interest in promoting economic reform in China, noting that the loss of MFN would most hurt the export-dependent industries in China's coastal provinces, where the most progress has been made in introducing market-oriented reforms policies and practices. The withdrawal of MFN, he noted, also "would have a major impact on Hong Kong's free-enterprise economy, which depends heavily on U.S.-China trade and the health of export industries in South China."⁵⁶

In addressing the human rights situation in China, the President reported that he still has "serious concerns."⁵⁷ However, it is his position that "maintaining nondiscriminatory trade status gives China an incentive to stay engaged on issues of vital concern to the US, including human rights."⁵⁸ Many members of Congress believe, on the other hand, that maintaining normal bilateral trade relations is an unacceptable policy in view of the Chinese Government's continuing human rights violations.

Although the MFN status of China has been a source of controversy between the President and the Congress since the violent suppression of the student-led prodemocracy movement in June 1989,⁵⁹ the human rights situation in China was not the only reason for congressional opposition to a continuation of the waiver in 1991. Other issues adding fuel to the challenge by Congress this year included concern over the possible proliferation of missiles and nuclear technology, prompted by press reports of Chinese missile sales to Pakistan and nuclear cooperation with Algeria; China's inadequate protection of intellectual property rights, resulting in the widespread piracy of U.S. trademarks, patented products, and copyrighted materials; and its use of prison labor in the production of goods for export.⁶⁰

⁵⁵ *Ibid.*

⁵⁶ *Ibid.*, p. 6.

⁵⁷ *Ibid.*, p. 5.

⁵⁸ *Ibid.*, p. 7.

⁵⁹ A total of 22 bills or joint resolutions to either terminate or impose new conditions on the renewal of China's MFN status were introduced in the 101st Congress following the Chinese Government's military crackdown on the demonstrators in Tiananmen Square on June 3-4, 1989. However, any legislation pending at the close of a Congress dies at the end of that Congress. For more information, see the *65th Quarterly Report*, p. 19.

⁶⁰ See, for example, *The Honorable Sam M. Gibbons (D., FLA.), Chairman, Subcommittee on Trade, Committee on Ways and Means, U.S. House of Representatives, Announces a Hearing on United States-People's Republic of China Trade Relations, Including Most-Favored-Nation Trade Status for China*, a House press release dated May 30, 1991.

The Congress can directly challenge the President's decision to continue a Jackson-Vanik waiver by passing a joint resolution of disapproval within 60 days after the annual July 3 expiration date (i.e., by August 31).⁶¹ As an alternative to this specific "fast-track" procedure under the 1974 Trade Act, the Congress can also enact legislation through the regular procedure to terminate or in any way change the conditions applying to a country extended MFN status under a waiver of the Jackson-Vanik amendment. However, since any such legislation passed by Congress under either the "fast-track" or regular legislative procedure must be sent to the President for his signature or veto, it faces a strong probability of veto inasmuch as the President has decided to continue the waiver.

Ten bills to terminate China's MFN status or impose various further conditions (in addition to the freedom-of-emigration requirement) on its renewal and three "fast-track" joint resolutions disapproving the waiver authority applicable to China were introduced in the 102d Congress during the first half of 1991.⁶² Some action was taken on four. In the House, the Committee on Ways and Means reported out of committee a resolution introduced by Representative Solomon (H.J. Res. 263) disapproving the President's continuation of the waiver for China in 1991 and a bill introduced by Representative Pelosi and others (H.R. 2212) that would impose conditions (a total of 15 including those added during markup in committee) on renewal of the waiver in 1992. In the Senate, the Committee on Finance reported a resolution of disapproval of the 1991 waiver extension introduced by Senator Ford for Senator Cranston (S.J. Res. 153) and a bill that would impose conditions on renewal next year introduced by Senator Mitchell (S. 1367).⁶³ Most of the conditions in the Pelosi and Mitchell bills are

⁶¹ Sec. 402 of 1974 Trade Act was amended by the Customs and Trade Act of 1990. The congressional procedure for disapproving the extension of a waiver that applies to an NME or for approving a trade agreement with an NME was changed from a one-house resolution to a joint resolution. The one-house resolution—in effect, a legislative veto—had been thought by some to be unconstitutional since a 1983 Supreme Court decision. For more information, see the *65th Quarterly Report*, p. 19.

⁶² For a brief description of each, see Vladimir N. Pregelj, *Most-Favored-Nation Status of the People's Republic of China*, Congressional Research Service (CRS) Issue Brief No. 89119, update of June 4, 1991, pp. 10-11, and update of Aug. 12, 1991, p. 10.

⁶³ On July 10, 1991, H.J. Res. 263 was passed in the House by a vote of 223 to 204, but inasmuch as this vote was insufficient to override a veto, the Senate indefinitely postponed H.J. Res. 263 and S.J. Res. 153 by unanimous consent on July 18, ending the use of the "fast-track" procedure to disapprove the waiver extension for China in 1991.

H.R. 2212 was passed in the House on July 10 by a vote of 313-112, and a Senate version was passed on July 23 by a vote of 55-44. (The version of H.R. 2212 passed in the Senate was amended S. 1367 with its language inserted in H.R. 2212 in lieu of the House version; S. 1367 was indefinitely postponed.) No further action was taken on H.R. 2212 until late October, when House and Senate leaders moved toward a conference on the bill (*Washington Trade Daily*, Oct. 28, 1991, p. 3, and Oct. 30, 1991, pp. 4-5.) For a description of the House and Senate versions of H.R. 2212, see Pregelj, CRS Issue Brief 89119, update of Aug. 12, 1991, pp. 7-8.

certain actions that China must take to improve its human rights situation, but both bills also include the requirements that China cease its reported proliferation of nuclear and missile technology and end the export of products made by forced labor.

United States Initiates Investigation on China's Inadequate Protection of Intellectual Property Rights

On April 26, 1991, Ambassador Carla Hills, the United States Trade Representative (USTR), identified China as a priority foreign country under the so-called "Special 301" intellectual property provisions of the Omnibus Trade and Competitiveness Act of 1988. These provisions require the USTR to initiate an investigation of the policies and practices that were the basis of the identification within 30 days. The investigation, which could possibly result in punitive trade action against China, was initiated on May 26.

The 1988 Trade Act directs the USTR to identify foreign countries that lack adequate and effective protection of intellectual property rights (IPR) or that deny fair and equitable market access to U.S. persons relying on IPR protection. It further provides that the identification of a U.S. trading partner as a priority foreign country, triggering a section 301 investigation, be accorded those countries whose policies and practices have the most actual or potential adverse impact on U.S. products and who have not made significant progress in addressing the issues involved through either bilateral or multilateral negotiations.⁶⁴ In May 1989, following the first country review under the Special 301 provisions, China was placed on a "priority watch list," and the USTR held consultations on IPR problems with China's Ministry of Foreign Economic Relations and Trade. During these meetings, the two parties signed a Memorandum of Understanding (MOU) to serve as a guideline for future action.

In the MOU, the Chinese Government made specific commitments to develop a copyright law that would include provisions for the adequate and effective protection of computer software, an area of particular concern to U.S. companies, and to improve its 1984 patent law by providing product (instead of only process) protection for important areas such as pharmaceuticals and agricultural chemicals. The MOU also contained language making China's progress in resolving these IPR issues subject to U.S. monitoring and to periodic review under the Special 301 provisions.⁶⁵ Because the steps taken by the Chinese Government during a period of nearly 2 years fell far short of its commitments under the MOU, the decision was made to fully apply the Special 301 provisions and designate China a priority foreign country subject

⁶⁴ See Office of the United States Trade Representative (USTR), *Fact Sheet: "Special 301" on Intellectual Property*, press release issued Apr. 26, 1991, p. 1.

⁶⁵ For more detailed information, see the *61st Quarterly Report*, p. 16.

to investigation of its IPR practices and possible trade sanctions.⁶⁶

In a statement accompanying the designation of China as a priority foreign country,⁶⁷ the USTR noted that China is our only major trading partner that still offers neither product patent protection for pharmaceuticals and other chemicals nor copyright protection for foreign works. Another unacceptable practice that China has failed to address, according to the statement, is that of granting trademarks to the first registrant in China regardless of the original owner. In addition, trade secrets are not adequately protected and piracy of all forms of intellectual property is widespread in China, resulting in significant losses to U.S. industries.⁶⁸

Although China has adopted a copyright system under pressure from the United States and other trading partners, the protection provided is widely regarded as inadequate by international standards.⁶⁹ The Chinese copyright law and its implementing regulations, which became effective June 1, 1991, do not protect works of foreign authorship unless they are published in China within 30 days after the first publication elsewhere. Moreover, computer programs are not protected as a "literary work," as they are in most countries. Instead, the Chinese Government places software in a separate category and treats it differently from other works. Under the software regulations that China announced on June 4, 1991, to become effective October 1, no provision is made for protecting foreign computer programs that are first published abroad even if they are published in China within the next 30 days, and unpublished foreign software is not protected at all.⁷⁰

The section 301 investigation on China's IPR practices and policies is scheduled to be concluded on or before November 26, 1991, although it can be extended for another 3 months if certain statutory criteria are met. At the end of the investigation period,

⁶⁶ The decision of the USTR to designate China (plus India and Thailand) for investigation following the most recent review of the IPR practices of U.S. trading partners marked the first full application of the Special 301 provisions since the 1988 Trade Act was passed. However, in addition to the so-called "Special 301" provisions relating to IPR protection (19 U.S.C. 2242), section 301 also contains provisions for the designation of priority countries whose practices constitute other significant nontariff barriers to U.S. exports. Investigations were initiated against three countries in 1989 under these provisions—sometimes referred to as "Super 301" provisions (19 U.S.C. 2420)—and an investigation was initiated against China on Oct. 10, 1991. This new investigation will cover Chinese practices such as product- and sector-specific import prohibitions and quantitative restrictions; restrictive import licensing requirements; technical barriers to trade, such as testing and certification requirements; and China's failure to publish laws and regulations pertaining to restrictions on imports. Office of the USTR, *United States Initiates Section 301 Investigation of Chinese Barriers to Market Access*, press release dated Oct. 10, 1991.

⁶⁷ Office of the USTR, *Fact Sheet: "Special 301" on Intellectual Property*, p. 2.

⁶⁸ Piracy in China is estimated to cost U.S. firms more than \$400 million in lost sales annually, \$300 million of this total in computer software alone. (Morton David Goldberg and Jesse M. Feder, "China's Intellectual Property Legislation," *The China Business Review*, September-October 1991, p. 8.)

⁶⁹ *Ibid.*

⁷⁰ *Ibid.*, pp. 8-9.

the USTR must decide whether China is providing adequate and effective protection of intellectual property and, if not, what response is appropriate, including possible retaliation.

Further Liberalization of Export Controls

During the first half of 1991, the Coordinating Committee for Multilateral Export Controls (COCOM)⁷¹ further simplified its overall controls on exports to the NMEs. It also took further steps to facilitate the transfer of Western technology to Czechoslovakia, Hungary, and Poland—the three countries that have made the most progress in the transition to market economies.⁷²

On May 24, 1991, COCOM made public its updated list of commodities subject to control. The new agreement will decrease the number of items which appear on a "core list" of controlled, dual-use merchandise and technologies.⁷³ The total number of items on the list will be reduced by 50 percent, which is in addition to the 33 percent reduction made in June of 1990.⁷⁴ The updated list reduces controls on several previously restricted items, including the majority of civilian airliners, some navigation and aircraft technology, certain types of small computers, and most lasers used for semiconductor manufacturing equipment.⁷⁵ The updated core list will provide the basis for a new U.S. Commodity Control List (CCL) which includes COCOM restrictions plus controls based on nuclear nonproliferation, U.S. foreign policy, and short supply.⁷⁶ The revised COCOM controls will go into effect on September 1, 1991 and the first review of the new system will be in September 1992.⁷⁷

These reforms come some 40 years after the formation of COCOM, during which time there have been numerous updates and revisions of the program. Although the list had been reduced over the years, at the end of 1989 it still contained over 100,000 items in 120 different categories.⁷⁸ The governments of COCOM members emphasize that their most recent efforts reflect the changing global strategic situation

⁷¹ COCOM is comprised of the following 17 countries: the United States, Australia, Belgium, Canada, Denmark, France, Germany, Greece, Italy, Japan, Luxembourg, the Netherlands, Norway, Portugal, Spain, Turkey, and the United Kingdom.

⁷² U.S. Department of Commerce official, interview with USITC staff, Oct. 1, 1991.

⁷³ This list was created in an effort to prevent the export of any good or technology having possible military applications to an unfriendly country. For a more complete history of U.S. export controls, see *62d Quarterly Report*, pp. 9-13.

⁷⁴ *Weekly Compilation of Presidential Documents*, vol. 27, No. 21 (May 27, 1991), p. 665.

⁷⁵ *Washington Trade Daily*, vol. 1, No. 16 (May 5, 1991), p. 2. The draft of this new core list was published by the U.S. Department of Commerce on July 5, 1991. It contains nine categories, each divided into five subcategories. For a comprehensive review of the export control reforms, see the Notice of Upcoming Changes in U.S. National Security Controls in 56 F.R. 30798.

⁷⁶ 56 F.R. 30798.

⁷⁷ *Ibid.*

⁷⁸ *62d Quarterly Report*, p. 11.

and the realities of current technology diffusion and availability.⁷⁹ Nevertheless, there has been considerable debate over whether or not enough items were decontrolled.⁸⁰ Some industries complain that more reductions should have been made in the areas of telecommunications and computers, but the United States was particularly opposed to removing fiber optic telecommunications equipment from the list, as this technology proved difficult to penetrate during the Gulf War.⁸¹

Controls were eased in particular on exports to Czechoslovakia, Hungary, and Poland. These countries signed agreements earlier in the year with Western countries which contained "national commitments" to prevent the reexport or diversion of high-tech imports from the West to proscribed countries (especially the Soviet Union).⁸² As a result, export licenses for goods destined to Poland, Hungary, or Czechoslovakia will undergo a 4-week review by COCOM, but there will be a presumption of approval.⁸³

Administrative Actions Affecting Imports From the NMEs

A total of 14 antidumping investigations on products imported from NME countries were in progress during January-June 1991. Twelve of the investigations involved imports from China and one each, imports from Hungary and Poland (table 4). During 1990 and the first half of 1991, the Commission made preliminary affirmative determinations in 10 of the investigations on imports from China,⁸⁴ and in four of these investigations—heavy forged handtools, sparklers, sodium thiosulfate, and silicon metal—it made final affirmative determinations during January-June 1991.⁸⁵ An investigation on imports of shopping carts from China was terminated following withdrawal of the petition before the Commission had made a preliminary determination. In addition, three investigations on imports of ball bearings from Hungary, China, and Poland were also terminated as the result of preliminary negative determinations by the Commission.

⁷⁹ U.S. Department of State Dispatch, vol. 2, No. 22 (June 3, 1991), p. 402.

⁸⁰ Bureau of National Affairs, *International Trade Reporter*, vol. 8, No. 22 (May 29, 1991), pp. 800-801.

⁸¹ *Ibid.*

⁸² U.S. Department of State, Bureau of Public Affairs, *Dispatch*, vol. 2, No. 22 (June 3, 1991), p. 402.

⁸³ This policy is called "favorable consideration;" approval would not be given only if there were serious and specific objections from a COCOM member (Bureau of National Affairs, *International Trade Reporter*, vol. 8, No. 18 [May 1, 1991], p. 648). There is, however, a short exemption list of goods that do not get favorable consideration (U.S. Department of Commerce official, interview with USITC staff, Oct. 1, 1991).

⁸⁴ The Commission made a partial affirmative determination in its investigation on certain sodium sulfur compounds, and the investigation was therefore continued on only sodium thiosulfate.

⁸⁵ Since table 4 covers actions taken on the designated investigations through Sept. 30, 1991, it also shows that a final affirmative determination was made by the Commission on imports of chrome-plated lug nuts from China.

During January-June 1991, no NMEs were involved in any import-relief investigations under section 201 of Trade Act of 1974, and no market disruption investigations under section 406 of the 1974 Trade Act, which apply only to NMEs, were in progress.

The East-West Trade-Statistics Monitoring System: Tenth Annual Analysis of Manufactured Imports From the NMEs

In 1982, the Commission developed an automated system for monitoring East-West trade statistics to enhance the effectiveness of its statutory reporting on East-West trade.⁸⁶ The system is designed to identify manufactured imports from the NMEs that have grown rapidly and to measure the degree of penetration of manufactured imports from the NMEs and from all sources. The computer programs comprising the system are run once a year, in the second half of each calendar year, and the results are published as part of the Commission's report on second-quarter developments in trade between the United States and the NMEs.⁸⁷

Methodology

The system identifies imports from the NMEs that grew rapidly in terms of either value or quantity. Two import-classification systems are used: the three-digit import-based Standard Industrial Classification (MSIC) and the eight-digit Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States (HTS).⁸⁸ Growth in NME sales to the United States is calculated from 1989 to 1990 and from January-June 1990 to January-June 1991 for both classifications. As in all previous runs, the procedure selected items that grew in value and quantity in excess of 15 percent over the periods of comparison. In order to reduce the length of the tables generated by the model, the minimum value of imports included in the tables based on classifications (subheadings) of MSIC was raised from \$1.0 million to \$5.0 million during the full base year (1990 in the current run). The minimum value of imports included in the tables based on classifications (subheadings) of HTS was raised from \$0.5 million to \$3.0 million.

⁸⁶ The legal background and scope of this series of reports are described in the introduction of each report.

⁸⁷ For the previous nine presentations of the East-West trade monitoring system, see *31st Quarterly Report*, pp. 43-63; *35th Quarterly Report*, pp. 43-59; *39th Quarterly Report*, pp. 37-57; *43d Quarterly Report*, pp. 43-63; *47th Quarterly Report*, pp. 41-60; *51st Quarterly Report*, pp. 39-67; *55th Quarterly Report*, pp. 19-53; *59th Quarterly Report*, pp. 12-67, and *63d Quarterly Report*, pp. 13-39.

⁸⁸ The HTS classification system was implemented Jan. 1, 1989. In previous reports, the two import-classification systems used were the four-digit MSIC and the seven-digit Tariff Schedules of the United States Annotated (TSUSA).

Table 4
Antidumping investigations involving imports from the NMEs in progress during January-June 1991¹

Country	Product	Investigation No. and date of petition	Preliminary determinations			Final determinations		
			Commission determination and date of vote	ITA Determination and date of publication	Weighted average dumping margin	ITA Determination and date of publication	Weighted average dumping margin	Commission determination and date of vote
					Percent		Percent	
China	Heavy forged handtools	731-TA-457 4-4-90	Affirmative, 5-15-90	Affirmative, 10-19-90	varies by kind ²	Affirmative, 1-3-91	varies by kind ³	Affirmative, ⁴ 2-6-91
China	Sparklers	731-TA-464 7-2-90	Affirmative, 8-13-90	Affirmative, ⁵ 12-17-90	103.71	Affirmative, ⁶ 5-6-91	varies by producer/exporter ⁷	Affirmative, 5-29-91
China	Certain sodium sulfur compounds	731-TA-466 7-9-90	Partial, ⁸ 8-21-90	Affirmative, ⁹ 12-12-90	25.57	Affirmative, ⁹ 1-25-91	25.57	Affirmative, ⁹ 2-6-91
China	Silicon metal	731-TA-472 8-24-90	Affirmative, 10-4-90	Affirmative, ¹⁰ 2-5-91	139.49	Affirmative, ¹¹ 4-23-91	139.49	Affirmative, ¹² 5-22-91
China	Certain electric fans	731-TA-473 10-31-90	Affirmative, 12-12-90	Affirmative, 6-5-91	varies by kind and producer/exporter ¹³			
China	Chrome-plated lug nuts	731-TA-474 11-1-90	Affirmative, 12-12-90	Affirmative, ¹⁴ 4-18-91	66.49	Affirmative, ¹⁵ 9-10-91	4.24	Affirmative, 9-11-91
China	Steel wire rope	731-TA-480 11-5-90	Affirmative, 12-12-90	Affirmative, 4-22-91	24.44	Affirmative, 9-11-91	47.54	
China	Shopping carts	731-TA-495 1-10-91	Terminated ¹⁶					
China	Tungsten ore concentrates	731-TA-497 1-23-91	Affirmative, 3-7-91	Affirmative, 7-10-91	151.00	Affirmative, 9-20-91	151.00	
Hungary	Ball bearings	731-TA-503 2-13-91	Negative, ¹⁷ 3-27-91					
China	Ball bearings	731-TA-505 2-13-91	Negative, ¹⁷ 3-27-91					
Poland	Ball bearings	731-TA-506 2-13-91	Negative, ¹⁷ 3-27-91					
China	Refined antimony trioxide	731-TA-517 4-25-91	Affirmative, 6-5-91					
China	Certain carbon steel butt-weld pipe fittings	731-TA-520 5-22-91	Affirmative, 7-2-91					

¹ Table includes actions taken on the designated investigations through Sept. 30, 1991.

² The preliminarily determined dumping margin for each kind or class of heavy forged handtools was as follows: (1) hammers and sledges with heads over 1.5 kg. (3.33 pounds), 48.54 percent; (2) bars over 18 inches in length, track tools, and wedges, 32.80 percent; (3) picks and mattocks, 52.65 percent; and (4) axes, adzes, and similar hewing tools, 18.18 percent. The ITA also preliminarily determined that "critical circumstances" exist with respect to classes 1, 2, and 3 of such imports from China.

³ The final dumping margin for each kind or class of heavy forged handtools was as follows: hammers and sledges with heads over 1.5 kg. (3.33 pounds), 45.42 percent; bars over 18 inches in length, track tools, and wedges, 31.76 percent; picks and mattocks, 50.83 percent; and axes, adzes, and similar hewing tools, 15.02 percent. ITA also made a final determination that "critical circumstances" exist with respect to classes 1, 2, and 3 of such imports from China.

⁴ The Commission determined that "critical circumstances" do not exist with respect to classes 1, 2, and 3 of heavy forged handtools from China, making the retroactive imposition of antidumping duties on this merchandise unnecessary.

⁵ The ITA preliminarily determined that "critical circumstances" do not exist with respect to imports of sparklers from China.

⁶ The ITA made a final determination that "critical circumstances" do not exist with respect to imports of sparklers from China.

Table 4—Continued

Antidumping investigations involving imports from the NMEs in progress during January-June 1991¹

Footnotes—Continued

⁷ The ITA determined a different final dumping margin on imports of sparklers from each of three producers/exporters and all others, as follows: 1.64 percent, 93.54 percent, 65.78 percent, and 75.88 percent. For more information, see 56 F.R. 20592.

⁸ The Commission made an affirmative determination with respect to imports of sodium thiosulfate from China but a negative determination with respect to imports of sodium metabisulfite. The investigation on sodium metabisulfite was therefore terminated.

⁹ Determination on sodium thiosulfate only.

¹⁰ The ITA also preliminarily determined that "critical circumstances" exist with respect to imports of silicon metal from China.

¹¹ The ITA made a final determination that "critical circumstances" exist with respect to imports of silicon metal from China.

¹² The Commission determined that "critical circumstances" do not exist with respect to imports of silicon metal from China, making the retroactive imposition of antidumping duties on this merchandise unnecessary.

¹³ Based on imports from various producers/exporters, the ITA preliminarily determined five dumping margins on oscillating fans from China—0.00 percent, 1.00 percent, 0.00 percent, 19.12 percent, and 4.91 percent—and five dumping margins on ceiling fans from China—0.37 percent (de minimis), 4.24 percent, 4.87 percent, 0.00 percent, and 4.64 percent. For more detailed information, see 56 F.R. 25668.

The petitioner had also alleged that "critical circumstances" exist with respect to oscillating fans, but the ITA found that the dumping margins were not sufficient to meet the requirements for a preliminary affirmative determination of critical circumstances.

¹⁴ The ITA preliminarily determined that "critical circumstances" do not exist with respect to imports of chrome-plated lug nuts from China.

¹⁵ The ITA made a final determination that "critical circumstances" do not exist with respect to imports of chrome-plated lug nuts from China.

¹⁶ The petition was withdrawn prior to the Commission's preliminary determination.

¹⁷ Since the Commission made a negative preliminary determination, the investigation was terminated.

Note.—In addition to alleging that imports of a product are being, or are likely to be, sold in the United States at less than fair value and are causing, or are threatening to cause, material injury to a domestic industry, the petitioner may allege that massive imports of this merchandise over a relatively short period of time present "critical circumstances." The Commission addresses this question only when the ITA has made an affirmative final determination of critical circumstances.

Source: Compiled from investigations database, U.S. International Trade Commission, Office of Economics, and Federal Register (various issues).

Import penetration (Y) is calculated by the following formula:

$$Y = M/(M+S-X)$$

where, M = U.S. imports

S = U.S. product shipments (domestic production)

X = U.S. exports

The denominator of the fraction is referred to as "apparent consumption."

In order to draw attention to those industries where domestic producers may feel the pinch of import competition in general, the system identifies products for which import penetration from an NME source was at least 2 percent and from all sources, at least 20 percent.⁸⁹ These thresholds were arbitrarily selected.

Data Sources and Concordances

Imports under both the eight-digit HTS and the three-digit MSIC classification systems represent imports for consumption, landed duty-paid values. These values were obtained by summing imports valued on a c.i.f. (cost, insurance, and freight) basis and the duties paid on them. Landed duty-paid prices of imports are those most comparable to the prices of domestically produced goods competing with imports. Exports by three-digit MSIC categories are on a f.a.s. (free alongside ship) basis. Import and export data from the Bureau of the Census form the trade data base of the model. The Bureau's 1989 product-shipments data in a four-digit output-based Standard Industrial Classification (OSIC) constitutes the data base for measuring domestic production. These data were updated to 1990 levels by the use of growth rates and then aggregated to the three-digit level.⁹⁰ Although product-shipments data differ from the actual output valued in f.o.b. (free on board) plant prices because of changes in manufacturers' inventories, the differences are assumed to be negligible for calculations in this report.

The three components of import penetration indices (imports, exports and product shipments) must uniformly cover the same product categories. Data for all three variables were generated on a three-digit SIC basis since a high level of conformity between commodity classification systems occurs at this level. The product descriptions, however, are based on the three-digit MSIC classification.

⁸⁹ In the first seven runs of the model, the import penetration level cutoffs were 1 percent from an NME source and 10 percent from all sources.

⁹⁰ At the four-digit level, the shipment values for 1990 were estimated by applying the growth rate of shipments from 1988 to 1989 to the 1989 shipment values.

Sources of Error in Measuring Import Penetration

Intraindustry shipments

Some of the shipments at the four-digit OSIC level could remain within the same industry at the three-digit MSIC level. This tends to understate import penetration indices to a varying and unknown degree.⁹¹

Effects of indirect import competition

A domestic industry may not be in direct competition with imports from NMEs, but produce inputs for another industry that is in direct competition with such imports. Thus, import-penetration indices do not signal all the disruptions of U.S. markets by these imports.⁹²

Definition of industry and the use of averages

Import-penetration indices vary with the definition of industry, and they are susceptible to the customary pitfalls of using averages in descriptive statistics. For example, if import penetration is high for product A, but the product is only part of industry X that includes several other products with low import penetration, the calculated import penetration for industry X will understate the true import penetration for product A. Or if the import penetration is low for product A but high for some other products in industry X, import penetration calculated for X will overstate the true import penetration for product A. This bias of the index can obviously be reduced with increased disaggregation of industries into narrowly defined markets.⁹³ Detailed investigation into a particular U.S. import from the NMEs at a lower level of commodity aggregation may yield considerably different, on occasion higher, import-penetration indices than the ones identified at the level of aggregation used in the trade-monitoring model.

⁹¹ For example, the three-digit MSIC category "millwork, veneer, plywood, and structural wood members" includes four-digit categories for finished wood kitchen cabinets and hardwood and softwood veneers. Consequently, wood veneer used in kitchen cabinet production could be counted twice, once as a veneer shipment and once as a cabinet shipment that incorporates the value of the veneer. Since input-output flow charts are not available at this level of disaggregation, the varying levels of "self-use" in the categories of manufacturing industries cannot be readily determined.

⁹² For example, if domestic industry X is heavily dependent on domestic industry Y for sales, disruption in industry X may occur as a result of disruption caused by imports in industry Y. A fall in domestic demand (i.e., a fall in industry Y's purchases from X) will mask indirect disruption by imports in X.

⁹³ By increasing the level of disaggregation, dispersion about the average is reduced but skewness and the relative influence of extreme deviations (kurtosis) remain unknown. The requirement of data concordances sets limits to narrowing the industry profile when analysis is performed simultaneously for a wide range of products.

Measuring imports by landed duty-paid value

Using the landed duty-paid value of imports could increase import penetration indices because numerators increase by a larger factor than denominators. (The value of imports is the sole term in the numerator whereas the same value occurs in conjunction with other variables in the denominator.) This bias is mitigated, however, for most products imported from the NMEs since they entered the United States under MFN duty rates. China, which enjoys MFN status, is by far the main NME supplier. Since China's imports are dutiable at column 1-general rates, which are normally lower than column 2 rates, its MFN status results in lower landed duty-paid values for its imports (the numerator). Nonetheless, the use of landed duty-paid value may overstate import penetration for goods that enter the United States at non-MFN rates or for goods with high transportation costs.⁹⁴

Results

U.S. imports from the NMEs by MSIC-product categories that increased 15 percent or more in terms of value from 1989 to 1990 and from January-June 1990 to January-June 1991 are shown in table 5. (Tables 5-11 are grouped together at the end of this section.) Among the 39 entries that met this growth criterion, including 3 commodities imported from two countries each, 31 represented imports from China, 3 from Poland, 3 from Hungary, and 2 from the Soviet Union.

Using the eight-digit HTS classification system, the program identified 145 U.S. commodity imports from the NMEs that increased at least 15 percent in terms of both value and quantity from 1989 to 1990 and from

⁹⁴ It may be noted that for some products, mainly raw materials, column 1-general and column 2 rates are both zero.

January-June 1990 to January-June 1991 (table 6).⁹⁵ There were 10 commodity imports that increased at least 15 percent in terms of quantity but 15 percent or less in terms of value (table 7).⁹⁶ There were 89 commodity imports that increased at least 15 percent over these periods in terms of value but 15 percent or less in terms of quantity (table 8).⁹⁷

Table 9 shows 20 commodities that met the combined criterion of greater than 2-percent penetration by U.S. imports from an NME source and greater than 20-percent penetration by worldwide U.S. imports in 1990. All 20 products originated in China. Last year's run identified 16 such products.⁹⁸ Sixteen of the three-digit MSIC categories identified in table 9 were also identified in last year's run. The four remaining categories of this year's run were miscellaneous wood products (MSIC 249), motorcycles and bicycles (MSIC 375), watches and clocks (MSIC 387), and costume jewelry and novelties (MSIC 396).

Table 10 shows eight items that, in addition to meeting the combined criterion for import penetration, also grew at least 15 percent in value from 1989 to 1990 and from January-June 1990 to January-June 1991. Table 11 shows estimated changes in the levels of production and employment for each of the product categories listed in table 10. The combination of decline in employment and decline in the level of industry output occurred in three categories: cotton broad woven fabrics (MSIC 221), women's, girls', and infants' undergarments (MSIC 234), and footwear, except rubber (MSIC 314).

⁹⁵ Table 6 compares with table 10 in the *63d Quarterly Report* (pp. 34-36).

⁹⁶ Table 7 compares with table 9 in the *63d Quarterly Report* (p. 33).

⁹⁷ Table 8 compares with table 7 in the *63d Quarterly Report* (pp. 26-29).

⁹⁸ In this instance, comparison with the previous year's results is valid. All imports that had met import penetration criteria were valued in excess of \$5.0 million in 1989.

Table 5
U.S. Imports for NMEs that increased at least 15 percent in value from 1989 to 1990 and from January-June 1991, by MSIC Items and by sources

MSIC item	Description	Source	Value of imports		Percentage increase in value of imports		Share of total imports	
			1990 ¹	Jan.-June 1991	1989-1990	Jan.-June 1990-1991	1990	Jan.-June 1991
			— Million dollars —				— Percent —	
201	Meat products	Hungary	39.28	26.15	36.7	39.3	1.1	1.5
202	Dairy products	Hungary	8.28	5.81	29.5	103.9	1.0	1.7
206	Sugar and confectionery products	Poland	6.12	9.14	400.1	379.9	0.3	0.9
221	Cotton broad woven fabrics	China	176.17	95.02	18.3	40.8	13.7	13.8
229	Textile goods, nspf	China	7.38	3.70	46.1	48.1	0.9	0.9
229	Textile goods, nspf	Poland	8.79	4.97	27.9	61.2	1.1	1.2
234	Women's, girls' undergarments	China	162.26	80.23	39.6	26.3	12.6	12.4
243	Millwork, plywood, and veneer	Soviet Union	7.26	2.82	138.4	57.6	0.6	0.6
259	Furniture and fixtures, nspf	China	136.90	97.45	26.0	36.4	2.4	3.6
267	Converted paper, paperboard products ..	China	95.60	48.83	38.3	24.7	7.2	8.2
275	Printed matter, nspf	China	5.00	2.83	35.1	54.5	1.0	1.2
277	Greeting cards, tally cards	China	7.67	3.59	61.4	55.9	17.7	15.8
281	Industrial inorganic chemicals	China	88.11	29.64	67.5	26.0	1.8	1.2
282	Plastics materials	China	12.64	7.41	20.8	46.3	0.4	0.5
302	Footwear, rubber or plastic	China	794.47	555.05	143.0	81.4	41.0	59.0
308	Miscellaneous plastics products	China	328.77	176.40	64.2	15.1	7.8	8.6
314	Footwear, except rubber	China	913.13	636.14	76.3	51.3	10.7	16.0
326	Ceramic sanitary and industrial ware	China	164.91	83.13	15.9	18.3	9.1	10.0
328	Cut stone and stone products	China	11.53	5.83	25.7	42.5	1.7	2.1
333	Smelter, refined nonferrous metals	Soviet Union	157.45	67.54	117.2	68.6	2.3	1.7
335	Rolled, drawn, nonferrous metals	China	34.50	20.58	55.2	31.3	0.6	0.8
335	Rolled, drawn, nonferrous metals	Poland	18.18	10.47	46.2	47.3	0.3	0.4
346	Metal forgings and stampings	China	5.65	3.71	114.5	17.9	0.6	0.8
355	Special industry machinery	China	5.47	3.77	88.5	147.3	0.1	0.1
357	Office computing equipment	China	107.49	103.11	56.7	135.2	0.4	0.8
361	Electric distribution equipment	China	8.00	7.16	147.7	90.2	1.0	1.5
362	Electrical industrial apparatus	China	67.52	44.84	108.5	74.0	2.0	2.6
364	Electric lighting, wiring equipment	China	163.76	109.61	71.5	65.0	3.2	4.4
367	Electronic components, accessories	China	87.94	52.05	25.9	29.8	0.4	0.5
369	Electrical equipment and supplies	China	168.63	81.68	79.3	75.3	3.7	3.9
371	Motor vehicles and parts, nspf	China	25.86	19.39	135.1	68.0	² 0.0	0.1
371	Motor vehicles and parts, nspf	Hungary	48.45	27.37	18.9	18.1	0.1	0.1
375	Motorcycles and bicycles	China	41.74	34.42	90.0	126.8	3.1	5.3
382	Mechanical measuring instruments	China	54.72	29.48	119.3	43.5	1.2	1.3
385	Ophthalmic goods and parts, nspf	China	35.04	22.83	96.2	26.9	3.1	4.2
387	Watches and clocks	China	132.41	75.99	228.0	199.9	7.3	7.5
391	Jewelry, silverware, plates	China	43.27	23.68	47.7	48.6	0.6	0.7
395	Pens, pencils, carbon paper	China	23.09	11.08	65.2	20.7	3.0	2.9
396	Costume jewelry, costume novelties	China	62.56	34.32	61.9	51.4	7.4	8.3

¹ Only imports with a value greater than \$5.0 million in 1990 were included.

² Less than 0.05 percent.

Source: Compiled from official statistics of the U.S. Department of Commerce.

Table 6
U.S. Imports from NMEs that increased at least 15 percent in value and quantity from 1989 to 1990 and from January-June 1990 to January-June 1991,
by HTS Items and by sources

HTS item number	Description	Source	Imports in 1990 ¹ Million dollars	Percentage increase		Percentage share of total imports	
				1989-1990	Jan.-June 1990-1991	1990	Jan.-June 1991
0304.20.20	Frozen fish fillets, skinned	China	4.89	98.9	193.7	1.3	2.4
0507.90.00	Tortoise shell, whalebone and similar products	Soviet Union	5.80	14779.5	27.7	57.8	31.3
1602.41.20	Pork hams and cuts	Hungary	24.28	71.6	36.4	7.4	12.2
1602.42.20	Pork shoulders and cuts	Hungary	9.07	94.7	46.5	12.9	22.2
2511.10.50	Natural barium sulfate	China	36.19	38.2	25.5	87.9	97.3
2709.00.20	Crude petroleum	China	698.22	45.2	37.4	1.8	2.1
2710.00.05	Distillate and residual fuel oils	Soviet Union	303.55	77.6	85.2	5.2	4.3
2935.00.30	Sulfamethazine	China	3.21	89.7	73.3	53.4	62.3
3204.17.20	Copper phthalocyanine	China	3.63	5847.5	31.2	8.7	5.8
3301.25.00	Essential oils of mints	China	3.68	109.0	19.0	72.1	90.3
3923.29.00	Sacks and bags of other plastics	China	18.68	111.5	43.9	15.1	20.1
3924.90.10	Curtains, drapes, napkins and like goods	China	17.16	65.9	70.7	15.8	19.7
3926.20.50	Plastic articles of apparel and clothing	China	25.30	25.7	24.7	31.9	42.3
4202.11.00	Suitcases, etc., with leather surface	China	36.31	30.3	28.4	25.2	32.8
4202.12.60	Suitcases, etc., made of vegetable fiber.	China	7.91	38.5	113.5	17.7	32.3
4202.21.60	Handbags, leather, each under \$20	China	127.05	16.1	41.6	49.3	58.0
4202.21.90	Handbags, leather, each over \$20	China	9.88	82.2	34.4	4.6	4.9
4202.92.20	Travel, sports bags, outer surface not cotton	China	6.22	55.1	333.6	30.3	61.4
4202.92.45	Travel, sports bags, outer surface not veg. fib.	China	60.38	81.3	22.5	56.8	60.1
4202.92.90	Other bags, cases made partially of silk	China	17.43	56.1	53.8	22.6	28.8
4203.10.40	Leather articles of apparel	China	77.20	80.6	52.9	5.9	8.5
4411.19.20	Fiberboard of wood or other ligneous materials	Soviet Union	3.59	30.2	39.9	28.7	31.0
4412.12.10	Plywood, veneered panels and similar products	Soviet Union	6.54	172.7	62.6	12.4	11.4
4819.40.00	Sacks and bags, nesi	China	9.42	223.1	82.7	13.4	16.9
4820.30.00	Binders, folders and file covers	China	6.57	23.0	17.5	24.1	25.5
5208.12.60	Woven fabric, more than 85% cotton	China	84.88	46.3	35.9	65.5	58.9
5210.11.60	Woven fabric, less than 85% cotton	China	20.60	49.8	21.2	19.8	19.3
5309.11.00	Woven fabrics, more than 85% flax	Poland	5.90	407.7	148.9	28.3	35.6
5311.00.40	Woven fabrics of other vegetable fibers	China	3.14	56.2	101.4	30.4	37.7
5701.90.10	Carpets, other textile floor coverings	China	7.20	76.2	99.6	32.0	47.3
6104.42.00	Women's cotton dresses, knitted or crocheted	China	8.39	220.7	66.2	6.1	9.6
6104.63.20	Women's synthetic fiber shorts, trousers	China	13.24	201.1	23.5	3.4	2.9
6108.31.00	Women's nightdresses	China	5.70	254.1	901.0	4.4	8.3
6110.30.15	Sweaters, etc., knitted or crocheted	China	7.43	104.5	136.2	6.6	5.7
6114.20.00	Garments nesi, knitted or crocheted	China	4.28	297.9	144.9	4.2	6.2
6201.92.20	Men's cotton anoraks, windbreakers	China	47.56	33.8	52.2	20.2	27.6
6201.99.00	Men's anoraks, windbreakers of other materials	China	3.20	250.9	186.0	52.7	53.9
6202.19.00	Women's overcoats made of textile materials.	China	3.76	97.9	92.4	38.1	44.3

21 See footnote at end of table.

Table 6—Continued

U.S. Imports from NMEs that increased at least 15 percent in value and quantity from 1989 to 1990 and from January-June 1990 to January-June 1991, by HTS items and by sources

HTS item number	Description	Source	Imports in 1990 ¹ Million dollars	Percentage increase		Percentage share of total imports	
				1989-1990	Jan.-June 1990-1991	1990	Jan.-June 1991
6202.93.45	Women's manmade fiber rainwear	China	52.39	265.7	30.7	20.7	19.5
6202.99.00	Women's other anoraks, similar articles	China	13.66	257.0	83.2	53.9	62.0
6203.43.35	Men's water resistant trousers, breeches	China	3.29	117.8	15.3	10.7	9.3
6203.49.30	Men's other overalls, trousers, shorts	China	22.04	55.4	20.1	28.5	31.8
6204.39.30	Women's artificial fiber suits, ensembles	China	6.34	196.4	135.4	4.6	6.0
6204.39.40	Women's other suit-type jackets	China	40.08	99.8	158.4	27.0	28.4
6204.44.40	Women's artificial fiber dresses	China	35.41	103.5	91.1	18.3	23.8
6204.59.40	Women's skirts	China	42.29	27.2	32.1	33.5	35.0
6204.69.25	Women's other artificial fiber trousers	China	33.63	145.1	42.1	13.5	16.6
6204.69.30	Women's silk trousers	China	53.07	192.9	41.9	53.8	58.3
6205.90.20	Men's shirts, dress shirts, not knitted	China	31.68	127.9	81.9	62.3	71.5
6206.10.00	Women's silk blouses	China	219.29	83.8	43.1	51.7	59.8
6207.19.00	Men's underpants	China	6.20	86.2	165.4	41.9	41.2
6208.91.10	Women's cotton bathrobes, undergarments	China	5.11	79.9	91.1	6.5	7.1
6208.92.00	Women's manmade fiber bathrobes, undergarments	China	52.99	109.0	31.8	37.1	37.5
6210.30.10	Other manmade fiber garments	China	5.99	121.1	37.2	17.9	18.4
6212.10.20	Brassieres, not containing lace	China	20.45	63.8	66.0	5.9	8.1
6304.92.00	Furnishing articles, not knitted or crocheted	China	16.17	111.7	32.3	50.9	58.2
6306.22.10	Synthetic fiber backpacking tents	China	5.44	443.2	105.2	15.7	28.6
6401.92.90	Other waterproof footwear not covering the knee	China	4.65	58.5	17.8	17.7	35.2
6402.19.10	Sports footwear	China	12.59	321.1	170.1	17.8	34.6
6402.91.40	Footwear nesi, covering the ankle	China	105.49	261.1	166.5	40.8	73.4
6402.99.15	Footwear nesi, having uppers	China	650.25	138.4	73.4	50.9	64.8
6403.19.45	Sports footwear, with outer soles of rubber	China	3.46	134.9	260.0	3.1	5.4
6403.91.30	Welt footwear with outer soles of rubber	China	17.48	119.6	55.5	12.8	20.9
6403.91.60	Men's nonwelt footwear with outer soles	China	55.14	206.7	227.0	4.8	9.1
6403.91.90	Other persons' nonwelt footwear with outer soles	China	39.28	295.4	79.4	5.6	9.1
6403.99.60	Nonwelt footwear with outer soles, nesi	China	127.76	118.2	103.8	8.3	15.0
6403.99.90	Nonwelt footwear valued over \$2.50/pair	China	282.45	88.3	85.0	11.5	16.5
6404.11.20	Sports and athletic footwear	China	27.17	44.9	30.9	14.6	24.7
6404.19.50	Footwear not valued over \$3.00/pair	China	125.01	35.4	31.4	78.8	89.7
6404.19.70	Footwear valued in the range \$3.00-\$6.50/pair	China	5.68	134.2	132.7	5.4	33.6
6404.19.80	Footwear valued in the range \$6.50-\$12.00/pair	China	4.21	166.8	89.8	6.5	12.0
6406.10.60	Footwear uppers, not formed	China	22.03	26.3	31.8	38.5	50.9
6505.90.80	Hats and headgear, nesi	China	7.75	195.1	43.8	7.1	11.6
6601.10.00	Garden or similar umbrellas	China	3.67	240.4	58.2	11.6	14.9
6601.91.00	Umbrellas with telescopic shaft	China	23.03	73.4	121.6	54.8	75.1
6911.10.39	Porcelain or china sets, valued over \$56	China	6.39	51.9	34.5	5.6	6.0

See footnote at end of table.

Table 6—Continued

U.S. Imports from NMEs that increased at least 15 percent in value and quantity from 1989 to 1990 and from January-June 1990 to January-June 1991, by HTS items and by sources

HTS item number	Description	Source	Imports in 1990 ¹ Million dollars	Percentage increase		Percentage share of total imports	
				1989-1990	Jan.-June 1990-1991	1990	Jan.-June 1991
6912.00.44	Ceramic mugs and steins, nesi	China	18.31	51.0	57.0	13.9	20.0
6913.10.50	Statuettes, ornamental ceramic articles	China	30.80	28.0	28.4	16.5	18.8
7013.31.50	Lead crystal glassware	Poland	3.78	41.3	19.3	5.5	7.3
7013.91.50	Other lead crystal glassware	Poland	3.12	22.3	31.7	3.1	4.8
7208.22.50	Flat-rolled iron or nonalloy steel	Hungary	3.22	37.8	20.2	2.5	2.4
7306.30.50	Other tubes, pipes and hollow profiles	Romania	6.27	29.2	26.6	1.5	2.0
7307.91.50	Flanges of iron or steel	China	23.16	127.9	72.0	32.6	42.0
7315.11.00	Roller chain of iron or steel	China	6.85	117.2	37.0	6.9	10.3
7323.93.00	Stainless steel household articles	China	9.79	57.0	62.1	5.7	7.8
8205.51.30	Household hand tools	China	9.46	54.4	60.5	16.9	22.7
8215.99.10	Forks with handles other than stainless steel	China	3.49	30.7	25.7	15.7	19.9
8305.10.00	Fittings for loose-leaf binders or files	China	5.84	54.4	581.9	6.9	21.4
8414.80.10	Air compressors, nesi	China	6.25	82.7	98.4	4.5	6.9
8418.21.00	Household refrigerators	China	5.57	251.8	77.0	4.2	7.3
8425.42.00	Hydraulic jacks and hoists, nesi	China	23.64	47.5	50.4	28.4	39.5
8425.49.00	Jacks and hoists for raising vehicles	China	7.01	83.9	129.4	10.9	19.2
8458.19.00	Horizontal lathes for removing metal	China	8.37	114.4	98.9	7.8	10.1
8470.10.00	Electronic calculators	China	36.32	26.2	41.4	15.6	18.9
8471.99.30	Power supplies for data processors	China	22.19	223.6	115.7	2.4	4.4
8472.90.80	Office machines, nesi	China	3.21	184.3	306.2	1.3	4.1
8481.80.30	Taps, cocks, valves for pipes	China	5.48	41.5	23.0	2.2	2.4
8483.40.50	Fixed, multiple, variable ratio speed changers	China	5.50	54.6	49.1	1.9	2.0
8501.31.40	DC motors in the range 74.6-735 W	China	3.44	353.6	196.7	2.8	5.2
8504.40.00	Static converters	China	18.70	25.1	127.5	2.3	3.3
8509.10.00	Electromechanical vacuum cleaners	China	8.01	22.0	54.9	8.0	10.8
8513.10.20	Flashlights	China	15.35	127.3	33.1	32.3	39.1
8513.10.40	Portable electric lamps, not flashlights	China	14.43	44.5	60.3	31.9	40.7
8516.71.00	Electrothermic coffee or tea makers	China	41.85	43.2	54.7	21.4	28.8
8516.79.00	Electrothermic appliances, nesi	China	38.51	121.7	141.8	23.3	30.3
8518.10.00	Microphones and stands	China	4.22	46.6	16.9	5.6	4.4
8519.99.00	Sound reproducing apparatus, nesi	China	9.34	190.8	83.7	1.2	1.0
8520.90.00	Other sound recording apparatus	China	4.64	447.8	144.1	18.9	14.7
8523.13.00	Magnetic tapes, width exceeding 6.5 mm	China	19.69	128.2	303.5	2.7	5.8
8523.20.00	Magnetic discs for sound recording	China	11.77	3455.6	1456.5	4.0	7.9
8525.20.50	Cordless handset telephones	China	70.71	140.7	369.6	11.2	20.0
8527.11.11	Radio-tape player combinations	China	148.86	16.0	23.2	23.1	25.0
8527.39.00	Radiobroadcast receivers, nesi	China	12.40	66.1	261.4	2.7	3.9
8527.90.80	Reception apparatus for radiotelephony	China	12.25	28.1	48.6	6.8	10.0

See footnote at end of table.

Table 6—Continued

U.S. Imports from NMEs that increased at least 15 percent in value and quantity from 1989 to 1990 and from January-June 1990 to January-June 1991, by HTS items and by sources

HTS item number	Description	Source	Imports in 1990 ¹ Million dollars	Percentage increase		Percentage share of total imports	
				1989-1990	Jan.-June 1990-1991	1990	Jan.-June 1991
8536.50.00	Switches for electrical circuits, nesi	China	12.19	43.0	15.2	1.5	1.6
8543.80.90	Electrical machines and apparatus	China	34.17	31.4	65.4	5.8	6.1
8715.00.00	Baby carriages	China	6.86	55.1	105.1	4.9	9.7
9006.52.10	Fixed focus, hand held, 110 cameras	China	14.59	51.7	17.1	47.1	54.2
9025.19.00	Thermometers	China	12.12	412.6	70.1	29.5	34.4
9101.12.80	Wrist watches, with opto-electric display	China	3.48	5906.9	124.8	86.3	41.2
9102.11.25	Wrist watches nesi, with mechanical display	China	3.76	748.5	621.3	3.1	2.2
9102.11.45	Wrist watches nesi, with mechanical display	China	14.65	1390.3	750.7	4.8	3.9
9102.12.40	Wrist watches nesi, with opto-electric display	China	3.58	4811.0	225.5	36.3	32.5
9102.12.80	Wrist watches nesi, with opto-electric display	China	37.74	7680.8	331.2	28.4	32.9
9102.19.40	Wrist watches nesi, battery powered	China	4.02	305.2	66.2	6.0	8.0
9102.29.10	Wrist watches nesi, not battery powered	China	5.60	1069.9	128.2	29.9	32.5
9102.91.20	Watches nesi with opto-electronic display	China	5.14	60.4	327.9	27.1	48.4
9105.11.40	Alarm clocks with opto-electronic display	China	16.16	54.9	135.6	70.0	79.5
9105.11.80	Alarm clocks, nesi battery or AC powered	China	4.42	110.7	199.6	18.6	25.9
9105.29.50	Wall clocks nesi, valued over \$5 each	China	3.24	3495.6	546.6	26.9	31.2
9208.10.00	Music boxes	China	19.54	199.6	101.6	17.5	21.9
9401.69.60	Chairs with wooden frames, nesi	China	4.97	16.6	34.5	1.6	2.5
9401.79.00	Seats with a metal frame	China	11.14	251.4	76.1	6.1	9.8
9404.90.80	Cotton articles of bedding	China	37.31	182.0	74.7	93.4	94.8
9405.10.60	Base metal chandeliers	China	4.77	232.1	190.3	3.4	6.7
9405.10.80	Non-base metal chandeliers	China	6.10	167.1	91.8	6.8	12.7
9405.20.60	Other base metal electric lamps	China	9.44	128.3	149.5	7.0	11.9
9405.20.80	Non-base metal electric lamps	China	5.52	137.4	88.5	7.5	10.7
9405.40.40	Electric lamps and lighting fittings	China	6.90	588.6	36.6	25.1	31.4
9502.10.20	Stuffed dolls	China	156.05	112.4	37.5	47.5	40.2
9506.51.20	Lawn-tennis rackets	China	9.10	269.9	66.8	18.0	31.2
9506.69.20	Baseballs and softball	China	20.01	234.5	16.6	26.1	34.3
9603.29.40	Shaving and hair brushes valued under \$0.4 each	China	3.62	243.6	42.1	24.3	22.0
9603.29.80	Shaving and hair brushes valued over \$0.4 each	China	4.45	100.3	49.0	11.0	10.9
9615.11.30	Plastic combs and hair-slides	China	3.09	50.7	28.6	30.6	32.7

¹ Only imports with a value greater than \$3.0 million in 1990 were included. Source: Compiled from official statistics of the U.S. Department of Commerce.

Table 7

U.S. imports from NMEs that increased at least 15 percent in quantity and no more than 15 percent in value from 1989 to 1990 and from January-June 1990 to January-June 1991, by HTS items and by sources¹

<i>HTS item number</i>	<i>Description</i>	<i>Source</i>	<i>Percentage increase in quantity of imports</i>		<i>Percentage share of total quantity imported</i>	
			<i>1989-1990</i>	<i>Jan.-June 1990-1991</i>	<i>1990</i>	<i>Jan.-June 1991</i>
0710.80.10	Bamboo shoots or water chestnuts	China	103.5	17.9	72.4	97.5
4202.12.80	Trunks, suitcases	China	27.3	57.8	33.5	50.7
6302.51.20	Cotton plain woven tablecloths	China	31.2	27.6	40.7	45.8
7216.31.00	U sections of iron or nonalloy steel	Poland	26.2	734.9	12.3	36.0
8523.12.00	Prepared unrecorded magnetic tape	China	103.1	328.8	5.3	14.8
8527.21.10	Radio-tape player combinations	China	64.8	22.7	10.1	12.3
8544.20.00	Coaxial cable and other coaxial conductors	China	715.0	22.4	9.1	11.3
8716.80.50	Other vehicles not mechanically propelled	China	40.2	17.4	16.1	18.9
9405.40.80	Electric lamps and lighting fittings, nesi	China	126.8	189.9	17.2	27.2
9502.10.40	Other dolls not over 33 cm in height	China	32.1	80.9	81.0	84.3

¹ Only imports with a value greater than \$3.0 million in 1990 were included.

Source: Compiled from official statistics of the U.S. Department of Commerce.

Table 8
U.S. Imports from NMEs that increased at least 15 percent in value and no more than 15 percent in quantity from 1989 to 1990 and from January-June 1990 to January-June 1991, by HTS items and by sources

HTS item number	Description	Source	Imports in 1990 ¹	Percentage increase		Percentage share of total imports	
				1989-1990	Jan.-June 1990-1991	1990	Jan.-June 1991
			Million dollars				
0409.00.00	Natural honey	China	10.33	15.8	216.7	30.3	48.0
2519.90.10	Fused magnesia and dead-burned magnesia	China	10.27	54.2	60.9	26.6	36.3
2710.00.30	Lubricating oils, with/without additives	China	8.82	95.4	49.5	11.0	13.8
3001.90.00	Heparin and it's salts; other	China	3.34	192.3	31.2	7.6	9.3
3005.90.50	Wadding, gauze, bandages	China	7.77	99.2	67.6	38.0	37.6
3923.10.00	Boxes, cases, crates and similar articles	China	17.97	106.1	34.5	13.5	16.4
3923.21.00	Sacks and bags (including cones)	China	13.34	81.7	59.8	6.5	10.5
3923.90.00	Articles nesl, for the conveyance of goods	China	3.06	165.6	73.3	2.5	4.3
3924.10.20	Plates, cups, saucers, soup bowls	China	5.51	183.6	17.1	15.0	12.0
3924.10.50	Tableware and kitchenware articles, other	China	31.20	40.7	51.6	16.5	20.7
3924.90.20	Picture frames of plastics	China	3.47	49.5	168.6	11.5	19.6
3924.90.50	Other household articles of plastic	China	39.00	66.2	31.4	20.6	26.7
3925.30.10	Blinds (including venetian blinds) other	China	6.98	481.9	295.8	2.6	6.5
3926.90.35	Beads, bugles and spangles other	China	4.38	49.2	108.6	23.3	32.5
3926.90.75	Pneumatic mattresses nesl	China	9.28	91.2	103.0	12.2	29.7
4202.31.60	Articles of a kind normally carried, other	China	38.57	38.5	17.8	27.6	32.5
4202.91.00	Cases, bags and containers nesl	China	7.30	32.6	36.4	15.1	20.3
4203.29.15	Gloves not wholly of horsehide	China	4.15	24.9	45.8	28.9	45.6
4203.30.00	Belts and bandoliers with/without buckles	China	5.65	80.9	123.5	3.7	7.1
4420.10.00	Wooden statuettes and other ornaments	China	9.71	51.7	18.2	17.0	12.9
4421.90.90	Articles of wood nesl	China	14.70	97.4	74.1	5.9	7.8
4820.10.20	Diaries, notebooks and addressbooks	China	10.36	33.0	32.3	13.5	12.6
4909.00.40	Printed cards bearing personal greetings	China	7.67	61.4	55.9	17.7	15.8
6108.32.00	Women's or girls' nightdresses	China	4.57	22.5	16.6	8.5	5.7
6203.42.20	Men's or boys' bib and brace overalls	China	10.13	162.8	71.3	33.4	18.1
6211.11.10	Men's or boys' swimwear, of man made fibres	China	8.43	41.7	29.6	7.9	12.4
6211.43.00	Women's or girls' track suits	China	13.76	77.2	48.5	12.8	12.0
6304.91.00	Furnishing articles, excluding heading 9404	China	3.39	69.9	97.8	55.3	72.3
6404.19.15	Footwear with outer soles of rubber	China	8.30	36.0	24.6	15.0	23.9
6404.19.30	Footwear with open toes or open heels	China	3.09	90.5	93.9	43.1	33.4
6405.90.90	Footwear, nesl	China	3.87	20.6	109.7	19.6	36.6
6505.90.70	Hats and headgear nesl	China	10.33	283.4	25.0	27.7	26.5
6704.20.00	Wigs, false beards, eyebrows of human hair	China	4.34	161.4	236.8	15.3	22.8
6912.00.50	Other ceramic household articles	China	5.00	55.9	258.2	7.8	20.0
6913.90.50	Ornamental ceramic articles, other	China	13.69	112.0	67.7	9.6	14.4
7013.29.20	Drinking glasses of glass nesl	China	3.13	26.4	24.0	5.8	6.3
7110.31.00	Rhodium, unwrought or in powder	Soviet Union	140.39	185.8	87.5	32.5	16.0

See footnote at end of table.

Table 8—Continued
U.S. imports from NMEs that increased at least 15 percent in value and no more than 15 percent in quantity from 1989 to 1990 and from January-June 1990 to January-June 1991, by HTS items and by sources

HTS item number	Description	Source	Imports in 1990 ¹ Million dollars	Percentage increase		Percentage share of total imports	
				1989-1990	Jan.-June 1990-1991	1990	Jan.-June 1991
7113.19.50	Articles of jewelry and parts	China	5.14	336.4	158.2	0.3	0.6
7117.19.50	Imitation jewelry of base metals	China	12.25	228.9	64.6	5.7	6.9
7117.90.50	Imitation jewelry, nesi	China	39.65	50.8	57.0	13.2	15.4
7323.99.10	Other household articles plated with silver	China	9.65	73.7	29.5	22.8	23.4
7323.99.50	Other household articles not-plated	China	5.47	94.1	22.2	37.6	35.4
7323.99.90	Other non-plated cooking wear	China	8.20	30.7	69.2	8.1	11.5
7326.90.90	Articles of iron or steel, nesi	Czechoslovakia	22.18	111.0	43.8	3.3	4.4
7418.10.10	Table, kitchen articles coated or plated	China	3.00	75.1	39.0	20.5	20.1
8001.20.00	Unwrought tin alloys	China	5.65	45.3	237.9	14.1	20.0
8112.20.60	Chromium and articles thereof	China	10.73	163.6	33.9	23.4	24.7
8205.40.00	Screwdrivers and parts thereof	China	4.02	103.0	42.4	11.7	13.9
8214.10.00	Paper knives, letter openers	China	3.18	102.7	15.5	24.1	33.4
8302.10.60	Hinges, and parts thereof	China	4.82	23.8	39.9	4.7	6.6
8306.30.00	Photograph, picture or similar frames	China	16.78	172.2	30.4	14.8	19.1
8466.20.90	Work holders for machine tools	Poland	4.02	39.9	61.0	4.9	3.7
8470.21.00	Electronic calculating machines	China	19.48	55.4	20.8	11.4	14.5
8471.92.65	Printer units incorporating media transport	China	5.50	208.0	2624.5	0.3	1.3
8473.30.40	Parts not incorporating cathode ray tube	China	18.24	248.9	356.6	0.2	0.9
8501.10.40	Other electric motors < 18.65 W < 37.5 W	China	20.42	281.7	25.9	7.4	7.5
8501.10.60	Other electric motors > 18.65 W < 37.5 W	China	6.56	417.9	31.9	4.8	5.3
8501.52.80	AC motors nesi, multi-phase	China	3.84	240.9	19.1	8.7	9.2
8516.90.60	Other parts of cooking stoves, ranges etc.	China	6.82	19.8	46.2	10.9	8.9
8518.29.00	Loudspeakers nesi, not mounted	China	5.61	50.6	50.4	1.8	2.2
8527.31.40	Radiobroadcast receiver combinations	China	74.88	25.4	20.7	19.1	18.5
8529.10.60	Antennas and antenna reflectors	China	3.24	86.5	67.6	2.6	2.9
8536.69.00	Other plugs and sockets	Soviet Union	8.29	121.0	57.9	1.8	2.3
8536.90.00	Electrical apparatus nesi	China	12.28	102.0	50.4	2.0	2.9
8544.51.40	Other elec conductors with connectors	China	4.08	24.3	33.0	17.0	21.6
8544.51.80	Other elec conductors w/connectors other	China	13.40	79.3	33.5	2.6	3.6
8708.60.80	Non-driving axles and parts thereof	Hungary	16.56	403.6	16.4	12.7	16.8
8708.99.50	Accessories, of motor vehicles	Hungary	12.98	334.2	126.4	0.2	0.4
9004.10.00	Sunglasses, corrective, protective	China	18.18	54.5	16.2	5.8	7.9
9004.90.00	Spectacles, goggles and the like, other	China	12.84	148.3	27.3	15.2	19.3
9027.90.40	Parts and accessories of elec apparatus	China	4.81	294.1	64.0	3.3	2.8
9403.60.80	Wooden (except bent-wood) furniture	Hungary	26.63	0.7	37.0	0.4	3.5
9403.60.80	Wooden (except bent-wood) furniture	Poland	4.63	78.9	36.8	0.4	0.5
9404.90.90	Articles of bedding and similar items	China	3.31	29.7	175.1	28.6	38.5
9405.99.40	Parts of lamps and lighting fixture	China	3.41	146.8	27.0	3.4	5.2

¹ See footnote at end of table.

Table 8—Continued

U.S. Imports from NMEs that increased at least 15 percent in value and no more than 15 percent in quantity from 1989 to 1990 and from January-June 1990 to January-June 1991, by HTS items and by sources

HTS item number	Description	Source	Imports in 1990 ¹ Million dollars	Percentage increase		Percentage share of total imports	
				1989-1990	Jan.-June 1990-1991	1990	Jan.-June 1991
9503.41.10	Stuffed toys representing animals	China	293.58	36.8	18.8	44.8	49.1
9503.41.30	Parts and accessories of stuffed toys	China	9.56	80.4	75.6	20.9	39.0
9503.49.00	Other toys depicting animals or other	China	194.79	44.7	40.0	51.9	69.5
9503.60.20	Puzzle parts and accessories thereof	China	4.21	93.9	34.9	21.2	26.2
9503.90.50	Inflatable toy balls, balloons	China	5.97	91.7	19.9	16.9	21.3
9505.10.40	Articles for christmas of plastic	China	35.26	59.9	88.2	46.6	56.0
9505.10.50	Other articles for christmas of plastic	China	29.88	81.5	110.9	34.3	32.1
9506.29.00	Water skis, surf boards, and other equip	China	4.03	52.3	63.3	9.5	16.2
9506.39.00	Golf equipment nesi; parts, accessories	China	3.31	86.4	148.7	1.2	2.4
9506.99.55	Swimming pools and wading pools	China	12.15	58.0	31.2	18.4	20.2
9506.99.60	Athletic and sports articles nesi	China	5.46	17.2	177.4	6.2	14.2
9507.10.00	Fishing rods, and parts and accessories	China	3.48	42.9	33.9	4.4	5.8
9613.10.00	Pocket lighters gas fueled non-refillable	China	8.85	27.0	75.2	9.8	12.9
9615.19.60	Hair-slides and the like, other	China	3.37	118.4	284.2	7.6	17.0

¹ Only imports with a value greater than \$3.0 million in 1990 were included.
Source: Compiled from official statistics of the U.S. Department of Commerce.

Table 9

U.S. Imports from NMEs in which there was import penetration of greater than 2 percent from an NME source and greater than 20 percent from all sources, 1990

MISC item	Description	NME source	Imports from		Apparent consumption	Penetration of imports from	
			NME source ¹	World		NME source	World
			Million dollars			Percent	
221	Cotton broad woven fabrics	China	176.17	1282.99	6015.22	2.9	21.3
225	Knit fabrics and hosiery	China	765.67	3024.87	15067.41	5.1	20.1
232	Men's shirts, pants, underwear	China	952.66	7968.49	21649.67	4.4	36.8
233	Women's outerwear including blouses	China	1601.29	13760.84	34393.45	4.7	40.0
234	Women's, girls', infants' undergarments	China	162.26	1288.87	4970.25	3.3	25.9
235	Headwear	China	71.79	410.03	980.37	7.3	41.8
237	Fur wearing apparel	China	14.52	269.22	590.61	2.5	45.6
238	Miscellaneous apparel, including gloves	China	358.41	3082.84	5187.64	6.9	59.4
249	Miscellaneous wood products	China	178.98	1804.03	8662.77	2.1	20.8
302	Footwear, rubber or plastic	China	794.47	1936.13	2483.69	32.0	78.0
314	Footwear, except rubber	China	913.13	8571.47	12429.40	7.3	69.0
315	Leather gloves	China	95.53	213.12	396.45	24.1	53.8
316	Luggage, leather or other material	China	367.32	1333.98	2003.14	18.3	66.6
317	Handbags	China	485.64	1327.91	2372.40	20.5	56.0
326	Ceramic sanitary and industrial wares	China	164.91	1810.61	3611.68	4.6	50.1
365	Radio and TV receiving equipment	China	725.42	11969.47	14969.66	4.8	80.0
375	Motorcycles and bicycles	China	41.74	1335.58	1852.24	2.3	72.1
387	Watches and clocks	China	132.41	1812.02	2738.84	4.8	66.2
394	Toys, amusements, sporting goods	China	2222.51	8870.40	15361.44	14.5	57.7
396	Costume jewelry and costume novelties	China	62.56	848.78	2545.65	2.5	33.3

¹ Only imports with a value greater than \$5.0 million in 1990 were included.

Source: Compiled from official statistics of the U.S. Department of Commerce.

Table 10

U.S. imports in which there was import penetration of greater than 2 percent from an NME source and greater than 20 percent from all sources in 1990, and growth of imports from an NME source of at least 15 percent from 1989 to 1990 and from January-June 1990 to January-June 1991

MISC item	Description	NME source	Percentage increases		Percentage change in share of total imports	
			NME 1980-1990 ¹	Jan.-June 1990-1991	1989-19990	Jan.-June 1990-1991
221	Cotton broad woven fabrics	China	18.3	40.8	12.4	25.0
234	Women's, girls', infants' undergarments	China	39.6	26.3	20.9	9.3
302	Footwear, rubber or plastic	China	143.0	81.4	123.8	69.0
314	Footwear, except rubber	China	76.3	51.3	53.2	58.2
326	Ceramic sanitary and industrial wares	China	15.9	18.3	18.6	23.6
375	Motorcycles and bicycles	China	90.0	126.8	108.1	117.2
387	Watches and clocks	China	228.0	199.9	71.9	21.6
396	Costume jewelry and costume novelties	China	61.9	51.4	53.1	45.8

¹ Only imports with a value greater than \$5.0 million in 1990 were included.
Source: Compiled from official statistics of the U.S. Department of Commerce.

Table 11
Estimated changes in the value of production and employment from 1989 to 1990, by selected MSIC categories¹

<i>MISC item</i>	<i>Description</i>	<i>1990 over 1989</i>	
		<i>Change in production</i>	<i>Change in employment</i>
		<i>Percent</i>	
221	Cotton broad woven fabrics	-1.8	-3.3
234	Women's, girls', infants' undergarments	-0.4	-7.8
302	Footwear, rubber or plastic	5.0	-0.9
314	Footwear, except rubber	-6.2	-7.2
326	Ceramic sanitary and industrial wares	(²)	-4.0
375	Motorcycles and bicycles	13.1	0.0
387	Watches and clocks	(²)	-5.3
396	Costume jewelry and costume novelties	6.5	5.9

¹ These categories are identical to those listed in table 10; i.e., import categories in which there was import penetration of greater than 2 percent from an NME source and greater than 20 percent from all sources in 1990, and growth of imports from an NME source of at least 15 percent from 1989 to 1990 and from January-June 1990 to January-June 1991.

² Not available.

Source: U.S. Department of Commerce and U.S. Department of Labor.

APPENDIX A
TRENDS IN TRADE BETWEEN THE UNITED STATES AND
THE NONMARKET ECONOMY COUNTRIES

Table A-1
U.S. exports to the world and to the nonmarket economy countries,¹ by Schedule B sections, January-June
1990 and January-June 1991

Schedule B section	Total exports		Exports to the NMEs	
	Jan.-June 1990	Jan.-June 1991	Jan.-June 1990	Jan.-June 1991
	<i>Value (million dollars)</i>			
1. Live animals; animal products	3,009	3,590	109	62
2. Vegetable products	11,768	9,434	2,084	1,081
3. Animal or vegetable fats, oils, and waxes	691	560	15	2
4. Prepared foodstuffs, beverages, and tobacco	6,636	7,342	278	255
5. Mineral products	6,403	7,326	116	118
6. Products of the chemical or allied industries	16,080	18,171	623	822
7. Plastics and rubber, and articles thereof	6,933	8,061	103	204
8. Hides and skins; leather and articles thereof; travel goods, handbags and similar containers	1,544	1,328	18	9
9. Articles of wood, cork, or plaiting materials	3,366	3,213	61	88
10. Wood pulp; paper, paperboard, and articles thereof	6,119	6,669	92	137
11. Textiles and textile articles	5,535	6,162	258	407
12. Footwear, headgear, and artificial flowers	291	332	3	9
13. Articles of stone or ceramics; glass and glassware	1,427	1,498	13	19
14. Pearls; precious stones and metals; jewelry; coin	2,312	2,571	9	5
15. Base metals and articles of base metal	8,443	9,499	80	97
16. Machinery and mechanical appliances; electrical equipment; parts and accessories thereof	55,717	59,157	763	869
17. Vehicles, aircraft, and other transport equipment	33,411	34,517	565	672
18. Optical, photographic, measuring, and medical ap- paratus; clocks and watches; musical instruments	8,496	9,653	146	189
19. Arms and ammunition; parts and accessories thereof ..	1,177	1,016	1	1
20. Miscellaneous manufactured articles	2,228	2,666	10	16
21. Works of art, collectors' pieces and antiques	1,185	785	1	5
22. Special classification provisions	5,707	6,561	71	102
Total	188,478	200,110	5,419	5,169
	<i>Percent of total</i>			
1. Live animals; animal products	1.6	1.8	2.0	1.2
2. Vegetable products	6.2	4.7	38.5	20.9
3. Animal or vegetable fats, oils, and waxes	0.4	0.3	0.3	(²)
4. Prepared foodstuffs, beverages, and tobacco	3.5	3.7	5.1	4.9
5. Mineral products	3.4	3.7	2.1	2.3
6. Products of the chemical or allied industries	8.5	9.1	11.5	15.9
7. Plastics and rubber, and articles thereof	3.7	4.0	1.9	3.9
8. Hides and skins; leather and articles thereof; travel goods, handbags and similar containers	0.8	0.7	0.3	0.2
9. Articles of wood, cork, or plaiting materials	1.8	1.6	1.1	1.7
10. Wood pulp; paper, paperboard, and articles thereof	3.2	3.3	1.7	2.6
11. Textiles and textile articles	2.9	3.1	4.8	7.9
12. Footwear, headgear, and artificial flowers	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.2
13. Articles of stone or ceramics; glass and glassware	0.8	0.7	0.2	0.4
14. Pearls; precious stones and metals; jewelry; coin	1.2	1.3	0.2	0.1
15. Base metals and articles of base metal	4.5	4.7	1.5	1.9
16. Machinery and mechanical appliances; electrical equipment; parts and accessories thereof	29.6	29.6	14.1	16.8
17. Vehicles, aircraft, and other transport equipment	17.7	17.2	10.4	13.0
18. Optical, photographic, measuring, and medical ap- paratus; clocks and watches; musical instruments	4.5	4.8	2.7	3.7
19. Arms and ammunition; parts and accessories thereof ..	0.6	0.5	(²)	(²)
20. Miscellaneous manufactured articles	1.2	1.3	0.2	0.3
21. Works of art, collectors' pieces and antiques	0.6	0.4	(²)	0.1
22. Special classification provisions	3.0	3.3	1.3	2.0
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

¹ Afghanistan, Albania, Bulgaria, Cambodia, China, Cuba, Czechoslovakia, Hungary, Laos, Mongolia, North Korea, Poland, Romania, the U.S.S.R. (including Estonia, Latvia, and Lithuania), and Vietnam.

² Less than 0.05 percent.

Note.—Because of rounding, figures may not add to the totals shown.

Source: Compiled from official statistics of the U.S. Department of Commerce.

Table A-2
U.S. exports to the nonmarket economy countries, by Schedule B sections, April-June 1991
(In thousands of dollars)

<i>Schedule B section</i>	<i>Afghanistan</i>	<i>Albania</i>	<i>Bulgaria</i>	<i>Cambodia</i>	<i>China</i>	<i>Cuba</i>	<i>Czechoslovakia</i>	<i>Hungary</i>
1. Live animals; animal products . . .	0	0	0	0	14,260	0	8	131
2. Vegetable products	0	0	12	0	68,411	0	530	312
3. Animal or vegetable fats, oils, and waxes	0	0	0	0	803	0	0	0
4. Prepared foodstuffs, beverages, and tobacco	28	0	10	0	5,977	0	397	560
5. Mineral products	0	1,553	12,056	0	10,304	0	52	69
6. Products of the chemical or allied industries	15	72	334	0	334,425	0	3,927	4,058
7. Plastics and rubber, and articles thereof	29	0	100	0	73,714	0	237	1,139
8. Hides and skins; leather and arti- cles thereof; travel goods, handbags and similar containers	0	0	8	0	3,459	0	543	300
9. Articles of wood, cork, or plaiting materials	0	0	0	0	47,793	0	417	55
10. Wood pulp; paper, paperboard, and articles thereof	0	0	3	0	55,725	0	2,139	1,035
11. Textiles and textile articles	313	0	404	0	148,111	0	2,288	1,956
12. Footwear, headgear, and artificial flowers	0	0	62	0	264	0	17	33
13. Articles of stone or ceramics; glass and glassware	0	0	29	0	8,462	0	353	1,867
14. Pearls; precious stones and metals; jewelry; coin	0	0	0	0	357	0	113	0
15. Base metals and articles of base metal	12	0	2,087	0	55,634	0	74	801
16. Machinery and mechanical appliances; electrical equipment; parts and accessories thereof	114	0	2,939	0	311,063	8	8,999	17,360
17. Vehicles, aircraft, and other transport equipment	56	0	1,190	0	339,854	0	5,000	94,226
18. Optical, photographic, measuring, and medical apparatus; clocks and watches; musical instruments	0	35	155	0	68,037	0	1,639	2,685
19. Arms and ammunition; parts and accessories thereof	0	0	0	0	416	0	73	0
20. Miscellaneous manufactured articles	4	0	0	0	3,919	0	356	507
21. Works of art, collectors' pieces and antiques	0	0	0	0	3	0	375	102
22. Special classification provisions . .	22	0	114	0	12,138	375	1,018	1,976
Total	594	1,660	19,502	0	1,563,128	383	28,554	129,174

See notes at end of table.

Table A-2—Continued

U.S. exports to the nonmarket economy countries, by Schedule B sections, April-June 1991
(In thousands of dollars)

Schedule B section	Laos	Mongolia	North Korea	Poland	Romania	U.S.S.R.	Vietnam	Total
1. Live animals; animal products	0	0	0	1,144	6	9,259	0	24,807
2. Vegetable products	0	3,621	0	1,940	15,684	238,507	0	329,017
3. Animal or vegetable fats, oils, and waxes	0	0	0	37	0	0	0	840
4. Prepared foodstuffs, beverages, and tobacco ..	0	0	0	3,480	288	65,737	0	76,477
5. Mineral products	0	0	0	588	14,599	11,791	0	51,011
6. Products of the chemical or allied industries	321	0	0	3,353	3,662	66,937	0	417,104
7. Plastics and rubber, and articles thereof	63	0	36	3,300	311	25,567	3	104,499
8. Hides and skins; leather and articles thereof; travel goods, handbags and similar containers	0	0	0	623	82	260	0	5,276
9. Articles of wood, cork, or plaiting materials	0	0	0	333	0	378	0	48,976
10. Wood pulp; paper, paper-board, and articles thereof	0	0	0	2,111	3,553	1,755	0	66,321
11. Textiles and textile articles ..	3	0	0	7,682	989	4,116	0	165,861
12. Footwear, headgear, and artificial flowers	0	0	0	1,144	0	4,230	0	5,751
13. Articles of stone or ceramics; glass and glassware	0	0	0	659	12	496	0	11,877
14. Pearls; precious stones and metals; jewelry; coin	0	0	0	1,252	40	2,336	0	4,098
15. Base metals and articles of base metal	0	0	0	542	16	785	0	59,951
16. Machinery and mechanical appliances; electrical equipment; parts and accessories thereof	21	411	0	29,175	9,279	89,996	5	469,371
17. Vehicles, aircraft, and other transport equipment .	0	4,912	0	28,247	225	15,552	0	489,263
18. Optical, photographic, measuring, and medical apparatus; clocks and watches; musical instruments	0	2,840	0	9,087	309	14,979	34	99,800
19. Arms and ammunition; parts and accessories thereof ..	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	489
20. Miscellaneous manufactured articles	0	0	0	1,489	132	3,749	0	10,156
21. Works of art, collectors' pieces and antiques	0	0	0	346	0	870	0	1,696
22. Special classification provisions	4	5	0	30,689	1,738	10,897	1,468	60,443
Total	412	11,789	36	127,223	50,924	568,196	1,510	2,503,085

Note.—Because of rounding, figures may not add to the totals shown.

Source: Compiled from official statistics of the U.S. Department of Commerce.

Table A-3

Twenty U.S. export items to the nonmarket economy countries that changed substantially, by Schedule B subheadings, January-June 1990 and January-June 1991¹

Schedule B subheading	Description	Major NME customer	Percentage change Jan.-June 1991 from Jan.-June 1990		Value of exports to all NMEs, January-June 1991
			All NMEs	World	
					1,000 dollars
					Percent
8703.23	Substantially increased: Passenger motor vehicles with spark-ignition internal-combustion reciprocating piston engine, over 1,500 but n/o 3,000 cc	Poland	2,045.0	-8.9	19,957
8428.90	Machinery for lifting, handling, loading or unloading, nesi	U.S.S.R.	1,303.2	29.2	13,414
5506.30	Synthetic staple fibers, carded, combed or otherwise processed for spinning, of acrylic or modacrylic	China	864.1	158.6	15,489
8527.90	Reception apparatus for radio- telephony, radio-telegraphy or radio-broadcasting, nesi	China	851.8	-34.9	5,942
8463.90	Machine tools for working metal, sintered metal carbides or cermets, without removing material, nesi ..	China	845.7	61.9	14,150
7606.92	Plates, sheets and strips, of a thickness exceeding 0.2 mm (excluding rectangular), of aluminum alloys	China	754.1	42.9	8,519
3815.19	Supported catalysts other than with nickel or precious metal or their compounds as the active substance	China	709.3	46.6	6,851
8461.40	Gear cutting, gear grinding or gear finishing machines working by removing metal, sintered metal carbides or cermets, nesi	U.S.S.R.	695.1	55.3	4,699
4707.20	Waste and scrap of paper or paperboard, nesi, made mainly of bleached chemical pulp, not colored in the mass	China	674.6	-6.1	3,963
8703.24	Passenger motor vehicles with spark-ignition internal-combustion reciprocating piston engine, cylinder capacity over 3,000 cc	Poland	639.0	4.6	4,366
2942.00	Substantially decreased: Organic compounds, nesi	China	-93.4	-63.3	1,139
2823.00	Titanium oxides	China	-91.8	-4.7	534
8417.90	Parts for industrial or laboratory furnaces and ovens, including incinerators, nonelectric	China	-90.9	-14.1	759
8514.30	Industrial or laboratory electric furnaces and ovens nesi	China	-90.4	-25.0	557
3921.19	Nonadhesive plates, sheets, film, foil and strip, cellular, of plastics nesi	U.S.S.R.	-87.8	-1.1	945
7204.49	Ferrous waste and scrap, nesi	China	-83.8	-30.5	816
8538.90	Parts nesi, suitable for use solely or principally with the apparatus of heading 8535, 8536 or 8537	China	-82.5	-14.6	1,346
4101.21	Whole raw hides and skins of bovine animals nesi, fresh or wet-salted	China	-82.4	-14.5	2,450
3903.30	Acrylonitrile-butadiene-styrene (ABS) copolymers	China	-81.6	22.4	938
8448.19	Auxiliary machinery for machines of heading 8444, 8445, 8446 or 8447, nesi	China	-81.6	-57.6	1,960

¹ Only items that accounted for at least 500,000 dollars' worth of exports in both January-June 1990 and January-June 1991 are included in this table.

Source: Compiled from official statistics of the U.S. Department of Commerce.

Table A-4
Twenty U.S. export items for which the nonmarket economy countries collectively accounted for the largest market share in 1991, by Schedule B subheadings, January-June 1990 and January-June 1991¹

Schedule B subheading	Description	Major NME customer	Share of total exports accounted for by NMEs		Value of exports to all NMEs, January-June 1991
			Jan.-June 1990	Jan.-June 1991	
			— Percent —		1,000 dollars
2908.90	Derivatives of phenols or phenol-alcohols, nesi	China	45.0	61.6	3,794
8448.32	Parts and accessories of machines for preparing textile fibers, other than card clothing	U.S.S.R.	35.9	57.9	23,655
8455.10	Metal-rolling tube mills	China	.1	53.5	3,402
5506.30	Synthetic staple fibers, carded, combed or otherwise processed for spinning, of acrylic or modacrylic	China	13.0	48.5	15,489
8457.30	Multistation transfer machines for working metal	U.S.S.R.	.0	47.8	13,327
3206.50	Inorganic products of a kind used as luminophores	China	6.2	44.4	1,527
8445.40	Textile winding (including weft-winding) or reeling machines	U.S.S.R.	2.5	43.3	1,374
2833.29	Sulfates, nesi	U.S.S.R.	.0	41.1	2,390
2916.20	Cyclanic, cyclenic or cycloterpenic monocarboxylic acids, their anhydrides, halides, peroxides, peroxyacids and their derivatives	U.S.S.R.	.0	40.4	6,054
2917.36	Terephthalic acid and its salts	China	34.2	39.2	69,049
8428.20	Pneumatic elevators and conveyors ..	China	8.1	38.7	10,885
3100.00	Fertilizers	China	31.1	37.8	556,549
6402.91	Footwear covering the ankle, with outer soles and uppers of rubber or plastics, excluding waterproof footwear	U.S.S.R.	3.2	37.8	1,055
6810.11	Building blocks and bricks of cement, of concrete or of artificial stone	China	.0	33.9	1,211
3903.20	Styrene-acrylonitrile (SAN) copolymers	China	1.2	33.5	11,312
2304.00	Oilcake and other solid residues, resulting from the extraction of soybean oil	U.S.S.R.	44.4	33.0	162,051
2817.00	Zinc oxide; zinc peroxide	U.S.S.R.	50.3	32.9	1,299
5902.10	Tire cord fabric of high tenacity yarn of nylon or other polyamides	China	29.0	32.9	10,457
5105.29	Wool tops and other combed wool, except in fragments	China	2.2	32.9	7,066
6110.10	Sweaters, pullovers, sweatshirts, waistcoats (vests) and similar articles, knitted or crocheted, of wool or fine animal hair	U.S.S.R.	.8	30.6	1,165

¹ Only items that accounted for at least 1 million dollars' worth of exports in January-June 1991 are included in this table.

Source: Compiled from official statistics of the U.S. Department of Commerce.

Table A-5

U.S. Imports from the world and from the nonmarket economy countries,¹ by HTS sections, January-June 1990 and January-June 1991

HTS section	Total imports		Imports from the NMEs	
	Jan.-June 1990	Jan.-June 1991	Jan.-June 1990	Jan.-June 1991
	<i>Value (million dollars)</i>			
1. Live animals; animal products	4,208	4,392	291	182
2. Vegetable products	4,331	4,234	77	71
3. Animal or vegetable fats, oils, and waxes	387	409	1	1
4. Prepared foodstuffs, beverages, and tobacco	5,480	5,319	141	152
5. Mineral products	30,023	28,655	491	519
6. Products of the chemical or allied industries	10,727	11,355	313	256
7. Plastics and rubber, and articles thereof	6,077	5,694	202	238
8. Hides and skins; leather and articles thereof; travel goods, handbags and similar containers	2,440	2,074	408	465
9. Articles of wood, cork, or plaiting materials	2,831	2,441	75	74
10. Wood pulp; paper, paperboard, and articles thereof	6,519	6,002	28	34
11. Textiles and textile articles	14,014	13,726	1,795	1,779
12. Footwear, headgear, and artificial flowers	5,087	4,983	822	1,246
13. Articles of stone or ceramics; glass and glassware	2,413	2,240	96	111
14. Pearls; precious stones and metals; jewelry; coin	5,339	6,052	182	139
15. Base metals and articles of base metal	13,421	12,793	306	356
16. Machinery and mechanical appliances; electrical equipment; parts and accessories thereof	58,953	59,748	1,044	1,285
17. Vehicles, aircraft, and other transport equipment	41,748	39,858	103	131
18. Optical, photographic, measuring, and medical ap- paratus; clocks and watches; musical instruments	6,856	7,937	95	161
19. Arms and ammunition; parts and accessories thereof ..	235	252	7	9
20. Miscellaneous manufactured articles	7,346	6,481	916	1,048
21. Works of art, collectors' pieces and antiques	1,207	916	17	101
22. Special classification provisions	7,411	7,427	66	74
Total	237,053	232,985	7,475	8,431
	<i>Percent of total</i>			
1. Live animals; animal products	1.8	1.9	3.9	2.2
2. Vegetable products	1.8	1.8	1.0	0.8
3. Animal or vegetable fats, oils, and waxes	0.2	0.2	(²)	(²)
4. Prepared foodstuffs, beverages, and tobacco	2.3	2.3	1.9	1.8
5. Mineral products	12.7	12.3	6.6	6.2
6. Products of the chemical or allied industries	4.5	4.9	4.2	3.0
7. Plastics and rubber, and articles thereof	2.6	2.4	2.7	2.8
8. Hides and skins; leather and articles thereof; travel goods, handbags and similar containers	1.0	0.9	5.5	5.5
9. Articles of wood, cork, or plaiting materials	1.2	1.0	1.0	0.9
10. Wood pulp; paper, paperboard, and articles thereof	2.8	2.6	0.4	0.4
11. Textiles and textile articles	5.9	5.9	24.0	21.1
12. Footwear, headgear, and artificial flowers	2.1	2.1	11.0	14.8
13. Articles of stone or ceramics; glass and glassware	1.0	1.0	1.3	1.3
14. Pearls; precious stones and metals; jewelry; coin	2.3	2.6	2.4	1.6
15. Base metals and articles of base metal	5.7	5.5	4.1	4.2
16. Machinery and mechanical appliances; electrical equipment; parts and accessories thereof	24.9	25.6	14.0	15.2
17. Vehicles, aircraft, and other transport equipment	17.6	17.1	1.4	1.5
18. Optical, photographic, measuring, and medical ap- paratus; clocks and watches; musical instruments	2.9	3.4	1.3	1.9
19. Arms and ammunition; parts and accessories thereof ..	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
20. Miscellaneous manufactured articles	3.1	2.8	12.3	12.4
21. Works of art, collectors' pieces and antiques	0.5	0.4	0.2	1.2
22. Special classification provisions	3.1	3.2	0.9	0.9
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

¹ Afghanistan, Albania, Bulgaria, Cambodia, China, Cuba, Czechoslovakia, Hungary, Laos, Mongolia, North Korea, Poland, Romania, the U.S.S.R. (including Estonia, Latvia, and Lithuania), and Vietnam.

² Less than 0.05 percent.

Note.—Because of rounding, figures may not add to the totals shown.

Source: Compiled from official statistics of the U.S. Department of Commerce.

Table A-6
U.S. Imports from the nonmarket economy countries, by HTS sections, April-June 1991
(in thousands of dollars)

<i>HTS section</i>	<i>Afghani- stan</i>	<i>Albania</i>	<i>Bulgaria</i>	<i>Cambodia</i>	<i>China</i>	<i>Cuba</i>	<i>Czecho- slovakia</i>	<i>Hungary</i>
1. Live animals; animal products	0	0	473	0	88,900	0	106	2,144
2. Vegetable products	0	379	43	0	29,105	0	2,456	837
3. Animal or vegetable fats, oils, and waxes	0	0	0	0	419	0	0	0
4. Prepared foodstuffs, beverages, and tobacco ...	0	0	5,470	0	33,462	0	2,581	15,884
5. Mineral products	0	0	0	0	228,906	0	291	320
6. Products of the chemical or allied industries	0	112	4,626	0	97,057	0	555	7,436
7. Plastics and rubber, and articles thereof	0	0	0	0	117,477	0	1,677	3,829
8. Hides and skins; leather and articles thereof; travel goods, handbags and similar containers	0	0	(¹)	0	265,678	0	51	287
9. Articles of wood, cork, or plaiting materials	0	0	0	0	33,359	0	33	32
10. Wood pulp; paper, paperboard, and articles thereof	0	0	6	0	16,826	0	245	673
11. Textiles and textile articles ...	684	0	2	0	850,340	0	3,807	11,360
12. Footwear, headgear, and artificial flowers	(¹)	0	17	0	617,556	0	4,111	3,300
13. Articles of stone or ceramics; glass and glassware	0	0	28	0	45,447	0	5,757	2,180
14. Pearls; precious stones and metals; jewelry; coin	0	0	0	0	22,153	0	412	192
15. Base metals and articles of base metal	0	0	0	0	143,457	0	2,247	2,434
16. Machinery and mechanical appliances; electrical equipment; parts and accessories thereof	42	0	934	0	669,437	0	3,227	9,189
17. Vehicles, aircraft, and other transport equipment	0	0	0	0	39,865	0	1,904	15,366
18. Optical, photographic, measuring, and medical apparatus; clocks and watches; musical instruments	0	0	5	0	84,749	0	814	285
19. Arms and ammunition; parts and accessories thereof	0	0	0	0	4,417	0	2	60
20. Miscellaneous manufactured articles	3	0	167	0	574,429	0	2,157	740
21. Works of art, collectors' pieces and antiques	15	0	0	0	4,393	0	231	289
22. Special classification provisions	2	0	208	0	31,445	0	701	923
Total	747	491	11,979	0	3,998,875	0	33,366	77,760

See notes at end of table.

Table A-6—Continued
U.S. imports from the nonmarket economy countries, by HTS sections, April-June 1991
(In thousands of dollars)

HTS section	North							Total
	Laos	Mongolia	Korea	Poland	Romania	U.S.S.R.	Vietnam	
1. Live animals; animal products	0	0	0	4,362	0	1,116	0	97,101
2. Vegetable products	0	0	0	493	24	406	0	33,743
3. Animal or vegetable fats, oils, and waxes	0	0	0	0	0	14	0	433
4. Prepared foodstuffs, beverages, and tobacco .	0	0	0	14,679	323	4,316	0	76,716
5. Mineral products	0	0	0	0	0	65,309	0	294,827
6. Products of the chemical or allied industries	0	0	0	4,949	8	20,206	0	134,950
7. Plastics and rubber, and articles thereof	0	0	0	929	71	417	0	124,399
8. Hides and skins; leather and articles thereof; travel goods, handbags and similar containers ...	94	1	0	434	1,056	914	0	268,515
9. Articles of wood, cork, or plaiting materials	11	0	0	563	54	1,201	0	35,255
10. Wood pulp; paper, paperboard, and articles thereof	0	0	0	17	2	286	0	18,055
11. Textiles and textile articles .	112	38	0	13,062	3,163	3,222	0	885,791
12. Footwear, headgear, and artificial flowers	0	0	0	540	1,180	12	0	626,715
13. Articles of stone or ceramics; glass and glassware	0	0	0	5,609	876	611	0	60,508
14. Pearls; precious stones and metals; jewelry; coin .	912	0	0	124	259	41,622	0	65,674
15. Base metals and articles of base metal	0	0	0	16,490	2,981	16,371	0	183,980
16. Machinery and mechanical appliances; electrical equipment; parts and accessories thereof	7	0	0	12,749	1,291	1,098	0	697,973
17. Vehicles, aircraft, and other transport equipment	0	0	0	8,559	1,561	4,476	0	71,731
18. Optical, photographic, measuring, and medical apparatus; clocks and watches; musical instruments	0	0	0	570	447	72	0	86,942
19. Arms and ammunition; parts and accessories thereof	0	0	0	34	0	12	0	4,526
20. Miscellaneous manufactured articles	0	0	0	3,515	727	469	0	582,206
21. Works of art, collectors' pieces and antiques	0	0	0	65	0	1,224	0	6,218
22. Special classification provisions	137	0	0	2,203	391	1,673	0	37,683
Total	1,274	39	0	89,947	14,413	165,049	0	4,393,940

¹ Less than \$500.

Note.—Because of rounding, figures may not add to the totals shown.

Source: Compiled from official statistics of the U.S. Department of Commerce.

Table A-7
Twenty U.S. Import Items from the nonmarket economy countries that changed substantially, by HTS subheadings, January-June 1990 and January-June 1991¹

HTS subheading	Description	Major NME supplier	Percentage change, Jan.-June 1991 from Jan.-June 1990		Value of imports from all NMEs, January-June 1991
			All NMEs	World	
					1,000 dollars
					— Percent —
Substantially increased:					
8523.20	Prepared unrecorded magnetic discs for sound recording or similar recording of other phenomena	China	1,424.4	8.0	10,695
8471.92	Automatic data processing machines with or without input or output units or containing storage units in the same housing	China	1,045.2	9.4	22,273
9706.00	Antiques of an age exceeding one hundred years	U.S.S.R	990.8	16.5	89,241
6108.31	Women's or girls' nightdresses and pajamas, knitted or crocheted, of cotton	China	804.6	18.8	4,856
7216.31	U sections of iron or nonalloy steel, not further worked than hot-rolled, hot-drawn or extruded, height of 80 mm or more	Poland	734.1	3.2	4,635
8305.10	Fittings for loose-leaf binders or files, of base metal	China	587.6	-15.5	7,102
7208.42	Flat-rolled iron or nonalloy steel products nesi, not in coils, 600 mm or more wide, hot-rolled, not clad, plated or coated, over 10 mm thick	Poland	573.7	-9.4	9,935
7208.43	Flat-rolled iron or nonalloy steel products nesi, not in coils, 600 mm or more wide, hot-rolled, not clad, plated or coated, 4.75 mm but n/o 10 mm thick	Romania	498.6	-7.0	5,768
9401.80	Seats, nesi	China	415.6	6.5	2,926
9506.70	Ice skates and roller skates, including skating boots with skates attached; parts and accessories thereof	China	411.3	56.3	4,245
Substantially decreased:					
7110.39	Rhodium in semimanufactured form	U.S.S.R	-87.8	4.8	7,458
9504.10	Video games of a kind used with a television receiver and parts and accessories thereof	China	-86.2	-66.4	1,787
8421.39	Filtering or purifying machinery and apparatus for gases, other than intake air filters for internal combustion engines	China	-86.1	5.3	582
2907.15	Naphthols and their salts	China	-85.4	-77.0	569
6304.93	Furnishing articles, other than bedspreads, not knitted or crocheted, of synthetic fibers, excluding those of heading 9404	China	-84.2	-55.0	707
1302.12	Saps and extracts of licorice	China	-80.0	-63.9	839
6109.90	T-shirts, singlets, tank-tops and similar garments, knitted or crocheted, of textile materials, nesi	China	-73.1	-27.7	2,229
6102.30	Women's or girls' overcoats, carcoats, capes, cloaks, anoraks, windbreakers and similar articles, knitted or crocheted, of man-made fibers	China	-73.0	-19.6	646
7112.90	Waste and scrap of precious metal or of metal clad with precious metals, nesi	China	-72.3	465.7	1,190
6108.22	Women's or girls' briefs and panties, knitted or crocheted, of man-made fibers	China	-72.1	.6	1,130

¹ Only items that accounted for at least 500,000 dollars' worth of imports in both January-June 1990 and January-June 1991 are included in this table.

Source: Compiled from official statistics of the U.S. Department of Commerce.

Table A-8

Twenty U.S. import items for which the nonmarket economy countries collectively accounted for the largest market share in 1991, by HTS subheadings, January-June 1990 and January-June 1991¹

HTS subheading	Description	Major NME supplier	Share of total imports accounted for by NMEs		Value of imports from all NMEs, January-June 1991
			Jan.-June 1990	Jan.-June 1991	
			—— Percent ——		1,000 dollars
2921.41	Aniline and its salts	U.S.S.R	42.0	99.6	1,222
6401.91	Waterproof footwear covering the knee, nesi, with outer soles and uppers of rubber or plastics ...	China	73.5	97.1	1,744
2917.13	Azelaic acid, sebacic acid, their salts and esters	China	100.0	97.0	3,689
7202.80	Ferrotungsten and ferrosilicon tungsten	China	83.1	96.3	1,940
0502.10	Pigs', hogs' or boars' bristles and hair and waste thereof	China	77.6	91.2	3,364
3301.25	Essential oils of mints, other t han peppermint	China	83.8	90.4	2,862
9502.91	Garments and accessories thereof and footwear and headgear for dolls representing only human beings	China	84.6	84.8	15,355
2617.10	Antimony ores and concentrates	China	44.0	82.7	2,524
2511.10	Natural barium sulfate (barytes)	China	71.7	82.2	12,926
2612.10	Uranium ores and concentrates	U.S.S.R	.0	81.8	22,929
8516.31	Electrothermic hair dryers	China	82.5	79.7	43,796
5002.00	Raw silk (not thrown)	China	92.4	79.0	2,652
7202.29	Ferrosilicon not containing by weight more than 55% of silicon	U.S.S.R	51.7	77.1	6,705
8110.00	Antimony and articles thereof, including waste and scrap	China	87.7	76.1	8,578
9404.30	Sleeping bags	China	83.5	75.7	1,770
8516.32	Electrothermic hairdressing apparatus other than hair dryers	China	72.9	75.4	27,352
2841.80	Tungstates (wolframates)	China	55.3	75.2	2,227
6601.91	Umbrellas, other than garden or similar umbrellas, having a telescopic shaft	China	47.3	75.0	17,644
3604.10	Fireworks	China	74.6	74.5	33,334
7202.70	Ferromolybdenum	China	34.6	73.2	2,779

¹ Only items that accounted for at least 1 million dollars' worth of imports in January-June 1991 are included in this table.

Source: Compiled from official statistics of the U.S. Department of Commerce.

APPENDIX B
U.S. TRADE WITH THE NONMARKET ECONOMY COUNTRIES,
BY SCHEDULE B AND HTS SECTIONS, 1990, JANUARY-JUNE 1990, AND
JANUARY-JUNE 1991

Table B-1

U.S. trade with all nonmarket economy countries,¹ by Schedule B and HTS sections, 1990, January-June 1990, and January-June 1991

(In thousands of dollars)

Section	1990	January-June 1990	January-June 1991
U.S. exports:			
1. Live animals; animal products	215,865	109,400	61,898
2. Vegetable products	2,481,261	2,084,136	1,081,434
3. Animal or vegetable fats, oils, and waxes	24,701	14,535	1,944
4. Prepared foodstuffs, beverages, and tobacco	444,165	278,039	255,392
5. Mineral products	200,099	115,986	118,466
6. Products of the chemical or allied industries	1,213,963	622,655	821,899
7. Plastics and rubber, and articles thereof	215,477	103,442	203,782
8. Hides and skins; leather and articles thereof; travel goods, handbags and similar containers	29,435	17,947	9,345
9. Articles of wood, cork, or plaiting materials	197,282	61,412	87,806
10. Wood pulp; paper, paperboard, and articles thereof	186,956	91,895	136,534
11. Textiles and textile articles	523,056	258,498	406,697
12. Footwear, headgear, and artificial flowers	5,435	3,048	8,510
13. Articles of stone or ceramics; glass and glassware	20,732	13,345	18,904
14. Pearls; precious stones and metals; jewelry; coin	12,286	8,623	5,341
15. Base metals and articles of base metal	146,935	79,920	97,433
16. Machinery and mechanical appliances; electrical equipment; parts and accessories thereof	1,554,638	763,188	868,853
17. Vehicles, aircraft, and other transport equipment	983,451	564,600	671,595
18. Optical, photographic, measuring, and medical ap- paratus; clocks and watches; musical instruments	329,312	145,637	188,964
19. Arms and ammunition; parts and accessories thereof	1,695	1,00	552
20. Miscellaneous manufactured articles	20,817	9,645	16,145
21. Works of art, collectors' pieces and antiques	8,82	1,176	4,772
22. Special classification provisions	139,640	71,039	102,487
Total	8,956,025	5,419,166	5,168,753
U.S. imports:			
1. Live animals; animal products	507,790	291,361	182,058
2. Vegetable products	142,239	76,612	70,853
3. Animal or vegetable fats, oils, and waxes	1,553	78	807
4. Prepared foodstuffs, beverages, and tobacco	291,244	141,214	152,169
5. Mineral products	1,252,958	491,168	519,482
6. Products of the chemical or allied industries	561,664	312,851	255,602
7. Plastics and rubber, and articles thereof	430,696	201,715	237,846
8. Hides and skins; leather and articles thereof; travel goods, handbags and similar containers	898,63	407,722	465,116
9. Articles of wood, cork, or plaiting materials	163,734	74,977	73,620
10. Wood pulp; paper, paperboard, and articles thereof	72,419	28,314	34,224
11. Textiles and textile articles	3,980,160	1,794,717	1,778,958
12. Footwear, headgear, and artificial flowers	1,896,887	821,690	1,246,401
13. Articles of stone or ceramics; glass and glassware	217,846	95,530	111,058
14. Pearls; precious stones and metals; jewelry; coin	460,030	182,291	138,743
15. Base metals and articles of base metal	675,207	305,792	355,665
16. Machinery and mechanical appliances; electrical equipment; parts and accessories thereof	2,455,746	1,044,452	1,284,850
17. Vehicles, aircraft, and other transport equipment	212,744	102,922	130,590
18. Optical, photographic, measuring, and medical ap- paratus; clocks and watches; musical instruments	310,079	94,520	161,137
19. Arms and ammunition; parts and accessories thereof	13,64	6,944	8,816
20. Miscellaneous manufactured articles	2,522,754	916,104	1,048,194
21. Works of art, collectors' pieces and antiques	33,694	17,266	101,037
22. Special classification provisions	150,342	66,380	74,059
Total	17,252,057	7,475,322	8,431,287

¹ Afghanistan, Albania, Bulgaria, Cambodia, China, Cuba, Czechoslovakia, Hungary, Laos, Mongolia, North Korea, Poland, Romania, the U.S.S.R. (including Estonia, Latvia, and Lithuania), and Vietnam.

Note.—Because of rounding, figures may not add to the totals shown.

Source: Compiled from official statistics of the U.S. Department of Commerce.

Table B-2
U.S. trade with China, by Schedule B and HTS sections, 1990, January-June 1990, and January-June 1991

(In thousands of dollars)

<i>Section</i>	<i>1990</i>	<i>January-June 1990</i>	<i>January-June 1991</i>
U.S. exports:			
1. Live animals; animal products	14,542	7,916	21,808
2. Vegetable products	514,159	268,261	123,590
3. Animal or vegetable fats, oils, and waxes	1,893	1,554	1,794
4. Prepared foodstuffs, beverages, and tobacco	11,413	8,151	10,442
5. Mineral products	58,456	24,489	31,495
6. Products of the chemical or allied industries	892,816	420,866	686,248
7. Plastics and rubber, and articles thereof	175,238	77,396	145,350
8. Hides and skins; leather and articles thereof; travel goods, handbags and similar containers	5,587	1,739	5,165
9. Articles of wood, cork, or plaiting materials	179,925	53,903	83,804
10. Wood pulp; paper, paperboard, and articles thereof	148,580	70,015	114,913
11. Textiles and textile articles	445,650	217,382	357,842
12. Footwear, headgear, and artificial flowers	863	545	268
13. Articles of stone or ceramics; glass and glassware	10,414	7,528	13,815
14. Pearls; precious stones and metals; jewelry; coin	8,694	6,214	1,102
15. Base metals and articles of base metal	111,122	52,932	86,760
16. Machinery and mechanical appliances; electrical equipment; parts and accessories thereof	1,107,504	583,715	571,503
17. Vehicles, aircraft, and other transport equipment	806,223	541,641	504,716
18. Optical, photographic, measuring, and medical ap- paratus; clocks and watches; musical instruments	222,504	98,437	128,875
19. Arms and ammunition; parts and accessories thereof	1,589	898	479
20. Miscellaneous manufactured articles	11,69	6,945	6,022
21. Works of art, collectors' pieces and antiques	108	27	266
22. Special classification provisions	46,762	21,290	23,724
Total	4,775,734	2,471,841	2,919,979
U.S. imports:			
1. Live animals; animal products	462,020	272,505	169,483
2. Vegetable products	110,255	58,269	59,233
3. Animal or vegetable fats, oils, and waxes	1,546	774	793
4. Prepared foodstuffs, beverages, and tobacco	75,674	37,126	57,117
5. Mineral products	768,582	309,846	405,762
6. Products of the chemical or allied industries	335,065	159,674	174,102
7. Plastics and rubber, and articles thereof	397,525	182,975	224,056
8. Hides and skins; leather and articles thereof; travel goods, handbags and similar containers	875,457	395,903	459,170
9. Articles of wood, cork, or plaiting materials	154,163	71,365	69,458
10. Wood pulp; paper, paperboard, and articles thereof	67,367	26,424	32,018
11. Textiles and textile articles	3,818,134	1,722,155	1,706,567
12. Footwear, headgear, and artificial flowers	1,836,729	797,609	1,226,388
13. Articles of stone or ceramics; glass and glassware	171,107	72,830	83,384
14. Pearls; precious stones and metals; jewelry; coin	111,158	47,359	41,775
15. Base metals and articles of base metal	544,127	249,898	273,810
16. Machinery and mechanical appliances; electrical equipment; parts and accessories thereof	2,361,931	1,000,613	1,229,551
17. Vehicles, aircraft, and other transport equipment	87,240	37,659	64,615
18. Optical, photographic, measuring, and medical ap- paratus; clocks and watches; musical instruments	301,431	91,573	157,218
19. Arms and ammunition; parts and accessories thereof	13,018	6,575	8,541
20. Miscellaneous manufactured articles	2,485,774	899,956	1,032,611
21. Works of art, collectors' pieces and antiques	19,099	9,027	8,478
22. Special classification provisions	122,448	52,962	62,223
Total	15,119,852	6,503,077	7,546,353

Note.—Because of rounding, figures may not add to the totals shown.

Source: Compiled from official statistics of the U.S. Department of Commerce.

Table B-3
U.S. trade with the U.S.S.R.,¹ by Schedule B and HTS sections, 1990, January-June 1990, and January-June 1991

(In thousands of dollars)

Section	1990	January-June 1990	January-June 1991
U.S. exports:			
1. Live animals; animal products	170,902	74,870	35,656
2. Vegetable products	1,700,067	1,640,813	889,128
3. Animal or vegetable fats, oils, and waxes	22,648	12,829	0
4. Prepared foodstuffs, beverages, and tobacco	395,490	259,091	231,832
5. Mineral products	29,707	20,572	18,315
6. Products of the chemical or allied industries	260,027	161,935	109,064
7. Plastics and rubber, and articles thereof	32,172	22,167	49,491
8. Hides and skins; leather and articles thereof; travel goods, handbags and similar containers	1,238	553	539
9. Articles of wood, cork, or plaiting materials	52	3	536
10. Wood pulp; paper, paperboard, and articles thereof	13,595	8,457	5,533
11. Textiles and textile articles	14,165	12,158	7,853
12. Footwear, headgear, and artificial flowers	1,870	905	5,985
13. Articles of stone or ceramics; glass and glassware	3,847	904	591
14. Pearls; precious stones and metals; jewelry; coin	818	722	2,411
15. Base metals and articles of base metal	27,176	23,944	3,079
16. Machinery and mechanical appliances; electrical equipment; parts and accessories thereof	303,717	125,546	178,419
17. Vehicles, aircraft, and other transport equipment	8,474	2,258	17,859
18. Optical, photographic, measuring, and medical ap- paratus; clocks and watches; musical instruments	63,927	32,301	32,114
19. Arms and ammunition; parts and accessories thereof	95	95	0
20. Miscellaneous manufactured articles	4,125	1,17	5,736
21. Works of art, collectors' pieces and antiques	1,322	373	998
22. Special classification provisions	16,196	4,114	22,016
Total	3,071,629	2,405,780	1,617,158
U.S. imports:			
1. Live animals; animal products	11,954	3,538	1,897
2. Vegetable products	2,038	703	511
3. Animal or vegetable fats, oils, and waxes	7	7	14
4. Prepared foodstuffs, beverages, and tobacco	22,963	9,470	7,956
5. Mineral products	355,347	106,152	112,453
6. Products of the chemical or allied industries	162,477	118,976	50,772
7. Plastics and rubber, and articles thereof	964	629	753
8. Hides and skins; leather and articles thereof; travel goods, handbags and similar containers	9,787	4,875	2,799
9. Articles of wood, cork, or plaiting materials	6,611	2,104	2,772
10. Wood pulp; paper, paperboard, and articles thereof	3,186	1,312	1,025
11. Textiles and textile articles	8,652	3,242	6,645
12. Footwear, headgear, and artificial flowers	107	1	33
13. Articles of stone or ceramics; glass and glassware	4,611	2,280	1,286
14. Pearls; precious stones and metals; jewelry; coin	344,990	132,313	94,354
15. Base metals and articles of base metal	35,303	20,098	24,255
16. Machinery and mechanical appliances; electrical equipment; parts and accessories thereof	5,716	2,256	2,533
17. Vehicles, aircraft, and other transport equipment	22,546	11,362	10,338
18. Optical, photographic, measuring, and medical ap- paratus; clocks and watches; musical instruments	2,771	160	431
19. Arms and ammunition; parts and accessories thereof	48	48	18
20. Miscellaneous manufactured articles	1,697	860	617
21. Works of art, collectors' pieces and antiques	12,569	7,336	85,277
22. Special classification provisions	17,573	7,886	5,252
Total	1,031,918	435,636	411,991

¹ Includes Estonia, Latvia, and Lithuania.

Note.—Because of rounding, figures may not add to the totals shown.

Source: Compiled from official statistics of the U.S. Department of Commerce.

Table B-4
U.S. trade with Eastern Europe,¹ by Schedule B and HTS sections, 1990, January-June 1990, and January-June 1991

(In thousands of dollars)

Section	1990	January-June 1990	January-June 1991
U.S. exports:			
1. Live animals; animal products	30,420	26,615	4,433
2. Vegetable products	265,821	175,062	64,406
3. Animal or vegetable fats, oils, and waxes	161	153	150
4. Prepared foodstuffs, beverages, and tobacco	35,967	9,812	12,770
5. Mineral products	102,840	67,457	63,456
6. Products of the chemical or allied industries	59,906	38,992	25,991
7. Plastics and rubber, and articles thereof	8,043	3,865	8,810
8. Hides and skins; leather and articles thereof; travel goods, handbags and similar containers	22,611	15,656	3,642
9. Articles of wood, cork, or plaiting materials	17,305	7,506	3,447
10. Wood pulp; paper, paperboard, and articles thereof	24,781	13,422	16,088
11. Textiles and textile articles	62,210	28,725	40,152
12. Footwear, headgear, and artificial flowers	2,702	1,598	2,257
13. Articles of stone or ceramics; glass and glassware	6,471	4,913	4,476
14. Pearls; precious stones and metals; jewelry; coin	2,774	1,687	1,828
15. Base metals and articles of base metal	8,62	3,035	7,583
16. Machinery and mechanical appliances; electrical equipment; parts and accessories thereof	142,026	53,367	117,676
17. Vehicles, aircraft, and other transport equipment	168,409	20,532	143,998
18. Optical, photographic, measuring, and medical ap- paratus; clocks and watches; musical instruments	42,727	14,878	25,012
19. Arms and ammunition; parts and accessories thereof ..	7	7	73
20. Miscellaneous manufactured articles	4,989	1,529	4,370
21. Works of art, collectors' pieces and antiques	7,39	776	3,508
22. Special classification provisions	68,150	39,985	53,532
Total	1,084,330	529,572	607,656
U.S. imports:			
1. Live animals; animal products	33,813	15,314	10,678
2. Vegetable products	27,264	15,910	10,090
3. Animal or vegetable fats, oils, and waxes	0	0	0
4. Prepared foodstuffs, beverages, and tobacco	192,525	94,538	87,086
5. Mineral products	128,531	75,169	1,267
6. Products of the chemical or allied industries	63,761	33,839	30,616
7. Plastics and rubber, and articles thereof	32,203	18,107	13,037
8. Hides and skins; leather and articles thereof; travel goods, handbags and similar containers	13,165	6,883	2,905
9. Articles of wood, cork, or plaiting materials	2,902	1,508	1,379
10. Wood pulp; paper, paperboard, and articles thereof	1,857	578	1,181
11. Textiles and textile articles	148,895	67,133	64,135
12. Footwear, headgear, and artificial flowers	59,966	24,080	19,978
13. Articles of stone or ceramics; glass and glassware	42,127	20,420	26,389
14. Pearls; precious stones and metals; jewelry; coin	3,76	2,518	1,673
15. Base metals and articles of base metal	95,089	35,107	57,601
16. Machinery and mechanical appliances; electrical equipment; parts and accessories thereof	87,986	41,579	52,712
17. Vehicles, aircraft, and other transport equipment	102,929	53,873	55,637
18. Optical, photographic, measuring, and medical ap- paratus; clocks and watches; musical instruments	5,856	2,787	3,478
19. Arms and ammunition; parts and accessories thereof ..	574	32	257
20. Miscellaneous manufactured articles	35,229	15,288	14,962
21. Works of art, collectors' pieces and antiques	1,935	83	7,250
22. Special classification provisions	10,089	5,34	6,440
Total	1,090,456	531,122	468,751

¹ Bulgaria, Czechoslovakia, Hungary, Poland, and Romania.

Note.—Because of rounding, figures may not add to the totals shown.

Source: Compiled from official statistics of the U.S. Department of Commerce.

Table B-5
U.S. trade with Afghanistan, by Schedule B and HTS sections, 1990, January-June 1990, and January-June 1991

(In thousands of dollars)

Section	1990	January-June 1990	January-June 1991
U.S. exports:			
1. Live animals; animal products	0	0	0
2. Vegetable products	0	0	18
3. Animal or vegetable fats, oils, and waxes	0	0	0
4. Prepared foodstuffs, beverages, and tobacco	1,265	956	348
5. Mineral products	23	23	0
6. Products of the chemical or allied industries	1,077	862	57
7. Plastics and rubber, and articles thereof	24	14	29
8. Hides and skins; leather and articles thereof; travel goods, handbags and similar containers	0	0	0
9. Articles of wood, cork, or plaiting materials	0	0	0
10. Wood pulp; paper, paperboard, and articles thereof	0	0	0
11. Textiles and textile articles	983	212	847
12. Footwear, headgear, and artificial flowers	0	0	0
13. Articles of stone or ceramics; glass and glassware	0	0	0
14. Pearls; precious stones and metals; jewelry; coin	0	0	0
15. Base metals and articles of base metal	0	0	12
16. Machinery and mechanical appliances; electrical equipment; parts and accessories thereof	36	184	251
17. Vehicles, aircraft, and other transport equipment	319	165	111
18. Optical, photographic, measuring, and medical ap- paratus; clocks and watches; musical instruments	8	4	16
19. Arms and ammunition; parts and accessories thereof	0	0	0
20. Miscellaneous manufactured articles	13	0	17
21. Works of art, collectors' pieces and antiques	0	0	0
22. Special classification provisions	176	44	46
Total	4,249	2,464	1,752
U.S. imports:			
1. Live animals; animal products	0	0	0
2. Vegetable products	1,197	681	151
3. Animal or vegetable fats, oils, and waxes	0	0	0
4. Prepared foodstuffs, beverages, and tobacco	29	29	0
5. Mineral products	0	0	0
6. Products of the chemical or allied industries	361	361	0
7. Plastics and rubber, and articles thereof	4	4	0
8. Hides and skins; leather and articles thereof; travel goods, handbags and similar containers	1	1	0
9. Articles of wood, cork, or plaiting materials	0	0	0
10. Wood pulp; paper, paperboard, and articles thereof	0	0	0
11. Textiles and textile articles	3,165	1,456	1,326
12. Footwear, headgear, and artificial flowers	84	(¹)	2
13. Articles of stone or ceramics; glass and glassware	0	0	0
14. Pearls; precious stones and metals; jewelry; coin	44	25	28
15. Base metals and articles of base metal	0	0	0
16. Machinery and mechanical appliances; electrical equipment; parts and accessories thereof	114	4	47
17. Vehicles, aircraft, and other transport equipment	0	0	0
18. Optical, photographic, measuring, and medical ap- paratus; clocks and watches; musical instruments	0	0	10
19. Arms and ammunition; parts and accessories thereof	0	0	0
20. Miscellaneous manufactured articles	0	0	3
21. Works of art, collectors' pieces and antiques	84	66	21
22. Special classification provisions	231	191	6
Total	5,314	2,818	1,595

¹ Less than \$500.

Note.—Because of rounding, figures may not add to the totals shown.

Source: Compiled from official statistics of the U.S. Department of Commerce.

Table B-6

U.S. trade with Albania, by Schedule B and HTS sections, 1990, January-June 1990, and January-June 1991

(In thousands of dollars)

Section	1990	January-June 1990	January-June 1991
U.S. exports:			
1. Live animals; animal products	0	0	0
2. Vegetable products	1,214	0	671
3. Animal or vegetable fats, oils, and waxes	0	0	0
4. Prepared foodstuffs, beverages, and tobacco	0	0	0
5. Mineral products	9,074	3,446	5,200
6. Products of the chemical or allied industries	0	0	193
7. Plastics and rubber, and articles thereof	0	0	0
8. Hides and skins; leather and articles thereof; travel goods, handbags and similar containers	0	0	0
9. Articles of wood, cork, or plaiting materials	0	0	0
10. Wood pulp; paper, paperboard, and articles thereof	0	0	0
11. Textiles and textile articles	4	0	0
12. Footwear, headgear, and artificial flowers	0	0	0
13. Articles of stone or ceramics; glass and glassware	0	0	0
14. Pearls; precious stones and metals; jewelry; coin	0	0	0
15. Base metals and articles of base metal	0	0	0
16. Machinery and mechanical appliances; electrical equipment; parts and accessories thereof	96	22	49
17. Vehicles, aircraft, and other transport equipment	0	0	0
18. Optical, photographic, measuring, and medical ap- paratus; clocks and watches; musical instruments	12	0	35
19. Arms and ammunition; parts and accessories thereof ...	4	0	0
20. Miscellaneous manufactured articles	0	0	0
21. Works of art, collectors' pieces and antiques	0	0	0
22. Special classification provisions	5	0	8
Total	10,409	3,468	6,155
U.S. imports:			
1. Live animals; animal products	0	0	0
2. Vegetable products	1,468	1,021	869
3. Animal or vegetable fats, oils, and waxes	0	0	0
4. Prepared foodstuffs, beverages, and tobacco	0	0	10
5. Mineral products	0	0	0
6. Products of the chemical or allied industries	0	0	112
7. Plastics and rubber, and articles thereof	0	0	0
8. Hides and skins; leather and articles thereof; travel goods, handbags and similar containers	0	0	0
9. Articles of wood, cork, or plaiting materials	0	0	0
10. Wood pulp; paper, paperboard, and articles thereof	9	0	0
11. Textiles and textile articles	0	0	0
12. Footwear, headgear, and artificial flowers	0	0	0
13. Articles of stone or ceramics; glass and glassware	0	0	0
14. Pearls; precious stones and metals; jewelry; coin	0	0	0
15. Base metals and articles of base metal	689	689	0
16. Machinery and mechanical appliances; electrical equipment; parts and accessories thereof	0	0	0
17. Vehicles, aircraft, and other transport equipment	29	29	0
18. Optical, photographic, measuring, and medical ap- paratus; clocks and watches; musical instruments	0	0	0
19. Arms and ammunition; parts and accessories thereof ...	0	0	0
20. Miscellaneous manufactured articles	0	0	0
21. Works of art, collectors' pieces and antiques	3	3	0
22. Special classification provisions	0	0	0
Total	2,197	1,742	990

Note.—Because of rounding, figures may not add to the totals shown.

Source: Compiled from official statistics of the U.S. Department of Commerce.

Table B-7

U.S. trade with Bulgaria, by Schedule B and HTS sections, 1990, January-June 1990, and January-June 1991

(In thousands of dollars)

Section	1990	January-June 1990	January-June 1991
U.S. exports:			
1. Live animals; animal products	282	29	0
2. Vegetable products	7,710	7,677	12,195
3. Animal or vegetable fats, oils, and waxes	0	0	0
4. Prepared foodstuffs, beverages, and tobacco	1,446	67	576
5. Mineral products	4,358	4,348	22,299
6. Products of the chemical or allied industries	2,348	225	432
7. Plastics and rubber, and articles thereof	409	211	109
8. Hides and skins; leather and articles thereof; travel goods, handbags and similar containers	0	0	15
9. Articles of wood, cork, or plaiting materials	52	26	118
10. Wood pulp; paper, paperboard, and articles thereof	75	57	6
11. Textiles and textile articles	211	124	691
12. Footwear, headgear, and artificial flowers	22	0	119
13. Articles of stone or ceramics; glass and glassware	194	136	32
14. Pearls; precious stones and metals; jewelry; coin	287	152	100
15. Base metals and articles of base metal	760	550	4,305
16. Machinery and mechanical appliances; electrical equipment; parts and accessories thereof	9,320	4,479	4,037
17. Vehicles, aircraft, and other transport equipment	54,398	45	1,668
18. Optical, photographic, measuring, and medical ap- paratus; clocks and watches; musical instruments	1,450	844	333
19. Arms and ammunition; parts and accessories thereof ...	0	0	0
20. Miscellaneous manufactured articles	87	75	32
21. Works of art, collectors' pieces and antiques	0	0	0
22. Special classification provisions	283	130	300
Total	83,691	19,177	47,367
U.S. imports:			
1. Live animals; animal products	2,792	1,710	1,052
2. Vegetable products	247	120	153
3. Animal or vegetable fats, oils, and waxes	0	0	0
4. Prepared foodstuffs, beverages, and tobacco	19,232	9,992	10,677
5. Mineral products	3,783	0	2
6. Products of the chemical or allied industries	12,184	8,767	7,515
7. Plastics and rubber, and articles thereof	4	4	25
8. Hides and skins; leather and articles thereof; travel goods, handbags and similar containers	6	3	(¹)
9. Articles of wood, cork, or plaiting materials	0	0	0
10. Wood pulp; paper, paperboard, and articles thereof	33	33	66
11. Textiles and textile articles	547	103	10
12. Footwear, headgear, and artificial flowers	12	6	17
13. Articles of stone or ceramics; glass and glassware	264	195	47
14. Pearls; precious stones and metals; jewelry; coin	4	0	0
15. Base metals and articles of base metal	66	7	19
16. Machinery and mechanical appliances; electrical equipment; parts and accessories thereof	2,200	1,866	1,197
17. Vehicles, aircraft, and other transport equipment	22	0	0
18. Optical, photographic, measuring, and medical ap- paratus; clocks and watches; musical instruments	11	10	9
19. Arms and ammunition; parts and accessories thereof ...	0	0	3
20. Miscellaneous manufactured articles	645	208	370
21. Works of art, collectors' pieces and antiques	12	1	9
22. Special classification provisions	831	253	466
Total	42,897	23,277	21,638

¹ Less than \$500.

Note.—Because of rounding, figures may not add to the totals shown.

Source: Compiled from official statistics of the U.S. Department of Commerce.

Table B-8
U.S. trade with Cambodia, by Schedule B and HTS sections, 1990, January-June 1990, and January-June 1991

(In thousands of dollars)

<i>Section</i>	<i>1990</i>	<i>January-June 1990</i>	<i>January-June 1991</i>
U.S. exports:			
1. Live animals; animal products	0	0	0
2. Vegetable products	0	0	0
3. Animal or vegetable fats, oils, and waxes	0	0	0
4. Prepared foodstuffs, beverages, and tobacco	0	0	0
5. Mineral products	0	0	0
6. Products of the chemical or allied industries	0	0	0
7. Plastics and rubber, and articles thereof	0	0	0
8. Hides and skins; leather and articles thereof; travel goods, handbags and similar containers	0	0	0
9. Articles of wood, cork, or plaiting materials	0	0	0
10. Wood pulp; paper, paperboard, and articles thereof	0	0	0
11. Textiles and textile articles	0	0	0
12. Footwear, headgear, and artificial flowers	0	0	0
13. Articles of stone or ceramics; glass and glassware	0	0	0
14. Pearls; precious stones and metals; jewelry; coin	0	0	0
15. Base metals and articles of base metal	0	0	0
16. Machinery and mechanical appliances; electrical equipment; parts and accessories thereof	0	0	0
17. Vehicles, aircraft, and other transport equipment	0	0	0
18. Optical, photographic, measuring, and medical ap- paratus; clocks and watches; musical instruments	0	0	0
19. Arms and ammunition; parts and accessories thereof ...	0	0	0
20. Miscellaneous manufactured articles	0	0	0
21. Works of art, collectors' pieces and antiques	0	0	0
22. Special classification provisions	34	34	0
Total	34	34	0
U.S. imports:			
1. Live animals; animal products	0	0	0
2. Vegetable products	0	0	0
3. Animal or vegetable fats, oils, and waxes	0	0	0
4. Prepared foodstuffs, beverages, and tobacco	0	0	0
5. Mineral products	0	0	0
6. Products of the chemical or allied industries	0	0	0
7. Plastics and rubber, and articles thereof	0	0	0
8. Hides and skins; leather and articles thereof; travel goods, handbags and similar containers	0	0	0
9. Articles of wood, cork, or plaiting materials	0	0	0
10. Wood pulp; paper, paperboard, and articles thereof	0	0	0
11. Textiles and textile articles	112	112	0
12. Footwear, headgear, and artificial flowers	0	0	0
13. Articles of stone or ceramics; glass and glassware	0	0	0
14. Pearls; precious stones and metals; jewelry; coin	0	0	0
15. Base metals and articles of base metal	0	0	0
16. Machinery and mechanical appliances; electrical equipment; parts and accessories thereof	0	0	0
17. Vehicles, aircraft, and other transport equipment	0	0	0
18. Optical, photographic, measuring, and medical ap- paratus; clocks and watches; musical instruments	0	0	0
19. Arms and ammunition; parts and accessories thereof ...	0	0	0
20. Miscellaneous manufactured articles	0	0	0
21. Works of art, collectors' pieces and antiques	0	0	0
22. Special classification provisions	0	0	0
Total	112	112	0

Note.—Because of rounding, figures may not add to the totals shown.

Source: Compiled from official statistics of the U.S. Department of Commerce.

Table B-9
U.S. trade with Cuba, by Schedule B and HTS sections, 1990, January-June 1990, and January-June 1991

(In thousands of dollars)

Section	1990	January-June 1990	January-June 1991
U.S. exports:			
1. Live animals; animal products	0	0	0
2. Vegetable products	0	0	0
3. Animal or vegetable fats, oils, and waxes	0	0	0
4. Prepared foodstuffs, beverages, and tobacco	0	0	0
5. Mineral products	0	0	0
6. Products of the chemical or allied industries	0	0	0
7. Plastics and rubber, and articles thereof	0	0	0
8. Hides and skins; leather and articles thereof; travel goods, handbags and similar containers	0	0	0
9. Articles of wood, cork, or plaiting materials	0	0	0
10. Wood pulp; paper, paperboard, and articles thereof	0	0	0
11. Textiles and textile articles	44	22	0
12. Footwear, headgear, and artificial flowers	0	0	0
13. Articles of stone or ceramics; glass and glassware	0	0	0
14. Pearls; precious stones and metals; jewelry; coin	0	0	0
15. Base metals and articles of base metal	4	0	0
16. Machinery and mechanical appliances; electrical equipment; parts and accessories thereof	98	0	8
17. Vehicles, aircraft, and other transport equipment	26	4	0
18. Optical, photographic, measuring, and medical ap- paratus; clocks and watches; musical instruments	0	0	0
19. Arms and ammunition; parts and accessories thereof ...	0	0	0
20. Miscellaneous manufactured articles	0	0	0
21. Works of art, collectors' pieces and antiques	0	0	0
22. Special classification provisions	1,126	693	655
Total	1,298	718	663
U.S. imports:			
1. Live animals; animal products	0	0	0
2. Vegetable products	0	0	0
3. Animal or vegetable fats, oils, and waxes	0	0	0
4. Prepared foodstuffs, beverages, and tobacco	0	0	0
5. Mineral products	0	0	0
6. Products of the chemical or allied industries	0	0	0
7. Plastics and rubber, and articles thereof	0	0	0
8. Hides and skins; leather and articles thereof; travel goods, handbags and similar containers	0	0	0
9. Articles of wood, cork, or plaiting materials	0	0	0
10. Wood pulp; paper, paperboard, and articles thereof	0	0	0
11. Textiles and textile articles	0	0	0
12. Footwear, headgear, and artificial flowers	0	0	0
13. Articles of stone or ceramics; glass and glassware	0	0	0
14. Pearls; precious stones and metals; jewelry; coin	77	77	0
15. Base metals and articles of base metal	0	0	0
16. Machinery and mechanical appliances; electrical equipment; parts and accessories thereof	0	0	0
17. Vehicles, aircraft, and other transport equipment	0	0	0
18. Optical, photographic, measuring, and medical ap- paratus; clocks and watches; musical instruments	0	0	0
19. Arms and ammunition; parts and accessories thereof ...	0	0	0
20. Miscellaneous manufactured articles	0	0	0
21. Works of art, collectors' pieces and antiques	0	0	0
22. Special classification provisions	0	0	0
Total	-77	77	0

Note.—Because of rounding, figures may not add to the totals shown.

Source: Compiled from official statistics of the U.S. Department of Commerce.

Table B-10
U.S. trade with Czechoslovakia, by Schedule B and HTS sections, 1990, January-June 1990, and
January-June 1991

(In thousands of dollars)

Section	1990	January-June 1990	January-June 1991
U.S. exports:			
1. Live animals; animal products	135	59	84
2. Vegetable products	1,356	124	709
3. Animal or vegetable fats, oils, and waxes	0	0	31
4. Prepared foodstuffs, beverages, and tobacco	4,491	62	783
5. Mineral products	0	0	69
6. Products of the chemical or allied industries	7,987	4,841	5,172
7. Plastics and rubber, and articles thereof	702	256	481
8. Hides and skins; leather and articles thereof; travel goods, handbags and similar containers	8,137	5,911	1,830
9. Articles of wood, cork, or plaiting materials	912	485	478
10. Wood pulp; paper, paperboard, and articles thereof	7,767	2,286	3,725
11. Textiles and textile articles	14,781	5,433	15,258
12. Footwear, headgear, and artificial flowers	37	37	17
13. Articles of stone or ceramics; glass and glassware	756	448	593
14. Pearls; precious stones and metals; jewelry; coin	281	128	162
15. Base metals and articles of base metal	1,995	54	436
16. Machinery and mechanical appliances; electrical equipment; parts and accessories thereof	20,692	4,877	17,015
17. Vehicles, aircraft, and other transport equipment	730	302	5,327
18. Optical, photographic, measuring, and medical ap- paratus; clocks and watches; musical instruments	9,890	2,492	3,506
19. Arms and ammunition; parts and accessories thereof ...	7	7	73
20. Miscellaneous manufactured articles	295	108	506
21. Works of art, collectors' pieces and antiques	1,786	330	375
22. Special classification provisions	2,562	1,097	1,980
Total	85,300	29,338	58,611
U.S. imports:			
1. Live animals; animal products	318	125	151
2. Vegetable products	5,796	5,74	5,252
3. Animal or vegetable fats, oils, and waxes	0	0	0
4. Prepared foodstuffs, beverages, and tobacco	6,310	2,190	4,209
5. Mineral products	374	18	291
6. Products of the chemical or allied industries	892	454	970
7. Plastics and rubber, and articles thereof	6,620	3,435	3,367
8. Hides and skins; leather and articles thereof; travel goods, handbags and similar containers	380	62	94
9. Articles of wood, cork, or plaiting materials	112	46	82
10. Wood pulp; paper, paperboard, and articles thereof	1,205	262	328
11. Textiles and textile articles	7,355	2,496	6,666
12. Footwear, headgear, and artificial flowers	10,940	4,378	7,357
13. Articles of stone or ceramics; glass and glassware	8,217	3,918	9,287
14. Pearls; precious stones and metals; jewelry; coin	287	196	702
15. Base metals and articles of base metal	2,871	671	4,749
16. Machinery and mechanical appliances; electrical equipment; parts and accessories thereof	8,208	3,390	5,875
17. Vehicles, aircraft, and other transport equipment	9,989	5,930	3,304
18. Optical, photographic, measuring, and medical ap- paratus; clocks and watches; musical instruments	1,328	413	1,292
19. Arms and ammunition; parts and accessories thereof ...	72	14	144
20. Miscellaneous manufactured articles	4,605	1,792	3,542
21. Works of art, collectors' pieces and antiques	1,034	403	907
22. Special classification provisions	2,099	976	1,327
Total	79,014	36,908	59,894

Note.—Because of rounding, figures may not add to the totals shown.

Source: Compiled from official statistics of the U.S. Department of Commerce.

Table B-11

U.S. trade with Hungary, by Schedule B and HTS sections, 1990, January-June 1990, and January-June 1991

(In thousands of dollars)

Section	1990	January-June 1990	January-June 1991
U.S. exports:			
1. Live animals; animal products	3,449	1,234	1,545
2. Vegetable products	29,938	3,432	8,203
3. Animal or vegetable fats, oils, and waxes	111	103	71
4. Prepared foodstuffs, beverages, and tobacco	4,518	2,645	999
5. Mineral products	202	4	85
6. Products of the chemical or allied industries	17,713	11,864	9,073
7. Plastics and rubber, and articles thereof	2,593	1,168	2,656
8. Hides and skins; leather and articles thereof; travel goods, handbags and similar containers	1,190	851	644
9. Articles of wood, cork, or plaiting materials	255	3	55
10. Wood pulp; paper, paperboard, and articles thereof	2,359	334	1,845
11. Textiles and textile articles	3,348	1,308	2,658
12. Footwear, headgear, and artificial flowers	314	265	36
13. Articles of stone or ceramics; glass and glassware	4,558	3,767	2,645
14. Pearls; precious stones and metals; jewelry; coin	712	353	64
15. Base metals and articles of base metal	2,161	1,393	1,133
16. Machinery and mechanical appliances; electrical equipment; parts and accessories thereof	41,587	20,760	28,116
17. Vehicles, aircraft, and other transport equipment	16,012	9,681	98,805
18. Optical, photographic, measuring, and medical ap- paratus; clocks and watches; musical instruments	12,232	4,826	6,023
19. Arms and ammunition; parts and accessories thereof ...	0	0	0
20. Miscellaneous manufactured articles	1,344	378	899
21. Works of art, collectors' pieces and antiques	953	403	186
22. Special classification provisions	6,095	2,017	2,814
Total	151,643	66,789	168,555
U.S. imports:			
1. Live animals; animal products	9,222	4,051	3,793
2. Vegetable products	5,721	4,179	2,905
3. Animal or vegetable fats, oils, and waxes	0	0	0
4. Prepared foodstuffs, beverages, and tobacco	69,746	34,715	38,862
5. Mineral products	963	466	450
6. Products of the chemical or allied industries	28,907	15,124	13,171
7. Plastics and rubber, and articles thereof	21,926	12,819	7,315
8. Hides and skins; leather and articles thereof; travel goods, handbags and similar containers	5,241	2,442	522
9. Articles of wood, cork, or plaiting materials	165	33	81
10. Wood pulp; paper, paperboard, and articles thereof	350	170	750
11. Textiles and textile articles	52,522	25,965	20,201
12. Footwear, headgear, and artificial flowers	20,985	9,771	8,941
13. Articles of stone or ceramics; glass and glassware	7,941	3,894	4,717
14. Pearls; precious stones and metals; jewelry; coin	2,117	1,578	302
15. Base metals and articles of base metal	26,204	10,266	11,247
16. Machinery and mechanical appliances; electrical equipment; parts and accessories thereof	25,694	11,226	18,378
17. Vehicles, aircraft, and other transport equipment	57,315	26,941	35,718
18. Optical, photographic, measuring, and medical ap- paratus; clocks and watches; musical instruments	1,172	615	543
19. Arms and ammunition; parts and accessories thereof ...	490	307	60
20. Miscellaneous manufactured articles	6,378	3,072	2,526
21. Works of art, collectors' pieces and antiques	436	287	6,215
22. Special classification provisions	1,777	800	1,260
Total	345,273	168,722	177,958

Note.—Because of rounding, figures may not add to the totals shown.

Source: Compiled from official statistics of the U.S. Department of Commerce.

Table B-12

U.S. trade with Laos, by Schedule B and HTS sections, 1990, January-June 1990, and January-June 1991

(In thousands of dollars)

Section	1990	January-June 1990	January-June 1991
U.S. exports:			
1. Live animals; animal products	0	0	0
2. Vegetable products	0	0	0
3. Animal or vegetable fats, oils, and waxes	0	0	0
4. Prepared foodstuffs, beverages, and tobacco	0	0	0
5. Mineral products	0	0	0
6. Products of the chemical or allied industries	58	0	327
7. Plastics and rubber, and articles thereof	0	0	63
8. Hides and skins; leather and articles thereof; travel goods, handbags and similar containers	0	0	0
9. Articles of wood, cork, or plaiting materials	0	0	0
10. Wood pulp; paper, paperboard, and articles thereof	0	0	0
11. Textiles and textile articles	0	0	3
12. Footwear, headgear, and artificial flowers	0	0	0
13. Articles of stone or ceramics; glass and glassware	0	0	0
14. Pearls; precious stones and metals; jewelry; coin	0	0	0
15. Base metals and articles of base metal	4	0	0
16. Machinery and mechanical appliances; electrical equipment; parts and accessories thereof	417	8	57
17. Vehicles, aircraft, and other transport equipment	0	0	0
18. Optical, photographic, measuring, and medical ap- paratus; clocks and watches; musical instruments	26	0	31
19. Arms and ammunition; parts and accessories thereof ...	0	0	0
20. Miscellaneous manufactured articles	0	0	0
21. Works of art, collectors' pieces and antiques	0	0	0
22. Special classification provisions	266	0	304
Total	771	8	785
U.S. imports:			
1. Live animals; animal products	3	3	0
2. Vegetable products	16	0	0
3. Animal or vegetable fats, oils, and waxes	0	0	0
4. Prepared foodstuffs, beverages, and tobacco	0	0	0
5. Mineral products	0	0	0
6. Products of the chemical or allied industries	0	0	0
7. Plastics and rubber, and articles thereof	0	0	0
8. Hides and skins; leather and articles thereof; travel goods, handbags and similar containers	219	58	241
9. Articles of wood, cork, or plaiting materials	58	0	11
10. Wood pulp; paper, paperboard, and articles thereof	0	0	0
11. Textiles and textile articles	11	0	112
12. Footwear, headgear, and artificial flowers	0	0	0
13. Articles of stone or ceramics; glass and glassware	0	0	0
14. Pearls; precious stones and metals; jewelry; coin	0	0	912
15. Base metals and articles of base metal	0	0	0
16. Machinery and mechanical appliances; electrical equipment; parts and accessories thereof	0	0	7
17. Vehicles, aircraft, and other transport equipment	0	0	0
18. Optical, photographic, measuring, and medical ap- paratus; clocks and watches; musical instruments	0	0	0
19. Arms and ammunition; parts and accessories thereof ...	0	0	0
20. Miscellaneous manufactured articles	54	0	0
21. Works of art, collectors' pieces and antiques	3	3	0
22. Special classification provisions	1	0	138
Total	365	64	1,421

Note.—Because of rounding, figures may not add to the totals shown.

Source: Compiled from official statistics of the U.S. Department of Commerce.

Table B-13
U.S. trade with Mongolia, by Schedule B and HTS sections, 1990, January-June 1990, and January-June 1991

(In thousands of dollars)

Section	1990	January-June 1990	January-June 1991
U.S. exports:			
1. Live animals; animal products	0	0	0
2. Vegetable products	0	0	3,621
3. Animal or vegetable fats, oils, and waxes	0	0	0
4. Prepared foodstuffs, beverages, and tobacco	0	0	0
5. Mineral products	0	0	0
6. Products of the chemical or allied industries	0	0	9
7. Plastics and rubber, and articles thereof	0	0	0
8. Hides and skins; leather and articles thereof; travel goods, handbags and similar containers	0	0	0
9. Articles of wood, cork, or plaiting materials	0	0	0
10. Wood pulp; paper, paperboard, and articles thereof	0	0	0
11. Textiles and textile articles	0	0	0
12. Footwear, headgear, and artificial flowers	0	0	0
13. Articles of stone or ceramics; glass and glassware	0	0	0
14. Pearls; precious stones and metals; jewelry; coin	0	0	0
15. Base metals and articles of base metal	0	0	0
16. Machinery and mechanical appliances; electrical equipment; parts and accessories thereof	49	6	829
17. Vehicles, aircraft, and other transport equipment	0	0	4,912
18. Optical, photographic, measuring, and medical ap- paratus; clocks and watches; musical instruments	46	8	2,840
19. Arms and ammunition; parts and accessories thereof ...	0	0	0
20. Miscellaneous manufactured articles	0	0	0
21. Works of art, collectors' pieces and antiques	0	0	0
22. Special classification provisions	0	0	5
Total	94	14	12,215
U.S. imports:			
1. Live animals; animal products	0	0	0
2. Vegetable products	0	0	0
3. Animal or vegetable fats, oils, and waxes	0	0	0
4. Prepared foodstuffs, beverages, and tobacco	53	50	0
5. Mineral products	499	0	0
6. Products of the chemical or allied industries	0	0	0
7. Plastics and rubber, and articles thereof	0	0	0
8. Hides and skins; leather and articles thereof; travel goods, handbags and similar containers	3	3	1
9. Articles of wood, cork, or plaiting materials	0	0	0
10. Wood pulp; paper, paperboard, and articles thereof	0	0	0
11. Textiles and textile articles	1,192	620	173
12. Footwear, headgear, and artificial flowers	0	0	0
13. Articles of stone or ceramics; glass and glassware	0	0	0
14. Pearls; precious stones and metals; jewelry; coin	0	0	0
15. Base metals and articles of base metal	0	0	0
16. Machinery and mechanical appliances; electrical equipment; parts and accessories thereof	0	0	0
17. Vehicles, aircraft, and other transport equipment	0	0	0
18. Optical, photographic, measuring, and medical ap- paratus; clocks and watches; musical instruments	20	0	0
19. Arms and ammunition; parts and accessories thereof ...	0	0	0
20. Miscellaneous manufactured articles	0	0	0
21. Works of art, collectors' pieces and antiques	0	0	11
22. Special classification provisions	0	0	0
Total	1,766	673	185

Note.—Because of rounding, figures may not add to the totals shown.

Source: Compiled from official statistics of the U.S. Department of Commerce.

Table B-14
U.S. trade with North Korea, by Schedule B and HTS sections, 1990, January-June 1990, and January-June 1991

(In thousands of dollars)

Section	1990	January-June 1990	January-June 1991
U.S. exports:			
1. Live animals; animal products	0	0	0
2. Vegetable products	0	0	0
3. Animal or vegetable fats, oils, and waxes	0	0	0
4. Prepared foodstuffs, beverages, and tobacco	30	30	0
5. Mineral products	0	0	0
6. Products of the chemical or allied industries	0	0	0
7. Plastics and rubber, and articles thereof	0	0	36
8. Hides and skins; leather and articles thereof; travel goods, handbags and similar containers	0	0	0
9. Articles of wood, cork, or plaiting materials	0	0	18
10. Wood pulp; paper, paperboard, and articles thereof	0	0	0
11. Textiles and textile articles	0	0	0
12. Footwear, headgear, and artificial flowers	0	0	0
13. Articles of stone or ceramics; glass and glassware	0	0	22
14. Pearls; precious stones and metals; jewelry; coin	0	0	0
15. Base metals and articles of base metal	0	0	0
16. Machinery and mechanical appliances; electrical equipment; parts and accessories thereof	0	0	24
17. Vehicles, aircraft, and other transport equipment	0	0	0
18. Optical, photographic, measuring, and medical ap- paratus; clocks and watches; musical instruments	0	0	0
19. Arms and ammunition; parts and accessories thereof	0	0	0
20. Miscellaneous manufactured articles	0	0	0
21. Works of art, collectors' pieces and antiques	0	0	0
22. Special classification provisions	3	0	0
Total	32	30	100
U.S. imports:			
1. Live animals; animal products	0	0	0
2. Vegetable products	0	0	0
3. Animal or vegetable fats, oils, and waxes	0	0	0
4. Prepared foodstuffs, beverages, and tobacco	0	0	0
5. Mineral products	0	0	0
6. Products of the chemical or allied industries	0	0	0
7. Plastics and rubber, and articles thereof	0	0	0
8. Hides and skins; leather and articles thereof; travel goods, handbags and similar containers	0	0	0
9. Articles of wood, cork, or plaiting materials	0	0	0
10. Wood pulp; paper, paperboard, and articles thereof	0	0	0
11. Textiles and textile articles	0	0	0
12. Footwear, headgear, and artificial flowers	0	0	0
13. Articles of stone or ceramics; glass and glassware	0	0	0
14. Pearls; precious stones and metals; jewelry; coin	0	0	0
15. Base metals and articles of base metal	0	0	0
16. Machinery and mechanical appliances; electrical equipment; parts and accessories thereof	0	0	0
17. Vehicles, aircraft, and other transport equipment	0	0	0
18. Optical, photographic, measuring, and medical ap- paratus; clocks and watches; musical instruments	0	0	0
19. Arms and ammunition; parts and accessories thereof	0	0	0
20. Miscellaneous manufactured articles	0	0	0
21. Works of art, collectors' pieces and antiques	0	0	0
22. Special classification provisions	0	0	0
Total	0	0	0

Note.—Because of rounding, figures may not add to the totals shown.

Source: Compiled from official statistics of the U.S. Department of Commerce.

Table B-15
U.S. trade with Poland, by Schedule B and HTS sections, 1990, January-June 1990, and January-June 1991
(In thousands of dollars)

<i>Section</i>	<i>1990</i>	<i>January-June 1990</i>	<i>January-June 1991</i>
U.S. exports:			
1. Live animals; animal products	7,134	6,034	2,756
2. Vegetable products	55,937	37,757	5,713
3. Animal or vegetable fats, oils, and waxes	50	50	49
4. Prepared foodstuffs, beverages, and tobacco	25,091	6,687	10,100
5. Mineral products	15,725	3,206	987
6. Products of the chemical or allied industries	7,526	1,876	6,731
7. Plastics and rubber, and articles thereof	4,015	2,109	5,167
8. Hides and skins; leather and articles thereof; travel goods, handbags and similar containers	2,556	456	967
9. Articles of wood, cork, or plaiting materials	962	819	640
10. Wood pulp; paper, paperboard, and articles thereof	11,800	8,019	4,946
11. Textiles and textile articles	27,006	11,946	20,247
12. Footwear, headgear, and artificial flowers	1,350	474	2,063
13. Articles of stone or ceramics; glass and glassware	899	562	1,165
14. Pearls; precious stones and metals; jewelry; coin	1,453	1,055	1,462
15. Base metals and articles of base metal	1,453	404	1,379
16. Machinery and mechanical appliances; electrical equipment; parts and accessories thereof	61,650	20,429	54,555
17. Vehicles, aircraft, and other transport equipment	96,052	10,041	37,905
18. Optical, photographic, measuring, and medical ap- paratus; clocks and watches; musical instruments	16,753	6,173	14,580
19. Arms and ammunition; parts and accessories thereof ..	0	0	0
20. Miscellaneous manufactured articles	2,863	758	2,735
21. Works of art, collectors' pieces and antiques	4,652	43	2,947
22. Special classification provisions	50,977	29,708	45,763
Total	395,905	148,607	222,857
U.S. imports:			
1. Live animals; animal products	21,412	9,358	5,682
2. Vegetable products	15,335	5,706	1,591
3. Animal or vegetable fats, oils, and waxes	0	0	0
4. Prepared foodstuffs, beverages, and tobacco	95,060	46,093	32,799
5. Mineral products	298	298	0
6. Products of the chemical or allied industries	19,617	9,317	8,950
7. Plastics and rubber, and articles thereof	1,922	655	2,054
8. Hides and skins; leather and articles thereof; travel goods, handbags and similar containers	1,852	922	599
9. Articles of wood, cork, or plaiting materials	2,240	1,223	1,048
10. Wood pulp; paper, paperboard, and articles thereof	220	86	35
11. Textiles and textile articles	65,030	28,935	28,467
12. Footwear, headgear, and artificial flowers	7,339	3,673	776
13. Articles of stone or ceramics; glass and glassware	20,140	9,709	10,592
14. Pearls; precious stones and metals; jewelry; coin	452	197	261
15. Base metals and articles of base metal	49,512	19,388	28,572
16. Machinery and mechanical appliances; electrical equipment; parts and accessories thereof	47,095	22,521	25,123
17. Vehicles, aircraft, and other transport equipment	31,013	18,123	13,901
18. Optical, photographic, measuring, and medical ap- paratus; clocks and watches; musical instruments	2,210	1,124	986
19. Arms and ammunition; parts and accessories thereof ..	12	0	50
20. Miscellaneous manufactured articles	15,805	6,651	6,789
21. Works of art, collectors' pieces and antiques	324	55	112
22. Special classification provisions	4,434	2,669	2,892
Total	401,323	186,704	171,279

Note.—Because of rounding, figures may not add to the totals shown.

Source: Compiled from official statistics of the U.S. Department of Commerce.

Table B-16

U.S. trade with Romania, by Schedule B and HTS sections, 1990, January-June 1990, and January-June 1991

(In thousands of dollars)

Section	1990	January-June 1990	January-June 1991
U.S. exports:			
1. Live animals; animal products	19,421	19,259	48
2. Vegetable products	170,880	126,072	37,586
3. Animal or vegetable fats, oils, and waxes	0	0	0
4. Prepared foodstuffs, beverages, and tobacco	421	350	312
5. Mineral products	82,555	59,899	40,015
6. Products of the chemical or allied industries	24,332	20,186	4,583
7. Plastics and rubber, and articles thereof	324	121	398
8. Hides and skins; leather and articles thereof; travel goods, handbags and similar containers	10,727	8,437	186
9. Articles of wood, cork, or plaiting materials	15,123	6,173	2,157
10. Wood pulp; paper, paperboard, and articles thereof	2,780	2,726	5,566
11. Textiles and textile articles	16,863	9,913	1,298
12. Footwear, headgear, and artificial flowers	979	822	22
13. Articles of stone or ceramics; glass and glassware	65	0	41
14. Pearls; precious stones and metals; jewelry; coin	40	0	40
15. Base metals and articles of base metal	2,252	633	329
16. Machinery and mechanical appliances; electrical equipment; parts and accessories thereof	8,778	2,821	13,953
17. Vehicles, aircraft, and other transport equipment	1,216	463	293
18. Optical, photographic, measuring, and medical ap- paratus; clocks and watches; musical instruments	2,401	543	571
19. Arms and ammunition; parts and accessories thereof ..	0	0	0
20. Miscellaneous manufactured articles	401	210	198
21. Works of art, collectors' pieces and antiques	0	0	0
22. Special classification provisions	8,233	7,034	2,674
Total	367,792	265,660	110,266
U.S. imports:			
1. Live animals; animal products	70	70	0
2. Vegetable products	165	165	188
3. Animal or vegetable fats, oils, and waxes	0	0	0
4. Prepared foodstuffs, beverages, and tobacco	2,176	1,548	539
5. Mineral products	123,113	74,387	523
6. Products of the chemical or allied industries	2,161	178	10
7. Plastics and rubber, and articles thereof	1,730	1,195	276
8. Hides and skins; leather and articles thereof; travel goods, handbags and similar containers	5,685	3,454	1,690
9. Articles of wood, cork, or plaiting materials	385	207	168
10. Wood pulp; paper, paperboard, and articles thereof	48	27	2
11. Textiles and textile articles	23,441	9,634	8,790
12. Footwear, headgear, and artificial flowers	20,69	6,251	2,887
13. Articles of stone or ceramics; glass and glassware	5,565	2,704	1,746
14. Pearls; precious stones and metals; jewelry; coin	901	547	408
15. Base metals and articles of base metal	16,437	4,775	13,014
16. Machinery and mechanical appliances; electrical equipment; parts and accessories thereof	4,789	2,576	2,139
17. Vehicles, aircraft, and other transport equipment	4,589	2,878	2,714
18. Optical, photographic, measuring, and medical ap- paratus; clocks and watches; musical instruments	1,135	626	648
19. Arms and ammunition; parts and accessories thereof ..	0	0	0
20. Miscellaneous manufactured articles	7,796	3,565	1,736
21. Works of art, collectors' pieces and antiques	129	83	7
22. Special classification provisions	946	643	495
Total	221,949	115,512	37,981

Note.—Because of rounding, figures may not add to the totals shown.

Source: Compiled from official statistics of the U.S. Department of Commerce.

Table B-17
U.S. trade with Vietnam, by Schedule B and HTS sections, 1990, January-June 1990, and January-June 1991
(In thousands of dollars)

<i>Section</i>	<i>1990</i>	<i>January-June 1990</i>	<i>January-June 1991</i>
U.S. exports:			
1. Live animals; animal products	0	0	0
2. Vegetable products	0	0	0
3. Animal or vegetable fats, oils, and waxes	0	0	0
4. Prepared foodstuffs, beverages, and tobacco	0	0	0
5. Mineral products	0	0	0
6. Products of the chemical or allied industries	80	0	11
7. Plastics and rubber, and articles thereof	0	0	3
8. Hides and skins; leather and articles thereof; travel goods, handbags and similar containers	0	0	0
9. Articles of wood, cork, or plaiting materials	0	0	0
10. Wood pulp; paper, paperboard, and articles thereof	0	0	0
11. Textiles and textile articles	0	0	0
12. Footwear, headgear, and artificial flowers	0	0	0
13. Articles of stone or ceramics; glass and glassware	0	0	0
14. Pearls; precious stones and metals; jewelry; coin	0	0	0
15. Base metals and articles of base metal	9	9	0
16. Machinery and mechanical appliances; electrical equipment; parts and accessories thereof	372	34	37
17. Vehicles, aircraft, and other transport equipment	0	0	0
18. Optical, photographic, measuring, and medical ap- paratus; clocks and watches; musical instruments	62	9	41
19. Arms and ammunition; parts and accessories thereof ..	0	0	0
20. Miscellaneous manufactured articles	0	0	0
21. Works of art, collectors' pieces and antiques	0	0	0
22. Special classification provisions	6,922	4,879	2,197
Total	7,445	5,238	2,290
U.S. imports:			
1. Live animals; animal products	0	0	0
2. Vegetable products	0	0	0
3. Animal or vegetable fats, oils, and waxes	0	0	0
4. Prepared foodstuffs, beverages, and tobacco	0	0	0
5. Mineral products	0	0	0
6. Products of the chemical or allied industries	0	0	0
7. Plastics and rubber, and articles thereof	0	0	0
8. Hides and skins; leather and articles thereof; travel goods, handbags and similar containers	0	0	0
9. Articles of wood, cork, or plaiting materials	0	0	0
10. Wood pulp; paper, paperboard, and articles thereof	0	0	0
11. Textiles and textile articles	0	0	0
12. Footwear, headgear, and artificial flowers	0	0	0
13. Articles of stone or ceramics; glass and glassware	0	0	0
14. Pearls; precious stones and metals; jewelry; coin	0	0	0
15. Base metals and articles of base metal	0	0	0
16. Machinery and mechanical appliances; electrical equipment; parts and accessories thereof	0	0	0
17. Vehicles, aircraft, and other transport equipment	0	0	0
18. Optical, photographic, measuring, and medical ap- paratus; clocks and watches; musical instruments	0	0	0
19. Arms and ammunition; parts and accessories thereof ..	0	0	0
20. Miscellaneous manufactured articles	0	0	0
21. Works of art, collectors' pieces and antiques	0	0	0
22. Special classification provisions	0	0	0
Total	0	0	0

Note.—Because of rounding, figures may not add to the totals shown.

Source: Compiled from official statistics of the U.S. Department of Commerce.

APPENDIX C
LEADING ITEMS TRADED WITH THE NONMARKET ECONOMY COUNTRIES,
BY SCHEDULE B AND HTS SUBHEADINGS,
JANUARY-JUNE 1991, APRIL-JUNE 1990,
AND APRIL-JUNE 1991

Table C-1

Leading items exported to nonmarket economy countries,¹ by Schedule B subheadings, January-June 1991, April-June 1990, and April-June 1991

Schedule B subheading	Description	Jan.-June 1991	April-June—	
			1990	1991
		1,000 dollars	1,000 dollars	1,000 dollars
1005.90	Corn (maize) excluding seed	\$663,357	\$672,238	\$133,700
3100.00	Fertilizers	556,549	227,852	269,084
8802.40	Airplanes and other aircraft, of an unladen weight exceeding 15000 kg.	459,297	223,230	333,746
1001.90	Wheat and meslin, excluding durum wheat. ...	290,327	357,803	147,435
5201.00	Cotton, not carded or combed.	286,049	57,762	97,307
2304.00	Oilcake and other solid residues, resulting from the extraction of soybean oil	162,051	87,186	40,161
8803.30	Parts of airplanes or helicopters, nesi	111,879	33,453	83,554
1201.00	Soybeans, whether or not broken	83,880	12,289	41,319
4403.20	Coniferous wood in the rough, whether or not stripped of bark or sapwood or roughly squared, not treated with preservatives.	82,837	33,221	47,324
2917.36	Terephthalic acid and its salts	69,049	33,936	37,769
4804.11	Uncoated, unbleached kraftliner paper or paperboard, in rolls or sheets, nesi	65,786	18,785	30,821
2402.20	Cigarettes containing tobacco	65,576	2,480	20,260
2701.12	Bituminous coal, whether or not pulverized, but not agglomerated	63,450	48,551	25,830
3902.10	Polypropylene	52,056	7,391	30,828
5502.00	Artificial filament tow	47,548	27,159	34,233
8431.43	Parts for boring or sinking machinery of subheading 8430.41 of 8430.49	43,105	15,090	26,368
3901.10	Polyethylene having a specific gravity of less than 0.94	38,025	10,058	17,145
0207.41	Cuts and offal, of chickens, other than livers, frozen	36,483	34,896	9,928
8471.91	Digital processing units which may contain in the same housing one or two storage units, input units or output units	34,785	18,886	15,996
8471.20	Digital automatic data processing machines, containing in the same housing at least a centra processing unit and an input and output unit	30,972	10,191	13,796
	Total	3,243,060	1,932,456	1,456,601
	Total, U.S. exports to NMEs	5,168,753	2,723,111	2,503,085

¹ Afghanistan, Albania, Bulgaria, Cambodia, China, Cuba, Czechoslovakia, Hungary, Laos, Mongolia, North Korea, Poland, Romania, the U.S.S.R. (including Estonia, Latvia, and Lithuania), and Vietnam.

Note.—Because of rounding, figures may not add to the totals shown.

Source: Compiled from official statistics of the U.S. Department of Commerce.

Table C-2

Leading Items Imported from nonmarket economy countries,¹ by HTS subheadings, January-June 1991, April-June 1990, and April-June 1991

HTS subheading	Description	Jan.-June	April-June—	
		1991	1990	1991
		1,000 dollars	1,000 dollars	1,000 dollars
6402.99	Footwear with outer soles and uppers of rubber or plastics, nesi	\$412,469	\$120,741	\$185,644
2709.00	Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous minerals, crude	323,273	68,462	188,153
6403.99	Footwear not covering the ankles, with outer soles of rubber or plastics or composition leather and uppers of leather	290,244	90,593	159,738
9503.90	Other toys and models, nesi	196,697	104,552	105,001
9502.10	Dolls representing only human beings and parts and accessories thereof, whether or not dressed	151,478	77,222	87,423
6110.90	Sweaters, pullovers, sweatshirts, waistcoats (vests) and similar articles, knitted or crocheted, of textile materials, nesi	140,809	94,505	93,315
6206.10	Women's or girls' blouses, shirts and shirt-blouses, not knitted or crocheted, of silk or silk waste	116,117	48,819	54,245
9503.41	Stuffed toys representing animals or non-human creatures and parts and accessories thereof	112,503	46,024	54,211
8527.11	Reception apparatus for radiotelephony, radiotelegraphy or radio broadcasting combined with sound recording or reproducing apparatus	110,918	52,176	63,717
2710.00	Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous minerals, other than crude; preparations not elsewhere specified or included ...	110,348	89,457	56,724
6702.90	Artificial flowers, foliage & fruit & parts thereof, & articles made up of artificial flowers, foliage or fruit, of materials.	108,802	45,839	54,010
4202.92	Trunks, cases, bags and similar containers, with outer surface of plastic sheeting or of textile materials	106,694	64,606	66,193
4202.22	Handbags, with outer surface of plastic sheeting or of textile materials	106,122	42,970	50,773
0306.13	Shrimps and prawns, frozen	103,942	103,978	58,365
6404.19	Footwear, nesi, with outer soles of rubber or plastics and uppers of textile materials ..	100,983	38,973	45,949
8414.51	Table, floor, wall, window, ceiling or roof fans, with a self-contained electric motor of an output not exceeding 125 W	100,647	61,436	32,095
6204.69	Women's or girls' trousers, bib and brace overalls, breeches and shorts, not knitted or crocheted, of textile materials, nesi	92,975	31,855	38,093
9503.49	Toys representing animals or non-human creatures, other than stuffed toys, and parts and accessories thereof	89,620	39,230	44,269
9706.00	Antiques of an age exceeding one hundred years	89,241	3,412	3,445
3926.90	Articles of plastics and articles of other materials of headings 3901 to 3914, nesi ..	87,136	42,652	46,479
	Total	2,951,018	1,267,501	1,487,841
	Total, U.S. imports from NMEs	8,431,287	3,856,359	4,393,940

¹ Afghanistan, Albania, Bulgaria, Cambodia, China, Cuba, Czechoslovakia, Hungary, Laos, Mongolia, North Korea, Poland, Romania, the U.S.S.R. (including Estonia, Latvia, and Lithuania), and Vietnam.

Note.—Because of rounding, figures may not add to the totals shown.

Source: Compiled from official statistics of the U.S. Department of Commerce.

Table C-3

Leading items exported to China, by Schedule B subheadings, January-June 1991, April-June 1990, and April-June 1991

Schedule B subheading	Description	Jan.-June 1991	April-June—	
		1,000 dollars	1990 1,000 dollars	1991 1,000 dollars
3100.00	Fertilizers	\$483,325	\$157,528	\$227,183
8802.40	Airplanes and other aircraft, of an unladen weight exceeding 15000 kg	365,835	223,230	240,283
5201.00	Cotton, not carded or combed	261,865	41,752	91,492
1001.90	Wheat and meslin, excluding durum wheat.	119,232	129,385	67,912
8803.30	Parts of airplanes or helicopters, nesi	108,937	32,920	81,370
4403.20	Coniferous wood in the rough, whether or not stripped of bark or sapwood or roughly squared, not treated with preservatives	82,837	33,221	47,324
2917.36	Terephthalic acid and its salts	69,049	33,936	37,769
4804.11	Uncoated, unbleached kraftliner paper or paperboard, in rolls or sheets, nesi	65,422	18,785	30,638
5502.00	Artificial filament tow	47,528	27,159	34,213
3902.10	Polypropylene	47,501	7,391	30,453
3901.10	Polyethylene having a specific gravity of less than 0.94	36,635	10,058	16,247
8431.43	Parts for boring or sinking machinery of subheading 8430.41 or 8430.49	30,567	13,602	19,616
8411.12	Turbojets of a thrust exceeding 25 kN	27,722	6,983	16,964
8479.89	Machines and mechanical appliances having individual functions, nesi	23,090	19,844	6,744
8471.91	Digital processing units which may contain in the same housing one or two storage units, input units or output units	22,043	10,685	9,992
8411.91	Parts of turbojets or turbopropellers	21,076	3,725	6,580
8525.20	Transmission apparatus incorporating reception apparatus	19,658	3,004	8,932
2603.00	Copper ores and concentrates	18,584	15,362	0
8431.49	Parts for machinery of heading 8426, 8429 or 8430, nesi	18,036	10,840	8,465
8473.30	Parts and accessories of the machines of heading 8471	17,670	5,775	4,053
	Total	1,886,610	805,183	986,229
	Total, U.S. exports to China	2,919,979	1,248,017	1,563,128

Note.—Because of rounding, figures may not add to the totals shown.

Source: Compiled from official statistics of the U.S. Department of Commerce.

Table C-4

Leading Items Imported from China, by HTS subheadings, January-June 1991, April-June 1990, and April-June 1991

HTS subheading	Description	Jan.-June 1991	April-June—	
			1990	1991
		1,000 dollars	1,000 dollars	1,000 dollars
6402.99	Footwear with outer soles and uppers of rubber or plastics, nesi	\$412,469	\$120,741	\$185,644
2709.00	Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous minerals, crude	323,273	68,462	188,153
6403.99	Footwear not covering the ankles, with outer soles of rubber or plastics or composition leather and uppers of leather	280,329	82,183	155,451
9503.90	Other toys and models, nesi	196,438	104,362	104,893
9502.10	Dolls representing only human beings and parts and accessories whether or not dressed	151,291	77,078	87,320
6110.90	Sweaters, pullovers, sweatshirts, waistcoats (vests) and similar articles, knitted or crocheted, of textile materials, nesi	140,809	94,505	93,315
6206.10	Women's or girls' blouses, shirts and shirt-blouses, not knitted or crocheted, of silk or silk waste	116,113	48,817	54,245
9503.41	Stuffed toys representing animals or non-human creatures and parts and accessories thereof	112,503	46,020	54,211
8527.11	Reception apparatus for radiotelephony, radiotelegraphy or radio broadcasting combined with sound recording or reproducing apparatus	110,918	52,176	63,717
6702.90	Artificial flowers, foliage & fruit & parts thereof, & articles made up of artificial flowers, foliage or fruit, of materials	108,761	45,835	53,974
4202.92	Trunks, cases, bags and similar containers, with outer surface of plastic sheeting or of textile materials	106,632	64,481	66,143
4202.22	Handbags, with outer surface of plastic sheeting or of textile materials	106,122	42,954	50,773
0306.13	Shrimps and prawns, frozen	103,942	103,978	58,365
6404.19	Footwear, nesi, with outer soles of rubber or plastics and uppers of textile materials	100,971	38,973	45,945
8414.51	Table, floor, wall, window, ceiling or roof fans, with a self-contained electric motor of an output not exceeding 125 W	100,647	61,436	32,095
6204.69	Women's or girls' trousers, bib and brace overalls, breeches and shorts, not knitted or crocheted, of textile materials, nesi	90,959	31,554	37,490
9503.49	Toys representing animals or non-human creatures, other than stuffed toys, and parts and accessories thereof	89,556	39,220	44,262
8517.10	Telephone sets	87,108	53,354	54,172
3926.90	Articles of plastics and articles of other materials of headings 3901 to 3914, nesi	87,005	42,477	46,400
8525.20	Transmission apparatus incorporating reception apparatus	81,161	14,640	51,417
	Total	2,907,006	1,233,247	1,527,985
	Total, U.S. imports from China	7,546,353	3,417,047	3,998,875

Note.—Because of rounding, figures may not add to the totals shown.

Source: Compiled from official statistics of the U.S. Department of Commerce.

Table C-5

Leading Items exported to the U.S.S.R.,¹ by Schedule B subheadings, January-June 1991, April-June 1990, and April-June 1991

Schedule B subheading	Description	Jan.-June	April-June—	
		1991	1990	1991
		1,000 dollars	1,000 dollars	1,000 dollars
1005.90	Corn (maize) excluding seed	\$649,849	\$627,446	\$133,651
1001.90	Wheat and meslin, excluding durum wheat ...	167,474	228,418	75,902
2304.00	Oilcake and other solid residues, resulting from the extraction of soybean oil	162,051	87,186	40,161
3100.00	Fertilizers	73,224	62,902	41,901
2402.20	Cigarettes containing tobacco	60,009	704	17,386
1201.00	Soybeans, whether or not broken	55,981	12,289	27,670
0207.41	Cuts and offal, of chickens, other than livers, frozen	34,774	28,519	8,922
8448.32	Parts and accessories of machines for preparing textile fibers, other than card clothing	23,305	3,906	21,456
3911.90	Polysulfides, polysulfones and certain other products, nesi, in primary forms	18,217	0	7,865
8471.20	Digital automatic data processing machines, containing in the same housing at least a central processing unit and an input and output unit	12,603	3,832	4,683
8431.43	Parts for boring or sinking machinery of subheading 8430.41 or 8430.49	12,141	1,272	6,525
3920.10	Nonadhesive plates, sheets, film, foil and strip, of polymers of ethylene, noncellular, not reinforced or combined with other materials	11,866	2,603	4,468
8428.90	Machinery for lifting, handling, loading or unloading, nesi	11,658	0	531
8457.30	Multistation transfer machines for working metal	11,239	0	766
8471.93	Storage units of automatic data processing machines, whether or not entered with the rest of a system	7,950	1,065	1,895
8473.30	Parts and accessories of the machines of heading 8471	7,784	822	2,428
3504.00	Peptones and their derivatives; other protein substances and their derivatives, nesi; hide powder, whether or not chromed	7,326	0	7,326
2710.00	Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous minerals, other than crude; preparations not elsewhere specified or included	7,263	4,993	3,771
8471.91	Digital processing units which may contain in the same housing one or two storage units, input units or output units	6,938	7,240	3,101
8471.92	Automatic data processing machines with or without input or output units or containing storage units in the same housing	6,639	2,056	3,348
	Total	1,348,289	1,075,255	413,755
	Total, U.S. exports to the U.S.S.R.	1,617,158	1,205,163	568,196

¹ Includes Estonia, Latvia, and Lithuania.

Note.—Because of rounding, figures may not add to the totals shown.

Source: Compiled from official statistics of the U.S. Department of Commerce.

Table C-6

Leading Items Imported from the U.S.S.R.,¹ by HTS subheadings, January-June 1991, April-June 1990, and April-June 1991

HTS subheading	Description	Jan. June	April-June—	
		1991	1990	1991
		1,000 dollars	1,000 dollars	1,000 dollars
2710.00	Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous minerals, other than crude; preparations not elsewhere specified or included	\$87,473	\$26,836	\$42,302
9706.00	Antiques of an age exceeding one hundred years	82,165	942	196
7110.31	Rhodium, unwrought or in powdered form	58,155	30,165	24,371
2814.10	Anhydrous ammonia	33,119	9,868	12,303
2612.10	Uranium ores and concentrates	22,929	0	22,929
7110.29	Palladium in semimanufactured forms	21,860	14,505	9,924
8701.90	Tractors (other than tractors of heading 8709), nesi.	9,990	4,442	4,327
7110.39	Rhodium in semimanufactured form	7,443	39,348	3,743
2208.90	Spirits, liqueurs and other spirituous beverages, nesi	6,891	3,597	3,813
7202.29	Ferrosilicon not containing by weight more than 55% of silicon	6,479	6,930	4,132
3104.20	Potassium chloride	5,490	2	4,021
5208.12	Plain weave fabrics of unbleached cotton, containing 85% or more by weight of cotton and weighing more than 100 g/m2 ..	5,368	1,168	2,885
7502.10	Unwrought nickel, not alloyed	4,899	0	4,899
8105.10	Cobalt mattes and other intermediate products of cobalt metallurgy; unwrought cobalt; waste and scrap; powders	2,781	0	464
3105.40	Ammonium dihydrogenorthophosphate (Monoammonium phosphate), mixtures thereof with diammonium hydrogenorthophosphate (Diammonium phosphate)	2,407	0	0
7105.10	Dust and powder of natural or synthetic diamonds	2,325	687	1,618
7203.90	Spongy ferrous products, nesi, in lumps, pellets or similar forms; iron of a minimum purity by wgt of 99.94% nesi, in lumps, pellets or similar forms	2,165	0	2,165
4301.80	Raw furskins, whole, with or without head, tail or paws, nesi, but not of heading 4101, 4102 or 4103	2,146	794	487
9701.10	Paintings, drawings and pastels, executed entirely by hand, framed or not framed	2,091	835	293
2601.12	Iron ores and concentrates, other than roasted iron pyrites, agglomerated	1,940	0	0
	Total	368,115	140,118	144,872
	Total, U.S. imports from the U.S.S.R.	411,991	167,459	165,049

¹ Includes Estonia, Latvia, and Lithuania.

Note.—Because of rounding, figures may not add to the totals shown.

Source: Compiled from official statistics of the U.S. Department of Commerce.

Table C-7

Leading Items exported to Eastern Europe,¹ by Schedule B subheadings, January-June 1991, April-June 1990, and April-June 1991

Schedule B subheading	Description	Jan.-June	April-June—	
		1991	1990	1991
		1,000 dollars	1,000 dollars	1,000 dollars
8802.40	Airplanes and other aircraft, of an unladen weight exceeding 15000 kg	\$93,463	0	\$93,463
2701.12	Bituminous coal, whether or not pulverized, but not agglomerated	58,251	47,310	24,277
1201.00	Soybeans, whether or not broken	27,899	0	13,650
5201.00	Cotton, not carded or combed	22,773	14,732	5,814
8703.23	Passenger motor vehicles with spark-ignition internal-combustion reciprocating piston engine, over 1,500 but n/o 3,000 cc	16,608	296	11,698
1005.10	Seed corn (maize)	14,469	2,048	2,051
1005.90	Corn (maize) excluding seed	13,508	44,792	49
8471.91	Digital processing units which may contain in the same housing one or two storage units, input units or output units	5,783	960	2,903
8471.92	Automatic data processing machines with or without input or output units or containing storage units in the same housing	5,663	807	1,855
8471.20	Digital automatic data processing machines, containing in the same housing at least a central processing unit and an input and output unit	5,523	388	2,819
8473.30	Parts and accessories of the machines of heading 8471	5,399	601	3,299
8802.12	Helicopters, of an unladen weight exceeding 2,000 kg	5,057	0	5,057
8708.99	Parts and accessories, nesi, of the motor-vehicles of headings 8701 to 8705	4,985	2,957	2,876
8424.81	Agricultural or horticultural mechanical appliances	4,659	1,113	4,659
8517.90	Parts of telephonic or telegraphic apparatus ..	4,527	79	2,026
0712.90	Dried vegetables, nesi, and dried mixtures of vegetables, whole, cut, sliced, broken or in powder, but not further prepared	4,346	102	74
4702.00	Chemical woodpulp, dissolving grades	4,056	1,191	2,551
8212.10	Razors, and base metal parts thereof	3,980	0	1,998
8524.90	Recorded media for sound or other similarly recorded phenomena	3,933	846	1,900
2403.10	Smoking tobacco, whether or not containing tobacco substitutes in any proportion	3,772	1,577	740
	Total	308,653	119,801	183,757
	Total, U.S. exports to Eastern Europe	607,656	263,386	355,377

¹ Bulgaria, Czechoslovakia, Hungary, Poland, and Romania.

Note.—Because of rounding, figures may not add to the totals shown.

Source: Compiled from official statistics of the U.S. Department of Commerce.

Table C-8

Leading Items Imported from Eastern Europe,¹ by HTS subheadings, January-June 1991, April-June 1990, and April-June 1991

HTS subheading	Description	Jan.-June 1991	April-June—	
			1990	1991
		1,000 dollars	1,000 dollars	1,000 dollars
1602.41	Prepared or preserved hams and cuts thereof, of swine	\$32,039	\$19,796	\$14,961
2009.70	Apple juice, unfermented and not containing added spirit.	16,713	4,442	3,663
8539.22	Electrical filament lamps, excluding tungsten halogen lamps, nesi, of a power not exceeding 200 W and for a voltage exceeding 100 V	13,110	3,901	6,449
2401.10	Tobacco, not stemmed/stripped	10,082	2,916	5,283
6403.99	Footwear not covering the ankles, with outer soles of rubber or plastics or composition leather and uppers of leather	9,915	8,410	4,287
7208.42	Flat-rolled iron or nonalloy steel products nesi, not in coils, 600 mm or more wide, hot-rolled, not clad, plated or coated, over 10 mm thick.	9,359	884	4,852
8708.60	Non-driving axles and parts thereof of the motor-vehicles of headings 8701 to 8705	9,233	4,744	3,470
8708.99	Parts and accessories, nesi, of the motor-vehicles of headings 8701 to 8705	8,786	2,488	4,497
8708.50	Drive axles with differential, whether or not provided with other transmission components of the motor-vehicles of headings 8701 to 8705	8,558	7,563	2,198
8701.90	Tractors (other than tractors of heading 8709), nesi	7,771	7,755	4,525
4011.20	New pneumatic tires, of rubber, of a kind used on buses or trucks.	7,246	4,266	3,213
8701.30	Track-laying tractors (other than tractors of heading 8709)	6,938	5,554	5,521
1602.42	Prepared or preserved shoulders and cuts thereof, of swine	6,861	4,830	3,580
3501.10	Casein	6,476	3,267	3,447
9701.10	Paintings, drawings and pastels, executed entirely by hand, framed or not framed	5,761	151	103
1210.10	Hop cones, fresh or dried, neither ground, powdered nor in the form of pellets	5,694	1,029	2,408
7208.43	Flat-rolled iron or nonalloy steel products nesi, not in coils, 600 mm or more wide, hot-rolled, not clad, plated or coated, 4.75 mm but n/o 10 mm thick	5,545	953	1,861
7409.21	Strip of copper-zinc base alloys (brass), in coils	5,498	1,679	2,980
6403.91	Footwear, covering the ankles, with outer soles of rubber, plastics or composition leather and uppers of leather	5,436	5,623	2,869
6203.12	Men's or boys' suits, of synthetic fibers, knitted or crocheted	5,113	1,060	1,214
	Total	186,133	91,311	81,382
	Total, U.S. imports from Eastern Europe ..	468,751	268,346	227,465

¹ Bulgaria, Czechoslovakia, Hungary, Poland, and Romania.

Note.—Because of rounding, figures may not add to the totals shown.

Source: Compiled from official statistics of the U.S. Department of Commerce.

Table C-9

Leading Items exported to Afghanistan, by Schedule B subheadings, January-June 1991, April-June 1990, and April-June 1991

Schedule B subheading	Description	Jan.-June 1991	April-June—	
			1990	1991
		1,000 dollars	1,000 dollars	1,000 dollars
6309.00	Worn clothing and other worn textile articles	\$847	\$9	\$313
2402.20	Cigarettes containing tobacco	348	641	28
8803.30	Parts of airplanes or helicopters, nesi	105	90	50
8485.90	Machinery parts, not containing electrical connectors, insulators, coils, contacts or other electrical features and other parts in chapter 84, nesi	85	0	0
8483.10	Transmission shafts (including camshafts and crankshafts) and cranks	49	0	49
3304.99	Beauty, make-up and care of the skin preparations, excl. medicaments but incl. sunscreen or sun tan preparations, nesi. ...	42	168	0
8527.90	Reception apparatus for radio-telephony, radio-telegraphy or radio-broadcasting, nesi	39	0	39
8471.20	Digital automatic data processing machines, containing in the same housing at least a central processing unit and an input and output unit	28	0	0
4016.93	Gaskets, washers and other seals, of vulcanized rubber other than hard rubber ...	26	0	26
1207.20	Cotton seeds, whether or not broken	18	0	0
9504.40	Playing cards	17	0	4
3819.00	Hydraulic brake fluids and other prepared liquid for hydraulic transmission cont. less than 70% by weight of petroleum oils, etc.	15	68	15
9024.80	Machines and appliances for testing the mechanical properties of materials other than metals	13	0	0
8414.90	Parts of air or vacuum pumps, air or gas compressors, fans and blowers	13	0	13
8409.91	Parts suitable for use solely or princi- pally with spark-ignition internal combustion piston engines (including rotary engines)	11	0	5
8474.20	Crushing or grinding machines for earth, stones, ores or other mineral sub- stances	8	0	0
7301.20	Welded angles, shapes and sections, of iron or steel	8	0	8
8716.90	Parts of vehicles, nesi, not mechani- cally propelled	6	0	6
8442.40	Parts of the machinery, apparatus or equipment of heading 8442	5	0	5
8205.20	Hammers and sledge hammers, and base metal parts thereof	4	0	4
	Total	1,686	975	564
	Total, U.S. exports to Afghanistan	1,752	1,217	594

Note.—Because of rounding, figures may not add to the totals shown.

Source: Compiled from official statistics of the U.S. Department of Commerce.

Table C-10

Leading Items Imported from Afghanistan, by HTS subheadings, January-June 1991, April-June 1990, and April-June 1991

HTS subheading	Description	Jan.-June	April-June—	
		1991	1990	1991
		1,000 dollars	1,000 dollars	1,000 dollars
5102.10	Fine animal hair, not carded or combed	\$981	\$535	\$576
5702.10	"Kelem," "Schumacks," "Karamanie" and similar hand-woven rugs	177	142	86
5701.10	Carpets and other textile floor coverings, of wool or fine animal hair, knotted	154	68	14
1211.10	Licorice roots, fresh or dried, of a kind used in perfumery, in pharmacy, or fo insecticidal, fungicidal or similar purposes ...	118	457	0
8524.23	Magnetic tapes, of a width exceeding 6.5 mm, for sound or other recordings, nesi	42	0	42
1211.90	Plants & parts of plants (incl. seeds & fruits) used in perfumery, pharmacy, insecticidal, fungicidal or like purposes, fresh or dried, nesi	33	0	0
7103.10	Precious or semiprecious stones, unworked or simply sawn or roughly shaped	28	0	0
9706.00	Antiques of an age exceeding one hundred years	21	45	15
9022.90	X-ray or high tension generators, control panels, & desks, screens, examination or treatment tables, chairs & the like, nesi, and parts and accessories thereof	10	0	0
5701.90	Carpets and other textile floor coverings, of textile materials (excl. wool or fine animal hair), knotted	7	0	5
8518.50	Electric sound amplifier sets	5	0	0
9506.99	Articles and equipment for gymnastics, athletics, other sports or outdoor games, nesi, and parts or acces- sories thereof	3	0	3
6505.90	Hats and other headgear, knitted or crocheted, or made up from lace, felt or other textile fabric, in the piece, excluding hair-nets	2	0	(¹)
5702.91	Carpets and other textile floor coverings, not of pile construction woven, made up, not tufted or flocked, of wool or fine animal hair	2	2	0
6204.42	Women's or girls' dresses, not knitted or crocheted, of cotton	2	0	2
6206.30	Women's or girls' blouses, shirts and shirt-blouses, not knitted or crocheted, of cotton	1	2	1
6115.91	Hosiery nesi, knitted or crocheted, of wool or fine animal hair	1	(¹)	0
5705.00	Carpets and other textile floor coverings, nesi	1	0	1
6203.42	Men's or boys' trousers, bib and brace overalls, breeches and shorts, not knitted or crocheted, of cotton	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)
6216.00	Gloves, mittens and mitts, not knitted or crocheted	(¹)	0	0
	Total	1,589	1,250	745
	Total, U.S. imports from Afghanistan	1,595	1,837	747

¹ Trade less than \$500.

Note.—Because of rounding, figures may not add to the totals shown.

Source: Compiled from official statistics of the U.S. Department of Commerce.

Table C-11

Leading items exported to Albania, by Schedule B subheadings, January-June 1991, April-June 1990, and April-June 1991

Schedule B subheading	Description	Jan.-June	April-June—	
		1991	1990	1991
		1,000 dollars	1,000 dollars	1,000 dollars
2701.12	Bituminous coal, whether or not pulverized, but not agglomerated	\$5,200	\$1,240	\$1,553
0713.39	Dried beans, nesi, shelled	671	0	0
2823.00	Titanium oxides	193	0	72
8471.92	Automatic data processing machines with or without input or output units or containing storage units in the same housing.....	21	0	0
9018.19	Electro-diagnostic apparatus, parts and accessories thereof, excluding electrocardiographs, parts and accessories thereof	20	0	20
8431.43	Parts for boring or sinking machinery of subheading 8430.41 or 8430.49	15	0	0
8473.30	Parts and accessories of the machines of heading 8471	12	0	0
9030.10	Instruments and apparatus for measuring or detecting ionizing radiations	10	0	10
9015.80	Surveying, hydrographic, oceanographic, hydrological, meteorological or geo- physical instruments and appliances, nesi.	5	0	5
	Total	6,147	1,240	1,660
	Total, U.S. exports to Albania	6,155	1,240	1,660

Note.—Because of rounding, figures may not add to the totals shown.

Source: Compiled from official statistics of the U.S. Department of Commerce.

Table C-12

Leading Items Imported from Albania, by HTS subheadings, January-June 1991, April-June 1990, and April-June 1991

<i>HTS subheading</i>	<i>Description</i>	<i>Jan. June</i>	<i>April-June—</i>	
		<i>1991</i>	<i>1990</i>	<i>1991</i>
		<i>1,000 dollars</i>	<i>1,000 dollars</i>	<i>1,000 dollars</i>
1211.90	Plants & parts of plants (incl. seeds & fruits) used in perfumery, pharmacy, insecticidal, fungicidal or like purposes, fresh or dried, nesi	\$869	\$431	\$379
3602.00	Prepared explosives, other than propellant powders	73	0	73
3707.90	Chemical preparations for photographic uses; unmixed products for photographic uses, except sensitized emulsions	39	0	39
2008.70	Peaches, otherwise prepared or preserved, nesi	10	0	0
	Total	990	431	491
	Total, U.S. imports from Albania	990	1,151	491

Note.—Because of rounding, figures may not add to the totals shown.
Source: Compiled from official statistics of the U.S. Department of Commerce.

Table C-13

Leading items exported to Bulgaria, by Schedule B subheadings, January-June 1991, April-June 1990, and April-June 1991

Schedule B subheading	Description	Jan. June	April-June—	
		1991	1990	1991
		1,000 dollars	1,000 dollars	1,000 dollars
2701.12	Bituminous coal, whether or not pulverized, but not agglomerated	\$20,631	0	\$12,056
1005.90	Corn (maize) excluding seed	10,889	0	0
8212.10	Razors, and base metal parts thereof	3,964	0	1,982
2608.00	Zinc ores and concentrates	1,668	0	0
1005.10	Seed corn (maize)	1,271	0	0
8803.30	Parts of airplanes or helicopters, nesi	1,075	0	863
8407.90	Spark-ignition reciprocating or rotary internal combustion piston engines, nesi	753	625	753
8477.80	Machinery for working rubber or plastics or for the manufacture of products from these materials, nesi	617	0	617
8703.22	Passenger motor vehicles with spark -ignition internal-combustion recip- -ocating piston engine over 1,000 but n/o 1,500 cc	370	0	260
8461.20	Shaping or slotting machines working by removing metal, sintered metal carbides or cermets, nesi	315	0	315
8471.93	Storage units of automatic data processing machines, whether or not entered with the rest of a system	257	0	118
2403.10	Smoking tobacco, whether or not containing tobacco substitutes in any proportion	253	0	0
8483.40	Gears and gearing, other than transmission elements entered separately; ball screws; gear boxes and other speed changers, including torque converters	245	0	245
8473.30	Parts and accessories of the machines of heading 8471	223	285	3
2208.30	Whiskies	213	0	0
8523.20	Prepared unrecorded magnetic discs for sound recording or similar recording of other phenomena	212	0	130
8471.20	Digital automatic data processing machines, containing in the same housing at least a central processing unit and an input and output unit	150	0	137
8708.99	Parts and accessories, nesi, of the motor-vehicles of headings 8701 to 8705	146	0	0
2941.50	Erythromycin and their derivatives; salts thereof	140	0	140
8525.20	Transmission apparatus incorporating reception apparatus	132	0	0
	Total	43,524	910	17,617
	Total, U.S. exports to Bulgaria	47,367	3,897	19,502

Note.—Because of rounding, figures may not add to the totals shown.

Source: Compiled from official statistics of the U.S. Department of Commerce.

Table C-14

Leading Items Imported from Bulgaria, by HTS subheadings, January-June 1991, April-June 1990, and April-June 1991

HTS subheading	Description	Jan.-June 1991	April-June—	
			1990	1991
		1,000 dollars	1,000 dollars	1,000 dollars
2401.10	Tobacco, not stemmed/stripped	\$9,872	\$2,916	\$5,073
3102.10	Urea, whether or not in aqueous solution	3,276	1,690	2,181
3102.80	Mixtures of urea and ammonium nitrat in aqueous or ammoniacal solution	2,921	2,844	1,636
0406.90	Cheese, nesi	984	582	473
8469.31	Nonelectric typewriters, weighing not more than 12 kg, excluding case	970	415	762
2941.90	Antibiotics, nesi	941	0	749
2204.21	Wine (excluding sparkling wine); grape must with fermentation prevented or arrested by the addition of alcohol, in containers of 2 liters or less	720	587	396
3301.29	Essential oils other than those of citrus fruit, nesi	273	147	49
9503.90	Other toys and models, nesi	135	0	55
9401.69	Seats with wooden frames, not upholstered ...	130	23	79
0909.20	Seeds of coriander	96	52	43
8458.19	Horizontal lathes for removing metal, other than numerically controlled	93	0	93
2208.90	Spirits, liqueurs and other spirituous beverages, nesi	75	26	0
9403.40	Wooden furniture of a kind used in the kitchen	72	30	29
0307.49	Cuttle fish and squid, frozen, dried, salted or in brine	68	0	0
3301.23	Essential oils of lavender or of lavandin	58	0	0
4911.91	Printed pictures, designs and photographs	56	0	0
1211.90	Plants & parts of plants (incl. seed & fruits) used in perfumery, phar- macy, insecticidal, fungicidal or like purposes, fresh or dried, nesi	55	2	0
3303.00	Perfumes and toilet waters	32	0	0
8501.31	Electric DC motors of an output not exceeding 750 W; DC generators	30	0	3
	Total	20,858	9,314	11,622
	Total, U.S. imports from Bulgaria	21,638	9,643	11,979

Note.—Because of rounding, figures may not add to the totals shown.

Source: Compiled from official statistics of the U.S. Department of Commerce.

Table C-15**Leading Items exported to Cambodia, by Schedule B subheadings, January-June 1991, April-June 1990, and April-June 1991**

<i>Schedule B subheading</i>	<i>Description</i>	<i>Jan.-June 1991</i>	<i>April-June—</i>	
			<i>1990</i>	<i>1991</i>
		<i>1,000 dollars</i>	<i>1,000 dollars</i>	<i>1,000 dollars</i>
	Total, U.S. exports to Cambodia	0	26	0

Source: Compiled from official statistics of the U.S. Department of Commerce.

Table C-16**Leading Items Imported from Cambodia, by HTS subheadings, January-June 1991, April-June 1990, and April-June 1991**

<i>HTS subheading</i>	<i>Description</i>	<i>Jan.-June 1991</i>	<i>April-June—</i>	
			<i>1990</i>	<i>1991</i>
		<i>1,000 dollars</i>	<i>1,000 dollars</i>	<i>1,000 dollars</i>
	Total, U.S. imports from Cambodia	0	49	0

Source: Compiled from official statistics of the U.S. Department of Commerce.

Table C-17

Leading items exported to Cuba, by Schedule B subheadings, January-June 1991, April-June 1990, and April-June 1991

<i>Schedule B subheading</i>	<i>Description</i>	<i>Jan.-June 1991</i>	<i>April-June—</i>	
			<i>1990</i>	<i>1991</i>
		<i>1,000 dollars</i>	<i>1,000 dollars</i>	<i>1,000 dollars</i>
8544.20	Insulated (including enameled or anodized) coaxial cable and other coaxial conductors	\$8	0	\$8
	Total	8	0	8
	Total, U.S. exports to Cuba	663	313	383

Note.—Because of rounding, figures may not add to the totals shown.

Source: Compiled from official statistics of the U.S. Department of Commerce.

Table C-18**Leading Items Imported from Cuba, by HTS subheadings, January-June 1991, April-June 1990, and April-June 1991**

<i>HTS subheading</i>	<i>Description</i>	<i>Jan.-June 1991</i>	<i>April-June—</i>	
			<i>1990</i>	<i>1991</i>
		<i>1,000 dollars</i>	<i>1,000 dollars</i>	<i>1,000 dollars</i>
	Total, U.S. imports from Cuba	0	0	0

Source: Compiled from official statistics of the U.S. Department of Commerce.

Table C-19

Leading items exported to Czechoslovakia, by Schedule B subheadings, January-June 1991, April-June 1990, and April-June 1991

Schedule B subheading	Description	Jan.-June	April-June—	
		1991	1990	1991
		1,000 dollars	1,000 dollars	1,000 dollars
5201.00	Cotton, not carded or combed	\$14,126	\$1,358	\$1,933
8802.40	Airplanes and other aircraft, of an unladen weight exceeding 15000 kg	4,500	0	4,500
4702.00	Chemical woodpulp, dissolving grades	2,098	509	1,496
8471.20	Digital automatic data processing machines, containing in the same housing at least a central processing unit and an input and output unit	1,403	19	568
8411.22	Turbopropellers of a power exceeding 1,100 kW	1,340	0	0
8473.30	Parts and accessories of the machines of heading 8471	1,333	36	810
8471.91	Digital processing units which may contain in the same housing one or two storage units, input units or output units	1,217	419	449
3302.90	Mixtures of odoriferous substances of a kind used as raw materials in industries, nesi	1,071	0	1,071
8526.91	Radio navigational aid apparatus	911	167	605
9014.20	Instruments and appliances for aeronautical or space navigation (other than compasses)	814	0	165
2839.90	Silicates and commercial alkali metal silicates, nesi, excluding those of sodium and potassium	798	0	798
4203.10	Articles of apparel of leather or of composition leather	786	0	45
4901.99	Printed books, brochures, leaflets and similar printed matter, other than in single sheets	779	4	438
3002.90	Human blood, animal blood, toxins, cultures of micro-organisms and similar products, nesi	752	0	752
8426.99	Derricks, cranes and other lifting machinery nesi	672	0	672
2403.10	Smoking tobacco, whether or not containing tobacco substitutes in any proportion	649	0	325
8524.90	Recorded media for sound or other similarly recorded phenomena	644	13	429
2941.90	Antibiotics, nesi	531	0	0
8421.21	Machinery and apparatus for filtering or purifying water	493	0	309
4911.99	Printed matter, nesi	476	0	16
	Total	35,394	2,524	15,381
	Total, U.S. exports to Czechoslovakia	58,611	14,566	28,554

Note.—Because of rounding, figures may not add to the totals shown.

Source: Compiled from official statistics of the U.S. Department of Commerce.

Table C-20

Leading Items Imported from Czechoslovakia, by HTS subheadings, January-June 1991, April-June 1990, and April-June 1991

HTS subheading	Description	Jan. - June	April - June—	
		1991	1990	1991
		1,000 dollars	1,000 dollars	1,000 dollars
1210.10	Hop cones, fresh or dried, neither ground, powdered nor in the form of pellets	\$5,198	\$973	\$2,408
7018.10	Glass beads, imitation pearls, imitation precious or semiprecious stones and similar glass smallwares	3,845	782	2,124
6403.91	Footwear, covering the ankles, with outer soles of rubber, plastics or composition leather and uppers of leather	3,529	586	2,297
8701.90	Tractors (other than tractors of heading 8709), nesi	2,831	2,777	1,791
7013.31	Glassware of a kind used for table (other than drinking glasses), or kitchen purposes of lead crystal	1,711	97	1,467
4011.20	New pneumatic tires, of rubber, of a kind used on buses or trucks	1,571	1,055	716
6403.19	Sports footwear with outer soles of rubber, plastics, leather or composition leather & uppers of leather, excl. ski- & cross-country ski footwear	1,445	11	762
2309.90	Preparations of a kind used in animal feeding (excluding dog or cat food put up for retail sale)	1,233	442	622
4011.10	New pneumatic tires, of rubber, of a kind used on motor cars (including station wagons and racing cars)	1,118	244	686
7013.29	Drinking glasses other than of glass- ceramics or of lead crystal	997	692	410
7304.20	Seamless casing, tubing and drill pipe, of a kind used in the drilling for oil or gas, of iron (other than cast iron) or steel	989	42	330
1602.41	Prepared or preserved hams and cuts thereof, of swine	987	557	519
6403.99	Footwear not covering the ankles, with outer soles of rubber or plastics or composition leather and uppers of leather ..	947	618	356
7208.42	Flat-rolled iron or nonalloy steel products nesi, not in coils, 600 mm or more wide, hot-rolled, not clad, plated or coated, over 10 mm thick	945	0	552
6203.12	Men's or boys' suits, of synthetic fibers, knitted or crocheted	920	0	217
7018.90	Articles of glass beads, imitation pearls precious or semiprecious stones, excl. jewelry, glass eyes nesi; statuettes & ornaments of lamp -worked glass, nesi	870	37	754
6203.11	Men's or boys' suits, of wool or fine animal hair, knitted or crocheted	816	270	540
8443.19	Offset printing machinery other than reel-fed or sheet-fed, office type	786	531	307
5112.19	Woven fabrics of combed wool or fine animal hair, containing 85% or more by weight of wool or fine animal hair, weight over 200 g/m 2	786	39	630
9401.69	Seats with wooden frames, not upholstered... ..	756	204	331
	Total	32,280	9,956	17,820
	Total, U.S. imports from Czechoslovakia.	59,894	16,179	33,366

Note.—Because of rounding, figures may not add to the totals shown.

Source: Compiled from official statistics of the U.S. Department of Commerce.

Table C-21

Leading Items exported to Hungary, by Schedule B subheadings, January-June 1991, April-June 1990, and April-June 1991

Schedule B subheading	Description	Jan.-June	April-June—	
		1991	1990	1991
		1,000 dollars	1,000 dollars	1,000 dollars
8802.40	Airplanes and other aircraft, of an unladen weight exceeding 15000 kg	\$88,963	0	\$88,963
8424.81	Agricultural or horticultural mechanical appliances	4,659	1,109	4,659
0712.90	Dried vegetables, nesi, and dried mixtures of vegetables, whole, cut, sliced, broken or in powder, but not further prepared	4,293	94	56
1005.10	Seed corn (maize)	3,529	1,299	36
8407.90	Spark-ignition reciprocating or rotary internal combustion piston engines, nesi	2,723	482	961
7002.39	Glass tubes, unworked, nesi	2,139	1,127	1,628
8708.60	Non-driving axles and parts thereof of the motor-vehicles of headings 8701 to 8705	1,901	1,191	1,095
8701.90	Tractors (other than tractors of heading 8709), nesi	1,765	118	291
8524.90	Recorded media for sound or other similarly recorded phenomena	1,670	536	725
9018.19	Electro-diagnostic apparatus, parts and accessories thereof, excluding electrocardiographs, parts and accessories thereof	1,490	20	849
8802.11	Helicopters, of an unladen weight not exceeding 2,000 kg	1,396	0	1,396
3402.20	Surface-active preparations put up for retail sale	1,328	0	489
0105.11	Live chickens weighing not over 185 g each	1,322	0	0
8703.23	Passenger motor vehicles with spark-ignition internal-combustion reciprocating piston engine, over 1,500 but n/o 3,000 cc	1,197	177	676
3919.10	Self-adhesive flat shapes of plastic in rolls of a width not exceeding 20 cm	1,181	127	463
8473.30	Parts and accessories of the machines of heading 8471	1,116	128	619
3402.90	Washing and cleaning preparations, whether or not containing soap, nesi	1,051	21	426
2403.10	Smoking tobacco, whether or not containing tobacco substitutes in any proportion	799	0	415
4911.91	Printed pictures, designs and photographs	790	0	490
8526.91	Radio navigational aid apparatus	753	0	750
	Total	124,061	6,428	104,987
	Total, U.S. exports to Hungary	168,555	39,290	129,174

Note.—Because of rounding, figures may not add to the totals shown.

Source: Compiled from official statistics of the U.S. Department of Commerce.

Table C-22

Leading Items Imported from Hungary, by HTS subheadings, January-June 1991, April-June 1990, and April-June 1991

HTS subheading	Description	Jan.-June	April-June—	
		1991	1990	1991
		1,000 dollars	1,000 dollars	1,000 dollars
1602.41	Prepared or preserved hams and cuts thereof, of swine	\$13,912	\$5,708	\$6,791
2009.70	Apple juice, unfermented and not containing added spirit	11,647	3,655	2,006
8708.60	Non-driving axles and parts thereof of the motor-vehicles of headings 8701 to 8705	9,233	4,737	3,470
8708.50	Drive axles with differential, whether or not provided with other transmission components of the motor-vehicles of headings 8701 to 8705	8,558	7,563	2,198
6403.99	Footwear not covering the ankles, with outer soles of rubber or plastics or composition leather and uppers of leather	7,973	6,111	3,140
8708.99	Parts and accessories, nesi, of the motor-vehicles of headings 8701 to 8705	7,414	539	3,649
8539.22	Electrical filament lamps, excluding tungsten halogen lamps, nesi, of a power not exceeding 200 W and for a voltage exceeding 100 V	7,051	827	3,772
1602.42	Prepared or preserved shoulders and cuts thereof, of swine	5,641	2,066	2,965
9701.10	Paintings, drawings and pastels, executed entirely by hand, framed or not framed	5,638	106	49
4011.20	New pneumatic tires, of rubber, of a kind used on buses or trucks	4,532	2,978	2,202
3501.10	Casein.	3,549	223	2,265
8712.00	Bicycles and other cycles (including delivery tricycles), not motorized	3,473	21	2,106
8707.90	Bodies (including cabs), for the vehicles of headings of 8701, 8702, 8704 and 8705	3,168	1,332	1,468
7409.21	Strip of copper-zinc base alloys (brass), in coils	2,872	1,540	1,573
1602.49	Prepared or preserved cuts of swine, including mixtures, nesi; swine meat offal	2,387	752	1,427
7606.92	Plates, sheets and strips, of a thickness exceeding 0.2 mm (excluding rectangular), of aluminum alloys	2,061	793	87
2941.90	Antibiotics, nesi	1,907	623	750
0406.90	Cheese, nesi	1,733	1,058	756
8708.39	Brakes and servo-brakes and parts thereof of the motor vehicles of headings 8701 to 8705	1,601	350	999
6206.30	Women's or girls' blouses, shirts and shirt-blouses, not knitted or crocheted, of cotton	1,552	0	934
	Total	105,904	40,981	42,605
	Total, U.S. imports from Hungary	177,958	79,589	77,760

Note.—Because of rounding, figures may not add to the totals shown.

Source: Compiled from official statistics of the U.S. Department of Commerce.

Table C-23

Leading items exported to Laos, by Schedule B subheadings, January-June 1991, April-June 1990, and April-June 1991

Schedule B subheading	Description	Jan.-June	April-June—	
		1991	1990	1991
		1,000 dollars	1,000 dollars	1,000 dollars
2939.30	Caffeine and its salts	\$321	0	\$321
4011.20	New pneumatic tires, of rubber, of a kind used on buses or trucks	51	0	51
9006.91	Parts and accessories for photo- graphic cameras	21	0	0
8471.91	Digital processing units which may contain in the same housing one or two storage units, input units or output units	21	0	0
8436.80	Agricultural, horticultural, forestry or bee-keeping machinery, nesi	15	0	0
3915.90	Waste, parings and scrap, of plastics, nesi	1	0	12
9018.49	Instruments and appliances used in dental sciences, nesi, and parts and accessories thereof	10	0	0
8467.89	Tools for working in the hand, with self-contained nonelectric motor, nesi	8	0	8
8544.49	Insulated electric conductors, nesi, for a voltage not exceeding 80 V, not fitted with connectors	7	0	7
8467.92	Parts of pneumatic tools	6	0	6
3402.12	Cationic surface-active agents	6	0	0
5408.24	Woven fabrics containing 85 percent or more by weight of artificial filament or strip or the like, printed	3	0	3
	Total	481	0	408
	Total, U.S. exports to Laos	785	8	412

Note.—Because of rounding, figures may not add to the totals shown.

Source: Compiled from official statistics of the U.S. Department of Commerce.

Table C-24

Leading Items Imported from Laos, by HTS subheadings, January-June 1991, April-June 1990, and April-June 1991

HTS subheading	Description	Jan. June	April-June—	
		1991	1990	1991
		1,000 dollars	1,000 dollars	1,000 dollars
7113.19	Articles of jewelry and parts thereof, of precious metal, (excluding silver)	\$912	0	\$912
4107.90	Leather of animals nesi, without hair on, other than chamois, patent or metallized leather	240	41	93
6205.20	Men's or boys' shirts, not knitted or crocheted, of cotton	110	0	110
4602.10	Basketwork, wickerwork and other articles made directly to shape of vegetable plaiting materials, nesi	8	0	8
8473.30	Parts and accessories of the machines of heading 8471	7	0	7
4601.91	Plaits and similar products of vegetable materials, nesi	3	0	3
4107.29	Leather of reptiles, other than vegetable pretanned	1	0	1
6302.60	Toilet linen and kitchen linen, of terry toweling or similar terry fabrics, of cotton	1	0	1
6211.42	Women's or girls' track suits or other garments, not knitted or crocheted, nesi, of cotton	(¹)	0	(¹)
	Total	1,284	41	1,137
	Total, U.S. imports from Laos	1,421	44	1,274

¹ Trade less than \$500.

Note.—Because of rounding, figures may not add to the totals shown.

Source: Compiled from official statistics of the U.S. Department of Commerce.

Table C-25

Leading items exported to Mongolia, by Schedule B subheadings, January-June 1991, April-June 1990, and April-June 1991

Schedule B subheading	Description	Jan. June	April-June—	
		1991	1990	1991
		1,000 dollars	1,000 dollars	1,000 dollars
1001.90	Wheat and meslin, excluding durum wheat	\$3,621	0	\$3,621
9015.90	Parts and accessories for surveying, hydrographic, oceanographic, hydro- logical, meteorological or geophysical instruments and appliances	2,819	0	2,819
8705.90	Special purpose motor vehicles nesi, other than those designed primarily for the transport of persons or goods	2,343	0	2,343
8705.10	Special purpose motor vehicles, mobile cranes	786	0	786
8716.10	Trailers and semi-trailers for housing or camping, not mechanically pro- pelled.	659	0	659
8701.20	Road tractors for semi-trailers	519	0	519
8415.82	Air conditioning machines incorpo- rating a refrigerating unit, nesi	344	0	0
8705.20	Special purpose motor vehicles, mobile drilling derricks	249	0	249
8429.19	Self-propelled bulldozers and angledozers other than for track laying	203	0	203
8716.31	Tanker trailers and tanker semi- trailers, not mechanically propelled	183	0	183
8429.20	Self-propelled graders and levelers	147	0	147
8716.39	Trailers and semi-trailers for the transport of goods, not mechani- cally propelled, nesi	107	0	107
8413.91	Parts of pumps for liquids	70	0	0
8704.90	Motor vehicles for transporting goods, nesi	66	0	66
8543.20	Electrical signal generators	32	0	32
8473.30	Parts and accessories of the machines of heading 8471	20	0	20
9030.10	Instruments and apparatus for measuring or detecting ionizing radiations	14	0	14
8419.20	Medical, surgical or laboratory sterilizers	9	0	9
3821.00	Prepared culture media for develop- ment of microorganisms	9	0	0
9030.20	Cathode-ray oscilloscopes and cathode-ray oscillographs	7	0	7
	Total	12,208	0	11,784
	Total, U.S. exports to Mongolia	12,215	0	11,789

Note.—Because of rounding, figures may not add to the totals shown.

Source: Compiled from official statistics of the U.S. Department of Commerce.

Table C-26

Leading Items Imported from Mongolia, by HTS subheadings, January-June 1991, April-June 1990, and April-June 1991

HTS subheading	Description	Jan. June 1991	April-June—	
			1990	1991
		1,000 dollars	1,000 dollars	1,000 dollars
5102.10	Fine animal hair, not carded or combed	\$173	\$398	\$38
9704.00	Used postage or revenue stamps, stamp-postmarks, first-day covers, postal stationery and the like, or certain unused issue of same	11	0	0
4203.10	Articles of apparel of leather or of composition leather	1	0	1
	Total	185	398	39
	Total, U.S. imports from Mongolia	185	427	39

Note.—Because of rounding, figures may not add to the totals shown.

Source: Compiled from official statistics of the U.S. Department of Commerce.

Table C-27

Leading items exported to North Korea, by Schedule B subheadings, January-June 1991, April-June 1990, and April-June 1991

Schedule B subheading	Description	Jan.-June 1991	April-June—	
			1990	1991
		1,000 dollars	1,000 dollars	1,000 dollars
3906.90	Acrylic polymers in primary forms, nesi	\$36	0	\$36
8474.90	Parts for the machinery of heading 8474	24	0	0
6909.19	Ceramic wares for laboratory, chemical or other technical uses other than of porcelain or china	22	0	0
4407.99	Nonconiferous woods, nesi, sawn or chipped lengthwise, sliced or peeled, over 6 mm thick	18	0	0
	Total	100	0	36
	Total, U.S. exports to North Korea	100	0	36

Note.—Because of rounding, figures may not add to the totals shown.

Source: Compiled from official statistics of the U.S. Department of Commerce.

Table C-28

Leading Items Imported from North Korea, by HTS subheadings, January-June 1991, April-June 1990, and April-June 1991

<i>HTS subheading</i>	<i>Description</i>	<i>Jan.-June 1991</i>	<i>April-June—</i>	
			<i>1990</i>	<i>1991</i>
		<i>1,000 dollars</i>	<i>1,000 dollars</i>	<i>1,000 dollars</i>
	Total, U.S. imports from North Korea	0	0	0

Source: Compiled from official statistics of the U.S. Department of Commerce.

Table C-29

Leading Items exported to Poland, by Schedule B subheadings, January-June 1991, April-June 1990, and April-June 1991

Schedule B subheading	Description	Jan. June	April-June—	
		1991	1990	1991
		1,000 dollars	1,000 dollars	1,000 dollars
8703.23	Passenger motor vehicles with spark-ignition internal-combustion reciprocating piston engine, over 1,500 but n/o 3,000 cc	\$15,094	\$95	\$10,798
5201.00	Cotton, not carded or combed	8,648	4,926	3,882
8802.12	Helicopters, of an unladen weight exceeding 2,000 kg	5,057	0	5,057
8517.90	Parts of telephonic or telegraphic apparatus	4,309	0	1,862
8471.92	Automatic data processing machines with or without input or output units or containing storage units in the same housing.	3,986	280	1,073
8708.99	Parts and accessories, nesi, of the motor-vehicles of headings 8701 to 8705	3,984	2,779	2,598
1006.30	Semi-milled or wholly milled rice, whether or not polished or glazed	2,877	0	1,780
2401.10	Tobacco, not stemmed/stripped	2,818	0	830
8471.20	Digital automatic data processing machines, containing in the same housing at least a central processing unit and an input and output unit	2,758	176	1,574
1005.90	Corn (maize) excluding seed	2,597	17,810	39
8471.91	Digital processing units which may contain in the same housing one or two storage units, input units or output units	2,561	295	1,250
5208.12	Plain weave fabrics of unbleached cotton, containing 85% or more by weight of cotton and weighing more than 100 g/m2	2,532	209	559
5506.30	Synthetic staple fibers, carded, combed or otherwise processed for spinning, of acrylic or modacrylic	2,494	196	294
8703.24	Passenger motor vehicles with spark-ignition internal-combustion reciprocating piston engine, cylinder capacity over 3,000 cc.	2,168	28	1,663
2403.10	Smoking tobacco, whether or not containing tobacco substitutes in any proportion	2,072	1,577	0
8703.90	Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport of persons, nesi	2,053	55	1,795
9705.00	Collections and collectors' pieces of zoological, botanical, mineralogical, anatomical, historical, archaeological etc. interest	1,977	37	0
8471.99	Units of automatic data processing machines, nesi	1,922	4	1,062
8517.82	Electrical telegraphic apparatus, nesi	1,657	0	1,353
8704.31	Motor vehicles for transporting goods, with spark-ignition internal-combustion piston engine, G.V.W. not exceeding 5 m tons.	1,639	0	1,394
	Total	73,203	28,466	38,864
	Total, U.S. exports to Poland	222,857	76,702	127,223

Note.—Because of rounding, figures may not add to the totals shown.

Source: Compiled from official statistics of the U.S. Department of Commerce.

Table C-30

Leading Items Imported from Poland, by HTS subheadings, January-June 1991, April-June 1990, and April-June 1991

HTS subheading	Description	Jan. June 1991	April-June—	
			1990	1991
		1,000 dollars	1,000 dollars	1,000 dollars
1602.41	Prepared or preserved hams and cuts thereof, of swine	\$17,140	\$13,531	\$7,651
8701.30	Track-laying tractors (other than tractors of heading 8709)	6,920	5,554	5,521
8539.22	Electrical filament lamps, excluding tungsten halogen lamps, nesi, of a power not exceeding 200 W and for a voltage exceeding 100 V	6,058	3,074	2,677
7208.42	Flat-rolled iron or nonalloy steel products nesi, not in coils, 600 mm or more wide, hot-rolled, not clad, plated or coated, over 10 mm thick	5,196	244	3,953
0304.20	Frozen fish fillets (whether or not minced)	5,044	1,978	3,854
7216.31	U sections of iron or nonalloy steel, not further worked than hot-rolled, hot-drawn or extruded, height of 80 mm or more	4,635	0	2,397
2009.70	Apple juice, unfermented and not containing added spirit	4,533	787	1,292
1703.90	Molasses, other than cane molasses	4,214	0	2,403
7407.21	Bars, rods and profiles of copper-zinc base alloys (brass)	3,691	2,301	1,321
5309.11	Woven fabrics of flax, containing 85 percent or more by weight of flax, unbleached or bleached	3,322	1,153	1,774
3501.10	Casein.	2,837	3,044	1,183
7013.91	Glassware of a kind used for table, kitchen, toilet, office, indoor decoration or similar purposes, of lead crystal, nesi	2,813	1,454	1,397
7409.21	Strip of copper-zinc base alloys (brass), in coils	2,627	139	1,407
8701.90	Tractors (other than tractors of heading 8709), nesi	2,551	3,253	1,406
7013.31	Glassware of a kind used for table (other than drinking glasses), or kitchen purposes of lead crystal	2,532	1,319	1,412
8458.19	Horizontal lathes for removing metal, other than numerically controlled	2,428	1,751	1,354
8466.20	Work holders suitable for use solely or principally with the machines of headings 8456-8465	2,401	870	1,020
9403.60	Wooden furniture, other than of a kind used in the bedroom	2,252	886	1,093
1703.10	Cane molasses	2,185	827	671
6110.20	Sweaters, pullovers, sweatshirts, waistcoats (vests) and similar articles, knitted or crocheted, of cotton	2,027	1,131	523
	Total	85,406	43,296	44,309
	Total, U.S. imports from Poland	171,279	96,364	89,947

Note.—Because of rounding, figures may not add to the totals shown.

Source: Compiled from official statistics of the U.S. Department of Commerce.

Table C-31

Leading items exported to Romania, by Schedule B subheadings, January-June 1991, April-June 1990, and April-June 1991

Schedule B subheading	Description	Jan. - June	April-June—	
		1991	1990	1991
		1,000 dollars	1,000 dollars	1,000 dollars
2701.12	Bituminous coal, whether or not pulverized, but not agglomerated	\$37,620	\$47,310	\$12,222
1201.00	Soybeans, whether or not broken	27,899	0	13,650
1005.10	Seed corn (maize)	9,633	749	2,000
2503.10	Crude or unrefined sulfur	2,378	0	2,378
2802.00	Sulfur, sublimed or precipitated; colloidal sulfur	2,350	0	2,350
4407.91	Oak wood, sawn or chipped lengthwise, sliced or peeled, over 6 mm thick	2,157	2,251	0
4703.21	Chemical woodpulp, soda or sulfate, other than dissolving grades, of semibleached or bleached coniferous wood	2,155	1,425	1,922
4701.00	Mechanical woodpulp	1,559	0	0
8473.30	Parts and accessories of the machines of heading 8471	1,333	95	1,096
8471.91	Digital processing units which may contain in the same housing one or two storage units, input units or output units	1,247	24	808
8464.90	Machine tools for working stone, ceramics, concrete, asbestos-cement or like mineral materials, or for cold working glass, nesi	1,244	0	1,244
8525.20	Transmission apparatus incorporating reception apparatus	1,213	0	730
4702.00	Chemical woodpulp, dissolving grades	1,055	0	1,055
8473.29	Parts and accessories of machines of heading 8470, other than electronic calculating machines of subheading 847010, 847021 or 847029	861	0	861
3815.19	Supported catalysts other than with nickel or precious metal or their compounds as the active substance... ..	795	308	73
8471.93	Storage units of automatic data processing machines, whether or not entered with the rest of a system	656	8	310
8460.29	Grinding machines nesi, for finishing metal, in which any one axis can be set to an accuracy of at least 0.01 mm, nesi	626	0	451
8471.92	Automatic data processing machines with or without input or output units or containing storage units in the same housing	526	8	135
8471.20	Digital automatic data processing machines, containing in the same housing at least a central processing unit and an input and output unit	521	55	231
8514.90	Parts of industrial or laboratory electric furnaces and ovens and other industrial or laboratory induction or dielectric heating equipment	518	86	0
	Total	96,346	52,319	41,515
	Total, U.S. exports to Romania	110,266	128,931	50,924

Note.—Because of rounding, figures may not add to the totals shown.

Source: Compiled from official statistics of the U.S. Department of Commerce.

Table C-32

Leading Items Imported from Romania, by HTS subheadings, January-June 1991, April-June 1990, and April-June 1991

HTS subheading	Description	Jan. June 1991	April-June—	
			1990	1991
		1,000 dollars	1,000 dollars	1,000 dollars
7306.30	Tubes, pipes and hollow profiles, nesi, welded, of circular cross section, of iron or nonalloy steel	\$3,801	\$2,405	\$1,511
7208.42	Flat-rolled iron or nonalloy steel products nesi, not in coils, 600 mm or more wide, hot-rolled, not clad, plated or coated, over 10 mm thick	3,092	435	347
7208.43	Flat-rolled iron or nonalloy steel products nesi, not in coils, 600 mm or more wide, hot-rolled, not clad, plated or coated, 4.75 mm but n/o 10 mm thick	2,770	273	230
8701.90	Tractors (other than tractors of heading 8709), nesi	2,389	1,724	1,328
6203.12	Men's or boys' suits, of synthetic fibers, knitted or crocheted	1,657	69	289
6403.91	Footwear, covering the ankles, with outer soles of rubber, plastics or composition leather and of leather	1,654	4,268	388
4202.11	Trunks, suitcases, vanity cases, attache cases, etc. and similar containers, with outer surface of leather, composition or patent leather	1,234	1,529	650
7208.32	Flat-rolled high-strength nonalloy steel products nesi, not in coils, 600 mm or more wide, hot-rolled, not clad, plated or coated, over 10 mm thick	1,103	0	0
7304.20	Seamless casing, tubing and drill pipe, of a kind used in the drilling for oil or gas, of iron (other than cast iron) or steel	897	0	570
8481.80	Taps, cocks, valves, and similar appliances, nesi, for pipes, boiler shells, tanks, vats or the like	885	665	431
6204.69	Women's or girls' trousers, bib and brace overalls, breeches and shorts, not knitted or crocheted, of textile materials, nesi	829	230	184
5701.10	Carpets and other textile floor coverings, of wool or fine animal hair, knotted	751	293	322
9401.69	Seats with wooden frames, not upholstered ...	721	568	284
6204.39	Women's or girls' suit-type jackets and blazers, not knitted or crocheted, of textile materials, nesi	692	286	324
7013.29	Drinking glasses other than of glass-ceramics or of lead crystal	683	572	351
7013.39	Glassware of a kind used for table or kitchen purposes, nesi	668	524	304
9202.10	String musical instruments played with a bow	616	331	417
6403.99	Footwear not covering the ankles, with outer soles of rubber or plastics or composition leather and uppers of leather	561	700	479
2204.21	Wine (excluding sparkling wine); grape must with fermentation prevented or arrested by the addition of alcohol, in containers of 2 liters or less	539	396	323

See note at end of table.

Table C-32—Continued

Leading Items Imported from Romania, by HTS Subheadings, January-June 1991, April-June 1990, and April-June 1991

HTS subheading	Description	Jan.-June 1991	April-June—	
			1990	1991
		1,000 dollars	1,000 dollars	1,000 dollars
7208.33	Flat-rolled products of high-strength steel, not in coils, 600 mm or more wide, 4.75 mm but n/o 10 mm thick, hot-rolled, not clad, plated or coated.	530	0	0
	Total	26,074	15,268	8,732
	Total, U.S. imports from Romania	37,981	66,572	14,413

Note.—Because of rounding, figures may not add to the totals shown.

Source: Compiled from official statistics of the U.S. Department of Commerce.

Table C-33

Leading items exported to Vietnam, by Schedule B subheadings, January-June 1991, April-June 1990, and April-June 1991

Schedule B subheading	Description	Jan.-June 1991	April-June—	
			1990	1991
		1,000 dollars	1,000 dollars	1,000 dollars
9027.90	Microtomes; parts and accessories	\$31	0	\$31
8529.90	Parts suitable for use solely or principally with the apparatus of headings 8525 to 8528, excluding antennas and antenna reflectors of all kinds	20	257	0
8436.80	Agricultural, horticultural, forestry or bee-keeping machinery, nesi.	9	0	0
8436.99	Parts for agricultural, horticultural, forestry or bee-keeping machinery, nesi	8	0	5
3004.40	Medicaments cont. alkaloids or derivatives, but not products of heading 2937 or antibiotics, in dosage form or packed for retail sale	6	0	0
3004.50	Medicaments containing vitamins or other products of heading 2936.	5	0	0
9016.00	Balances of a sensitivity of a 5 cg or better, with or without weights; parts and accessories thereof	4	0	0
3923.50	Stoppers, lids, caps and other closures, of plastics	3	0	3
9029.10	Revolution counters, production counters, taximeters, odometers, pedometers and the like	3	5	0
9030.39	Instruments and apparatus nesi, for measuring or checking electrical voltage, current, resistance or power, without a recording device	3	0	3
	Total	92	262	42
	Total, U.S. exports to Vietnam	2,290	3,739	1,510

Note.—Because of rounding, figures may not add to the totals shown.

Source: Compiled from official statistics of the U.S. Department of Commerce.

Table C-34

Leading Items Imported from Vietnam, by HTS subheadings, January-June 1991, April-June 1990, and April-June 1991.

<i>HTS subheading</i>	<i>Description</i>	<i>Jan. June 1991</i>	<i>April-June—</i>	
			<i>1990</i>	<i>1991</i>
		<i>1,000 dollars</i>	<i>1,000 dollars</i>	<i>1,000 dollars</i>
	Total, U.S. imports from Vietnam	0	0	0

Source: Compiled from official statistics of the U.S. Department of Commerce.

APPENDIX D
OFFICIAL SCHEDULE B AND HTS SECTION TITLES
AND RELATED CHAPTERS

<i>Section no.</i>	<i>Section title</i>	<i>Chapters</i>
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2	Vegetable products	06-14
3	Animal or vegetable fats and oils and their cleavage products; prepared edible fats; animal or vegetable waxes	15
4	Prepared foodstuffs; beverages, spirits and vinegar; tobacco and manufactured tobacco substitutes	16-24
5	Mineral products	25-27
6	Products of the chemical or allied industries	28-38
7	Plastics and articles thereof; rubber and articles thereof	39-40
8	Raw hides and skins, leather, furskins and articles thereof; saddlery and harness; travel goods, handbags and similar containers; articles of animal gut (other than silkworm gut)	41-43
9	Wood and articles of wood; wood charcoal; cork and articles of cork; manufactures of straw, of esparto or of other plaiting materials; basketware and wickerwork	44-46
10	Pulp of wood or of other fibrous cellulosic material; waste and scrap of paper or paperboard; paper and paperboard and articles thereof	47-49
11	Textiles and textile articles	50-63
12	Footwear, headgear, umbrellas, sun umbrellas, walking sticks, seatsticks, whips, riding crops and parts thereof; prepared feathers and articles made therewith; artificial flowers; articles of human hair	64-67
13	Articles of stone, plaster, cement, asbestos, mica or similar materials; ceramic products; glass and glassware	68-70
14	Natural or cultured pearls, precious or semi-precious stones, precious metals, metals clad with precious metal, and articles thereof; imitation jewelry; coin	71
15	Base metals and articles of base metal	72-83 ¹
16	Machinery and mechanical appliances; electrical equipment; parts thereof; sound recorders and reproducers, television image and sound recorders and reproducers, and parts and accessories of such articles	84-85
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19	Arms and ammunition; parts and accessories thereof	93
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21	Works of art, collectors' pieces and antiques	97
22	Special classification provisions	98-99 ²

¹ Chapter 77 was reserved for possible future use.

² Chapter 99, which covers provisions of a temporary nature, such as articles temporarily subject to additional tariff duties or other import restrictions, appears only in the Harmonized Tariff Schedule.

GLOSSARY

<i>Abbreviation</i>	<i>Full wording</i>
BXA	Bureau of Export Administration (U.S. Department of Commerce)
CCC	Commodity Credit Corporation (U.S. Department of Agriculture)
CCL	Commodity Control List
CIA	Central Intelligence Agency
CMEA	Council for Mutual Economic Assistance
COCOM	Coordinating Committee for Multilateral Export Controls
CPE	Centrally planned economy
EC	European Community
EEP	Export Enhancement Program (U.S. Department of Agriculture)
EXIMBANK	Export-Import Bank of the United States
FAO	Food and Agricultural Organization (United Nations)
GATT	General Agreement on Tariffs and Trade
GNP	Gross National Product
GSP	Generalized System of Preferences
HS	Harmonized Commodity Description and Coding System, or Harmonized System
	The HS is arranged as follows:
	Sections, which are divided into
	Chapters (2-digit numbers), which are divided into
	Headings (4-digit numbers), which are divided into
	Subheadings (6-digit numbers)
HTS	Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States
IAEA	International Atomic Energy Agency
IMF	International Monetary Fund
LTFV	Less than fair value
MFA	Multifiber Arrangement
MFN	Most-favored-nation
NMEs	Nonmarket economy countries
OECD	Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development
SDR	Special Drawing Rights
SIC	Standard Industrial Classification
	MSIC: SIC-based import product groupings
	OSIC: SIC-based domestic manufactured output categories
SITC	Standard International Trade Classification
TSUSA	Tariff Schedules of the United States Annotated
USC	United States Code
USDA	U.S. Department of Agriculture
USITC	U.S. International Trade Commission

See following page for abbreviations frequently used in the tables.

<i>Abbreviation</i>	<i>Full wording</i>
cc	Cubic centimeters
cm	Centimeters
fbr m	Fiber meter
GVM	Gross vehicle weight
kg	Kilograms
kN	Kilonewtons
kW	Kilowatts
kWH	Kilowatt-hours
kVA	kilovolt-amperes
m	Meters
m ²	Square meters
mm	Millimeters
nesi (or)	
nesoi	Not elsewhere specified or included
nm	Number of 1000 meterlengths of (textile) yarn in one kilogram
pcs.	Pieces
mt	Metric ton(s)
V	Volts
vol	Volume
W	Watts
wt	Weight

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- (1) summary of developments in U.S.-NME trade during that calendar quarter and cumulatively during that year, with the summary of the fourth quarter as an annual review;
- (2) summary tables and figures depicting changes in the value of U.S.-NME trade, total and by individual country, and individual country shares of this trade during or through that calendar quarter;
- (3) a series of tables describing the major commodity groups and leading items in trade between the United States and each of the NME countries during or through that calendar quarter, by SITC sections and by Schedule B Nos. (exports) and TSUSA items (imports) through the *57th Quarterly Report* and by Harmonized System-based (HS-based) sections and by HS-based Schedule B and Harmonized Tariff Schedule (HTS) subheadings beginning with the *58th Quarterly Report*.

Other subjects covered periodically or on an irregular basis are listed below. All page numbers refer to the official USITC publication.

Beginning with the *54th Quarterly Report*, the coverage of this index was reduced. The subjects now listed are from reports covering only the previous 5 calendar years plus those covering the current calendar year. Information on subjects covered in earlier reports may be obtained from the USITC, Office of Economics, Trade Reports Division: (202) 205-3255.

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