

**34TH QUARTERLY REPORT TO THE CONGRESS
AND THE TRADE POLICY COMMITTEE
ON TRADE BETWEEN THE
UNITED STATES AND THE
NONMARKET ECONOMY
COUNTRIES DURING
JANUARY - MARCH
1983**

USITC PUBLICATION 1399

JUNE 1983

United States International Trade Commission / Washington, D.C. 20436



UNITED STATES INTERNATIONAL TRADE COMMISSION

COMMISSIONERS

Alfred E. Eckes, Chairman

Paula Stern

Veronica A. Haggart

Kenneth R. Mason, Secretary to the Commission

Report prepared by:

**Office of Economics
Trade Reports Division
Magdolna Kornis**

Statistical tables prepared by:

**Statistical Services Division and
Automated Data Systems Division,
Office of Data Systems**

**Address all communications to
Office of the Secretary
United States International Trade Commission
Washington, D.C. 20436**

C O N T E N T S

	<u>Page</u>
Introduction-----	1
Summary of first-quarter trade developments-----	3
First-quarter developments in trade between the United States and the nonmarket economy countries-----	5
U.S. exports-----	7
Food and live animals-----	13
Machinery and transportation equipment-----	15
Chemicals-----	19
Crude materials-----	20
Other export developments-----	21
U.S. imports-----	22
Miscellaneous manufactured articles-----	26
Manufactured goods classified by chief material-----	29
Mineral fuels and lubricants-----	32
Food and live animals-----	33
Chemicals-----	33
Appendix A. U.S. trade with the nonmarket economy countries by major SITC sections-----	35
Appendix B. Leading U.S. imports and exports in trade with the nonmarket economy countries-----	51
Glossary-----	84
Index-----	85

Figures

1. U.S. exports to the nonmarket economy countries (NME's), China, and the U.S.S.R., by quarters, 1980-83-----	10
2. Relative shares of U.S. exports to the nonmarket economy countries, 1982 and January-March 1983-----	11
3. U.S. imports from the nonmarket economy countries (NME's), China, and the U.S.S.R., by quarters, 1980-83-----	24
4. Relative shares of U.S. imports from the nonmarket economy countries, 1982 and January-March 1983-----	25

Tables

1. U.S. trade with the world and with the nonmarket economy countries (NME's), by quarters, January 1982-March 1983-----	6
2. U.S. exports to the individual nonmarket economy countries and to the world, 1981-82, January-March 1982, and January-March 1983-----	8
3. U.S. exports to the world and to the nonmarket economy countries (NME's), by SITC Sections, January-March 1982 and January-March 1983-----	12
4. U.S. export to the nonmarket economy countries (NME's) by SITC Sections, January-March 1983-----	14

C O N T E N T S

	<u>Page</u>
5. 20 U.S. export items to the nonmarket economy countries (NME's) which changed substantially, by Schedule B numbers, January-March 1982 and January-March 1983-----	16
6. 20 U.S. exports items for which the nonmarket economy countries (NME's) collectively accounted for the largest market share in 1982, by Schedule B numbers, January-March 1982 and January-March 1983-----	17
7. U.S. imports from the individual nonmarket economy countries and from the world, 1981-82, January-March 1982, and January-March 1983-----	23
8. U.S. import from the world and from the nonmarket economy countries (NME's), by SITC Sections, January-March 1982 and January-March 1983-----	27
9. U.S. import from the nonmarket economy countries (NME's), by SITC Sections, January-March 1983-----	28
10. 20 U.S. import items from the nonmarket economy countries (NME's) which changed substantially, by TSUSA numbers, January-March 1982, and January-March 1983-----	30
11. 20 U.S. import items for which the nonmarket economy countries (NME's) collectively accounted for the largest market share in 1983, by TSUSA items, January-March 1982, and January-March 1983-----	31
A-1. U.S. trade with all nonmarket economy countries, by SITC Sections, 1982, January-March 1982, and January-March 1983-----	36
A-2. U.S. trade with China, by SITC Sections, 1982, January-March 1982, and January-March 1983-----	37
A-3. U.S. trade with the U.S.S.R., by SITC Sections, 1982, January-March 1982, and January-March 1983-----	38
A-4. U.S. trade with Eastern Europe, by SITC Sections, 1982, January-March 1982, and January-March 1983-----	39
A-5. U.S. trade with Albania, by SITC Sections, 1982, January-March 1982, and January-March 1983-----	40
A-6. U.S. trade with Bulgaria, by SITC Section, 1982, January-March 1982, and January-March 1983-----	41
A-7. U.S. trade with Cuba, by SITC Sections, 1982, January-March 1982, and January-March 1983-----	42
A-8. U.S. trade with Czechoslovakia, by SITC Sections, 1982, January-March 1982, and January-March 1983-----	43
A-9. U.S. trade with East Germany, by SITC Sections, 1982, January-March 1982, and January-March 1983-----	44
A-10. U.S. trade with Hungary, by SITC Sections, 1982, January-March 1982, and January-March 1983-----	45
A-11. U.S. trade with North Korea, by SITC Sections, 1982, January-March 1982, and January-March 1983-----	46
A-12. U.S. trade with Mongolia, by SITC Sections, 1982, January-March 1982, and January-March 1983-----	47
A-13. U.S. trade with Poland, by SITC Sections, 1982, January-March 1982, and January-March 1983-----	48

CONTENTS

	<u>Page</u>
A-14. U.S. trade with Romania, by SITC Sections, 1982, January-March 1982, and January-March 1983-----	49
A-15. U.S. trade with Vietnam, by SITC Sections, 1982, January-March 1982, and January-March 1983-----	50
B-1. Leading items exported to the nonmarket economy countries (NME's), by Schedule B Nos., January-March 1983, January-March 1982, and 1982-----	52
B-2. Leading items imported from the nonmarket economy countries (NME's), by TSUSA items, January-March 1983, January-March 1982, and 1982-----	53
B-3. Leading items exported to China, by Schedule B Nos., January-March 1983, January-March 1982, and 1982-----	54
B-4. Leading items imported from China, by TSUSA items, January-March 1983, January-March 1982, and 1982-----	55
B-5. Leading items exported to the U.S.S.R., by Schedule B Nos., January-March 1983, January-March 1982, and 1982-----	56
B-6. Leading items imported from the U.S.S.R., by TSUSA items, January-March 1983, and January-March 1982, and 1982-----	57
B-7. Leading items exported to Eastern Europe, by Schedule B Nos., January-March 1983, January-March 1982, and 1982-----	58
B-8. Leading items imported from Eastern Europe, by TSUSA items, January-March 1983, January-March 1982, and 1982-----	59
B-9. Leading items exported to Albania, by Schedule B Nos., January-March 1983, January-March 1982, and 1982-----	60
B-10. Leading items imported from Albania, by TSUSA items, January-March 1983, January-March 1982, and 1982-----	61
B-11. Leading items exported from Bulgaria, by TSUSA items, January-March 1983, January-March 1982, and 1982-----	62
B-12. Leading items imported to Bulgaria, by Schedule B Nos., January-March 1983, January-March 1982, and 1982-----	63
B-13. Leading items exported to Cuba, by Schedule B Nos., January-March 1983, January-March 1982, and 1982-----	64
B-14. Leading items imported from Cuba, by TSUSA items, January-March 1983, January-March 1982, and 1982-----	65
B-15. Leading items exported to Czechoslovakia, by Schedule B. Nos., January-March 1983, January-March 1982, and 1982-----	66
B-16. Leading items imported from Czechoslovakia, by TSUSA items, January-March 1983, January-March 1982, and 1982-----	67
B-17. Leading items exported to East Germany, by Schedule B Nos., January-March 1983, January-March 1982, and 1982-----	68
B-18. Leading items imported from East Germany, by TSUSA items, January-March 1983, January-March 1982, and 1982-----	69
B-19. Leading items exported to Hungary, by Schedule B Nos., January-March 1983, January-March 1982, and 1982-----	70
B-20. Leading items imported from Hungary, by TSUSA items, January-March 1983, January-March 1982, and 1982-----	71

CONTENTS

	<u>Page</u>
B-21. Leading items exported to Mongolia, by Schedule B Nos., January-March 1983, January-March 1982, and 1982-----	72
B-22. Leading items imported from Mongolia, by TSUSA items, January-March 1983, January-March 1982, and 1982-----	73
B-23. Leading items exported to North Korea, by Schedule B Nos., January-March 1983, January-March 1982, and 1982-----	74
B-24. Leading items imported from North Korea, by TSUSA items, January-March 1983, January-March 1982, and 1982-----	75
B-25. Leading items exported to Poland, by Schedule B Nos., January-March 1983, January-March 1982, and 1982-----	76
B-26. Leading items imported from Poland, by TSUSA items, January-March 1983, January-March 1982, and 1982-----	77
B-27. Leading items exported to Romania, by Schedule B Nos., January-March 1983, January-March 1982, and 1982-----	78
B-28. Leading items imported from Romania, by TSUSA items, January-March 1983, January-March 1982, and 1982-----	79
B-29. Leading items exported to Vietnam, by Schedule B Nos., January-March 1983, January-March 1982, and 1982-----	80
B-30. Leading items imported from Vietnam, by TSUSA items, January-March 1983, January-March 1982, and 1982-----	81

INTRODUCTION

This series of reports by the United States International Trade Commission is made pursuant to section 410 of title IV of the Trade Act of 1974 (19 U.S.C. 2440), which requires the Commission to monitor imports from and exports to certain nonmarket economy countries (NME's). These countries include those listed in headnote 3(f) of the Tariff Schedules of the United States (TSUS) 1/ and others not listed in the headnote, 2/ viz, Hungary, the People's Republic of China (China), and Romania. 3/ These are countries whose exports can be investigated by the Commission under section 406 of title IV of the Trade Act of 1974. Through control of the level of production, the distribution channels, and the price at which articles are sold, they could disrupt the domestic market in the United States and thereby injure U.S. producers. Under the statute, the Commission publishes a summary of trade data not less frequently than once each calendar quarter for Congress and, until January 2, 1980, for the East-West Foreign Trade Board. As of that date, the East-West Foreign Trade Board was abolished, and its functions were transferred to the Trade Policy Committee, chaired by the United States Trade Representative.

As specified by the statute, one objective of the reports in this series is to provide data on the effect of imports from NME's on the production of like or directly competitive articles in the United States and on employment within industries producing those articles. Therefore, the reports include trade statistics for those NME's whose current trade with the United States is at least at a level that could present problems for domestic industry: Albania, Bulgaria, China, Cuba, Czechoslovakia, East Germany, Hungary, Mongolia, North Korea, Poland, Romania, the U.S.S.R., and Vietnam.

1/ The following countries or areas are listed under headnote 3(f) of the TSUS: Albania, Bulgaria, Cuba, Czechoslovakia, the German Democratic Republic (East Germany), Estonia, those parts of Indochina under Communist control or domination (including Vietnam), North Korea, the Kurile Islands, Latvia, Lithuania, Mongolia, Poland, Southern Sakhalin, Tanna Tuva, and the U.S.S.R.

2/ When most-favored-nation tariff treatment is accorded a Communist country, that country is no longer included in headnote 3(f).

3/ Earlier reports in this series included Yugoslavia among the NME's whose trade with the United States is monitored. At the suggestion of the United States Trade Representative and after consultation with the appropriate congressional committees, the Commission decided that Yugoslavia would no longer be included in the countries covered by this report. This decision was effective with the 27th report. (27th Quarterly Report to the Congress and the Trade Policy Committee on Trade Between the United States and the Nonmarket Economy Countries During April-June 1981, USITC Publication 1188, September 1981, hereinafter 27th Quarterly Report . . ., p. 1.) In the opinion of many analysts, Yugoslavia is not appropriately classified as an NME. Also, it is not a member of the Warsaw Pact or the Council for Mutual Economic Assistance. Yugoslavia has special status with the Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development and is a leader in the movement of nonaligned countries.

At the present time, Romania, Hungary, and China receive most-favored-nation (MFN) tariff treatment from the United States. Poland's MFN status was indefinitely suspended by the President in October 1982. 1/ Most other NME's have never been accorded this treatment because of the policy legislated as section 5 of the Trade Agreements Extension Act of 1951, i.e., that the President should take appropriate action to deny the benefit of trade-agreement concessions to imports from certain Communist nations or areas.

In the TSUS, the unconditional MFN rates of duty are set forth in column 1. The rates applicable to products of designated Communist nations 2/ are set forth in column 2; for the most part, these are the higher rates that were established in 1930. The rates of duty resulting from this policy vary considerably from item to item, and discrimination is not present at all for products that historically have been duty free or dutiable at the same rates in columns 1 and 2. Therefore, actual or potential U.S. imports from countries that do not enjoy MFN privileges depend in some measure on the rates of duty on the specific items involved.

This particular report contains a summary of U.S. trade with the NME's during January-March 1983, and examines U.S. exports, imports, and the balance of trade with these countries, as well as the commodity composition of this trade. A glossary and a cumulative subject index are also included.

1/ Presidential Proclamations No. 4991, Oct. 27, 1982, and No. 5048, Apr. 14, 1983.

2/ Those nations referred to in headnote 3(f) of the TSUS.

SUMMARY

In January-March 1983, U.S. exports to the nonmarket economy countries (NME's) declined to \$1.6 billion, or by 38.5 percent from their value in the corresponding period of 1982. This led to a 28.5-percent reduction in bilateral U.S.-NME trade to \$2.4 billion, and a continued dwindling of the U.S. trade surplus with the NME's. Whereas 4.7 percent of overall U.S. exports went to the NME's in January-March 1982, their share of the total was only 3.2 percent in January-March 1983.

Exports to all major NME markets--China, the U.S.S.R., and Eastern Europe 1/--declined, with no major shifts taking place in the relative importance of these markets compared with 1982. In January-March 1983, China and the U.S.S.R. each accounted for 43 percent of overall U.S. exports to the NME's.

In the first 3 months of 1983, the traditional U.S. surplus in merchandise trade with the NME's narrowed to \$742 million, \$1 billion less than in January-March 1982. The U.S. trade balance worsened vis-a-vis all three major NME markets, and the United States registered an unprecedented trade deficit with Eastern Europe during the period. China came close to balancing its trade with the United States as the U.S. surplus in that trade dipped to only \$139 million. The U.S. surplus in trade with the U.S.S.R. also dropped, to \$599 million--less than half its January-March 1982 value. Even so, the U.S.S.R. still accounted for most of the U.S. trade surplus with the NME's during the quarter under review.

A significant drop in the value of grain exports and the cessation of soybean exports were largely responsible for the decline in overall exports to the U.S.S.R. in the first quarter of 1983. Falling exports to China were attributable to a sharp decline in wheat and crude-material shipments. In January-March 1983, there were no shipments of soybeans to China, virtually none of cotton, and shipments of chemical fibers were sharply reduced from those in January-March 1982. Falling overall exports to Eastern Europe reflected, for the most part, the absence of wheat exports, and much smaller exports of corn and soybean oilcake and oilcake meal than in the first 3 months of 1982.

Exports to the NME's fell in all major SITC sections, except machinery and transportation equipment, in the first quarter of 1983, compared with those in the first quarter of 1982. Major U.S. shipments of aircraft and related equipment to China made the machinery category the second most important one (after food and live animals) in overall exports to the NME's. Meanwhile, a precipitous decline in crude material exports to China pushed this SITC section from its usual second place to fourth place in the commodity structure of overall U.S. exports to the NME's.

1/ For the purposes of this series of reports, "Eastern Europe" includes the six Eastern European members of the Council for Mutual Economic Assistance (CMEA): Poland, Romania, East Germany, Hungary, Czechoslovakia, and Bulgaria. Albania is not a member of the CMEA.

In January-March 1983, U.S. imports from the NME's were up 4 percent from their value in January-March 1982, amounting to \$811 million. The NME's accounted for 1.4 percent of overall U.S. imports. There were no major shifts in these imports by NME source: China provided some two-thirds of the total, Romania was a distant second NME supplier with 11 percent, and the U.S.S.R. was third, providing 8 percent.

U.S. imports of miscellaneous manufactured products--mostly wearing apparel from China--continued to grow in the first quarter of the year, and accounted for more than one-third of all U.S. imports from the NME's.

On a country-by-country basis, the most notable quarterly development was a 42-percent increase in bilateral trade with Poland--a return from the low level of this trade in January-March 1982 to a more normal level.

FIRST-QUARTER DEVELOPMENTS IN TRADE BETWEEN THE UNITED STATES
AND THE NONMARKET ECONOMY COUNTRIES

The decline in U.S. trade with the NME's, already apparent on a year-to-year basis from 1981 to 1982, ^{1/} continued in January-March 1983 (table 1). ^{2/} U.S. exports to the NME's fell to \$1.6 billion, or by 38.5 percent from their January-March 1982 value. Their precipitous decline led to a 28.5-percent reduction in U.S.-NME trade in the same period to \$2.4 billion. Falling exports also narrowed the U.S. surplus in merchandise trade with the NME's to only \$742 million in January-March 1983. This was \$1 billion less than the surplus in the first quarter of 1982.

By contrast, the value of U.S. imports from the NME's in January-March 1983 amounted to \$811 million, up 4 percent from the value in the corresponding quarter of 1982. The comparative resilience of imports did not significantly slow the rapid slide of two-way trade with the NME's, which continued to be determined by U.S. export trends. However, although exports have traditionally exceeded imports in U.S.-NME trade by a large margin, their predominance is fading rapidly. As recently as calendar year 1980, the United States exported more than 3 dollars' worth of goods to NME's for every 1 dollars' worth of goods it imported from them. The ratio of exports to imports declined to less than 2 to 1 during the period under review.

U.S.-NME trade did not only decline in absolute terms; in January-March 1983, the NME's continued to lose their relative importance as markets for U.S. products. With U.S. exports to the NME's falling more steeply than the value of overall U.S. exports, the share of the NME's in the total became smaller. The NME's accounted for only 3.2 percent of U.S. exports to the world during that quarter, compared with 4.7 percent in the first quarter of 1982.

In January-March 1983, China accounted for only \$139 million of the \$742 million U.S. trade surplus with the NME's. Attaining a near balance in trade with the United States, China continued the progress it made in this direction in 1982. ^{3/} Previously, U.S.-Chinese trade had been heavily in favor of the United States.

An even more notable quarterly development was the small but unprecedented merchandise trade deficit the United States recorded with the Eastern European countries collectively.

The deterioration of the U.S. trade balances with China and Eastern Europe in January-March 1983 left the U.S.S.R. to account for most of the U.S. trade surplus with the NME's. Even so, the U.S.S.R. was responsible for 61 percent of the reduction in this trade surplus from the corresponding period

^{1/} 33d Quarterly Report to the Congress and the Trade Policy Committee on Trade Between the United States and the Nonmarket Economy Countries During 1982, USITC Publication 1368, April 1983 (hereafter 33d Quarterly Report), p.5.

^{2/} This statement is based on comparisons of data for January-March 1983 with those for January-March 1982. January-March 1982 is used as the base period in the remainder of this section. U.S. trade with the NME's during the quarter under review increased from the level of such trade in October-December, 1982.

^{3/} 33d Quarterly Report . . ., p. 31.

Table 1.--U.S. trade with the world and with the nonmarket economy countries (NME's),
by quarters, January 1982-March 1983

Item	1982				January- March 1983
	January- March	April- June	July- September	October- December	
U.S. world trade:					
Exports-----million dollars--	54,089	55,778	48,795	48,496	48,931
Imports-----do-----	61,052	60,185	62,396	58,708	57,674
Balance-----do-----	-6,963	-4,407	-13,601	-10,212	-8,743
Trade turnover (exports plus imports) million dollars--	115,141	115,963	111,190	107,203	106,604
U.S. trade with NME's:					
Exports-----million dollars--	2,524	1,831	1,052	1,133	1,554
Imports-----do-----	782	763	987	745	811
Balance-----do-----	1,742	1,068	65	388	742
Trade turnover (exports plus imports) million dollars--	3,307	2,594	2,038	1,877	2,365
Share of total U.S. trade accounted for by trade with NME's:					
Exports-----percent--	4.67	3.28	2.16	2.34	3.18
Imports-----do-----	1.28	1.27	1.58	1.27	1.41

Source: Compiled from official statistics of the U.S. Department of Commerce.

Note.--Import figures in this and all other tables in this report are Census-basis imports for consumption at customs value. Exports are domestic exports only, including Defense Department military assistance shipments, and are valued on an f.a.s. basis.

of 1982: the January-March 1983 U.S. merchandise trade surplus of \$599 million with the U.S.S.R. amounted to less than half the surplus recorded with that country in the first quarter of 1982.

U.S. Exports

In January-March 1983, overall U.S. exports to the NME's were \$970 million less than in January-March 1982. U.S. exports to all major NME markets--the U.S.S.R., China, and Eastern Europe--contracted. U.S. exports to China and Eastern Europe have declined on a year-to-year basis for the past 2 years. By contrast, U.S. exports to the U.S.S.R. rose in both 1981 and 1982 (albeit from a low base in 1980); ^{1/} thus the January-March 1983 drop in exports to that country actually reversed a previous upward trend. In the first quarter of 1983, U.S. exports to all NME's except Albania, North Korea, Poland, and Vietnam were lower than in the first quarter of 1982 (table 2). Shipments to Poland almost doubled in January-March 1983 from those in the corresponding period of last year.

The \$606-million decline in total U.S. exports to the U.S.S.R. in the first quarter of 1983 was caused primarily by a significant drop in the value of grain shipments and the cessation of soybean shipments to that country.

Almost half of the \$241 million decline in total exports to China during the same period was attributable to sharply falling wheat shipments to that country. Trade with China in the current year began with the Chinese Government's freeze, announced on January 19, 1983, on the purchase of U.S. cotton, soybeans, and chemical fibers. This measure was a Chinese response to unilateral quotas on textile apparel imports from China that the United States had imposed a few days earlier, after negotiations for mutually agreed limits on this trade broke down. ^{2/} There were no soybean shipments to China at all in January-March 1983, only a trickle of cotton exports, and sharply reduced chemical fiber shipments compared with those in January-March 1982.

Nonetheless, the loss of these exports is not necessarily attributable to the U.S.-Chinese textile trade dispute. The cessation of soybean shipments and dwindling cotton shipments in January-March 1983 continued a downtrend in these exports that preceded the failure of the textile negotiations in question. Exports to China of cotton (Schedule B Nos. 300.10 and 300.15) and soybeans (Schedule B No. 175.41) started to decline after 1980, apparently reflecting the success of the Chinese agricultural reforms in raising domestic supplies. ^{3/} Exports to China of discontinuous manmade fibers and yarns (Schedule B Nos. 310.01 and 309.42) began to slide in 1982, also before the breakdown of the textile negotiations. Owing to an apparent oversupply of imported manmade fibers and greater availability of domestic supplies, the

^{1/} A partial grain embargo and other restrictions on exports to the Soviet Union, in response to its invasion of Afghanistan, reduced U.S.-Soviet trade significantly in 1980.

^{2/} See later section on U.S. imports.

^{3/} 33d Quarterly Report . . . , pp. 46-47.

Table 2.--U.S. exports to the individual nonmarket economy countries and to the world, 1981-82, January-March 1982, and January-March 1983

Market	(In thousands of dollars)				January-March--	
	1981	1982	1982	1983	1982	1983
Albania-----	6,137	16,400	229	2,797		
Bulgaria-----	258,104	106,453	37,303	15,666		
China-----	3,598,601	2,904,535	904,516	663,944		
Cuba-----	558	951	171	161		
Czechoslovakia-----	82,420	83,598	32,530	12,874		
East Germany-----	295,557	222,657	120,242	40,286		
Hungary-----	77,511	67,842	21,630	21,395		
Mongolia-----	75	344	44	11		
North Korea-----	-	100	-	1		
Poland-----	680,547	292,606	38,997	71,350		
Romania-----	503,890	223,231	91,123	52,236		
U.S.S.R-----	2,338,818	2,588,975	1,271,718	665,334		
Vietnam-----	10,135	31,995	5,898	7,665		
Total-----	7,852,353	6,539,686	2,524,402	1,553,718		
Total, U.S. exports						
to the world-----	228,869,586	207,157,641	54,089,024	48,930,523		
Source: Compiled from official statistics of the U.S. Department of Commerce.						

Note.--Because of rounding, figures may not add to the totals shown.

Chinese stopped signing new contracts for U.S. polyester fibers (and for those from other countries) in May 1982. U.S. exports of these products to China were therefore significantly lower in 1982 than in 1981. ^{1/}

A \$128 million decline in exports to Eastern Europe in January-March 1983 was caused primarily by sharply falling U.S. corn shipments (Schedule B No. 130.34) and soybean oilcake and oilcake meal shipments (Schedule B No. 184.52) to the region.

Figure 1 shows the trends in U.S. exports to all NME's, China, and the U.S.S.R. by quarters since January-March 1980. Within the medium-term decline in these exports, the figure shows a short-term upward trend for the U.S.S.R. and all the NME's for the second quarter in a row, and for China for the first quarter of this year compared with the preceding quarter.

Figure 2 compares the relative shares of the major NME markets in January-March 1983 and in 1982. There were no major shifts in the direction of U.S. exports to the NME's between these two periods. In the first quarter of 1983, the U.S.S.R. and China each accounted for 43 percent of the overall NME market for U.S. exports. In 1982, China was the leading NME market, but the U.S.S.R. was a close second.

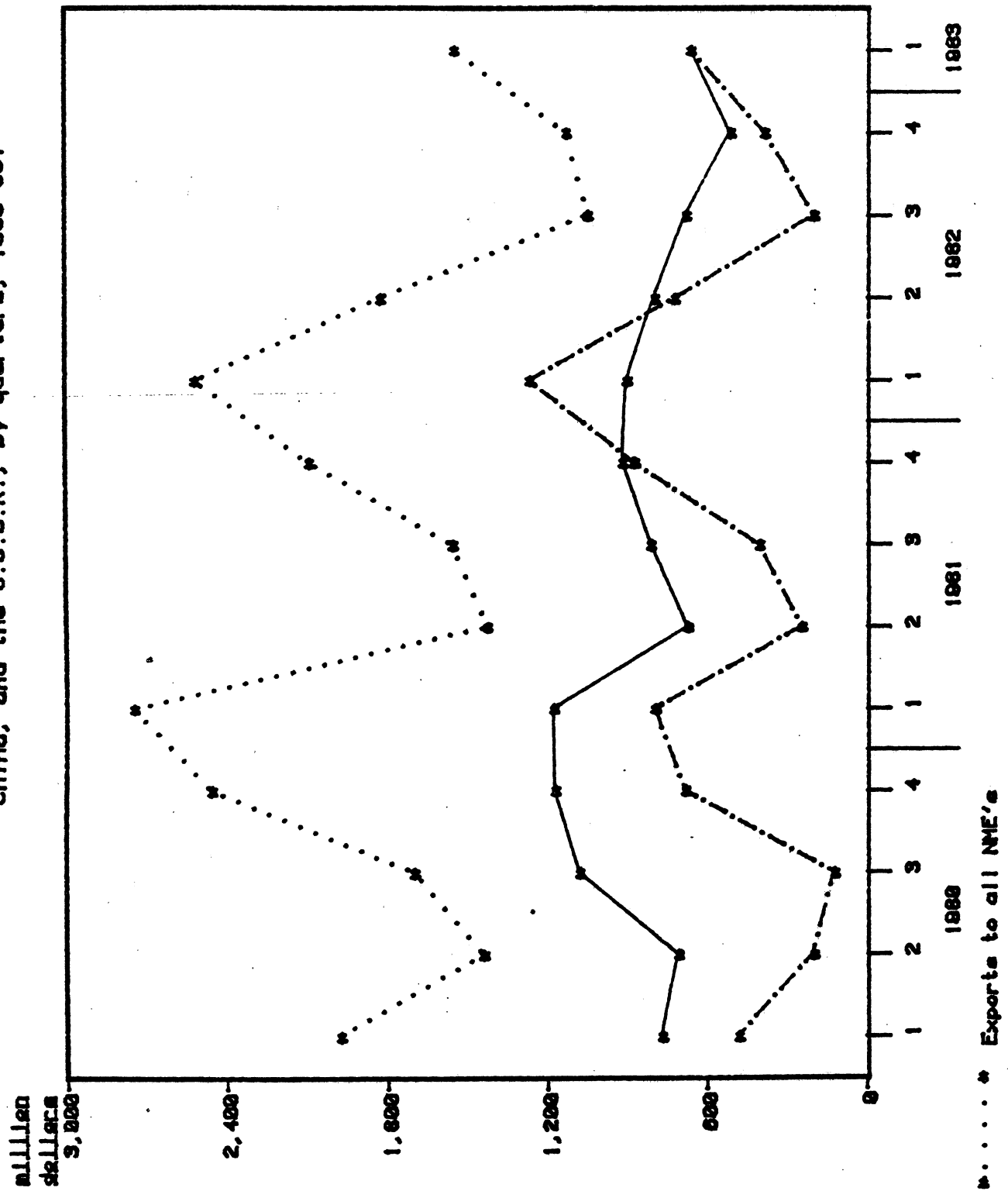
Table 3 compares the composition of U.S. exports to the NME's and to the world by major SITC product classes. The data show the usual heavy concentration of U.S. exports to the NME's in products classified as food and live animals. In both January-March 1982 and January-March 1983, food and live animals accounted for some 58 percent of U.S. exports to the NME's, compared with a little over 12 percent of U.S. exports to the world. By contrast, the percentage of the manufactured goods categories (SITC Sections 6, 7, and 8) in U.S. exports to the NME's was significantly lower than in U.S. exports to the world.

Within the overall downward trend of U.S. exports to the NME's, some shifts in the kinds of products being exported to these countries were noticeable. Most striking was a decline of 11.5 percentage points in the share of items classified as crude materials. Their diminishing importance in overall exports to the NME's was already noted earlier in this series. ^{2/} The gain of 2.1 percentage points in the share of chemical exports to the NME's was another shift corresponding to established trends. More unusual was the jump of 7.3 percentage points in the share of total exports to the NME's accounted for by machinery and transportation equipment. Shipments in this category (and in the small category of miscellaneous manufactured articles) rose not only relatively but also in dollar value. By contrast, the value of shipments in most of the other categories of exports to the NME's declined.

^{1/} Ibid., pp. 47-48.

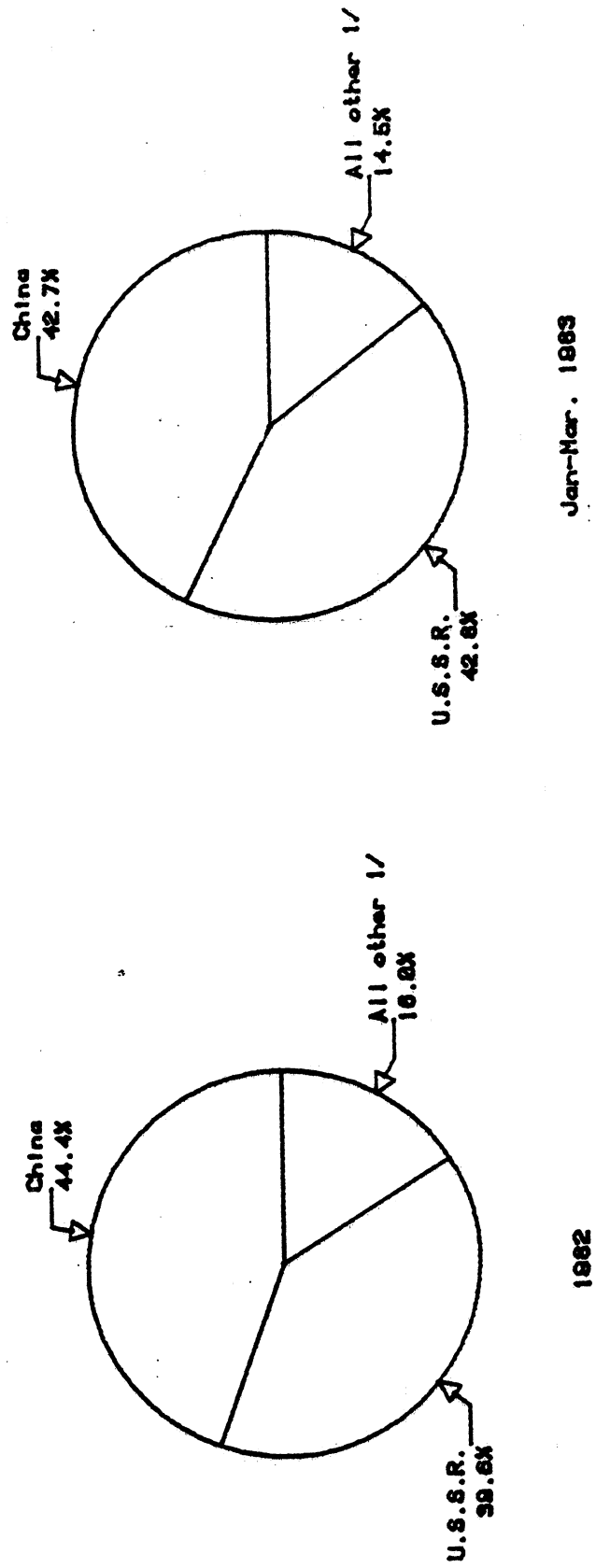
^{2/} Ibid., pp. 9 and 13.

Figure 1.--U.S. exports to the nonmarket economy countries (NME's), China, and the U.S.S.R., by quarters, 1980-83.



Source: Compiled from official statistics of the U.S. Department of Commerce.

Figure 2.—Relative shares of U.S. exports to the nonmarket economy countries, 1982 and January–March 1983.



1982

Jan-Mar. 1983

1/ Romania, Poland, East Germany, Bulgaria, Czechoslovakia, Hungary, Vietnam, Albania, Cuba, Mongolia, and North Korea.

Table 3.—U.S. exports to the world and to the nonmarket economy countries (NME's), 1/
by SITC Sections, January-March 1982 and January-March 1983

SITC Section	Total exports		Exports to the NME's	
	Jan.-Mar. 1982	Jan.-Mar. 1983	Jan.-Mar. 1982	Jan.-Mar. 1983
	Value (million dollars)			
0. Food and live animals	6,653	6,133	1,455	906
1. Beverages and tobacco	759	622	2	8
2. Crude materials—inedible, except fuel	5,332	4,629	512	137
3. Mineral fuels, lubricants, etc	3,351	2,535	30	10
4. Oils and fats—animal and vegetable	411	360	42	11
5. Chemicals	5,555	5,296	231	176
6. Manufactured goods classified by chief material	4,567	3,731	87	44
7. Machinery and transportation equipment	22,062	20,125	109	181
8. Miscellaneous manufactured articles	3,830	3,670	42	64
9. Commodities and transactions not elsewhere classified	1,568	1,831	12	17
Total	54,089	48,931	2,524	1,554
	Percent of total			
0. Food and live animals	12.3	12.5	57.6	58.3
1. Beverages and tobacco	1.4	1.3	.1	.5
2. Crude materials—inedible, except fuel	9.9	9.5	20.3	8.8
3. Mineral fuels, lubricants, etc	6.2	5.2	1.2	.7
4. Oils and fats—animal and vegetable	.8	.7	1.7	.7
5. Chemicals	10.3	10.8	9.2	11.3
6. Manufactured goods classified by chief material	8.4	7.6	3.5	2.8
7. Machinery and transportation equipment	40.8	41.1	4.3	11.6
8. Miscellaneous manufactured articles	7.1	7.5	1.7	4.1
9. Commodities and transactions not elsewhere classified	2.9	3.7	.5	1.1
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

1/ Albania, Bulgaria, China, Cuba, Czechoslovakia, East Germany, Hungary, Mongolia, North Korea, Poland, Romania, the U.S.S.R. (including Estonia, Latvia, and Lithuania), and Vietnam.

Source: Compiled from official statistics of the U.S. Department of Commerce.

Note.—Because of rounding, figures may not add to the totals shown.

Table 4 gives a breakdown of U.S. exports to the NME's by major SITC categories and individual countries in January-March 1983. Four SITC Sections combined (0, 7, 5, and 2, in that order) accounted for 90 percent of all exports to the NME's during the quarter. The U.S.S.R. was the major NME destination for Section 0 products (food and live animals), and China received the majority of exports in all other major product groups (machinery, chemicals, and crude materials.) A discussion of the pattern of these exports, the leading items in this trade, and some major shifts taking place is given below. 1/

Food and live animals

Shipments of food and live animals (SITC Section 0) to the NME's dropped to \$906 million or by 38 percent in January-March 1983 from those in the corresponding period of 1982 (table A-1). Exports fell to all major NME markets (tables A-2, A-3, and A-4). Eastern European countries continued to sharply curtail their imports of U.S. corn and soybean oilcake and oilcake meal, and received no shipments of unmilled wheat during the quarter (table B-7).

Although China continued to increase its imports of U.S. corn, the gain in this item was once more far outweighed by sharply falling Chinese imports of U.S. wheat. 2/ The U.S. Department of Agriculture predicts that the U.S. share of the Chinese wheat market will decline for the remainder of fiscal year 1983, as price discounts on Argentine wheat and European grain export subsidies will raise the shares for these suppliers. 3/

However, the overall decline in food exports to the NME's during the year (table A-2) was caused principally by a drop in grain shipments to the Soviet Union. During the first quarter of 1983, the United States shipped grains to the U.S.S.R. under the second 1-year extension of the long-term United States-U.S.S.R. grain supply agreement. 4/ In consultations conducted under the provisions of this agreement, the United States authorized the Soviets to purchase up to 23 million metric tons of grains in the period October 1, 1982, to September 30, 1983. In January-March 1983, however, wheat shipments to the U.S.S.R. amounted to only 2.6 million tons and corn shipments to 1 million tons, compared with 3.2 million tons and 2.5 million tons, respectively, in the first quarter of last year.

The small amount of U.S. grains shipped to the Soviet Union during the first quarter of 1983 (and cumulatively since October 1982) 5/ appeared to

1/ For a discussion of trends in U.S. exports to the NME's through 1982, see the 33d Quarterly Report . . . , p. 5.

2/ Ibid., pp. 13 and 45.

3/ The Journal of Commerce, May 26, 1983.

4/ 33d Quarterly Report . . . , pp. 64-66.

5/ On May 11, 1983, the U.S. Department of Agriculture reported that U.S. grain shipments to the U.S.S.R. since Oct. 1, 1982, stood at 6.2 million tons (Foreign Agricultural Service, FG-14-83).

Table 4.—U.S. exports to the nonmarket economy countries, by SITC Sections, January-March 1983

SITC Section	(In thousands of dollars)									
	Albania	Bulgaria	China	Cuba	Czecho- slovakia	East Germany	Hungary			
0. Food and live animals	-	4,127	277,323	-	6,899	34,328	12,080			
1. Beverages and tobacco	-	5,270	150	-	28	262	457			
2. Crude materials—inedible, except fuel	588	2,701	55,389	-	2,535	340	832			
3. Mineral fuels, lubricants, etc	2,124	-	214	-	-	-	2			
4. Oils and fats—animal and vegetable	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			
5. Chemicals	1	571	125,030	133	330	766	653			
6. Manufactured goods classified by chief material	-	41	33,281	-	724	267	1,442			
7. Machinery and transportation equipment	84	1,134	129,651	-	1,611	4,112	3,816			
8. Miscellaneous manufactured articles	-	1,801	41,968	15	465	143	1,576			
9. Commodities and transactions not elsewhere classified	-	22	938	-	282	68	537			
Total	2,797	15,666	663,944	161	12,874	40,286	21,395			
SITC Section	(In thousands of dollars)									
	Mongolia	North Korea	Poland	Romania	U.S.S.R.	Vietnam	Total			
0. Food and live animals	-	-	23,971	717	546,497	60	906,001			
1. Beverages and tobacco	-	-	908	412	72	-	7,559			
2. Crude materials—inedible, except fuel	-	-	25,001	46,297	3,066	-	136,747			
3. Mineral fuels, lubricants, etc	-	-	3	2	8,016	-	10,361			
4. Oils and fats—animal and vegetable	-	-	2,529	-	8,798	-	11,327			
5. Chemicals	-	-	2,081	1,289	44,918	-	175,772			
6. Manufactured goods classified by chief material	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			
7. Machinery and transportation equipment	2	-	1,847	914	5,489	-	44,006			
8. Miscellaneous manufactured articles	6	1	6,353	1,960	32,234	-	180,962			
9. Commodities and transactions not elsewhere classified	1	-	978	553	16,021	35	63,556			
Total	2	-	7,679	92	222	7,570	17,426			
	11	1	71,350	52,236	665,334	7,665	1,553,718			

Source: Compiled from official statistics of the U.S. Department of Commerce.

Note.—Because of rounding, figures may not add to the totals shown.

bear out earlier predictions of the weakening prospects for this trade. According to these predictions, the Soviets, far from taking advantage of the 23 million tons they could buy, would stay closer to their minimal commitment of 6 million tons under the grain supply agreement. 1/

However, renewed negotiations currently taking place between the two Governments for a new long-term grain agreement 2/ might raise the U.S. share of the Soviet grain market and improve the prospects for U.S. grain exports to the Soviet Union. According to the U.S. Department of Agriculture, the U.S.S.R. is expected to import 34 million metric tons of grains from all sources in July 1982-June 1983. This would be 12 million tons less than the 46 million tons it is estimated to have imported in 1981/82. 3/

Despite their sharply falling interest in U.S. grains, the NME's continued to be relatively important markets. In the first 3 months of 1983, 18 percent of total U.S. yellow corn exports (Schedule B No. 130.3465) and 32 percent of overall U.S. unmilled wheat exports (Schedule B No. 130.6540) went to the NME's. Nonetheless, these shares were down from 32 and 43 percent, respectively, in the corresponding period of 1982, as U.S. farmers lost ground in NME markets at a faster rate than in other markets.

Other notable developments in food exports to the NME's included unusually large shipments of certain items to Poland (table B-25), such as nonfat dry milk (Schedule B No. 116.01), butter (Schedule B No. 116.01), American-type cheese except Cheddar (Schedule B. No. 117.82), and vegetable protein concentrates (Schedule B No. 182.9754). As a result, exports of these items to the NME's in January-March 1983 soared compared with those in January-March 1982 (table 5). Moreover, the NME's--specifically Poland--accounted for a major share of overall U.S. exports of these products (table 6). Poland was responsible for 65 percent of all butter, 81 percent of all American-type cheese except Cheddar, and 52 percent of all vegetable protein concentrates shipped by the United States to foreign countries in the first 3 months of 1983.

By contrast, shelled almonds and chicken meat, which were major food exports to the U.S.S.R. in January-March 1982, were not exported at all in January-March 1983.

Machinery and transportation equipment

In January-March 1983, machinery and transportation equipment (SITC Section 7) replaced crude materials as the second largest category of exports to the NME's. A \$72 million or 66-percent increase in shipments to the NME's was attributable to a surge in exports to China. China's SITC Section 7 imports from the United States had been declining on a year-to-year basis before beginning to rise in the period under review (table A-3).

1/ 33d Quarterly Report . . . , p. 65.

2/ Negotiations began in June, 1983.

3/ U.S. Department of Agriculture, Foreign Agricultural Service, FG-10-83, Apr. 12, 1983, pp. 1 and 5.

Table 5.--20 U.S. export items to the nonmarket economy countries (NME's) which changed substantially, by Schedule B numbers, January-March 1982 and January-March 1983 1/

Schedule B number	Commodity	Major NME customer	Percentage change, Jan.-Mar. 1983 from Jan.-Mar. 1982		Value of exports to all NME's in January- March 1983
			All NME's	World	
			-----Percent-----		1,000 dollars
486.6600	Organophosphorus-containing insecticide preparations, n.s.p.f.	China	1,981.0	78.0	12,252
480.7050	Concentrated superphosphates	do	683.3	128.5	16,442
694.6507	Parts designed for use in civil aircraft, n.e.s.	do	522.3	.8	6,664
115.5020	Nonfat dry milk, donated for relief or charity	Poland	486.9	194.8	3,464
711.2420	Machines and appliances for determining the strength of articles under compression, tension, etc., electrical	China	329.2	36.3	3,072
116.0100	Butter	Poland	296.4	-78.2	6,844
131.4030	Wheat flour, n.e.s., donated for relief or charity	do	267.8	-14.0	1,920
709.1670	Electro-medical apparatus, n.s.p.f.	China	246.5	-2.2	1,893
676.2820	Digital central processing units consisting of arithmetical, logical and control elements	do	226.7	18.6	1,995
711.8750	Electrical (including electronic) physical analysis equipment, n.s.p.f., and parts thereof	do	226.3	12.8	6,835
433.1035	Compound catalyst preparations, other than of nickel	do	-96.8	-16.3	811
818.3100	Food products, n.s.p.f., donated for relief or charity	Poland	-89.7	-75.3	768
310.0010	Textured yarns, of polyester	China	-88.0	-67.0	5,559
692.3820	Parts of tracklaying tractors	U.S.S.R.	-87.8	-44.0	1,083
517.5120	Petroleum coke, calcined	do	-83.4	-33.1	1,725
444.1610	Polyethylene resins, low and medium density	China	-83.3	-30.7	3,206
175.4100	Soybeans, other than seed for planting	Romania	-82.9	-6.8	41,200
309.4242	Polyester fibers (in noncontinuous form)	China	-80.4	-67.3	8,642
818.3300	Medicinal and pharmaceutical products donated for relief or charity	Poland	-77.9	-29.3	625
444.1700	Polypropylene resins, excluding amorphous or atactic polymers and copolymers	China	-75.5	-21.4	7,280

1/ Only items which accounted for at least 500,000 dollars' worth of exports in both January-March 1982 and January-March 1983 are included in this table.

Source: Compiled from official statistics of the U.S. Department of Commerce.

Table 6.--20 U.S. export items for which the nonmarket economy countries (NME's) collectively accounted for the largest market share in 1983, by Schedule B numbers, January-March 1982 and January-March 1983 1/

Schedule B number	Commodity	Major NME customer	Share of total exports accounted for by NME'S		Value of exports to all NME'S in January- March 1983
			Jan.-Mar. 1982	Jan.-Mar. 1983	
			Percent		1,000 dollars
480.7025	Phosphoric acid, 65 percent or more available phosphorus pentoxide equivalents	U.S.S.R.	98.6	90.5	40,249
117.8200	American-type cheeses, except Cheddar	Poland	.0	81.4	3,028
121.0515	Bovine leather, rough, russet, and crust, wet blue, not split	China	86.7	79.3	3,462
678.3055	Glass-working machines	do	.0	75.5	7,643
475.4555	Insulating or transformer oils	U.S.S.R.	52.3	68.7	5,635
126.0120	Alfalfa seeds, uncertified	Poland	.0	65.8	1,556
116.0100	Butter	do	3.6	65.1	6,844
486.6600	Organophosphorus-containing insecticide preparations, n.s.p.f.	China	5.5	63.7	12,252
678.3240	Parts for machines for assembling electric filament and discharge lamps and electric tubes	East Germany	.0	62.4	3,111
674.3528	Machine tools for deburring or otherwise finishing metal, new, at least \$2,500 each, with numerical controls or facings	U.S.S.R.	.0	58.0	3,439
674.3045	Metalworking machine tools, for cutting or hobbing gears, new, n.s.p.f.	do	4.1	54.9	1,198
182.9754	Vegetable protein concentrates, hydrolysates, and textured or spun products, derived from oil seeds	Poland	4.5	52.1	3,519
818.3900	Products, n.e.s., donated for relief or charity	do	50.4	52.1	13,481
630.3050	Wrought cobalt	China	.0	47.4	1,100
711.8042	Nonelectrical nonindustrial instruments for measuring, checking or controlling pressure, draft or vacuum, n.s.p.f., and parts	U.S.S.R.	.0	46.0	1,116
338.2600	Woven fabrics of glass	do	15.2	43.1	1,986
601.6100	Zinc ore	Bulgaria	.0	43.0	2,700
790.5510	Pressure-sensitive tape having a plastic backing	U.S.S.R.	28.7	42.7	11,782
309.4242	Polyester fibers (in noncontinuous form)	China	70.0	42.0	8,642
674.2006	Cold rolling mills, except tube rolling, for ferrous metals, and parts thereof	do	1.5	36.7	1,642

1/ Only items which accounted for at least 1 million dollars' worth of exports in January-March 1983 are included in this table.

Source: Compiled from official statistics of the U.S. Department of Commerce.

The year-to-year slide in machinery exports to the NME's in 1980-82 was attributable to various causes. These included President Carter's and President Reagan's tightening of high-technology export controls for reasons of national security and foreign policy, especially regarding exports to the Soviet Union and some of its allies. Severe rationing of hard-currency imports by debt-ridden Eastern European countries was another cause. Still another was a retrenchment in China's capital construction program, accompanied by its diminished demand for U.S. supplies.

In January-March 1983, major exports to China of commercial aircraft and related equipment and of glassworking machines reversed the downtrend in machinery exports to that country (table B-3), while exports to the U.S.S.R. and Eastern Europe continued to decrease.

Deliveries to China of nonmilitary airplanes, aircraft jets, and gas turbines and parts were for use by that country's airline (Civilian Aviation Administration of China.) China is in the process of refurbishing the aging fleet of this airline. Last year, Boeing landed a contract for delivery of 10 short- to medium-range planes suited to China's limited runway conditions. Negotiations for further sales of aircraft and parts between the Chinese Government and U.S. companies (Boeing and Mc Donnell Douglas) have been reported. 1/ China was the only NME destination for complete U.S. aircraft during the quarter; parts were also shipped to some Eastern European NME's.

U.S. prospects for sales of machinery and equipment to China are generally regarded as good. The share of manufactured products in overall exports to China--many in the SITC Section 7 category--is expected to increase at the expense of agricultural sales. In addition to air transportation, the Chinese energy and light industry sectors are seen as potentially expanding markets for U.S. products. 2/

U.S. high-technology items--such as sophisticated computers and nuclear equipment--are especially sought by the Chinese, but some sales of these items have been denied or held up by U.S. export controls. Although guidelines on approving such sales to China are more liberal than those for most other NME's, the Chinese still consider U.S. controls too restrictive. 3/ China reportedly has requests under consideration for earth-satellite receiving stations and a \$12 million ground satellite-tracking system.

According to press reports, once agreement is reached with China on the issue of export controls, U.S. sales worth hundreds of millions of dollars might take place this year. 4/ New guidelines that would significantly raise the level of technology transfer to China are expected to be in place soon. 5/

1/ Business Week, Dec. 6, 1982.

2/ The Journal of Commerce, Dec. 3, 1982, p. 2A.

3/ See the 33d Quarterly Report . . ., p.38, for a discussion on U.S. export controls to China.

4/ The Washington Post, May 26, p. A-1.

5/ Ibid., p. A-25.

Chemicals

As in 1981 and 1982, chemicals (SITC Section 5) continued to rank as the third largest category of exports to the NME's in January-March 1983. Nonetheless, the value of chemicals shipments to the NME's declined to \$176 million, or by 24 percent from those in the corresponding period of 1982 (table A-1). A 25-percent decrease in the value of chemicals shipped to China was primarily responsible (table A-2). Shipments to Eastern Europe also dropped, by 76 percent.

Exports to China which declined were polypropylene resins (Schedule B No. 444.17), urea (Schedule B No. 480.30), chemical mixtures and preparations (Schedule B No. 433.10), and polyethylene resins (Schedule B No. 444.16) 1/ During 1980-82, exports of these items to China had risen sharply on a year-to-year basis (except for urea exports, which dropped in 1981 and resumed growth in 1982.)

Meanwhile, shipments to China of fertilizers (Schedule B Nos. 480.70 and 480.80) and insecticides (Schedule B Nos. 486.66 and 486.29) continued to rise. There was especially a spurt in exports of insecticides containing organophosphorus (tables 5 and B-3). China accounted for 64 percent of overall U.S. exports of that item during the quarter (table 6).

No chemicals items remained on the list of the leading 20 U.S. export items to Eastern Europe in January-March 1983 (table B-7), as the United States shipped minimal amounts of fertilizers 2/ and other chemicals to this region.

The U.S.S.R. was the only major NME market to which U.S. chemicals exports continued at normal levels in January-March 1983 (table A-3). As before, superphosphoric acid (SPA) (Schedule B No. 480.7025) accounted for most chemicals shipments to that country. 3/

The United States shipped 136,754 short tons of SPA during the quarter under review, 8 percent more by volume than in January-March 1982. However, lower average unit prices, reflecting the depressed prices of phosphatic fertilizers in world markets, allowed the value of shipments to rise by only 3.7 percent, to a total of \$40 million. The Soviets accounted for over 90 percent of all U.S. exports of SPA in January-March 1983 (table 6).

1/ However, within this category, shipments of high-density resins (Schedule B No. 444.1620) increased substantially (table B-3). For a discussion on polyethylene resins, see 33d Quarterly Report . . . , pp. 15 and 49.

2/ Crude phosphates (Schedule B No. 480.45), of which large volumes were shipped to Eastern Europe during the quarter (table B-7), are classified as crude materials.

3/ SPA exports to the Soviet Union are being made under the terms of a 20-year agreement concluded in 1973 between that Government and the Occidental Petroleum Corp. of California. This accord provides for the sale by Occidental of substantial quantities of SPA and the purchase from the Soviet Union of substantial quantities of ammonia, urea, and potash through 1997.

Although for the time being they apparently continued to purchase this item solely in the United States, the Soviets are reportedly seeking diversification in their SPA imports. 1/

The U.S.S.R. and some Eastern European countries have reportedly made major progress during the past decade in boosting their mineral fertilizer production. Nonetheless, the fertilizer supply situation in these countries--especially in the area of phosphatic fertilizers--remains generally far from satisfactory. 2/

Crude materials

In January-March 1983, crude material (SITC Section 2) exports to the NME's declined precipitously to \$137 million--representing a drop of 73 percent from their level in January-March 1982 (table A-1). As a result, SITC Section 2 exports fell to fourth place among the major categories of U.S. exports to the NME's. Previously, crude materials had ranked consistently as the second leading group of U.S. exports to the NME's, after food. The collapse of the NME market for crude materials resulted from steep declines in exports to both the U.S.S.R. and China.

The major SITC Section 2 exports to the NME's that fell rapidly or were discontinued were soybeans (Schedule B No. 175.41), cotton (Schedule B No. 300.10), noncontinuous polyester fibers (Schedule B No. 309.42), and copper ore (Schedule B No. 601.22). There were no shipments of copper ore to the U.S.S.R. during the quarter; in January-March 1982, such exports amounted to \$13 million. Reduced exports to China were the most important factor in the declines recorded in shipments of the other 3 items. As discussed above, China suspended imports of these products from the United States in January, 1983. 3/

Soybean shipments to both China and the U.S.S.R. stopped completely in January-March 1983. The U.S.S.R., having received exports amounting to \$164 million in January-March 1982, accounted for the majority of the decline (tables B-1, B-3, and B-5). 4/ The joint loss of the Chinese and Soviet soybean revenues (\$211 million) was offset by some extent by larger soybean shipments to Eastern Europe (table B-7). Poland, to which no U.S. soybeans were shipped in January-March 1982, imported major amounts in the first quarter of 1983 (B-25). Poland and Romania were the only NME markets for U.S. soybeans. There was a net decline of \$200 million in U.S. exports of this product to the NME's compared with January-March 1982.

1/ 33d Quarterly Report . . . , p. 67.

2/ Eastern European Agriculture, January, 1983, p. 1.

3/ For a discussion of the effects of this suspension, see p. 9 of this report.

4/ Note however, that shipments in the base period were atypically high, as most 1982 soybean exports to the Soviets (\$171 million) took place in the first quarter.

Even before the latest quarter, however, the collective NME market for U.S. soybeans was already declining. U.S. shipments of soybeans to China and Eastern Europe decreased in each of the last 3 years. The embargo imposed on soybean sales to the Soviets by President Carter interrupted shipments to the U.S.S.R. in 1980 and 1981 until its revocation by President Reagan. Large-scale resumption of Soviet purchases in 1982 kept soybean shipments to the NME's from falling at a steep rate.

With China virtually ceasing to purchase U.S. cotton (Schedule B No. 300.10), the United States exported almost no cotton to the NME's in January-March 1983. Shipments to Eastern Europe were discontinued, so by 1982 China had become the single remaining NME destination for U.S. cotton. Similarly, by halting its purchases of chemical fibers from the United States, China reduced the NME market for these exports. Only small amounts were shipped to Poland, Romania, and East Germany during the quarter (table B-7).

The U.S. Department of Agriculture does not expect the Chinese to purchase any soybeans or major amounts of cotton and chemical fibers for the remainder of fiscal year 1983, due to their continuing large inventories of these items. 1/

China continued to import large volumes of softwood logs (Schedule B No. 200.35) from the United States. Shipments of this item, amounting to \$26 million in January-March 1983 (table B-3), were responsible for almost half the remaining crude materials the United States exported to China (table A-2). However, according to industry sources, China signed an agreement with the Soviet Union, that calls for a sharp increase in exports of logs from the U.S.S.R. to China. Log exporters in Washington State are reportedly concerned about the effect this may have on their sales. 2/

Crude material exports to Eastern Europe increased in the first quarter of 1983 (table A-4). Such shipments to this region fell sharply in 1981 but began to rebound in 1982. In the first three months of 1983, shipments increased of cattle hides (Schedule B No. 120.14) and sulfur (Schedule B No. 415.45) to Romania, and of crude phosphates (Schedule B No. 480.45) to Poland and Romania. Notably, U.S. exports of zinc ore (Schedule B No. 601.61) to Bulgaria were valued at \$2.7 million. Due to these shipments, Bulgaria accounted for 43 percent of overall U.S. zinc ore exports during the quarter (table 6).

Other export developments

Exports of calcined petroleum coke (classified in SITC Section 3) dropped from \$10 million in January-March 1982 to \$1.7 million in January-March 1983 in a possible reversal of a previous upward trend (table B-5). The U.S.S.R. is the only NME market for this item, accounting for 10 percent of overall

1/ U.S. Department of Agriculture, Outlook for U.S. Agricultural Exports, May 25, 1983.

2/ Seattle Times, Mar. 22, 1983, p. 1.

U.S. calcined coke exports in 1982. Shipments of inedible tallow (SITC Section 4)--sold predominantly to the U.S.S.R.--likewise declined sharply in volume, and even more in value. The United States shipped no sunflowerseed oil (SITC Section 4) to the U.S.S.R. in the quarter under review; shipments of sunflowerseed oil amounted to \$23 million in January-March 1982. By contrast, the Soviets continued to step up their imports of pressure-sensitive tape (SITC Section 8) from the United States. 1/

Soaring exports of rock drill bits (SITC Section 6) and geophysical instruments (SITC Section 8) to China during the first 3 months of 1983, and a sharp decline in shipments of chemical yarns and bovine leather (SITC Section 6) to that country are also noteworthy developments (table B-3).

U.S. Imports

Imports increased slightly in January-March 1983 over those in the corresponding period of 1982 from all major NME sources--China, the U.S.S.R., and Eastern Europe (table 7). In recent years, imports from the NME's have risen slightly in value on a year-to-year basis, except in 1982. NME's accounted for 1.4 percent of overall U.S. imports in January-March 1983.

Figure 3 shows the trends of U.S. imports from all NME's, China and the U.S.S.R. on a quarterly basis, beginning with January-March 1980. It illustrates how China has come to dominate the trend of imports from all the NME's. Figure 4 shows that the breakdown of U.S. imports from the NME's by major sources was very similar in 1982 and January-March 1983, with hardly any shifts taking place. China accounted for some two-thirds of all U.S. imports from the NME's in both periods. Romania ranked as a distant second NME source of U.S. imports, accounting for 11 percent of the total in January-March 1983. The U.S.S.R. was third, with 8 percent of the total. The U.S.S.R. had been the principal source of U.S. imports from the NME's through 1979, but since then, imports from that country have declined steadily on a year-to-year basis.

No major changes took place in the value of imports from the individual NME's between the first quarter of 1982 and the first quarter of 1983 with the notable exception of the 41-percent increase in imports from Poland (table 7). These imports were up despite the suspension of Poland's most-favored-nation status in November 1982, which had the effect of raising U.S. duties on certain items (mostly textiles and chemicals) imported from that country. 2/ The increase in imports from Poland in January-March 1983 (as well as the even bigger jump in U.S. exports to Poland) stemmed from the atypically low levels of U.S. trade with that country in the corresponding period of 1982.

1/ For a discussion of 1982 exports to the U.S.S.R. of these items, see the 33d Quarterly Report . . ., pp. 70-71.

2/ 33d Quarterly Report . . ., p. 75.

Table 7.--U.S. imports from the individual nonmarket economy countries and from the world, 1981-82, January-March 1982, and January-March 1983

(In thousands of dollars)				
Source	1981	1982	January-March--	
			1982	1983
Albania-----	3,985	2,760	773	762
Bulgaria-----	25,604	25,124	6,222	7,571
China-----	1,830,027	2,215,856	519,980	524,974
Cuba-----	36	1,621	-	-
Czechoslovakia-----	67,232	61,548	18,055	17,941
East Germany-----	44,702	51,773	14,943	15,119
Hungary-----	127,939	133,238	36,175	39,212
Mongolia-----	3,635	3,628	1,546	378
North Korea-----	47	8	8	-
Poland-----	359,939	212,888	36,093	51,038
Romania-----	559,449	339,121	87,408	87,627
U.S.S.R-----	357,424	228,792	61,080	66,802
Vietnam-----	96	-	-	-
Total-----	3,380,116	3,276,356	782,283	811,423
Total, U.S. imports				
from the world-----	259,011,977	242,339,988	61,052,157	57,673,910
Source: Compiled from official statistics of the U.S. Department of Commerce.				

Note.--Because of rounding, figures may not add to the totals shown.

Figure 3.--U.S. Imports from the nonmarket economy countries (NME's), China, and the U.S.S.R., by quarters, 1980-83.

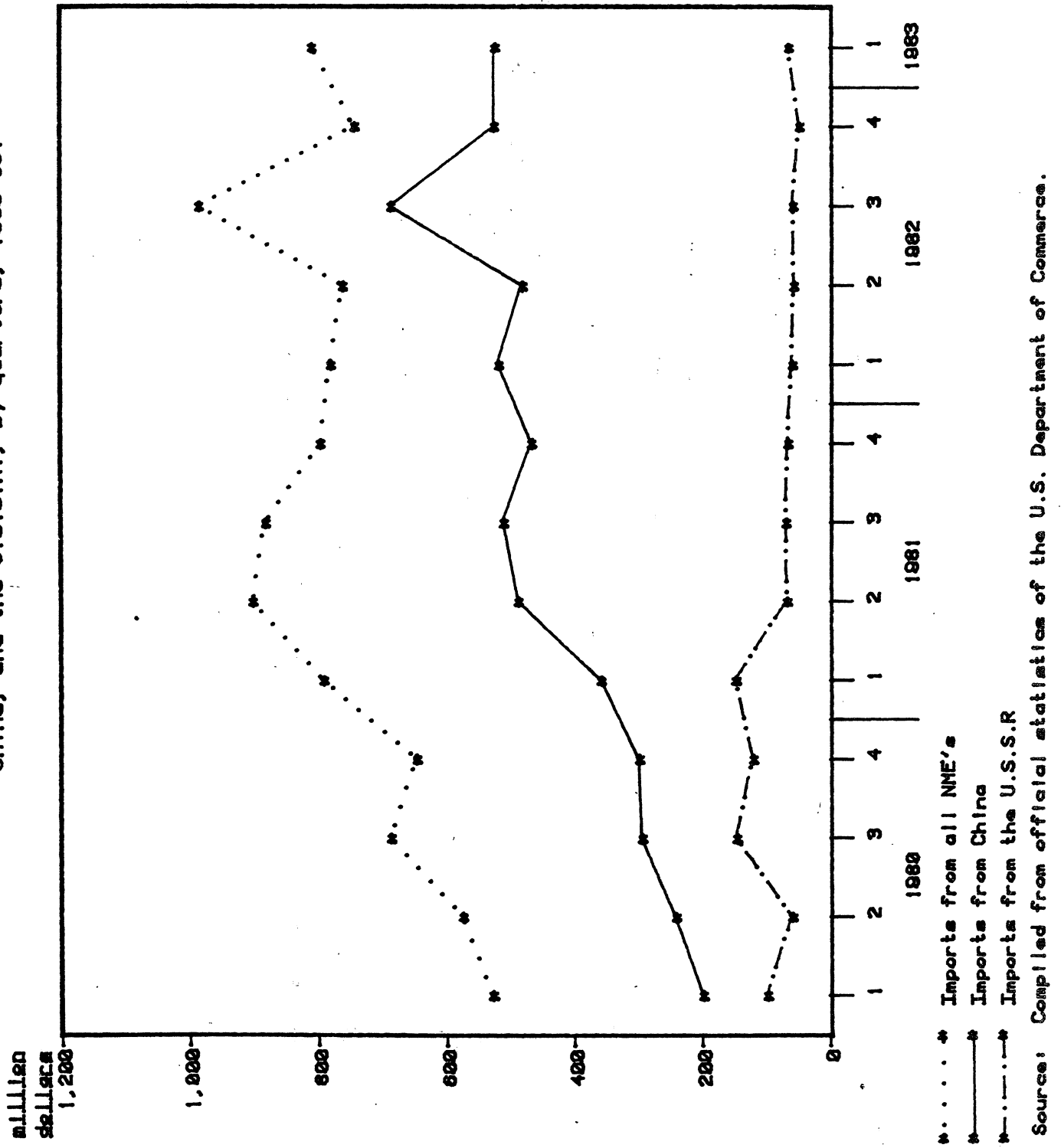
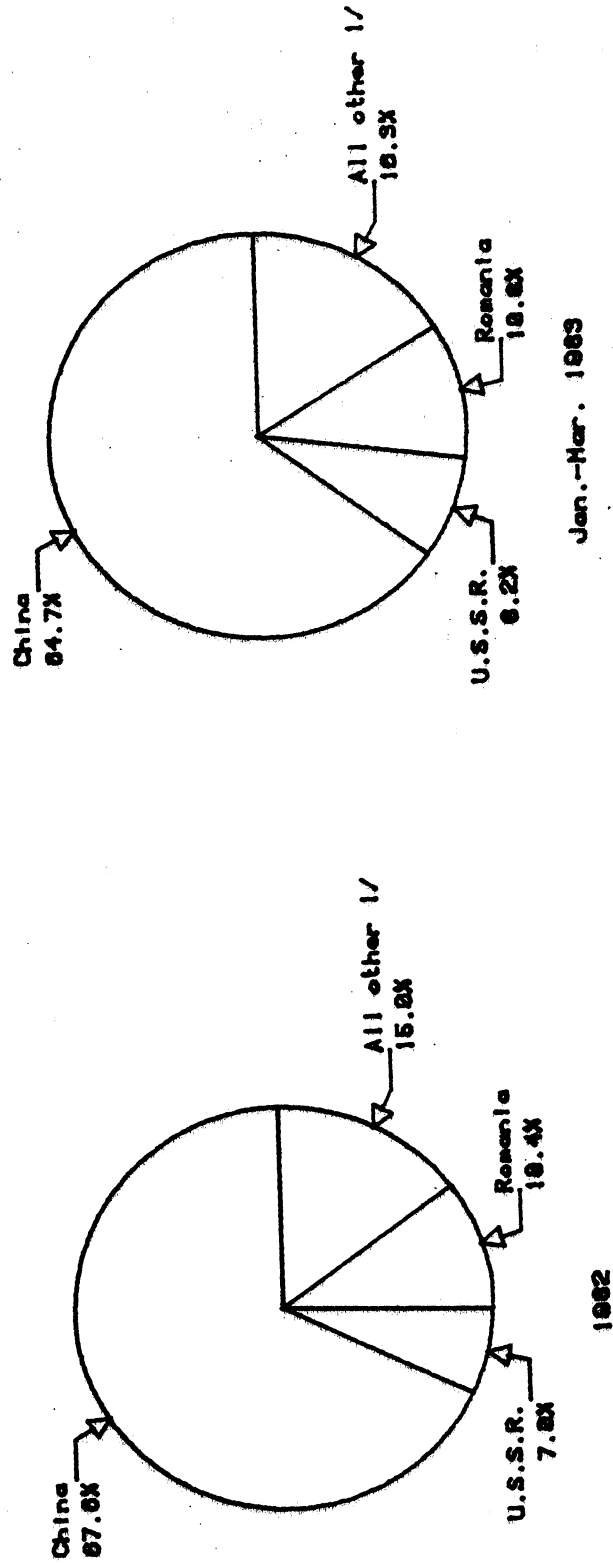


Figure 4.--Relative shares of U.S. Imports from the nonmarket economy countries, 1982 and January-March 1983.



1/ Poland, Hungary, Czechoslovakia, East Germany, Bulgaria, Mongolia, Albania, North Korea, Cuba, and Vietnam.

Small U.S. imports from Poland in the base period reflected to a large degree Poland's political and economic turmoil at the time, which curtailed supplies of many of its products.

Table 8 compares the composition of U.S. imports from the world by major SITC commodity Sections with that of imports from the NME's. The product mix of imports from the NME's differs from that of overall U.S. imports, but the difference is not as great as for exports. Whereas U.S. exports to the NME's remain heavily concentrated in one major product category (food and live animals), U.S. imports from the NME's are more evenly distributed among several major SITC Sections.

Even so, the comparatively large share of miscellaneous manufactured goods (some one-third of the total) is a distinctive feature of U.S. imports from the NME's. The NME's also supply relatively more food and chemicals to the United States than are provided by the market economy countries. The already high percentage of these product groups in imports from the NME's in 1982 further increased in the first 3 months of 1983. NME's also ship relatively more manufactured goods classified by chief material than do other U.S. suppliers, but this difference became less pronounced during the quarter under review.

In January-March 1983, five SITC Sections combined (Sections 8, 6, 3, 5, and 0, in that order) accounted for 89 percent of overall U.S. imports from the NME's. Table 9 gives a breakdown of imports from the NME's by these major product categories and by their principal NME sources during the period under review. In January-March 1983, Eastern Europe and the U.S.S.R. were each principal suppliers of one major category of imports from the NME's (food and chemicals, respectively). China was the major NME supplier of the remaining three major sections of imports from the NME's: miscellaneous manufactured articles, manufactured goods classified by chief material, and mineral fuels. A discussion of imports from the NME's by major product groups and sources, and of the leading import items is given below. ^{1/}

Miscellaneous manufactured articles

In January-March 1983, imports of miscellaneous manufactured goods (SITC Section 8) from the NME's rose by 31 percent to \$283 million from those in the corresponding period of 1982. China accounted for almost all this increase. For several years, SITC Section 8 products have been the leading category of U.S. imports from the NME's, being especially important in imports from China. In January-March 1983, miscellaneous manufactured items accounted for 45 percent of all imports from China (table A-2).

Apparel and clothing accessories have been the largest and fastest growing component of Chinese miscellaneous manufactured articles entering the United States. Despite the restraining impact of the United States-China textile agreement--in effect from January 1, 1980, through December 31, 1982--the penetration of Chinese wearing apparel in the U.S. market has continued. As reported earlier, negotiations between the United States and China to renew this agreement before it expired failed. On January 13, 1983,

^{1/} For more discussion of trends in U.S. imports from the NME's through 1982, see the 33d Quarterly Report . . ., p. 19.

Table 8.—U.S. imports from the world and from the nonmarket economy countries (NME's), 1/
by SITC Sections, January-March 1982 and January-March 1983

SITC Section				
	Total imports	Jan.-Mar. : 1982	Jan.-Mar. : 1983	Imports from the NME's
		Jan.-Mar. : 1982	Jan.-Mar. : 1983	Jan.-Mar. : 1983

1/ Albania, Bulgaria, China, Cuba, Czechoslovakia, East Germany, Hungary, Mongolia, North Korea, Poland, Romania, the U.S.S.R. (including Estonia, Latvia, and Lithuania), and Vietnam.

2/ Less than \$500,000

3/ Less than 0.05 percent

Source: Compiled from official statistics of the U.S. Department of Commerce.

Note.—Because of rounding, figures may not add to the totals shown.

following the expiration of the pact, the United States imposed quotas on imports of Chinese textile apparel (including one category of textile fabrics). The United States added 4 new categories of controlled items to the 28 categories that had been covered before the expiration of the agreement. The quotas were to be in effect for 12 months.

Table B-2 shows that 6 of the 20 leading U.S. import items from the NME's in January-March 1983 belong in the textile apparel category, and in all cases China is the main NME supplier (also table B-4). Furniture of wood--a seventh leading item in imports from the NME's that is classified in Section 8--comes principally from Romania (table B-28). Imports of all seven items increased from January-March 1982 to January-March 1983--some significantly (tables 10 and B-2).

Manufactured goods classified by chief material

Imports of items classified in SITC Section 6 from the NME's stood at \$142 million in January-March 1983, down 20 percent from their value in the corresponding quarter of 1982. This drop continued a 3-year decline. China accounted for 70 percent of overall SITC 6 imports from the NME's during the quarter under review, and for almost half the decline. Imports of these items from Eastern Europe and the U.S.S.R. fell at an even faster rate than those from China, having also dropped in 1982. 1/

The decline in SITC Section 6 imports from China in January-March 1983 was accounted for in major part by nonalloyed tin (TSUS No. 622.02). Imports of this item, all from China, surged in the past 2 years.

Section 6 imports from the NME's also include woolen floor coverings (TSUS item 360.15), woven cotton fabrics (TSUS items 320.20, 320.30, and 326.10 through 326.30), and cotton towels (TSUS item 366.24). China is the principal NME supplier of these items as well, and accounts for a major share of overall U.S. imports of them (table 11). Certain types of fabrics in chief value of cotton and cotton towels from China are presently under investigation by the U.S. Department of Commerce and the U.S. International Trade Commission under the antidumping provisions of the Tariff Act of 1930. 2/ Final determinations in both cases on the question of sales at less than fair value by Commerce and on the question of injury by the U.S. International Trade Commission are expected later in the year.

Imports of iron and steel plates, sheets, and pipes from Eastern Europe--mostly from Romania and Poland--virtually disappeared during the period under review. A sharp decline in these imports in 1982 from significant amounts in 1981 was reported earlier in this series of reports. 3/

1/ 33d Quarterly Report . . . , p. 25.

2/ See Greige Polyester/ Cotton Printcloth from the People's Republic of China, Inv. No. 731-TA-101 (Preliminary), USITC Publication 1289, September 1982, and Shop towels from the People's Republic of China, Inv. No. 731-TA-103 (Preliminary), USITC Publication 1296, October 1982. For a discussion of these cases, see the 32d Quarterly Report . . . , pp. 36-38, and the 33d Quarterly Report . . . , p. 43.

3/ 33d Quarterly Report . . . , pp. 25 and 88.

Table 10.—20 U.S. import items from the nonmarket economy countries (NME's) which changed substantially, by TSUSA numbers, January-March 1982 and January-March 1983 ^{1/}

TSUSA item number	Commodity	Major NME supplier	Percentage change, Jan.-Mar. 1983 from Jan.-Mar. 1982		Value of imports from all NME's in January- March 1983
			All	World	
			Percent		1,000 dollars
383.4761	Women's trousers and slacks of cotton, other than denim, corduroy and velveteen	China	422.1	46.9	9,562
379.8360	Men's wool trousers slacks and shorts, not knit, not ornamented	do	332.7	34.9	2,512
107.3525	Canned hams and shoulders, 3 pounds and over	Poland	272.3	84.8	35,379
379.6240	Men's trousers and slacks other than denim, including brushed denim and corduroy	China	247.7	72.2	5,092
379.6220	Men's trousers and slacks of denim, including brushed denim	do	227.3	36.8	3,444
379.9575	Men's trousers and slacks of man-made fibers, not knit	do	197.2	82.1	7,214
383.9220	Women's dresses not knit, man-made fibers with two or more colors in the warp	do	174.3	182.7	3,216
480.3000	Urea, n.e.s.	U.S.S.R.	167.0	88.1	15,197
366.4700	Tablecloths and napkins, of cotton, not block-printed by hand, other than plain-woven	China	151.0	20.9	1,344
117.6700	Pecorino cheese, not for grating	Romania	144.4	58.7	1,933
692.3460	Parts for agricultural tractors	Romania	-82.8	-34.6	758
475.1010	Crude petroleum, testing 25 degrees A.P.I. or more	China	-81.9	-46.5	7,980
620.0300	Nickel, unwrought	U.S.S.R.	-81.7	-59.5	1,132
156.3500	Cocoa butter	China	-75.3	25.1	2,217
144.2053	Straw mushrooms in containers each holding more than 9 ounces	do	-75.0	-89.0	977
417.4000	Ammonium tungstate	do	-72.4	-28.9	666
383.9065	Women's shorts, not knit, man-made fibers	do	-70.3	1.1	973
379.5550	Men's sport shirts of cotton, not knit, other than corduroy with two or more colors in the warp	do	-63.7	25.0	677
692.3406	Agricultural tractors, power takeoff horsepower of 40 or more but less than 80	Romania	-63.0	72.7	1,566
521.1710	Bauxite, calcined, refractory grade	China	-61.8	-33.4	1,697

^{1/} Only items which accounted for at least 500,000 dollars' worth of imports in both January-March 1982 and January-March 1983 are included in this table.

Source: Compiled from official statistics of the U.S. Department of Commerce.

Table 11.--20 U.S. import items for which the nonmarket economy countries (NME's) collectively accounted for the largest market share in 1983, by TSUSA items, January-March 1982 and January-March 1983 1/

TSUSA item number	Commodity	Major NME supplier	Share of total imports accounted for by NME'S		Value of imports from all NME'S in January- March 1983
			Jan.-Mar. 1982	Jan.-Mar. 1983	
			Percent		1,000 dollars
186.3000	Bristles, crude or processed	China	97.2	97.3	2,090
190.5500	Hoofs and horns, crude	do	2.2	93.5	1,902
417.2800	Ammonium molybdate	China	99.1	91.9	2,059
124.1045	Sable furskins, whole, undressed	U.S.S.R.	79.0	90.9	3,027
326.3026	Woven fabrics, but not wholly of cotton, not fancy, not colored	China	19.0	90.7	2,028
366.2740	Shop towels, n.e.s., of cotton, not ornamented, not jacquard- figured	do	81.9	86.6	2,155
411.2400	Sulfamethazine	Hungary	30.6	86.6	1,112
222.5700	Floor coverings of unspun vegetable materials, n.e.s.	China	96.3	86.1	1,851
383.9220	Women's dresses not knit, man-made fibers with two or more colors in the warp	do	87.9	85.3	3,216
533.6200	Articles made of nonbone chinaware or of subporcelain in specified sets	China	82.7	84.0	2,537
521.1720	Bauxite, calcined, other	do	59.3	81.3	1,505
365.8670	Tablecloths and napkins, of manmade fibers, made on a lace, net, or knitting machine	China	79.4	81.3	2,115
383.5368	Women's coats of vegetable fibers, except cotton, subject to man-made fiber restraints	Romania	31.1	80.3	1,106
755.1500	Fireworks	China	79.3	75.4	10,018
379.6964	Men's and boys' suit-type coats and jackets, not knit, subject to man-made fiber restraints	do	43.6	74.0	1,429
320.2032	Printcloth shirting, wholly of cotton, n.e.s. (average yarn number 20)	China	71.1	73.9	7,744
114.3000	Crabs, nes	U.S.S.R.	8.2	72.6	1,505
605.0290	Platinum group metals and combinations, n.e.s.	do	53.3	71.1	1,471
452.1200	Cassia oil	China	46.8	71.0	2,126
522.2400	Fluorspar, containing not over 97% by weight of calcium fluoride	do	44.3	70.9	1,387

1/ Only items which accounted for at least 1 million dollars' worth of imports in January-March 1983 are included in this table.

Source: Compiled from official statistics of the U.S. Department of Commerce.

Remaining major SITC Section 6 imports from Eastern Europe in January-March 1983 (table B-8) included pneumatic tires (TSUS item 772.51), mostly from East Germany; steel wire rods (TSUS item 607.17) from Czechoslovakia and Poland; glassware (TSUS items 546.60 and 546.66), also mostly from Romania; and woven fabrics (TSUS item 335.95), mostly from Poland.

Several leading imports from the U.S.S.R.--principally nonferrous metals--are also classified in SITC Section 6 (table B-6). A decline in the value of these imports in January-March 1983 compared with those in the corresponding period of 1982 was caused primarily by a sharp drop in the volume of Soviet shipments of unwrought nickel (TSUS item 620.03). This followed a decline in such shipments in 1982 from their level in 1981. ^{1/}

Mineral fuels and lubricants

Compared with their value in January-March 1982, imports of mineral fuels and lubricants (SITC Section 3) from the NME's fell by 8.7 percent in the first three months of 1983, amounting to \$121 million. However, the long-term year-to-year trend had been a sharp rise in the share of overall U.S. imports from the NME's accounted for by SITC Section 3 items. Imports of mineral fuels and lubricants accounted for 8.2 percent of the total in 1980, and their share increased to 21.1 percent in 1982.

The decline in all SITC Section 3 imports from the NME's (table A-1) in the first quarter of 1983 was attributable to a \$36 million drop in crude oil imports (TSUSA item 475.1010) from China, the only NME source of crude oil for the past 2 years. The effect of smaller crude oil imports in the first quarter was offset in part by larger imports of gasoline (TSUS item 475.25) from the NME's, compared with those in the first quarter of 1982. Gasoline imports from Romania surged by \$25 million (table B-28), and those from China increased moderately (table B-4). With unit values of gasoline shipments lower in January-March 1983 than in the corresponding quarter of 1982, the increase in volume was even larger than value data indicate.

In January-March 1983, gasoline was the number one U.S. import item from China, Romania, and the NME's collectively (tables B-2, B-4, and B-28). Gasoline imports from the NME's have risen significantly in recent years, with China accounting for all imports in 1980 and for four-fifths in 1982. With its large gasoline shipments to the United States in January-March 1983, Romania's share of overall U.S. gasoline imports from the NME's increased to 37 percent.

The U.S.S.R. has also shipped some SITC Section 3 items to the United States in past years, but none during the period under review. The U.S.S.R. is a leading world exporter of crude oil and petroleum products.

Crude oil and gasoline were the major SITC Section 3 products the United States imported from the NME's in January-March 1983. No imports of naphthas --a leading item from the NME's in 1982--or of light fuel oils were reported.

^{1/} Ibid., p. 73.

Food and live animals

Imports of food and live animals (SITC Section 0) from the NME's were up 39 percent in January-March 1983 from those in the corresponding quarter of 1982, amounting to \$83.5 million. Larger imports from Eastern Europe--mostly a surge in imports of canned hams (table 10)--were responsible. Food was the only major SITC category of U.S. imports from the NME's for which Eastern Europe was the major source.

However, falling shipments from Eastern Europe have reduced the share of overall U.S. imports from the NME's accounted for by food in each year since 1978. The decline in imports from Eastern Europe over the last 4 years was only partly offset by rising food imports from China.

A large portion of U.S. imports of food from Eastern Europe have always consisted of canned hams (TSUS item 107.35). For years this item has topped the list of leading import products from that region, and from certain Eastern European countries separately. In January-March 1983, canned hams were the second leading import item from Eastern Europe (table B-8) and the number one item from Hungary and Poland (tables B-20 and B-26). Shipments from both countries were up compared with those in the corresponding quarter of 1982. The increase in those from Poland was especially notable, reflecting the effort that country has made to restore its hard-currency earnings. Canned hams accounted for 48 percent of all U.S. imports from Poland during the quarter.

Imports of canned mushrooms (TSUSA item 144.2053) from China continued to increase in January-March 1983 (table B-4). Their rapid penetration of the U.S. market made Chinese canned mushrooms (and those from some other countries) the subject of several investigations by the U.S. International Trade Commission under various statutes in recent years. ^{1/} Canned mushrooms from China are currently being investigated by the U.S. Department of Commerce and the U.S. International Trade Commission under the antidumping provisions of the Tariff Act of 1930. ^{2/}

Chemicals

Imports of chemicals (SITC Section 5) from the NME's were up 27 percent in January-March 1983 from those in January-March 1982. Most of the increase was accounted for by the U.S.S.R., which is the principal NME supplier of chemical imports.

^{1/} For a discussion of this subject, see 32d Quarterly Report . . . , pp. 34-36, and 33d Quarterly Report . . . , p. 43.

^{2/} See Canned Mushrooms from the People's Republic of China, Inv. No. 731-TA-115 (Preliminary), USITC Publication 1324, December 1982. These investigations follow affirmative preliminary determinations by Commerce on the question of sales at less than fair value and by the Commission on the question of injury.

Anhydrous ammonia (TSUSA item 480.6540) from the U.S.S.R. is the largest single item in this category; however, it was not responsible for the growth of chemical imports in the quarter under review. U.S. imports of ammonia from the U.S.S.R. rose only slightly by value and actually dropped 26 percent by volume. Rather, the increased value of chemicals entering the United States from the NME's was attributable to a surge in shipments of Soviet urea (TSUS item 480.30) and potassium chloride (TSUS item 480.50). The value of urea imported from the U.S.S.R. in the first 3 months of 1983 exceeded the value of urea imports in all of last year (table B-6).

Ammonia, urea, and potassium chloride--chemicals for making nitrogenous fertilizers--are imports provided for in the long-term agreement between Occidental Petroleum and the Soviet Government. ^{1/} They constitute the counterflow for U.S. exports of phosphatic fertilizer material to the Soviet Union. Prior to the period under review, only limited quantities of Soviet urea and potassium chloride were shipped to the United States, owing to poor product quality as well as transportation and production problems within the U.S.S.R. ^{2/}

China is the major U.S. supplier--not only among the NME's but among all countries--of two chemical import items: fireworks (TSUS item 755.15), and ammonium molybdate (TSUS item 417.28). China's share in overall U.S. imports during January-March 1983 was 75 percent for fireworks, and 92 percent for ammonium molybdate (table 11).

Potassium chloride--already mentioned in the context of imports from the U.S.S.R.--is the only SITC Section 5 item on the list of leading imports from Eastern Europe (table B-8). It originates in East Germany (table B-18). Eastern Europe sometimes accounts for a major share of certain imported U.S. chemicals of relatively small value. For example, in January-March 1983, Hungary supplied 46 percent of the value of overall U.S. imports of sulfamethazine (TSUS item 411.24) (table 11). China provided 40 percent of such imports.

^{1/} See the section on U.S. exports, earlier in this report (p. 19, footnote 3.).

^{2/} Occidental Petroleum Corp., Annual Report, 1981, p. 11.

APPENDIX A**U.S. TRADE WITH NONMARKET ECONOMY COUNTRIES
BY SITC SECTIONS**

Table A-1.--U.S. trade with all nonmarket economy countries, ^{1/} by SITC Sections, 1982, January-March, 1982, and January-March, 1983

SITC Section	(In thousands of dollars)		
	1982	January-March 1982	January-March 1983
U.S. exports:			
0. Food and live animals-----	3,355,099	1,455,206	906,001
1. Beverages and tobacco-----	14,503	2,431	7,559
2. Crude materials--inedible, except fuel-----	1,009,198	511,815	136,747
3. Mineral fuels, lubricants, etc-----	125,544	30,396	10,361
4. Oils and fats--animal and vegetable-----	63,555	42,342	11,327
5. Chemicals-----	865,899	231,347	175,772
6. Manufactured goods classified by chief material-----	323,957	87,466	44,006
7. Machinery and transportation equipment-----	549,989	109,302	180,962
8. Miscellaneous manufactured articles-----	173,472	42,178	63,556
9. Commodities and transactions not elsewhere classified-----	58,469	11,918	17,426
Total-----	6,539,686	2,524,402	1,553,718
U.S. imports:			
0. Food and live animals-----	258,627	60,217	83,515
1. Beverages and tobacco-----	36,316	7,673	12,768
2. Crude materials--inedible, except fuel-----	143,917	50,098	35,863
3. Mineral fuels, lubricants, etc-----	689,959	132,191	120,681
4. Oils and fats--animal and vegetable-----	1,086	120	196
5. Chemicals-----	283,947	73,806	93,719
6. Manufactured goods classified by chief material-----	585,548	177,958	141,702
7. Machinery and transportation equipment-----	189,526	57,092	36,634
8. Miscellaneous manufactured articles-----	1,067,590	216,471	282,987
9. Commodities and transactions not elsewhere classified-----	19,842	6,657	3,359
Total-----	3,276,356	782,283	811,423
^{1/} Albania, Bulgaria, China, Cuba, Czechoslovakia, East Germany, Hungary, Mongolia, North Korea, Poland, Romania, the U.S.S.R. (including Estonia, Latvia, and Lithuania), and Vietnam.			

Source: Compiled from official statistics of the U.S. Department of Commerce.

Note.--Because of rounding, figures may not add to the totals shown.

Table A-2.—U.S. trade with China, by SITC Sections, 1982,
January-March, 1982, and January-March, 1983

(In thousands of dollars)				
SITC Section	1982	January-March 1982	January-March 1983	
U.S. exports:				
0. Food and live animals-----				
1. Beverages and tobacco-----	1,238,263	314,676	277,323	
2. Crude materials--inedible, except fuel-----	279	95	150	
3. Mineral fuels, lubricants, etc-----	586,862	274,426	55,389	
4. Oils and fats--animal and vegetable-----	3,108	6	214	
5. Chemicals-----	6,525	1,783	-	
6. Manufactured goods classified by chief material-----	497,031	165,887	125,030	
7. Machinery and transportation equipment-----	274,857	79,696	33,281	
8. Miscellaneous manufactured articles-----	216,696	48,788	129,651	
9. Commodities and transactions not elsewhere classified-----	78,121	18,522	41,968	
Total-----	2,793	637	938	
	2,904,535	904,516	663,944	
U.S. imports:				
0. Food and live animals-----				
1. Beverages and tobacco-----	118,964	30,492	30,119	
2. Crude materials--inedible, except fuel-----	2,506	799	909	
3. Mineral fuels, lubricants, etc-----	119,018	40,961	29,078	
4. Oils and fats--animal and vegetable-----	580,172	114,276	78,381	
5. Chemicals-----	650	120	196	
6. Manufactured goods classified by chief material-----	131,678	33,694	36,695	
7. Machinery and transportation equipment-----	376,667	115,821	98,643	
8. Miscellaneous manufactured articles-----	42,994	8,834	10,338	
9. Commodities and transactions not elsewhere classified-----	835,883	173,831	238,266	
Total-----	7,324	1,152	2,349	
	2,215,856	519,980	524,974	

Source: Compiled from official statistics of the U.S. Department of Commerce.

Note.—Because of rounding, figures may not add to the totals shown.

Table A-3.--U.S. trade with the U.S.S.R., 1/ by SITC Sections, 1982, January-March, 1982, and January-March, 1983

SITC Section	(In thousands of dollars)		
	1982	January-March 1982	January-March 1983
U.S. exports:			
0. Food and live animals			546,497
1. Beverages and tobacco	1,642,161	935,284	72
2. Crude materials--inedible, except fuel	2,979	1,717	3,066
3. Mineral fuels, lubricants, etc	214,249	184,674	8,016
4. Oils and fats--animal and vegetable	90,013	18,453	8,798
5. Chemicals	40,565	35,401	44,918
6. Manufactured goods classified by chief material	287,846	41,138	
7. Machinery and transportation equipment	25,961	2,630	5,489
8. Miscellaneous manufactured articles	225,458	39,766	32,234
9. Commodities and transactions not elsewhere classified	59,129	12,402	16,021
Total	614	252	222
	2,588,975	1,271,718	665,334
U.S. imports:			
0. Food and live animals			1,991
1. Beverages and tobacco	5,236	1,681	2,947
2. Crude materials--inedible, except fuel	9,961	1,596	3,360
3. Mineral fuels, lubricants, etc	9,511	4,172	-
4. Oils and fats--animal and vegetable	10,356	-	-
5. Chemicals	5	-	45,350
6. Manufactured goods classified by chief material	117,307	30,980	
7. Machinery and transportation equipment	60,555	20,661	11,712
8. Miscellaneous manufactured articles	1,579	170	542
9. Commodities and transactions not elsewhere classified	9,053	1,049	504
Total	5,230	771	396
	228,792	61,080	66,802

1/ Includes Estonia, Latvia, and Lithuania.

Source: Compiled from official statistics of the U.S. Department of Commerce.

Note.--Because of rounding, figures may not add to the totals shown.

Table A-4.--U.S. trade with Eastern Europe, 1/ by SITC Sections, 1982, January-March, 1982, and January-March, 1983

(In thousands of dollars)				
SITC Section	1982	January-March 1982	January-March 1983	
U.S. exports:				
0. Food and live animals	474,670	205,246	82,122	
1. Beverages and tobacco	11,245	618	7,337	
2. Crude materials--inedible, except fuel	206,588	52,487	77,704	
3. Mineral fuels, lubricants, etc	17,399	11,937	7	
4. Oils and fats--animal and vegetable	16,465	5,157	2,529	
5. Chemicals	79,194	24,128	5,689	
6. Manufactured goods classified by chief material	23,060	5,119	5,235	
7. Machinery and transportation equipment	107,529	20,718	18,986	
8. Miscellaneous manufactured articles	35,935	11,233	5,516	
9. Commodities and transactions not elsewhere classified	24,301	5,182	8,680	
Total	996,387	341,825	213,806	
U.S. imports:				
0. Food and live animals	134,417	28,033	51,405	
1. Beverages and tobacco	23,849	5,278	8,912	
2. Crude materials--inedible, except fuel	9,329	2,673	2,289	
3. Mineral fuels, lubricants, etc	99,431	17,915	42,300	
4. Oils and fats--animal and vegetable	430	-	-	
5. Chemicals	33,327	9,115	11,674	
6. Manufactured goods classified by chief material	148,040	41,472	31,344	
7. Machinery and transportation equipment	144,951	48,086	25,754	
8. Miscellaneous manufactured articles	222,641	41,587	44,215	
9. Commodities and transactions not elsewhere classified	7,275	4,735	614	
Total	823,691	198,896	218,508	
1/ Bulgaria, Czechoslovakia, East Germany, Hungary, Poland, Romania.				

Source: Compiled from official statistics of the U.S. Department of Commerce.

Note.--Because of rounding, figures may not add to the totals shown.

Table A-5.--U.S. trade with Albania, by SITC Sections, 1982, January-March, 1982, and January-March, 1983

(In thousands of dollars)				
SITC Section	1982	January-March 1982	January-March 1983	
U.S. exports:				
0. Food and live animals	-	-	-	-
1. Beverages and tobacco	-	-	-	-
2. Crude materials--inedible, except fuel	1,251	228	588	
3. Mineral fuels, lubricants, etc	15,023	-	2,124	
4. Oils and fats--animal and vegetable	-	-	-	-
5. Chemicals	13	-	1	
6. Manufactured goods classified by chief material	-	-	-	-
7. Machinery and transportation equipment	96	1	84	
8. Miscellaneous manufactured articles	17	-	-	-
9. Commodities and transactions not elsewhere classified	1	-	-	-
Total	16,400	229	2,797	
U.S. imports:				
0. Food and live animals	2	2	-	
1. Beverages and tobacco	-	-	-	-
2. Crude materials--inedible, except fuel	2,464	746	758	
3. Mineral fuels, lubricants, etc	-	-	-	-
4. Oils and fats--animal and vegetable	-	-	-	-
5. Chemicals	21	17	-	
6. Manufactured goods classified by chief material	263	4	2	
7. Machinery and transportation equipment	2	2	-	
8. Miscellaneous manufactured articles	8	3	2	
9. Commodities and transactions not elsewhere classified	-	-	-	-
Total	2,760	773	762	

Source: Compiled from official statistics of the U.S. Department of Commerce.

Note.--Because of rounding, figures may not add to the totals shown.

Table A-6.—U.S. trade with Bulgaria, by SITC Sections, 1982,
January-March, 1982, and January-March, 1983

SITC Section	(In thousands of dollars)			
	1982	January-March 1982	January-March 1983	
U.S. exports:				
0. Food and live animals				
1. Beverages and tobacco	56,992	31,050		4,127
2. Crude materials—inedible, except fuel	6,987	452		5,270
3. Mineral fuels, lubricants, etc	6,984	2,407		2,701
4. Oils and fats—animal and vegetable				
5. Chemicals	13,861	216		571
6. Manufactured goods classified by chief material	794	152		41
7. Machinery and transportation equipment	16,017	1,916		1,134
8. Miscellaneous manufactured articles	4,725	1,092		1,801
9. Commodities and transactions not elsewhere classified	93	17		22
Total	106,453	37,303		15,666
U.S. imports:				
0. Food and live animals				
1. Beverages and tobacco	1,907	476		687
2. Crude materials—inedible, except fuel	18,682	3,953		6,168
3. Mineral fuels, lubricants, etc	99	23		29
4. Oils and fats—animal and vegetable				
5. Chemicals	1,464	611		359
6. Manufactured goods classified by chief material	25	1/		2
7. Machinery and transportation equipment	2,612	1,125		90
8. Miscellaneous manufactured articles	277	10		218
9. Commodities and transactions not elsewhere classified	58	23		18
Total	25,124	6,222		7,571

1/ Value less than \$500.

Source: Compiled from official statistics of the U.S. Department of Commerce.

Note.—Because of rounding, figures may not add to the totals shown.

Table A-7.—U.S. trade with Cuba, by SITC Sections, 1982,
January-March, 1982, and January-March, 1983

(In thousands of dollars)				
SITC Section	1982	January-March 1982	January-March 1983	
U.S. exports:				
0. Food and live animals	-	-	-	-
1. Beverages and tobacco	-	-	-	-
2. Crude materials—inedible, except fuel	-	-	-	-
3. Mineral fuels, lubricants, etc	-	-	-	-
4. Oils and fats—animal and vegetable	-	-	-	-
5. Chemicals	744	168	133	
6. Manufactured goods classified by chief material	-	-	-	-
7. Machinery and transportation equipment	130	-	-	-
8. Miscellaneous manufactured articles	31	-	15	
9. Commodities and transactions not elsewhere classified	46	3	13	
Total	951	171	161	
U.S. imports:				
0. Food and live animals	-	-	-	-
1. Beverages and tobacco	-	-	-	-
2. Crude materials—inedible, except fuel	-	-	-	-
3. Mineral fuels, lubricants, etc	-	-	-	-
4. Oils and fats—animal and vegetable	-	-	-	-
5. Chemicals	1,614	-	-	-
6. Manufactured goods classified by chief material	-	-	-	-
7. Machinery and transportation equipment	-	-	-	-
8. Miscellaneous manufactured articles	5	-	-	-
9. Commodities and transactions not elsewhere classified	2	-	-	-
Total	1,621	-	-	-

Source: Compiled from official statistics of the U.S. Department of Commerce.

Note.—Because of rounding, figures may not add to the totals shown.

Table A-8.—U.S. trade with Czechoslovakia, by SITC Sections, 1982, January-March, 1982, and January-March, 1983

(In thousands of dollars)				
SITC Section	1982	January-March 1982	January-March 1983	
U.S. exports:				
0. Food and live animals	48,148	23,474	6,899	
1. Beverages and tobacco	34	9	28	
2. Crude materials--inedible, except fuel	14,370	4,272	2,535	
3. Mineral fuels, lubricants, etc	1	-	-	
4. Oils and fats--animal and vegetable	-	-	-	
5. Chemicals	2,108	1,075	330	
6. Manufactured goods classified by chief material	2,912	757	724	
7. Machinery and transportation equipment	11,651	1,528	1,611	
8. Miscellaneous manufactured articles	3,826	1,241	465	
9. Commodities and transactions not elsewhere classified	548	175	282	
Total	83,598	32,530	12,874	
U.S. imports:				
0. Food and live animals	11,237	4,133	4,454	
1. Beverages and tobacco	840	143	241	
2. Crude materials--inedible, except fuel	1,558	451	196	
3. Mineral fuels, lubricants, etc	359	328	-	
4. Oils and fats--animal and vegetable	-	-	-	
5. Chemicals	4,083	374	303	
6. Manufactured goods classified by chief material	19,532	5,964	5,800	
7. Machinery and transportation equipment	7,532	2,437	1,695	
8. Miscellaneous manufactured articles	16,049	4,159	5,126	
9. Commodities and transactions not elsewhere classified	358	66	126	
Total	61,548	18,055	17,941	

Source: Compiled from official statistics of the U.S. Department of Commerce.

Note.—Because of rounding, figures may not add to the totals shown.

Table A-9.--U.S. trade with East Germany, by SITC Sections, 1982,
January-March, 1982, and January-March, 1983

SITC Section	(In thousands of dollars)			
	1982	January-March 1982	January-March 1983	
U.S. exports:				
0. Food and live animals-----				
1. Beverages and tobacco-----	203,011	116,332		34,328
2. Crude materials--inedible, except fuel-----	369	126		262
3. Mineral fuels, lubricants, etc-----	4,788	625		340
4. Oils and fats--animal and vegetable-----	-	-		-
5. Chemicals-----	1,080	179		766
6. Manufactured goods classified by chief material-----	1,434	346		267
7. Machinery and transportation equipment-----	8,420	306		4,112
8. Miscellaneous manufactured articles-----	2,991	2,142		143
9. Commodities and transactions not elsewhere classified-----	565	186		68
Total-----	222,657	120,242		40,286
U.S. imports:				
0. Food and live animals-----				
1. Beverages and tobacco-----	530	20		219
2. Crude materials--inedible, except fuel-----	366	5		67
3. Mineral fuels, lubricants, etc-----	1,830	868		158
4. Oils and fats--animal and vegetable-----	9,439	630		364
5. Chemicals-----	-	-		-
6. Manufactured goods classified by chief material-----	6,141	4,142		4,312
7. Machinery and transportation equipment-----	15,331	4,630		4,687
8. Miscellaneous manufactured articles-----	12,693	3,258		4,455
9. Commodities and transactions not elsewhere classified-----	4,673	1,195		816
Total-----	768	195		42
	51,773	14,943		15,119

Source: Compiled from official statistics of the U.S. Department of Commerce.

Note.--Because of rounding, figures may not add to the totals shown.

Table A-10.—U.S. trade with Hungary, by SITC Sections, 1982,
January-March, 1982, and January-March, 1983

SITC Section	(In thousands of dollars)			January-March 1982	January-March 1983
	1982	1982	1982	1982	1983
U.S. exports:					
0. Food and live animals:					
1. Beverages and tobacco:	1,596		368		12,080
2. Crude materials—inedible, except fuel:	653		—		457
3. Mineral fuels, lubricants, etc:	5,567		2,185		832
4. Oils and fats—animal and vegetable:	23		2		2
5. Chemicals:	6		6		—
6. Manufactured goods classified by chief material:	15,030		8,944		653
7. Machinery and transportation equipment:	10,447		2,794		1,442
8. Miscellaneous manufactured articles:	27,361		5,747		3,816
9. Commodities and transactions not elsewhere classified:	6,034		1,389		1,576
Total:	1,125		195		537
	67,842		21,630		21,395
U.S. imports:					
0. Food and live animals:					
1. Beverages and tobacco:	29,642		7,120		10,948
2. Crude materials—inedible, except fuel:	1,592		736		1,123
3. Mineral fuels, lubricants, etc:	2,002		179		702
4. Oils and fats—animal and vegetable:	—		—		—
5. Chemicals:	—		—		—
6. Manufactured goods classified by chief material:	6,058		1,575		3,098
7. Machinery and transportation equipment:	15,265		2,539		5,776
8. Miscellaneous manufactured articles:	44,357		18,615		9,272
9. Commodities and transactions not elsewhere classified:	33,376		5,362		8,204
Total:	944		49		91
	133,238		36,175		39,212

Source: Compiled from official statistics of the U.S. Department of Commerce.

Note.—Because of rounding, figures may not add to the totals shown.

Table A-11.--U.S. trade with North Korea, by SITC Sections, 1982, January-March, 1982, and January-March, 1983

(In thousands of dollars)				
SITC Section	1982	January-March 1982	January-March 1983	
U.S. exports:				
0. Food and live animals	-	-	-	-
1. Beverages and tobacco	-	-	-	-
2. Crude materials--inedible, except fuel	69	-	-	-
3. Mineral fuels, lubricants, etc	-	-	-	-
4. Oils and fats--animal and vegetable	-	-	-	-
5. Chemicals	-	-	-	-
6. Manufactured goods classified by chief material	-	-	-	-
7. Machinery and transportation equipment	30	-	-	1
8. Miscellaneous manufactured articles	-	-	-	-
9. Commodities and transactions not elsewhere classified	-	-	-	-
Total	100	-	-	1
U.S. imports:				
0. Food and live animals	-	8	-	-
1. Beverages and tobacco	-	-	-	-
2. Crude materials--inedible, except fuel	-	-	-	-
3. Mineral fuels, lubricants, etc	-	-	-	-
4. Oils and fats--animal and vegetable	-	-	-	-
5. Chemicals	-	-	-	-
6. Manufactured goods classified by chief material	-	-	-	-
7. Machinery and transportation equipment	-	-	-	-
8. Miscellaneous manufactured articles	-	-	-	-
9. Commodities and transactions not elsewhere classified	-	-	-	-
Total	8	8	-	-

Source: Compiled from official statistics of the U.S. Department of Commerce.

Note.--Because of rounding, figures may not add to the totals shown.

Table A-12.—U.S. trade with Mongolia, by SITC Sections, 1982,
January-March, 1982, and January-March, 1983

SITC Section	(In thousands of dollars)			
	1982	January-March 1982	January-March 1983	
U.S. exports:				
0. Food and live animals	-	-	-	-
1. Beverages and tobacco	-	-	-	-
2. Crude materials--inedible, except fuel	175	-	-	-
3. Mineral fuels, lubricants, etc	-	-	-	-
4. Oils and fats--animal and vegetable	-	-	-	-
5. Chemicals	-	-	-	-
6. Manufactured goods classified by chief material	12	4	2	2
7. Machinery and transportation equipment	37	29	6	6
8. Miscellaneous manufactured articles	103	3	1	1
9. Commodities and transactions not elsewhere classified	17	9	2	2
Total	344	44	11	11
U.S. imports:				
0. Food and live animals	-	-	-	-
1. Beverages and tobacco	-	-	-	-
2. Crude materials--inedible, except fuel	3,595	1,546	378	378
3. Mineral fuels, lubricants, etc	-	-	-	-
4. Oils and fats--animal and vegetable	-	-	-	-
5. Chemicals	-	-	-	-
6. Manufactured goods classified by chief material	23	-	-	-
7. Machinery and transportation equipment	-	-	-	-
8. Miscellaneous manufactured articles	-	-	-	-
9. Commodities and transactions not elsewhere classified	10	-	-	-
Total	3,628	1,546	378	378

Source: Compiled from official statistics of the U.S. Department of Commerce.

Note.—Because of rounding, figures may not add to the totals shown.

Table A-13.--U.S. trade with Poland, by SITC Sections, 1982, January-March, 1982, and January-March, 1983

SITC Section	(In thousands of dollars)		
	1982	January-March 1982	January-March 1983
U.S. exports:			
0. Food and live animals-----	120,328	16,960	23,971
1. Beverages and tobacco-----	2,098	31	908
2. Crude materials--inedible, except fuel-----	66,551	2,177	25,001
3. Mineral fuels, lubricants, etc-----	7	-	3
4. Oils and fats--animal and vegetable-----	16,459	5,152	2,529
5. Chemicals-----	32,180	3,683	2,081
6. Manufactured goods classified by chief material-----	3,653	273	1,847
7. Machinery and transportation equipment-----	21,144	2,882	6,353
8. Miscellaneous manufactured articles-----	8,408	3,281	978
9. Commodities and transactions not elsewhere classified-----	21,779	4,560	7,679
Total-----	292,606	38,997	71,350
U.S. imports:			
0. Food and live animals-----	75,634	10,269	30,974
1. Beverages and tobacco-----	633	95	1,123
2. Crude materials--inedible, except fuel-----	899	439	365
3. Mineral fuels, lubricants, etc-----	1/	-	-
4. Oils and fats--animal and vegetable-----	430	-	-
5. Chemicals-----	9,337	1,095	1,402
6. Manufactured goods classified by chief material-----	42,364	6,571	7,738
7. Machinery and transportation equipment-----	30,123	5,263	2,933
8. Miscellaneous manufactured articles-----	49,045	8,228	6,238
9. Commodities and transactions not elsewhere classified-----	4,421	4,131	264
Total-----	212,888	36,093	51,038

1/ Value less than \$500.

Source: Compiled from official statistics of the U.S. Department of Commerce.

Note.--Because of rounding, figures may not add to the totals shown.

Table A-14.--U.S. trade with Romania, by SITC Sections, 1982,
January-March, 1982, and January-March, 1983

(In thousands of dollars)				
SITC Section	1982	January-March 1982	January-March 1983	
U.S. exports:				
0. Food and live animals				
1. Beverages and tobacco	44,595	17,063		717
2. Crude materials--inedible, except fuel	1,105			412
3. Mineral fuels, lubricants, etc	108,330	40,820		46,297
4. Oils and fats--animal and vegetable	17,368	11,935		2
5. Chemicals				
6. Manufactured goods classified by chief material	14,934	10,031		1,289
7. Machinery and transportation equipment	3,818	797		914
8. Miscellaneous manufactured articles	22,937	8,339		1,960
9. Commodities and transactions not elsewhere classified	9,952	2,088		553
Total	191	50		92
	223,231	91,123		52,236
U.S. imports:				
0. Food and live animals				
1. Beverages and tobacco	15,466	6,015		4,124
2. Crude materials--inedible, except fuel	1,736	345		191
3. Mineral fuels, lubricants, etc	2,941	713		839
4. Oils and fats--animal and vegetable	89,633	16,957		41,936
5. Chemicals	1/			
6. Manufactured goods classified by chief material	6,243	1,317		2,201
7. Machinery and transportation equipment	55,522	21,767		7,341
8. Miscellaneous manufactured articles	47,634	17,388		7,309
9. Commodities and transactions not elsewhere classified	119,221	22,633		23,613
Total	726	271		73
	339,121	87,408		87,627

1/ Value less than \$500.

Source: Compiled from official statistics of the U.S. Department of Commerce.

Note.--Because of rounding, figures may not add to the totals shown.

Table A-15.--U.S. trade with Vietnam, by SITC Sections, 1982,
January-March, 1982, and January-March, 1983

(In thousands of dollars)				
SITC Section	1982	January-March 1982	January-March 1983	
U.S. exports:				
0. Food and live animals				60
1. Beverages and tobacco	5			
2. Crude materials--inedible, except fuel				
3. Mineral fuels, lubricants, etc	4			
4. Oils and fats--animal and vegetable				
5. Chemicals	1,072	27		
6. Manufactured goods classified by chief material	67	17		
7. Machinery and transportation equipment	12			
8. Miscellaneous manufactured articles	137	19		35
9. Commodities and transactions not elsewhere classified				
Total	30,698	5,836		7,570
	31,995	5,898		7,665
U.S. imports:				
0. Food and live animals				
1. Beverages and tobacco				
2. Crude materials--inedible, except fuel				
3. Mineral fuels, lubricants, etc				
4. Oils and fats--animal and vegetable				
5. Chemicals				
6. Manufactured goods classified by chief material				
7. Machinery and transportation equipment				
8. Miscellaneous manufactured articles				
9. Commodities and transactions not elsewhere classified				
Total				

Source: Compiled from official statistics of the U.S. Department of Commerce.

Note.--Because of rounding, figures may not add to the totals shown.

APPENDIX B

LEADING U.S. IMPORTS AND EXPORTS IN TRADE
WITH THE NONMARKET ECONOMY COUNTRIES

Table B-1.--Leading items exported to nonmarket economy countries (NME's) 1/, by Schedule B Nos., January-March 1983, January-March 1982, and 1982

Schedule B No.	Description	January-March--		
		1983	1982	1982
130.6540	Wheat, unmilled, not donated for relief or charity	\$591,047,774	\$875,190,539	\$1,863,103,471
130.3465	Yellow corn, not donated for relief or charity	264,600,914	476,475,693	1,305,049,130
480.8005	Diammonium phosphate fertilizer	43,917,070	34,161,192	90,911,429
175.4100	Soybeans, other than seed for planting	41,200,459	241,135,217	319,239,704
480.7025	Phosphoric acid, 65 percent or more available phosphorus pentoxide equivalents	40,248,633	38,810,514	268,485,210
694.4062	Airplanes, nonmilitary, multiple engine, passenger transport, over 33,000 pounds empty weight, new	39,181,800	-	-
120.1400	Cattle hides, whole	26,134,075	18,704,841	72,478,663
200.3510	Douglas-fir logs and timber, rough	26,107,821	23,865,487	161,959,472
184.5260	Soybean oil cake and oil-cake meal	22,877,653	71,917,474	83,778,126
480.7050	Concentrated superphosphates	16,441,891	2,099,029	33,334,365
818.3900	Products, n.e.s., donated for relief or charity	13,480,974	9,288,898	46,064,661
486.6600	Organophosphorus-containing insecticide preparations, n.s.p.f.	12,251,878	588,744	20,880,758
790.5510	Pressure-sensitive tape having a plastic backing	11,782,015	6,918,887	36,247,890
660.4930	Aircraft jet and gas turbines, non-piston-type engines, nonmilitary, new	11,266,769	-	-
444.1620	Polyethylene resins, high density	10,981,827	6,998,410	49,894,648
177.5640	Tallow, inedible	10,324,245	17,001,992	31,035,979
710.2820	Electrical (including electronic) geophysical instruments and apparatus, and parts thereof	10,106,429	3,750,234	20,433,761
309.4242	Polyester fibers (in noncontinuous form)	8,642,393	44,067,265	70,974,582
649.5040	Rock drilling bits, core bits, and reamers, other than percussion rock drill bits	8,384,635	76,428	4,903,510
678.3055	Glass-working machines	7,643,279	-	18,000
	Total	1,216,622,534	1,871,050,844	4,478,793,359
	Total, U.S. exports to NME's	1,553,718,156	2,524,401,533	6,539,686,387

1/ Cuba, East Germany, Czechoslovakia, Hungary, Poland, U.S.S.R., Albania, Romania, Bulgaria, Vietnam, China, Mongolia, and North Korea.

Source: Compiled from official statistics of the U.S. Department of Commerce.

Table B-2.—Leading items imported from nonmarket economy countries (NME's) 1/, by TSUSA items, January-March 1983, January-March 1982, and 1982

TSUSA item No.	Description	January-March—			1982
		1983	1982	1982	
475.2520	Gasoline	\$112,335,416	\$83,513,271	\$417,071,107	
107.3525	Canned hams and shoulders, 3 pounds and over	35,379,190	9,503,756	87,409,177	
480.6540	Anhydrous ammonia	26,185,727	25,404,208	88,765,017	
480.3000	Urea, n.e.s.	15,196,857	5,691,412	12,194,414	
360.1515	Floor coverings of wool, valued over 66-2/3 cents per square foot	14,035,779	13,462,768	40,961,780	
472.1000	Barytes ore, crude	10,156,397	6,047,886	27,135,096	
755.1500	Fireworks	10,018,389	7,944,367	31,139,357	
383.4761	Women's trousers and slacks of cotton, other than denim, corduroy and velveteen	9,561,862	1,831,544	7,907,711	
383.9050	Women's coats, n.e.s., 3/4 length or longer	8,600,614	6,851,984	24,668,742	
475.1010	Crude petroleum, testing 25 degrees A.P.I. or more	7,980,198	44,203,286	152,891,172	
320.2032	Printcloth shirting, wholly of cotton, n.e.s. (average yarn number 20)	7,744,241	8,327,755	18,229,048	
379.9575	Men's trousers and slacks of man-made fibers, not knit	7,214,167	2,427,446	10,400,692	
622.0200	Tin, other than alloyed, unwrought	6,977,500	16,828,009	35,495,244	
383.4730	Women's girls' or infants' shorts, of cotton, not knit	6,857,866	165,034	748,338	
379.4050	Men's shirts, n.e.s., knit, cotton	6,801,196	4,126,603	11,404,634	
379.9530	Men's coats of man-made fibers, not knit, n.s.p.f.	6,473,679	2,786,944	19,475,473	
480.5000	Potassium chloride, crude	6,116,469	3,255,329	7,890,486	
170.2800	Cigarette leaf, not stemmed, oriental or turkish type not over 8.5 inches	5,869,782	3,624,172	17,688,098	
605.0260	Palladium	5,633,734	6,900,587	24,880,341	
727.3540	Furniture, of wood, n.s.p.f.	5,588,674	3,142,501	16,099,230	
	Total	314,727,737	256,038,862	1,052,455,157	
	Total, U.S. imports from NME's	811,423,302	782,282,858	3,276,355,794	

1/ Cuba, East Germany, Czechoslovakia, Hungary, Poland, U.S.S.R., Albania, Romania, Bulgaria, Vietnam, China, Mongolia, and North Korea.

Source: Compiled from official statistics of the U.S. Department of Commerce.

Table B-3.—Leading items exported to China, by Schedule B Nos., January-March 1983, January-March 1982, and 1982

Schedule B No.	Description	January-March—	
		1983	1982
130.6540	Wheat, unmilled, not donated for relief or charity	\$158,618,800	\$274,435,030
130.3465	Yellow corn, not donated for relief or charity	116,714,290	39,962,337
480.8005	Diammonium phosphate fertilizer	43,917,070	29,046,460
694.4062	Airplanes, nonmilitary, multiple engine, passenger transport, over 33,000 pounds empty weight, new	39,181,800	-
200.3510	Douglas-fir logs and timber, rough	26,107,821	23,865,487
480.7050	Concentrated superphosphates	16,441,891	-
486.6600	Organophosphorus-containing insecticide preparations, n.s.p.f.	12,251,878	431,611
660.4930	Aircraft jet and gas turbines, non-piston-type engines, nonmilitary, new	11,266,769	-
444.1620	Polyethylene resins, high density	10,922,127	6,998,410
710.2820	Electrical (including electronic) geophysical instruments and apparatus, and parts thereof	9,349,511	3,083,325
309.4242	Polyester fibers (in noncontinuous form)	8,427,145	43,912,576
649.5040	Rock drilling bits, core bits, and reamers, other than percussion rock drill bits	8,366,759	57,537
678.3055	Glass-working machines	7,628,504	-
444.1700	Polypropylene resins, excluding amorphous or atactic polymers and copolymers	7,280,058	29,715,246
694.6507	Parts designed for use in civil aircraft, n.e.s.	6,382,250	975,434
678.5002	Oil and gas field wire line and downhole equipment and parts thereof	6,096,306	4,291,944
486.2900	Insecticides, unmixed, n.e.s.	5,808,976	925,500
310.0010	Textured yarns, of polyester	5,558,980	46,368,050
309.4245	Acrylic and modacrylic fibers (in noncontinuous form)	5,452,297	1,839,600
480.3000	Urea	5,442,648	13,441,897
	Total	511,215,880	519,350,444
	Total, U.S. exports to China	663,944,110	904,515,802
			2,904,535,286

Source: Compiled from official statistics of the U.S. Department of Commerce.

Table B-4.—Leading items imported from China, by TSUSA items, January-March 1983, January-March 1982, and 1982

TSUSA item No.	Description	January-March—	
		1983	1982
475.2520	Gasoline—	\$70,399,743	\$66,556,070
360.1515	Floor coverings of wool, valued over 66-2/3 cents per square foot—	13,592,430	12,629,045
472.1000	Barytes ore, crude—	10,156,397	6,047,886
755.1500	Fireworks—	10,018,389	7,944,367
383.4761	Women's trousers and slacks of cotton, other than denim, corduroy and velveteen—	9,528,146	1,774,950
475.1010	Crude petroleum, testing 25 degrees A.P.I. or more—	7,980,198	44,203,286
383.9050	Women's coats, n.e.s., 3/4 length or longer—	7,777,234	6,597,566
320.2032	Printcloth shirting, wholly of cotton, n.e.s. (average yarn number 20)—	7,744,241	8,327,755
379.9575	Men's trousers and slacks of man-made fibers, not knit—	7,207,368	2,426,684
622.0200	Tin, other than alloyed, unwrought—	6,977,500	16,828,009
383.4730	Women's girls' or infants' shorts, of cotton, not knit—	6,857,866	153,813
379.9530	Men's coats of man-made fibers, not knit, n.s.p.f.—	6,464,254	2,681,786
144.2053	Mushrooms otherwise prepared or preserved in containers each holding more than 9 ounces, other than whole or sliced—	1/ 6,006,550	1/ 3,904,763
379.4050	Men's shirts, n.e.s., knit, cotton—	5,463,705	3,232,250
379.9585	Men's and boys' shorts of man-made fibers, not knit—	5,043,602	2,177,168
379.6240	Men's trousers and slacks other than denim, including brushed denim and corduroy—	4,878,370	1,312,189
366.2460	Terry towels of cotton, of pile or tufted construction, valued over \$1.45 per pound—	4,872,290	6,319,917
222.4000	Baskets and bags of bamboo—	3,799,374	4,431,090
653.2200	Metal coins, n.e.s.—	3,708,301	203,422
704.4010	Gloves, of cotton, without fourchettes—	3,548,128	2,915,707
	Total—	202,024,086	200,667,723
	Total, U.S. imports from China—	524,973,747	519,980,223

1/ Includes imports entered under TSUSA item 922.5653 as well as those entered under TSUSA item 144.2053. Item 922.5653 was created on April 9, 1982, as a temporary tariff provision modification for selected items which formerly entered under item 144.2053. For comparability throughout the time periods presented, the numbers in the table represent aggregated data for imports entering under the two numbers. For January-March 1982, all imports entered under item 144.2053. During the entire year of 1982, \$9,949,607 entered under item 144.2053 and \$8,499,781 entered under item 922.5653. For January-March 1983, \$976,724 entered under item 144.2053 and \$5,029,826 entered under item 922.5653.

Source: Compiled from official statistics of the U.S. Department of Commerce.

Table B-5.--Leading items exported to the U.S.S.R. 1/, by Schedule B Nos., January-March 1983, January-March 1982, and 1982

Schedule B No.	Description	January-March--	
		1983	1982
130.6540	: Wheat, unmilled, not donated for relief or charity-----	\$432,428,974	\$595,026,403
130.3465	: Yellow corn, not donated for relief or charity-----	113,621,796	327,061,249
480.7025	: Phosphoric acid, 65 percent or more available phosphorus		
	: pentoxide equivalents-----	40,248,633	38,810,514
790.5510	: Pressure-sensitive tape having a plastic backing-----	11,756,756	6,897,318
177.5640	: Tallow, inedible-----	8,797,688	12,722,940
664.0586	: Parts, n.e.s., of boring and drilling machines-----	7,108,048	5,523
692.3840	: Parts of tractors, other than tracklaying tractors-----	6,074,614	3,369,038
475.4555	: Insulating or transformer oils-----	5,633,981	5,886,750
674.3528	: Machine tools for deburring or otherwise finishing metal, new,		
	: at least \$2,500 each, with numerical controls or facings-----	3,438,660	-
120.1400	: Cattle hides, whole-----	2,987,957	-
338.2600	: Woven fabrics of glass-----	1,986,018	462,406
517.5120	: Petroleum coke, calcined-----	1,724,750	10,359,617
678.5090	: Other machines n.s.p.f., and parts thereof-----	1,323,203	623,574
664.0591	: Parts, n.e.s., of levelling, boring, and extracting machinery,		
	: n.s.p.f.-----	1,198,111	9,689
711.8750	: Electrical (including electronic) physical analysis equipment,		
	: n.s.p.f., and parts thereof-----	1,181,281	430,701
417.1900	: Aluminum compounds n.s.p.f.-----	1,133,235	916
711.8042	: Nonelectrical nonindustrial instruments for measuring, checking		
	: or controlling pressure, draft or vacuum, n.s.p.f., and parts-	1,110,000	-
674.3045	: Metalworking machine tools, for cutting or hobbing gears, new,		
	: n.s.p.f.-----	1,040,267	-
660.5460	: Parts of industrial gas turbines-----	928,000	-
790.5570	: Pressure sensitive tape having a rubberized textile backing,		
	: except surgical or medicated tape and tape of unwoven fiber-----	851,636	-
	: Total-----	644,573,608	1,001,666,638
	: Total, U.S. exports to the U.S.S.R.-----	665,334,066	1,271,718,395

1/ Includes Estonia, Latvia, and Lithuania.

Source: Compiled from official statistics of the U.S. Department of Commerce.

Table B-6.--Leading items imported from the U.S.S.R. 1/, by TSUSA items, January-March 1983, January-March 1982, and 1982

TSUSA item No.	Description	January-March--	
		1983	1982
480.6540	Anhydrous ammonia	\$26,185,727	\$25,404,208
480.3000	Urea, n.e.s.	15,196,857	3,931,412
605.0260	Palladium	5,633,734	6,900,587
124.1045	Sable furskins, whole, undressed	2,879,174	2,748,150
169.3800	Vodka, in containers holding not over 1 gallon, valued over \$7.75 per gallon	2,525,256	1,146,641
480.5000	Potassium chloride, crude	2,287,536	993,000
114.3000	Crabs, nes	1,496,700	-
605.0290	Platinum group metals and combinations, n.e.s.	1,471,200	1,402,128
620.0300	Nickel, unwrought	1,132,339	6,196,008
605.0220	Platinum sponge	603,359	1,335,229
605.0750	Palladium bars, plates, etc	571,474	544,136
605.0270	Rhodium	562,998	664,679
493.1200	Casein	486,339	134,717
240.1440	Plywood, with face ply of birch, not face finished	476,182	728,349
420.9800	Sodium compounds, chromate and dichromate	424,370	70,909
423.0030	Rare-earth oxides	377,949	305,933
124.1018	Lynx furskins, whole, undressed	311,173	-
169.3700	Vodka, not over 1 gallon, valued not over \$7.75 per gallon	308,281	310,145
605.2020	Gold bullion, refined	264,066	203,119
245.2020	Hardboard valued over \$96.66-2/3 per short ton, other	228,499	442,389
	Total	63,425,213	53,461,739
	Total, U.S. imports from the U.S.S.R.	66,801,619	61,080,086

1/ Includes Estonia, Latvia, and Lithuania.

Source: Compiled from official statistics of the U.S. Department of Commerce.

Table B-7.--Leading items exported to Eastern Europe 1 /, by Schedule B Nos., January-March 1983, January-March 1982, and 1982

Schedule B No.	Description	January-March--		1982
		1983	1982	
175.4100	Soybeans, other than seed for planting	\$41,200,459	\$29,930,280	\$84,751,197
130.3465	Yellow corn, not donated for relief or charity	34,264,828	109,452,107	296,922,998
184.5260	Soybean oil cake and oil-cake meal	22,877,653	71,917,474	83,778,126
120.1400	Cattle hides, whole	20,412,086	15,900,066	61,455,793
818.3900	Products, n.e.s., donated for relief or charity	7,423,247	4,449,102	20,489,269
116.0100	Butter	6,843,997	1,726,379	17,513,137
480.4500	Phosphates, crude, and apatite	4,664,924	453,945	21,390,489
415.4500	Sulfur, native elemental or recovered	3,818,680	1,228,605	8,564,475
115.5040	Nonfat dry milk, not donated for relief or charity	3,682,712	10,040	3,272,594
170.3340	Burley cigarette leaf filler tobacco, stemmed	3,550,300	-	1,835,248
182.9754	Vegetable protein concentrates, hydrolysates, and textured or spun products, derived from oil seeds	3,519,382	-	-
115.5020	Nonfat dry milk, donated for relief or charity	3,464,172	590,218	3,237,905
678.3240	Parts for machines for assembling electric filament and discharge lamps and electric tubes	3,106,880	-	-
117.8200	American-type cheeses, except Cheddar	3,028,112	-	4,124,779
601.6100	Zinc ore	2,700,000	-	7,714,187
131.4030	Wheat flour, n.e.s., donated for relief or charity	1,860,177	522,090	7,780,266
664.0588	Parts, n.e.s., of excavating machinery, n.e.s.	1,788,453	37,389	621,212
170.3320	Flue-cured cigarette leaf filler tobacco, stemmed	1,747,525	350,945	5,587,570
126.0120	Alfalfa seeds, uncertified	1,556,271	-	-
177.5640	Tallow, inedible	1,526,557	2,541,552	6,671,650
	Total	173,036,415	239,110,192	635,110,795
	Total, U.S. exports to Eastern Europe	213,805,520	341,825,412	996,386,890
1/ East Germany, Czechoslovakia, Hungary, Poland, Romania, and Bulgaria.				

Source: Compiled from official statistics of the U.S. Department of Commerce.

Table B-8 --Leading items imported from Eastern Europe 1/, by TSUSA items, January-March 1983, January-March 1982, and 1982

TSUSA item No.	Description	January-March--		1982
		1983	1982	
475.2520	: Gasoline-----	\$41,935,673	\$16,957,201	\$69,846,469
107.3525	: Canned hams and shoulders, 3 pounds and over-----	35,379,190	9,503,756	87,409,177
170.2800	: Cigarette leaf, not stemmed, oriental or turkish type not : over 8.5 inches-----	5,869,782	3,615,309	17,658,554
192.2520	: Hops, not in pellets-----	5,461,979	4,142,761	8,424,002
727.3540	: Furniture, of wood, n.s.p.f-----	4,266,876	2,344,633	12,386,215
700.4540	: Women's footwear, of leather, cement soles, valued over \$2.50 : per pair-----	3,845,402	1,916,316	20,568,211
480.5000	: Potassium chloride, crude-----	3,828,933	2,262,329	3,290,227
692.3288	: Parts for motor vehicles, n.e.s-----	3,777,791	4,248,199	12,045,396
686.9030	: Other lamps, including standard household-----	3,082,209	3,099,153	11,455,717
379.8355	: Men's wool suits, not knit, not ornamented-----	2,843,555	2,415,287	13,890,593
772.5109	: Passenger car tires, radial-----	2,374,245	1,227,596	3,618,605
607.1700	: Wire rods, of iron or steel, not tempered or treated, valued : over 4 cents per pound-----	2,089,012	-	2,265,066
383.3415	: Women's cotton raincoats, n.e.s., 3/4 length or longer-----	2,052,143	3,722,576	6,909,302
772.5136	: Truck and bus tires, radial-----	2,018,886	391,468	3,863,491
727.1500	: Furniture and parts, of bentwood-----	1,994,885	1,226,330	7,605,870
117.6700	: Pecorino cheese, not for grating-----	1,933,080	791,036	5,090,472
546.6020	: Glass tumblers, etc., valued over \$0.30 but not over \$3 each-----	1,774,176	1,299,208	6,751,614
727.2900	: Chairs of wood, not folding, not teak, n.e.s-----	1,763,143	912,135	5,164,122
700.2940	: Welt work footwear, of leather, valued over \$6.80 per pair-----	1,757,432	1,461,364	3,891,989
335.9500	: Woven fabrics, other, of vegetable fibers, n.e.s., weighing : over 4 ounces per square yard-----	1,717,180	2,246,819	12,789,178
	: Total-----	129,765,572	63,783,476	314,924,270
	: Total, U.S. imports from Eastern Europe-----	218,507,822	198,895,641	823,690,730

1/ East Germany, Czechoslovakia, Hungary, Poland, Romania, and Bulgaria.

Source: Compiled from official statistics of the U.S. Department of Commerce.

Table B-9.—Leading items exported to Albania, by Schedule B Nos., January-March 1983, January-March 1982, and 1982

Schedule B No.	Description	January-March—		1982
		1983	1982	
521.3120	Bituminous coal, n.e.s.	\$2,124,030	-	\$1,903,390
309.3270	Grouped filaments and strips, continuous, n.e.s.	328,633	227,552	1,250,919
120.1400	Cattle hides, whole	259,000	-	-
688.1900	Insulated wire and cable, n.s.p.f.	84,064	-	94,527
438.1090	Blood and blood derivatives, except for passive immunization, n.e.s.	1,150	-	13,032
	Total	2,796,877	227,552	3,261,868
	Total, U.S. exports to Albania	2,796,877	228,697	16,399,982

Source: Compiled from official statistics of the U.S. Department of Commerce.

Table B-10.--Leading items imported from Albania, by TSUSA items, January-March 1983, January-March 1982, and 1982

TSUSA item No.	Description	January-March--		1982
		1983	1982	
161.9400	Sage, unground	\$485,824	\$456,166	\$2,098,522
601.1520	Chrome ore, chromium content not over 40 percent chromic oxide	259,557	289,432	298,656
161.0300	Basil, crude	12,983	-	31,688
653.2200	Metal coins, n.e.s.	2,018	2,792	7,531
360.1515	Floor coverings of wool, valued over 66-2/3 cents per square foot	1,948	-	240,301
	Total	762,330	748,390	2,676,698
	Total, U.S. imports from Albania	762,330	772,884	2,759,626

Source: Compiled from official statistics of the U.S. Department of Commerce.

Table B-11.—Leading items exported to Bulgaria, by Schedule B Nos., January-March 1983, January-March 1982, and 1982

Schedule B No.	Description	January-March—		1982
		1983	1982	
184.5260	Soybean oil cake and oil-cake meal	\$4,045,440	\$17,070,891	\$23,388,326
170.3340	Burley cigarette leaf filler tobacco, stemmed	3,550,300	-	1,835,248
601.6100	Zinc ore	2,700,000	-	3,210,000
170.3320	Flue-cured cigarette leaf filler tobacco, stemmed	1,290,619	350,945	4,859,792
712.5025	Frequency-testing apparatus for electrical, radio, and communications circuits, and parts thereof	996,580	116,954	150,198
170.5100	Unmanufactured tobacco, n.s.p.f., including stems, trimmings, scraps, cuttings and siftings	428,814	101,530	265,127
666.0044	Harvesting machines, n.s.p.f.	294,480	-	64,535
711.8750	Electrical (including electronic) physical analysis equipment, n.s.p.f., and parts thereof	229,816	54,283	643,919
765.1500	Original sculptures and statuary	220,000	-	-
666.0072	Parts for harvesting machines other than haying machines	173,655	1,600	73,198
435.8500	Anticonvulsants, hypnotics, and sedatives	140,940	-	79,920
792.1020	Unfilled gelatine capsules	125,000	475,975	1,186,688
273.4000	Plans and drawings for industrial, architectural, engineering, commercial or similar purposes; manuscripts and copies of data	110,000	-	402,000
660.5410	Parts of automobile, truck, and bus engines, n.e.s.	109,042	-	-
486.8900	Herbicide preparations, n.e.s.	88,757	-	-
687.6047	Mos (metal oxide silicon) monolithic integrated circuits, other than linear, n.s.p.f.	83,008	109,000	271,000
678.3545	Machines used for molding or otherwise forming rubber or plastics articles, n.e.s.	66,700	117,542	117,542
438.1090	Blood and blood derivatives, except for passive immunization, n.e.s.	62,900	-	-
433.1035	Compound catalyst preparations, other than of nickel	59,400	-	1,456,212
664.0588	Parts, n.e.s., of excavating machinery, n.e.s.	57,500	-	900
	Total	14,832,951	18,398,720	38,004,605
	Total, U.S. exports to Bulgaria	15,665,574	37,302,536	106,452,666

Source: Compiled from official statistics of the U.S. Department of Commerce.

Table B-12.—Leading items imported from Bulgaria, by TSUSA items, January-March 1983, January-March 1982, and 1982

TSUSA Item No.	Description	January-March—		1982
		1983	1982	
170.2800	Cigarette leaf, not stemmed, oriental or turkish type not over 8.5 inches	\$5,869,782	\$3,615,309	\$17,658,554
117.6700	Pecorino cheese, not for grating	592,715	456,680	1,806,346
452.6000	Rose oil or attar of roses	192,150	465,961	991,790
167.3005	Red wine not over 14 percent alcohol, valued not over \$4 per gallon, in containers not over 1 gallon	150,254	—	—
439.1090	Natural drugs, n.e.s., crude	143,986	119,901	268,339
379.8315	Men's and boys' overcoats topcoats and car coats of wool not knit valued over \$4 per pound	100,871	—	2,558
676.0560	Typewriters, nonelectric, nonautomatic	81,479	—	—
167.3015	White wine not over 14 percent alcohol, valued not over \$4 per gallon, in containers not over 1 gallon	75,370	—	—
161.7100	Paprika, ground or unground	59,000	19,035	19,035
167.3030	Red wine over 14 percent alcohol valued over \$4 per gallon, in containers not over 1 gallon	42,968	—	—
379.1740	Men's and boys' suits of wool, not knit	39,796	—	—
117.6500	Cheeses made from sheep's milk, in original loaves and suitable for grating	34,865	—	50,849
383.7210	Women's wearing apparel, of wool, not knit valued over \$4 per pound, n.e.s. coats other than 3/4 length or longer	32,978	—	78,058
167.3025	Wines other than red or white not over 14 percent alcohol valued not over \$4 per gallon in containers not over 1 gallon	25,602	—	—
379.8355	Men's wool suits, not knit, not ornamented	22,885	—	—
193.2560	Vegetable substances, crude, n.s.p.f	20,052	692	1,331
437.3250	Antibiotics, other	16,090	10,100	10,100
379.8318	Men's and boys' other separate coats of wool not knit, valued \$4 per pound	13,487	—	—
383.6520	Women's girls' or infants' coats of wool, not knit valued not over \$4 per pound	10,737	—	6,867
676.0510	Typewriters, electric, nonautomatic, portable	7,400	—	290,815
	Total	7,532,467	4,687,678	21,184,642
	Total, U.S. imports from Bulgaria	7,570,965	6,222,403	25,124,275

Source: Compiled from official statistics of the U.S. Department of Commerce.

Table B-13.--Leading items exported to Cuba, by Schedule B Nos., January-March 1983, January-March 1982, and 1982

Schedule B No.	Description	January-March--		1982
		1983	1982	
818.3300	Medicinal and pharmaceutical products donated for relief or charity	\$133,000	\$165,520	\$735,520
818.3400	Wearing apparel donated for relief or charity	15,000	-	13,700
818.3900	Products, n.e.s., donated for relief or charity	13,155	3,375	45,795
	Total	161,155	168,895	795,015
	Total, U.S. exports to Cuba	161,155	170,895	950,813

Source: Compiled from official statistics of the U.S. Department of Commerce.

Table B-14.—Leading items imported from Cuba, by TSUSA items, January-March 1983, January-March 1982, and 1982

TSUSA item No.	Description	January-March—		
		1983	1982	1982
419.7200	Nickel compounds, oxide	-	-	\$1,614,000
	Total	-	-	1,614,000
	Total, U.S. imports from Cuba	-	-	1,621,331

Source: Compiled from official statistics of the U.S. Department of Commerce.

Table B-15.--Leading items exported to Czechoslovakia, by Schedule B Nos., January-March 1983, January-March 1982, and 1982

Schedule B No.	Description	January-March--		1982
		1983	1982	
184.5260	Soybean oil cake and oil-cake meal-----	\$6,872,552	\$13,051,565	\$17,240,495
120.1400	Cattle hides, whole-----	2,184,985	1,163,321	10,086,199
678.5055	Metal-treating machines and parts thereof, n.s.p.f.-----	395,216	-	-
207.0035	Wooden pencil slats-----	339,187	380,339	1,141,226
674.5440	Parts, n.e.s., of metal-forming machine tools-----	245,437	-	-
124.1527	Muskrat furskins, whole, undressed-----	245,340	230,100	561,100
795.0000	Nonenumerated products-----	217,930	1,500	2,957
685.6052	Radio navigational aid apparatus (except radar), not for civil aircraft, other than parts and reception only apparatus-----	155,494	-	75,969
722.9540	Equipment specially designed for photofinishing (still pictures), other than microfilm and microfiche equipment-----	138,846	-	12,376
309.0170	Monofilaments (in continuous form), n.e.s.-----	137,717	884	13,240
674.7201	Chain saws-----	136,800	-	-
486.2900	Insecticides, unmixed, n.e.s.-----	113,186	699,426	699,426
685.2725	Transceivers, not handheld, other than citizens band (CB), for frequencies over 400 MHz, not for use in civil aircraft-----	101,630	-	-
540.4200	Glass rods, tubes, and tubing-----	99,308	103,153	676,419
682.9520	Primary cells and primary batteries-----	93,600	-	62,130
649.4220	Wire drawing dies and extrusion dies for metal (interchangeable tools for hand tools or for machine tools)-----	87,400	-	91,087
685.2720	Transceivers, not handheld, other than citizens band (CB), for frequencies over 30 MHz but not over 400 MHz, n.e.s.-----	81,947	-	-
676.5560	Parts of automatic data processing machines and units thereof, n.s.p.f.-----	81,204	68,394	296,386
520.2410	Powder or dust of industrial diamonds, natural or synthetic, not set or suitable for use in the manufacture of jewelry-----	77,932	17,260	199,152
433.1033	Nickel compound catalysts-----	75,240	-	-
	Total-----	11,880,951	15,715,942	31,158,162
	Total, U.S. exports to Czechoslovakia-----	12,873,888	32,530,487	83,597,784

Source: Compiled from official statistics of the U.S. Department of Commerce.

Table B-16.--Leading items imported from Czechoslovakia, by TSUSA items, January-March 1983, January-March 1982, and 1982

TSUSA item No.	Description	January-March--		1982
		1983	1982	
192.2520	: Hops, not in pellets-----	\$2,659,163	\$2,878,181	\$5,639,848
107.3525	: Canned hams and shoulders, 3 pounds and over-----	1,655,691	1,144,895	5,169,509
700.2940	: Welt work footwear, of leather, valued over \$6.80 per pair-----	1,505,635	982,149	3,252,513
607.1700	: Wire rods, of iron or steel, not tempered or treated, valued : over 4 cents per pound-----	1,494,618	-	780,988
730.9035	: Cartridges and empty cartridge shells containing a : projectile for rifles or pistols other than .22 caliber-----	786,872	3,420	6,840
772.5109	: Passenger car tires, radial-----	570,474	21,520	860,844
546.6020	: Glass tumblers, etc., valued over \$0.30 but not over \$3 each-----	551,200	328,345	1,760,445
772.5136	: Truck and bus tires, radial-----	468,847	85,625	719,675
741.3500	: Imitation gemstones, except imitation gemstone beads-----	346,320	233,044	830,056
670.2000	: Knitting machines, other than circular knitting machines, : n.e.s-----	322,800	-	-
700.3515	: Men's and boys' athletic footwear, of leather, n.e.s-----	303,666	348,857	600,734
692.3440	: Tractors suitable for agricultural use, other than track- : laying type-----	302,190	-	-
741.3000	: Beads, bugles, and spangles, n.e.s-----	294,083	236,388	941,799
727.1500	: Furniture and parts, of bentwood-----	289,354	237,208	1,024,706
437.3000	: Antibiotics, natural and not artificially mixed-----	269,200	294,002	945,706
702.5600	: Headwear of wool, knit valued over \$2 per pound-----	260,283	129,707	628,457
670.1436	: Weaving machines, jet type-----	252,573	201,287	460,114
700.3550	: Men's footwear, of leather, n.e.s., cement soles-----	226,560	758,405	1,734,238
167.0515	: Ale, porter, stout, and beer, glass containers, not : over 1 gallon-----	222,925	141,055	809,414
668.2100	: Offset printing presses, weighing 3,500 pounds or more, : sheet-fed type-----	196,509	119,091	741,608
	: Total-----	12,978,963	8,143,179	26,907,494
	: Total, U.S. imports from Czechoslovakia-----	17,940,510	18,054,996	61,548,011

Source: Compiled from official statistics of the U.S. Department of Commerce.

Table B-17.--Leading items exported to East Germany, by Schedule B Nos., January-March 1983, January-March 1982, and 1982

Schedule B No.	Description	January-March--	
		1983	1982
130.3465	: Yellow corn, not donated for relief or charity-----		
678.3240	: Parts for machines for assembling electric filament and : discharge lamps and electric tubes-----	\$34,264,828	\$83,065,925
709.1690	: Parts of electro-medical apparatus-----	3,106,880	-
433.1016	: Tetraethyl lead (TEL) antiknock preparations-----	639,961	16,820
433.1044	: Fuel oil additive preparations, n.s.p.f-----	348,278	-
170.8140	: Smoking tobacco, in bulk-----	182,518	54,922
120.1400	: Cattle hides, whole-----	174,636	-
668.5060	: Parts, n.s.p.f., for printing presses-----	167,786	-
694.6507	: Parts designed for use in civil aircraft, n.e.s-----	140,043	15,660
485.3500	: Propellant powders-----	133,932	-
355.0740	: Textile webs, batting, and non-woven fabrics, of manmade : fibers, n.e.s-----	127,113	-
170.4300	: Leaf tobacco, n.e.s-----	95,241	54,162
309.4242	: Polyester fibers (in noncontinuous form)-----	87,318	-
300.3021	: Cotton linters, n.e.s-----	86,185	-
310.0029	: Nylon yarns, other than high tenacity-----	82,059	28,164
818.9000	: General merchandise, valued not over \$500-----	73,724	-
106.9200	: Swine livers-----	68,163	185,567
678.5090	: Other machines n.s.p.f., and parts thereof-----	62,769	-
711.8710	: Electrical (including electronic) chemical analysis equipment, : and parts thereof-----	59,838	-
771.4300	: Film, strips, and sheets of polyvinyl polymers and copolymers-----	54,696	1,287,934
	: Total-----	43,125	-
	: Total, U.S. exports to East Germany-----	39,999,093	84,709,154
		40,285,873	120,242,044
			222,657,076

Source: Compiled from official statistics of the U.S. Department of Commerce.

Table B-18.--Leading items imported from East Germany, by TSUSA items, January-March 1983, January-March 1982, and 1982

TSUSA item No.	Description	January-March--		1982
		1983	1982	
480.5000	Potassium chloride, crude-----	\$3,828,933	\$2,262,329	\$3,290,227
772.5109	Passenger car tires, radial-----	1,667,654	1,177,270	2,604,999
676.0510	Typewriters, electric, nonautomatic, portable-----	1,149,466	6,180	1,031,349
772.5112	Passenger car tires other than radial-----	829,828	488,378	1,731,949
668.2345	Printing presses, not letter or offset-----	768,998	602,286	2,603,061
772.5136	Truck and bus tires, radial-----	564,404	161,307	1,633,506
668.2100	Offset printing presses, weighing 3,500 pounds or more, sheet-fed type-----	393,435	864,706	2,067,322
494.2000	Montan wax-----	363,955	630,468	1,707,320
772.5138	Truck and bus tires, other than radial-----	353,617	248,534	1,255,255
668.2340	Offset presses, of the roll-fed type, weighing 3,500 pounds or more-----	294,070	-	121,565
772.5129	Tires for light trucks, other than radials-----	229,953	27,583	338,122
674.3527	Gear-tooth grinding and finishing machines-----	193,377	25,859	794,087
668.5060	Parts of printing presses-----	190,957	276,196	865,637
632.4300	Silicon, over 99.7 percent silicon-----	152,579	-	-
165.1500	Apple and pear juice, not containing over 1 percent alcohol-----	147,048	-	23,728
674.3283	Boring machines, including vertical turret lathes, n.e.s-----	141,000	10,920	421,908
124.1025	Mink furskins, except "Japanese mink," undressed-----	134,526	794,120	1,369,098
674.3222	Combination boring, drilling and milling machines, horizontal spindle, other than numerical controls-----	131,895	-	295,494
668.0270	Machines other than those used for making cellulosic pulp, paper or paperboard, n.s.p.f-----	131,373	-	201,856
662.2025	Wrapping and packaging machines and parts, except cast iron parts-----	128,580	86,620	96,665
	Total-----	11,795,648	7,662,756	22,453,148
	Total, U.S. imports from East Germany-----	15,119,442	14,943,016	51,772,502

Source: Compiled from official statistics of the U.S. Department of Commerce.

Table B-19.--Leading items exported to Hungary, by Schedule B Nos., January-March 1983, January-March 1982, and 1982

Schedule B No.	Description	January-March--		1982
		1983	1982	
184.5260	: Soybean oil cake and oil-cake meal-----	\$11,959,661	-	-
692.3840	: Parts of tractors, other than tracklaying tractors-----	895,288	1,534,464	5,401,144
540.4200	: Glass rods, tubes, and tubing-----	710,788	480,875	1,924,143
710.2820	: Electrical (including electronic) geophysical instruments and : apparatus, and parts thereof-----	562,878	81,058	729,610
170.3320	: Flue-cured cigarette leaf filler tobacco, stemmed-----	456,906	-	646,697
666.0022	: Harrows, rollers, stalk cutters and soil pulverizers, other : than tractor disc harrows-----	269,000	57,000	57,000
772.5000	: Pneumatic tires designed for tractors or for agricultural : or horticultural machinery or implements-----	253,992	177,558	946,023
120.1400	: Cattle hides, whole-----	251,429	999,178	2,276,179
666.0059	: Agricultural and horticultural machinery and implements, n.s.p.f. : Emery, natural corundum, pumice, pumicite, flint, rottenstone, : tripoli, garnet, and artificial abrasives, n.s.p.f.-----	244,681	34,582	165,217
519.3580	: Wearing apparel and articles n.s.p.f., of fur on the skin, : other than of mink-----	223,625	-	-
191.1520	: Bull semen (bovine)-----	223,197	-	-
666.0079	: Parts for farm dairy machinery-----	223,094	98,030	256,003
664.0584	: Parts, n.e.s., of oil and gas field drilling machines-----	199,931	-	394,841
666.0072	: Parts for harvesting machines other than haying machines-----	185,188	6,999	688,979
711.8750	: Electrical (including electronic) physical analysis equipment, : n.s.p.f., and parts thereof-----	175,721	82,001	347,316
666.0060	: Parts for plows, listers, cultivators, and weathers, n.s.p.f.-----	163,819	100,996	430,585
670.4325	: Finishing, dressing, coating, and drying machines for textile : filaments, yarns, fabrics or made-up textile articles-----	131,000	-	31,000
692.2903	: Axles for motor vehicles other than truck trailers-----	126,247	-	170,239
472.6500	: Pigment mixtures, not containing lead, n.s.p.f.-----	126,120	5,304	53,298
	: Total-----	17,513,586	3,786,794	14,863,746
	: Total, U.S. exports to Hungary-----	21,394,666	21,629,952	67,842,340

Source: Compiled from official statistics of the U.S. Department of Commerce.

Table B-20.--Leading items imported from Hungary, by TSUSA items, January-March 1983, January-March 1982, and 1982

TSUSA item No.	Description	January-March--		1982
		1983	1982	
107.3525	Canned hams and shoulders, 3 pounds and over	\$7,634,221	\$3,233,191	\$20,491,963
692.3288	Parts for motor vehicles, n.e.s.	3,685,621	4,227,287	11,855,448
686.9030	Other lamps, including standard household	2,736,439	3,099,153	10,733,285
700.4540	Women's footwear, of leather, cement soles, valued over \$2.50			
	per pair	2,400,276	1,345,786	9,373,675
772.5136	Truck and bus tires, radial	985,635	143,666	1,509,440
107.3040	Bacon, not boned and cooked	964,765	83,175	1,497,675
680.3717	Ball bearings over 52-mm but not over 100-mm	914,863	401,590	1,161,043
618.2565	Aluminum sheets and strip, not clad, wrought	901,660	765,158	1,597,761
165.1500	Apple and pear juice, not containing over 1 percent alcohol	786,207	234,789	482,100
379.8735	Men's wearing apparel, n.e.s., silk, not knit	644,369	208,412	387,272
750.6500	Paint brushes, except artists, brushes	608,486	192,750	517,376
411.2400	Sulfamethazine	595,414	386,689	1,633,302
425.3620	Pesticides	546,336	-	-
661.9500	Centrifuges, filtering and purifying machinery, except			
	cast iron parts	471,429	64,999	643,657
437.2080	Alkaloids and compounds, synthetic, n.s.p.f.	384,745	172,346	1,028,973
186.1560	Feathers, not meeting Federal standards	373,613	-	409,265
715.2950	Clocks with other movements valued between \$2.25-\$5.00,			
	other than electric	362,175	-	52,200
437.3250	Antibiotics, other	360,063	131,292	345,143
772.5000	Pneumatic tires designed for tractors in item 692.34 for			
	agricultural, horticultural machinery in item 666.00	345,032	77,881	848,272
379.4640	Men's sportcoats and jackets, n.e.s., cotton	339,433	268,820	426,019
	Total	26,040,782	15,036,984	64,993,869
	Total, U.S. imports from Hungary	39,212,425	36,175,124	133,237,539

Source: Compiled from official statistics of the U.S. Department of Commerce.

Table B-21.--Leading items exported to Mongolia, by Schedule B Nos., January-March 1983, January-March 1982, and 1982

Schedule B No.	Description	January-March--		1982
		1983	1982	
688.4013	Ultrasonic cleaning equipment and parts thereof-----	\$2,900	-	-
680.9240	Machinery parts not containing electrical features, n.s.p.f-----	2,897	-	-
818.3900	Products, n.e.s., donated for relief or charity-----	2,345	9,059	16,521
774.5020	Articles n.s.p.f., of rubber or plastics-----	1,732	-	-
727.2740	Office furniture, of metal, other than filing cabinets-----	990	-	-
	Total-----	10,864	9,059	16,521
	Total, U.S. exports to Mongolia-----	10,864	44,446	343,569

Source: Compiled from official statistics of the U.S. Department of Commerce.

Table B-22.—Leading items imported from Mongolia, by TSUSA items, January-March 1983, January-March 1982, and 1982

TSUSA item No.	Description	January-March—		1982
		1983	1982	
306.4293	Camel hair, sorted, etc	\$200,643	\$355,199	\$1,498,657
306.4192	Camel hair, not sorted, etc	177,141	357,655	673,555
	Total	377,784	712,854	2,172,212
	Total, U.S. imports from Mongolia	377,784	1,546,145	3,627,658

Source: Compiled from official statistics of the U.S. Department of Commerce.

Table B-23.—Leading items exported to North Korea, by Schedule B Nos., January-March 1983, January-March 1982, and 1982

Schedule B No.	Description	January-March—		1982
		1983	1982	
687.6068	Mounted piezoelectric crystals	\$596	—	—
	Total	596	—	—
	Total, U.S. exports to North Korea	596	—	99,773

Source: Compiled from official statistics of the U.S. Department of Commerce.

Table B-24.--Leading items imported from North Korea, by TSUSA items, January-March 1983, January-March 1982, and 1982

TSUSA item No. :	Description	January-March--		1982
		1983	1982	
111.1800 :	Dried fish, whether or not whole, not in airtight containers----	- :	\$7,879 :	\$7,879
:	Total-----	- :	7,879 :	7,879
:	Total, U.S. imports from North Korea-----	- :	7,879 :	7,879

Source: Compiled from official statistics of the U.S. Department of Commerce.

Table B-25.--Leading items exported to Poland, by Schedule B Nos., January-March 1983, January-March 1982, and 1982

Schedule B No.	Description	January-March--	
		1983	1982
175.4100 : Soybeans, other than seed for planting		\$13,690,332 :	\$20,939,127
818.3900 : Products, n.e.s., donated for relief or charity		7,418,905 :	20,484,071
116.0100 : Butter		6,843,997 :	17,513,137
120.1400 : Cattle hides, whole		4,572,662 :	21,871,406
115.5040 : Nonfat dry milk, not donated for relief or charity		3,882,712 :	3,272,594
182.9754 : Vegetable protein concentrates, hydrolysates, and textured or : spum products, derived from oil seeds		3,519,382 :	-
480.4500 : Phosphates, crude, and apatite		3,518,395 :	15,711,544
115.5020 : Nonfat dry milk, donated for relief or charity		3,464,172 :	3,237,905
117.8200 : American-type cheeses, except Cheddar		3,028,112 :	4,124,779
131.4030 : Wheat flour, n.e.s., donated for relief or charity		1,860,177 :	7,780,266
664.0588 : Parts, n.e.s., of excavating machinery, n.e.s.		1,707,153 :	493,271
126.0120 : Alfalfa seeds, uncertified		1,555,599 :	-
177.5640 : Tallow, inedible		1,526,557 :	6,671,650
818.4000 : Used wearing apparel and other used articles, of textile : materials, exported in bulk		1,117,412 :	6,111,197
170.6500 : Cigarettes		908,410 :	2,018,382
176.5260 : Soybean oil, n.e.s., donated for relief or charity		796,514 :	8,756,342
818.3100 : Food products, n.s.p.f., donated for relief or charity		768,277 :	14,437,310
680.2749 : Parts of taps, cocks, valves, and similar devices, n.e.s., used : to control the flow of liquids, gases, or solids, n.s.p.f.		710,416 :	55,828
674.3595 : Metalforming forging machines other than headers and upsetters, : new, valued at least \$2,500 each		495,000 :	-
818.3300 : Medicinal and pharmaceutical products donated for relief or : charity		487,423 :	10,091,782
: Total		61,671,607 :	163,570,591
: Total, U.S. exports to Poland		71,349,707 :	292,606,379

Source: Compiled from official statistics of the U.S. Department of Commerce.

Table B-26.--Leading items imported from Poland, by TSUSA items, January-March 1983, January-March 1982, and 1982

TSUSA item No.	Description	January-March--		1982
		1983	1982	
107.3525	: Canned hams and shoulders, 3 pounds and over	\$24,554,000	\$2,643,559	\$55,170,379
192.2520	: Hops, not in pellets	2,802,816	1,264,580	2,784,154
379.8355	: Men's wool suits, not knit, not ornamented	1,859,350	1,232,121	5,944,257
100.7500	: Horses, valued over \$150 per head	1,153,000	-	482,000
335.9500	: Woven fabrics, other, of vegetable fibers, n.e.s., weighing : over 4 ounces per square yard	1,068,933	808,139	9,332,785
646.2626	: Brads, nails, etc., of iron or steel, smooth shank, 1 inch or : more in length, coated	941,087	144,539	851,292
607.6615	: Sheets, of iron or steel, not shaped, not pickled or cold- : rolled, n.e.s.	933,673	474,770	4,777,785
700.3550	: Men's footwear, of leather, n.e.s., cement soles	925,695	482,898	2,877,276
493.1200	: Casein	846,774	122,031	1,664,195
646.2622	: Brads, nails, etc., of iron or steel, smooth shank, 1 inch or : more in length, uncoated	841,448	473,587	1,950,647
727.1500	: Furniture and parts, of bentwood	711,510	218,102	2,744,623
170.3210	: Cigarette leaf, not stemmed, other than oriental or turkish : type, flue-cured	649,719	-	-
692.1090	: Automobile trucks, valued under \$1,000	599,902	-	1,889,171
607.1700	: Wire rods, of iron or steel, not tempered or treated, valued : over 4 cents per pound	594,394	-	1,484,078
700.2960	: Men's welt footwear, of leather, n.e.s., valued over \$6.80 per : pair	463,105	218,064	3,349,781
146.7630	: Strawberries in containers holding more than 40 ounces	446,158	206,927	1,999,165
107.3560	: Pork, n.e.s., boned, cooked, canned	435,077	25,262	1,166,345
107.3515	: Canned hams and shoulders, less than 3 pounds	395,229	59,236	1,889,910
110.4740	: Pollock blocks, frozen, over 10 pounds	367,280	5,777,167	7,060,345
366.2460	: Terry towels of cotton, of pile or tufted construction, : valued over \$1.45 per pound	363,353	151,446	390,135
	: Total	40,952,503	14,302,428	107,808,323
	: Total, U.S. imports from Poland	51,037,699	36,092,568	212,887,725

Source: Compiled from official statistics of the U.S. Department of Commerce.

Table B-27.—Leading items exported to Romania, by Schedule B Nos., January-March 1983, January-March 1982, and 1982

Schedule B No.	Description	January-March—		1982
		1983	1982	
175.4100	: Soybeans, other than seed for planting	\$27,510,127 :	\$27,120,486 :	\$60,660,521
120.1400	: Cattle hides, whole	13,235,224 :	11,822,748 :	27,201,188
415.4500	: Sulfur, native elemental or recovered	3,818,680 :	- :	7,335,870
480.4500	: Phosphates, crude, and apatite	1,146,529 :	- :	5,225,000
676.5560	: Parts of automatic data processing machines and units thereof, : n.s.p.f.	915,848 :	683,256 :	4,131,172
486.2900	: Insecticides, unmixed, n.e.s.	782,687 :	2,268,000 :	2,268,000
130.3440	: Corn seed, except sweet, not donated for relief or charity	713,990 :	675,234 :	693,707
630.8500	: Other base metals, unwrought and wrought, and waste and scrap : of such metals, n.s.p.f.	418,132 :	- :	-
170.6500	: Cigarettes	412,452 :	- :	1,102,821
459.4500	: Perfume oil mixtures and blends, consisting of products ready : for use as finished perfume bases	320,200 :	- :	-
309.4219	: Fibers of acetate (in noncontinuous form)	269,009 :	- :	-
520.2410	: Powder or dust of industrial diamonds, natural or synthetic, : not set or suitable for use in the manufacture of jewelry	210,122 :	7,758 :	103,480
710.2820	: Electrical (including electronic) geophysical instruments and : apparatus, and parts thereof	163,771 :	542,392 :	2,683,421
666.2510	: Meat- and poultry-processing machinery and equipment and parts : thereof	162,302 :	- :	197,512
694.6507	: Parts designed for use in civil aircraft, n.e.s.	123,407 :	82,806 :	774,305
678.5090	: Other machines n.s.p.f., and parts thereof	117,734 :	40,118 :	1,184,239
661.1288	: Parts for compressors, other than refrigeration and air- : conditioning compressors	109,372 :	897,000 :	901,580
274.4000	: Postage and revenue stamps and government stamped envelopes : and postal cards	104,200 :	53,640 :	53,640
120.1740	: Kip skins, whole	100,084 :	- :	105,000
772.5000	: Pneumatic tires designed for tractors or for agricultural : or horticultural machinery or implements	96,630 :	283,535 :	1,838,214
	: Total	50,730,500 :	44,476,973 :	116,459,670
	: Total, U.S. exports to Romania	52,235,812 :	91,122,920 :	223,230,645

Source: Compiled from official statistics of the U.S. Department of Commerce.

Table B-28.--Leading items imported from Romania, by TSUSA items, January-March 1983, January-March 1982, and 1982

TSUSA item No.	Description	January-March--	
		1983	1982
475.2520	Gasoline-----	\$41,935,673	\$16,957,201
727.3540	Furniture, of wood, n.s.p.f-----	3,990,642	2,156,676
383.3415	Women's cotton raincoats, n.e.s., 3/4 length or longer-----	1,824,412	1,805,607
107.3525	Canned hams and shoulders, 3 pounds and over-----	1,535,278	2,482,111
727.2900	Chairs of wood, not folding, not teak, n.e.s-----	1,442,726	772,183
379.4050	Men's shirts, n.e.s., knit, cotton-----	1,321,290	777,404
700.4540	Women's footwear, of leather, cement soles, valued over \$2.50 per pair-----	1,311,455	551,254
692.3406	Agricultural tractors, power takeoff horsepower of 40 or more but less than 80-----	1,304,860	4,095,814
680.3712	Ball bearings, radial ball bearings, outside diameter over 30- mm but not over 52-mm-----	1,188,886	961,173
117.6700	Pecorino cheese, not for grating-----	1,178,992	184,816
379.9565	Men's suits, n.e.s., manmade fibers-----	1,174,804	1,065,520
546.6020	Glass tumblers, etc., valued over \$0.30 but not over \$3 each-----	1,043,002	800,093
383.5368	Women's coats of vegetable fibers, except cotton, subject to man-made fiber restraints-----	1,026,087	379,301
727.1500	Furniture and parts, of bentwood-----	994,021	741,146
680.3938	Tapered roller bearings and parts cone assemblies imported separately-----	870,153	254,418
383.9050	Women's coats, n.e.s., 3/4 length or longer-----	823,380	525,014
383.9060	Women's suits, man-made fibers, not knit, n.e.s-----	815,496	1,590,609
700.2960	Men's welt footwear, of leather, n.e.s., valued over \$6.80 per pair-----	798,730	177,359
700.4560	Women's footwear, of leather, n.e.s., valued over \$2.50 per pair-----	749,951	115,656
420.9800	Sodium compounds, chromate and dichromate-----	734,699	36,395,355
	Total-----	66,064,537	87,407,534
	Total, U.S. imports from Romania-----	87,626,781	339,120,678

Source: Compiled from official statistics of the U.S. Department of Commerce.

Table B-29.--Leading items exported to Vietnam, by Schedule B Nos., January-March 1983, January-March 1982, and 1982

Schedule B No.	Description	January-March--		1982
		1983	1982	
818.3900	Products, n.e.s., donated for relief or charity	45,944,164	44,659,916	425,187,114
818.9000	General merchandise, valued not over \$500	1,619,524	1,175,599	5,432,787
131.4030	Wheat flour, n.e.s., donated for relief or charity	60,000	-	-
772.0400	Household articles n.s.p.f., of rubber or plastics	21,400	-	57,580
709.3000	Medical, dental, surgical, and veterinary instruments and apparatus, n.s.p.f., and parts thereof	13,150	-	-
795.0000	Nonenumerated products	6,730	-	78,340
	Total	7,664,968	5,835,515	30,755,821
	Total, U.S. exports to Vietnam	7,664,968	5,897,886	31,994,671

Source: Compiled from official statistics of the U.S. Department of Commerce.

Table B-30.--Leading items imported from Vietnam, by TSUSA items, January-March 1983, January-March 1982, and 1982

TSUSA item No.	Description	January-March--		
		1983	1982	1982
	Total.....			
	Total, U.S. imports from Vietnam.....			

Source: Compiled from official statistics of the U.S. Department of Commerce.

GLOSSARY

Abbreviation	Full wording
CIA	Central Intelligence Agency
CCC	Commodity Credit Corporation (U.S. Department of Agriculture)
CCL	Commodity Control List
CMEA	Council for Mutual Economic Assistance
COCOM	Coordinating Committee for Multilateral Export Controls
CPE	Centrally planned economy
EAA	Export Administration Act of 1979 (United States)
EC	European Community
EXIMBANK	Export-Import Bank of the United States
FAO	Food and Agricultural Organization (United Nations)
GATT	General Agreement on Tariffs and Trade
GNP	Gross national product
GSP	Generalized System of Preferences
IMF	International Monetary Fund
LTFV	Less than fair value
MFA	Multifiber Arrangement
MFN	Most-favored-nation
NME's	Nonmarket economy countries
OEA	Office of Export Administration (U.S. Department of Commerce)
OECD	Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development
QGL	Qualified General License
SCE	State-controlled economy
SDR	Special Drawing Rights
SIC	Standard Industrial Classification
	MSIC: SIC-based import product groupings
	OSIC: SIC-based domestic manufactured output categories
SITC	Standard International Trade Classification
	SITC categories are defined as follows:
	1-digit SITC: Section
	2-digit SITC: Division
	3-digit SITC: Group
	4-digit SITC: Subgroup
	5-digit SITC: Item
TSUSA	Tariff Schedules of the United States Annotated
USC	United States Code
USITC	U.S. International Trade Commission

Each Quarterly Report to the Congress and the Trade Policy Committee on Trade between the United States and the Nonmarket Economy Countries contains:

- (1) summary of developments in U.S.-NME trade for that calendar quarter, with the summary of the fourth quarter as an annual review;
- (2) summary tables and figures describing the value, direction, composition, and individual country trade shares of U.S.-NME trade in that calendar quarter;
- (3) a series of appendix tables describing the leading items traded by the United States with each of the NME countries covered, disaggregated to the 7-digit level of the respective export and import schedules, through the end of that calendar quarter.

Other subjects covered periodically or on an irregular basis are listed below. All page numbers refer to the official USITC publication, with the exception of Report No. 4. Page numbers for that report refer to the copy published by the U.S. Government Printing Office.

Albania: U.S. exports and imports, annual; No. 1, pp. 42-43 (incl. table); No. 5, p. 57; No. 9, p. 72; No. 13, pp. 52-53; No. 17, pp. 70-71; No. 21, p. 80; No. 25, pp. 111-113; No. 29, p. 119

Alcoholic beverages: see Vodka

Aluminum:

U.S. exports and imports; No. 8, pp. 34-37 (incl. table)
U.S. imports; No. 14, pp. 26-30 (incl. table)

Ammonia:

U.S. imports from the U.S.S.R.; No. 16, pp. 26-32 (incl. tables); No. 20, p. 20; No. 21, pp. 27-28; No. 33, p. 72
U.S. imports from China; No. 34, p. 34

Animal and vegetable products:

see also Down and feathers, Hides and skins, Mushrooms, and Rabbit meat
U.S. imports; No. 6, pp. 17-21 (incl. table)

Antimony oxide: U.S. imports from China; No. 6, p. 34; No. 9, p. 33

Apparel: see Textile and textile products

Aspirin: U.S. imports; No. 6, p. 33

Bicycles: U.S. imports; No. 6, p. 50

Bulgaria: U.S. exports and imports, annual; No. 1, pp. 39-41 (incl. table); No. 5, pp. 53-55 (incl. table); No. 9, pp. 66-70, (incl. table); No. 13, pp. 49-52 (incl. table); No. 17, pp. 66-69 (incl. table); No. 21, pp. 75-79 (incl. table); No. 25, pp. 99-103 (incl. table); No. 29, pp. 104-108

Canned hams: see Hams, canned

Ceramic kitchenware and tableware: U.S. imports from China; No. 31, pp. 40-41; No. 32, pp. 33-34, pp. 52-60; No. 33, p. 42

Chemical products:

U.S. imports; No. 2, pp. 36-46 (incl. tables); No. 6, pp. 31-36 (incl. table)
U.S. imports from East Germany; No. 17, p. 59

Chicory roots, crude: U.S imports; No. 6, p. 21

China:

Economic developments; No. 29, pp. 25-29; No. 33, pp. 33-34
Eximbank financing; No. 23, pp. 23-25; No. 24, pp. 34-35; No. 26, p. 37;
No. 32, pp. 32-33, No. 33, pp. 36-37
Joins International Monetary Fund; No. 22, p. 65; No. 23, pp. 21-23
Most Favored Nation status; No. 19, p. 19; No. 20, p. 19; No. 22, p. 61;
No. 23, pp. 31-32; No. 27, pp. 50-52; No. 19, p. 30; No. 31, pp. 39-40;
No. 33, pp. 35-36
Overseas Private Investment Corporation insurance; No. 23, pp. 25-26
Textiles; No. 24, pp. 47-85; No. 26, pp. 45-66
Textile agreement with the EC; No. 33, p. 44-45
U.S.-China Bilateral Agreements; No. 24, pp. 36-38
U.S.-China Joint Economic Committee; No. 24, p. 33; No. 33, pp. 41-42
U.S.-China textile negotiations; No. 19, p. 20; No. 23, pp. 26-27; No. 24, pp. 78-85; No. 26, p. 40; No. 33, p. 39-40; No. 33, pp. 39-40; No. 34, pp. 26-29
U.S. exports and imports, annual; No. 1, pp. 10-12 (incl. table); No. 5, pp. 24-29 (incl. table); No. 9, pp. 27-33 (incl. table); No. 13, pp. 19-23 (incl. table); No. 17, pp. 23-30 (incl. table); No. 21, pp. 28-38 (incl. table); No. 25, pp. 33-48 (incl. table); No. 29, pp. 36-43 (incl. table); No. 33, pp. 45-52 (incl. table)
U.S. export controls; No. 27, pp. 54-56; No. 29, pp. 32-34; No. 33, pp. 38-39
World Bank loan; No. 27, pp. 52-54

Chrome ore:

U.S. imports from Albania; No. 21, p. 80
U.S. imports from the U.S.S.R.; No. 9, p. 21

Clothespins:

U.S. imports; No. 6, pp. 47-49 (incl. table); No. 28, p. 43
U.S. imports from China; No. 15, p. 16; No. 16, p. 17; No. 17, p. 29
U.S. imports from Poland; No. 15, p. 16; No. 16, p. 17; No. 17, pp. 35-36
U.S. imports from Romania; No. 15, p. 16; No. 16, p. 17

Clothing: see also Textile and textile products

U.S. imports; No. 6, p. 30; No. 8, pp. 25-27 (incl. table)
U.S. imports from China; No. 9, pp. 31-32; No. 33, p. 51

Coal:

U.S. exports to East Germany; No. 21, p. 68
U.S. exports to Romania; No. 13, p. 35
U.S. exports to Yugoslavia; No. 21, p. 51
U.S. imports from Poland; No. 13, p. 28; No. 17, p. 37; No. 21, p. 46

Cocoa butter: U.S. imports from China; No. 33, p. 52

Commodity Control List (CCL): see Export controls, U.S.

Commodity Credit Corporation (CCC): No. 9, p. 37; No. 5, p. 32; No. 12, p. 24; No. 13, pp. 17-18, p. 26, p. 34; No. 16, p. 12; No. 17, p. 27, p. 34, p. 46, p. 60; No. 21, p. 33, p. 42, p. 53, p. 56; No. 24, pp. 41-42; No. 29, p. 68

Computers and computer parts: U.S. exports to the U.S.S.R., No. 23, p. 46.

Coordinating Committee for Multilateral Export Controls (COCOM): No. 22, p. 42, No. 23, pp. 28-29

Copper and copper articles:

U.S. imports from Poland; No. 21, p. 45

U.S. imports from Yugoslavia; No. 6, p. 44; No. 7, pp. 45-49 (incl. table)
No. 9, p. 40; No. 13, p. 31

U.S. exports to the U.S.S.R.; No. 33, p. 69

Cotton: see also Textile and textile products

U.S. exports to China; No. 21, p. 34; No. 26, pp. 45-66; No. 33, p. 46-47

U.S. exports to Hungary; No. 21, p. 73

U.S. exports to Romania; No. 21, p. 56

U.S. imports; No. 8, pp. 18-24 (incl. tables)

U.S. imports from China; No. 6, pp. 26-29 (incl. table); No. 8, pp. 18-24 (incl. table); No. 9, pp. 31-32; No. 24, pp. 63-77

Cuba: U.S. exports and imports, annual; No. 1, pp. 44-45 (incl. table); No. 5, p. 56; No. 9, p. 71; No. 13, p. 53; No. 17, pp. 70-71; No. 21, p. 81; No. 25, p. 114; No. 29, p. 119

Czechoslovakia:

U.S.-Czechoslovakian financial claims; No. 23, pp. 32-33; No. 29, p. 73

U.S. exports and imports, annual; No. 1, pp. 28-31 (incl. table); No. 5, pp. 43-45 (incl. table); No. 9, pp. 53-56 (incl. table); No. 13, pp. 37-41 (incl. table); No. 17, pp. 49-54 (incl. table); No. 21, pp. 61-65; No. 25, pp. 94-99; No. 29, pp. 114-118

Democratic Republic of Germany: see Germany, East

Diamonds: U.S. imports from the U.S.S.R.; No. 9, p. 21; No. 13, p. 19

Down and feathers:

U.S. imports; No. 16, pp. 19-25 (incl. tables)

U.S. imports from China; No. 13, p. 22; No. 16, pp. 19-25 (incl. tables); No. 17, p. 30; No. 21, p. 37; No. 33, p. 52

U.S. imports from Yugoslavia; No. 13, pp. 31-32

Eastern Europe: No. 29, pp. 64-82; No. 33, pp. 45-89

East Germany: see Germany, East

East-West Trade Statistics Monitoring System: Imports from NME's in relation to the U.S. market; No. 31, pp. 43-63 (incl. tables)

Energy development; No. 30, pp. 31-35

Export Administration, Office of: Changes in control status country group designations; No. 23, pp. 29-30

Export controls, U.S.: No. 18, p. 19; No. 20, pp. 43-44; No. 21, pp. 9-18; No. 22, pp. 19-59 (incl. tables and figure); No. 23, pp. 27-31, 35-45 (incl. tables); No. 24, p. 35; No. 27, pp. 39-47 and pp. 54-56; No. 30, pp. 25-27; No. 31, pp. 30-33; No. 32, pp. 29-30; No. 29, pp. 32-34; No. 33, pp. 38-39 and pp. 58-59

Export credit restraints, OECD: No. 31, pp. 33-35; No. 33, p. 60

Export-Import Bank (Eximbank) financing:

for China; No. 22, p. 62; No. 23, pp. 23-25; No. 24, pp. 34-35; No. 26, p. 37; No. 32, pp. 32-33; No. 33, pp. 36-37
for Hungary; No. 20, p. 21
for Romania; No. 20, p. 21; No. 27, pp. 48-50; No. 29, pp. 70-71

Feathers: see Down and feathers

Ferroalloys and nonferrous metals: U.S. imports; No. 6, pp. 44-45; No. 7, pp. 37-44 (incl. tables)

Fibers, flax and hemp:

U.S. imports; No. 6, p. 24
U.S. manmade fiber exports to China; No. 33, pp. 47-48

Fibers, manmade: U.S. exports to China; No. 26, pp. 58-66; No. 33, p. 47-48

Fibrous vegetable materials: U.S. imports from China; No. 6, pp. 23-24

Fireworks: U.S. imports from China; No. 6, pp. 50-51; No. 8, pp. 43-46 (incl. table)

Flax: see Fibers, flax and hemp

Footwear:

U.S. imports; No. 2, pp. 18-25 (incl. tables); No. 6, pp. 51-52; No. 8, pp. 38-42 (incl. table)
U.S. imports from Czechoslovakia; No. 21, p. 64
U.S. imports from Poland; No. 9, p. 34
U.S. imports from Romania; No. 9, p. 48 No. 11, pp. 17-25 (incl. tables); No. 13, p. 36; No. 21, pp. 58-59
U.S. imports from Yugoslavia; No. 19, pp. 25-37 (incl. tables)

Foreign Trade Statistics, changes in 1978: No. 14, pp. 16-19

Furniture, wooden: see Wood furniture

Furskins: Lifting of embargo on U.S. imports from China; No. 33, p. 37

Gas, natural:

U.S. imports from the U.S.S.R.; No. 9, p. 18
U.S.S.R.-European gas pipeline; No. 28, p. 37-39; No. 32, pp. 29-30; No. 33, pp. 58-59

General Agreement on Tariffs and Trade (GATT):

Membership for Hungary; protocols of accession; No. 27, p. 79
 Membership for Poland; protocols of accession; No. 27, pp. 77-79
 Membership for Romania; protocols of accession; No. 27, p. 79
 NME participation in; No. 27, pp. 57-93; No. 29, p. 77

Generalized System of Preferences (GSP): No. 9, p. 41; No. 13, pp. 36-37;
 No. 17, p. 42, p. 49; No. 19, p. 19; No. 21, p. 30, p. 48, pp. 60-61; No. 22,
 p. 65

Germany, East: U.S. exports and imports, annual; No. 1, pp. 32-35 (incl.
 table); No. 5, pp. 49-52 (incl. table); No. 9, pp. 57-60 (incl. table);
 No. 13, pp. 41-46 (incl. table); No. 17, pp. 54-60 (incl. table); No. 21,
 pp. 65-69; No. 25, pp. 85-94 (incl. table); No. 29, pp. 98-103

Glass and glassware:

U.S. imports; No. 6, pp. 37-39; No. 8, pp. 28-33 (incl. tables); No. 19,
 pp. 38-54 (incl. tables)
 U.S. imports from Romania; No. 5, p. 40; No. 9, pp. 15, 49

Gloves: see also Textile and textile products

U.S. imports from China; No. 13, p. 23; No. 14, p. 14; No. 17, p. 29

Gold, nonmonetary:

U.S. imports; No. 14, pp. 20-21 (incl. table)
 U.S. imports from the U.S.S.R.; No. 21, p. 25; No. 25, p. 60

Gold coins: U.S. imports from Hungary; No. 1, pp. 36-37; No. 5, p. 46;
 No. 33, p. 74

Golf cars: U.S. imports from Poland; No. 3, p. 16; No. 5, p. 32; No. 21,
 pp. 45-46; No. 23, pp. 33-34

Grain:

U.S. exports; No. 1, p. 13; No. 3, pp. 3-5 (incl. table); No. 4, pp. 2-4
 (incl. table); No. 5, pp. 1-4 (incl. table); No. 6, pp. 1-5 (incl. table);
 No. 7, pp. 8-11 (incl. table); No. 8, pp. 6-8 (incl. table); No. 9,
 pp. 11-13 (incl. tables); No. 12, pp. 11-28 (incl. tables); No. 13, p. 9
 (incl. table); No. 14, p. 10 (incl. table); No. 16, pp. 12-13 (incl.
 table); No. 17, pp. 12-13 (incl. table); No. 18, pp. 11-12 (incl. table);
 No. 19, pp. 14-15 (incl. table); No. 20, pp. 15-16 (incl. table); No. 21,
 p. 9 (incl. table); No. 22, p. 29 (incl. table); No. 23, pp. 5-9, 43-45
 (incl. table); No. 31, pp. 11-15; No. 32, p. 12, pp. 30-32
 U.S. exports to Bulgaria; No. 12, p. 28; No. 17, p. 68; No. 21, p. 78
 U.S. exports to China; No. 9, pp. 27-29; No. 12, pp. 23-24; No. 15, p. 12;
 No. 17, pp. 26-27; No. 21, p. 33; No. 26, pp. 31-35; No. 32, p. 12;
 No. 33, p. 44 and pp. 45-46
 U.S. exports to Czechoslovakia; No. 9, p. 53; No. 12, p. 26; No. 17, p. 52;
 No. 21, p. 63
 U.S. exports to Eastern Europe; No. 32, p. 12; No. 33, p. 87
 U.S. exports to East Germany; No. 9, pp. 57-59; No. 12, pp. 23-24; No. 13,
 p. 41; No. 17, pp. 56-58; No. 21, pp. 66-68
 U.S. exports to Hungary; No. 12, p. 27; No. 21, pp. 71-73
 U.S. exports to Poland; No. 5, p. 31; No. 9, p. 36; No. 12, pp. 24-25;
 No. 13, p. 25; No. 17, pp. 33-34 (incl. table); No. 21, p. 41 (incl. table)

Oil and gas well machinery:

U.S. exports, No. 20, pp. 22-45 (incl. tables)

U.S. exports to the U.S.S.R.; No. 15, p. 17; No. 22, pp. 46-47; No. 33, pp. 58-59

Oilseed meals: U.S. exports to Poland; No. 21, p. 42 (incl. table)

Olympics-related items: U.S. exports to the U.S.S.R.; No. 22, pp. 58-59

Operation Exodus: No. 31, pp. 35-39

Osmium: see Platinum group metals

Overseas Private Investment Corporation (OPIC) insurance: for China; No. 23, pp. 25-26

Oxides, inorganic: No. 6, p. 35

Palladium: see Platinum group metals

Pantothenic acid: U.S. imports; No. 6, pp. 33-34

Peanuts: U.S. imports from China; No. 27, pp. 32-38; No. 33, p. 52

People's Republic of China: see China

Petroleum and petroleum products:

U.S. imports from China; No. 17, p. 30; No. 21, p. 36; No. 32, p. 23; No. 33, p. 50

U.S. imports from Romania; No. 2, p. 7; No. 32, p. 23

U.S. imports from the U.S.S.R.; No. 2, p. 7; No. 4, p. 10; No. 9, pp. 18-20; No. 13, p. 18; No. 32, p. 23; No. 33, p. 74

Phosphates: see also Ammonia

U.S. exports to the U.S.S.R.; No. 21, p. 24; No. 22, pp. 52-58; No. 25, p. 58; No. 33, p. 66

Plastics resins: U.S. exports to China; No. 33, p. 49

Platinum group metals: U.S. imports from the U.S.S.R.; No. 9, p. 20; No. 11, pp. 33-45 (incl. tables); No. 13, p. 18; No. 33, p. 73

Plywood, birch: U.S. imports from the U.S.S.R.; No. 6, pp. 22-23; No. 7, pp. 33-36 (incl. table)

Poland:

Membership in the General Agreement on Tariffs and Trade; No. 27, p. 77

Long-term trends in U.S.-Polish trade; No. 28, pp. 45-63 (incl. tables)

U.S. assistance to; No. 28, pp. 39-40; No. 29, pp. 68-69; No. 32, p. 14

U.S. exports and imports, annual; No. 1, pp. 18-20 (incl. table); No. 5, pp. 30-33 (incl. table); No. 9, pp. 34-39 (incl. table); No. 13, pp. 23-28 (incl. table); No. 17, pp. 30-37 (incl. table); No. 21, pp. 38-46; No. 25, pp. 69-78 (incl. table); No. 29, pp. 88-97

Potassium chloride: U.S. imports from East Germany; No. 9, p. 59

Printcloth:

U.S. imports from China; No. 32, pp. 37-38; No. 33, pp. 43-44

Qualified General License: see Export controls, U.S.

Rabbit meat: U.S. imports from China; No. 6, p. 17; No. 9, p. 32

Rhodium: see Platinum group metals

Romania:

Eximbank financing; No. 20, p. 21; No. 27, pp. 48-50; No. 29, pp. 70-71

Membership in the General Agreement on Tariffs and Trade; No. 27, p. 79

Most Favored Nation status; No. 17, p. 43; No. 19, p. 20; No. 23, pp. 31-32;

No. 29, pp. 72-73; No. 31, pp. 39-40

U.S. exports and imports, annual; No. 1, pp. 25-27 (incl. table); No. 5, pp. 38-42 (incl. table); No. 9, pp. 46-52 (incl. table); No. 13, pp. 32-37 (incl. table); No. 17, pp. 43-49 (incl. table); No. 21, pp. 52-61 (incl. table); No. 25, pp. 79-85 (incl. table); No. 29, pp. 83-87

Agreements with European Community; No. 29, pp. 77-78

Suspension of U.S. Credits; No. 30, pp. 27-41

Ruthenium: see Platinum group metals

Sanctions, trade: see Export controls, U.S.

Silicon alloys: see Ferroalloys

Skins, animal: see Hides and skins

Soviet Union: see Union of Soviet Socialist Republics

Soybeans and soybean products:

U.S. exports; No. 20, pp. 46-79 (incl. tables)

U.S. exports to Bulgaria; No. 17, p. 68; No. 21, p. 78

U.S. exports to China; No. 21, p. 34; No. 33, pp. 46-47

U.S. exports to Czechoslovakia; No. 17, p. 52; No. 21, p. 63

U.S. exports to Eastern Europe; No. 32, p. 14

U.S. exports to Hungary; No. 17, pp. 63-64; No. 21, p. 73

U.S. exports to Poland; No. 21, p. 42 (incl. table)

U.S. exports to Romania; No. 9, p. 50; No. 17, pp. 45-46 (incl. table); No. 21, pp. 54-56

U.S. exports to the U.S.S.R.; No. 21, p. 24; No. 25, p. 58; No. 33, p. 69

U.S. exports to Yugoslavia; No. 13, p. 31; No. 17, pp. 40-41; No. 21, p. 50

Specified products; miscellaneous and nonenumerated products: U.S. imports; No. 6, pp. 47-52 (incl. table)

Steel: see also Iron and Steel

U.S. imports from Czechoslovakia; No. 17, pp. 53-54

U.S. imports from Poland; No. 17, p. 35; No. 18, p. 18; No. 19, p. 21;

No. 21, pp. 44-45; No. 32 p. 25

U.S. imports from Romania; No. 29, pp. 74-77; No. 30, pp. 39-41; No. 32, p. 25

Suits: see also Textile and textile products

U.S imports from Romania; No. 9, p. 48

Sulfonamides: U.S. imports; No. 6, p. 31

Superphosphoric acid: see Phosphates

Textiles and textile products:

see also Clothing, Cotton, Gloves, Headwear, Suits, Towels and Printcloth

U.S. exports to China; No. 26, pp. 45-66; No. 32, p. 14

U.S. imports; No. 2, pp. 53-60 (incl. tables); U.S. imports; No. 6, pp. 26-30 (incl. table)

U.S. imports from China; No. 6, pp. 26-29 (incl. table); No. 17, p. 29; No. 18, pp. 16-17; No. 19, p. 20; No. 20, p. 19; No. 21, pp. 31, 35-36; No. 22, pp. 62-64; No. 24, p. 33, pp. 47-85 (incl. tables); No. 32, pp. 39-51; No. 33, p. 51

U.S. imports from Poland; No. 13, p. 27 (incl. table); No. 17, p. 36 (incl. table); No. 21, pp. 43-44; No. 29, pp. 71-72

U.S. imports from Romania; No. 17, p. 47 (incl. table); No. 21, pp. 59-60; No. 29, pp. 71-72

U.S. imports from Hungary; No. 32, p. 23

Tin: U.S. imports from China; No. 2, p. 47-52 (incl. table); No. 4, p. 10 (incl. table); No. 5, p. 25-26; No. 9, p. 31; No. 21, p. 37

Titanium and titanium sponge: U.S. imports from the U.S.S.R.; No. 21, p. 27

Tobacco, oriental cigarette leaf:

U.S. imports; No. 11, pp. 46-54 (incl. tables)

U.S. imports from Bulgaria; No. 9, p. 66; No. 13, pp. 49-51; No. 17, p. 69; No. 21, p. 79

Tools: U.S. imports; No. 6, pp. 41-44 (incl. tables)

Towels:

U.S. imports from China; No. 32, pp. 36-37; No. 33, pp. 43-44

Tractors, agricultural:

U.S. imports; No. 7, pp. 50-55 (incl. tables)

U.S. imports from the U.S.S.R.; No. 13, p. 19

Truck trailer axle and brake assemblies: U.S. imports from Hungary; No. 26, pp. 42-43; No. 28, pp. 41-42; No. 29, pp. 44-63

Tungsten: U.S. imports from China; No. 5, p. 26; No. 15, pp. 18-22 (incl. table); No. 33, p. 52

Union of Soviet Socialist Republics: see also Export controls, U.S.

U.S. exports and imports, annual; No. 1, pp. 13-17 (incl. table); No. 5, pp. 17-23 (incl. table); No. 9, pp. 18-26 (incl. table); No. 13, pp. 9-19 (incl. tables); No. 17, pp. 16-23 (incl. table); No. 21, pp. 19-28 (incl. table); No. 25, pp. 49-62 (incl. table); No. 29, pp. 44-63; No. 53, pp. 53-74

United States-China Joint Economic Commission: see Joint Economic Commission

United States-U.S.S.R. Trade and Economic Council: No. p. 60

Versailles conference: No. 31, pp. 29-30

Vietnam: U.S. exports and imports, annual; No. 21, p. 81; No. 25, p. 113;
No. 29, p. 119

Vodka: U.S. imports from the U.S.S.R.; No. 17, p. 23; No. 33, p. 74

Watch movements: U.S. imports from the U.S.S.R.; No. 16, pp. 33-37 (incl. table)

Wax, montan: see Montan wax

Weaving machines: U.S. imports from Czechoslovakia; No. 21, p. 65

Wheat: see Grain

Wood and paper; printed matter: U.S. imports; No. 6, pp. 22-25 (incl. table)

Wood furniture: U.S. imports; No. 11, pp. 26-32 (incl. tables); No. 25, p. 68; No. 26, p. 26

Woodpulp:

U.S. exports; No. 12, pp. 35-44 (incl. tables); No. 33, pp. 46-49

U.S. exports to China; No. 33, p. 48

World Bank: Loan to China; No. 27, pp. 52-54

Yarns and fabrics: U.S. exports to China; No. 33, p. 49

Yugoslavia: U.S. exports and imports, annual; No. 1, pp. 21-24 (incl. table);
No. 5, pp. 34-37 (incl. table); No. 9, pp. 40-45 (incl. table); No. 13,
pp. 28-32 (incl. table); No. 17, pp. 37-42 (incl. table); No. 21, pp. 46-52
(incl. table); No. 25, pp. 62-69 (incl. table)

