UNITED STATES TARIFF COMMISSION

INJURY DETERMINATIONS UNDER THE ANTIDUM PING ACT

Outcome or Current Status of Injury Determinations by the United States Tariff Commission Under the Provisions of Section 201(a) of the Antidumping Act, 1921, as Amended, as of July 31, 1971



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INTRODUCTION

This compilation summarizes information on the outcome or current status of injury determinations by the U.S. Tariff Commission under section 201 of the Antidumping Act, 1921, as amended. $\underline{1}/$

Section 301 of the Customs Simplification Act of 1954 amended the Antidumping Act, 1921, and transferred to the Tariff Commission the function--formerly exercised by the Treasury Department--of making injury determinations for the purposes of the Antidumping Act. The transfer became effective October 1, 1954.

Section 201 of the Antidumping Act, 1921, as amended, provides that whenever the Secretary of the Treasury advises the Tariff Commission that a class or kind of foreign merchandise is being, or is likely to be, sold domestically or elsewhere at less than its fair value, the Commission shall within 3 months thereafter determine whether a domestic industry is being, or is likely to be, injured, or is prevented from being established, by reason of the importation of such merchandise. If the Commission makes an affirmative determination, it so notifies the Secretary of the Treasury, who thereupon issues a "finding" of dumping; the antidumping duties are thenceforth collected.

Public Law 85-630 (85th Cong., 2d sess.), 2/ which was approved by the President on August 14, 1958, amended certain provisions of the Antidumping Act, 1921. Besides redefining--for the purposes of the Artidumping Act--"foreign market value," the "constructed value of

^{1/ 19} U.S.C. 160 et seq. 2/ 72 Stat. 583.

imported merchandise," and certain other terms, Public Law 85-630 provided for certain procedural changes in the administration of the Antidumping Act. The 1958 act requires that when the Secretary of the Treasury determines whether foreign merchandise is being, or is likely to be, sold in the United States at less than its fair value, and when the Tariff Commission makes an injury determination under the Antidumping Act, each shall publish such determination in the <u>Federal</u> <u>Register</u>, with a statement of the reasons therefor, whether such determination is affirmative or negative. The 1958 act further provides that an evenly divided vote of the Commission shall be deemed to constitute a finding of injury.

Outcome or current status of injury determinations by the U.S. Tariff Commission under the provisions of sec. 201(a) of the Antidumping Act, 1921, as amended, Oct. 1, 1954 - July 31, 1971

Investigation number,	Information relating
commodity, and country $\underline{i}/$	to the Investigation
 Muriate of potash from the Soviet Zone of Germany (1955). 	Notice of determination by the Treasury Department received: Nov. 26, 1954. Investigation instituted: Nov. 29, 1954. Hearing held: Jan. 25-27, 1955. Investigation completed and notification
	sent to the Secretary of the Treasury: Feb. 25, 1955. Determination of the Commission: The Com- mission was equally divided (Commissioners
	Ryder, Edminster, and Sutton dissenting) on the question of whether the domestic potash industry was being or was likely to be injured by reason of the importation of
	muriate of potash from the Soviet Zone of Germany at less than fair value. The divided opinion of the Commission resulted in no finding of injury.
2. Muriate of potash from the Federal Republic of Germany and from France (1955).	Notice of determination by the Treasury Department received: Dec. 15, 1954. Investigation instituted: Dec. 17, 1954. Hearing held: Feb. 8-9, 1955. Investigation completed: Mar. 2, 1955. Determination of the Commission: The Com- mission unanimously determined that the domestic potash industry was not being,
	and was not likely to be, injured by reason of the importation of muriate of potash from the Federal Republic of Germany or from France at less than fair value.
	Notification sent to the Secretary of the Treasury: Mar. 3, 1955.

 $\underline{l}/$ The year shown in parentheses is the year that the Commission completed, or was due to complete, the particular investigation.

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Investigation number,	Information relating
commodity, and country	to the Investigation
 Pocket pencil sharpen- ers from the firm of Karl Zech, Forcheim, West Germany (1955). 	Notice of determination by the Treasury <u>Department received</u> : June 6, 1955. <u>Investigation instituted</u> : June 8, 1955. <u>Hearing held</u> : None. <u>Investigation completed and notification</u> <u>sent to the Secretary of the Treasury</u> : <u>Aug. 11, 1955.</u> <u>Determination of the Commission</u> : The Com- mission unanimously determined that the domestic pencil sharpener industry was not being, and was not likely to be, injured by reason of the importation of pencil sharpeners from the firm of Karl Zech at less than fair value.
4. Nicotine sulphate from the firm of N. V. Alhamex, Amsterdam, Netherlands (1955).	Notice of determination by the Treasury Department received: July 27, 1955. Investigation instituted: Aug. 1, 1955. Hearing held: None Investigation completed and notification sent to the Secretary of the Treasury: Aug. 25, 1955. Determination of the Commission: The Com- mission unanimously determined that the domestic nicotine sulphate industry was not being, and was not likely to be, injured by reason of the importation of nicotine sulphate from the firm of N. V. Alhamex, Amsterdam, Netherlands, at less than fair value.
5. Cast iron soil pipe, other than "American pattern" cast iron soil pipe, from the United Kingdom (1955)	Notice of determination by the Treasury Department received: July 27, 1955. Investigation instituted: Aug. 1, 1955. Hearing held: Oct. 21, 1955. Investigation completed and notification sent to the Secretary of the Treasury: Oct. 26, 1955. Determination of the Commission: The Com- mission, by a majority vote, determined that a domestic industry in the United States was being, or was likely to be, injured by reason of the importation of cast iron soil pipe, other than "American pattern" cast iron soil pipe, from the United Kingdom at less than fair

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Investigation number, commodity, and country	Information relating to the Investigation
5. Cast iron soil pipe, other than "American pattern" cast iron soil pipe, from the United Kingdom (1955)Continued	value. The domestic industry to which the Commission's determination of injury re- lated was held to consist of the producers of cast iron soil pipe in the State of California (Commissioner Sutton dissenting). Commissioners Sutton and Jones disagreed with the finding of the majority of the Commission that the California producers of cast iron soil pipe were being, or were likely to be, injured by reason of the importation of cast iron soil pipe from the United Kingdom at less than fair value. Commissioner Schreiber, who, after participating in the hearing, was called away because of illness in his family, advised the Commission of his views in this case; they were in accord with the views of the majority. <u>Subsequent developments</u> : The issuance of a finding of dumping with respect to imports of cast iron soil pipe was fol- lowed by litigation in the U.S. District Court for the District of Columbia. On Mar. 8, 1956, importers of British cast iron soil pipe and British producing companies filed a complaint in that court asking for a declaratory judgment that the Antidumping Act was unconstitutional, that certain findings of the Secre- tary of the Treasury and of the Traiff Commission vere invalid. An injunction against the Secretary of the Treasury was requested to prevent the assessment of dumping duties. On Mar. 16, 1956, the complainants filed a petition for a pre- liminary injunction pending the outcome of the case on the merits. The Secretary of the Treasury and the Tariff Commission were both named as party defendants in these proceedings (A. W. Horton, John C. Fryyer, and Camaring Trading Co., Inc., plaintiffs, v. George M. Humphrey, Secre- tary of the Treasury, and United States <u>Tariff Commission, defendants</u> (Civil Action No. 1038-56)).

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Investigation number,	Information relating
commodity, and country	to the Investigation
commodity, and country 5. Cast iron soil pipe, other than "American pattern" cast iron soil pipe, from the United Kingdom (1955)Continued	to the Investigation The defendants in this case were repre- sented in court by the U.S. attorney, who filed a motion to dismiss the complaint on the ground that the court lacked juris- diction over the subject matter. The defendants contended that exclusive juris- diction over the subject matter of the complaint lay in the U.S. Customs Court and, on appeal, in the U.S. Court of Customs and Patent Appeals. On June 20, 1956, the U.S. district court so held, and dismissed the complaint (<u>A. W. Horton</u> , <u>et al. v. George M. Humphrey, Secretary</u> <u>of the Treasury, et al.</u> (146 F. Supp. 819, USDC D.C. 1956)). Following dis-
	missal of the complaint, the importers
	appealed to the Supreme Court, which affirmed the holding of the district
	court (352 U.S. 921, 1956).
	court (5)2 0.5.)21, 19907.
6. Montan wax in its crude form from the Soviet Zone of Germany and from Czechoslovakia (1956).	Notice of determination by the Treasury Department received: Oct. 28, 1955. Investigation instituted: Oct. 31, 1955. Hearing held: Jan. 10, 1956. Investigation completed and notification sent to the Secretary of the Treasury: Jan. 18, 1956. Determination of the Commission: The Com- mission unanimously determined that the domestic industry producing montan wax was not being, and was not likely to be, injured by reason of the importation of crude montan wax from East Germany or from Czechoslovakia at less than fair value.
7. Hardboard from the Union of South Africa (1957).	Notice of determination by the Treasury Department received: Nov. 5, 1957. Investigation instituted: Nov. 7, 1957. Hearing held: None. Investigation completed and notification sent to the Secretary of the Treasury: Dec. 23, 1957. Determination of the Commission: The Com- mission unanimously determined that an industry in the United States was not being, and was not likely to be, injured or prevented from being established by reason of the importation of hardboard from the Union of South Africa at less than fair value.

Investigation number, commodity, and country	Information relating to the Investigation
8. Hardboard from Canada (1957).	Notice of determination by the Treasury Department received: Nov. 5, 1957. Investigation instituted: Nov. 7, 1957. Hearing held: None. Investigation completed and notification sent to the Secretary of the Treasury: Dec. 19, 1957. Determination of the Commission: The Com- mission unanimously determined that an industry in the United States was not being, and was not likely to be, injured or prevented from being established by reason of the importation of hardboard from Canada at less than fair value.
9. Tissue paper, sulphite, machine glazed, bleached and un- bleached, weighing less than 10 pounds per ream of 288,000 square inches, from Finland (1958).	Notice of determination by the Treasury Department received: Aug. 13, 1958. Investigation instituted: Aug. 14, 1958. Hearing held: Sept. 30-Oct. 1, 1958. Investigation completed and notification sent to the Secretary of the Treasury: Nov. 10, 1958. Determination of the Commission: The Com- mission unanimously determined that an industry in the United States was not being, and was not likely to be, injured or prevented from being established by reason of the importation of the speci- fied tissue paper from Finland at less than fair value. Determination and statement of reasons therefor published in the Federal Register: Nov. 14, 1958 (23 F.R. 8891).
10. Tissue paper, sulphite, machine glazed, bleached and un- bleached, weighing less than 10 pounds per ream of 288,000 square inches, from Norway (1958).	Notice of determination by the Treasury Department received: Aug. 13, 1958. Investigation instituted: Aug. 14, 1958. Hearing held: Oct. 1-3, 1958. Investigation completed and notification sent to the Secretary of the Treasury: Nov. 10, 1958. Determination of the Commission: The Com- mission unanimously determined that an industry in the United States was not being, and was not likely to be, injured or prevented from being established by reason of the importation of the speci- fied tissue paper from Norway at less than fair value.

Investigation number,	Information relating
commodity; and country	to the Investigation
D. Tissue paper, sulphite, machine glazed, bleached and un- bleached, weighing less than 10 pounds per ream of 288,000 square inches, from Norway (1958)Con.	Determination and statement of reasons therefor published in the Federal Register: Nov. 14, 1958 (23 F.R. 8892).
1. Rayon staple fiber from France (1st investigation) (1959).	Notice of determination by the Treasury Department received: Oct. 7, 1959. Investigation instituted: Oct. 7, 1959. Hearing held: None. Investigation completed and notification sent to the Secretary of the Treasury: Dec. 9, 1959. Determination of the Commission: The Com- mission: unanimously determined that an industry in the United: States: was not being; and was not likely to be, injured or prevented from being established by reason of the importation of rayon staple: fiber from France at less than fair value. Determination and statement of reasons:
2. Portland cement manufactured by the St. Lawrence Cement Co., Ontario, Canada (1960).	therefor published in the Federal: <u>Register:</u> Dec. 12, 1959 (24 F.R. 10092): <u>Notice of determination by the Treasury</u> <u>Department received</u> : Dec. 11, 1959. <u>Investigation instituted</u> : Dec. 15, 1959. <u>Hearing Held</u> : None. <u>Investigation completed and notification</u> <u>sent to the Secretary of the Treasury</u> : Mar. 11, 1960. <u>Determination of the Commission</u> : The Com- mission unanimously determined that an industry in the United States was not being, and was not likely to be, injured or prevented from being established by reason of the importation of portland cement from the St. Lawrence Cement Co., Ontario, Canada, at less than fair values <u>Determination and statement of reasons</u> : <u>therefor published in the Federal</u> <u>Register</u> : Mar. 16, 1960 (25 F.R. 2191).

	Investigation number,	Information relating
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13.	Nepheline syenite from Canada (lst investigation) (1960).	 Notice of determination by the Treasury Department received: May 27, 1960. Investigation instituted: May 31, 1960. Hearing held: July 25, 1960. Investigation completed and notification sent to the Secretary of the Treasury: Aug. 26, 1960. Determination of the Commission: The Com- mission unanimously determined that an industry in the United States was not being, and was not likely to be, injured or prevented from being established by reason of the importation of nepheline syenite from Canada at less than fair value. Determination and statement of reasons therefor published in the Federal Reg- ister: Sept. 1, 1960 (25 F.R. 8394).
14.	Bicycles from Czecho- slovakia (1960).	Notice of determination by the Treasury Department received: July 11, 1960. Investigation instituted: July 11, 1960. Hearing held: None. Investigation completed and notification sent to the Secretary of the Treasury: Oct. 7, 1960. Determination of the Commission: The Commission unanimously determined that an industry in the United States was being injured, and was likely to con- tinue to be injured, by reason of the importation of bicycles from Czecho- slovakia at less than fair value. Determination and statement of reasons therefor published in the Federal Reg- ister: Oct. 12, 1960 (25 F.R. 9782).
15.	Nepheline syenite from Canada (2d investi- gation) (1961).	Notice of determination by the Treasury <u>Department received</u> : Oct. 26, 1960. <u>Investigation instituted</u> : Oct. 31, 1960. <u>Hearing held</u> : None. <u>Investigation completed and notification</u> <u>sent to the Secretary of the Treasury</u> : Jan. 26, 1961.

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Commod	lity, and country	to the investigation
Ca	neline syenite from nađa (2d investi- ntion) (1961)Con.	Determination of the Commission: The Com- mission unanimously determined that an industry in the United States was not being, and was not likely to be, injured or prevented from being established by reason of the importation of nepheline syenite from Canada sold at less than fair value. Determination and statement of reasons therefor (TC Publication 1) published in the Federal Register: Jan. 31, 1961 (26 F.R. 956).
th st ce	land cement, other an white, non- aining portland ment, from Sweden 961).	 Notice of determination by the Treasury Department received: Jan. 4, 1961. Investigation instituted: Jan. 9, 1961. Hearing held: Feb. 28 and Mar. 1, 1961. Investigation completed and notification sent to the Secretary of the Treasury: Apr. 4, 1961. Determination of the Commission: The Com- mission unanimously determined that an industry in the United States was being injured by reason of the importation of portland cement, other than white, non- staining portland cement, from Sweden at less than fair value. Determination and statement of reasons therefor (TC Publication 10) published in the Federal Register: Apr. 7, 1961 (26 F.R. 3002).
fr in	on staple fiber com France (2d avestigation) .961).	Notice of determination by the Treasury Department received: Feb. 21, 1961. Investigation instituted: Feb. 27, 1961. Hearing held: May 2, 1961. Investigation completed and notification sent to the Secretary of the Treasury: May 19, 1961. Determination of the Commission: The Com- mission unanimously determined that an industry in the United States was not being, and was not likely to be, injured or prevented from being established by reason of the importation of rayon staple fiber from France sold at less than fair value.

	Investigation number,	Information relating
commodity, and country		to the Investigation
17.	Rayon staple fiber from France (2d investigation) (1961)Continued	Determination and statement of reasons therefor (TC Publication 18) published in the Federal Register: May 24, 1961 (26 F.R. 4478).
18.	Rayon staple fiber from Belgium (1961).	Notice of determination by the Treasury Department received: Feb. 21, 1961. Investigation instituted: Feb. 27, 1961. Hearing held: May 3, 1961. Investigation completed and notification sent to the Secretary of the Treasury: May 19, 1961. Determination of the Commission: The Commission unanimously determined that an industry in the United States was not being, and was not likely to be, injured or prevented from being estab- lished by reason of the importation of rayon staple fiber from Belgium sold at less than fair value. Determination and statement of reasons therefor (TC Publication 19) published in the Federal Register: May 24, 1961 (26 F.R. 4477).
.9.	Portland cement, other than white, nonstaining port- land cement, from Belgium, except as to importations from the firm of Cimenteries et Briqueteries Reunies (1961).	Notice of determination by the Treasury Department received: Mar. 3, 1961. Investigation instituted: Mar. 3, 1961. Hearing held: Apr. 28, 1961. Investigation completed and notification sent to the Secretary of the Treasury: June 2, 1961. Determination of the Commission: The Commission unanimously determined that an industry in the United States was being injured by reason of the importa- tion of portland cement, other than white, nonstaining portland cement, from Belgium at less than fair value. Determination and statement of reasons therefor (TC Publication 22) published in the Federal Register: June 7, 1961 (26 F.R. 5102).

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C	Investigation number, commodity, and country	Information relating to the Investigation
20.	Rayon staple fiber from Cuba (1961).	Notice of determination by the Treasury Department received: Apr. 17, 1961. Investigation instituted: Apr. 20, 1961. Hearing held: June 13, 1961. Investigation completed and notification sent to the Secretary of the Treasury: July 17, 1961. Determination of the Commission: The Commission unanimously determined that an industry in the United States was not being, and was not likely to be, injured or prevented from being estab- lished by reason of the importation of rayon staple fiber from Cuba sold at less than fair value. Determination and statement of reasons therefor (TC Publication 23) published in the Federal Register: July 20, 1961 (26 F.R. 6537).
21.	Rayon staple fiber from West Germany, except as to impor- tations of "Cuprama" rayon staple fiber manufactured by the firm of Farben- fabriken Bayer A. G. (1961).	 Notice of determination by the Treasury Department received: Apr. 17, 1961. Investigation instituted: Apr. 20, 1961. Hearing held: June 13, 1961. Investigation completed and notification sent to the Secretary of the Treasury: July 17, 1961. Determination of the Commission: The Commission unanimously determined that an industry in the United States was not being, and was not likely to be, injured or prevented from being estab- lished by reason of the importation of rayon staple fiber from West Germany sold at less than fair value. Determination and statement of reasons therefor (TC Publication 24) published in the Federal Register: July 20, 1961 (26 F.R. 6537).
22.	Portland gray cement from Portugal (1961).	Notice of determination by the Treasury Department received: July 20, 1961. Investigation instituted: July 24, 1961. Hearing held: Sept. 14, 1961. Investigation completed and notification sent to the Secretary of the Treasury: Oct. 20, 1961.

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Investigation number, commodity, and country	Information relating to the Investigation
22. Portland gray cement from Portugal (1961)Continued	Determination of the Commission: The Commission determined (Commissioners Talbot and Overton dissenting) that an industry in the United States was being injured by reason of the importation of portland gray cement from Portugal at less than fair value. Determination and statement of reasons therefor (TC Publication 37) published in the Federal Register: Oct. 25, 1961 (26 F.R. 10010).
23. Portland cement, other than white, nonstain- ing portland cement, from the Dominican Republic (1st inves- tigation) (1962).	Notice of determination by the Treasury Department received: Jan. 18, 1962. Investigation instituted: Jan. 18, 1962. Hearing held: Mar. 1, 1962. Investigation completed and notification sent to the Secretary of the Treasury: Apr. 18, 1962. Determination of the Commission: The Commission unanimously determined that an industry in the United States was not being, and was not likely to be, injured or prevented from being estab- lished by reason of the importation of portland cement, other than white, nonstaining portland cement, from the Dominican Republic sold at less than fair value. Determination and statement of reasons therefor (TC Publication 54) published in the Federal Register: Apr. 21, 1962 (27 F.R. 3872).
24. Sheet glass, in jalousie louver sizes, from Czechoslovakia (1962).	Notice of determination by the Treasury Department received: Aug. 20, 1962. Investigation instituted: Aug. 23, 1962. Hearing held: Oct. 16-18, 1962. Investigation completed and notification sent to the Secretary of the Treasury: Nov. 20, 1962. Determination of the Commission: The Commission determined (Commissioner Schreiber dissenting) that no industry in the United States was being, or was likely to be, injured or prevented from being established by reason of the im- portation of sheet glass, in jalousie louver sizes, from Czechoslovakia sold at less than fair value.

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Investigation number, commodity, and country	Information relating to the Investigation
. Sheet glass, in jalousie louver sizes, from Czechoslovakia (1962)Continued	Determination and statement of reasons therefor (TC Publication 75) published in the Federal Register: Nov. 24, 1962 (27 F.R. 11568).
Portland cement, other than white, nonstaining portland cement, from the Dominican Republic (2d investigation) (1963).	 <u>Notice of determination by the Treasury</u> <u>Department received</u>: Jan. 21, 1963. <u>Investigation instituted</u>: Jan. 25, 1963. <u>Hearing held</u>: None. <u>Investigation completed and notification</u> <u>sent to the Secretary of the Treasury</u>: Apr. 19, 1963. <u>Determination of the Commission</u>: The Commission determined (Chairman Dorfman dissenting) that an industry in the United States was likely to be injured by reason of the importation of portland cement, other than white, nonstaining portland cement, from the Dominican Republic sold at less than fair value. <u>Determination and statement of reasons</u> <u>therefor (TC Publication 37) published</u> <u>in the Federal Register</u>: Apr. 24, 1963 (28 F.R. 4047).
• Technical vanillin from Canada (1963).	 Notice of determination by the Treasury Department received: Jan. 21, 1963. Investigation instituted: Jan. 25, 1963. Hearing held: None. Investigation completed and notification sent to the Secretary of the Treasury: Apr. 19, 1963. Determination of the Commission: The Com- mission unanimously determined that an industry in the United States was not being, and was not likely to be, injured or prevented from being established by reason of the importation of technical vanillin from Canada sold at less than fair value. Determination and statement of reasons

therefor (TC Publication 88) published in the Federal Register: Apr. 24, 1963 (28 F.R. 4048).

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Investigation number,	Information relating
commodity, and country	to the Investigation
27. Hot-rolled carbon steel wire rods from Belgium (1963).	Notice of determination by the Treasury Department received: Mar. 19, 1963. Investigation instituted: Mar. 21, 1963. Hearing held: May 7-9, 1963. Investigation completed and notification sent to the Secretary of the Treasury: June 19, 1963. Determination of the Commission: The Commission unanimously determined that an industry in the United States was not being, and was not likely to be, injured or prevented from being established by reason of the importation of hot-rolled carbon steel wire rods from Belgium sold at less than fair value. Determination and statement of reasons therefor (TC Publication 93) published in the Federal Register: June 22, 1963 (28 F.R. 6474).
28. Hot-rolled carbon steel wire rods from Luxembourg (1963).	Notice of determination by the Treasury Department received: Mar. 21, 1963. Investigation instituted: Mar. 21, 1963. Hearing held: May 9, 1963. Investigation completed and notification sent to the Secretary of the Treasury: June 19, 1963. Determination of the Commission: The Commission unanimously determined that an industry in the United States was not being, and was not likely to be, injured or prevented from being established by reason of the importation of hot-rolled carbon steel wire rods from Luxembourg sold at less than fair value. Determination and statement of reasons therefor (TC Publication 94) published in the Federal Register: June 22, 1963 (28 F.R. 6476).
29. Hot-rolled carbon steel wire rods from West Germany (1963).	Notice of determination by the Treasury Department received: Apr 2, 1963. Investigation instituted: Apr. 4, 1963. Hearing held: May 14, 1963. Investigation completed and notification sent to the Secretary of the Treasury: June 21, 1963.

Information relating
to the Investigation
Determination of the Commission: The Commission unanimously determined that an industry in the United States was not being, and was not likely to be, injured or prevented from being established by reason of the importation of hot-rolled carbon steel wire rods from West Germany sold at less than fair value. Determination and statement of reasons therefor (TC Publication 95) published in the Federal Register: June 26, 1963 (28 F.R. 6606).
Notice of determination by the Treasury Department received: May 29, 1963. Investigation instituted: May 29, 1963. Hearing held: None. Investigation completed and notification sent to the Secretary of the Treasury: July 15, 1963. Determination of the Commission: The Commission unanimously determined that an industry in the United States was not being, and was not likely to be, injured or prevented from being estab- lished by reason of the importation of hot-rolled carbon steel wire rods from France sold at less than fair value. Determination and statement of reasons therefor (TC Publication 99) published in the Federal Register: July 18, 1963 (28 F.R. 7368).
 Notice of determination by the Treasury Department received: June 24, 1963. Investigation instituted: June 25, 1963. Hearing held: July 31, 1963. Investigation completed and notification sent to the Secretary of the Treasury: Sept. 24, 1963. Determination of the Commission: The Commission unanimously determined that an industry in the United States was not being, and was not likely to be, injured or prevented from being established by reason of the importation of titanium dioxide from France sold at less than fair value.

	Investigation number, mmodity, and country	Information relating
	million try, and country	to the Investigation
1	Titanium dioxide	Determination and statement of reasons
	from France	therefor (TC Publication 109) published
	(1963)Continued	
	(1903)==concinded	in the Federal Register: Sept. 27, 1963
	- IV	(28 F.R. 10467).
0	Chromic acid from	Notico of determination by the Mycoour
32.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Notice of determination by the Treasury Department received: Nov. 26, 1963.
	Australia (1964).	
	· -	Investigation instituted: Nov. 26, 1963.
		Hearing held: None.
		Investigation completed and notification
		sent to the Secretary of the Treasury:
	•	Feb. 26, 1964.
		Determination of the Commission: The
		Commission determined (Commissioners
		Dorfman and Talbot dissenting) that an
		industry in the United States was being
		injured by reason of the importation
		of chromic acid from Australia sold at
		less than fair value.
		Determination and statement of reasons
		therefor (TC Publication 121) published
		in the Federal Register: Mar. 3, 1964
	-	(29 F.R. 2919).
3.	Steel reinforcing	Notice of determination by the Treasury
	bars from Canada,	Department received: Dec. 23, 1963.
	manufactured by	Investigation instituted: Dec. 24, 1963.
	Western Canada	Hearing held: Feb. 11, 1964.
	Steel Ltd. through	Investigation completed and notification
	its subsidiary, the	sent to the Secretary of the Treasury:
	Vancouver Rolling	Mar. 23, 1964.
	Mills Ltd. of Van-	Determination of the Commission: The
	couver, Canada	Commission by an evenly divided vote
	(1964).	determined (Commissioners Dorfman,
	é fili	Talbot, and Fenn dissenting) that an
	the state of the s	industry in the United States was likely
		to be injured by reason of the importa-
		tion of steel reinforcing bars from
		Canada, manufactured by Western Canada
		Steel Ltd. through its subsidiary, the
		Vancouver Rolling Mills Ltd. of Van-
÷.		couver, Canada, sold at less than fair
:		value.
		Determination and statement of reasons
		therefor (TC Publication 122) published
	*	in the Federal Register: Mar. 27, 1964
		(29 F.R. 3840).
		(29 F.R. 3040).
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Investigation number, commodity, and country	Information relating to the Investigation
commonity, and country	
34. Peat moss, horticul- tural and poultry grades, from Atkins & Durbrow Ltd., Vancouver, British Columbia, and Western Peat Co. Ltd., New West- minster, British Columbia (shipments from Manitoba plant only), Canada (1964).	Notice of determination by the Treasury Department received: Jan. 14, 1964. Investigation instituted: Jan. 16, 1964. Hearing held: Mar. 16, 1964. Investigation completed and notification sent to the Secretary of the Treasury: Mar. 31, 1964. Determination of the Commission: The Commission unanimously determined that an industry in the United States was not being, and was not likely to be, injured or prevented from being established by reason of the importation of peat moss, horticultural and poultry grades, from Atkins & Durbrow Ltd., Vancouver, British Columbia, and Western Peat Co. Ltd., New Westminster, British Columbia (ship- ments from Manitoba plant only), Canada, sold at less than fair value. Determination and statement of reasons therefor (TC Publication 123) published in the Federal Register: Apr. 4, 1964 (29 F.R. 4843).
35. Cast iron soil pipe from Australia (1964).	Notice of determination by the Treasury Department received: Jan. 15, 1964. Investigation instituted: Jan. 16, 1964. Hearing held: None. Investigation completed and notification sent to the Secretary of the Treasury: Apr. 13, 1964. Determination of the Commission: The Commission unanimously determined that an industry in the United States was not being, and was not likely to be, injured or prevented from being estab- lished by reason of the importation of cast iron soil pipe from Australia sold at less than fair value. Determination and statement of reasons therefor (TC Publication 124) published in the Federal Register: Apr. 16, 1964 (29 F.R. 5253).

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	, and country	to the Investigation
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36. Titaniu	m dioxide from	Notice of determination by the Treasury
Japan	(1964).	Department received: Jan. 21, 1964.
		Investigation instituted: Jan. 24, 1964.
		Hearing held: Mar. 23, 1964.
		Investigation completed and notification
میں اور		sent to the Secretary of the Treasury:
		Apr. 21, 1964.
		Determination of the Commission: The
		Commission unanimously determined that
۰ ۰	·	an industry in the United States was
		not being, and was not likely to be,
T = 1		injured or prevented from being estab-
		lished by reason of the importation of
	· · , · · · ·	titanium dioxide from Japan sold at
	,	less than fair value.
•		Determination and statement of reasons
•		therefor (TC Publication 125) published
	ан ал ан ал ан	
and the second		(29 F.R. 5522).
27 Vitol	haat alutan	Nation of determination by the Mucaquar
	heat gluten	Notice of determination by the Treasury Department received: Jan. 31, 1964.
	Canada,	
	actured by	Investigation instituted: Feb. 3, 1964.
	gilvie Flour	<u>Hearing held</u> : Mar. 31, 1964.
,	Co., Ltd.,	Investigation completed and notification
	s subsidiary,	sent to the Secretary of the Treasury:
	trial Grain	Apr. 30, 1964.
	cts, Ltd.	Determination of the Commission: The
(1964) •	Commission unanimously determined that
i	e a secondaria de la companya de la Companya de la companya de la company	an industry in the United States was not being, and was not likely to be, injured
-		or prevented from being established by
·		reason of the importation of vital wheat
		, gluten from Canada, manufactured by
		The Ogilvie Flour Mills Co., Ltd., or
		its subsidiary, Industrial Grain Products
• • •	•	Ltd., sold at less than fair value.
		Determination and statement of reasons
	··· · · · ·	therefor (TC Publication 126) published
		in the Federal Register: May 5, 1964
	• •	(29 F.R. 5921).
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Investigation number,	Information relating
commodity, and country	to the Investigation
38. White portland cement from Japan, manu- factured by Nihon Cement Co., Ltd., Tokyo, Japan (1964).	Notice of determination by the Treasury Department received: Apr. 9, 1964. Investigation instituted: Apr. 10, 1964. Hearing held: May 26, 1964. Investigation completed and notification sent to the Secretary of the Treasury: July 9, 1964. Determination of the Commission: The Commission determined (Commissioners Culliton and Sutton dissenting) that an industry in the United States was not being, and was not likely to be, injured or prevented from being established by reason of the importation of white prot- land cement from Japan, manufactured by Nihon Cement Co., Ltd., Tokyo, Japan, sold at less than fair value. Determination and statement of reasons therefor (TC Publication 129) published
	<u>in the Federal Register</u> : July 16, 1964 (29 F.R. 9636).
	(29 F.R. 9030).
39. Carbon steel bars, bars-shapes under 3 inches, and structural shapes 3 inches and over, manufactured by Western Canada Steel Ltd. and/or its subsidiary, the Van- couver Rolling Mills Ltd. of Vancouver, Canada (1964).	Notice of determination by the Treasury Department received: June 1, 1964. <u>Investigation instituted</u> : June 2, 1964. <u>Hearing scheduled</u> : July 14, 1964; rescheduled for July 27, 1964. <u>Hearing held</u> : July 27, 1964. <u>Investigation completed and notification</u> <u>sent to the Secretary of the Treasury</u> : Sept. 1, 1964. <u>Determination of the Commission</u> : The Commission determined (Chairman Dorfman and Commissioner Talbot dissenting) that an industry in the United States was being injured by reason of the importa- tion of carbon steel bars, bars-shapes under 3 inches, and structural shapes 3 inches and over, manufactured by Western Canada Steel Ltd. and/or its
	subsidiary, the Vancouver Rolling Mills Ltd. of Vancouver, Canada, sold at less than fair value. Determination and statement of reasons therefor (TC Publication 135) published in the Federal Register: Sept. 4, 1964 (29 F.R. 12599).

Investigation number, commodity, and country	Information relating to the Investigation
40. Window glass, 16-ounce through 28-ounce thicknesses, from the U.S.S.R. (1964).	Notice of determination by the Treasury Department received: June 29, 1964. Investigation instituted: June 29, 1964. Hearing held: None Investigation completed and notification sent to the Secretary of the Treasury: Sept. 29, 1964. Determination of the Commission: The Com- mission unanimously determined that an industry in the United States was not being, and was not likely to be, injured or prevented from being established by reason of the importation of window glass 16-ounce through 28-ounce thickness, from the U.S.S.R. sold at less than fair value Determination and statement of reasons therefor (TC Publication 140) published in the Federal Register: Oct. 2, 1964 (29 F.R. 13581).
41. Plastic baby carriers from Japan manufac- tured by Marui Cor- poration, Tokyo, Japan (1964).	Notice of determination by the Treasury Department received: July 6, 1964. Investigation instituted: July 8, 1964. Hearing held: None Investigation completed and notification sent to the Secretary of the Treasury: October 6, 1964. Determination of the Commission: The Com- mission unanimously found that an industry in the United States was not being, and was not likely to be, injured or prevented from being established by reason of the importation of plastic baby carriers from Japan manufactured by Marui Corporation, Tokyo, Japan sold at less than fair value. Determination and statement of reasons therefor (TC Publication 141) published in the Federal Register: Oct. 9, 1964 (29 F.R. 13990).

Investigation numbe commodity, and count	
42. Cast acrylic plast sheet, "Perspex" from the United dom (1964).	, Department received: July 14, 1964.
43. Window glass, 16-o through 28-ounce thicknesses from Czechoslovakia (Department received: September 23, 1964. Investigation instituted: September 24, 1964.

Investigation number,	Information relating
commodity, and country	to the Investigation
44. Bicycles from Hungary,	Notice of determination by the Treasury
manufactured by	Department received: Dec. 31, 1964.
Pannonia, Budapest,	Investigation instituted: January 5, 1965
Hungary (1965).	Hearing held: None
	Investigation completed and notification
	sent to the Secretary of the Treasury:
·· · · · · · ·	March 8, 1965.
: .	Determination of the Commission: The Com-
	mission unanimously determined that an
	industry in the United States was not
	being, and was not likely to be, injured
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	or prevented from being established by
	reason of the importation of bicycles
	from Hungary, manufactured by Pannonia,
	Budapest, Hungary, sold at less than fair
	value.
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	Determination and statement of reasons
	therefor (TC Publication 151) published
	in the Federal Register: March 11, 1965 (30 F.R. 3341).
	(30 F.K. 3341).
) E Azobieformomide from	Nation of determination by the Musequer
45. Azobisformamide from	Notice of determination by the Treasury Department received: January 27, 1965.
Japan (1965).	
	Investigation instituted: January 28, 1965
	Hearing held: None
	Investigation completed and notification
	sent to the Secretary of the Treasury:
the second se	April 27, 1965.
	Determination of the Commission: The Com- mission determined (Commissioners Dorfman
	and Talbot dissenting) that an industry in
	the United States was being injured by
	reason of the importation of azobisforma-
	mide from Japan sold at less than fair value.
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a de la construcción de la constru La construcción de la construcción d	
	Determination and statement of masses
	Determination and statement of reasons
:	therefor (TC Publication 153) published
	in the Federal Register: April 30, 1965
	(30 F.R. 6130 and 6131).

Investigation number,	Information relating
commodity, and country	to the Investigation
6. Titanium dioxide, pigment grade, from West Germany; manu- factured by Farben- fabriken Bayer A.G., Leverkusen, Germany (1966).	Notice of determination by the Treasury Department received: January 14, 1966. Investigation instituted: January 14, 1966 Hearing held: March 1 and 2, 1966 Investigation completed and notification sent to the Secretary of the Treasury: April 12, 1966. Determination of the Commission: The Com- mission unanimously determined that an industry in the United States was not being, and was not likely to be, injured or prevented from being established by reason of the importation of titanium dioxide, pigment grade, from West Germany, manufactured by Farbenfabriken Bayer A.G., Leverkusen, Germany sold at less than fair value. Determination and statement of reasons therefor (TC Publication 172) published in the Federal Register: April 15, 1966 (31 F.R. 5852 and 5853).
7. Titanium dioxide, pig- ment grade, rutile type, from Japan, exported by Sakai Trading Co., Ltd., Osaka, Japan, Kouyoh Trading Co., Ltd., Osaka, Japan, and Marubeni-Iida Co., Ltd., Osaka, Japan (1966).	Notice of determination by the Treasury Department received: February 24, 1966. Investigation instituted: February 24, 1966 Hearing held: April 18, 1966 Investigation completed and notification sent to the Secretary of the Treasury: May 18, 1966. Determination of the Commission: The Com- mission unanimously determined that an industry in the United States was not being, and was not likely to be, injured or prevented from being established by reason of the importation of titanium dioxide, pigment grade, rutile type, from Japan, exported by Sakai Trading Co., Ltd., Osaka, Japan and Marubeni-Iida Co., Ltd., Osaka, Japan sold at less than fair value. Determination and statement of reasons therefor (TC Publication 174) published in the Federal Register: May 24, 1966 (31 F.R. 7495).

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Investigation number,	Information relating
commodity, and country	to the Investigation
48. Work shoes, leather, men's and boys', from Czechoslovakia (1966).	Notice of determination by the Treasury Department received: May 11, 1966. Investigation instituted: May 12, 1966 Hearing held: June 21 and 22, 1966 Investigation completed and notification
	sent to the Secretary of the Treasury: August 11, 1966. Determination of the Commission: The Com-
	mission unanimously determined that an industry in the United States was not being, and was not likely to be, injured
	or prevented from being established by reason of the importation of work shoes, leather, men's and boys', from Czecho- slovakia sold at less than fair value.
	Determination and statement of reasons therefor (TC Publication 185) published in the Federal Register: August 16, 1966 (31 F.R. 0906).
49. Steel jacks from Canada, manufactured by J.C. Hallman Manufacturing Co., Ltd., Kitchner, Ontario, Canada (1966).	Department received: May 19, 1966. Investigation instituted: May 19, 1966 Hearing held: July 6, 1966 Investigation completed and notification sent to the Secretary of the Treasury:
	August 19, 1966. <u>Determination of the Commission</u> : The Com- mission determined (Commissioners Fenn and Thunberg dissenting) that an industry in the United States was likely to be injured by reason of the importation of steel jacks from J.C. Hallman Manufacturing Co., Ltd., Kitchner, Ontario, Canada sold at less than fair value.
	Determination and statement of reasons therefor (TC Publication 186) published in the Federal Register: August 24, 1966 (31 F.R. 11197 and 11198).

	Investigation number	Information relating
	commodity, and country	to the Investigation
50.	Cast iron soil pipe from Poland (1967).	Notice of determination by the Treasury Department received: June 5, 1967. Investigation instituted: June 6, 1967. Hearing held: August 4, 1967. Investigation completed and notification sent to the Secretary of the Treasury: September 5, 1967. Determination of the Commission: The Com- mission determined (Commissioners Culliton and Thunberg dissenting) that an industry in the United States was being injured by reason of the importation of cast iron soil pipe from Poland sold at less than fair value. Determination and statement of reasons therefor (TC Publication 214) published in the Federal Register: September 9, 1967 (32 F.R. 12925 and 12928).
51 .	Titanium sponge from the U.S.S.R. (1968).	Notice of determination by the Treasury Department received: April 23, 1968. Investigation instituted: April 24, 1968. Hearing held: June 4 and 5, 1968. Investigation completed and notification sent to the Secretary of the Treasury: July 23, 1968. Determination of the Commission: The Com-
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	mission by an evenly divided vote deter- mined (Chairman Metzger and Commissioner Thunberg dissenting) that an industry in the United States was being injured by reason of the importation of titanium sponge from the U.S.S.R. sold at less than fair value. Determination and statement of reasons therefor (TC Publication 255) published in the Federal Register: July 27, 1968 (33 F.R. 10769 and 10772).
52.	Pig iron from East Germany (1968).	Notice of determination by the Treasury Department received: June 25, 1968. Investigation instituted: June 25, 1968. Hearing held: July 29 and 30, 1968. Investigation completed and notification sent to the Secretary of the Treasury: September 25, 1968.

	Investigation number,	Information relating
	commodity, and country	to the Investigation
52.	Pig iron from East Germany (1968)Continued	Determination of the Commission: The Commission by an evenly divided vote determined (Chairman Metzger and Commissioner Thunberg dissenting) that an industry in the United States was being injured by reason of the importation of pig iron from East Germany sold at less than fair value. Determination and statement of reasons therefor (TC Publication 265) published in the Federal Register: October 1, 1968 (33 F.R. 14664 and 14668).
53.	Pig iron from Czecho- slovakia (1968).	Notice of determination by the Treasury Department received: June 25, 1968 Investigation instituted: June 25, 1968. Hearing held: July 29 and 30, 1968 Investigation completed and notification sent to the Secretary of the Treasury: September 25, 1968. Determination of the Commission: The Com- mission by an evenly divided vote deter- mined (Chairman Metzger and Commissioner Thunberg dissenting) that an industry in the United States was being injured by reason of the importation of pig iron from Czechoslovakia sold at less than fair value. Determination and statement of reasons therefor (TC Publication 265) published in the Federal Register: October 1, 1968 (33 F.R. 14664 and 14668).
54.	Pig iron from Romania (1968).	Notice of determination by the Treasury Department received: June 25, 1968. Investigation instituted: June 25, 1968. Hearing held: July 29 and 30, 1968. Investigation completed and notification sent to the Secretary of the Treasury: September 25, 1968. Determination of the Commission: The Com- mission by an evenly divided vote (Chair- man Metzger and Commissioner Thunberg dissenting) determined that an industry in the United States was being injured by reason of the importation of pig iron from Romania sold at less than fair value.

	Investigation number,	Information relating
<u> </u>	commodity, and country	to the Investigation
54.	Pig iron from Romania (1968)Continued	Determination and statement of reasons therefor (TC Publication 265) published in the Federal Register: October 1, 1968 (33 F.R. 14664 and 14668).
55.	Pig iron from the U.S.S.R. (1968).	Notice of determination by the Treasury Department received: June 25, 1968. Investigation instituted: June 25, 1968. Hearing held: July 29 and 30, 1968. Investigation completed and notification sent to the Secretary of the Treasury: September 25, 1968. Determination of the Commission: The Com- mission by an evenly divided vote (Chair- man Metzger and Commissioner Thunberg dissenting) determined that an industry in the United States was being injured by reason of the importation of pig iron from the U.S.S.R. sold at less than fair value. Determination and statement of reasons therefor (TC Publication 265) published in the Federal Register: October 1, 1968 (33 F.R. 14664 and 14668).
	Concord grapes from Canada (1969).	 <u>Notice of determination by the Treasury</u> <u>Department received</u>: May 5, 1969. <u>Investigation instituted</u>: May 7, 1969. <u>Hearing held</u>: June 24 and 25, 1969. <u>Investigation completed and notification</u> <u>sent to the Secretary of the Treasury</u>: August 5, 1969. <u>Determination of the Commission</u>: The Com- mission unanimously determined that an industry in the United States was not being, and was not likely to be, injured or prevented from being established by reason of the importation of Concord grapes from Canada sold at less than fair value. <u>Determination and statement of reasons</u> <u>therefor (TC Publication 292) published</u> <u>in the Federal Register</u>: August 8, 1969 (34 F.R. 12925 and 12928).

Investigation number,	Information relating
commodity, and country	to the Investigation
7. Plastic mattress handles (manufac- tured by Fibre Con- version Co., Ltd.) from Canada (1969).	Notice of determination by the Treasury Department received: July 17, 1969. Investigation instituted: July 22, 1969 Hearing held: September 4, 1969. Investigation completed and notification sent to the Secretary of the Treasury: October 17, 1969. Determination of the Commission: The Com- mission determined (Commissioner Leonard dissenting) that an industry in the United States was not being, and was not likely to be, injured or prevented from being established by reason of the im- portation of plastic mattress handles (manufactured by Fibre Conversion Co., Ltd.) from Canada sold at less than fair value. Determination and statement of reasons therefor (TC Publication 296) published
8. Potassium chloride (muriate of potash) from Canada (1969).	in the Federal Register: October 22, 1969 (34 F.R. 17130 and 17132). <u>Notice of determination by the Treasury</u> <u>Department received</u> : August 22, 1969 <u>Investigation instituted</u> : August 22, 1969.
	 Hearing held: October 7, 10 and 13, 1969. Investigation completed and notification sent to the Secretary of the Treasury: November 21, 1969. Determination of the Commission: The Commission determined (Commissioners Thunberg and Newsom dissenting) that an industry in the United States was being, and was likely to be injured on a continuing basis by reason of the importation of potassium chloride, otherwise known as muriate of potash, from Canada sold at less than fair value. Determination and statement of reasons therefor (TC Publication 303) published in the Federal Register: November 27, 196 (34 F.R. 19003 and 19009).

	Investigation number,	Information relating
); 	commodity, and country	to the Investigation
59.	Potassium chloride	Notice of determination by the Treasury
	(muriate of potash)	Department received: August 22, 1969.
	from France (1969).	Investigation instituted: August 22, 1969.
		Hearing held: October 7-10 and 13, 1969.
		Investigation completed and notification
		sent to the Secretary of the Treasury:
	•	Nobember 21, 1969.
		Determination of the Commission: The Com-
		mission determined (Commissioners Thunber
	2	and Newsom dissenting) that an industry o
		the United States was being injured and w
		likely to be injured on a continuing basi
		by reason of the importation of potassium
		chloride, otherwise known as muriate of
		potash from France sold at less than fair
		value.
		Determination and statement of reasons
	•	therefor (TC Publication 303) published
		in the Federal Register: November 27, 19
		(34 F.R. 19003 and 19009).
60.	Potassium chloride	Notice of determination by the Treasury
00.	(muriate of potash)	Department received: August 22, 1969
	from West Germany	Investigation instituted: August 22, 1969.
	(1969).	Hearing held: October 7-10 and 13, 1969.
•		Investigation completed and notification
		sent to the Secretary of the Treasury:
	÷	November 21, 1969.
	· · · ·	Determination of the Commission: The Com-
		mission determined (Commissioners Thunber
		and Newsom dissenting) that an industry i
	·	the United States was being injured and wa
•	·	likely to be injured on a continuing basis
		by reason of the importation of potassium
		chloride, otherwise known as muriate of
		potash, from West Germany sold at less the
,	·	fair value.
		Determination and statement of reasons
		therefor (TC Publication' 303) published
		in the Federal Register: November 27, 190
		(34 F.R. 19003 and 19009).
	•	()4 T.IL. 1900) and 19009/.
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	Investigation number,	Information relating
	commodity, and country	to the Investigation
61.	Aminoacetic acid (Glycine) from France (1970).	Notice of determination by the Treasury Department received: November 17, 1969. Investigation instituted: November 18, 1969. Hearing held: January 13, 1970. Investigation completed and notification sent to the Secretary of the Treasury: February 19, 1970. Determination of the Commission: The Com- mission determined (Commissioners Thunberg and Leonard dissenting) that an industry was being injured by reason of the importa- tion of aminoacetic acid sold at less than fair value. Determination and statement of reasons therefor (TC Publication 313) published in the Federal Register: March 17, 1970 (35 F.R. 4677 and 4682).
62.	Steel bars, reinforcing bars, and shapes manufactured by the Broken Hill Proprie- tary Co., Melbourne, Australia (1970).	Notice of determination by the Treasury <u>Department received</u> : November 28, 1969. <u>Investigation instituted</u> : December 1, 1969. <u>Hearing held</u> : December 20, 21, 1969. <u>Investigation completed and notification</u> <u>sent to the Secretary of the Treasury</u> : <u>February 27, 1970.</u> <u>Determination of the Commission</u> : The Com- mission determined (Commissioners Thunberg and Newsom dissenting) that an industry in the United States was being injured by reason of the importation of steel bars, reinforcing bars, and shapes manufactured by the Broken Hill Proprietary Co., Melbourne, Australia, sold at less than fair value. <u>Determination and statement of reasons</u> <u>therefor (TC Publication 314) published</u> in the Federal Register: March 5, 1970 (35 F.R. 4161-4163).
63.	Whole dried eggs from Holland (1970).	Notice of determination by the Treasury Department received: May 1, 1970. Investigation instituted: May 1, 1970. Hearing held: June 9, 1970 Investigation completed and notification <u>sent to the Secretary of the Treasury</u> : July 31, 1970.

	Investigation number, commodity, and country	Information relating to the Investigation
63.	Whole dried eggs from Holland (1970)Continued	Determination of the Commission: The Com- mission by an evenly divided vote deter- mined (Commissioners Sutton and Leonard dissenting) that an industry in the United States was being injured by reason of the importation of whole dried eggs from Holland sold, or likely to be sold, at less than fair value. Determination and statement of reasons therefor (TC Publication 332) published in the Federal Register: August 5, 1970 (35 F.R. 12500-12502).
64.	Tuners (of the type used in consumer electronic products) from Japan (1970).	Notice of determination by the Treasury Department received: July 15, 1970 1/ Investigation instituted: July 16, 1970. Hearing held: September 16, 1970. Investigation completed and notification sent to the Secretary of the Treasury: November 3, 1970. Determination of the Commission: The Com- mission unanimously determined that an industry in the United States was being injured by reason of the importation of tuners (of the type used in consumer electronic products) from Japan, sold at less than fair value. Determination and statement of reasons therefor (TC Publication 341) published in the Federal Register: November 6, 1970 (35 F.R. 17156-17158)
65.	Ferrite cores (of the type used in con- sumer electronic products) from Japan (1971).	Notice of determination by the Treasury Department received: October 28, 1970. Investigation instituted: October 30, 1970. Hearing held: December 8, 1970. Investigation completed and notification sent to the Secretary of the Treasury: January 28, 1971.

1/ By letter received August 3, 1970, the Treasury Department amended the scope of its original determination.

-	Investigation number,	Information relating
	commodity, and country	to the Investigation
65.	Ferrite cores (of the type used in con- sumer electronic products) from Japan (1971)Continued	Determination of the Commission: The Com- mission determined (Commissioners Leonard and Young dissenting and Chairman Mize not participating) that an industry in the United States was being injured by reason of the importation of ferrite cores (of the type used in consumer electronic products) from Japan sold at less than fair value. Determination and statement of reasons therefor (TC Publication 360) published in the Federal Register: February 3, 1971 (36 F.R. 1934-1936).
66.	TV receiving sets, monochrome and color, from Japan (1971).	Notice of determination by the Treasury Department received: December 4, 1970. Investigation instituted: December 7, 1970. Hearing held: January 26-28, 1971. Investigation completed and notification sent to the Secretary of the Treasury: March 4, 1971. Determination of the Commission: The Com- mission unanimously determined (Chairman Mize not participating) that an industry in the United States was being injured by reason of the importation of television receiving sets, monochrome and color, from Japan sold at less than fair value. Determination and statement of reasons therefor (TC Publication 367) published in the Federal Register: March 9, 1971 (36 F.R. 4576-4578).
67.	Aluminum electrolytic and ceramic capaci- tors from Japan (1971).	Notice of determination by the Treasury Department received: December 8, 1970. Investigation instituted: December 9, 1970. Hearing held: January 19, 1971 Investigation completed and notification sent to the Secretary of the Treasury: March 8, 1971 Determination of the Commission: The Com- mission unanimously determined that an industry in the United States was not being, and was not likely to be, injured or prevented from being established by reason of the importation of aluminum electrolytic and ceramic capacitors from Japan sold at less than fair value.

Investigation number, commodity, and country Information relating to the Investigation 67. Aluminum electrolytic and ceramic capaci- tors from Japan (1971)Continued Determination and statement of reasons therefor (TC Publication 368) published in the Federal Register: March 11, 1971 (36° F.R. 4731-4732) 68. Ceramic wall the from the United Kingdom (1971). Notice of determination by the Treasury Department received: January 7, 1971. Investigation completed and notification sent to the Secretary of the Treasury April 7, 1971. 1. Determination of the Commission: The Com- mission determined (Commissioner Leonard dissenting) that an industry in the Unite States was being injured by reason of the importation of ceramic wall tile from the United Xingdom sold at least than fair val Determination: and statement of reasons therefor (TC Publication 381) published in the Federal Register: April 13, 1971 (36° F.R. 7036-7038). 69. Clear plate and clear float glass from Japan (1971). Notice of determination by the Treasury (36° F.R. 7036-7038). 69. Clear plate and clear float glass from Japan (1971). Notice of determination by the Treasury (36° F.R. 7036-7038). 71. Tuvestigation instituted: January 7, 1971 Investigation instituted: January 7, 1971 1. Notestigation instituted: January 7, 1971 Investigation instituted: January 7, 1971 1. Meetergine (Commission: The Com- mission determined (Commission: The Com- mission determined (Commission: The Com- mission determined (Commission elevent dissenting) that an industry in the Unite States was being injured by reason of the importation of clear plate and clear float glass from		. 34 .
 commodity, and country to the Investigation 67. Aluminum electrolytic and ceramic capacitors from Japan (1971)Continued 68. Ceramic wall tile from the United Kingdom (1971). 69. Clear plate and clear float glass from Japan (1971). 69. Clear plate and clear float glass from Japan (1971). 69. Clear plate and clear float glass from Japan (1971). 69. Clear plate and clear float glass from Japan (1971). 69. Clear plate and clear float glass from Japan (1971). 69. Clear plate and clear float glass from Japan (1971). 60. Clear plate and clear float glass from Japan (1971). 60. Clear plate and clear float glass from Japan (1971). 60. Clear plate and clear float glass from Japan (1971). 61. Clear plate and clear float glass from Japan (1971). 62. Clear plate and clear float glass from Japan (1971). 63. Clear plate and clear float glass from Japan (1971). 64. Clear plate and clear float glass from Japan (1971). 65. Clear plate and clear float glass from Japan (1971). 66. Clear plate and clear float glass from Japan (1971). 67. Clear plate and clear float glass from Japan (1971). 68. Clear plate and clear float glass from Japan (1971). 69. Clear plate and clear float glass from Japan (1971). 60. Clear plate and clear float glass from Japan (1971). 60. Clear plate and clear float glass from Japan (1971). 61. Clear plate and clear float glass from Japan (1971). 62. Clear plate and clear float glass from Japan (1971). 63. Clear plate and clear float glass from Japan (1971). 64. Clear plate and clear float glass from Japan (1971). 65. Clear plate and clear float glass from Japan (1971). 66. Clear plate and clear float glass from Japan (1971). 67. Clear plate and clear float glass from Japan (1971). 68. Clear plate and clear float glass from Japan (19		
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	Investigation number,	Information relating
	commodity, and country	to the Investigation
70.	Clear sheet glass from Japan (1971).	Notice of determination by the Treasury Department received: January 7, 1971. Investigation instituted: January 27, 1971 Hearing held: February 25, 1971.
		Investigation completed and notification sent to the Secretary of the Treasury: April 7, 1971.
		Determination of the Commission: The Com- mission determined (Commissioner Leonard dissenting) that an industry in the United States was being injured by reason of the importation of clear sheet glass from Japan sold at less than fair value.
		Determination and statement of reasons therefor (TC Publication 382) published in the Federal Register: April 17, 1971 (36 F.R. 7330-7333).
71.	Brass key blanks from Canada (1971).	Notice of determination by the Treasury Department received: February 3, 1971. Investigation instituted: February 5, 1971 Hearing held: March 23, 1971. Investigation completed and notification sent to the Secretary of the Treasury:
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	May 3, 1971. <u>Determination of the Commission</u> : The Com- mission unanimously determined that an industry in the United States was not being, and was not likely to be, injured or prevented from being established by reason of the importation of brass key blanks from Canada sold at less than fair value.
		Determination and statement of reasons therefor (TC Publication 392) published in the Federal Register: May 7, 1971 (36 F.R. 8537-8538).
72.	Pig iron from Canada (1971).	Notice of determination by the Treasury Department received: March 15, 1971. Investigation instituted: March 15, 1971. Hearing held: May 11 and 12, 1971. Investigation completed and notification sent to the Secretary of the Treasury: June 15, 1971.

	Investigation number, commodity, and country	Information relating to the Investigation
72.	Pig iron from Canada (1971)Continued	Determination of the Commission: The Commission unanimously determined (Commissioner Clubb not participating) that an industry in the United States was being and was likely to be injured by reason of the importation of pig iron from Canada sold at less than fair value. Determination and statement of reasons therefor (TC Publication 398) published in the Federal Register: June 19, 1971 (36 F.R. 11835-11836).
73.	Pig iron from Finland (1971).	Notice of determination by the Treasury Department received: March 15, 1971. Investigation instituted: March 15, 1971. Hearing held: May 11 and 12, 1971. Investigation completed and notification sent to the Secretary of the Treasury: June 15, 1971. Determination of the Commission: The Com- mission by an evenly divided vote deter- mined (Commissioners Leonard and Young dissenting and Commissioner Clubb not participating) that an industry in the United States was being and was likely to be injured by reason of the importation of pig iron from Finland sold at less than fair value. Determination and statement of reasons therefor (TC Publication 398) published in the Federal Register: June 19, 1971 (36 F.R. 11835-11836).
7 ¹ 4.	Pig iron from West Germany (1971).	Notice of determination by the Treasury Department received: March 15, 1971. Investigation instituted: March 15, 1971. Hearing held: May 11 and 12, 1971. Investigation completed and notification <u>sent to the Secretary of the Treasury</u> : June 15, 1971. Determination of the Commission: The Com- mission unanimously determined (Commis- sioner Clubb not participating) that an industry in the United States was being and was likely to be injured by reason of the importation of pig iron from West Germany sold at less than fair value.

Investiga	tion number,	Information relating
	and country	to the Investigation
74. Pig iron Germay tinued	from West (1971)Con-	Determination and statement of reasons therefor (TC Publication 398) published in the Federal Register: June 19, 1971 (36 F.R. 11835-11835)
	ggs in the rom Mexico	Notice of determination by the Treasury Department received: March 22, 1971. Investigation instituted: March 24, 1971. Hearing held: May 17, 1971. Investigation completed and notification sent to the Secretary of the Treasury: June 22, 1971. Determination of the Commission: The Com- mission unanimously determined (Commis-
		sioner Clubb not participating) that an industry in the United States was not being, and was not likely to be, injured or prevented from being established by reason of the importation of chicken eggs in the shell from Mexico sold at less than fair value. Determination and statement of reasons therefor (TC Publication 400) published in the Federal Register: June 25, 1971 (36 F.R. 12147-12148).
76. Clear shee from Ta:	et glass iwan (1971).	Notice of determination by the Treasury Department received: April 21, 1971. Investigation instituted: April 27, 1971. Hearing held: June 9, 1971. Investigation completed and notification sent to the Secretary of the Treasury: July 21, 1971. Determination of the Commission: The Com- mission by an evenly divided vote deter- mined (Commissioners Leonard and Young dissenting and Chairman Bedell not participating) that an industry in the United States was being injured by reason of the importation of clear sheet glass from Taiwan sold at less than fair value. Determination and statement of reasons therefor (TC Publication 407) published
	·	in the Federal Register: July 27, 1971 (36 F.R. 13869).

Investigation number, commodity, and country	Information relating to the Investigation
commodicy, and country	
77. Tempered glass from Japan (1971).	Notice of determination by the Treasury Department received: May 3, 1971. Investigation instituted: May 4, 1971. Hearing held: June 22, 1971 Investigation completed and notification sent to the Secretary of the Treasury: August 3, 1971 Determination of the Commission: The Com- mission by an evenly divided vote deter- mined (Commissioners Leonard and Young dissenting and Chairman Bedell not participating) that an industry in the
	United States was being injured by reason of the importation of tempered glass from Japan sold at less than fair value. <u>Determination and statement of reasons therefor (TC Publication 410) published in the Federal Register: August 7, 1971 (36 F.R. 14682).</u>
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