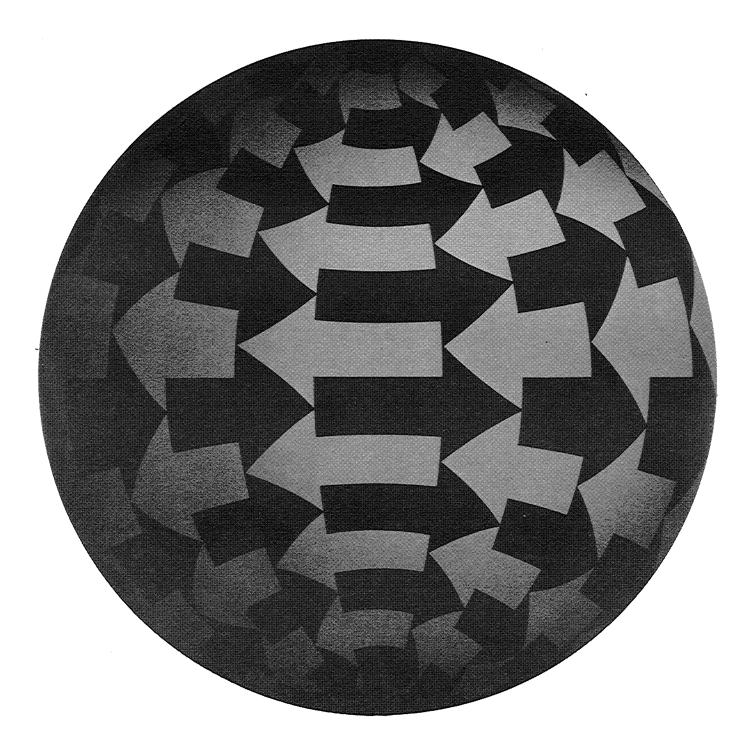
# U.S. Trade Shifts in Selected Commodity Areas



Second Quarter 1982



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# UNITED STATES INTERNATIONAL TRADE COMMISSION

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#### PREFACE

This report is a byproduct of the U.S. International Trade Commission's Trade Monitoring Information Support System. This system consists of a comprehensive and standardized data base designed to provide the Commission with the basic data required in its analytical and monitoring responsibilities and to serve as a starting point for more detailed trade analysis. The system improves the Commission's capability to anticipate issues which are of concern in the exercise of its various roles under U.S. trade statutes including monitoring and understanding trade shifts which are likely to affect future trade policy.

The basic components of the system are the tailormade trade tables, which consist of computer-generated import/export tables for key commodity areas or aggregations for which data have not generally been available on a routine, machine-generated basis. The system at present includes over 2,500 key commodity groups composed of one or more individual TSUS items and comparable export classifications.

The tailormade trade tables serve as the vehicle for a Commission trademonitoring or early-warning system, which can alert the Commission to shifts in trade patterns and focus on areas for further Commission study. The tailormade trade tables are automatically tested quarterly and annually by computer against predetermined criteria or "gates" designed to detect aberrant trade behavior. These criteria include significant changes in (1) the value and/or quantity and/or unit value for exports and imports, and (2) the pattern of countries supplying U.S. imports and/or the markets for U.S. exports.

Because of the interest in shifting trade patterns, the Commission, while viewing the system primarily as an internal analytical tool, is making this report available to the concerned congressional committees, the United States Trade Representative, other executive departments, and the public. This report provides brief analyses of significant trade shifts and possible reasons for the shifts for the following sectors:

Agricultural, animal, and vegetable products Forest products Textiles, apparel, and footwear Chemicals, petroleum, natural gas, and related products Minerals and metals Machinery and equipment Miscellaneous manufactures.

Following each sector analysis is a statistical table summarizing trade for the major commodity groups within the sector and a summary of the monitoring gates triggered for the most recent period. Appendix A contains a listing of the specific import and export gates which are currently used in the Commission's system. Trade data indicating the origin of U.S. imports by country and the market countries for U.S. exports are available for each of the 650 commodity groupings covered in the sector tables. 1/ In addition, the Commission has similar data available on a more detailed product basis within these groupings.

Appendix B contains data for U.S. trade in articles covered by the MTN Civil Aircraft Agreement; appendix C contains data for U.S. trade in motor-vehicle parts and accessories. Both are areas of current interest in U.S. trade policy; and these data are the only comprehensive trade data available for the respective areas.

<sup>1</sup>/ App. D contains an alphabetical index of the commodity groupings covered in the sector tables.

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# Overview of U.S. Merchandise Trade, Second Quarter 1982

During the second quarter of 1982, the U.S. merchandise trade deficit was \$3.4 billion, 46 percent below the \$6.2 billion deficit during the second quarter of 1981 (table 1). On a sector basis, merchandise trade deficits were experienced in the second quarter of 1982 for petroleum, natural gas, and related products (\$12.5 billion), minerals and metals (\$3.5 billion), textiles and apparel (\$970 million), footwear (\$726 million), and forest products (\$60 million). Trade surpluses existed for agriculture, animal, and vegetable products (\$5.2 billion), chemicals and related products (\$4.6 billion), machinery and equipment (\$4.2 billion), and miscellaneous manufactures (\$412 million).

The significant decrease in the overall merchandise trade deficit in the second quarter of 1982 compared with the corresponding period of 1981 is principally a reflection of an 87-percent decline in the deficit with the OPEC countries which dropped from \$7.6 billion to \$1.0 billion (table 2). This decline was a result of lower unit values for crude petroleum imports and reduced U.S. demand. In the second most significant trade pattern shift in the period, the U.S. deficit with Canada increased by 200 percent to \$3.0 billion, reflecting in large part shifts in U.S./Canadian trade in passenger automobiles, automobile trucks, and truck tractors.

The continuing U.S. trade deficit stems principally from weak foreign economic conditions and higher prices for U.S. goods, resulting from the appreciation of the U.S. dollar. The International Monetary Fund's weighted average foreign currency value of the U.S. dollar was up 3.7 percent from the first quarter of 1982 and up 9.8 percent from the second quarter of 1981. This increase suggests a continuing decrease in U.S. competitiveness. The appreciation of the U.S. dollar relative to other major currencies is shown in the follow tabulation (average currency units per U.S. dollar):

Currency	Second quarter 1981	Second quarter 1982	Percentage
currency	1701	1962	change
Yen (Japan)	220.00	244.15	11
Pound (United Kingdom)	•4805	• 5618	17
Franc (France)	5.4185	6.2799	16
Dollar (Canada)	1.1986	1.2445	4
Lira (Italy)	1,134.09	1,319.33	16
Mark (West Germany)	2.2758	2.3780	4

Overall decreases in both U.S. exports and imports occurred in the second quarter of 1982, as discussed in the following sections.

Table 1.--U.S. exports of domestic merchandise, imports for consumption, and merchandise trade balance, by major commodity sectors, 1981, January-June 1982, April-June 1981, and April-June 1982 <u>1</u>/

	:	: January-	: April-	April-
Item 2/	: 1981	: June	: June	: June
<i>二</i> ′	:	: 1982	: 1981	: 1982
I.S. exports of domestic merchandise:	:	:	:	:
Agricultural, animal, and vegetable products	: 43,679,	77: 20,286,5	12: 10,567,918:	: 10,044,916
Forest products	: 9,217,	577: 4,412,8		
Agricultural, animal, and vegetable products Forest products Textiles and apparel Footwear	: 8,155,	726: 3,724,0	06: 2,131,367	: 1,766,718
Footwear	: 140,	564: 61,3	91: 41,174:	: 29,810
Petroleum, natural gas, and related products	: 3,193,	)54: 2,975,9	22: 655,199	: 1,364,721
Chemicals and related products	: 30,892,	15,392,6	07: 7,516,390	: 7,965,997
Minerals and metals	: 19,953,	294: 7,748,7	66: 5,550,837	: 3,959,934
Machinery and equipment	: 95,536,	)29: 46,206,7	84: 25,892,143	: 23,720,519
Machinery and equipment Miscellaneous manufactures Total	: 14,893,	751: 7,623,4	14: 3,867,211	: 3,941,115
Total	: 225,661,	108,432,2	31: 58,692,072	: 55,068,950
J.S. imports for consumption:	:	:	:	•
Agricultural, animal, and vegetable products	: 20,260,	723: 9,121,2	23: 5,105,517	: 4,852,715
Forest products	: 9,647,		96: 2,580,527	2,335,219
Textiles and apparel	: 10,691,	221: 5,276,3	95: 2,567,869	: 2,736,586
Agricultural, animal, and vegetable products Forest products Textiles and apparel Footwear	: 3,141,	218: 1,611,9	59: 699,121	: 755,485
Petroleum, natural das, and related products	: 80.337.	109: 31,214,6	37: 20,835,358	
Chemicals and related products Minerals and metals	: 13,551,	066: 6,662,6	18: 3,560,535	: 3,412,352
Minerals and metals	: 34,386,	404: 15,800,9	81: 8,925,811	; 7,459,168
Machinery and equipment	: 68,542,	029: 37,320,0	14: 17,421,758	: 19,517,054
Machinery and equipment Miscellaneous manufactures Total	: 13,404,	553: 6,736,6	21: 3,172,142	: 3,529,110
Total	: 253,961,	528: 118,144,0	47: 64,868,642	: 58,432,750
J.S. merchandise trade balance:	:	:	:	:
Agricultural, animal, and vegetable products Forest products Textiles and apparel Footwear	: 23,418,	753: 11,165,2	88: 5,462,400	: 5,192,201
Forest products	-429,	524: 13,2	28: -110,697	-60,003
Textiles and apparel	: -2,535,	494: -1,552,3	88: -436,502	-969,867
Footwear	-3,000,			-725,674
Petroleum, natural gas, and related products	-77,144,	054: -28,238,7	14: -20, 180, 159	-12,470,338
Chemicals and related products	: 17.340.	941: 8,729,9	88: 3,955,855	: 4,553,645
Minerals and metals	-14,433,	109: -8,052,2	14: -3,374,973	-3,499,233
Machinery and equipment	: 26,993,	999: 8,886,7	70: 8,470,385	: 4,203,465
Miscellaneous manufactures Total	: 1,489,	098: 886,7	93: 695,069	: 412,004
	-28,300,	143: -9,711.8	16: -6, 176, 569	: -3,363,800

1/ Import values are based on Customs value; export values are based on faa.s. value, U.S. port of export.

2/ The product coverage of each of the sectors presented is identified (in terms of the Tariff Schedules of the United States) later in this report on the first page of the textual analysis for each sector.

Table 2.--All merchandise sectors: U.S. exports of domestic merchandise, imports for consumption, and merchandise trade balance, by selected countries and country groups, 1981, January-June 1982, April-June 1981, and April-June 1982 1/2/

	:	January- :	April- :	April-	
Item	: 1981	June :	June :	June	
	:	1982 :	1981 :	1982	
C opports of demostic merchanitasi	:	:	:		
<ul> <li>S. exports of domestic merchandise: CANADA</li> </ul>		16 526 220.	10 562 625.	9 666 72	
			10,562,625:	8,644,73	
JAPAN			5,037,325:	4,948,96	
			12,801,021:	12,252,75	
BRAZIL			989,128:	911,5	
HONG KONG			681,767:	588,8	
INDIA			351,492:	347,5	
KOREA			1,476,758:	1,382,1	
MEXICO			4,791,654:	3,407,7	
TAIWAN	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		1,100,612:	1,073,8	
OPEC			5,412,802:	5,380,8	
NME 's			1,451,152:	1,806,6	
CHINA		: 1,704,346:	676,892:	800,4	
All other			14,035,730:	14,323,3	
TOTAL	: 225,661,484	: 108,432,231:	58,692,072:	55,068,9	
.S. imports for consumption:	:	: :	:		
CANADA	: 44,091,765	: -22,400,488:	11,549,695:	11,640,1	
JAPAN	: 37,216,679	: 19,274,094:	9,294,376:	9,506,8	
EC			10,160,384:	10,359,2	
BRAZIL			899,253:	856,7	
HONG KONG			1,162,936:	1,230,7	
IND IA			296,619:	328,5	
KOREA	- <b></b>		1,255,286:	1,398,4	
MEXICO			3,381,654:	3,680,0	
TAIWAN			1,905,404:	2,195,6	
OPEC			13,038,630:	6,407,2	
NME's			902,296:	756,6	
CHINA			487,543:	475,7	
All other			11,022,104:	10,072,3	
TOTAL			64,868,642:	58,432,7	
	2,5,901,020	. 110,144,047	04,000,042:	50,452,7	
.S. merchandise trade balance: CANADA	; , 7 054 916	: E 0(( )EQ.	-987,069:	-2,995,3	
JAPAN	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
EC			-4,257,051:	-4,557,8	
			2,640,637:	1,893,4	
BRAZIL	• ••••,===		89,875:	54,7	
HONG KONG			-481,168:	-641,9	
INDIA	,		54,873:	19,0	
KOREA			221,472:	-16,3	
MEXICO			1,409,999:	-272,3	
TAIWAN	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		-804,792:	-1,121,8	
OPEC		: -5,545,870:	-7,625,827:	-1,026,3	
NME ' s		: 2,773,793:	548,855:	1,049,9	
CHINA		: 709,571:	189,348:	324,0	
All other		: 7,708,030:	3,013,625:	4,250,9	
TOTAL			-6,176,569:	-3,363,8	

 $\frac{1}{2}$  Import values are based on Customs value; export values are based on f.a.s. value, U.S. port of export.  $\frac{2}{2}$  Data provided for selected countries and country groups.

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#### U.S. import developments

U.S. imports decreased by 10 percent to \$58.4 billion in the second quarter of 1982 compared with \$64.9 billion in the second quarter of 1981. This drop primarily reflects the continued slow U.S. economic growth and a significant drop in petroleum imports. There were major changes in the second quarter of 1982 in the value of U.S. imports for specific commodity groups in the various sectors.

In the agricultural sector, U.S. imports of raw sugar in the second quarter of 1982 were valued at \$158 million, representing a \$328 million dollar decline from that in the corresponding period in 1981. This decline was due to U.S. restrictions on sugar imports and a large world sugar crop causing reduced prices.

In the forest products sector, U.S. imports of softwood lumber declined by \$109 million from what they were in the second quarter of 1981 to a level of \$426 million in the second quarter of 1982, due to a continuing decline in U.S. housing starts.

In the textiles and apparel sector, imports of nonrubber footwear were valued at \$668 million in the second quarter of 1982, representing a 33-percent increase in value over the corresponding period of 1981. A significant shift from rubber to nonrubber footwear occurred in shipments from Taiwan and Korea, generally believed to be the result of the repeal of the American selling price (ASP) method of customs valuation and the expiration of the footwear Orderly Marketing Agreements.

In the chemicals sector, the value of crude petroleum imports in the second quarter of 1982 was \$9.8 billion, which was \$6.7 billion or 41 percent lower than imports in the second quarter of 1981. This decrease was the result of a combination of (1) a \$4.85 per barrel decrease in the average unit value of imports due to the soft world market and (2) continued U.S. conservation gains and the economic slowdown. During the second quarter of 1982 Mexico replaced Saudi Arabia as the leading U.S. import source of crude petroleum. The value of petroleum products imports was \$2.8 billion, down from \$3.0 billion in the corresponding period of 1981; the average unit values for all individually reported petroleum products were lower in the second quarter of 1982.

In the minerals and metals sector, imports of steel mill products imports declined by 14 percent on a quantity basis, from 5.2 million short tons (\$2.6 billion) in the second quarter of 1981 to 4.5 million short tons (\$2.6 billion) in the second quarter of 1982.

In the machinery and equipment sector, imports of nonpiston-type aircraft engines decreased by over 54 percent, from \$290 million in the second quarter of 1981 to \$188 million in the second quarter of 1982. This decline is largely due to an overcapacity in the world's airlines, particularly among wide-bodied aircraft. Imports of computers, data processing machines, and parts were the principal items responsible for a \$175 million increase in office machine imports. Semiconductor imports were valued at \$1.1 billion in the second quarter of 1982 compared with \$903 million during the second quarter of 1981, largely reflecting the activities of U.S. multinational firms with assembly plants located in the Far East. Imports of all automobile trucks and truck tractors increased in value from \$888 million in the second quarter of 1981 to \$1,221 million in the second quarter of 1982. The principal cause for the increase was the gradual increase in demand in the United States for pickup trucks and medium/heavy trucks which are produced in Canada by U.S.-based truck manufacturers. U.S. imports of passenger automobiles increased in value from \$4.9 billion to \$5.7 billion due almost exclusively to the rising unit values of automobiles from virtually every auto-exporting country. Imports of motorvehicle parts and accessories increased from \$2.2 billion to \$2.6 billion.

In the miscellaneous manufactures sector, imports of game machines during the second quarter of 1982 rose 161 percent over imports in the second quarter of 1981, from \$99.8 million to \$260.5 million. The principle imports were home video games, video cartridges, and tabletop electronic game machines.

## U.S. export developments

U.S. exports decreased by 6 percent to \$55.1 billion in the second quarter of 1982 compared with the second quarter of 1981. The decline is attributed generally to the stronger U.S. dollar and the slow foreign economies. Major changes in the value of U.S. exports did occur in a number of specific commodity areas within the major industrial sectors.

In the agricultural sector, U.S. exports of grains declined from \$4.3 billion during the second quarter of 1981 to \$3.9 billion during the corresponding period of 1982. Lower unit values of almost all grains, due in part from record high U.S. production, were the principal reason for the decline in dollar value. Strong demand by European oilseed processors led to an 18-percent rise in the second quarter in the value of U.S. exports of oilseeds, which reached \$1.8 billion. Exports of vegetable oils and animal fats fell \$149 million to \$555 million due to increased competition from other vegetable oil-exporting countries and the stronger U.S. dollar.

In the textiles and apparel sector, exports of broadwoven fabrics declined by \$107 million from the second quarter of 1981 to a level of \$204 million during the second quarter of 1982 as foreign demand for U.S. cotton and manmade-fiber fabrics declined with increasing overseas production capacity and inventories.

In the chemicals sector, U.S. exports of coal increased from \$1.2 billion in the second quarter of 1981 to \$1.9 billion in the second quarter of 1982, reflecting a continuing desire by world consumers for a secure source of coal. The value of exports of petroleum products were up 2.7 times in the second quarter of 1982 and totaled more than \$1.2 billion. The increased U.S. exports reflect the continued soft U.S. market and the lifting of export controls late in 1981. In the minerals and metals sector, exports of gold bullion in the second quarter of 1982 decreased 84 percent to \$130 million from \$825 million during the second quarter of 1981. This continues a pattern established in 1981 as precious metal movements subside following continuing price declines since 1980.

In the machinery and equipment sector, U.S. exports of metalworking machine tools decreased 50 percent from \$317 million in the second quarter of 1981 to \$158 million in the second quarter of 1982, reflecting the economic slump in the automotive industries in Canada and Mexico and the leveling off of oil industry expansion. Exports of office machines and parts rose from \$2.4 billion to \$2.6 billion, principally consisting of computers, data processing machines, and parts to the United Kingdom, Canada, and West Germany. U.S. exports of passenger automobiles declined from \$1,207 million to \$989 million due principally to the continuing decrease in Canadian demand for automobiles. Tractor exports fell to \$379 million from \$599 million due primarily to the high interest rate burden for purchases of this equipment. Exports of floating structures, primarily oil well drilling and production platforms, increased 73 percent from \$157 million in the second quarter of 1981 to \$271 million in the corresponding period of 1982. Civil airplane exports decreased from \$2.5 billion to \$1.2 billion as foreign demand decreased and world competition in traditional U.S. export markets increased. Exports of motor-vehicle parts and accessories declined from \$3.3 billion to \$3.0 billion.

ANALYSES OF TRADE SHIFTS, BY SECTORS

## Agricultural, Animal, and Vegetable Products 1/

During the first half of 1982, the United States had a favorable balance of trade in agricultural, animal, and vegetable products of \$11.2 billion compared with \$12.3 billion during the corresponding period of 1981. Imports dropped to \$9.1 billion in the first half of 1982 from \$10.5 billion in the corresponding period of 1981, and exports declined from \$22.8 billion in the first half of 1981 to \$20.3 billion in the first half of 1982.

During the second quarter of 1982, the United States maintained its favorable balance of trade in agricultural, animal, and vegetable products. The surplus was \$5.2 billion compared with \$5.5 billion during the corresponding quarter of 1981 (table 3, fig. 1). This favorable balance of trade was maintained mostly via increased exports of grain to the nonmarket economies (NME's).

U.S. imports of agricultural, animal, and vegetable products were down to \$4.9 billion 2/ in the second quarter of 1982 compared with \$5.1 billion in the corresponding period of 1981 (fig. 1). The European Community (EC), Canada, Mexico, and Brazil combined supplied about 45 percent of the U.S. imports of such products in the second quarter of 1982 compared with 40 percent in the corresponding period of 1981. The most significant shifts in imports from these major suppliers occurred in imports from the EC, Mexico, and Brazil. Imports from the EC rose from \$726 million in the second quarter 1981 to \$805 million in the second quarter of 1982, or by 11 percent. 3/ A large part of this increase was accounted for by meats (including canned hams) and cheese.

Imports from Mexico rose from \$364 million in the second quarter of 1981 to \$458 million in the corresponding period of 1982. Increased imports of vegetables and feeder cattle were largely responsible for the rise. The imports of vegetables were attracted by the high U.S. prices that resulted from the winter freeze. The domestic supplies of feeder cattle appeared short during the second quarter of 1982 and the demand for such cattle, including those from Mexico, increased. The higher demand resulted when U.S. feedlot operators stepped up their feeding operations largely in response to lower feed costs. The devaluation of the Mexican peso in February 1982 also contributed to a general expansion of agricultural exports from Mexico to the United States.

<sup>1/</sup> Included here are the commodities classified in schedule 1 of the Tariff Schedules of the United States: Animal and vegetable products.

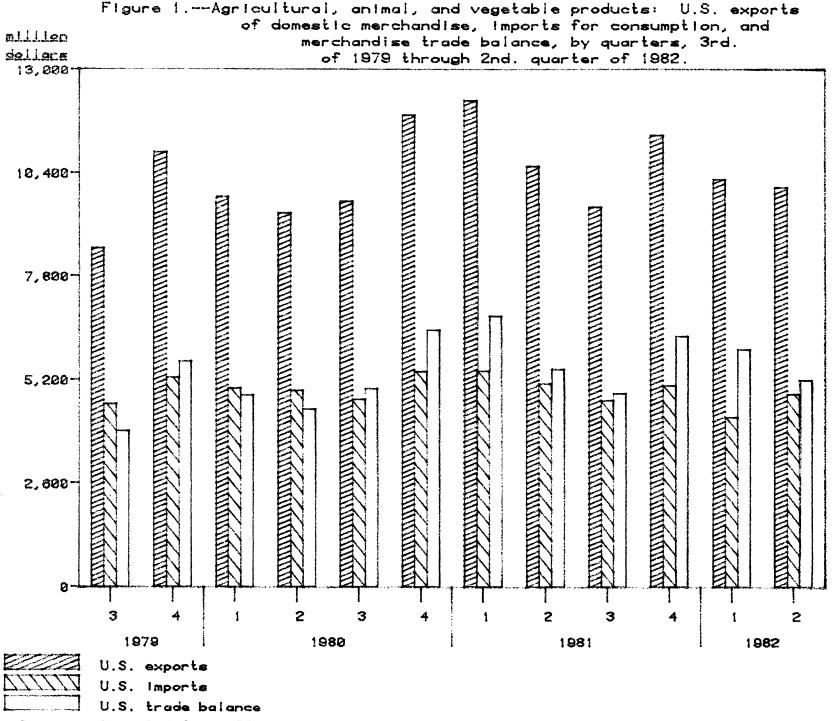
<sup>2/</sup> Value in country of origin.

 $<sup>\</sup>overline{3}$ / All percentage figures are computed on unrounded data.

Table 3.--Agricultural, animal, and vegetable products: U.S. exports of domestic merchandise, imports for consumption, and merchandise trade balance, by selected countries and country groups, 1981, January-June 1982, April-June 1981, and April-June 1982 1/ 2/

	:	:	January- :	April- :	April-
Item	:	1981 :	June :	June :	June
	:	:	1982 :	1981 :	1982
	:	:	:	:	
S. exports of domestic merchandise:	•		:	:	
CANA DA		2,082,634:	985,193:	528,223:	520,9
JAPAN		6,696,964:	2,660,477:	1,570,094:	1,398,5
EC		9,493,572:	4,755,985:	2,254,923:	2,291,8
BRAZIL		716,409:	329,252:	163,097:	161,3
INDIA		443,402:	218,489:	107,390:	120,3
		475,864:	65,567:	53,502:	21,4
KOREA		1,597,334:	601,242:	489,809:	376,7
MEXICO		2,460,025:	733,398:	720,966:	421,8
		1,053,228:	436,053:	268,498:	262,2
OPEC		3,377,343:	1,481,886:	825,416:	677,9
NME 's	:	4,745,264:	2,915,375:	778,424:	1,139,4
CHINA		1,557,494:	822,574:	261,322:	434,6
All other		10,537,433:	5,103,589:	2,807,570:	2,652,2
TOTAL	:	43,679,477:	20,286,512:	10,567,918:	10,044,
S. imports for consumption:	:	:	:	:	
CANADA		2,264,411:	1,053,608:	551,674:	587,
JAPAN	:	311,046:	154,599:	82,354:	91,
EC		3,103,643:	1,493,422:	725,803:	804,
BRAZIL	:	2,037,970:	688,766:	418,992:	338,
HONG KONG	:	69,793:	30,989:	19,069:	14,
IND IA	:	327,131:	117,461:	78,431:	64,
KOREA	;	137,488:	58,699:	36,844:	32,
MEXICO	:	1,481,716:	931,993:	363,560:	458,
TAIWAN	:	219,123:	143,381:	53,490:	90
OPEC	:	767,567:	355,250:	181,796:	178,
NME 's	:	540,256:	179,878:	218,919:	91,
CHINA		301,129:	84,101:	156,280:	39,
A11 other		9,000,573:	3,913,172:	2,374,580:	2,098,
TOTAL		20,260,723:	9,121,223:	5,105,517:	4,852,
S. merchandise trade balance:		20,200,7251	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	5,105,517	4,052,
CANADA		-181,777:	-68,414:	-23,450:	-66,
JAPAN		6,385,918:	2,505,877:	1,487,740:	1,307,
EC		6,389,928:	3,262,562:	1,529,120:	1,487,
BRAZIL	-	-1,321,560:	-359,514:	-255,895:	-177,
HONG KONG		373,609:	187,500:	88,320:	105,
INDIA		148,732:	-51,894:	-24,928:	-43,
KOREA		1,459,845:	542,543:	452,965:	344,
MEXICO		978,309:	-198,594:	357,405:	-36,
TA IWAN		834,105:	292,671:	215,007:	171,
OPEC		2,609,775:	1,126,636:	643,620:	499,
NME's		4,205,007:		•	•
CHINA	•	1,256,365:	2,735,497:	559,504:	1,047,
All other			738,472:	105,041:	395,
TOTAL		<u>1,536,860:</u> 23,418,753:	<u>1,190,416:</u> 11,165,288:	<u>432,989:</u> 5,462,400:	553,5

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Source

Compiled from official statistics of the U.S. Department of Commerce.

U.S. imports from Brazil dropped to \$339 million in the second quarter of 1982 compared with \$419 million in the second quarter of 1981. This decline resulted largely from lower import prices for sugar and cocoa as prices for both products dropped in response to record world production. Also, U.S. imports of sugar became subject to quotas and fees during the second quarter of 1982.

The value of U.S. exports of agricultural products dropped from \$10.6 billion in the second quarter of 1981 to \$10.0 billion 1/ in the second quarter of 1982 (fig. 1). The EC, Japan, and the NME's combined took nearly half of the exports in the second quarter of 1982, compared with 44'percent in the corresponding period of 1981. Exports to the EC remained at about the same level (\$2.3 billion) in both of the quarters under review (table 1), while exports to Japan declined from \$1.6 billion in the second quarter of 1981 to \$1.4 billion in the second quarter of 1982, mostly reflecting lower unit values for exports of grains and oilseeds. Exports to the NME's in the second quarter of 1982 amounted to \$1.1 billion, up 46 percent from the \$778 million in the second quarter of 1981 and generally reflected increased exports of grain resulting from the suspension of the partial U.S. embargo on grain sales to the U.S.S.R. Exports of agricultural products to China also rose. to \$435 million in the second quarter of 1982, up 67 percent from the \$261 million in the corresponding quarter of 1981. During the second quarter of 1982, U.S. exports of agricultural products to Mexico amounted to \$422 million, down 41 percent from the \$721 million exported in the corresponding quarter of 1981. This decline, representing the largest dollar drop among the countries to which the United States exported agricultural products, is attributed to increased agricultural production and stocks in Mexico, the peso devaluation, and to a change of use in Mexico from U.S. sugar to sugar from other sources.

Products, including those within the commodity groups mentioned above, that experienced increased U.S. imports (in terms of value) between the second quarter of 1981 and the second quarter of 1982 were live cattle; meats (including canned hams); shrimp; cheese; fresh, chilled, or frozen vegetables; and filberts. U.S. exports of butter, oilseeds, cattlehides, and almonds showed increases in dollar value. U.S. exports of grain to the U.S.S.R., China, and Spain also rose in dollar value.

U.S. imports of sugar and cocoa declined between the second quarter of 1981 and the second quarter of 1982. Exports of vegetable oils, animal fats, canned salmon, poultry, and eggs dropped significantly between the two quarters. U.S. exports of grain to countries other than the U.S.S.R., China, and Spain also declined in dollar value.

## Butter

In the second quarter of 1982, U.S. exports of butter totaled about 31 million pounds, valued at \$24 million, compared with exports of about 13 million pounds, valued at \$10 million, in the corresponding period of 1981. U.S. exports of butter historically have been small because U.S. prices of butter have been higher than those of traditional world suppliers such as New Zealand and Australia. The increased exports in the second quarter of 1982 mostly reflected sales of surplus butter at, or below, world prices from the inventories owned by the Commodity Credit Corporation (CCC) of the U.S. Department of Agriculture. This butter had been purchased by the CCC in order to support the domestic price of milk as required by law.

Virtually all of the increased exports were to New Zealand (20 million pounds, including 6 million pounds erroneously reported as exported to Belgium) and Poland (4 million pounds). 1/ The exports to Poland consisted of butter purchased by Catholic Relief Services for about 5 percent of the CCC original purchase price.

The exports to New Zealand reflected part of the CCC sale to that country of 2?0 million pounds of butter at about 60 percent of the CCC original purchase price, as discussed in previous trade shifts reports.

> J. Fred Warren 724-0090

#### Oilseeds and animal and vegetable fats and oils

Strong demand by European oilseed processors led to an 18-percent rise in the second quarter of 1982 over that of 1981 in the value of U.S. exports of oilseeds which reached \$1.8 billion. The Netherlands, West Germany, Spain, Belgium, and the United Kingdom among other countries increased their purchases of soybeans from the United States as lower U.S. prices and fewer supplies from the other leading exporting countries of Brazil and Argentina encouraged more U.S. sales. However, U.S. exports of vegetable oils and animal fats fell from a value of \$704 million in the second quarter of 1981 to \$555 million in the second quarter of 1982, or by 21 percent. Increased competition from other vegetable-oil-exporting countries with abundant supplies of palm oil, coconut oil, and soybean oil was mainly responsible for declining U.S. export sales. The stronger U.S. dollar vis-a-vis the currency of many developing countries was also a factor in depressing U.S. vegetable oil sales abroad. U.S. exports of all oilseeds, and fats and oil products in the second quarter of 1982 exceeded U.S. imports by \$2.3 billion, a rise of about 6 percent from the \$2.1 billion level experienced in the corresponding quarter of 1981.

> John Reeder 724-1754

1/ The butter reported as exported to Belgium actually consisted of butter that was sold to New Zealand and shipped by the New Zealand Dairy Board directly from the United States to Belgium for processing into butteroil. Canned salmon

U.S. exports of canned salmon during the second quarter of 1982 totaled 5.8 million pounds, valued at \$8.5 million, compared with 14.0 million pounds, valued at \$22.2 million, for the corresponding quarter of 1981. This represents a 62-percent decrease in terms of value. The drop in exports followed a botulism death that occurred in Belgium in late January 1982. That death was attributed to Alaskan canned salmon. The United Kingdom, which accounted for half of the U.S. exports in the second quarter of 1981, banned all imports of canned salmon from Alaska. In addition, Belgium, the Netherlands, South Africa, and Australia banned imports of all half-pound cans of salmon from Alaska. The export unit value for canned salmon in the second quarter of 1982 decreased to \$1.47 per pound from \$1.59 per pound in the corresponding quarter of 1981. The decrease in the export unit value resulted from heavy production and inventories, as well as from the trade restrictions.

> Tom Lopp 724-1759

#### Grains

U.S. exports of grains declined from \$4.3 billion during the second quarter of 1981 to \$3.9 billion during the corresponding period of 1982. Lower unit values of almost all grains, resulting in part from record high U.S. production, were the principal reason for the decline in dollar value. For example, U.S. exports of corn increased from 550 million bushels in the second quarter of 1981 to 587 million bushels in the corresponding quarter of 1982. However, the value of U.S. corn exports declined by 17 percent between the periods to \$1.8 billion because of the drop in the unit value of exports between the two periods, from \$3.92 per bushel to \$3.06 per bushel. The only major markets to show increases in dollar volume between the two periods were the U.S.S.R., China, and Spain.

> Steve Burket 724-0088

#### Cattlehides

The value of U.S. exports of cattlehides rose from \$153 million in the second quarter of 1981 to \$189 million in the corresponding quarter of 1982. Most of the increase in exports was to Poland (\$10 million), Italy and Mexico (\$7 million each), and the Republic of Korea (\$6 million). These countries tan the hides into leather for making goods such as shoes and handbags for export. The slaughter of cattle in the United States (and thus the production of hides) has increased about 1 percent in recent months, whereas slaughter in most other cattlehide-producing countries has shown little change. Also, the Foreign Agricultural Service; U.S. Department of Agriculture, reports that exports of cattlehides from Argentina, a traditional exporter, virtually ceased during the Falkland Islands crisis. Hence, the United States became a more significant supply source for cattlehides.

> J. Fred Warren 724-0090

#### Meat

The value of U.S. imports of meat increased from \$501 million in the second quarter of 1981 to \$582 million in the corresponding quarter of 1982, or by 16 percent. The bulk of the \$81 million rise in imports was accounted for by a \$64 million rise in the value of U.S. imports of beef (from \$281 million to \$345 million) and consisted of a \$62 million increase in imports from Australia (from \$110 million to \$172 million). Australian beef production has increased in recent months because of distress slaughter of cattle caused by drought in that country. The rise in the value of U.S. imports of beef occurred notwithstanding a decline in the unit value of imports from Australia, from 98 cents per pound to 88 cents per pound. Also contributing to larger imports of meat was a \$17 million increase in the value of U.S. imports of canned hams from Denmark (from \$18 million to \$35 million), as that country appeared to be promoting exports of ham to the U.S. market in the absence of competition from Poland.

> David E. Ludwick 724-1763

### Sugar

U.S. imports of raw sugar in the second quarter of 1982 totaled 578,000 short tons, valued at \$158 million--declines of 41 percent in the quantity and 67 percent in the value of imports from those in the corresponding quarter of 1981 (978,000 tons, valued at \$486 million). The drop in the value of imports is due in part to the large world sugar crop which resulted in reduced sugar prices on the world market (the unit value of the imports dropped from \$497 per ton in the second quarter of 1981 to \$274 per ton in the corresponding quarter of 1982) and in part to U.S. restrictions on sugar imports. On December 24, 1981, the President raised the column 1 1/ import duty on raw sugar from 0.625 cent per pound to 2.8125 cents per pound and imposed an import fee (pursuant to sec. 22 of the Agricultural Adjustment Act) on raw sugar of 2.1418 cents per pound. The import fee was raised to 3.0703 cents per pound on April 1, 1982, and to 4.0703 cents per pound on April 21, 1982. Effective May 11, 1982, the President proclaimed (Pres. Proc. 4941) an absolute import quota of 220,000 short tons, raw value, of sugar for the period May 11-June 30, 1982. These import duties, fees, and the quota were imposed to protect the domestic price-support program for sugar from imports of low-priced world sugar.

> Lowell Grant 724-0099

1/ The col. 1 or most-favored-nation rate of duty applies to imports from all countries except the Communist countries enumerated in general headnote 3(f) of the TSUSA. However, such rate does not apply to products of developing countries which are granted duty-free tariff treatment under the Generalized System of Preferences (GSP). The GSP, under title V of the Trade Act of 1974, was implemented by Executive Order No. 11888 of Nov. 24, 1975.

## Almonds

In the second quarter of 1982, U.S. exports of almonds totaled 42.6 million pounds, representing an increase of nearly 50 percent (13.9 million pounds) from exports of 28.7 million pounds in the corresponding period of 1981. At the same time, the value of exports in the second quarter of 1982 (\$51 million) declined by \$4 million from the value of exports in the corresponding quarter of 1981, as a result of the sharp decline in unit values. The average unit value of exports between the second quarter of 1981 and the second quarter of 1982 declined from \$1.91 per pound to \$1.20 per pound. The rise in exports and the decline in unit values between the two second quarter periods reflect the substantial increase in domestic supplies between the two periods. In crop year 1981/82, the United States produced a record almond crop of 410 million pounds (shelled basis), up 27 percent from the 1980/81 crop. West Germany, Japan, the United Kingdom, and France accounted for over 60 percent of the U.S. export volume.

> Steve Burket 724-0088

#### Filberts

U.S. imports of filberts increased substantially, from 2 million pounds, valued at \$1.5 million, in the second quarter of 1981, to 5.3 million pounds, valued at \$2.5 million, in the corresponding period of 1982, representing a continuation of the trend in the first quarter of 1982. Imports from Turkey, the principal U.S. supplier, were nearly one and a half times larger in the second quarter of 1982 than in the corresponding quarter of 1981. The increased imports reflect a stronger domestic demand because of dramatically lower prices resulting from the record world output in the 1981-82 crop year. The average unit value of imports declined from 70 cents per pound in the second quarter of 1981 to 47 cents per pound in the corresponding quarter of 1982.

Steve Burket 724-0088

#### Vegetables

U.S. imports of fresh, chilled, or frozen vegetables rose during the second quarter of 1982 to 584 million pounds, valued at \$168 million, up from 369 million pounds, valued at \$133 million, in the corresponding quarter of 1981. Most of the increase in quantity was accounted for by tomatoes which increased from 130 million pounds, valued at \$67 million, in the second quarter of 1981 to 221 million pounds, valued at \$65 million, in the corresponding period of 1982. Imports of cucumbers, onions, and peppers also rose. Mexico is by far the largest source of imported fresh, chilled, or frozen vegetables. Although Mexico had a very poor harvest of vegetables in the second quarter of 1981, owing to adverse weather, its crop in the second quarter of 1982 was very good, with the resulting increase in imports between the two periods. In addition, the effects of the winter vegetable freeze in the United States were still being felt.

> Timothy McCarty 724-1753

Poultry

U.S. exports of poultry continued declining in the second quarter of 1982. The total value of such exports fell 39 percent, from \$176 million in the second quarter of 1981 to \$107 million in the corresponding quarter of 1982. U.S. exports of chickens and chicken meat, the principal poultry category, again dropped, from 229 million pounds, valued at \$125 million, in the second quarter of 1981 to 148 million pounds, valued at \$68 million, in the second quarter of 1982. This represents a 35-percent decline in quantity and a 45-percent decline in value. The drop in total U.S. chicken exports was accounted for by declines in exports to Egypt, where a poultry import suspension was still in effect, and to Iraq, where allegedly subsidized competition from the European Community and Brazil continued.

> Doug Newman 724-0087

#### Eggs

U.S. exports of eggs continued their downward trend in the second quarter of 1982. Total U.S. egg exports declined from \$43 million in the second quarter of 1981 to \$24 million in the corresponding period of 1982, or by 44 percent. Shell egg exports dropped from 27 million dozen, valued at \$25 million, in the second quarter of 1981 to 11 million dozen, valued at \$13 million, in the corresponding period of 1982. Virtually all of the decline was accounted for by a drop in exports to Iraq. Iraq was the top U.S. shell egg export market in the second quarter of 1981 (\$12 million), but was not in the top ten markets in the second quarter of 1982. Continued displacement of U.S. exports by European Community shell eggs was the principal factor in the loss of this market.

U.S. exports of egg products also declined, from 19 million pounds, valued at \$18 million, in the first quarter of 1981 to 12 million pounds, valued at \$12 million, in the corresponding period of 1982. Japan, by far the leading market, accounted for most of the decline, as demand for the U.S. product weakened due to slightly increased Japanese egg production and a small decline in Japanese table egg consumption which increased the availability of domestic shell eggs for use in egg products.

> Doug Newman 724-0087

#### Shellfish

U.S. imports of shellfish increased from 103 million pounds, valued at \$347 million, during the second quarter of 1981 to 111 million pounds, valued at \$407 million, during the corresponding period of 1982. This represents a rise of 8 percent in quantity and 17 percent in value. Most of the increase was accounted for by imports of shrimp, which rose from 53 million pounds in the second quarter of 1981 to 63 million pounds in the second quarter of 1982, or by 19 percent; the value increased from \$170 million to \$226 million between these periods, or by 33 percent. The higher U.S. shrimp import levels during the second quarter of 1982 can be attributed to lower U.S. landings and cold storage holdings (inventories) and to an increase in U.S. shrimp prices over the corresponding period of 1981.

> Doug Newman 724-0087

	: 2nd quarter: : 1982 :	Previous quarter	∶change ÷		:Percent: :change : : from :	: 1980 :	1981
Commodity area	: (1) :	(2)	: from : :(2) to : : (1) : : (3) : : :		: (4) to : : (1) : : (5) : : :	(6)	(7)
Live animals, except birds and poultry	: :		: :		: :	:	
Imports:	:		: :	7/ 007	: :	:	
Value (1,000 dollars) Exports:	127,488	89,076	43:	74,023	: 72:	415,478:	345,175
Value (1,000 dollars)	• 46,847:	50,348	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	40,246	: 16:	181,678:	229,803
Cattle	: 40,047.	50,540	; ;	10/210	: :	10,17,07,01	227,003
Imports:	: :		: :		: :	:	
Quantity (1,000 units)	: 337:	158				680:	659
Value (1,000 dollars)	: 91,991:	46,472	: 98:	42,912		- 237,008:	191,058
Exports:	: :		: :		: :	•	
Quantity (1,000 units)	16:	17	-			65:	87
Value (1,000 dollars) Swine	: 14,078:	16,841	- 16 :	14,664	: -4:	54,566:	65,466
Imponiet	• •		• •		• •	•	
Quantity (1,000 units)	. 49:	75	34:	47	· · · ·	247:	145
Value (1.000 dollars)	. 7.419:		•••			26,108:	18,878
Exports:	: :	// 002			: :	20,100	10,070
Quantity (1 000 units)	: 9:	7	: 35:	5	: 80:	16:	24
Value (1,000 dollars)	; 3,096;	2,432	27:	1,737	: 78:	6,732:	9,125
Poultry and poultry meat	: :		: :		: :	:	
Imports:	: :		: :		: :	:	
Value (1,000 dollars)	: 15,448:	14,947	': 3:	23,424	: -34:	83,001:	93,668
Exports: Value (1,000 dollars)			: :		: :	:	
Value (1,000 dollars)	: 107,087:	109,229	-2:	175,844	-39:	487,670:	594,485
Feathers and downs Imports:							
Ausphity (1 000 pounds)	: 2,393:	2,088	: 15:	5,058	-53:	16,670:	16,952
Quantity (1,000 pounds)	: 11,071:	11,419				67,721:	75,545
Evnorte:	• •	11,71,7	: :		: :		/ J , J + J
Quantity (1,000 nounds)	: 1.354:	1,557				5,324:	6,239
Value (1,000 dollars)	: 9,893:					34,153:	47,456
Meat, except poultry meat	: :		: :		: :	:	
Imports:	: :		: :		: :	:	
Value (1,000 dollars)	·: 582,033:	416,564	• <b>:</b> 40:	501,461	: 16:	2,433,647:	2,083,141
Exports:	:		: :		: :	:	
Value (1,000 dollars)	; 309,335;	246,285	i: 26:	280,266	: 10:	943,302:	1,055,683
Beef and veal, fresh, chilled, or frozen	: :		: :		: :	:	
Imports: Quantity (1,000 pounds)	· · · · · · · · ·	966 743	: : : 54:	204 425		1 4 4 7 9 5 5 4	1 100 544
Value (1,000 dollars)	·: 378,717: ·: 345,231:					1,413,855: 1,562,475:	1,199,516
Exports:		224,003	: 54.		· 23·	1,202,472;	1,192,108
$G_{uantity}$ (1.000 pounds)	40.614:	33.445				106,382:	137,499
Value (1,000 dollars)	81,732:					201,286:	247,815
	: :	02,00	: :	22,112	: :	:	217,019

1/ Import values are based on Customs value; export values are based on f.a.s. value, U.S. port of export.

	2nd quarter: 1982 :	Previous quarter	:Percent: :change : : from :		Percent: change : from :	: 1980 : :	1981
Commodity area	(1)		:(2) to : : (1) : : (3) : : : :		:(4) to : : (1) : : (5) : : : :	: ; (6) ;	(7)
Pork, fresh, chilled, or frozen Imports:					: : : : : :	:	
Quantity (1,000 pounds)	65,419: 56,883:	66,348 51,773		39,861		205,342: 136,413:	216,547 158,012
Exports: Quantity (1,000 pounds): Value (1,000 dollars):	46,181: 64,280:	31,712 33,466	: 46:	53,930	: -14:	: 141,079: 150,754:	172,518 204,515
Sausage :		2,166	: : : : : 49:		: : : : : 31:	: : 14,246:	11,670
Quantity (1,000 pounds) Value (1,000 dollars) Exports:	:	3,393	: 44:	3,451	: 42: : :	19,620:	17,251
Quantity (1,000 pounds)	2,085: 2,794:	2,062 2,748		2,000		7,266: 9,516: :	8,419 11,395
canned hams Imports: Quantity (1,000 pounds):	8,702:	5,432	: : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :	8,549	: : : : : 2:	: : 32,353:	32,645
Value (1,000 dollars):	12,646:	8,160	: 55:	11, 161	: 13:	44,418:	45,357
Quantity (1,000 pounds) Value (1,000 dollars) Fish, fresh or frozen Imports:	11,337: 11,935:	9,598 9,946				44,584: 38,585: :	49,894 48,448
Value (1,000 dollars): Exports:	: :	245,233	: 44:	368,214	· -4: · ·	1,182,027:	1,345,698
Value (1,000 dollars) Fish, dried, salted, pickled, smoked, or kippered Imports:		65,872	: 24:	108,665	: -25: : :	491,412: : :	690,986
Quantity (1,000 pounds)	13,182:	16,032 16,211		16,904		57,547: 59,519:	72,803 81,440
Quantity (1,000 pounds) Value (1,000 dollars)	4,082: 4,238:	1,295 2,006	: 215:	1,565	: 161:	13,477: 17,482:	14,165 20,240
Fish, in airtight containers Imports: Quantity (number):	44,241:	34,986				140,367:	149,315
Value (1,000 dollars): Exports: Quantity (number):	: 5757:	42,372	: :		: :	173,496: : 86,585:	195,574 88,666
Value (1,000 dollars)	8,456:	23,442				165,563:	157,073

	2nd quarter: 1982 :	quarter	<pre>:Percent: :change : : from :</pre>		Percent: change : from :	: 1980 :	1981
Commodity area	:		:(2) to : : (1) :		(4) to : (1) :	:	
	(1) :	(2)	: (3) : : :	(4)	: (5) : : :	(6) :	(7)
Sardines	:		: :		: :	:	
Imports:	: :		: :		: :	:	
Quantity (1,000 pounds)	13,707:	12,573				51,177:	55,272
Value (1,000 dollars)	: 10,895:	10,505	: 4:	12,673	: -14:	44,060:	51,19
Exports:	· · ·		: :		: :	:	
Quantity (1,000 pounds)	232:	322				1,838:	1,73
Value (1,000 dollars)	: 187:	277	: -33:	437	: -57:	1,370:	1,69
Tuna	: :		: :		: :	:	
Imports:	:		: :		: :	:	
Quantity (1,000 pounds)	: 25,191:	17,560				63,552:	70,85
Value (1,000 dollars)	33,267:	25,377	: 31:	25,544	: 30:	97,254:	110,35
Other fish in airtight containers, including	: :		: :		: :	:	
anchovies, bonito, and herring	: :		: :		: :	:	
Imports:			: :		: :	:	
Quantity (1,000 pounds)	5,331:	4,834				25,469:	23,12
Value (1,000 dollars)		6,447				31,728:	33,83
Exports:	:		: :		: :	:	
Quantity (1,000 pounds)	2,077:	3,358				10,741:	23,44
Value (1,000 dollars)	2,610:	2,987	: -13:	11,102	: -76:	14,221:	26,75
hellfish	:		: :		: :	:	
Imports:			: :				700 51
Quantity (1,000 pounds)	110,528:	81,362				362,440:	399,56
		294,367				1,203,207:	1,333,15
Exports:			: :		: :		
Quantity (1,000 pounds) Value (1,000 dollars)	34,400:	19,837				129,132:	110,64
value (1,000 dollars)	75,093:	48,064	: 56:		: -6:	256,654:	240,18
luid milk and cream, including flavored milk	•				• •	•	
Imports: Quantity (1,000 gallons)	1,128:	25/	• •		· · ·	1,425:	0 47
Value (1,000 dollars)	2,339:	256 629				4,146:	2,13
Exports:	2,339.		: 272.	• • • •	• •/•	4,140.	6,16
Quantity (1,000 gallons)		790	• •			3,041:	4,37
Value (1,000 dollars)	· 6/3· · 1,956·	2,319				8,081:	12,03
condensed or evaporated milk and cream, including	1,956	2,317	- 10 -	2,017	•	0,001.	12,03
dried milk and cream	•		• •		• •	•	
Imports:			• •		• •	•	
$\hat{\mu}_{\mu\nu}$	1,811:	3,050	: -41:	1,994	· -9:	5,814:	20,58
Value (1,000 dollars)	. 788:	1,478	• •			2,418:	9,90
Fronte:		0/7/0	4/.	• • •	4.	21710.	7,70
Quantity (1,000 nounds)	115.445:	94,959			• •	378,113:	397,79
Value (1,000 dollars)	40,587:	33,232				118,354:	148,02
AGTOG / 1) AAA AATOG 3/	· /0,J0/•	33,636	: 22:				170,020

	: 2nd quarter:			2nd quarter		:	4004
	: 1982 :		quarter :change : : from :	1981 :change : : from :		1980	1981
Commodity area	: :		:(2) to :		:(4) to :	:	
• • •	: :		: (i) :		: (1) :	:	
	: (1) :	(2)	: (3) :	(4)	: (5) : : :	(6) :	(7)
Butter	:		: :		: :	:	
Imports:	: :		: :		: :	:	
Quantity (1,000 pounds)	: 506:	348				567:	1,78
Value (1,000 dollars)	: 667:	465	: 43:	594	: 12:	734:	2,12
Exports:	: :		: :		: :	:	
Quantity (1,000 pounds)	: 30,910:	61,671				863:	118,12
Value (1,000 dollars)	: 24,220:	48,292	: -50:	9,621	: 152:	971:	89,00
Dleomargarine and butter substitutes Imports:					: :	:	
Quantity (1,000 pounds)	: 7:	41				20:	4:
Value (1,000 dollars)		26	: -74:	9	: -26:	22:	3
Exports	:		: :		: :	:	
Quantity (1,000 pounds)	: 3,876:	2,869				8,039:	16,55
Value (1,000 dollars)	2,068:	1,393	: 48:	1,656	: 25:	3,634:	7,77
Cheeses						:	
Imports: Quantity (1,000 pounds)	; , , , , , , , , ;	46,482	• •	E0 000	: :	074 454	0/7 ///
Value (1,000 dollars)	: 56,277: : 79,168:	40,402				231,151: 301,048:	247,66
Exports:	. /9,100.	04,03/	• 22•		. 16.	301,048.	332,06
Quantity (1,000 pounds)	: 5,386:	4,594				12,599:	12.63
Value (1,000 dollars)	: 6,245:	5,232				20,247:	21,08
filk products, except fluid and condensed or	: 0,245	3,232	: :	7,703		20,24/	21,00
evaporated, milk and cream, cheeses, butter,	: :		: :				
yoghurt, and ice cream	: :		: :		: :	:	
Imports:	: :		: :		: :	:	
Value (1,000 dollars)	: 18:		: 2,348:		: 0:	643:	1
Evoarte:	• •		: :		: :	:	
Value (1,000 dollars)	: 1,234:	801	: 54:	943	: 31:	2,553:	3,92
Ice cream	: :		: :		: :	:	
Imports:	: :		: :		: :	:	
Quantity (1,000 gallons)	: :		: 0:		: 0:	149:	
Value (1,000 dollars)			: 0:		: 0:	643:	
Exports: Quantity (1,000 gallons)	1 54 - 74		: :		: :	:	
Value (1,000 dollars)	: 318: : 745:	220 511				718:	1,13
Value (1,000 dollars)	. /45:	211	: 46:	626	: 19:	1,781:	2,67
Imports:	• •		• •		• •	•	
Value (1,000 dollars)	: 990:	1,070	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1,827	 : -46:	5,167:	5,54
Fxports:	: :	1,070	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1,027		221071	2,24
Value (1,000 dollars)	: 24,354:	34,765	: -30:	43,103	: -43:	115,553:	175,219
(1102 (1)000 GOTTOLD/	: 27,557	51115		73,103	·	• • • • • • • • •	12,21

	2nd quarter:		:Percent: :change :	2nd quarter 1981		: 1980	1981
	1982	quarter	quarter ·change · · from ·		1981 :change : : from :		1981
Commodity area			: (1) :				
	: :				: (1) :	:	
	(1)	(2)	: (3) :	(4)	: (5) : : :	(6) :	(7)
Hides and skins	:		: :		: :	:	
Imports:			: :		: :	:	
Value (1,000 dollars)	18,719:	20,405	8:	27,020	: -31:	87,383:	100,753
Evporte:		207.00	: :	2.,	: :	:	
Value (1,000 dollars)	: 208,605:	198,481	: 5:	168,934	: 23:	682,122:	690,974
Cattle hides	: :	-	: :		: :	:	
Imports:	: :		: :		: :	:	
Quantity (1,000 pieces)	: 118:					884:	1,039
Value (1,000 dollars)	: 3,023:	3,604				24,754:	28,226
Exports:	: :		: :		: :	:	
Quantity (1,000 pieces)	: 6,291:					20,261:	20,292
Value (1,000 dollars)	: 188,868:	180,859	): 4:	152,501	: 24:	632,778:	627,129
Leather	: :		: :		: :	:	
Imports:	• • • • • •		: :		: :		
Value (1,000 dollars)	: 88,686:	90,159	): -2:	82,332	: 8:	217,493:	354,234
Exports:	:		: :		: :		
Value (1,000 dollars)	82,289:	64,686	27:	69,125	: 19:	259,485:	266,464
Cattle hide upper leather			: :			•	
Imports:				40.044			57 700
Quantity (1,000 square feet) Value (1,000 dollars)	: 18,891:					38,108:	57,322
	: 17,959:	17,119	): 5:		: 41:	36,658:	55,016
Exports:	6,742:	5,533	• •		• •	46,609:	26,812
Quantity (1,000 square feet) Value (1,000 dollars)	; 7,775;				· <b>-</b>	52,650:	30,753
Furskins	• /,//2•	2,102		7,201	10 .	92,090.	20,723
Imoorte:	• • •					•	
Value (1,000 dollars)	: 36,490:	73,281	: -50:	64,371	: -43:	165,849:	193,794
Exports:		/ 3,20	: :	04,571	:	105,047.	1757777
Value (1,000 dollars)	. 88,593:	166,289	47:	107,179	: -17:	480,956:	432,490
Mink furskins		,	: :		: :	:	132,170
Imports:			: :		: :	:	
Aughtity (1,000 pieces)	: 703:	1,441	: -51:	1,216	: -42:	2,675:	3,352
Value (1,000 dollars)	: 19,564:					85,159:	99,035
Exports:	: :		: :		: :	:	
Quantity (1,000 pieces)	: 1,108:	1,412	2: -22:	1,059	: 5:	3,377:	3,179
Value (1,000 dollars)	: 38,347:	47,649	: -20:	39,857	: -4:	137,832:	115,339
Bulbs, roots, rootstocks, clumps, corms, or tubers	: :		: :		: :	:	
Imports:	: :		: :		: :	:	
Value (1,000 dollars)	: 1,452:	5,611	1: -74:	699	: 108:	41,949:	41,248
Exports:	: :		: :		: :	:	
Value (1,000 dollars)			1: -26:	702	: -10:	3,628:	3,624
	: :		: :		: :	:	

	2nd quarter: 1982 : :	2 : quarter :( ; ;		<pre>Percent: 2nd quarter:Percent: change : 1981 :change : from : from : from :</pre>		: 1980 : :	1981
Commodity area	(1)	(2)	:(2) to : : (1) : : (3) : : : :		:(4) to : : (1) : : (5) : : : :	(6) :	(7)
Live plants :	:		: :		: :	:	
Imports: Value (1,000 dollars): Exports:	10,309:	6,518	: 58: : 58:	10,218	: : : 1: : :	: 27,533:	26,581
Value (1,000 dollars)	13,779	10,110	36:	11,374		26,717:	35,350
Imports: Value (1,000 dollars):	: 17,134:	20,141	: - 15:	12,154	• ·	: 50,115:	53,713
Exports: Value (1,000 dollars): Grains	: 32,194: :	44,855	-28:	31,535	: 2: : 2:	: 163,215:	167,476
Imports: Value (1,000 dollars):	20,211:	18,731	: :	13,380	: : : 51:		47,526
Exports: Value (1,000 dollars): Corn	: 3,917,036:	3,901,615	: : : 0:	4,306,583	: -9:	: 16,557,549:	17,900,458
Imports: Quantity (1,000 hushels)	: 296:	231	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	470	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	: ; 917;	1,208
Value (1,000 dollars) Fxoorts:	2,158:	8,331	: -74:	3,880	: -44:	7,167:	15,989
Quantity (1,000 bushels)	586,996: 1,798,943:	487,518 1,542,545		550,066 2,157,431		2,485,378: 8,563,855:	2,158,500 8,007,074
Imports: : :	: 195:	1,283	: : : -85:	6 18	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	: : 570:	2,300
Value (1,000 dollars) Exports:	74:	460	: -84:	207	: -64:	214:	848
Quantity (1,000 pounds)	553,885: 72,874:	251,302 38,499		920,564 189,304		1,700,432: 294,977:	2,864,500 545,698
Imports: Quantity (1.000 bushels)	: 24:	36	: : : -32:	5	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	: 212:	34
Value (1,000 dollars)	152:	252	: :	38	: 301:	1,468:	234
Quantity (1,000 bushels)	421,591: 1,884,175:	421,959 2,012,203		330,202 1,656,806		1,313,577: 6,374,561:	1,613,339 7,843,960
Imports: Value (1,000 dollars):	3,997:	3,190	: :	3,038	: :	: 4,690:	10,400
Exports: Value (1,000 dollars):	:	333,064	: -6:	411,000	: :	: 1,339,105:	1,366,149

	: 2nd quarter: : 1982 : : :	Previous quarter	<pre>:change : : from :</pre>	:	change : from :	: 1980 : :	1981
Commodity area	: : : : : : : : : : : : : :	(2)	:(2) to : : (1) : : (3) : : :	:	(4) to : (1) : (5) :	: : (6) : :	(7)
Milled rice	: :		: :		:	:	
Imports:	:		: :			:	
Quantity (1,000 pounds) Value (1,000 dollars)	: 10,051:	7,637				7,438:	15,701
Value (1,000 dollars)Exports:	: 2,464:	2,020	: 22:		; 77: ; ;	1,819:	4,348
$\dot{\mu}$	1 163 260	1,170,638	-			5,065,991:	4,111,892
Value (1,000 dollars)	: 214,492:	244,031	•	.,	-	993,562:	981,610
Milled wheat	:		: :		: :	:	
Imports:	: :		: :	:	: :	:	
Quantity (1,000 hundredweight)	: 61:	28				42:	157
Value (1,000 dollars)		449				643:	3,016
Exports:	: :		: :		• •	:	
Quantity (1,000 hundredweight) Value (1,000 dollars)	: 10,512: : 83.001:	8,606 75,652				24,023: 283,007:	27,770
Malts and starches	. 03,001.	19,092			- J21	203,007.	309,429
Imports:	: :		: :		: :		
Value (1,000 dollars)	: 8,446:	8,142	: 4:	9,943	: -15:	32,463:	37,133
Evonte:	• •		: :		: :	:	
Value (1,000 dollars)	: 12,053:	12,290	: -2:	13,829	: -13:	33,952:	45,850
Malts	: :		: :	:	: :	:	
Imports:	:		: :		: :	:	
Quantity (1,000 pounds) Value (1,000 dollars)	: 22,568:	20,714				160,091:	111,234
Value (1,000 dollars)Exports:	: 3,340:	3,140	: 6:		: -3: : :	18,768:	15,296
Quantity (1,000 pounds)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	28,220	• •			59,006:	34,175
Value (1,000 dollars)	; 3,256;	4,773				9,232:	7,788
Starches	: :	1,773	: :		: :	;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;	77700
Imports:	: :		: :	:	: :	:	$\sim$
Value (1,000 dollars)	: 4,913:	4,872	: 1:	6,340	: -23:	12,979:	21,242
Exports:	: :		: :		: :	:	
Value (1,000 dollars)	: 8,633:	7,408	: 17:	11,654	: -26:	23,863:	37,255
Vegetables, fresh, chilled, or frozen	: :		: :		• •	:	
Imports: Quantity (1,000 pounds)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	936 003	:	76 766	: : . : :	1 9/3 71/.	1 70/ 80/
Value (1,000 dollars)	· 583,544: · 168,326:	824,092 245,056				1,862,314: 378,632:	1,726,894 541,751
Exports:	: 100,520:	273,030	:		: :	370,032.	5415751
Aughtity (1 000 counde)	631,896;	447,988				1,853,032:	2,244,076
Value (1,000 dollars)	: 125,931:	99,812				321,739:	446,062
Cucumbers, fresh, chilled, or frozen	:		: :		: :	•••••	
Imports:	: :		: :		: :	:	
Quantity (1,000 pounds)	: 81,736:	170,701				316,222:	374,641
Value (1,000 dollars)	: 20,270:	36,885				42,261:	54,875
Exports: Quantity (1,000 pounds)	I I I	E 74P	: :		: :	70 0/0-	1
Value (1,000 dollars)	: 11,520: : 1,774:	5,715 989			-	30,060:	40,658
ABIOF (1)000 00119L2)	· 1,//4· : :		: /9.		-	4,170:	6,052

	: 2nd quarter: : 1982 :	Previous quarter	<pre> Percent: change : from :</pre>		<pre>Percent: change : from :</pre>	1980 ÷	1981
Commodity area	: :		:(2) to :		:(4) to :		
	: :		: (1) :		: (1) :	:	
	: (1) :	(2)	: (3) :	(4)	: (5) : : :	(6) :	(7)
Tructure freed at 11ad on f		*****	: :		: :	:	
Tomatoes, fresh, chilled, or frozen Imports:	• •		: :		: :	:	
Quantity (1,000 pounds)	: 220,734:						525,885
Value (1,000 dollars)	: 65,416:	87,123					238,255
Exports	:		: :		: :		
Quantity (1,000 pounds)	: 56,582:						192,342
Value (1,000 dollars)	: 14,527:	9,394					50,023
Vegetables, dried, desiccated or dehydrated Imports:	: :		: :		: :	:	
Quantity (1,000 pounds)	: 17,486:					64,858:	96,421
Value (1,000 dollars)	: 10,454:	10,464	•• 0•	11,993	: -13:	31,555:	42,796
Fxports:	: :		: :		: :		
Quantity (1,000 pounds)	: 415,030:						2,282,376
Value (1,000 dollars)	: 110,228:	163,024	-32:	144,384	: -24:	554,757:	730,565
Vegetables, processed (except dried or frozen) Imports:	: :		: :		: :	:	
Value (1,000 dollars)	: 69,567:	64,080	: 9:	36,156	: 92:	116,268:	156,482
Exports: Value (1,000 dollars)	: 77 050	20 852	: :	70 097	: : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :	: 07 804 :	127 054
Value (1,000 dollars)	: 33,052:	29,852		30,083	• • • • •	97,806:	127,954
Mushrooms and truffles			• •		• •	•	
Imports: Quantity (1,000 pounds)	: 9,520:	25 020	: -62:	25,843	63:	119,474:	00 445
Value (1,000 dollars)	: 9,520.						
Exports:	10,318.		: -58:		: -02:		98,030
Quantity (1,000 pounds)	: 577:						2,717
Value (1,000 dollars)	: 505:						
Mushrooms, other than fresh or dried	5051		, - , ,	237		2,423.	3,043
Tmoorts:			: :		: :	•	
Quantity (1,000 pounds)	: 9,092:						
Value (1,000 dollars)	: 8,414:	21,827					84,116
Exports:	: :		: :		: :		
Quantity (1,000 pounds)	: 62:					• • •	
Value (1,000 dollars)	: 58:	42	: 38:	62	: -7:	391:	371
Nuts, shelled or not shelled, blanched, or	: :		: :		: :	:	
otherwise prepared or preserved	: :		: :		: :	:	
Imports:	: :		: :		: :	:	
Quantity (pounds) Value (1,000 dollars)	: 61,405,393:	59,446,621		342,032,913		256,856,432:	
Value (1,000 dollars)	: 45,758:	46,780			: -82:	231,038:	531,713
			: :		: :	:	
Quantity (pounds) Value (1,000 dollars)	: 235,746,506:	238,418,046	-1:	190,860,886		1423,966,019:	
Value (1,000 dollars)	: 119,628:	142,612	2: -16:		: 17:		623,797

Table 4 Quarterly and annual da	ata on U.S. im	ports and exports	for selected	commodity groups
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:	2nd quarter:			2nd quarter:			:	
•	1982 :		change		change :		1981	
			: from :		from : (4) to :			
Commodity area	•		:(2) to : : (1) :		(4) to :			
	(1) :		: (3) :		(1) .		(7)	
	·	(2)	: (3) :					
Almonds :	:		: :	:	:	:		
Imports: :	:		: :	:	:	:		
Quantity (pounds):	32,817:	13,699		12,450:				
Value (1,000 dollars):	64:	46		39:	64:	287:	214	
Exports:	:		: :	:	:	:		
Quantity (pounds): Value (1,000 dollars):		52,061,089		28,694,222:		224,372,235:		
	50,951:	61,237		54,875:	-7:	430,468:	307,890	
Filberts :	•		: :		:	•		
Imports: Quantity (pounds):	5 707 (04)	7 470 777	: :		455.	47 000 400	7 0/0 777	
	5,323,601:	3,138,337						
Value (1,000 dollars): Exports:	2,524:	1,578	: 60:		72:		5,214	
Quantity (pounds):	1,935,794:	1,902,691			-	•	19,078,287	
Value (1,000 dollars):	832:	724	-					
Pistachio nuts	0321	/24	: :		- 30 :	7,701.	0,740	
Importe:	•		: :					
Quantity (pounds): Value (1,000 dollars):	1,945,789:	357,197			-		3,287,451	
Value (1.000 dollars)	4,199:	438						
Evoorts:	:		: :		:		0,	
Quantity (nounds):	164,642:	359,540	: -54:	168,146:	-2:	943,325:	760,887	
Value (1,000 dollars):	329:	869						
uit, fresh :	:		::		:	:	,	
Imports: :	:		: :	:	:	:		
Quantity (1,000 pounds): Value (1,000 dollars):	2,350,018:	1,507,973	: 56:	2,024,238;	16:	6,547,125:	6,717,512	
Value (1,000 dollars):	301,545:	178,238	: 69:	245,825;	23:	652,937:	789,559	
Fronts: :	:		: :	:	:	:		
Quantity (1,000 pounds):	1,405,788:	791,879						
Value (1,000 dollars):	209,042:	184,020	: 14:	209,488:	0:	740,864:	856,962	
Berries, fresh :	:		: :		:	:		
Imports: :	:		: :		:	:		
Quantity (1,000 pounds): Value (1,000 dollars):	197:	516						
Value (1,000 dollars):		680	• -				14,573	
Exports: Quantity (1,000 pounds):	:		: :			•		
Value (1,000 dollars):	17,668:	8,130						
Cherries, fresh	8,965:	4,148	: 116:		0:		27,596	
Imports:	•		· ·					
Aughtity (1,000 pounds)	•	242	• •		-100:	1,483:	150	
Value (1,000 dollars):	•	242						
Exports:	•	742	: - 100:		- 100:		174	
(1,000,000)	606,084:		: 0:		•	•	21,158	
Value (1,000 dollars):	5,581:		: 0:					
				0,217	52.	1397301	10,003	

	2nd quarter: 1982 :	quarter	<pre>Percent: change : from :</pre>		<pre>Percent: change : from :</pre>	: 1980 : :	198 1
Commodity area : : :	(1)	(2)	: (2) to : : (1) : : (3) : :	(4)	:(4) to : : (1) : : (5) :	(6) :	(7)
Citrus fruit	:		: :		: :	:	
Imports: :	<b>.</b>		: :		: :	:	
Quantity (1,000 pounds):	53,171:	48,808				202,119:	203,587
Value (1,000 dollars):	12,491:	12,475	-		-	52,262:	53,616
Exports:	:		: :		: :	:	
Quantity (1,000 pounds):	549,379:	571,101	-			2,099,028:	2,030,608
Value (1,000 dollars)	128,661:	115,567	: 11:	128,078	-	384,545:	418,768
ruit, dried	:				•	•	
Imports: Quantity (1,000 pounds):		10 101		/ 770	: :	70 055.	
Value (1,000 dollars):	7,557:	10,426			• -	39,855:	27,085
	6,720:	6,926	: -3:		: 72: : :	24,839:	20,183
Exports: Quantity (1,000 pounds):	59,222:	69,787				274,635:	284,782
Value (1,000 dollars)	45,359:	48,399				213,990;	224,282
Fruit, prepared or preserved (except dried)		TO, J77	-01		· - 10 ·	213,770.	224,202
Imports:					: :		
Auaptity (1,000 pounds) = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = =	171,458;	154,932	• •			718,212:	647,376
Value (1,000 dollars):	72,658:	63,322				255,195:	254,290
Fxnorts:	<b>.</b> .	00/022	1 1		: :	:	2317270
Quantity (1,000 pounds)	84,387;	78,483	: 8:	115,212	: -27:	412,626:	417,635
Value (1,000 dollars):	35,923;	33,289	-			164,022:	171,742
Olives :			: -:		: :	:	
Imports: :	:		: :		: :	:	
Quantity (1,000 pounds):	28,500:	26,070	: 9:	22,402	: 27:	82,898:	85,610
Value (1,000 dollars):	24,446:	22,595	: 8:	19,827	: 23:	78,708:	77,964
Exports: :			: :		: :	:	
Quantity (1,000 pounds)	1,207:	760		.,		4,202:	5,118
Value (1,000 dollars):	893:	583	: 53:	788	: 13:	3,347:	3,894
Candied, crystallized, or glace nuts, fruits, fruit:	:		: :		: :	:	
peel, and other vegetable substances	:		: :		••••	:	
Imports:	:	- <i></i>			• •	:	
Quantity (1,000 pounds)	1,832:	2,614				6,868:	9,942
Value (1,000 dollars): Exports:	1,665;	2,449	: -32: : :		: -5: : :	5,300:	9,377
Quantity (1,000 pounds)	744:	455	• •			3,991:	6 500
Value (1,000 dollars)	251:	194				1,638:	4,592
Sugar, sirups, and molasses	2011	174	. 27.	321	·	1,030.	1,604
Sugar, sugar beets, and sugar cane					: :		
Imports:	1					•	
Quantity (short tons)	580,501:	646,516	- 10 :	978,108	-41:	4,190,457:	5,120,730
Value (1,000 dollars)	159,025:	200,732				1,995,051:	2,141,287
Exports:		200,702	: :		: :	.,,,,,,,,,,,,,	_,,207
Quantity (short tons)	22,085:	25,998	: -15:	280,545		621,155:	988,450
Value (1,000 dollars)	7,766:	7,550				329,272:	506,786
		.,	: .		: :	1	

	: 2nd quarter: : 1982 :	quarter	<pre>Percent: change : from :</pre>		Percent: change : from :	1980	: : 1981 :
Commodity area	: : : : : : (1) :		:(2) to : : (1) : : (3) :		:(4) to : : (1) : : (5) :		: : : (7)
····	: :		: :		: : :		• 
Molasses Imports:	: :		: :		: :		:
Quantity (shart tons)	; 326,121;	203,327	: 60:	302,920	: 8:	1,133,407	: 1,161,891
Value (1,000 dollars)	: 18,116:						
E			: :		: :		:
Quantity (short tons)	: 81,693:				: 61:		
Value (1,000 dollars)	: 6,087:	6,907	- 12:	6,512	: -7:	28,996	: 26,414
Corn sweeteners Imports:	· · ·		: :		• •		•
Aughtity (pounds day basis)	; 75,537;	79,116			: 140:	157,966	: 897,179
Value (1,000 dollars)	; 76:						
Evoarte:	• •		: :		: :		:
Quantity (pounds, dry basis)	: 10,255,957:	9,051,263	: 13:				: 75,843,461
Value (1,000 dollars)	: 2,821:	2,351	: 20:	5,630	: -50:	22,110	: 21,870
Flavored or blended sugars, sirups, and molasses,	: :		: :		: :		:
maple sugar and sirup, and honey Imports:			: :				:
Value (1,000 dollars)	: 13,427:	10,628	: 26:	12,229	: 10:	34,726	: 47,612
Fynante:	• •	10,020	: 20:	16,667	: :	347720	: 47,012
Value (1,000 dollars)	; 7,840;	8,740	- 10 -	10,557	: -26:	39,563	38,262
Cocoa and confectionery	:		: :		: :		:
Imports:	: :		: :		: :		:
Quantity (pounds) Value (1,000 dollars)	: 196,118,184:	237,649,156	: -17:	290,580,770	: -33:		:1038,466,005
Value (1,000 dollars)	172,501:	251,774	-26:	278,701	-38:	1,001,460	: 999,970
Exports: Quantity (pounds)	* *************************************	18,384,083	: -5:	18,979,600	9.	79 5/3 344	: : 76,929,347
Value (1,000 dollars)	: 18,951:		-				
Coffee and coffee substitutes, tea, mate	: :	17,507	: :		: :	73,177	: 07,244
Tmoorte:	: :		: :	;	: :		:
Value (1,000 dollars)	: 711,964:	701,903	: 1:	705,074	: 1:	4,320,387	: 3,019,422
Exponte:	• •		: :		: :		:
Value (1,000 dollars)	: 30,942:	34,594	: -11:	32,305	: -4:	134,395	: 142,248
Coffee	:		: :				:
Imports: Value (1,000 dollars)	: 680,953:	668,797	; 2:	665,641	: 2:	4,186,295	: : 2,882,341
Exporte:	• •	000,777	: 2		: :	7,100,275	: 2,002,371
Value (1,000 dollars)	: 27,700;	31,904	-13:	28,516	: -3:	124,571	: 130,372
Spices	: :				: :		1
Imports:	: :		: :	6	: :		:
Value (1,000 dollars)	; 37,183;	30,846			: 6:	147,596	: 136,033
Exports:		,,	: :		:		:
Value (1,000 dollars)	6,067:	4,976	: 22:	5,655	: 7:	20,885	: 22,217

	2nd quarter:	: Previous	:Percent:	: 2nd quarter:Percent:		;	
	: 1982 :	quarter	: change		change :	1980 :	1981
Commodity area		•	: from : :(2) to :		: from : :(4) to :	:	
commodicy area	: :		: (1) :		: (1) :	:	
	: (1) :		: (3) :	(4)	: (5) :	(6) :	(7)
				and a state of the second s			- 
Fruit juices	: :		: :	:	: :	:	
Imports: Value (1,000 dollars)	:	~~ ~~	: : 2:	76 011	: : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :	:	005 00V
Value (1,000 dollars) Exports:	: 101,586:	99,770	. 2.	74,011		145,593:	295,294
Value (1,000 dollars)	: 67,011:	60,339	: 11:	71,191	6:	217,852:	246,282
Soft drinks and certain other nonalcoholic	: :	00,337	: :			:	210/200
beverages	: :		: :	:	: :	:	
Tmoorts:	: :		: :		: :	:	
Value (1,000 dollars)	: 14,199:	6,693	: 112:	9,620	: 48:	31,397:	37,964
Exports:	: :		: :		: :	:	
Value (1,000 dollars)	: 17,252:	10,119	: 70:	15,460	: 12:	91,806:	49,750
Ale, porter, stout, and beer	•					:	
Imports:	: :	71 1.44	: :		• •	444 500.	4/ 4 0/
Quantity (1,000 gallons)	: 46,292: : 121,752:					141,588: 366,739:	161,848 396,534
Exports:	: 121,752:		· 31·			200,/24.	340,33,
Aughtity (1 000 gpllops)	: 5,257:					35,175:	20,365
Quantity (1,000 gallons)	: 10,980:		••	- ,	-	60,951:	38,914
Wines and certain other fermented alcoholic	: : :	.,	: :		: :	:	00,7,
beverages	: :		: :		: :	:	
Importe:	: :		: :		: :	:	
Quantity (1,000 gallons)	: 30,151:					102,833:	115,504
Value (1,000 dollars)	: 198,250:	153,219				691,950:	761,594
Exports:	: :		: :		: _:	:	
Quantity (1,000 gallons)	: 2,683:					7,904:	10,759
Value (1,000 dollars)	: 10,636:	8,142			-6:	29,881:	42,209
Distilled spirits	•		: :				
Imports: Quantity (1,000 proof gallons)	:	19,177	• •		· ·	* * 7 7 * 7 *	117,938
Value (1,000 dollars)	: 27,962: : 288,055:				•	113,713: 1,021,697:	1,179,95
Exports:	288,055	200,100	: ;;		: :	1,021,07/	1,17,7,7,7
$(\mu_{1})$	: 2,311:	1,978			• •	6,662;	7,18
Value (1,000 dollars)	: 18,256:					48,271:	55,800
Tobacco and tobacco products	: : :		::		::	:	22,000
Twoonlet	: :		: :		: :	:	
Value (1,000 dollars)	: 133,810:	121,840	: 10:	130,105	: 3:	486,589:	556,144
Even a let	• •		: :		: :	:	
Value (1,000 dollars)	: 653,076:	720,341				2,425,535:	2,722,784
Cigarettes	: :		: :		: :	:	
Îmports:	:	445 305	: :			5/0 /0/	
Quantity (thousands) Value (1,000 dollars)						568,624:	567,06
Value (1,000 dollars)Exports:	: 2,328:	1,495	: 56:	• •	·	7,210:	7,65
Quantity (thousands)	: 17,007:	21,911				81,998:	82,58
Value (1,000 dollars)	: 283,141:					1,055,421:	1,228,514
AGINE (1)AAA MAIIGLO)	- 20031710	5369731	: 200		: :	1,055,151,	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,

:	2nd quarter: 1982 : :	quarter	<pre>:Percent: :change : : from :</pre>		<pre>Percent: change : from :</pre>	1980	1981
Commodity area :	:		:(2) to :	:(4) to		:	
:	:	:	: (1) :		: (1) :	:	
:	(1) :	(2)	: (3) :	(4)	: (5) : : :	(6) :	(7)
Cigars :	:		: :		: :	:	
Imports:						•	
Quantity (thousands)	28,496:	26,457	: 8:	33,456	: -15:	118,833;	123,599
Value (1,000 dollars):	9,536:	9,178				36,276:	41,266
Exports: :	:	,,	: :	· · • • · · =	: :	:	11,200
Quantity (thousands)	64:	41	: 54:	45	: 42:	354:	18 1
Value (1,000 dollars):	3,220:	2,306	: 40:	2,791	: 15:	9,939;	11,042
Oilseeds :	:		: :	•	: :	:	
Imports: :	:		: :		: :	:	
Value (1,000 dollars):	13,905:	14,930	: -7:	22,373	: -38:	51,043:	86,771
Fronts:	:		: :		: :	:	
Value (1,000 dollars):	1,830,050:	1,814,482	: 1:	1,557,359	: 18:	6,341,737:	6,732,656
Cottonseed :	:		: :		: :	:	
Imports: :	:		: :		: :	:	
Quantity (1,000 pounds):	:	73			: 0:	31:	349
Value (1,000 dollars):	:	8			: 0:	11:	26
Exports: :	:		: :		: :	:	
Quantity (1,000 pounds):	25,208:	29,778				416,792:	56,171
Value (1,000 dollars)	3,539:	3,687		-,		38,850:	10,599
Flaxseed	•		: :		• •	:	
Imports: :					: :	:	
Quantity (1,000 pounds): Value (1,000 dollars):	24,495:	17,327				67,919:	260,280
Value (1,000 dollars)Exports:	3,268:	2,319	-			8,641:	36,621
Quantity (1,000 pounds):	231:	201	-			8,623;	4 47/
Value (1,000 dollars):	12:	10				837:	1,176
Sovbeans	12.	10	• • • • •	0	• • • •	03/:	64
Imports:	• •					•	
	•		: 0:		: 0:	•	
Value (1,000 dollars):			: 0:		: 0:		
Evonte:	•		: :		: :		
Quantity (1,000 pounds)	17.814.237:	17,151,971	: 4:	13,021,839	; 37;	49,007,009:	51,947,948
Value (1.000 dollars):	1.659.481:	1,769,211				5,882,893:	6,199,625
Sunflower seed :	:	.,,,,,,,,			: :	;	
Importe:	:		: :		: :	:	
Quantity (1,000 pounds)	8,057:	15,314	: -47:	9,326	: -14:	41,704:	80,351
Value (1,000 dollars):	1,014:	1,823				4,615:	9,573
Exports:	:		: :		: :	:	
Quantity (1,000 pounds):	1,187,892:	254,864	: 366:	1,181,055	: 1:	3,385,125:	3,759,642
Value (1,000 dollars):	166,252:	40,949	: 306:			410,923:	510,656

Table 4.--Quarterly and annual data on U.S. imports and exports for selected commodity groups

	: 2nd quarter: : 1982 : : :	quarter	<pre>Percent: change : from :</pre>		Percent: change : from :	: 1980 : :	1981
Commodity area	: : : : : (1) :	(2)	:(2) to : : (1) : : (3) : : : :	:	(4) to : (1) : (5) :	: ;; ;; ;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;	(7)
Animal and vegetable oils, fats and greases Imports:	: :					:	
Quantity (1,000 pounds) Value (1,000 dollars) Exports:	-: 103,080:			92,637		1,567,130: 525,383:	1,694,651 471,266
Quantity (1,000 pounds)	-: 1,631,419: -: 386,569:		: -8: : -7:	1,889,342 488,898	- 14 :	7,706,906: 1,986,545:	7,235,365 1,817,912
Corn oil Imports:			: :	:	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	: : 5:	44
Quantity (1,000 pounds) Value (1,000 dollars) Exports:	: :		: 0:	1	-11:	3:	29
Quantity (1,000 pounds) Value (1,000 dollars) Cottonseed oil	-: 69,514: -: 26,344: : :		: 96: : :	27,427	-4:	148,301: 60,357: :	182,922 67,310
Imports: Quantity (1,000 pounds) Value (1,000 dollars)	: : -: : -: :		: : : 0: : 0:	49	- 100: - 100:	:	93 14
Exports: Quantity (1,000 pounds) Value (1,000 dollars)	: 208.348:					: 760,320: 218,018:	692,389 196,085
Soybean oil Imports: Quantity (1,000 pounds) Value (1,000 dollars)	: : : : -: 64:	24	: : : : : 164:		: : : 10,946:	: : 41:	11
Value (1,000 dollars) Exports: Quantity (1,000 pounds)	: :	•	: :		: :	430: : 2,352,557:	170 1,756,445
Value (1,000 dollars) Other vegetable oils Imports:	-: 98,995:					665,652;	457,469
Quantity (1,000 pounds) Value (1,000 dollars) Exports:	-: 393,990: -: 98,949:				: 23:	1,522,313: 507,912:	1,645,541 453,878
Quantity (1,000 pounds) Value (1,000 dollars) Animal and marine-animal oils	-: 36,239: -: 11,599:				-81:	498,709: 144,652:	751,115 226,807
Animal and marine-animal oils Imports: Quantity (1,000 pounds) Value (1,000 dollars)	-: 5,673:		• •		-32:	: : 35,746:	37,264
Exports: Quantity (1.000 nounds)	: : 816.860;		: :	_,	: :	10,174: : 3,720.654:	10,621
Value (1,000 dollars)	-: 167,609:					805,554:	787,281

Table 4.--Quarterly and annual data on U.S. imports and exports for selected commodity groups

	2nd quarter:	Previous	<pre>Percent: 2nd quarter:Percent: change : 1981 :change :</pre>				1981	
	1982	quarter	<pre>:change : : from :</pre>	1981 :change : : from :			1981	
Commodity area	: :		:(2) to :					
	: :		: (1) :		: (1) :	:		
	: (1) : : :	(2)	: (3) : : :	(4)	: (5) : :	(6) :	(7)	
Shortening and cooking oils	: :		: :		: :	:		
Importei	:		: :		: :	:		
Quantity (1,000 pounds) Value (1,000 dollars)	: 2,683:	2,535	: 6:			9,023:	11,696	
Value (1,000 dollars)	: 1,259:	1,485		•		6,861:	6,552	
Evoorts:	: :		: :		: :	:		
Quantity (1,000 pounds)	: 87,481:	29,385					182,870	
Value (1,000 dollars)	: 32,189:	12,107	: 166:	30,462		92,308:	82,958	
Natural gums and resins, except pine gum	: :		: :		: :	:		
Imports:			: :		: :	:		
Quantity (1,000 pounds) Value (1,000 dollars)	58,306:	38,267						
		24,392			: 3:		137,570	
Exports: Quantity (1,000 pounds)	: 5,790:		: : 20:				22 70	
Value (1,000 dollars)	: 9,939:	4,809 9,100						
Edible preparations	• 7,737•	7,100	• • •	0,240	. 21.	29,370.	33,38	
Bakery products, except bread	• •					•		
Imports:			: :		: :	•		
Augustity (counds)	· 27,532,723:	26,895,346	: 2:	23,631,778	: 17:	110,467,659:	105.795.58	
Value (1,000 dollars)	: 24,182:	24,023					95,22	
Fynarts:	• • •	21/020	: :		: .	:	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	
Quantity (pounds) Value (1,000 dollars)	: 14,640,946:	14,039,375	: 4:	15,257,097	: -4:	53,526,111:	62.137.19	
Value (1,000 dollars)	: 9,778:	9,675						
Bread made with yeast as the leavening substance	:		: :		: :	:	• • • •	
Imports:	: :		: :		: :	:		
Quantity (pounds)	: 14,316,617:	11,089,890			: 19:			
Value (1,000 dollars)	: 5,700:	4,579			: 34:	14,840:	17,60	
Exports:	: :		: :		: :	:		
Quantity (pounds)	: 2,632,431:	2,390,771						
Value (1,000 dollars)	: 1,025:	913		•••	: 5:	3,397:	3,79	
Cereal breakfast foods	: :		: :		: :	:		
Imports: Quantity (pounds)			: :			:	~~ ~~ ~~	
Value (1,000 dollars)		7,407,770						
Exports:	: 3,027:	2,209	: 37:		: 39:	7,609:	8,96	
Cuprts.	: 17,387,167:	10,161,196			: 34:	37,321,916:	// 755 75 <sup>1</sup>	
Quantity (pounds) Value (1,000 dollars)	: 8,628;	6,778						
Chewing gum	. 0,020.	0,770	: 2/:		: 200	20,400*	20,00	
Importe:	• •		: :			•		
Quantity (pounds)	3,576,021:	2,460,558			: 40:	15,387,172:	12,988,31	
Quantity (pounds) Value (1,000 dollars)	: 3,056:	2,102						
Exports:	: :	.,	: ;		: :	;;500;	· · · · · ·	
Quantity (nounds)	2,734,258;	2,521,978			: -46:	14,950,580:	15,132,76	
Value (1,000 dollars)	: 3,267:	3,171						
	: :	-, ., .	: :	-,073	: :		.,,,,,,	

	: 2nd quarter: : 1982 :	quarter	:change :		: change	1980 :	1981
Commodity area	: : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :	: :(	: from : :(2) to : : (1) : : (3) : : : :		: from :(4) to : (1) : (5) :	: · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	(7)
Macaroni, noodles, vermicelli, and similar ailmentary pastes						:	
Imports:		07 /70 0/5		07 575 7/0			
Quantity (pounds) Value (1,000 dollars)	: 29,962,430:						101,921,299
Value (1,000 dollars)	: 11,956:	11,087					43,928
Exports: Quantity (pounds)	: 7 950 /77.	7 785 5/0	: - 14:		: :		0 115 1/7
Value (1,000 dollars)	: 3,250,673: : 1,569:						
	1,569:	1,012	-13.	1,120	<b>:</b> 40:	2,532:	3,905
Sauces Imports:					• •	•	
Value (1,000 dollars)		9 774			: 1:	·	74 404
Exports:	9,343:	8,371	: 12:		• •	28,634:	34,126
Value (1,000 dollars)	: : 13,726:	10,983	• •		: 12:	38,159:	17 101
Soups	. 13,726.	10,703	. 25.	12,243	• 12•	20,123.	43,694
Imports:	• •		• •		• •	•	
Quantity (pounds) Value (1,000 dollars)	: 3,149,862:	3.777.834	- 17:	3,273,773	-4:	10 631 650:	11,806,267
Value (1 000 dellars)	: 5,664:				•		
Exports:		0,773	: :		: ;		20,102
Quantity (pounds)	; 7,877,630;	8,204,484				35,939,351:	32,516,271
Value (1,000 dollars)	: 4,069:						
Edible preparations, not specially provided for	: ;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;	19127	: :	3,077	: :	10,574	(3)775
Imports:	: :		: :		: :	:	
Quantity (nounde)	: 36,995,936:	30,787,939	: 20:	42,256,546	: -12:	141,439,027:	152.349.968
Value (1,000 dollars)	: 25,134:						
Expande:			• •		: :		
Quantity (pounds)	: 212.431.491:	176.496.614	: 20:	196,570,693	: 8:	794,854,982:	733.345.392
Quantity (pounds) Value (1,000 dollars)	: 122.307:	138.507	: -12:				
Animal feeds, and ingredients therefor	:		: :		: :	:	
Imports:	: :		: :		: :	:	
Quantity (1,000 short tons)	: 201:	179	: 12:	234	: - 14 :	696:	868
Value (1,000 dollars)	: 32,586:	25,830	: 26:	31,193	: 4:	108,965:	132,737
Exports:	: :		: :		: :	:	
Quantity (1,000 short tons)	: 3,787:	4,040	: -6:	3,496	: 8:		
Value (1,000 dollars)	: 672,947:	757,587	: -11:	687,918	: -2:	2,881,907:	2,746,867
Naval stores	: :		: :		: :	:	
Imports:	: :		: :		: :	:	
Value (1,000 dollars)	: 465:	1,022	: -54:	1,616	: -71:	6,285:	6,709
Exports:	: :		: :		: :	:	
Value (1,000 dollars)	: 14,111:	14,543	: -3:	19,027	: -26:	67,993:	66,185
Miscellaneous vegetable products	: :		: :		: :	:	
	: :		: :		: :	:	

	2nd quarter: 1982 :		:Percent: :change :		:Percent: :change :	: 1980 :	1981
	:		from :		from :	:	
Commodity area	:		:(2) to :		:(4) to :	:	
	(1)	(2)	: (1) : : (3) :	(4)	: (1) : : (5) :	(6)	(7)
	••	······································					
Cut flowers, fresh; bouquets, wreaths, sprays, or: similar articles made from such flowers or			; ;		· · ·	:	
other fresh plant parts :	:		: :		: :	:	
Imports: :	:		: :		: :	:	
Value (1,000 dollars):	39,817:	27,718	: 44:	28,076	: 42:	88,580:	102,804
Exports: Value (1,000 dollars):	2,741:	2,643	: 4:	3,231	· - 15 ·	7,386:	9,512
Hops, hop extract, and lupulin		27015	: :	0,20,	: :	;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;	,,,,,
Imports:	:		: :		: :	:	
Value (1,000 dollars):	4,687:	19,688	: -76:	4,140	: 13:	39,837:	35,767
Exports:	:		: :		: :		
Value (1,000 dollars)	11,910:	29,597	-60:	14,114	- 16 :	71,048:	98,666
Tonka and vanilla beans : Imports:			••••		• •	•	
Quantity (pounds):	729,332:	229,260	: 218:	404,339	: 80:	826,035:	1,454,391
Value (1,000 dollars):	16,740:	4,551				18,834:	31,374
Miscellaneous vegetable products	:	.,	: ::		: :	:	• • • • • • •
Imports:	:		: :		: :	:	
Value (1,000 dollars):	21,953:	25,949	: - 15 :	19,102	: 15:	85,686:	89,955
Exports:	:		: _:		: :	•	
Value (1,000 dollars)	12,672:	12,106	: 5:	15,274	- 17:	50,846:	54,851

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Table 4.--Quarterly and annual data on U.S. imports and exports for selected commodity groups

	Ir	mports in	: Exports in		
Commodity area : : :	Previous quarter	: Corresponding : quarter : previous year	Previous quarter	: Corresponding : quarter : previous yea	
i two entrole except birds and poultry	03	: : 03	: : 09 10	:	
Live animals, except birds and poultry: Cattle:		: 01 04	: 09	: 09 10	
Swine:	· · · ·	: 02	: 05	: 02 05	
Poultry and poultry meat:		: (01)	:	: (01)	
Feathers and downs:	, 04	: (01) (04)	: (04) 07 09	: (01) (04)	
Meat, except poultry meat:	03	:	:	:	
Beef and veal, fresh, chilled, or frozen:	: 02 05	: 05	:	: 03 06	
Pork, fresh, chilled, or frozen:		: 01 04 07	: 01 04 07 09	: (04)	
Sausage:	: 01 04	: 01 04	:	: (04)	
Pork, prepared or preserved, except sausage and:		:	:	:	
canned hams:		:	: 01 04	:	
Fish, fresh or frozen:		•	: 09	:	
		•	: 03 06 (08) 09	: 03 06 09	
Fish, dried, salted, pickled, smoked, or kippered:		•	: (03) (06) 09	: (03) (06) 09	
Fish, in airtight containers:		:			
Sardines:		. 01 04	•	: (03) (06) (08)	
Tuna:	. 01 04	: 01 04	1	•	
Other fish in airtight containers, including :	•	:	:	:	
anchovies, bonito, and herring:	<u>;</u>	:	: (05) 08 10	: (02) (05) 10	
Shellfish:	: 01 04	:	: 01 04	: (04)	
Fluid milk and cream, including flavored milk:	: 03 06 09	: 03 06	:	:	
Condensed or evaporated milk and cream, including:		:	:	:	
dried milk and cream:		: 09	:	:	
Butter:		:	: (01) (04)	: 01 04 09 10	
Oleomargarine and butter substitutes:		: (01) (04) 09	: 01 04	: 01 04	
Cheeses		:	•	: 06 (08)	
	, •	•	•	:	
Milk products, except fluid and condensed or :	•	-	•		
evaporated, milk and cream, cheeses, butter, :		: 03 09 10	: 03	•	
yoghurt, and ice cream	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	. 03 03 10	: 03 06 09 10	: 06 09 10	
Ice cream		•			
Eggs		: (02)	: (01)	: (01)	
Hides and skins;		:	:	:	
Cattle hides;		: (01) (04)	:	: 01 04	
Leather		:	:	:	
Cattle hide upper leather:	:	: 01 04	: 01 04	: (04)	
Furskins	: (01)	: (01)	: (01)	:	
Mink furskins	: (03) (06)	: (03) (06)	:	:	
Bulbs, roots, rootstocks, clumps, corms, or	•	:	:	:	
tubers	: (03) 09	: 03	:	: 09	
Live plants		•	:	:	
Seeds		: 03	-	•	
Grains		: 01 09	•	•	
VI AL US		• VI V7	•	•	

Table 5.--Summary of trade-monitoring gates triggered for selected commodity groups, April-June 1982

:	Trade-monitoring gates triggered for current quarter compared with							
Commodity area	Imp	orts in	: Exports in					
	Previous quarter	: Corresponding : quarter : previous year	: Previous quarter	: Corresponding : quarter : previous year				
Rice (paddy and brown) Wheat	(01) (04)	: : (01) (04) 09 : 01 04	: : 01 04 09 10 :	: : (01) (04) (07) 0 : 04				
Milled grain products:		: 01	:	: (01)				
Milled rice:		: 01 04	:	: (07)				
Milled wheat		: (01) 04 (07)	: 04	: (01) (04) (07) 0				
Malts and starches:		:	•	:				
Malts		· : (04)	: (01) (04) 09 10	: 01 04 (07) 09 10				
Starches		: (01) 09		: (01)				
Vegetables, fresh, chilled, or frozen:		: 01 04	: 01 04	. (01)				
		: 01 04 (07)	: 01 04	•				
Cucumbers, fresh, chilled, or frozen:			: 01 04					
Tomatoes, fresh, chilled, or frozen:		: 04 (07)	: 01 04	: (04)				
Vegetables, dried, desiccated or dehydrated:		: (06) 08	: 09					
Vegetables, processed (except dried or frozen): Mushrooms and truffles:		: 03	:	:				
		: (01) (04)	: 04 (07) 09 : 01 04 09	: 01 04 09				
Mushrooms, other than fresh or dried:	(01) (04)	: (01) (04)	: 01 04 09	: (04) 07 09 10				
Nuts, shelled or not shelled, blanched, or :		:	1	:				
otherwise prepared or preserved		: (03) (06) 09	:	:				
		: 03 06 (08) 09 10	•	: 06 (08)				
Filberts;		: 03 06 (08) 09	:	: (06) 08 09				
Pistachio nuts:		: 09	: (03) (06) 09	: 09				
Fruit, fresh:		:	: 06 (08)	: 06 (08)				
Berries, fresh:		: (06) 08 09	: 03 06 09	:				
Cherries, fresh:		: (03) (06)	: 03 06	: 06 (08)				
Citrus fruit:		:	:	:				
Fruit, dried:	08 09	: 03 06	:	:				
Fruit, prepared or preserved (except dried):		:	:	: (01) (04)				
Olives:		:	: 03 06	: 09				
Candied, crystallized, or glace nuts, fruits, :		:	:	:				
fruit peel, and other vegetable substances:	(01) (04)	:	: 01 04 (07)	: (01) (04)				
Sugar, sirups, and molasses :		:	:	:				
Sugar, sugar beets, and sugar cane:	09 10	: (03) (06) (08)	: 09 10	: (03) (06) (08) 0				
Molasses:		: (03) (08)	:	: 06 (08)				
Corn sweeteners:	03 08 09 10	: 03 06 08 09	:	: (03) (06) 09				
Flavored or blended sugars, sirups, and :		:	:	:				
molasses, maple sugar and sirup, and honey-:		:	:	:				
Cocoa and confectionery:		: (06)	:	:				
Coffee and coffee substitutes, tea, mate:		:	:	:				
Coffee:		:	•	•				
Spices:		•	•	•				
Fruit juices:		: 02	•	•				
Soft drinks and certain other nonalcoholic :		•	•	•				
beverages:		: 03 09	•	•				

Table 5.--Summary of trade-monitoring gates triggered for selected commodity groups, April-June 1982

	Trade-monitoring gates triggered for current quarter compared with							
Commodity area		Imports in	: Exports in					
	Previous quarter	: Corresponding : quarter : previous year	: Previous : quarter	: Corresponding : quarter : previous year				
Ale, porter, stout, and beer		:	: 03 06	: : 09				
Wines and certain other fermented alcoholic beverages			: 06					
Distilled spirits		•	. 00					
Tobacco and tobacco products		•	•	•				
Cigarettes		: 06	•	•				
Cigars			: 03 06	: 06				
011seeds		•						
Cottonseed		•	•	: 03 06 09				
Plaxseed		: (03) (06)	: 09 10	: 03 06 09				
Soybeans		: (03) (00)		: 06				
Sunflower seed		•	. 03 06	: 09				
Animal and vegetable oils, fats and greases		•	: 10	: 10				
Corn oil		: 09 10	: 03 06 09	:				
Cottonseed oil		: (03) (06)	: (06) 09	•				
Soybean oil		: 03 06 09 10	1	: 06				
Other vegetable oils		:	: (03) (06)	: (03) (06) 10				
Animal and marine-animal oils		: (06) 08 09 10	: 10	:				
Shortening and cooking oils		1	: 03 06 09	. 06 09 10				
Natural gums and resins, except pine gum		•	:					
Edible preparations	··· ···	•	:					
Bakery products, except bread		:	:	-				
Bread made with yeast as the leavening	1	:	:					
substance	1	:	:	: 09 10				
Cereal breakfast foods	1	:	: 06	: 06				
Chewing gum	03 06	: 03 06	:	: (03) (06) 10				
Macaroni, noodles, vermicelli, and similar	1	:	:	:				
ailmentary pastes		:	:	: 03 06 09				
Sauces		:	:	:				
Soups	:	:	:	:				
Edible preparations, not specially provided for	8	:	:	: 10				
Animal feeds, and ingredients therefor		:	:	:				
Naval stores	: (03) 09	: (03) 09	:	:				
Miscellaneous vegetable products	1	:	:	:				
Cut flowers, fresh; bouquets, wreaths, sprays,	8	:	:	:				
or similar articles made from such flowers		:	:	:				
or other fresh plant parts		: 03	:	:				
Hops, hop extract, and lupulin		: 09	: (03) 09	:				
Tonka and vanilla beans		: 03 06	:	:				
Miscellaneous vegetable products	:	:	:	:				

## Table 5.--Summary of trade-monitoring gates triggered for selected commodity groups, April-June 1982

# Forest Products 1/

The United States posted a small surplus of \$13 million in the forest products sector in the first half of 1982, compared with a deficit of \$213 million in the corresponding period of 1981. Imports dropped from \$5.0 billion in the first half of 1981 to \$4.4 billion in the corresponding period of 1982; exports dropped from \$4.8 billion in the first half of 1981 to \$4.4 billion in the corresponding period of 1982.

In the second quarter of 1982, the United States ran a narrow trade deficit of \$60 million in the forest products sector. This was down from a \$111 million deficit posted in the second quarter of 1981 (table 6, fig. 2). Overall, imports and exports of forest products were down in the second quarter of 1982, compared with the corresponding period of 1981. A decrease in imports of wood products related to housing, coupled with a somewhat smaller drop in exports of paper products, contributed to the narrowed trade deficit posted in the second quarter of 1982. The primary factor contributing to the drop in forest products trade was the continuing business slump in both U.S. and foreign markets.

U.S. imports of forest products were down to \$2.3 billion 2/ in the second quarter of 1982 compared with \$2.6 billion in the corresponding period of 1981. There were no significant shifts in the source of imports. Canada accounted for 78 percent 3/ of U.S. forest product imports in both the second quarter of 1982 and the corresponding quarter of 1981. Imports from Canada were valued at \$1.8 billion in the second quarter of 1982, down from \$2.0billion in the corresponding period of 1981. The Canadian decrease accounted for the bulk of the almost \$250 million drop in U.S. forest product imports posted between the second quarter of 1981 and the second quarter of 1982. The decline in U.S. imports of forest products was the result of decreased demand domestically for building products (lumber and plywood) and wood pulp.

U.S. exports of forest products in the second quarter of 1982 were down to \$2.3 billion 4/ from \$2.5 billion in the corresponding quarter of 1981. There were no significant shifts in export markets. The EC, Japan, and Canada accounted for 58 percent of the U.S. exports of such products in the second quarter of 1982, compared with 61 percent in the corresponding period of 1981. The combined decrease in exports to the EC and Canada accounted for the bulk of the almost \$200 million drop in U.S. forest product exports posted between the second quarter of 1981 and the second quarter of 1982.

 $\overline{3}$ / All percentages are calculated on unrounded data.

<sup>1/</sup> Included here are the commodities classified in schedule 2 of the Tariff Schedules of the United States: Wood and wood products, paper and paper products, and printed matter.

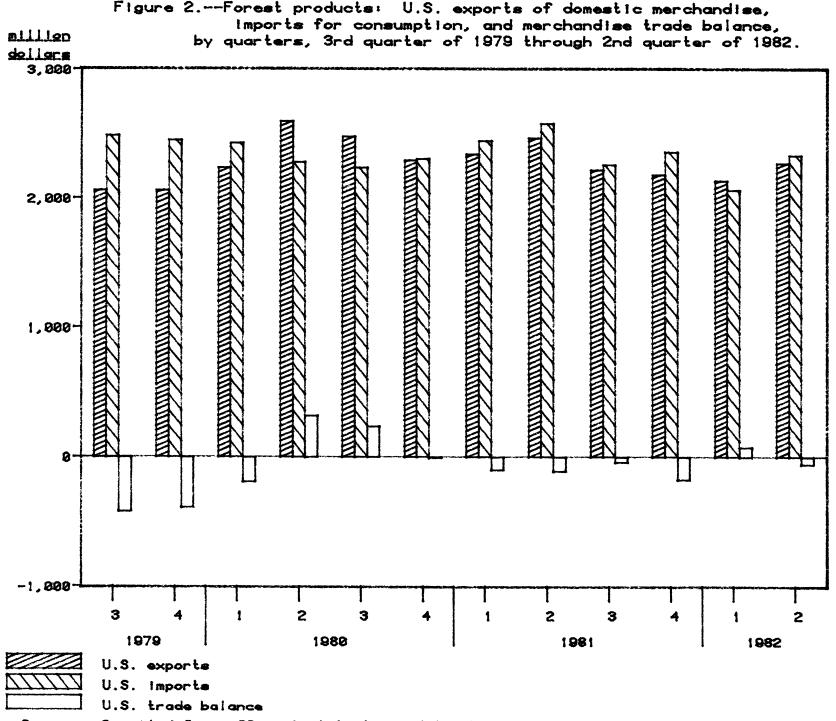
<sup>2/</sup> Value in country of origin.

<sup>4/</sup> Value f.a.s., U.S. port of export.

Table 6.--Forest products: U.S. exports of domestic merchandise, imports for consumption, and merchandise trade balance, by selected countries and country groups, 1981, January-June 1982, April-June 1981, and April-June 1982 1/ 2/

•••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••	:	January- :	April- :	April-
Item :	1981 :	June :	June :	June
	:	1982 :	1981 :	1982
:	:	:	:	
CANADA:	1 502 427.	669 201.	622 172.	226 00
JAPAN	1,583,437:	668,381:	432,173:	326,09
EC	1,901,365:	952,526:	446,817:	456,11
BRAZIL	2,109,205:	1,017,770:	621,011:	533,79
HONG KONG	41,993: 59,936:	21,423:	10,706:	13,28
	•	33,190:	13,861:	19,51
	27,082:	9,584:	4,701:	5,70
KOREA:	221,658:	114,347:	59,760:	60,36
MEXICO:	625,648:	306,166:	178,095:	163,56
TAIWAN:	101,747:	51,585:	26,120:	27,50
OPEC:	594,098:	293,115:	156,385:	151,68
NME 's:	248,889:	145,485:	70,063:	99,24
CHINA:	232,730:	139,028:	66,812:	95,67
A11 other:	1,702,515:	799,247:	450,132:	418,33
TOTAL:	9,217,577:	4,412,825:	2,469,830:	2,275,21
J.S. imports for consumption: :		:	:	
CANADA:	7,378,796:	- 3,439,793:	2,012,072:	1,823,07
JAPAN:	200,699:	89,120:	54,843:	49,74
EC:	445,597:	213,638:	108,855:	113,59
BRAZIL:	145,830:	54,302:	34,549:	29,43
HONG KONG:	65,126:	27,214:	14,077:	13,94
	7,672:	3,462:	1,575:	1,62
KOREA:	165,911:	59,197:	50,252:	28,74
MEXICO:	190,057:	96,861:	48,591:	55,93
TAIWAN:	320,371:	114,768:	83,163:	63,99
OPEC:	44,710:	21,965:	9,294:	10,03
NME's:	88,383:	43,547:	20,499:	21,24
CHINA:	71,632:	37,373:	16,877:	18,32
All other:	594,044:	235,723:	142,753:	123,83
TOTAL:	9,647,202:	4,399,596:	2,580,527:	2,335,21
J.S. merchandise trade balance: :	r 707 970		:	1 /0/ 07
CANADA:	-5,795,359:	-2,771,411:	-1,579,898:	-1,496,97
JAPAN:	1,700,665:	863,405:	391,973:	406,36
EC:	1,663,607:	804,131:	512,156:	420,19
BRAZIL:	-103,836:	-32,878:	-23,843:	-16,15
HONG KONG:	-5,189:	5,976:	-215:	5,56
INDIA:	19,409:	6,122:	3,125:	4,08
KOREA:	55,747:	55,149:	9,508:	31,62
	435,590:	209,305:	129,503:	107,62
MEXICO:	-218,624:	-63,183:	-57,042:	-36,49
TAIWAN:	-210,024:			1/1 /5
TAIWAN: OPEC:	549,387:	271,149:	147,090:	141,05
TAIWAN: OPEC: NME's:		271,149: 101,937:	147,090: 49,564:	•
TAIWAN: OPEC:	549,387:	•	•	78,00
TAIWAN: OPEC: NME's:	549,387: 160,506:	101,937:	49,564:	141,65 78,00 77,35 294,50

 $\frac{1}{2}$  Import values are based on Customs value; export values are based on f.a.s. value, U.S. port of export.  $\frac{2}{2}$  Data provided for selected countries and country groups.



Source: Compiled from official statistics of the U.S. Department of Commerce.

The downward trend in U.S. exports was the result of decreased foreign demand for U.S. building products (lumber and plywood), wood pulp, and industrial paperboard used for packaging.

## Wood and wood products

In the wood and wood products area, imports totaled \$803 million in the second quarter of 1982, down 21 percent from \$1,022 million in the second quarter of 1981. Exports of wood and wood products on a comparable basis were \$747 million, down 7 percent from the \$800 million in the second quarter of 1981. Second quarter 1982 imports of wood and wood products exceeded exports by \$56 million.

The most significant import trade shifts in the wood and wood products area between the two quarters under review involved softwood lumber and hardwood veneer and plywood, which posted significant drops in imports. The continuing decline in U.S. housing starts, from 1.20 million units (on an annualized basis) in the second quarter of 1981 to 0.95 million units in the corresponding quarter of 1982, reduced the demand for softwood lumber and hardwood veneer and plywood (table 7). U.S. imports of softwood lumber, (virtually all of which are from Canada) were 2.4 billion board feet, valued at \$426 million, in the second quarter of 1982, representing a decline of 21 percent in value from the corresponding quarter of 1981 (2.8 billion board feet, valued at \$535 million). Hardwood veneer and plywood imports were valued at \$101 million in the second quarter of 1982, representing a decline of 36 percent in value from the corresponding quarter of 1981 level of \$158 million.

The depressed U.S. housing market adversely affected imports of other building products in addition to softwood lumber and hardwood veneer and plywood. Hardwood lumber imports were 46 million board feet, valued at \$24 million, in the second quarter of 1982, down 38 percent (in value) from the 74 million board feet, valued at \$38 million, imported in the second quarter of 1981; imports from Brazil showed the largest decline (40 percent in value). Second quarter 1982 wood siding imports dropped 22 percent (in value) to 27 million board feet, valued at \$14 million, from the 34 million board feet, valued at \$18 million, in the second quarter of 1981. Second quarter 1982 imports of wood shingles and shakes were 0.9 million squares, a 16-percent drop from 1.1 million squares in the second quarter of 1981 (the value dropped 29 percent, from \$42 million to \$30 million).

The most significant export trade shifts in the wood and wood products area involved softwood veneer and plywood and railroad ties. Softwood veneer and plywood exports were valued at \$33 million in the second quarter of 1982, down 48 percent from the \$63 million in the second quarter of 1981. Most of the decrease in U.S. exports was to the EC and Canada which also experienced a housing slump.

Fred Ruggles 724-1766

## Paper, paperboard, and printed matter

U.S. imports of paper, paperboard, and printed matter totaled \$1.5 billion in the second quarter of 1982, down 2 percent from the \$1.6 billion in the second quarter of 1981. Exports of the same products were \$1.5 billion in the second quarter of 1982, down 8 percent from \$1.7 billion in the second quarter of 1981. Second quarter 1982 imports of paper, paperboard, and printed matter exceeded exports by almost \$4 million.

Virtually all paper, paperboard, and printed matter export categories showed declines in the second quarter of 1982 compared with the corresponding period of 1981. The drop in exports was the result of a business slump in foreign markets which decreased the demand for paper and packaging material. The only gain in exports was in the area of miscellaneous books, which increased 13 percent to \$174 million in the second quarter of 1982, from \$155 million in the corresponding period of 1981.

The largest decline in exports was in the category of industrial paperboard, which dropped 17 percent, from \$342 million in the second quarter of 1981 to \$283 million in the corresponding period of 1982. This decrease was largely attributable to a 23-percent decrease in exports of containerboard (Kraft linerboard), which dropped from \$192 million in the second quarter of 1981 to \$149 million in the second quarter of 1982.

Exports of wood pulp decreased substantially, dropping 11 percent from \$479 million in the second quarter of 1981 to \$428 million in the corresponding period of 1982. The volume of exports of wood pulp dropped 7 percent from 1,049,000 short tons in the second quarter of 1981, compared with 976,000 short tons in the second quarter of 1982.

A large decline in the value of imports of wood pulp was partially offset by an increase in the value of imports of fine papers and industrial papers. Imports of wood pulp decreased 15 percent to \$388 million in the second quarter of 1982, down from \$456 million in the second quarter of 1981. Over 93 percent of the decline in wood pulp imports can be attributed to sharp declines in chemical wood pulp (used in the manufacture of packaging material) which fell 15 percent from \$422 million in the second quarter of 1981 to \$359 million in the second quarter of 1982.

A modest increase in the value of imports of fine papers, was fueled by an increase in imports of newsprint, up just over 1 percent from \$713 million in the second quarter of 1981 to \$723 million in the second quarter of 1982. Overall imports of fine paper increased 3 percent, up from \$838 million in the second quarter of 1981 to \$861 million in the second quarter of 1982.

Imports of industrial papers increased the sharpest, up from \$100 million in the second quarter of 1981 to \$112 million in the same quarter of 1982.

> Tom Westcot 724-0095

Commodity area	2nd quarter: 1982 :	Previous quarter	<pre>:Percent: :change : : from :</pre>		∶change ∶	1980	1981
	: : : : : : (1) :		: (2) to : : (1) : : (3) :		: from : :(4) to : : (1) : : (5) :	: : :	
	:		: :		: :	:	
Rough wood products : Imports:	:				: :	:	
Value (1,000 dollars):	•	50,443	42:	82,944	- 14:	283,458	275,940
Value (1,000 dollars)	388,475:	393,268	-1:	353,232	10:	2,060,362	1,480,478
Imports: :	21,316:	20,159	: :	19,139	: :	127,503:	101,120
Value (1,000 dollars)	5,391:	4,360		4,647		20,153	19,690
Quantity (m. board feet): Value (1,000 dollars):	702,134: 308,682:	744,646 315,833	-6:	564,836	: 24:	3,260,913: 1,581,055:	2,534,224
Softwood logs : Imports:	:	0.0,000		200,201	: :	:,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	.,,.
Quantity (m. board feet)	17,652: 4,742:	16,821 3,579				114,060: 17,349:	87,576 16,975
Exports: Quantity (m. board feet):	: 676,901;	718,290	: : ): -6:	534,932	: : : 27:	; 3,109,108;	2,377,099
Value (1,000 dollars): Hardwood logs :	282,339: :	293,571	1: -4: : :	237,575	: 19: : :	1,451,691:	1,002,847
Imports: quantity (m. board feat):	: 3,664:	3,338				: 13,443:	13,544
Value (1,000 dollars): Exports:	:	780	: :		: :	2,804:	2,714
Quantity (m. board feet)	25,233: 26,342:	26,356 22,262				151,805: 129,364:	157,125 91,867
Lumber : Imports:	:		: :		: :	:	
Augustity (m board foot)	2,497,465:	1,639,460	· · · ·	2,883,572	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	9,785,735:	9,442,559
Quantity (m. board feet): Value (1,000 dollars): Exports:	:	302,306		594,659		1,973,085:	1,913,238
Quantity (m. board feet)	553,240: 227,429:	506,095 207,575				2,365,474: 1,026,601:	2,317,317
Softwood lumber : Imports:	:		: :		: :	:	
Quantity (m. board feet) Value (1,000 dollars): Exports:	:	1,565,196 265,970		535,462		9,388,392: 1,764,600: :	9,034,388 1,697,067
Quantity (m. board feet): Value (1,000 dollars):	454,006: 165,825:	412,762 149,926	2: 10:	527,047 180,501	: -14:	1,977,364: 780,913:	1,903,809 655,543

1/ Import values are based on Customs value; export values are based on f.a.s. value, U.S. port of export.

	: 2nd quarter: : 1982 : : :	quarter	<pre>Percent: change : from :</pre>		<pre>Percent: change : from :</pre>	: 1980 : :	1981
Commodity area	: (1)		:(2) to : : (1) : : (3) : : :		:(4) to : : (1) : : (5) : : :	; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ;	(7)
Hardwood lumber	: :		: :		: :	:	
Imports:			: :		: :		
Ousphility (m. board feat)	45,846:	51,063	: -10:	73,948	: -38:	279,110:	279,577
Value (1,000 dollars)	-: 23,909:	23,770				135,964:	143,358
Exports:	• •	20,110	: :		: :	:05,701	
Quantity (m. board feet)	. 92,721:	86,120	: 8:	105,828	: -12:	358,795:	381,481
Value (1.000 dollars)	-: 59,761:	55,761				236,306:	243,025
Millwork	1 5777010	22,701	: :	00,000	: :	230,300	273,023
Twosphet			: :		: :	:	
Value (1,000 dollars)	22,199:	20,058	: 11:	26,673	: -17:	88,668:	99,342
Eveentet	• •	20,050	: :	20,075	: :		77, 342
Value (1,000 dollars)	.: 8,963:	10,371	: -14:	11,843	: -24:	31,346:	43,043
Miscellaneous wood manufactures	: 0,705	10,371		11,045	: 27.	51,540.	-3,0-3
Tmoontet						•	
Value (1,000 dollars)	·	103,131	: 6:	121,921	- 10:	486,662:	504,910
Eventet		103,131	• • •	121,721	- 10.	400,002.	204,910
Value (1,000 dollars)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	48,466	: 3:	65,412	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	266,296:	000 74/
Professional de la devilation de la companya de la	- 49,984	48,400	• • • •	05,412	-24:	266,296	229,316
Prefabricated buildings						•	
Imports: Value (1,000 dollars)				o (			
Value (1,000 dollars)	• 1,115:	1,912	: -42:	2,487	-55:	7,154:	13,199
Exports: Value (1,000 dollars)		44 304		07 075	• • • •	:	
Value (1,000 dollars)	-: 13,036:	14,321				107,190:	72,568
Plywood and building boards	:		: :		: :	:	
Imports: Value (1,000 dollars)			: :		: :		
Value (1,000 dollars)	-: 133,966:	104,768			: -32:	612,477:	688,797
Exports: Value (1,000 dollars)	:		: :		: :	• • • • • • •	
Value (1,000 dollars)	-: 72,433:	69,849				294,774:	365,347
Hardwood veneer and plywood	: :		: :		: :	:	
Imports:	:		: :		: :	:	
Value (1,000 dollars)	-: 100,929:	83,616			: -36:	479,755:	551,767
Exports:	: :		: :		: :	:	
Value (1,000 dollars)	-: 23,259:	18,741			: -14:	119,010:	91,305
Softwood veneer and plywood	: :		: :		: :	:	
Imports:	: :		: :		: :	:	
Value (1,000 dollars)	-: 5,130:	3,477	: 48:	4,877	: 5:	24,386:	17,294
Exports:	: :		: :		: :	:	
Value (1,000 dollars)	-: 32,740:	36,388	: -10:	63,440	: -48:	113,986:	189,726
Particle board	: :		: :		: :	:	
Imports:	: :		: :		: :	:	
Quantity (1,000 M. square feet)	-: 118:					457:	44(
Value (1,000 dollars)	-: 13,895:	7,419	: 87:	18,145	: -23:	59,185:	60,099
Exports:	: :		: :		: :	:	
Quantity (1,000 M. square feet)	-: 24:	18	: 34:	43	: -43:	127:	139
Value (1,000 dollars)	-: 6,084:	4,543	: 34:	11,948	: -49:	25,814:	34,942
	:		: :		: :	•	

Table 7.--Quarterly and annual data on U.S. imports and exports for selected commodity groups

: :		arter :change :		2nd quarter:Percent: 1981 :change :		1981
: : : : : (1) :	(2)	: from : :(2) to : : (1) : : (3) :		: from : :(4) to : : (1) : : (5) :	(6)	(7)
						ξ(
		: :		: :		*
-: 895;	876	: 2:	1,058	: -15:	4,050:	4,086
-: 387,942:						1,764,288
: :		: :		: :	:	
-: 976:	868	: 12:	1,049	: -7:	3,953:	3,809
-: 428,243:	389,136	: 10:	479,267	: -11:	1,744,705:	1,746,505
: :		: :		: :	:	
:		: :		: :	:	
-: 32:				-		122
-: 5,729:	5,734		6,496		24,920:	23,769
	(	• •	(		:	• • • •
						2,212
64,6/3	20,42/	• • • • •	/4,104		322,194:	268,525
• •		• •		• •	•	
-: 83.172:	53 563	. 55:	71.412	: 16:	296 587:	280,689
-: 9,521:						34,851
:	0,203		,,,,,,,,	: :	31,500:	54,051
-: 6.813:	8.296	- 18 :	7,820	: -13:	46.751:	34,171
-: 1,739:						8,311
: :		: :		: :	:	
: :		: :		: :	:	
-: 33,147:		•			170,962:	187,101
-: 4,873:	5,610	-13:	8,474		24,865:	27,587
: :		: :		: :	:	
-: 1,443,815:						5,821,777
-: 283,149:	266,764	6:	341,615	- 17 :	1,298,731:	1,225,001
					:	
:			7/ 454			0/ 770
10,044-						96,338 12,071
1,050.	1,402		4,3//		11,339.	12,071
-: 1 010 207:	861 567		1 169 636		5 100 206:	3,982,545
-: 148.796:						669,160
r: 140,770	1337441	: :	172,130	: :	; , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	007,100
:		: :		: :	:	
: :		: :		: :	:	
-: 861,405:	863,375	i: 0:	837,684	: 3:	3,140,867:	3,326,531
: :		: :		: :	•	
-: 171,331:	169,256	. 1:	200,214	: -14:	646,845:	752,716
	: : : : : : : : : : : : : :	$\begin{array}{c} & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & &$	$\begin{array}{c} & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & &$	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$

	2nd quarter: 1982 :	quarter	:Percent: :change : : from :		Percent: change : from :	1980	: 1981
Commodity area	:		:(2) to :		:(4) to :		:
	:		$(1)^{-1}$		: (1) :		:
:	(1) :	(2)	: (3) :	(4)	: (5) : : :	(6)	: (7)
Newsprint			: :		: :		:
Imports:					••••		•
0uantity (1,000 short tons)	1,692:	1,717	: -1:	1,773	: -5:	7,279	6,977
Value (1,000 dollars):	722,577:					.,	
Fxports:	:		: :	1.27033	: :	2,001,000	:
Aughtity (1,000 short tons)	330.047.766:	345.006.344	: -4:	235,752,632	: 40:	699.461.528	:1081,797,648
Value (1,000 dollars):	38,726:	41,958					
Wallpaper	: :	1.7720	: :		::		:
Imoorts:	:		: :		: :		:
Aughtity (1 000 pounds)	10.109:	9,720	: 4:	11,835	: -15:	38,765	: 43.337
Value (1,000 dollars):	23.013:						
Exports:	:	,	: -:		: :		:
Quantity (1,000 pounds):	1.606:	1,535	: 5:	2,230	: -28:	8,405	: 7,048
Value (1,000 dollars):	3,074:	3,151	<b>;</b> −2:	3,958	: -22:	14,011	: 13,534
Albums			: -:		: :		:
Imports:	:		: :		: :		:
Quantity (1,000 pieces)	6,372:	8,774	: -27:	7,289	: -13:	24,757	: 27,713
Value (1,000 dollars):	5,709:	6,821	: -16:	6,145	: -7:	19,308	: 23,784
Exports:	:		: :		: :		:
Quantity (1,000 pieces)	827:	724	: 14:	853	: -3:	6,546	: 4,301
Value (1,000 dollars)	2,539:	765	: 232:	1,159	: 119:	5,608	: 8,171
Industrial papers, packaging and miscellaneous	:		: :		: :		:
papers	: :		: :		: :		:
Imports:	: :		: :		: :	1	:
Value (1,000 dollars)	: 111,653:	85,120	: 31:	99,937	: 12:	294,872	: 382,313
Exports:	: 5		: :		: :		:
Value (1,000 dollars)	225,254:	211,256	: 7:	233,695	: -4:	795,672	: 875,433
Boxes (light and heavy containers; bags)	: :		: :		: :		:
Imports:	: :		: :		: :	1	:
Quantity (1,000 pounds)	7,714:						
Value (1,000 dollars)	8,554:	5,994	: 43:	4,423	: 93:	16,824	: 20,031
Exports: :	: :		: :		: :		:
Quantity (1,000 pounds)	63,895:						
Value (1,000 dollars)	30,220:	28,633	-		: - 17 :	104,703	: 130,444
Miscellaneous books	: :		: :		: :		:
Imports:	:		:		: :		:
Quantity (1,000 pieces)	69,858:						
Value (1,000 dollars)	69,361:	62,074					: 286,456
Exports:	:		: :		•		:
Quantity (1,000 pieces)	87,502:						
Value (1,000 dollars)	: 174,366:	145,396	: 20:	154,963	: 13:	503,575	: 592,351

\*

Table 7.--Quarterly and annual data on U.S. imports and exports for selected commodity groups

	2nd quarter: 1982 :		:Percent: :change :		:Percent: :change :	: 1980	1981
Commodity area		•	: from : :(2) to :		: from : :(4) to :	:	.,
Commodity area	(1) :	(2)	: (1) : : (3) : : :	(4)	: (1) : : (5) : : :	(6) :	(7)
Printed matter	•		: :		: :	:	
Imports: Value (1,000 dollars)	81,315:	73,392	: :	78,307	: :	: 306,557:	319,176
Exports: Value (1,000 dollars): Newspapers	178,968:	167,586	: 7:	183,443	· -2:	608,357: :	722,801
Imports: Value (1,000 dollars):	15,496:	14,397	: : 8:	12,327	: 26:	: 34,925:	50,517
Exports: Value (1,000 dollars) Periodicals	2,992:	3,106	-4:	2,805	· 7:	10,057:	10,930
Imports: Value (1,000 dollars):	: 12,269:	9,968	: : : 23:	13,217	: : : -7:	: 67,193:	51,947
Exports: Value (1,000 dollars): Decalcomanias	93,898:	90,241	: : 4:	91,356	3:	: 312,029: :	363,472
Imports: Quantity (1,000 pounds):		80	: -5:	97	: :	5,660:	383
Value (1,000 dollars): Exports:	1,385:	1,604				23,949:	6,365
Quantity (1,000 pounds) Value (1,000 dollars)	472: 2,931:	651 3,092				3,259: 14,831:	3,730 17,087

Table 7.--Quarterly and annual data on U.S. imports and exports for selected commodity groups

Commodity area		Imports in	Exports in			
	Previous quarter	: Corresponding : quarter : previous year	: Previous : quarter	: Corresponding : quarter : previous year		
Rough wood products	: 	:	•	•		
Logs		: 04	:	: 04 09		
Softwood logs		: 01 04	•	: 04 09		
Hardwood logs		: (04)	: 07	: (04)		
Lumber		: (01) (04)	:	: (04)		
Softwood lumber		: (01) (04)	: 04	: (04)		
Hardwood lumber		: (01) (04)	:	: (04)		
Millwork		:	:	: (01)		
Miscellaneous wood manufactures	• :	:	:	: (01) 09		
Prefabricated buildings		: (01)	: 10	: (01) 09 10		
Plywood and building boards	·: 01	: (01)	:	: (01)		
Hardwood veneer and plywood	. 01	: (01)	: 01	:		
Softwood veneer and plywood	•: 01	:	:	: (01)		
Particle board	.: 01 04	: (01)	: 01 04	: (01) (04)		
Wood pulp	•:	: (04)	: (04)	:		
Waste paper		:	: 04	: 04 (07)		
Building papers		: 04	: (01) (04)	: (01) (04)		
Industrial paperboard	•:	: (01) (04)	: 04	: (04)		
Containerboard (Kraft linerboard)	: 01 04	: (01) (04)	: 04	: (01) (04)		
Fine papers (printing, writing, and specialty paper items)	:	:	:	:		
Newsprint	•:	:	:	: 01 04 09		
Wallpaper	•:	: (04)	:	: (01) (04)		
Albums	•: (04)	: (04)	: 01 04 07 09 10	: 01 07 09		
Industrial papers, packaging and miscellaneous papers	: 01	: : :	:	:		
Boxes (light and heavy containers; bags)		: 01 04	:	: (04)		
Miscellaneous books		: 04	: 01 04	: Ò4		
Printed matter		:	:	:		
Newspapers		: 01	:	:		
Periodicals	•: 01	:	:	:		
Decalcomanias	-:	: (04)	: (04) 07	: (01) (04) 07		

Table 8.--Summary of trade-monitoring gates triggered for selected commodity groups, April-June 1982

# Textiles, Apparel, and Footwear 1/

The trade deficit for the textile and apparel sector increased significantly from \$322 million in the first half of 1981 to \$1.6 billion in the corresponding period of 1982 (table 9, fig. 3). Apparel accounted for the bulk of the deficit, increasing to \$3.2 billion in the first half of 1982 from \$2.6 billion in the corresponding period of 1981, or by about 23 percent. Although the trade balance for textile mill products declined from about \$950 million in the first half of 1981 to almost \$700 million in the corresponding period of 1982, it remained in a surplus position.

Trade in the second quarter in textiles and apparel was marked by a deficit of \$970 million in 1982--more than double the corresponding period of 1981. Imports increased approximately 7 percent, from \$2.6 billion to \$2.7 billion, whereas exports decreased about 17 percent, from \$2.1 billion to \$1.8 billion. Imports of textiles and apparel from China increased 35 percent, from \$136 million in the second quarter of 1981 to \$183 million in the corresponding period of 1982; exports to China decreased significantly-about 47 percent--from \$182 million to \$97 million.

U.S. trade in footwear was marked by a deficit of \$1.6 billion in the first half of 1982, representing an increase of almost 7 percent when compared with the deficit for the corresponding period of 1981 (table 10, fig. 4). In the 1982 period, nonrubber footwear accounted for almost 90 percent of the total footwear deficit.

The footwear trade deficit during the second quarter of 1982 increased about 10 percent, to \$726 million compared with the corresponding period of 1981. Imports increased about 8 percent, from \$699 million in the second quarter of 1981 to \$755 million in the corresponding period of 1982, and exports decreased about 27 percent, from \$41 million to \$30 million. Imports of footwear from Korea and the European Community provided the largest increases; exports to Canada and the European Community experienced the largest decreases.

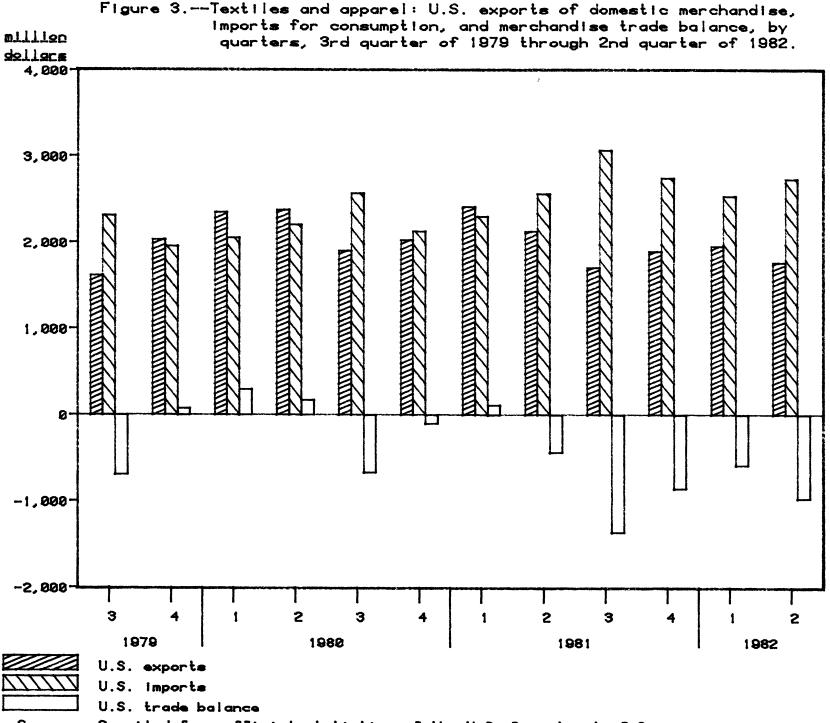
The textile, apparel, and footwear items that showed the most significant increase in imports in the second quarter of 1982 compared with those of the corresponding period of 1981 were towels, women's knit shirts and blouses, women's suits, men's and boys' shirts, men's and boys' trousers, and footwear. Fibers and broadwoven fabrics showed the most significant decrease. Significant export increases took place in raw cotton, whereas exports of manmade fibers, broadwoven fabrics, and coated, filled, or laminated fabrics declined.

1/ Included here are the commodities classified in the following portions of the Tariff Schedules of the United States: schedule 3 (Textile fibers and textile products), and parts 1(A), 1(B), 1(C), 12(C(pt.)), 12(D(pt.)), and 13(B) of schedule 7 (Specified products; miscellaneous and nonenumerated products).

$\begin{tabular}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	******	•	January- :	April- :	April-
1. S. exports of domestic merchandise:       :	Item :	1981 :	June :	June :	June
1.5. exports of domestic merchandise:       i       i       i       i         CANADA	:	:	1982 :		1982
CANDA		•	:	:	
JAPAN       723 489:       413 672:       167,547:       187,         EC       1329 910:       631 208:       34,874:       314,         BRAZIL       204 663:       80,410:       66,114:       37,         HONG KONG       204 663:       80,410:       66,114:       37,         KOREA       204 663:       80,410:       66,114:       37,         KOREA       204 697:       6,601:       66,144:       37,         KOREA       204 697:       6,601:       66,144:       37,         KOREA       204 897:       164,473:       174,553:       128,         MEXITO       608:       211:       164,473:       174,453:       128,         MEXITO       101:913:       181,911:       51,990:       90,       90,         OFEC       61,898:       330,028:       174,429:       174,         MHE's       1,074,978:       335,991:       182,414:       97,         All other       107,742:       37,266:       37,240:       174,593:       360,393,         JAPAN       101:50:       37,830:       39,       182,414:       97,         CANDA       115,021:       58,215:       29,328:       29,		019 730.	345 504.	· 251 552.	170 /7
EC       :       1, 229, 910: $631, 208:$ $349, 874:$ $314,$ BRAZIL       :       33, 472:       14, 219: $6, 354:$ 7,         HORG KONO       :       204, 623:       80, 410: $66, 144:$ 37,         KOREA       :       30, 487: $6.601:$ $6.791:$ $2,$ KOREA       :       408, 321: $164, 473:$ $114, 421:$ $77,$ TATMAN       :       161, 915: $181, 911:$ $51, 900:$ $90,$ OPEC       :       :       :       (611, 898: $330, 028:$ $177, 429:$ $174,$ NHE 's       :		•	•	•	
BRAZIL         33,472:         14,219:         6,334:         7,7           HONG KONG         204,623:         80,410:         66,314:         37,7           HONG KONG         30,487:         6,601:         6,791:         2,           KOREA         400,321:         164,473:         114,421:         77,           TATUAN         613,986:         30,028:         173,429:         174,           NHE*         -         1,074,978:         335,399:         182,414:         97,           All other         2,059,079:         932,893:         565,661:         471,         170,718:         176,467:         192,           LS. Imports for consumption:         :         :         :         :         16,954:         74,150:         37,830:         39,           HONG KONC         :         1,37,786:         564; 751:         448,1600:         464,			•	•	
HORE KONC       204 (22):       80 (410):       66 (144:       37,         INDIA       30, 487:       6, 601:       6, 791:       2,         INDIA       30, 487:       6, 601:       6, 791:       2,         INDIA       30, 487:       6, 601:       6, 714:       17, 718:       17, 543:       128,         MEXICO       408, 321:       164, 473:       114, 421:       77,       718:       173, 429:       174,         NME's					31.4,27
INDIA       30,487:       6,601:       6,791:       2.         KOREA       543,594:       277,718:       174,431:       128,         MEXICO       408,321:       164,473:       114,421:       77,         TAIWAN       161,915:       181,911:       51,090:       90.         OFEC       11,128,201:       343,273:       201,935:       103,         CHINA       1,074,978:       335,399:       182,414:       97,         All other       2,059,079:       932,893:       565,681:       471,         TOTAL			•	•	7,38
KOREA       543,594:       277,718:       174,543:       128,         MEXICO					37,31
MEXICO       408, 321:       164, 473:       114, 421:       77,         TAIMAN       161, 915:       181, 911:       51, 090:       90,         OPEC       613, 898:       330, 028:       175, 429:       174,         NME *       1, 128, 201:       343, 273:       201, 935:       103,         CHINA       1, 128, 201:       343, 273:       201, 935:       103,         All other       2, 059, 079:       932, 893:       565, 681:       471,         TOTAL       776:       3,724, 006:       2, 131, 367:       1,766,         I.S. Imports for consumption:       16, 964:       74, 150:       37, 830:       39,         JAPAN       113, 798:       542, 533:       280, 108:       296,         EC       780, 148:       392, 999:       178, 467:       192,         BKAZTL       1133, 798:       542, 533:       280, 108:       296,         HOR KONG       2,037, 867:       954, 875:       448, 160:       464,         IND IA       345, 514:       122, 699:       364, 643:       391,         MK 160       345, 514:       123, 609:       364, 843:       392,         HOR KONG       1, 392, 593:       706, 690:       364, 843:					2,46
$ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $					128,89
OPEC			· · ·	•	77,96
NME*s       1,128;201:       345;273:       201,935:       103;         CHINA       1,074,978:       335,399:       182,414:       97,         All other       2,059,079:       932,893:       565,681:       471,         TOTAL       8,155,726:       3,724,006:       2,131,367:       1,766,         J.S. imports for consumption:       :       :       :       :         CANADA       166,964:       74,150:       37,830:       39,         JAPAN       166,964:       74,150:       37,830:       39,         JAPAN       113,798:       542,533:       280,108:       296,         BRAZUL       :       :       :       :       :       :         HONG KORC       :       <					90,32
CHINA					174,81
All other       :       2,059(079:       932,893:       565(681:       471,         TOTAL       :       :       8,155,726:       3,724,006:       2,131,367:       1,766,         .5. Imports for consumption:       :       :       :       :       :       :         CANADA       : </td <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>,</td> <td>103,56</td>				,	103,56
TOTAL				•	97,27
J.S. imports for consumption:       : <t< td=""><td>All other:</td><td>2,059,079:</td><td>932,893:</td><td>565,681:</td><td>471,72</td></t<>	All other:	2,059,079:	932,893:	565,681:	471,72
CANADA	TOTAL:	8,155,726:	3,724,006:	2,131,367:	1,766,71
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	J.S. imports for consumption: :	:	:	:	
$ \begin{array}{c} \text{EC} & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & &$	CANADA:	166,964:	74,150:	37,830:	39,69
BRAZIL	JAPAN:	780,148:	392,999:	178,467:	192,81
HONG KONG	EC;	1,133,798:	542,533:	280,108:	296,96
HONG KONG	BRAZIL:	115,021:	58,215:	29,328:	29,00
IND IA	HONG KONG:		,		464,64
KOREA				•	90,23
MEXICO		•		•	393,56
TAIWAN					65,51
OPEC			•		405,52
NME's					•
CHINA					
A11 other       1,986,520:       997,543:       479,988:       512,         TOTAL       :       10,691,221:       5,276,395:       2,567,869:       2,736,         J.S. merchandise trade balance:       :		•	•	•	
TOTAL			·	,	
J.S. merchandise trade balance:       :					
CANADA		10,091,221:	5,270,395:	2,007,009:	2,730,50
JAPAN				010 700	120 77
EC       196,112:       88,674:       69,766:       17,         BRAZIL:       -81,548:       -43,996:       -22,973:       -21,         HONG KONG:       -1,833,244:       -874,464:       -382,016:       -427,         INDIA:       -344,207:       -175,880:       -95,190:       -87,         KOREA:       -344,207:       -175,880:       21,518:       12,         MEXICO:       -343,007:       40,863:       21,518:       12,         TAIWAN:       -1,331,835:       -575,274:       -312,722:       -315,         OPEC:       526,265:       28,030:       153,190:       148,         NME's:       351,288:       -93,837:       33,729:       -115,         CHINA:       436,447:       -39,101:       46,477:       -85,         All other:       -72,558:       -64,649:       85,693:       -41,			-		130,77
BRAZIL		•	•	·	-5,30
HONG KONG					17,31
INDIA		•			-21,61
KOREA					-427,32
MEXICO       63,007:       40,863:       21,518:       12,         TAIWAN:       -1,331,835:       -575,274:       -312,722:       -315,         OPEC:       526,265:       283,030:       153,190:       148,         NME's:       351,288:       -93,837:       33,729:       -115,         CHINA:       436,447:       -39,101:       46,477:       -85,         All other:       72,558:       -64,649:       85,693:       -41,			-175,880:	-95,190:	-87,76
TAIWAN		•	-428,971:	·	-264,66
OPEC:       526,265:       283,030:       153,190:       148,         NME's:       351,288:       -93,837:       33,729:       -115,         CHINA:       436,447:       -39,101:       46,477:       -85,         All other:       72,558:       -64,649:       85,693:       -41,		•			12,44
NME's		-1,331,835:	-575,274:	-312,722:	-315,20
CHINA       436,447:       -39,101:       46,477:       -85,         All other       72,558:       -64,649:       85,693:       -41,		526,265:	283,030:	153,190:	148,26
CHINA       436,447:       -39,101:       46,477:       -85,         All other       72,558:       -64,649:       85,693:       -41,		351,288:	-93,837:	33,729:	-115,60
	CHINA:		-39,101:	46,477:	-85,68
TOTAL	All other:	72,558:	-64,649:	85,693:	-41,17
	TOTAL	-2,535,494:	-1,552,388:	-436,502:	-969,86

Table 9.--Textiles and apparel: U.S. exports of domestic merchandise, imports for consumption, and merchandise trade balance, by selected countries and country groups, 1981, January-June 1982, April-June 1981, and April-June 1982 1/ 2/

1/ Import values are based on Customs value; export values are based on f.a.s. value, U.S. port of export. 2/ Data provided for selected countries and country groups.



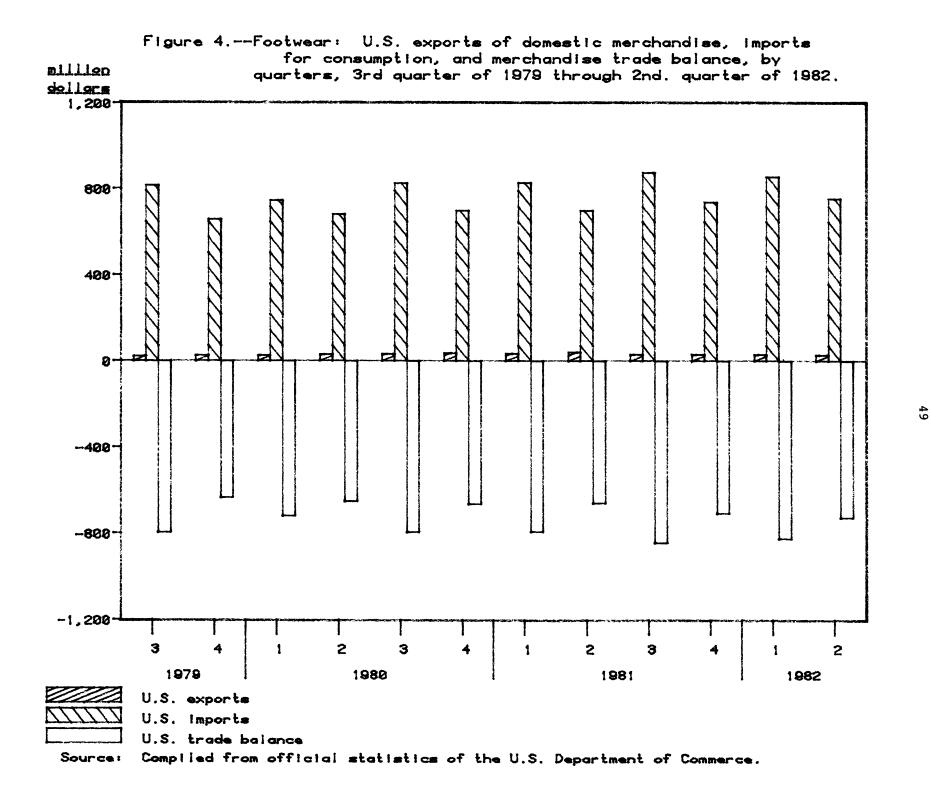
Source: Compiled from official statistics of the U.S. Department of Commerce.

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	:	ands of dollars)	January- :	April- :	April-	
Item		1981 :	June :	June :	June	
I L Cui	:	:	1982 :	1981 :	1982	
	:	:	:	:		
U.S. exports of domestic merchandise: CANADA	:	10 71(				
		20,716:	8,377:	6,552:	4,326	
JAPAN		20,273:	11,683:	5,862:	5,105	
EC		24,027:	10,036:	7,176:	5,014	
BRAZIL		400:	99:	49:	17	
HONG KONG		1,766:	756:	423:	408	
INDIA		146:	00:	00:	(	
KOREA		13:	48:	00:	26	
MEXICO		8,377:	3,420:	1,983:	1,910	
TAIWAN	:	120:	07:	48:	1	
OPEC	:	10,781:	6,403:	3,179:	2,842	
NME ' s	:	99:	117:	07:	101	
CHINA	:	00:	01:	00:	1	
All other	:	53,839:	20,440:	15,889:	10,049	
TOTAL		140,564:	61,391:	41,174:	29,810	
U.S. imports for consumption:	•		•=;•=•		,	
CANADA		21,555:	7,531:	4,222:	4,809	
JAPAN		24,608:	12,296:	6,570:	6,86	
EC		627,586:	385,848:	123,920:	159,940	
BRAZIL	-	357,354:	146,513:	77,582:	60,354	
HONG KONG	-	66,427:	34,043:	17,098:	15,045	
IND IA		•	•	•		
KOREA		7,950:	4,837:	1,595:	2,10	
		633,785:	326,166:	142,453:	175,32	
MEXICO		65,683:	27,731:	17,073:	13,888	
TAIWAN		861,057:	432,151:	192,007:	203,667	
OPEC		817:	91:	171:	54	
NME's		106,938:	51,328:	29,617:	29,237	
CHINA		38,669:	21,298:	13,244:	11,453	
All other		367,453:	183,419:	86,808:	84,19	
TOTAL	:	3,141,218:	1,611,959:	699,121:	755,48	
U.S. merchandise trade balance:	:	:	:	:		
CANADA		-839:	845:	2,330:	-482	
JAPAN		-4,334:	-612:	-708:	-1,75	
EC	:	-603,558:	-375,811:	-116,743:	-154,920	
BRAZIL		-356,954:	-146,414:	-77,532:	-60,33	
HONG KONG	:	-64,661:	-33,287:	-16,674:	-14,630	
INDIA	:	-7,803:	-4,837:	-1,595:	-2,101	
KOREA	:	-633,772:	-326,117:	-142,453:	-175,301	
MEXICO	:	-57,305:	-24,311:	-15,090:	-11,97	
TAIWAN	:	-860,936:	-432,143:	-191,958:	-203,66	
OPEC		9,964:	6,312:	3,008:	2,78	
NME's	-	-106,838:	-51,211:	-29,609:	-29,130	
CHINA		-38,669:	-21,297:	-13,244:	-11,45	
All other			•		-74,14	
		-313,613:	-162,979:	-70,919:		
TOTAL		-3,000,654:	-1,550,568:	-657,946:	-725,674	

Table 10.-Footwear: U.S. exports of domestic merchandise, imports for consumption, and merchandise trade balance, by selected countries and country groups, 1981, January-June 1982, April-June 1981, and April-June 1982 1/ 2/

 $\frac{1}{2}$  Import values are based on Customs value; export values are based on f.a.s. value, U.S. port of export.  $\frac{2}{2}$  Data provided for selected countries and country groups.



## Fibers and textiles

Both U.S. exports and imports of fibers and textile mill products (primarily yarns and broadwoven fabrics) declined and the positive trade balance in these products fell from \$951 million in the second quarter of 1981 to \$695 million in the corresponding period of 1982. U.S. exports of fibers and textile mill products dropped 16.8 percent, from \$1.6 billion in the second quarter of 1981 to \$1.4 billion in the second quarter of 1982; imports declined 2.6 percent, from \$676.2 million to \$658.3 million.

The values of both fiber imports and exports declined during the second quarter of 1982 compared with the corresponding quarter of 1981. The value of exports was down \$100 million and the value of imports was down approximately \$11.5 million.

Although spun yarn showed a small increase in imports, large declines occurred in fabric. Imports of spun yarn during January-June 1982 were \$9.2 million above imports for the corresponding period of 1981, whereas broadwoven fabrics declined by \$27.2 million. Exports of both spun yarn and broadwoven fabric declined during the period; spun yarn declined slightly by \$9.7 million, and broadwoven fabrics declined significantly by \$107.4 million.

<u>Raw cotton</u>.--Although the quantity of raw cotton exports during the second quarter of 1982 was significantly above the corresponding quarter of 1981, the price was well below that of the previous year due largely to the increased size of the U.S. crop. Because of this decline in price, the overall value of exports (\$514.8 million) was somewhat below the value for the corresponding period of 1981 (\$532.7 million). Japan and Taiwan accounted for the largest increases in quantity, with exports to Japan increasing 63 percent to 400,000 bales during the 1982 period, and those to Taiwan nearly tripling from 110,000 bales to 302,000 bales.

Mary Elizabeth Sweet 523-0394

Manmade fibers.--Imports and exports of manmade fibers declined in the second quarter of 1982 compared with the corresponding period of 1981. The decline in exports of manmade fibers has been concentrated in polyester fiber, down from \$105.7 million in the second quarter of 1981 to \$31.3 million in the corresponding quarter of 1982. Most of this was accounted for by reductions to China which, during this period in 1982, had ample domestic stocks to supply its mills. Manmade fiber imports were \$23.8 million in the second quarter of 1981 and \$17.3 million in 1982 while exports totaled \$240.9 million in 1981 and \$153.7 million in 1982. The drop in imports was chiefly in nylon fibers, which declined from \$9.2 million in the second quarter of 1981 to \$4.8 million in the corresponding period of 1982. This decline was due chiefly to reductions from the European Community whose prices for nylon fibers registered sharp increases between the two periods.

Rick Chiriaco 523-0109

<u>Broadwoven fabrics</u>.--Imports and exports of broadwoven fabrics in the second quarter of 1982 were below those in the corresponding period of 1981. Imports declined from \$379 million in the second quarter of 1981 to \$352 million in the second quarter of 1982, and exports declined from \$311 million to \$204 million during the corresponding period. Imports have declined in each of the past three quarters; exports have generally declined since the fourth quarter of 1980 and had a very sharp decline in the first quarter of 1982.

During the second quarter of 1982, cotton fabrics accounted for \$17 million of the \$27 million decline in broadwoven fabric imports from the corresponding quarter of 1981. Some of the sharpest declines in cotton fabric imports were in denims from Hong Kong and printcloth from Korea, Pakistan, and China.

Exports of cotton fabrics also declined, accounting for \$22 million of the \$107 million decline in total exports of broadwoven fabrics. Exports of the two largest volume cotton fabrics--denim and corduroy--show some indication of leveling off but are still far below the levels of 1980. Trade sources indicate that a resurgence in exports of corduroy may occur as the fashion cycle again boosts demand for this fabric in Europe. Demand for denim may also increase but exports are not expected to recover to former levels because of increased capacity to produce this fabric in Europe.

Exports of manmade fiber fabrics were down \$85 million from what they were in the second quarter of 1981, thereby accounting for most of the decrease in total exports of broadwoven fabrics. Exports of fabrics made of spun polyester dropped from \$70 million in the second quarter of 1981 to \$34 million in the corresponding quarter of 1982, or by more than 50 percent. Fabrics of polyester filament also declined, from \$46 million to \$25 million. Exports of these spun and filament polyester fabrics declined to nearly all countries, but the largest declines were in filament fabrics to China and in spun fabrics to Nigeria and the United Kingdom. China has built up stocks of filament fabrics from both imports and domestic production, reducing the need for imports to supply its apparel manufacturers.

In a few areas, U.S. exports were higher than in the corresponding period of 1981. Wool fabric exports increased \$9 million or by 32 percent, with Italy accounting for most of the increase. Exports of glass fabrics increased from \$5.0 million to \$7.5 with exports going chiefly to the U.S.S.R.

Joe Williams 523-5702

Machine clothing, of textile materials.--Exports of machine clothing of textile materials, which consists mostly of papermakers' felt, decreased from 10 million pounds, valued at \$25.6 million, in the second quarter of 1981 to 4 million pounds, valued at \$12.4 million, during the corresponding period of 1982. Papermaker's felt is a belt used to carry paper pulp through the manufacturing process. The overall decline of 60 percent in quantity and 52 percent in value can be attributed almost entirely to the decline in sales to Mexico, the major foreign market for U.S. exports of papermaker's felt. Mexico accounted for 63 percent of the total value in the second quarter of 1981 compared with 9 percent in the corresponding period of 1982. Two major factors have contributed to this decline in exports. Mexico began to expand their papermaking facilities in the second half of 1981 and began producing larger quantities of papermakers' felt to service that industry. In the meantime, Mexico's production of industrial paper products, such as boxes and containers, has recently declined due to smaller purchases by the United States and other countries as a result of the worldwide economic slump, reducing Mexican demand for papermakers' felt.

> C. Lee Cook 523-0348

<u>Coated, filled, or laminated fabrics</u>.--Exports of coated, filled, or laminated fabrics decreased from 41 million square yards, valued at \$74.3 million, in the second quarter of 1981 to 35 million square yards, valued at \$61.4 million, during the corresponding period of 1982. The overall decline of 15 percent in quantity and 18 percent in value can be attributed primarily to the drop in shipments to Canada, the major foreign market for U.S. exports of these fabrics. Much of the fabric exported to Canada is consumed in the automobile industry which has been declining for the past 2 years, resulting in lower demand. Other important markets such as the United Kingdom and Australia have purchased smaller quantities of these fabrics due to unfavorable worldwide economic conditions which have curtailed purchases of many of the products, such as upholstery fabrics, homefurnishings, and tarpaulins, that use coated, filled, or laminated fabrics.

> C. Lee Cook 523-0348

Towels.--U.S. imports of institutional and household towels in the second quarter of 1982 climbed 37 percent above those in the corresponding quarter of 1981, to a total of 58.2 million towels, valued at \$32.4 million. This growth stemmed primarily from higher imports from China, whose shipments rose more than 300 percent from last year's level to 18.5 million towels. China's shipments in the first half of 1982 are up 277 percent to 34.2 million towels, making China the largest supplier after Pakistan, whose shipments rose only 5 percent from last year's level, to a total of 25.3 million towels.

The expansion of China's shipments in the second quarter was accompanied by a 39-percent drop in the unit value of the towels from the level of a year earlier, to an average of \$0.30 each. This compares with \$0.47 each for towels from Pakistan and \$1.04 for those from all other countries. Most of the imports consisted of institutional towels where price plays the key role in their purchases.

Imports of shop towels (i.e., industrial wiping cloths) declined 26 percent from what they were in the second quarter of 1981 to a total of 19.9 million towels, valued at \$1.6 million (\$0.08 each), in the second quarter of 1982. The decline reflected smaller shipments from China, which supplied 88 percent of the imports in the quarter, and Hong Kong, whose shipments were down 85 percent.

On September 29, 1982, the U.S. International Trade Commission determined that there is a reasonable indication that an industry in the United States is threatened with material injury by reason of imports of cotton shop towels from China allegedly sold at less than fair value (i.e., dumped). It instituted the investigation (No. 731-TA-103 (Preliminary)) on August 26, 1982, following receipt of a petition from Milliken & Co., LaGrange, Ga., a producer of shop towels. The report on the investigation will be sent to the Department of Commerce, the administering authority which will determine whether the Chinese shop towels are being, or are likely to be, sold at less than fair value. Antidumping duties will be imposed only after Commerce finds the existence of dumping and the Commission, in a final determination, finds resultant injury.

> Marilyn Borsari 523-5703

#### Apparel

The U.S. apparel trade deficit, which reached a record \$6.2 billion in 1981, continued to widen in the second quarter of 1982, increasing 17 percent over that in the corresponding quarter of 1981. The deficit amounted to nearly \$1.7 billion in the 1982 quarter, as imports rose almost 10 percent to \$1.9 billion and exports fell 20 percent to \$269 million. The deficit so far this year is up 23 percent from what it was last year.

The deteriorating trade balance in the second quarter stemmed primarily from increased imports from the "Big Three" suppliers--Hong Kong, Taiwan, and Korea, whose shipments rose 9 percent from what they were last year to more than \$1.1 billion, and from China, whose shipments increased 48 percent to nearly \$128 million. This ran counter to widely held expectations earlier in the year that declining U.S. economic activity would reduce demand for imports, especially following the rapid expansion of shipments from the Big Three in the preceding quarter when they attempted to fill their 1981 quotas. 1/

On a product basis, notable shifts in trade were recorded in only a few items, particularly women's (including girls' and infants') suits and blouses and men's shirts and trousers. Significant increases were posted in imports of these items, with shirts and blouses being the largest apparel import items. Meanwhile, U.S. exports showed substantial declines, with men's shirts--the largest apparel export item--showing the steepest decline. The decline in exports so far this year largely stemmed from the weak economic activity abroad and from the strong position of the U.S. dollar, which made U.S. goods less price competitive in certain world markets, particularly the EC and Canada.

<sup>1/</sup> Because the quota year is based on the date of export from the foreign port, shipments entering in 1982 but exported in the preceding year are charged against 1981 quotas.

Women's knit shirts and blouses.--Imports of women's knit shirts and blouses increased 16 percent from 5.3 million dozen in the second quarter of 1981 to 6.2 million dozen in the corresponding period of 1982. The value of these imports rose 19 percent during the period from \$134 million to \$160 million. Hong Kong, Taiwan, Korea, and Singapore, the leading suppliers with three-fourths of the import market, generated all but a small part of the increase. China, with 2 percent of the import market, increased its shipments from 87,000 dozen, valued at \$1.1 million, in the second quarter of 1981 to 265,000 dozen, valued at \$3.9 million, in the corresponding period of 1982. The increase from these five countries was mainly in shipments of designer and branded sport and leisure shirts, which continued to register strong sales at retail.

> Philip J. Martello 523-5585

<u>Women's suits</u>.--U.S. imports of women's suits in the second quarter of 1982 more than doubled to \$17.5 million from \$8.1 million in the corresponding period of 1981. Imports in the first half of this year were up more than 100 percent to nearly \$35 million. Nearly two-thirds of the increased imports in the second quarter were supplied by Romania and Taiwan, the major suppliers. Shipments from Romania rose 127 percent during the period to \$4.6 million and those from Taiwan increased 246 percent to \$4.5 million. Their shipments consisted mostly of relatively low-priced suits made from woven fabrics of manmade fibers blended with reprocessed wool. These low-priced suits are part of the retail industry's promotion of the tailored look in women's fall fashions at affordable prices.

> Philip J. Martello 523-5585

Men's and boys' shirts.--Imports of men's and boys' shirts, which reached a record \$1.1 billion in 1981, totaled 8.1 million dozen, valued at \$312 million, in the second quarter of 1982, an increase of 16 percent from those in the second quarter of 1981. Exports, on the other hand, declined 47 percent, to a total of 1.0 million dozen, valued at \$26 million, resulting in a trade deficit of \$285 million.

The increase in shirt imports partly reflected orders placed abroad by retailers in late 1981 in anticipation of increased consumer demand in 1982. Although imports from most major suppliers in the second quarter of 1982 showed some increase from last year's levels, those from Taiwan posted the largest absolute gain. They increased by more than 500,000 dozen, or 44 percent, largely as a result of some U.S. importers switching their purchases from Korea, the major supplier. Korea's shipments of men's shirts were temporarily embargoed in late 1981, due to a problem in classifying dress and sport shirts. The export decline largely reflected a significant decrease in shipments to Western European countries, which together accounted for 57 percent of the total decrease. Approximately two-thirds of the exports consisted of cotton knit shirts, which decreased 61 percent from the second quarter of 1981 to the second quarter of 1982. The decline in exports to Western Europe was largely caused by the recession there, combined with the strength of the U.S. dollar.

> Jackie Worrell 523-0452

Men's and boys' trousers, slacks, and shorts.--U.S. imports of men's and boys' trousers, slacks, and shorts increased to 2.3 million dozen, valued at \$122 million, in the second quarter of 1982 from 2.1 million dozen, valued at \$116 million, in the second quarter of 1981. Imports of manmade-fiber trousers increased 44 percent during this period to 999,000 dozen, more than offsetting an 8-percent decline in imports of cotton trousers (mostly jeans) to 1.3 million dozen.

Price-competitive foreign suppliers were able to adapt quickly to a renewed interest in easy-care, dressier garments, contributing to the increased imports of manmade-fiber trousers. Taiwan and China accounted for 70 percent of these imports and most of the increase in shipments. A stagnant jeans market accounted for most of the decline in imports of cotton trousers, most of which was accounted for by the major suppliers, particularly Hong Kong and China which supplied about half the imports.

> Dennis Rudy 523-0142

#### Footwear

U.S. trade in nonrubber and rubber footwear continued to be marked by a deficit in the second quarter of 1982. The deficit in the period amounted to \$726 million compared with \$658 million in the year-earlier period. Imports increased from 160 million pairs, valued at \$699 million, to 175 million, valued at \$755 million, whereas exports dropped from 3.7 million pairs, valued at \$41 million, to 3.0 million pairs, valued at \$29.8 million.

In the second quarter of 1982, imports of nonrubber footwear continued to increase as imports of rubber footwear declined. During the period, U.S. imports of nonrubber footwear totaled 118 million pairs, valued at \$668 million, representing a 9-percent increase in volume, and a 33-percent increase in value over the corresponding period of 1981. The major sources accounting for the gain were Taiwan, Korea, and Italy. These increased shipments combined with a 15-percent decrease in U.S. production resulted in imports continuing to capture over 60 percent of the domestic market. Imports of rubber footwear in the second quarter of 1982 were 36 million pairs, valued at \$84 million, a drop of 29 percent in volume, and 57 percent in value over what they were a year earlier. A significant shift from rubber to nonrubber footwear is now occurring on shipments from Taiwan and Korea, generally believed to be the result of the repeal of the American selling price (ASP) method of valuation and the expiration of the Orderly Marketing Agreements. These two countries together increased their shipments of nonrubber footwear by 40 million pairs in the second quarter of this year compared with the corresponding period of last year, whereas their shipments of rubber footwear were down by 15 million pairs.

> J. Gail Burns 523-0200

:	2nd quarter: 1982 :	Previous quarter	<pre>Percent: change : from :</pre>		:Percent: :change : : from :	: 1980 :	1981
Commodity area	(1)	(2)	:(2) to : : (1) : : (3) :		:(4) to : : (1) : : (5) :	(6)	(7)
······································	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		÷		÷;	÷	
Raw fibers:	:		: :		: :	:	
Cotton : Imports: :			• •		• •	•	
Quantity (1,000 pounds):	10,133:	706	· 1,334:	10	: 51,383:	7,592:	8,195
Value (1,000 dollars):	6,403:	680			: 48,610:	3,552:	5,529
Exports:	0,403.	000	. 071.		: 40,010:	3,552.	2,227
Quantity (1,000 pounds):	836,151:	1,152,583	· -27:	645,016		4,019,472:	2,797,320
Value (1,000 dollars):	514,792:	751,260				2,864,150:	2,259,978
Wool and fine animal hair:	514,772.	751,200		552,777	: :	2,004,100	2,237,770
Imports:	•						
Aughtity (1 000 pounds)	18.017:	21,637	• •	21,938	: -18:	58,329:	77,505
Value (1,000 dollars):	36,757:	49,087				115,775:	163,322
Exports:	30,737	47,007	: 25:		: :	:	103,322
Aughtity (1,000 pounds)	3,206:	1,306	•			6,931:	7,923
Value (1,000 dollars):	13,807:	6,302				25,111:	38,863
Man-made fibers:	13,0071	0,502			: :	23,111	30,003
Imports:	:		: :				
$\hat{O}$ upstity (1 000 pounds)====================================	17,056:	17,883	-	23,971	: -29:	57,542;	97,880
Value (1,000 dollars):	17,287:	18,024				60,691:	92,512
Exports:	17,207	10,024	: :		: :		72,512
Quantity (1,000 pounds):			: 0:		: 0:		
Value (1,000 dollars):	153,714:	202,251	•		•	841,931:	938,025
Noncellulosic man-made fibers	123,714		: :	210,700	: :		,30,023
Imports:							
Quantity (1.000 pounds)	14,365:	13.987	: 3:	19,968	: -28:	47,214:	81,092
Value (1,000 dollars):	15,012:	14,998		20,912		49,776:	79,771
Exports:	:	14)//0	: :		: :	+/)//0:	~ ~ , ~ ~ ~
Quantity (1,000 pounds):			: 0:		: 0:		
Value (1,000 dollars):	111,791:	158,991	-		-	692,109:	764,875
Cellulosic man-made fibers	111,777		: :	.,.,	: :	572,1071	
Imports:	:		: :		: :	:	
Quantity (1,000 pounds): Value (1,000 dollars):	2,691:	3,895	-31:	4,002	: -33:	10,328:	16,788
Value (1.000 dollars)	2,275:	3,025				10,915:	12,741
Exports:	2,2,5	0,025	: :		: :	:	
Quantity (1,000 pounds):	:		: 0:		: 0:	:	
Value (1.000 dollars):	41,923:	43,260	: -3:	44,566	: -6:	149,822:	173,150
Textile fibers processed, but not woven or knit :	:	,	: :		: :	:	
(except cordage):	:		: :		: :	:	
Imports:	:		: :		: :	:	
Aughtity (1 000 pounds)	35,323:	33,336	.: 6:	33,788	: 5:	119,551:	138,235
Value (1,000 dollars):	60,963:					171,240:	200,018
Exports:	:		:		: :	:	
$\dot{\rho}_{uantity}$ (1.000 $\rho_{unds}$ )	140,441:	136,104	: 3:	146,904	: -4:	469,261:	572,193
Value (1,000 dollars):	192,068:	190,671				641,094:	808,974

Table 11.--Quarterly and annual data on U.S. imports and exports for selected commodity groups 1/2

1/ Import values are based on Customs value; export values are based on f.a.s. value, U.S. port of export.

	2nd quarter: 1982 : :	quarter	∶change ∶ ∶from ∶	: :	∶change ∶ ∶from ∶	: 1980 : :	1981
Commodity area : : :	: : (1) :		:(2) to : : (1) : : (3) : : :	(4)	:(4) to : : (1) : : (5) : : : :	(6)	(7)
Spun yarn, including chenille yarns and handwork : yarns: Treasts:	:					:	
Imports: :		17 001	· · ·	40 707			70 575
Quantity (1,000 pounds):	20,172:	17,091				63,110:	79,535
Value (1,000 dollars):	45,342:	34,652				119,674:	140,760
Exports:	:		: :		: :	:	
Quantity (1,000 pounds):	13,311:	11,693				63,707:	65,720
Value (1,000 dollars)	27,409:	24,874		•••	: -26:	125,453:	128,943
Spun yarn of cotton, manmade fibers, or silk: : Imports:	:		: :		: :	:	
Quantity (1,000 pounds):	14,634:					41,250:	46,819
Value (1,000 dollars):	31,535:			25,900	: 22:	85,812:	95,942
Exports: :	:		: :		::	:	
(1,000,000)	12,700:	11,105	j: 14:	18,360	: -31:	57,739:	62,763
Value (1,000 dollars):	26,141:		· · ·			116,909:	122,292
Spun yarn, of wool or hair	20,141		: :	,			
Imports:					•	-	
Augustity (1,000 pounds):	2 210	4 900			• • • • • •		4 700
Quantity (1,000 pounds)	2,219:					4,134:	4,708
Value (1,000 dollars):	11,616:	9,421				22,436:	29,046
Exports: :	:		: :		• •	:	
Quantity (1,000 pounds):	272:				_	574:	995
Value (1,000 dollars):	972:	962		• • • •	: -12:	2,447:	4,201
Filament yarn of manmade fibers: : Imports:	:		: :	:	: :	:	
Quantity (1,000 pounds):	7,889:	6,873	i: 15:	8,593	: -8:	26,393:	31,520
Value (1,000 dollars):	13,546:					43,833:	51,111
Exports:	:	· · · • = ·	: :		: :	•••••	
Aughtity (1,000 pounds)	124,058:	119,605				379,022:	489,034
Value (1,000 dollars):	157,625:					479,117:	648,950
Sewing thread:		130,207				т <i>г , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,</i>	0701720
Imports:	•				· ·		
Quantity (1,000 pounds):	330:	331				1 321:	1 254
Value (1,000 dollars):	330.		-			1,321:	1,254
		1,152				2,869:	4,051
Exports:	:		: :		: :		. =
Quantity (1,000 pounds):	3,538:					16,976:	15,806
Value (1,000 dollars)	7,720:	7,027	/: 10:	8,064	-	32,398:	30,368
Cordage and fish netting and nets : Imports:	:		: :		: :	:	
Quantity (1,000 pounds):	62,634:	54,295	5: 15:	60,055	: 4:	242,876:	217,613
Value (1,000 dollars):	30,025:				•	121,055:	109,848
Exports:	:		: :		: :		
Quantity (1.000 pounds):	1.328:					8,573:	6,509
Value (1,000 dollars):	3,826:					16,135:	15,793
							1 2 4 7 7 4

Table 11.--Quarterly and annual data on U.S. imports and exports for selected commodity groups

	2nd quarter: 1982 :	quarter	<pre>Percent: change : from :</pre>		Percent: change : from :	: 1980 : :	1981
Commodity area	(1)		:(2) to : : (1) : : (3) :	:	(4) to : (1) : (5) :	: : (6)	(7)
Fish netting and nets			· · ·			:	
Imports:			: :	:	:	:	
Quantity (1,000 pounds) Value (1,000 dollars)	631:	571	: 11:	422	50:	2,105:	1,714
Value (1,000 dollars)	2,362:	2,283	: 3:	1,684	40:	7,430:	6,252
Exports:	: :	_,	: :		:	:	- •
Quantity (1,000 pounds)	: 41:	18	: 126:	94 :	-56:	270:	358
Value (1,000 dollars)	: 122:	65	: 87:	210	-42:	774:	833
Cordage	: :		: :	:	:	:	
Imports:	: :		: :		-	:	
Quantity (1,000 pounds) Value (1,000 dollars)	62,003:	53,724				240,770:	215,898
Value (1,000 dollars)	; 27,662;	24,817				113,625:	103,596
Exports:			: :		:	:	
Quantity (1,000 pounds)	1,286:	1,463				8,302:	6,150
Value (1,000 dollars)	3,703:	2,935	: 26:		- 14 :	15,361:	14,959
Broadwoven fabrics: Imports:						•	
Quantity (1,000 square yards)	492,108;	551.366	• •		- 19:		2.503.810
Value (1,000 dollars)	351,660:	359,440				1,970,780: 1,201,775:	2,503,810
Exports:		337,440	: -2:			1,201,775	1,047,440
Quantity (1,000 square yards)	136,638:	125,350	-			1,026,380:	748,761
Value (1,000 dollars)	203,757:	180,727				1,315,258:	1,111,611
Broadwoven fabrics, of cotton:		1007727	: :			1,313,230;	.,,
Imports:	: :		: :		: :	:	
Quantity (1.000 square vards)	203,054:	254,497	: -20:	242,784	- 16 :	722,548;	1,079,303
Value (1,000 dollars)	: 121,127:	142,312				433,273:	603,744
Exports:	: :		: :		: :	:	
Quantity (1,000 square yards)	: 43,181:	45,840	: -6:	55,779	-23:	377,496:	216,432
Value (1,000 dollars)	63,599:	58,481	: 9:	85,784	-26:	546,470:	335,239
Broadwoven fabrics, of manmade fibers:	: :		: :		: :	:	
Imports:	: :		: :		: :	:	
Quantity (1,000 square yards)	: 114,115:	103,104				296,375:	431,822
Value (1,000 dollars)	: 140,460:	124,649			-	404,277:	561,074
Exports			: :				
Quantity (1,000 square yards)	88,577: 128.213:	75,484				635,363:	511,483
Broadwoven fabrics, of silk	128,213	111,132	: 15:	/	-40:	733,823:	727,177
Imports:	• •						
Quantity (1,000 square yards)	5,020:	4,978				14.060:	21,697
Value (1,000 dollars)	25,813:	27,642				79,406:	117,657
Exports:	: 20,010	27,072	: ;			17,700	117,007
Quantity (1,000 square vards)	590:	985	-			1,703:	1,778
Value (1,000 dollars)	1,934:	3,020	• -			5,980:	6,230
	1 1	2,020	: :		: :	2,.00	0,200

	2nd quarter: 1982 :	quarter	:Percent: :change :	1981	change :	: 1980 :	1981
Commodity area			: from : :(2) to :		: from : :(4) to :	:	
	(1)		: (1) : : (3) : : : :	:	(1) : (5) :	(6) :	(7)
Broadwoven fabrics, of wool Imports:	:		: :			:	
Quantity (1,000 square yards)	8,692: 36,766:	33,147	: 11:	27,915	: 32:	16,894: 80,703:	23,517 104,718
Exports: Quantity (1,000 square yards): Value (1,000 dollars):	280: 2,131:		: -17:	322		: 1,279: 5,238:	1,340
Knit fabrics:		•	: :		: :	5,238.	6,177
Quantity (1,000 pounds)	760: 4,667:	5,242		4,166	: 1 <u>2</u> :	3,313: 18,500:	2,860 15,875
Exports: Quantity (1,000 pounds) Value (1,000 dollars)	5,548: 19,344:	4,707	: 18:	8,437	- 34 :	: 25,300: 69,340:	24,835 72,718
Narrow fabrics, machine clothing, belting and belts, and hose, of textile materials Narrow fabrics Imports:			: :			: : :	
Quantity (1,000 pounds)	2,219: 8,762:		: 12:	6,883	: 27:	7,865: 24,855:	8,206 29,731
Exports: Quantity (1,000 pounds): Value (1,000 dollars):	; 9,559; 17,609;			10,169		: 35,713: 57,986:	36,839 67,866
Webs, wadding, batting, nonwoven fabrics, and articles thereof, n.s.p.f.			: :			:	
Quantity (1,000 pounds) Value (1,000 dollars)	5,972: 17,916:	15,234	: 18:	15,529	: 15:	10,645: 57,001:	12,903 57,848
Exports: Quantity (1,000 pounds) Value (1,000 dollars)	22,595: 43,242:	20,481	: 10:	28,578	-21:	: 90,774: 144,419:	101,912 170,566
Textile fabrics for use in pneumatic tires			: :	:		:	
Quantity (1,000 pounds) Value (1,000 dollars) Exports:	4: 15:	191	: -92:	:	457: 2,165:	109: 183:	273 515
Quantity (1,000 pounds) Value (1,000 dollars) Woven or knit fabrics, coated or filled, or laminated with sheet rubber or plastics, and	9 191:	9,372	: -2:	12,912	-29:	79,469: 147,036: :	53,223 107,215
other laminated fabrics, and fabrics, n.s.p.f.	: :		- · · ·			•	
Quantity (1,000 square yards) Value (1,000 dollars) Exports:	13,526: 20,615:			21,113		60,937: 71,773:	72,723 91,046
Quantity (1,000 square yards) Value (1,000 dollars)	34,501: 61,443:		: 25:	41,249	- 16 :	157,783: 255,779:	141,903 259,814

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	2nd quarter: 1982 :	Previous quarter	<pre>Percent: change :</pre>	2nd quarter:Percent: 1981 :change :		: 1980 :	1981
	1762		· from ·		i from :		1701
Commodity area			:(2) to :		:(4) to :	:	
	: :		: (1) :		: (1) :	:	
	: (1) :	(2)	: (3) :	(4)	: (5) :	(6) :	(7)
······································			<u>: :</u>		:; :;	· · · ·	
Textile furnishings			: :		: :	:	
Imports:	:		: :		: :	:	
Value (1,000 dollars)	: 137,284:	126,089	: 9:	130,949	: 5:	446,973:	525,799
Exports:	: :		: :		: :	:	
Value (1,000 dollars)	: 132,892:	118,429	: 12:	159,022	: -16:	543,856:	572,663
Floor coverings	: :		: :		: :	:	
Imports:	:		::		: :	:	
Quantity (1,000 square yards) Value (1,000 dollars)	5,692:	4,162				17,369:	17,904
Value (1,000 dollars)	; 73,387;	70,874				282,758;	307,308
Exports:	:		: :		:	:	
Quantity (1,000 square yards)	: 15,930:	14,197				79,230:	67,008
Value (1,000 dollars)	87,010:	80,556	: 8:	94,616	: -8:	327,398:	344,603
Curtains and draperies	: :		: :		: :	:	*
Imports:	:		: :		: :	:	
Quantity (1,000 pounds)	: 498:	442				495:	1,536
Value (1,000 dollars)	: 3,669:	3,006				4,169:	9,539
Exports:			: :		: :	:	
Quantity (1,000 pounds)	339:	276			• •	3,221:	2,284
Value (1,000 dollars)	2,812:	2,307	: 22:	3,873	: -27:	12,828;	13,451
Textile furnishings, except floor coverings,	: :		: :		: :	•	
curtains, and draperies	: :		: :			•	
Imports:			:				
Quantity (1,000 pounds)	85,436:	70,906				222,114:	308,511
Value (1,000 dollars)	60,227:	52,208			-	160,045:	208,952
Exports:			: :		: :	50 00/	(7 007
Quantity (1,000 pounds)	9,842:	8,133				59,094:	47,823
Value (1,000 dollars)	43,069:	35,564	: 21:	60,531	: -29:	203,629:	214,608
Wearing apparel and accessories, including leather,						•	
fur, down, rubber, and plastics					• •	•	
Imports: Value (1,000 dollars)		4 7/7 67/		4 750 000		· / 700 E00.	7 450 540
	1,937,552:	1,747,036	. 11:		: 10:	6,328,522:	7,452,542
Exports: Value (1,000 dollars)		044 049	• •			1 006 EEO.	4 077 040
	269,012:	246,942	9:	337,191	: -20:	1,204,550:	1,237,910
Sweaters			• •		• •	•	
Imports:	3,129;	4 466	: 115:	3,366	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	12.496:	13 4 40
Quantity (1,000 dozen) Value (1,000 dollars)	: 182,387:	1,455 90,791				702,412:	12,419
Exports:	102,30/:		: 101:		/:	102,412:	787,654
Quantity (1,000 dozen)	21:		•				100
Value (1,000 dollars)Value	. 21:	20	-			132:	122
Value (1,000 dollars)	720:	735	-2:	2,167	0/:	5,873:	6,472

	2nd quarter: 1982 :	Previous quarter	:change :			: 1980 :	1981
Commodity area			: from : :(2) to :		: from : :(4) to :	:	
	(1)	(2)	: (1) : : (3) :	:	: (1) : : (5) :	(6) :	(7)
Women's, girls', and infants' shirts and blouses Imports:	: :		: :		: :	:	
Quantity (1,000 dozen)	; 9,351;	11,306				32,527:	34,49
Value (1,000 dollars)	: 311,514:	347,426				995,051:	1,183,43
Fxports:	: :		: :			:	
Quantity (1,000 dozen)	: 375:	280				1,799:	1,68
Value (1,000 dollars)	: 9,530:	8,021	: 19:	11,977	: -20:	42,746:	41,64
Women's, girls', and infants' suits, skirts,	: :		: :		: :	:	
coats and jackets Imports:	: :		: :		: :	:	
$\theta_{\text{uantity}}$ (1.000 dozen)	: 1,951:	1,653	: 18:	1,694	: 15:	5,472:	6,86
Value (1,000 dollars)	220,275:	155,714				585,913:	770,74
Exports:			: :		: :	:	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
(1,0) dozen)	: 149:	136			: - 14 :	597:	60
Value (1,000 dollars)	9,601:	9,486	-			32,391:	40,12
Women's, girls', and infants' trousers, slacks,		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	: :	,520	: :	52,57.1	10,12
and shorts			: :		: :	:	
Imports:			: :		: :	:	
Quantity (1,000 dozen)	4,056:	5,325	: -24:	3,665	: 11:	14,003:	15,37
Value (1,000 dollars)	182,736:	205,219				576,466:	722,96
Exports:	: 102,750;		: :			570,700	722,70
$\dot{D}$	180:	213				2,081:	1,40
Value (1,000 dollars)	5.520:	5,508				35,486:	30,33
Women's, girls', and infants' dresses		5,500	: :		: :	55,400*	50,55
Imports:			: :		: :	:	
$\dot{\rho}$	525:	661			: -8:	2,037:	2,33
Value (1,000 dollars)	42,885:			- · ·	-	152,898:	201,41
Exports:		527201	: :		: :	:::	201771
$\dot{0}$	: 444:	395	: 12:	646	: -31:	2,056:	2,42
Value (1,000 dollars)	: 18,667:	15,696				67,587:	79,45
Men's and boys' shirts	:		: :		: :	:	
Imports:	: :		: :		: :	:	
$\rho_{\mu\nu}$	: 8,124:	8,061	: 1:	6,992	: 16:	26,894:	129,19
Value (1,000 dollars)	: 311,954:					989,741:	1,089,54
Exports:	: :	2007100			::	:	.,
Quantity (1.000 dozen)	: 1,001:	1,194	: - 16 :	1,874	: -47:	6,918:	6,37
Value (1,000 dollars)	: 26,529:					185, 183:	179,82
Men's and boys' suits, coats and jackets	: :		: :		: :	:02,:00	,,,,,
Imports:	: :		: :		: :	:	
$\hat{\rho}_{\mu\nu}$	: 1,078:	1,051			: 6:	3,806:	4,31
Value (1,000 dollars)	: 150,491:				-	485,619:	561,43
Exports:	: :	,	: :		: :	105,017	201910
$\dot{\theta}$	: 207:	215				1,141:	1,22
Value (1,000 dollars)	· 207. · 8,408:					36,780:	52,82
Adrie (1)000 0011912)		,,,,,		10,072	: :	50,780.	76,00

Commodity area	2nd quarter: 1982 :	Previous quarter	∶change ∶ ∶from ∶	2nd quarter 1981	∶change ∶ ∶ from ∶	: 1980 : :	1981
	(1)	(2)	:(2) to : : (1) : : (3) : : :		:(4) to : : (1) : : (5) : : :	: ; (6) ;	(7)
Men's and boys' trousers, slacks, and shorts Imports:	:		: : : :		: : : :	:	
(1,000,000)	2,304:	2,445	;: -6:	2,086	: 10:	7,607:	8,368
Value (1,000 dollars)	121,710:	118,193	: 3:	115,926	: 5:	407,052:	468,476
Exports:			: -:		: :	:	
Quantity (1,000 dozen)	512:	543	: -6:	683	5: -25:	6,963:	2,60
Value (1,000 dollars):	23,865;	26,195	: -9:	33,773	5: -29:	176,272:	130,16
Robes and dressing gowns			: :		:	:	
Imports:	: :		: :		: :	:	
$\rho_{\text{upphi}}$	112:	165	-32:	100	13:	381:	45
Value (1,000 dollars)	7,260:	8,875		5,888		21,518:	27,47
Fxports:	: :	0,075	: :	5,000	: :	21,210	
$Q_{uantity}$ (1,000 dozen)	634:	511	: 24:	428	3: 48:	1,222:	1,24
Value (1,000 dollars)	3,864:	3.089		2,835		11,452:	11,70
Body-supporting garments	5,001	5,007		2,001	: :		,,,,
Imports:					: :		
$\theta_{\mu\nu}$	3,203:	2,851	: 12:	3,291	-3:	12,612:	13,36
Value (1,000 dollars):	43,243;	37,177		41,345		152,434:	167,76
Exports:	+3;2+3	3/ , / / /	: :	11,512	; ;;	175,424.	107,70
Quantity (1,000 dozen)	2,026:	1,887	•	2,583		8,374;	9,81
Value (1,000 dollars)	19,938:	17,556		23,635		75,949:	88,80
Hosierv	17,750	17,000		20,000		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	00,00
Imports:			• •				
Quantity (1,000 dozen pairs)	585:	363	· · ·	476	· 23:	3,106:	2,17
Value (1,000 dollars)	3,242;	2.360		2,857		15,605:	
Exports:	3,242		: 57.		· · · · · · · ·	15,605.	13,72
Quantity (1,000 dozen pairs)		1.416	-	1,984		7,530:	7 10
Value (1,000 dollars)	13,232:			• •			7,12
Gloves (7,000 0011ars)	13,232	11,983		10,00		54,303:	56,86
Imports:	•				• •	•	
Quantity (1,000 dozen pairs)		0 170	• •	9,079	• • •		70 74
Value (1,000 dollars)	10,366+	8,178				36,100:	38,31
	48,448:	35,467	37:	47,010	3: 3:	214,003:	215,50
Exports:			-	1 751			
Quantity (1,000 dozen pairs) Value (1,000 dollars)	7,103:	5,827		6,754	• •	22,304:	23,23
value (1,000 dollars)	18,989:	16,055	5: 18:	18,820	): 1:	63,592:	65,80
Wearing apparel and articles, n.s.p.f., of fur on			• •		• •		
the skin					• •	:	
Imports:		<b></b>		o		•••••	
Value (1,000 dollars)	22,979:	21,178	9:	24,148	3: -5:	88,841:	106,16
Exports:			: :			:	
Value (1,000 dollars)	: 21,390:	7,979	): 168:	21,417	7: O:	83,105:	63,62

	: 2nd quarter: : 1982 :	quarter	<pre>Percent: change : from :</pre>	2nd quarter:Percent: 1981 :change : from :		: 1980 :	1981
Commodity area	: : : : (1) :	:	: (1) : : (3) :	:	(4) to : (1) : (5) :	: : (6) :	(7)
	: :	(2)	: :				(/)
Leather wearing apparel, except gloves and headwear, not subject to textile import restraints						:	
Imports: Quantity (1,000 units)	: 1.346:	581	: 132:		n :	•	3,607
Value (1,000 dollars)	: 49,122:	34,211			•	170,906:	207,067
Exports:	: 47,122	34,211	:			170,900:	207,007
Aughtity (1,000 units)	: :		: 0:		. 0:		
Value (1,000 dollars)	: 3,472:	3,211	-		-	11,463:	15,967
Other wearing apparel and accessories not	: :		: :		: :	:	
separately grouped	: :		: :	:	: :	:	
Neckwear	: :		: :	:	: :	:	
Imports:	: :		• •		:	:	
Quantity (1,000 dozen)	: 154:	94				268:	372
	: 5,485:	3,738	: 47:			12,377:	15,630
Exports: Quantity (1,000 dozen)	: 48:	23				89:	120
Value (1,000 dollars)	: 691:	515			• •	1,518:	2,095
Headwear	: 0710					:	2,07.
Imports:	: :		: :	:	:	:	
Quantity (1,000 dozen)	: 6,228:	6,027	: 3:	6,505	-4:	21,278:	25,373
Value (1,000 dollars)	: 32,350:	29,405	: 10:	43,037	-25:	119,323:	151,452
Exports:	: :		: :		: :	:	
Quantity (1,000 dozen)	: 401:	412				2,572:	2,086
Value (1,000 dollars)	; 7,306;	5,596	-		-6:	27,894:	30,098
Footwear			: :				
Imports: Quantity (1,000 pairs)	: 175,238:	194,051			: 10:	627,231:	645,331
Value (1,000 dollars)	: 755,485:	856,474				2,957,081:	3, 141, 218
Fynante:	• •	0507171	: :			2,757,0010	3) 141) 210
Quantity (1,000 pairs)	: 3,044:	2,562	: 19:	3,651	- 17 :	15,345:	13,293
Value (1,000 dollars)	: 29,810:	31,580	: -6:	41,174	-28:	130,765:	140,563
Rubber footwear	: :		: :		: :	:	
Imports:	:		: :		:	:	
Quantity (1,000 pairs)	: 36,425:	42,597				149,110:	166,373
	: 84,472: :	101,540	· - 17 ·			648,637:	647,432
Exports: Quantity (1,000 pairs)	- 674.	463				2,346:	2,115
Value (1,000 dollars)	: 4,490:	4,663	-		•	18,763:	20,327
Nonrubber footwear	: ;;	1,003	: :	- /		.0,703*	20,327
Imports:	: :		: :	:	: :	:	
Quantity (1,000 pairs)	: 117,786:	129,832	: -9:			478,121:	478,957
Value (1,000 dollars)	: 667,531:	751,429				2,308,443:	2,493,786
Exports:	:		: :		:	:	
Quantity (1,000 pairs)	: 2,508:	2,098				12,998:	11,178
Value (1,000 dollars)	: 25,319:	26,917	: -6:	35,705	: -29:	112,002:	120,236

	Trade-monitoring gates triggered for current quarter compared with							
: Commodity area :	Im	ports in	: Exports in					
:	Previous quarter	: Corresponding : quarter : previous year	Previous quarter	: Corresponding : quarter : previous year				
Raw fibers: :		:	:	:				
Cotton:		: 02 05 09 10	: (01) (04)	: 04 (07)				
Wool and fine animal hair:: Man-made fibers::	(01) (04)	: (01) (04)	: 01 04 :	: 01 04 : 09				
Noncellulosic man-made fibers:		:	•	: (03) 09				
Cellulosic man-made fibers:	(06)	: (06)	: 10	: (05) 07				
Textile fibers processed, but not woven or knit :	• •	: (00)	:					
(except cordage)::		:		:				
Spun yarn, including chenille yarns and :		:	:	:				
handwork yarns::	01 04	: 01 04	:	: (05)				
Spun yarn of cotton, manmade fibers, or silk::		: 01 04	: 04	: (01) (04)				
Spun yarn, of wool or hair:		: 02 04 09 10	:	•				
Filament yarn of manmade fibers::		:	:	:				
Sewing thread::		:	:	:				
Cordage and fish netting and nets:		:	: 08	:				
Fish netting and nets:	04	: 01 04	: 01 04 09 10	: (01) (04) 07 09 10				
Cordage:		:	: 08	:				
Broadwoven fabrics::		: (04)	:	: (01) (04)				
Broadwoven fabrics, of cotton::		: (04)	:	: (01) (04)				
Broadwoven fabrics, of manmade fibers::		:	:	: (03) (06)				
Broadwoven fabrics, of silk:		:	: (06)	: 06 10				
Broadwoven fabrics, of wool:		: 01 04	: 08	: 08				
Knit fabrics::		:	:	: (06) 07				
Narrow fabrics, machine clothing, belting and :		:	:	:				
belts, and hose, of textile materials :			•					
Narrow fabrics:		•	•					
Webs, wadding, batting, nonwoven fabrics, and :	or (0 <b>0</b> )		•	•				
articles thereof, n.s.p.f:		: 06 (08)		:				
Textile fabrics for use in pneumatic tires:	(03) (06) 08 09 10	: 03 06	:					
Woven or knit fabrics, coated or filled, or :			•	•				
laminated with sheet rubber or plastics, and : other laminated fabrics, and fabrics, :		•	; •	•				
n.s.p.f:		•	•	•				
Textile furnishings:		•	•	•				
Floor coverings:		: 05	•					
Curtains and draperies:		: 03 06 09	:	: (06)				
Textile furnishings, except floor coverings, :		:	:	:				
curtains, and draperies:		:	:	: (06) 10				
Wearing apparel and accessories, including :		:	:	•				
leather, fur, down, rubber, and plastics:		:	:	: (01)				
Sweaters:		:	: 09	: (01) (04) (08) 09				
Women's, girls', and infants' shirts and :		:	:	•				

Table 12.--Summary of trade-monitoring gates triggered for selected commodity groups, April-June 1982

Commodity area	I	mports in	: Exports in		
Commonity area	Previous quarter	: Corresponding : quarter : previous year	: Previous : quarter	: Corresponding : quarter : previous year	
blouses	: (04)	:	: : 04	: : (01) (04)	
Women's, girls', and infants' suits, skirts,		:	•	:	
coats and jackets	: 01 04	: 04	: 04	: (04)	
Women's, girls', and infants' trousers, slacks,		:	:	:	
and shorts	• •	: 04	: (04)	: (01) (04) 08	
Women's, girls', and infants' dresses		:	:	: (06) 08	
Men's and boys' shirts		: 01 04 : 01	: 10	: (02) (05) : (06)	
Men's and boys' suits, coats and jackets Men's and boys' trousers, slacks, and shorts		: 01	•	: (01) (04)	
Robes and dressing gowns			•	: 06	
Body-supporting garments	: 04	•	•	: (05)	
Hosierv	: 06	:	:	:	
Gloves		: 04	:	:	
Wearing apparel and articles, n.s.p.f., of fur	:	:	:	:	
on the skin	:	:	: 03 09	:	
Leather wearing apparel, except gloves and	:	:	:	:	
headwear, not subject to textile import		:	:	:	
restraints	: UI U4 (U/)	: 04	: 10	:	
Other wearing apparel and accessories not			:	:	
separately grouped Neckwear	• 03 06	: 03 06	: 06 (08)	: 06	
Headwear		: 05 00	: 08	: 08	
oot wear	•	: 04	:	:	
Rubber footwear	• • • • •	: (01) (04) (07)	:	:	
Nonrubber footwear		: 01 07	:	:	

# Table 12.--Summary of trade-monitoring gates triggered for selected commodity groups, April-June 1982

Chemicals, Coal, Petroleum, Natural Gas, and Related Products 1/

During January-June 1982, the deficit in U.S. trade in chemicals, coal, petroleum, natural gas, and related products decreased 41.7 percent to \$19.5 billion, compared with the deficit in January-June 1981.

The positive balance of trade for chemicals and related products during the first half of 1982 decreased 8.6 percent to \$5.3 billion from that in the corresponding period of 1981. The decrease in exports (\$745 million) was nearly three times the decrease in imports (\$255 million).

Exports of coal and other carbonaceous materials increased 48 percent from the first half of 1981 to \$3.5 billion in the corresponding period of 1982.

The negative balance of trade experienced for petroleum, natural gas, and related products decreased by 32.1 percent to \$28.2 billion in January-June 1982 compared with the balance in the corresponding period of 1981. Although exports increased 109.1 percent between these two periods, total exports during January-June 1982 (\$3.0 billion) were less than 10 percent of the value of imports (\$31.2 billion) during the corresponding period of 1981.

For the second quarter of 1982, U.S. trade in chemicals, coal, petroleum, natural gas, and related products showed a deficit of \$7.9 billion, which is \$8.3 billion less than the deficit for the corresponding quarter of 1981. This decrease in the deficit was accounted for by an increase in the positive balance for coal, chemicals, and related products of \$0.6 billion and a decrease in the negative balance for petroleum, natural gas, and related products of \$7.7 billion (tables 13 and 14, figs. 5 and 6).

The decrease in the positive balance of \$0.2 billion for chemicals and related products was accounted for by a decrease of \$0.3 billion in exports and a decrease of \$0.1 billion in imports. The decrease in exports was principally accounted for by nonbenzenoid organic chemicals, elastomers, and tires. The decrease in imports was attributable mostly to elastomers and benzenoid hydrocarbons.

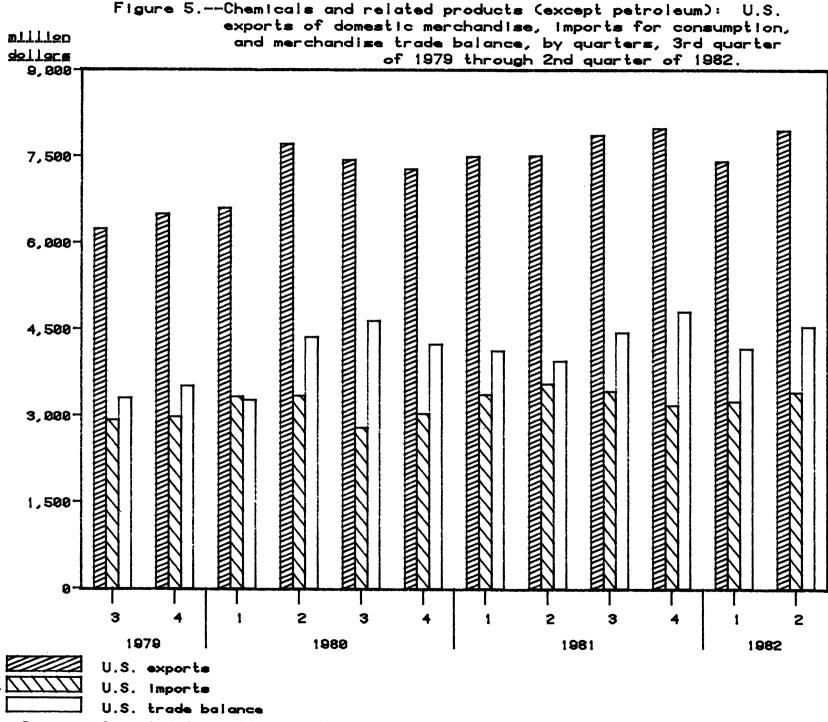
Coal and other carbonaceous materials showed an increase in exports of \$0.8 billion from the second quarter of 1981 to the corresponding quarter of 1982.

1/ Included here are the commodities classified in the following portions of the Tariff Schedules of the United States: schedule 4 (Chemicals and related products), part 1 (J(pt.)) of schedule 5 (Nonmetallic minerals and products), and part 12(A), 12(B), 12(C), and 12(D(pt.)) of schedule 7 (Specified products; miscellaneous and nonenumerated products).

Table 13Chemicals and related products: U.S. exports of domestic merchandise, imports for consumption, and	
merchandise trade balance, by selected countries and country groups, 1981, January-June 1982, April-June 1981, an	ıd
April-June 1982 <u>1</u> / <u>2</u> /	

:	:	January- :	April- :	April-
Item :	1981 :	June :	June :	June
:	:	1982 :	1981 :	1982
:	:	:	:	
S. exports of domestic merchandise: :	:	:	:	
CANADA:	4,295,113:	1,970,149:	1,164,426:	1,177,62
JAPAN:	4,083,649:	2,347,685:	821,403:	1,047,21
EC:	8,278,872:	4,323,943:	1,973,776:	2,244,52
BRAZIL:	938,561:	404,821:	282,212:	219,10
HONG KONG:	362,905:	180,782:	76,802:	82,75
INDIA:	407,469:	176,264:	103,429:	85,67
KOREA:	581,421:	356,556:	137,443:	164,50
MEXICO:	2,056,343:	888,627:	584,576:	469,00
TAIWAN:	609,242:	307,296:	134,896:	145,2
OPEC:	1,723,756:	872,229:	450,612:	465,6
NME's:	868,750:	458,699:	135,717:	208,5
CHINA:	414,314:	254,621:	72,399:	88,5
All other:	6,685,920:	3,105,552:	1,651,093:	1,656,0
TOTAL	30,892,007:	15,392,607:	7,516,390:	7,965,9
S. imports for consumption:	50,052,007.	13,372,007.	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
CANADA:	3,351,737:	1,589,225:	849,795:	829,9
JAPAN:	1,491,384:	716,830:	405,503:	380,2
EC:	4,050,343:	2,049,750:	1,087,813:	1,046,7
BRAZIL:				
HONG KONG:	158,820:	71,473:	41,203:	34,4
HONG KUNG:	119,455:	52,312:	29,598:	28,4
	45,232:	21,849:	13,316:	13,4
KOREA:	187,543:	109,145:	46,157:	57,9
MEXICO:	403,864:	200,680:	93,363:	100,1
TAIWAN:	307,705:	163,880:	74,929:	83,6
OPEC:	444,071:	150,094:	119,043:	79,4
NME's:	282,040:	153,549:	63,842:	76,1
CHINA:	132,023:	70,454:	33,327:	37,2
A11 other:	2,708,866:	1,383,826:	735,966:	681,9
TOTAL:	13,551,066:	6,662,618:	3,560,535:	3,412,3
S. merchandise trade balance: :	:	:	:	
CANADA:	943,376:	380,923:	314,631:	347,6
JAPAN:	2,592,265:	1,630,854:	415,899:	666,9
EC:	4,228,528:	2,274,193:	885,962:	1,197,7
BRAZIL:	779,741:	333,348:	241,008:	184,6
HONG KONG:	243,449:	128,469:	47,203:	54,3
INDIA:	362,237:	154,414:	90,113:	72,2
KOREA:	393,877:	247,410:	91,286:	106,6
	1,652,478:	687,946:	491,212:	368,9
MEXICO:	301,536:	143,415:	59,966:	61,5
MEXICO:	201,220,			•
		722,135:	331.569:	386.2
TAIWAN:: OPEC::	1,279,685:	722,135:	331,569: 71,874:	
TA IWAN:: OPEC:: NME ' s::	1,279,685: 586,709:	305,150:	71,874:	386,2 132,4 51,3
TAIWAN:: OPEC::	1,279,685:	•		

1/ Import values are based on Customs value; export values are based on f.a.s. value, U.S. port of export. 2/ Data provided for selected countries and country groups.



Source: Compiled from official statistics of the U.S. Department of Commerce.

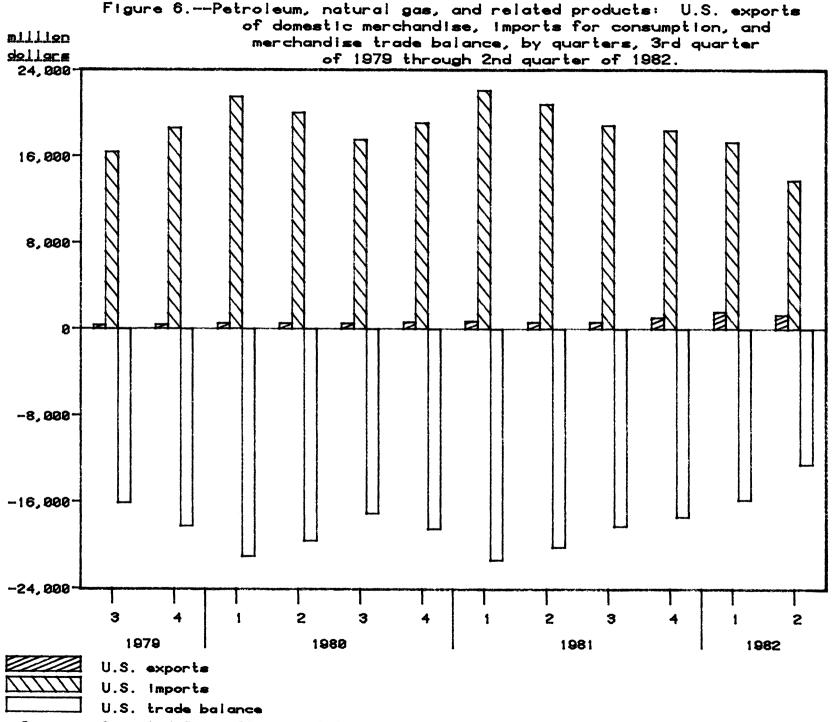
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Table 14Petroleum, natura	1 gas, and related products: U.S. e	exports of domestic merchandise	, imports for consumption,
and merchandise trade bala	nce, by selected countries and cour	itry groups, 1981, January-June	1982, April-June 1981, and
April-June 1982 <u>1/ 2</u> /			

	• •	January- :	April- :	April-
Item	: 1981 :	June :	June :	June
	<u>:                                    </u>	1982 :	1981 :	1982
	: :	:	:	
S. exports of domestic merchandise:	:	:	:	
CANADA		365,126:	163,455:	133,39
JAPAN	-: 480,755:	376,676:	94,229:	161,48
EC	-: 552,847:	596,954:	73,469:	230,12
BRAZIL	-: 11,778:	49,247:	5,284:	33,54
HONG KONG	-: 18,898:	6,983:	11,858:	5,8
INDIA	-: 20,181:	11,987:	1,099:	7,5
KOREA	-: 88,030:	132,923:	14,896:	65,3
MEXICO	-: 245,424:	708,767:	63,129:	358,7
TAIWAN	-: 85,282:	35,882:	19,045:	24,2
OPEC		98,117:	41,843:	32,6
NME 's	-: 30,326:	28,805:	6,155:	20,6
CHINA	-: 414:	59:	13:	
All other	-: 719,963:	564,450:	160,731:	291,0
TOTAL	-: 3,193,054:	2,975,922:	655,199:	1,364,7
S. imports for consumption:	: :	:	:	
CANADA	-: 7,409,393:	3,800,828:	1,592,089:	1,586,0
JAPAN	-: 5,250:	10,666:	1,430:	8,9
EC	-: 6,066,905:	2,369,744:	1,649,223:	1,272,0
BRAZIL	-: 270,257:	204,020:	28,948:	90,1
HONG KONG	-: 11:	00:	04:	
INDIA	-: 53:	54,976:	00:	54,9
KOREA	-: 8,081:	21,085:	00:	15,2
MEXICO	-: 6,837,997:	3,746,362:	1,825,701:	1,997,2
TAIWAN	-: 249:	09:	42:	<b></b> ,,.
OPEC	-: 47,077,988:	15,315,418:	12,558,428:	6,010,3
NME 's	-: 551,303:	270,892:	147,135:	139,6
CHINA	-: 295,414:	209,905:	56,549:	95,6
All other	-: 12,109,618:	5,420,630:	3,032,354:	2,660,1
TOTAL		31,214,637:	20,835,358:	13,835,0
S. merchandise trade balance:	: :	•		10,000,0
CANADA	-: -6,615,336:	-3,435,702:	-1,428,634:	-1,452,6
JAPAN	-: 475,504:	366,009:	92,799:	152,4
EC	-: -5,514,058:	-1,772,789:	-1,575,754:	-1,041,
BRAZIL	-: -258,478:	-154,773:	-23,663:	-56,5
HONG KONG			•	
	-: 18,887:	6,982:	11,854:	5,8 -47,4
KOREA		-42,989:	1,098:	•
	-: 79,949:	111,838:	14,896:	50,1
MEXICO	-: -6,592,572:	-3,037,595:	-1,762,571:	-1,638,4
	-: 85,032:	35,872:	19,003:	24,2
OPEC NME 's	-: -46,932,480:	-15,217,301:	-12,516,585:	-5,977,2
NME'sCHINA		-242,087:	-140,980:	-118,9
All other	-: -294,999: -: -11,389,654:	-209,845: -4,856,179:	-56,536: -2,871,623:	-95,9 -2,369,9

1/ Import values are based on Customs value; export values are based on f.a.s. value, U.S. port of export. 2/ Data provided for selected countries and country groups.

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Source: Compiled from official statistics of the U.S. Department of Commerce.

The decrease in the negative balance of trade for petroleum, natural gas, and related products was due to an increase in exports of \$0.7 billion and a decrease in imports of \$7.0 billion. The export increase was primarily due to increases in fuel oil and residual fuel oil exports. The import decrease was principally accounted for by a decrease of \$6.7 billion in crude petroleum and a decrease of \$0.3 billion in petroleum products.

#### Inorganic chemicals (except uranium compounds)

Exports of chemical elements, inorganic acids, and certain inorganic chemical compounds (excluding uranium compounds) declined 16 percent in value from \$586 million in the second quarter of 1981 to \$492 million in the second quarter of 1982. Exports of these inorganic chemicals increased, however, by about 10 percent between the first and second quarters of 1982.

Imports of this group of chemicals decreased 16.5 percent in value from \$514 million in the second quarter of 1981 to \$429 million in the corresponding quarter of 1982. Exports of inorganic chemicals exceeded imports by \$63 million in the second quarter of 1982, which is more than four times as large as the trade surplus recorded in the previous quarter, but smaller than the \$72 million trade surplus for inorganic chemicals recorded in the second quarter of 1981.

Sodium hydroxide.--Exports of sodium hydroxide decreased in quantity by 40 percent from 395,000 short tons, valued at \$79 million, in the second quarter of 1981 to 236,000 short tons, valued at \$49 million, in the second quarter of 1982. U.S. exports of sodium hydroxide have declined primarily because of the worldwide economic slowdown which has sharply reduced production of aluminum oxide. (Sodium hydroxide is used in the aluminum industry to convert bauxite to aluminum oxide, which is then converted to aluminum metal.) Increased domestic production of sodium hydroxide by various countries--particularly Mexico--has also contributed to the reduction of U.S. exports of sodium hydroxide.

<u>Aluminum oxide</u>.--Imports of aluminum oxide declined by 44 percent in quantity from 2.7 billion pounds, valued at \$258 million, in the second quarter of 1981 to 1.5 billion pounds, valued at \$171 million, in the second quarter of 1982. The drop in U.S. aluminum oxide imports, particularly from Australia, Jamaica, and Surinam, reflects the slump in the U.S. aluminum industry.

<u>Sulfur</u>.--Exports of sulfur declined by 25 percent in quantity from 374,000 long tons, valued at \$51 million, in the second quarter of 1981 to 280,000 long tons, valued at \$39 million, in the corresponding quarter of 1982. This decline is the result of decreased demand for fertilizer materials, a strong U.S. dollar, and competition from other sulfur-exporting countries, particularly Canada and Saudi Arabia. The latter country has recently begun to export sulfur which is obtained from sour natural gas.

Jack Greenblatt 523-1212

### Miscellaneous nonbenzenoid organic chemicals

Imports of nonbenzenoid organic chemicals increased 2.5 percent in quantity from 595 million pounds, valued at \$289 million, in the second quarter of 1981 to 610 million pounds, valued at \$295 million, in the corresponding period of 1982.

Imports of methanol changed most significantly in the second quarter of 1982, almost tripling to 102 million pounds, valued at \$6.5 million, compared with 36 million pounds, valued at \$2.8 million, in the corresponding period of the previous year. Imports from Canada, which increased more than six times in quantity in the second quarter of 1982 compared with the corresponding period of 1981 which accounted for nearly all of the change. Canada has rapidly become a principal exporter of methanol through the low cost of the price controlled natural gas feedstocks.

Exports of these chemicals dropped slightly to 2.1 billion pounds, valued at \$743 million, in the second quarter of 1982, from 2.2 billion pounds, valued at \$819 million, in the second quarter of 1981. Although the decrease was only 3 percent in quantity, values fell by over 9 percent.

The largest decrease in exports was for acetone, which fell 69 percent by quantity from 56 million pounds, valued at \$12 million, in the second quarter 1981 to 17 million pounds, valued at \$4 million, in the corresponding period of 1982. Among other factors, this decline is accounted for by a drop in output of phenol, which resulted in reduced production of byproduct acetone, lowering the amount available for export.

> David G. Michels 523-0293

### Benzenoid intermediate chemicals

In the second quarter of 1982, imports of benzenoid intermediate chemicals declined by 51 percent in quantity compared with those in the corresponding period of 1981, to 153 million pounds, valued at \$148 million. Imports of the basic commodity chemicals, such as cumene and styrene showed the largest declines in quantity in this quarter, down 69 percent and 98 percent, respectively. Mixtures of benzenoid chemicals also declined, by 44 percent. These declines were due to the continuing economic slowdown in the United States, which greatly reduced the demand for these chemicals in several domestic markets, particularly the automotive and housing markets, which usually consume large amounts of these chemicals and their endproducts.

Exports of benzenoid intermediate chemicals in the second quarter of 1982 amounted to 846 million pounds, valued at \$365 million, an increase of 1 percent by quantity compared with 835 million pounds, valued at \$411 million, exported in the corresponding period of 1981. This increase in exports was primarily due to consumer demand in countries with growing end-use markets and insufficient domestic capacity for a certain chemical or group of chemicals. For example, Taiwan, Spain, and Mexico increased their imports of intermediate chemicals from the United States during this quarter compared with the corresponding period of 1981 by 65, 300, and 9 percent, respectively. Most of the chemicals exported to these countries were low-priced intermediate chemicals used to produce plastics and synthetic fibers. Styrene exports to Spain amounted to 33 million pounds during this period, representing an increase of more than 350 percent compared with the corresponding period of 1981. Exports of polycarboxylic acids and their derivatives amounted to 62 million pounds compared with 14 million pounds in the corresponding quarter of 1981, whereas Mexico imported 21 million pounds of cyclohexane from the United States compared with 4 million pounds during the corresponding quarter of 1981.

> Edmund Cappuccilli 523-0490

### Butadiene

U.S. imports of butadiene increased from 83 million pounds, valued at \$27.4 million, during the second quarter of 1981 to 184 million pounds, valued at \$54.4 million, during the second quarter of 1982. This change reflects the reduced price of butadiene imports, which was \$0.30 per pound during the second quarter of 1982. This was significantly lower than the domestic price of \$0.34 per pound in July 1982 and also lower than that in the corresponding period of 1981 when it was \$0.33 per pound.

> Jim Raftery 523-0453

#### Synthetic organic pigments

The quantity of synthetic toners and lakes (synthetic organic pigments) imported in the second quarter of 1982 increased by 46.8 percent compared with such imports in the corresponding quarter of 1981. The 2.2 million pounds of imports were valued at \$11.4 million, up 24.0 percent from the value in the second quarter of 1981. The principal factor accounting for the increased imports was the strong U.S. dollar, as reflected in the 15.7 percent decrease in the average unit value of imports to \$5.28 for the second quarter of 1982.

> W. G. R. Baker 523-0492

### Tanning products of vegetable origin

Imports of tanning products of vegetable origin (natural tanning products) decreased from 16.6 million pounds, valued at \$6.2 million during the second quarter of 1981 to 9.1 million pounds, valued at \$3.8 million, during the second quarter of 1982. The unit value of imports increased, however, by 10.8 percent, to 41 cents per pound. The decline in the quantity of imports reflects reduced demand for natural tanning products. The consumers of these tanning products (U.S. leather tanners) decreased their production in response to the current economic slowdown, during which the less expensive leather substitutes such as plastics and rubber have been favored. Moreover, some U.S. imports of natural tanning products were replaced by the better quality, petroleum-based synthetic tanning products, some of whose prices were rolled back with the receding price of oil. The decline in imports also reflects U.S. economic sanctions imposed on Argentina--a principal source of U.S. imports of natural tanning products--by an Executive mandate during the Falkland Islands dispute.

> W. G. R. Baker 523-0492

#### Coal and other carbonaceous material

U.S. exports of coal increased from 22.8 million short tons, valued at \$1.2 billion, during the second quarter of 1981 to 34 million short tons, valued at \$1.9 billion, during the corresponding period of 1982. This increase reflects a continuing desire by world consumers for a secure source of coal.

Cynthia B. Foreso 523-1230

## Coke

U.S. demand for coke is influenced primarily by domestic steel production, since the vast majority of coke is consumed in blast furnaces to produce steel. Reflecting the general trend in steel production, U.S. imports of coke decreased from 175,000 short tons, valued at \$12.9 million, during the second quarter of 1981 to 39,000 short tons, valued in \$2.9 million, during the second quarter of 1982.

> Cynthia B. Foreso 523-1230

#### Crude petroleum

The value of crude petroleum imports in the second quarter of 1982 was \$9.8 billion, which was \$6.7 billion, or 40.6 percent lower than imports in the second quarter of 1981. This decrease was the result of the combination of a \$4.85 per barrel decrease in the average unit value of imports and a 143-million-barrel decrease in the import quantity. The unit value decrease, following a \$1.35 per barrel decrease in the first quarter of 1982 compared with the first quarter of 1981, reflects a continued soft world market. The decrease in the quantity of U.S. imports results from the twin factors of continued U.S. conservation gains and the economic slowdown. For the second quarter of 1982 compared with the corresponding period of 1981, Mexico replaced Saudi Arabia as the leading U.S. import source of crude petroleum. In addition, Nigeria fell from being the second leading U.S. source to third place. Mexico's ascension to the position of leading U.S. import source occurred, at least in part, because of a decrease of \$6.56 per barrel (in average unit value) between the respective second quarters of 1982 and 1981. The average unit value of U.S. imports from Saudi Arabia actually increased to \$33.92 per barrel in the second quarter of 1982 from \$32.58 per barrel in the corresponding quarter of 1981. During the current worldwide crude petroleum oversupply period, Saudi Arabia has attempted to maintain OPEC's agreed-upon marker price of \$34.00 per barrel by cutting back production.

The exports of crude petroleum in the second quarter of 1982 were \$64.8 million and 1.7 million barrels below the respective levels for the corresponding period of 1981. All of the U.S. exports of 1.6 million barrels, valued at \$59.6 million, went to Canada in the second quarter of 1982 as they did in the second quarter of 1981. The average unit value of U.S. exports decreased \$0.82 per barrel, going from \$37.54 per barrel in the second quarter of 1981 to \$36.72 per barrel in the second quarter of 1982.

> John G. Gersic 523-0451

#### Petroleum products

The value of petroleum products imports in the second quarter of 1982 was \$2.8 billion, down 8.6 percent from \$3.0 billion in the corresponding quarter of 1981. The values of all individual major petroleum products imports in the second quarter of 1982 were likewise below those in the corresponding quarter of 1981, except for kerosene which increased from \$3.6 million to \$16.8 million. Average unit values for all individually reported petroleum products were lower in the second quarter of 1982 compared with the corresponding period of 1981.

The value of exports in the second quarter of 1982 was 2.7 times that in the corresponding quarter of 1981 and totaled more than \$1.2 billion. The values of all individual petroleum products exports increased between the respective two quarters, except for the values of lubricating oils and naphthas, both of which decreased. The increased U.S. exports reflected the continued soft U.S. market and the lifting of export controls late in 1981.

> John J. Gersic 523-0451

:	2nd quarter: 1982 :	Previous quarter	<pre>:Percent: :change : : from :</pre>		Percent: change : from :	: 1980 :	1981
Commodity area :	•		:(2) to :		(4) to :		
commodity area			: (1) :		: (1) :		
	(1)	(2)	: (3) :		: (5) :	(6) :	(7)
		~~~	: (3) : : :	(4)	: :		
Benzenoid hydrocarbons (primary) :	:		: :		: :	:	
Imports: ;	:		: :		: :	:	
(1,000,0)	190,834:	169,166	: 13:	159,008	: 20:	501,309:	563,514
Value (1,000 dollars):	113,724:	94,564		152,067		325,837:	424,618
Exports:		717201	: :		: :		12170.0
$\dot{0}$	315,455;	422,863	: -25:	342,505	-8:	1,403,847:	1,420,754
Value (1,000 dollars):	179,871:	131,992		120,890		547,725:	693,486
Benzenoid organic chemicals	177,071	131,772		120,070		547,725	075,700
Imports:	:		• •		•••		
		005 057	· -25:	311,569	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	893,747:	1 007 070
Quantity (1,000 pounds): Value (1,000 dollars):	153,335:	205,257					1,023,232
value (1,000 dollars);	148,214:	149,753		193,053		610,386:	673,043
Exports: :			: :				
Quantity (1,000 pounds): Value (1,000 dollars):	845,613:	877,857		834,960		3,531,419:	3,403,582
Value (1,000 dollars):	365,158:	385,312		410,776	: -11:	1,648,000:	1,583,299
Synthetic organic pesticides, total :	:		: :		: :	:	
Imports: :	:		: :		: :	:	
Quantity (1,000 pounds):	43,195:	43,062		30,367		103,258:	127,154
Value (1,000 dollars):	84,109:	96,870	: -13:	80,967	: 4:	273,047:	311, 171
Exports: :	:		: :		: :	:	
Quantity (1,000 pounds):	134,095:	155,540	: -14:	146,874	: -9:	649,646:	531,880
Value (1,000 dollars):	329,113;	367,740	: -11:	314,976	: 4:	1,209,975:	1,203,701
Botanical pesticides, total :	:		: :		: :	:	
Imports:	:		: :		: :	:	
$(\mu_{a})$	270;	302	: -10:	691	: -61:	2,047:	1,468
Value (1,000 dollars):	3,710:	3,196		•••		22,145:	7,800
Evente:	•	3,170	: :		: :	2271131	7,000
Augustity (1 AAA counde)	48:	24	•		-	289:	452
Quantity (1,000 pounds): Value (1,000 dollars):	63:	125				305:	667
Chemical elements	63.	120	: -47:	413		305.	007
					• •	•	
Imports: : Value (1,000 dollars):		10 151	• •	74 075	· ·		070 0/7
Value (1,000 dollars):	64,356:	62,654		74,275	-13:	195,280:	278,967
Exports: Value (1,000 dollars):			: :				
Value (1,000 dollars):	64,496:	50,226	: 28:	87,248	: -26:	298,397:	308,181
Inorganic acids :	:		: :		: :	:	
Imports: *	:	-	: :		:	:	
Quantity (1,000 pounds):	483,763:	282,843				1,224,205:	1,212,507
Quantity (1,000 pounds): Value (1,000 dollars):	38,843:	30,310	: 28:	30,016	: 29:	120,119:	135,062
Exports:	:		: :		: :	:	
Quantity (1,000 pounds)	184,851:	244,634	: -24:	13,207,001	: -99:	26,644,584:	19,239,888
Value (1,000 dollars):	19,628:	21,778		28,850	: -32:	88,964:	96,354

1/ Import values are based on Customs value; export values are based on f.a.s. value, U.S. port of export.

	: 2nd quarter:	Previous		2nd quarter		:	4004
	: 1982 : : :	quarter	<pre>:change : : from :</pre>		<pre>:change : : from :</pre>	1980 :	1981
Commodity area	: :		:(2) to :		:(4) to :	:	
	: (1) :	(2)	: (1) : : (3) : : :		: (1) : : (5) : : :	(6)	(7)
Certain inorganic chemical compounds	: :	<u></u>	: :		: :	:	<u> </u>
Imports;	: :		: :		: :	:	
Value (1,000 dollars)	-: 520,659:	591,717	: -12:	581,813	: -11:	2,247,097:	2,183,138
Exports: Value (1,000 dollars)			: :	//7 //0		:	0 /05 53-
Value (1,000 dollars)	-: 620,562:	559,551	: 11:	667,668	-7:	2,474,626:	2,625,537
Aluminum compounds Aluminum oxide	• •		• •		••••	•	
Imports:	• •						
Quantity (1,000 nounds)	-: 1,528,589:	1,831,253	: - 17 :	2,732,382	: -44:	9,580,592:	8,767,562
Quantity (1,000 pounds)	-: 170,507:	194,548				781,106:	836,108
Fxports:	: :	.,,,,,,,,	: :		: :	:	000,000
(1,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,0	-: 385,305:	225,245	: 71:	361,299	: 7:	1,826,756:	1,581,730
Value (1,000 dollars)	-: 54,241:	33,651		48,357	: 12:	208,417:	205,510
Antimony compounds	: :	• • • •	: :		: :	:	
Imports:	: :		: :		: :	:	
Quantity (1,000 pounds)	-: 4,297:	6,112				24,531:	25,183
Value (1,000 dollars)	-: 5,059:	4,688	: 8:	5,725		15,999:	20,34
Exports:	:		: :		: :	:	
Quantity (1,000 pounds)	-: 734:	987				3,739:	3,54
Value (1,000 dollars)	-: 832:	1,428	-42:	1,255	-34:	5,852:	4,49
Calcium compounds	• •		• •		· ·		
Calcium chloride Imports:	• •		• •		• •	•	
Quantity (1,000 pounds)	· 25,501:	53,273	· -52:	40,914	· - 38 :	92,878:	173,72
Value (1,000 dollars)	-: 634:	1,253				2,071:	4,08
Exports:	: :	1,255	: ;		: :	2,0/10	7,000
Quantity (1,000 pounds)	-: 19,762:	48,148	: -59:	16,191	: 22:	98,430:	65,58
Value (1,000 dollars)	-: 2,609:	2,359				9,754:	13,00
Magnesium compounds	: :		: :		: :	:	
Imports:	: :		: :		: :	:	
Quantity (1,000 pounds)	-: 32,869:	35,847				72,330:	70,98
Value (1,000 dollars)	-: 2,443:	1,931				5,944:	6,33
Exports	:		: :		: :	:	
Quantity (1,000 pounds)	-: 10,283:	10,469				70,703:	52,10
	-: 3,795:	4,418	- 14 :	4,816	: -21:	12,808:	15,90
Manganese compounds Imports:	• •		• •		· ·	:	
Quantity (1,000 pounds)	-: 9.580:	13,414	29:	9,605	: 0:	24,442:	35,259
Value (1,000 dollars)	-: 6,502:	8,515				24,442. 14,780:	21,88
Exports:	: :		-24:		• • • •	17,700.	21,00
$Q_{uantity}$ (1.000 nounds)	-: 15.217:	16,877	• •		-	57,467:	53,37
Value (1,000 dollars)	-: 3,963:	5,337				11,104:	12,263
	: :	2,001	: :		: :	1	,

	2nd quarter: 1982 :	Previous quarter	<pre>Percent: change :</pre>	2nd quarter 1981	:Percent: :change :	: 1980 :	1981
	1702	quarter	· from ·		from i	:	1761
Commodity area	:		:(2) to : : (1) :	:(4) to : : (1) :		:	
	(1)	(2)	: (3) :		: (5) :	(6)	(7)
Molybdenum compounds	:		: :		: :	:	
Imports:	: :		: :		: :	:	
Quantity (1,000 pounds)	975:	1,010	: -4:	904	: 8:	3,379:	4,13
Value (1,000 dollars)	2,621:	3,005	-13:	3,601	: -27:	25,430:	16,60
Exports:			: :		: :	:	
Quantity (1,000 pounds)	; 3,249;	1,961				10,153:	7,33
Value (1,000 dollars)	: 11,987:	7,434				89,302:	40,68
Phosphorus compounds	:		: :		: :	:	
Imports:	•		: :		: :		
Quantity (1,000 pounds) Value (1,000 dollars)	1,632:	742				3,789:	3,90
		601				2,066:	2,43
Exports:			: :			:	44 54
Quantity (1,000 pounds)	2,668:	2,777				17,811:	14,51
	1,245:	1,818	.: -31:		-49:	10,421:	9,26
Silver compounds Imports:					• •	•	
Quantity (pounds)	30,128:	27,075	•		• •	40,065:	171,58
Value (1,000 dollars)	: 1,398:	2,073				12,549:	13,86
Exports:	1, 370 .		: - 55;		: :	:	13,80
Quantity (pounds)	. 19,558:	5,898	•			19,722:	28,82
Value (1,000 dollars)	1,718;	369				2,153:	1,52
Sodium compounds	: :	507	: :		: :	2,155	.,
Sodium bicarbonate			: :		: :	:	
Imports:	:		: :		: :	:	
Quantity (1,000 nounds)	: 1,429:	1,905	-25:	1,687	: -15:	4,759:	6,46
Value (1,000 dollars)	: 181:	228		177	: 2:	424:	67
Exports:	: :		: :		: :	:	
Quantity (1,000 pounds)	: 9,787:	11,062	: - 12:	9,967	: -2:	38,427:	41,63
Value (1,000 dollars)	: 1,549:	1,635	: -5:	1,468	: 5:	5,697:	6,28
Sodium carbonate	: :		: :		: :	:	
Imports:	: :		: :		: :	:	
Quantity (1,000 pounds)	: 9,506:	8,743	;: 9:	5,766	: 65:	36,577:	23,66
Value (1,000 dollars)	: 644:	605	6: 6:	396	: 63:	2,388:	1,62
Exports:	: :		: :		: :	:	
Quantity (1,000 pounds)	: 568,086:	450,786				2,188,680:	2,101,07
Value (1,000 dollars)	: 31,336:	24,996			: 15:	121,945:	121,10
Sodium chloride	: :		: :		•	:	
Imports:			: :		• •	<b>5</b> 000 -	
Quantity (1,000 short tons)	: 1,115:	1,221				5,298:	4,97
Value (1,000 dollars)	: 11,667:	11,828			-4:	44,071:	49,15
Exports: Quantity (1,000 short tons)			: :			2 4 6 4 1	4 47
		119				2,404:	1,17
Value (1,000 dollars)	4,918:	2,588	;; 90; ; ;		-25:	13,254:	18,70

Commodity area	2nd quarter: 1982 : :	quarter	<pre>Percent: change : from : (2) to :</pre>		<pre>Percent: change : from : (4) to :</pre>	: 1980 : :	1981
	(1) :	(2)	: (1) : : (3) : : :		: (1) : : (5) : : :	(6) : :	(7)
Sodium hydrosulfite	:		: :		: :	:	
Imports:			: :		: :	:	
Quantity (1,000 pounds)	1,208:	411		200		160:	66
Value (1,000 dollars)	502:	169	: 197:	63	: 691:	59:	21
Quantity (1,000 pounds)		9,488	• •	5,879		36,216:	31,16
Value (1,000 dollars)	3,899:	3,917	-	2,201		11,091:	11,99
Sodium sulfate	3,077	3,717		2,201	: ;;	11,0,11	11,77
Imports:	:		: :		: :	:	
Quantity (short tons)	82,931:	71,112	: 17:	79,924	: 4:	229,993:	291,26
Value (1,000 dollars)	6,049:	5,210	: 16:	5,206	: 16:	13,242:	19,13
Exports:	:		: :		: :	:	
Quantity (short tons):	39,390;	37,330		44,519	: -12:	129,385:	124,06
Value (1,000 dollars)	4,391;	3,406	: 29:	5,017	: -12:	12,739:	12,97
Tungsten compounds	:		: :		: :	:	
Imports:	:		: :		: :	:	
Quantity (1,000 pounds):	1,017:	923	-	266		1,085:	1,92
Value (1,000 dollars)	8,673:	7,964	-	3,333		14,562:	21,08
Exports:	:		: :		: :	:	
Quantity (1,000 pounds)	825:	401		532		6,493:	2,81
	6,228:	3,551	: 75: : :	6,417	: -3:	28,818:	23,47
Uranium compounds Imports:	•		• •		• •	•	
Quantity (pounds)	6,824,426:	8,462,289	· - 19:	6,074,898	· · ·	22,899,651:	24,558,33
Value (1,000 dollars)	195,040	252,467		172,517		961.623:	755,43
Exports:		2323407	: :	.,,,,,,,,	: :	;01;025	722773
Value (1,000 dollars)	212,503:	184,956	: 15:	197,906	: : : 7:	: 756,873:	90/ 77
Value (1,000 dollars)	212,503	104,700	. 15.	177,700	• /•	120,013.	896,33
Vanadium pentoxide							
Imports:			: :		: :		
(1,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0	156:	117	: 33:	401	: -61:	3,099:	1,19
Value (1,000 dollars)	4 18 :	319		1,112	<b>4</b> ·	8,491;	3,34
Exports:			: :	• • • •	: :		3,31
Aughtity (1,000 pounds)	1,113:	99	: 1.015:	122	: 807:	1,448:	69
Value (1,000 dollars)	2,531:	307		414		1,943:	2,01
Zinc compounds	:		: :		: :	:	
Zinc sulfate	: :		: :		: :	:	
Imports:	: :		: :		: :	:	
Quantity (1,000 pounds)	1,626:	1,156		1,972		8,534:	6,29
Value (1,000 dollars)	313:	234		344	•	1,349:	1,18
Exports:	:		: :		: :	:	
Quantity (1,000 pounds)	659:	320		794		2,319:	3,06
Value (1,000 dollars)	354:	229	: 54:	313	: 13:	934:	1,72

•••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••	2nd quarter:	Previous	:Percent:	2nd quarter			
:	1982 :	quarter	∶change ÷	1981	change :	1980 :	1981
:	:		: from :		from :	:	
Commodity area :	:		:(2) to :		(4) to :	:	
:	:		: (1) :		: (1) :	:	
	(1) :	(2)	: (3) :	(4)	(5):	(6) :	(7)
			: :			:	
Zirconium compounds :	:		: :	:	:	:	
Zirconium oxide :	:		: :		:	:	
Imports: :	:		: :		• • •	:	
Quantity (1,000 pounds):	309:	140		107		617:	470
Value (1,000 dollars):	873:	713		327		1,392:	1,411
Exports: :	:		: :			:	
Quantity (1,000 pounds):	667:	938	: -29:	361	: 85:	4,778:	1,564
Value (1,000 dollars):	1,999:	2,535	-21:	547	: 266:	3,679:	2,253
Sulfur dioxide :	:		: :		: :	:	
Imports: :	:		: :		: :	:	
Quantity (1.000 short tons):	7:	7	: -4:	9	: - 19 :	46:	36
Value (1,000 dollars):	823:	846	: -3:	990	- 17 :	4,787:	4,029
Exports:	020	0.0	: :		: :	.,	.,,
Quantity (1,000 short tons):	1/ :	1/	: 21:		-69:	2:	1
Value (1,000 dollars):	231:	136	_	367		1,097:	826
Hydrogen peroxide	231.	100	: ;	507		,,,,,,,	020
			: :		• •		
Imports: Quantity (1,000 pounds):	4.355:	3.349	•	4,397	-1:	12,124:	14.964
Value (1,000 dollars):							
	692:	583	: 19:	663		2,057:	2,604
Exports:			• •	( 570			o /
Quantity (1,000 pounds):	4,730:	8,510		6,538		27,192:	24,551
Value (1,000 dollars):	1,668:	2,676		1,870		7,681:	7,148
Miscellaneous non benzenoid organic compounds :	:		: :		: :	:	
Imports: :	:		: :		: _:	:	
Quantity (1,000 pounds):	610,323:	497,479		595,306	-	1,963,096:	2,223,400
Value (1,000 dollars):	295,531:	241,140		289,199		905,237:	1,047,166
Exports: :	:		: :		: :	:	
Quantity (1,000 pounds):	2,134,808:	2,508,002	: -15:	2,200,424	: -3:	7,679,892:	8,369,997
Value (1,000 dollars):	742,825:	794,127	: -6:	818,585	: -9:	2,923,312:	3,045,399
Acid anhydrides and acyl halides :	:		: :		: :	:	
Imports: :	:		: :		: :	:	
Quantity (1,000 pounds):	3,185;	3,676	: -13:	7,179	: -56:	20,166:	22,098
Value (1,000 dollars):	1.875:	1,479		1,846	: 2:	5,003:	6,377
Exports:	.,		: :		: -:		-,
Quantity (1.000 pounds):	7,149:	9,424	: -24:	6,774	: 6:	26,877:	26,032
Value (1,000 dollars):	3,771:	3,451		3,406		12,785:	12,223
Salts of organic acids (non benzenoid) :	3,771		: :	5,100	: :	12,703	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
Imports:					· ·		
Quantity (1,000 pounds):	9,558:	0 774	2:	11,188	; -15;	30,757:	<b>41 510</b>
Value (1,000 dollars):	7,330+	9,774	_				61,510
	9,226:	9,075		8,597		25,190:	31,702
Exports: :			: :	/ /	: :	0/ 000	<i></i>
Quantity (1,000 pounds)		6,452		6,402		24,980:	24,773
Value (1,000 dollars)	6,040:	5,628	;; 7:	5,679	: 6:	19,042:	20,676

:

	2nd quarter: 1982 : :	Previous quarter	<pre>:change : : from :</pre>		<pre>:change : : from :</pre>	1980 : :	1981
Commodity area	(1)	(2)	:(2) to : : (1) : : (3) : :		:(4) to : : (1) : : (5) :	; ; (6)	(7)
Aldehydes (non benzenoid)	:			n tanya ay distri sa kanganan ayar Songta ya ang paggara kasar			
Imports:			: :		: :		
(1,000,000)	12,349:	11,719	: 5:	10,050	: 23:	17,598:	44,17
Value (1,000 dollars)	3,851:	3,848		2,736		5,005:	13, 13
Exports:	:	0,010	: :	-,	: :	:	,
Quantity (1.000 nounds)	20,503;	15,767	: 30:	17,712	: 16:	207,705:	71,93
Value (1,000 dollars)	8,362;	6,265	: 33:	6,558		63,600:	26,87
Ketones (non benzenoid)	•				: :	:	
Imports:	:		: :		: :	:	
Quantity (1,000 pounds)	44,903:	10,071	: 346:	12,851	: 249:	11,973:	39,66
Value (1,000 dollars)	12,465:	3,757		5,082		9,870:	16,14
Exports:	:		: :		: :	:	
Quantity (1,000 pounds)	39,569:	60,133	: -34:	81,482	: -51:	382,483:	300,05
Value (1,000 dollars)	14,030:	20,377	: -31:	23,714	: -41:	98,872:	88,5
Monohydric alcohols, unsubstituted and	:		: :		: :	:	
halohydrins (non benzenoid)	: :		: :		: :	:	
Imports:	:		: :		: :	:	
Quantity (1,000 pounds)	178,775:	111,237	: 61:	108,351	: 65:	859,003:	537,38
Value (1,000 dollars)	30,202:	22,248		25,021		158,238:	114,8
Exports:	: <b>:</b>		: :		: :	:	
Quantity (1,000 pounds)	340,676:	613,353	: -44:	381,159	: -11:	1,034,187:	1,644,3
Value (1,000 dollars)	69,242:	90,829	: -24:	67,878	: 2:	224,989:	268,80
Polyhydric alcohols and their derivatives (non	:		: :		: :	:	
benzenoid)	:		: :		: :	:	
Imports:			: :		: :	:	
Quantity (1,000 pounds)	22,316:	34,901	: -36:	55,380	: -60:	100,101:	188,01
Value (1,000 dollars)	16,192:	17,636	: -8:	19,057	: -15:	46,851:	73,04
Exports:	:		: :		: :	:	
Quantity (1,000 pounds)	270,872:	325,623	: -17:	241,221	: 12:	793,575:	872,1
Quantity (1,000 pounds) Value (1,000 dollars)	93,100:	105,123	: -11:	99,374	: -6:	330,319:	360,0
Esters of monohydric alcohols, organic acids, and	:		: :		: :	:	
inorganic acids (non benzenoid)	:		: :		: :	:	
Imports:	:		: :		: :	:	
Quantity (1,000 pounds)	20,730:	8,703	: 138:	10,762	: 93:	27,823:	51,4
Value (1,000 dollars)	10,478:	6,493	: 61:	6,841	: 53:	23,437:	32,0
Exports:	• •		: :		: :	:	
Quantity (1,000 pounds)	296,513:	306,158		301,634	: -2:	1,050,322:	1,059,2
Value (1,000 dollars)	96,811:	103,311	: -6:	106,335	: -9:	337,526:	363,97
Epoxides and halogenated expoxides (non	:		: :		: :	:	
benzenoid)	:		: :		: :	:	
Imports:	: :		: :		: :	:	
Quantity (1,000 pounds)	13,626:	24,556				64,138:	133,57
Value (1,000 dollars)	4,759:	9,341	: -49:	15,517		19,269:	44,6
Exports:	: :		: :		: :	:	
Quantity (1,000 pounds)	73,115:	55,058		84,506		267,836:	272,97
Value (1,000 dollars)	26,095:	24,092	: 8:	34,596	: -25:	104,673:	107,15

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•	2nd quarter:			2nd quarter			4004
	1982 :		change		change :	1980 :	1981
•	•		: from :		from :	•	
Commodity area :	:		:(2) to :		:(4) to :	:	
:	:		: (1) :		: (1) :	:	
:	(1) :		: (3) :		: (5) : : :	(6) :	(7)
: Ethers of monohydric alcohols (non benzenoid) :	:		: :		: :	:	
Imports:	:		• •				
Quantity (1,000 pounds):		100	- 15:	30	: 182:	719:	322
Value (1,000 dollars):	107:	143		104		1,038;	587
	107.		: -25:	104	-	1,038.	201
Exports: :	•		• •			17,327:	E/ /77
Quantity (1,000 pounds): Value (1,000 dollars):	16,492:	6,098					56,677
Value (1,000 dollars):	3,092:	2,247	: 38:	2,368	: 31:	7,437:	17,287
Halogenated hydrocarbons (non benzenoid) :	:		: :		: :	:	
Imports: :	:		::		: :		
Quantity (1,000 pounds):	79,988:	123,970		110,866		261,063:	412,244
Value (1,000 dollars):	16,463:	18,788				55,970:	68,905
Exports: :	:		• •		: :	:	
Quantity (1,000 pounds): Value (1,000 dollars):	551,344:	549,712		560,188		2,094,101:	1,980,705
Value (1,000 dollars):	80,098:	78,883	: 2:	103,420	: -23:	407,681:	351,965
Organo sulfur compounds :	:		: :		: :	:	
Imports: :	:		: :		: :	:	
Quantity (1,000 pounds):	1,884:	2,430	: -22:	1,751	: 8:	9,837:	7,02
Value (1,000 dollars):	2,117:	1, 199		864	: 145:	3,999:	3,77
Fronts:	:				: :	:	
Aughtity (1,000 counds)	5,619:	5,611	: 0:	7,340	: -23:	35,158;	29,89
Value (1,000 dollars):	9,070:	4,862		8.399		21,271:	23,88
Miscellaneous organic chemicals (non benzenoid) :	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	7,002	: :	0,0//	: :	21,271	23,00
Imports:							
Quantity (1,000 pounds):	59,636:	29.874	• •	55,972	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	139,782;	165,429
Value (1,000 dollars):	29.041:	21,731		29,889		91,684:	98,320
	29,041;	21,731			· - j. · ·	71,004	90,320
Exports:		4/7 077	- ·				177 7/1
Quantity (1,000 pounds)	147,338:	163,877		173,604		765,133:	677,34
Value (1,000 dollars):	154,679:	160,685	: -4:	182,249		716,590:	702,53
/drocarbons (aliphatic) :	:		: :		: :	:	
Imports: :	:		: :		: :	• • • • • • • •	
Quantity (1,000 pounds):	341,956:	421,635				1,682,994:	1,623,58
Value (1,000 dollars):	80,922:	105,868	: -24:	78,585		296,643:	354,42
Exports: :	:		: :		: :	:	
Quantity (1,000 pounds)	154,028:	162,185				594,496:	607,19
Value (1,000 dollars):	46,678:	48,535	: -4:	53,759	: -13:	173,520:	188,30
rugs and related products :	:		: :		: :	:	
Imports: :	:		: :		: :	:	
Value (1,000 dollars):	262,358;	263,721	: -1:	276,144	: -5:	969,536:	1,068,08
Exports:	:		: :		: - :	•••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••	
Value (1,000 dollars):	618,479:	576,470	: 7:	590,437	: 5:	2,004,420:	2,228,390

	2nd quarter: 1982 :	quarter	:Percent: :change : : from :		:Percent: :change : from	: 1980 :	1981
Commodity area : :	: : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :		:(2) to : : (1) : : (3) :		:(4) to : (1) : (5)	:	(7)
:	:		: :	•••	:		
Plastics and resin materials : Imports: :	:				:		
Quantity (1,000 pounds): Value (1,000 dollars):	100,801: 63,622:	66,629 55,654		71,368		227,992	
Exports: Quantity (1,000 pounds): Value (1,000 dollars):	1,336,885: 689,720:	1,326,381 688,636	: 1:	1,222,130	: 9:	5,344,032	
Elastomers, total : Imports: : :	: : 473 979 303:	435 040 573	: :	471,633,674	:	1668,711,017	
Value (1,000 dollars): Exports:	204,277:	191,559	: 7:	264,435	: -23 :	995,115	994,599
Quantity (pounds): Value (1,000 dollars): Flavoring extracts	190,451,157: 163,120:	206,135,350 174,486				1079,271,198 775,451	
Imports: Value (1,000 dollars):	6,339:	6,808	: :		- 12	18,511	24,028
Exports: : Value (1,000 dollars): Essential oils :	: 29,655:	25,402	: : : 17: : :	25,899	15	90,459	96,626
Imoorts:	:		: :		:	:	:
Quantity (pounds): Value (1,000 dollars): Exports:	21,917:			23,408			
Quantity (pounds): Value (1,000 dollars):	6,800,747: 26,683:				: -8	99,878	
Glue, gelatin and related products : Imports: : Quantity (1,000 pounds):	:		: : : : : -1:	07 07/	:	:	04 70/
Value (1,000 dollars): Exports:	15,372:			18,181		61,951	
Quantity (1,000 pounds)	6,383: 9,068:			-,	: 11	28,362	
Aromatic or odoriferous substances : Imports: : Value (1,000 dollars):	: : 69,181:	62,202	: : : : : 11:	67,715	: : : 2	:	267,017
Exports: : Value (1,000 dollars):	•		: :		: -	:	:
Surface-active agents : Imports:	:	• • •	: :		:	:	
Quantity (1,000 pounds): Value (1,000 dollars): Exports:	15,254:					60,581	
Quantity (1,000 pounds): Value (1,000 dollars):	91,690: 35,798:			39,968	-23	: 364,017 : 129,806	

	: 2nd quarter: : 1982 :		:Percent: :change :	2nd quarter 1981	Percent:		1981
	: :		from :		from :		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
Commodity area	: :		:(2) to :	:	:(4) to :		:
	: :		: (1) :		(1)		
	: (1) :	(2)	: (3) :	(4)	: (5) : : :	(6)	(7)
Construction determined	: :		: :				·
Soaps and synthetic detergents Imports:	•••••		: :				:
Quantity (1,000 nounde)	8,670:	9,012	: -4:	8,192	: 6:	22,608	26,852
Value (1,000 dollars)	: 5,637:	6,012					20,256
Exports:	: :		: :				
Quantity (1,000 pounds) Value (1,000 dollars)	54,372: 40,439:						
Synthetic dyes, total	· • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	201123	• •••		-21		200,332
Imports:	:		: :	:		:	\$
$\dot{D}$	: 8,689:	7,164	: 21:				34,352
Value (1,000 dollars)	·: 42,365:	34,468					: 164,591
Exports: Quantity (1,000 pounds)	: 7 975.	6 070	: : :		: : : -8:		70 / 0/
Value (1,000 dollars)	·: 7,835: ·: 20,376:						
Synthetic toners (pigments) and lakes, total	: 20,378:					<i><b>JIJE</b>I <b>J</b></i>	
Tmoorts:	: :		: :		: :	: :	;
Quantity (1,000 pounds)	: 2,165:						
Value (1,000 dollars)	: 11,442:	8,762	: 31:		: 24: : :		37,667
Exports: Quantity (1.000 nounds)	· · 5,771:	5,427	•				23,048
Quantity (1,000 pounds)	: 19,971:						
Dyes and tanning products of vegetable origin,	: :		: :		: :	1	;
total	: :		: :		: :		;
Imports: Quantity (1,000 pounds)	: 0 799.	20 626	: -54:	16,789	: : : -44:	66 717	
Value (1,000 dollars)	·: 9,322: ·: 4,295:						
Eventet	• •		: ;			,	;
Quantity (1,000 pounds) Value (1,000 dollars)	* 896*						
Value (1,000 dollars)						5,347	5,099
Synthetic tanning materials Imports:			: :		: :		; •
Quantity (1.000 nounds)	. 263:		-				613
Quantity (1,000 pounds) Value (1,000 dollars)	108:						
Exports:	: :		:		:	: :	:
Quantity (1,000 pounds) Value (1,000 dollars)	-: 451:						
Value (1,000 dollars) Inorganic pigments and pigment-like materials,	276:	475	: -42:	842	: -67:	4,111	3,107
total	· · ·		• •		• •		' 2
Twoshet	:		: :	:	: :	: :	;
Quantity (pounds) Value (1,000 dollars)	:1504,626,724:	1093,636,282	: 38:	1143,959,632			4182,188,814
Value (1,000 dollars)	: 90,521:	75,043		86,819	: 4:	283,162	328,654
Exports:	: 09 520 576 .	00 070 1/F	: :		: - 24 :	E4E E04 907	; • 445 194 004
Quantity (pounds) Value (1,000 dollars)	· 90,020,000·	98,932,145 50,308		133,846,353 53,925	-7:	515,596,827 183,501	201,391
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	20,200	: - ; :		: -, :		2017371

	2nd quarter: 1982 :		∶Percent∶ ∶change ∶	2nd quarter 1981	Percent:	1980 :	1981
:	:		from i		from :	:	.,,,,,
Commodity area :	:		:(2) to :		:(4) to :	:	
:	(1)		: (1) : : (3) :		: (1) : : (5) :	(6) :	(7)
			: :				
Inks and ink powders, total	• •		: :		: :	:	
Imports:	:		: :		: :	:	
Quantity (pounds):	2,466,838:	2,717,633				8,837,632:	11,483,301
Value (1,000 dollars):	5,007:	5,146				15,698:	20,290
Exports:			: :		: :	;	-/
Quantity (pounds) Value (1,000 dollars):	7,483,605:	6,141,469					
Value (1,000 dollars)	14,855:	12,117				47,431:	58,133
Paints and related items, total			• •		: :		
Imports: Value (1,000 dollars):		( 775	: 2:	1 1.1.0	: 7:		07 070
Exports:	6,922:	6,775	. 2.	6,448	. /.	23,930:	27,072
Value (1,000 dollars):	66,431;	57,154	: 16:	67,007	· -1:	213,798:	248,623
Crude petroleum	00,431	575154		07,007		213,770	270,023
Imports:			: :				
$\hat{Q}_{\mu\nu}$	309,991:	363,550	- 15 :	452,885	-32:	1,974,774:	1,750,963
Value (1,000 dollars):	9,825,818:					61,899,002:	61,457,914
Evoorts:	• •	.2,000,010	: :		: :	:	0.,,,,,,,,,,,,
Quantity (1,000 barrols)	1.622:	4,424	: -63:	3,313	: -51;	30,567:	16.447
Value (1,000 dollars):	59,575:	159,762	: -63:	124,373	: -52:	750,541:	576,795
Petroleum products :	:		: :		: :	:	
Imports: :	:		: :		: :	:	
Value (1,000 dollars):	2,764,655:	3,334,513	: -17:	3,026,198	: -9:	11,355,510:	13,190,129
Fxports:	: :		: :		: :	:	
Value (1,000 dollars):	1,202,102:	1,348,240	: -11:	440,503	: 173:	1,312,832:	2,230,579
Natural gas and products derived therefrom	:		: :		: :	:	
Imports:	• • • • • • • •	•	: :		: :	:	
Value (1,000 dollars):	1,244,585:	1,676,223	: -26:	1,253,933	: -1:	5,122,322:	5,689,065
Exports:			: :		: :	:	
Value (1,000 dollars)	103,043:	103,198	: 0:	90,321	: 14:	265,584:	385,679
Fertilizers and fertilizer materials	•						
Imports: Quantity (1,000 short tons):	3,448:	7 464	: 9:	7 750	: 3:	15 7 10.	47 0//
Value (1,000 dollars)	368,426:	3,151 347,962	-		-		13,966
Exports:	300,420.	347,902	• •	337,401		1,278,500:	1,393,908
Outphility (1 000 shart tone)	5.846:	5,670	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	6,361		48,532:	24,852
Value (1,000 dollars)	609,379:					3,186,526:	2,736,837
Explosives, total		540,075	: :	000,170	: ;	3,100,520:	2,730,037
Imports:			: :		: :		
Quantity (pounds)	6,751,525:	2,795,245	: 142:	1,934,181	: 249:	21, 157, 152:	9,302,102
Quantity (pounds) Value (1,000 dollars)	6,369:	6,329				22,566:	22,364
Exports:	: :	-,	: :		: :	:	
Quantity (pounds)	7,900,604:	7,391,741	: 7:	8,774,705	: - 10 :	46,211,330:	34,402,994
Value (1,000 dollars)	16,614:	12,514		-,			47,592

	2nd quarter:	Previous	<pre> Percent: change :</pre>	2nd quarter 1981	∶Percent∶ ∶change ∶	: 1980	1981
	1982	quarter	· from ·		from :	1900 -	1961
Commodity area	: :		:(2) to :		:(4) to :	:	
	: :		: (1) :		: (1) :	:	
	: (1) :	(2)	: (3) :	(4)	: (5) :	(6) :	(7)
			÷ ÷		· · ·	•	
Cleaning and polishing compounds, 10 pounds each or less	: :		: :		: :	:	
Importe:	• •		• •		••••	•	
Value (1,000 dollars)	: 1,825:	1,629	. 12:	1,336	· · · ·	5,074:	5,501
Exports:		1,027	: :	1,550	: :	5,0740	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
Value (1,000 dollars)	: 13,983:	11,196	: 25:	13,134	: 6:	44,813:	52,618
Certain products in schedule 4, part 13	: :	,	: :	,	: :	:	52,0.0
Tmoorte:	: :		: :		: :	:	
Value (1,000 dollars)	: 109,744:	100,606	: 9:	87,738	: 25:	344,326:	385,774
Exports:	: :		: :	• • •	: :	:	,
Value (1,000 dollars)	: 107,442:	. 95, 953	: 12:	120,871	: -11:	442,245:	442,328
Dextrine and soluble or chemically treated	: :		: :		: :	:	
starches	: :		: :		: :	:	
Imports:	: :		: :		: :	:	
Quantity (1,000 pounds)	: 6,047:	5,022				19,040:	21,744
Value (1,000 dollars)		1,295				5,280:	6,212
Exports:	: :		: :		: :	:	
Quantity (1,000 pounds) Value (1,000 dollars)	: 1,482:					7,058:	7,978
Value (1,000 dollars)	609:					2,708:	2,729
Coal and other carbonaceous material Imports:	: :		: :				
Quantity (1,000 short tons)			-			: • • • • • •	
Value (1,000 dollars)	: 168: : 7,498:	10,421				1,885: 82,895:	1,589
Exports:	• /,490•	10,421	: -20:			02,095.	72,336
Quantity (1,000 short tons)	: 34,125:	27,073	•			100,947:	120,733
Value (1,000 dollars)	: 1,906,813:	1,568,437			: 66:	5,037,378:	6,342,803
Rubber and plastics waste and scrap; film, strips,	: ;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;	() 200) 437	: :		: :		0,342,003
sheets, other profile shapes, total	: :		: :		: :		
Imports:	: :		: :		: :	:	
Value (1,000 dollars)	: 104,046:	91,790	: 13:	101,488	: 3:	326,719:	397,015
Exports:	: :		: :		: :	:	
Value (1,000 dollars)	: 200,537:	197,990	): 1:	196,524	: 2:	710,314:	778,137
Hose, pipe, and tubing, n.s.p.f. suitable for	: :		: :		: :	:	
conducting gases or liquids, including gaskets	: :		: :		: :	:	
and pipe fittings, or rubber or plastics	: :		: :		: :	:	
Imports:	: :		: :		: :	:	
Value (1,000 dollars)	: 53,349:	45,460	): 17:	47,139	: 13:	155,518:	178,842
Exports:	:		: :		: :	• • • • • • •	
Value (1,000 dollars)	61,226:	54,617	12:	67,618	: -9:	219,387:	250,074
Belting and belts for machinery, of rubber or	· ·		: :		• •	:	
plastics and not containing textile fibers Imports:						:	
Value (1,000 dollars)	: 2,211:	2,914	-24:	1,823	: 21:		7 457
Adrie (1)AAA AATIG(2)	- 2,211	2,919	-24	1,023	. 21:	6,834:	7,157

Commodity area	2nd quarter: 1982 :	quarter	Percent: change : from : (2) to :		<pre>Percent: change : from : (4) to :</pre>	: 1980 : :	1981
	: (1) :		: (1) : : (3) :		: (1) : : (5) :	(6) :	(7)
			: :		· · · ·	:	
Pneumatic tires			: :		: :	:	
Imports:		40 404		10 0//			
Quantity (1,000 units)	11,235:	10,186					44,852
Value (1,000 dollars)	327,568:	272,113	: 20:	334,025	: -2:	1,220,868:	1,254,279
Exports:		4 70/		(			47 0 4 0
Quantity (1,000 units)	1,859:	1,784		.,			13,848
Value (1,000 dollars)	96,203:	92,777	: 4:	162,019	: -41:	456,857:	533,109
Tires other than pneumatic tires					•		
Imports:		7 // 0 / 70					7/ 000 000
Quantity (units) Value (1,000 dollars)	6,836,417:	3,462,670					34,298,590
Value (1,000 dollars)	2,388:	892			: 90:	5,226:	5,228
Exports			: :		: :		
Quantity (units)	593,626:	605,636					3,746,355
Value (1,000 dollars)	2,219:	2,150	: 3:	4,959	: -55:	18,104:	15,382
Tubes for tires	• •		: :		: :	:	
Imports:			::		: :	:	
Quantity (1,000 units)	9,183:	7,468					51,452
Value (1,000 dollars)		13,087			: -5:	64,250:	62,098
Exports:	:		• •		• •	:	
Quantity (1,000 units)	: 453:	546					3,424
Value (1,000 dollars)	5,419:	6,261	: -13:	10,637	: -49:	36,378:	35,374
Rubber and plastics in wire and cable insulation	:		: :		: :	:	
coverings	:		: :		: :	:	
Imports:	: :		: :		: :	:	
Value (1,000 dollars)	: 1,052:	837	: 26:	971	: 8:	3,378:	3,741
Exports:	: :		: :		: :	:	
Value (1,000 dollars)	2,663:	2,736	: -3:	2,817	: -5:	7,132:	8,973
Fabricated rubber and plastics products	:		: :		: :	:	
Imports:	:		: :		: :	:	
Value (1,000 dollars)	217,978:	181,826	: 20:	191,769	: 14:	695,941:	769,859
Exports:	: :		: :		: :	• • • • • • •	
Value (1,000 dollars)	275,417:	240,437	: 15:	277,566	: -1:	898,768;	1,034,951
	· · · · · · · · ·		: :		: :	:	

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:		ing gates triggered fo	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	wheren attu	
Commodity area :	In	ports in	Exports in		
: : :	Previous quarter	: Corresponding : quarter : previous year	Previous quarter	: Corresponding : quarter : previous year	
enzenoid hydrocarbons (primary): enzenoid organic chemicals: ynthetic organic pesticides, total:	01 04 08	: : (01) 04 (07) : (06) 08 : 06	: 01 (04) 07 :	: : 01 07 :	
botanical pesticides, total		: 03 (06) 08	: (03) 06 (08) 09	: (03) (06) 09	
norganic acids: ertain inorganic chemical compounds: Aluminum compounds	06	: 06 :	: 10 :	: (06) 08 10 :	
Aluminum oxide: Antimony compounds: Calcium compounds :		: (06) : (06) 08 :	: 03 06 09 : (03) 09 10 :	: 09 10 : 09 :	
Calcium chloride: Magnesium compounds: Manganese compounds:	(03) (06) 08	: (06) : 03 : 09	: (06) 08 09 10 : :	: 09 : :	
Molybdenum compounds: Phosphorus compounds: Silver compounds:		: (08) : 03 06 08 09 : (03) (06) 09	: 03 06 : : 03 06 08 09 10	: 06 (08) : (03) (06) : 03 06 08 09 10	
Sodium compounds : Sodium bicarbonate: Sodium carbonate: Sodium chloride: Sodium hydrosulfite: Sodium sulfate:	03 06 09	: : 09 : 03 06 : (06) 08 : 03 06 08 09 10	: : : 10 : 03 06 : : 09	: : 10 : (06) : 03 06 09	
Source         Tungsten compounds         Uranium compounds         Vanadium compounds	(01) 04	: 03 06 (08) : 04	: 03 06 : 09	: 06 (08) 09 : 09	
Vanadium pentoxide: Zinc compounds	06 09	: (03) (06) 09	: 03 06 09 10	: 03 06 (08) 09 1	
Zinc sulfate Zinc sulfate	06	•	: 03 06 09 10	: 08 09 10	
Zirconium oxide: Sulfur dioxide:	06 (08) 09	: 03 06 09	: 03 09 10	: 03 06 08 09 10 : (06) 09 10	
Hydrogen peroxide: iscellaneous non benzenoid organic compounds:	06	:	: (06) :	: 09 :	
Acid anhydrides and acyl halides: Salts of organic acids (non benzenoid): Aldehydes (non benzenoid):	08	: (06) 08 09 : : 03 09 10	: 08 : 06 : 06	: 09 10 : 06 : 09	
Ketones (non benzenoid): Monohydric alcohols, unsubstituted and :	03 06 09	: 03 06 (08) 09 10 :	: (06) :	: (03) (06) :	
halohydrins (non benzenoid): Polyhydric alcohols and their derivatives (non :	06	: 06	: (06) 08 :	:	

## Table 16.--Summary of trade-monitoring gates triggered for selected commodity groups, April-June 1982

	Trade-monito	ring gates triggered f	or current quarter c	compared with	
: Commodity area	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Imports in	: Exports in		
	Previous quarter	: Corresponding : quarter : previous year	Previous quarter	: Corresponding : quarter : previous year	
Esters of monohydric alcohols, organic acids, and inorganic acids (non benzenoid)	03 06 (08) (03) (06) 09 09 (06) 08 03 08 09 06 (08) 09 06 (07) 09 (03) (06) 03 04 (01) (04) (01) (06 (08)	: 03 06 : (03) (06) 09 : 06 (08) 09 : 03 08 09 : 09 : 09 : 09 : 09 : 06 : (06) : 03 04 (08) 09 : 06 : (01) (04) : : 06 (08)	: 06 06 08 09 10 : 03 08 09 10 : 05 (07) : 04 : (01) (07) : (03) (06) : : : : : : : : : : : : :	: : : : : : : : : : : : : :	
or less		: : : : : (01) (04) 09	: : : : 01 06 09 10	: : : : 01 04	
Coal and other carbonaceous material Rubber and plastics waste and scrap; film, strips, sheets, other profile shapes, total Hose, pipe, and tubing, n.s.p.f. suitable for conducting gases or liquids, including	1 · · · ·	: (01) (04) 09 : : : :	: 01 04 09 10 : : :	: 01 04 : : : :	

## Table 16.--Summary of trade-monitoring gates triggered for selected commodity groups, April-June 1982

Commodity area	Trade-monitoring gates triggered for current quarter compared with					
	Imports in		:	Exports in		
	Previous quarter	: Corresponding : quarter : previous year	Previous quarter	: Corresponding : quarter : previous year		
gaskets and pipe fittings, or rubber or plastics	02 05 07 09 10 05	: : : : 02 07 09 :	: : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :	: : : : : (02) (05) 07 09 : (02) (07) 09 10 : (02) (05) 09 : :		

Table 16.--Summary of trade-monitoring gates triggered for selected commodity groups, April-June 1982

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## Minerals and Metals 1/

The trade deficit in the minerals and metals sector for the first half of 1982 amounted to \$8.1 billion compared with a deficit of \$5.6 billion in the first 6 months of 1981. During the first 6 months of 1982, exports decreased \$3.4 billion, or 31 percent, from the corresponding 1981 period. Imports decreased \$1.1 billion, or 7 percent, from \$16.9 billion in the first half of 1981 to \$15.8 billion in the first half of 1982.

The trade deficit in the second quarter of 1982 amounted to \$3.5 billion, representing a 3-percent increase over the deficit of \$3.4 billion in the second quarter of 1981. Declines in exports throughout the minerals and metals sector contributed to the continuing sector deficit, led by a nearly \$500 million decline in exports of gold bullion to the United Kingdom.

Total sector exports decreased 29 percent during the period, from \$5.6 billion in the second quarter of 1981 to \$4.0 billion in the second quarter of 1982. Data on imports for the second quarter of 1982 showed a 16-percent decrease--attributed mostly to the drop in zinc, ferroalloys, and diamond imports--to \$7.6 billion from \$8.9 billion in the second quarter of 1981 (table 17, fig. 7).

The trade deficit in the second quarter was partly attributable to an average increase of 55 percent in sector imports in the following items: wrought aluminum, molybdenum ore and metal, and copper ore, waste and scrap. The deficit existed despite the drop in the value of imports of zinc ore and concentrates (down 81 percent), zinc metal and waste and scrap (down 48 percent), gemstone diamonds (down 47 percent), ferroalloys and ores and metals of manganese, chrome, and silicon (down 46 percent), and ceramic floor and wall tile (down 27 percent). Significant export decreases were reported in gold bullion (down 84 percent), wrought aluminum (down 35 percent), bentonite (down 32 percent), and industrial fasteners (down 11 percent).

## Iron and steel mill products, all grades

The quantity of steel mill product imports declined 14 percent from the second quarter 1981 to the second quarter 1982, from 5.2 million short tons (valued at \$2.6 billion) to 4.5 million short tons (\$2.6 billion). The decline in quantity was largest in the product line of semifinished forms (billets, blooms, slabs, and wire rods), which fell by 40 percent, but the decline was evident in almost all product categories. A notable exception to the general decline in steel mill product imports was the 19-percent increase in imports of cold-rolled sheet.

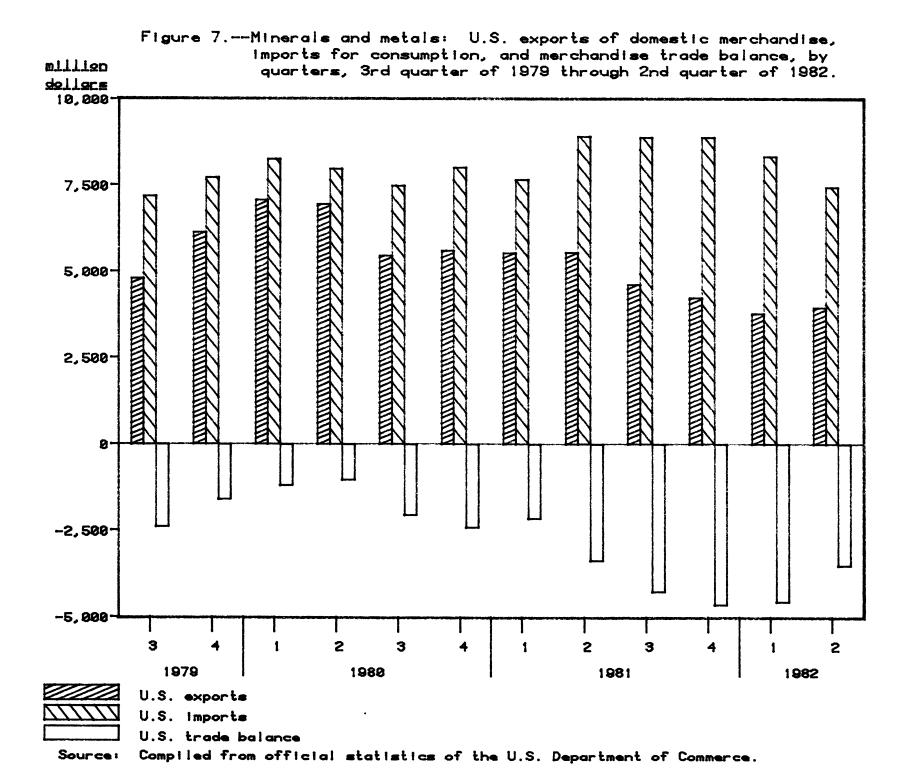
<sup>1/</sup> Included here are the commodities in the following portions of the Tariff Schedules of the United States: Schedule 5 (Nonmetallic minerals and products), except part 1(j)(pt.)) and schedule 6 (Metals and metal products), pts. 1, 2, and 3.

Table 17 .--- Minerals and metals: U.S. exports of domestic merchandise, imports for consumption, and merchandise trade balance, by selected countries and country groups, 1981, January-June 1982, April-June 1981, and April-June 1982 1/ 2/

.

: Item :	: 1981 : ;	January- : June : 1982 :	April- : June : 1981 :	April- June 1982
		1902	1701 :	1702
S. exports of domestic merchandise:				
CANADA:	4,659,483:	1,617,973:	1,387,437:	819,14
JAPAN:	1,763,490:	778,866:	477,381:	400,1
EC:	5,186,264:	1,619,741:	1,449,524:	817.3
BRAZIL:	199,173:	125,077:	54,168:	37,2
HONG KONG:	264,318:	99,057:	65,641:	49,50
INDIA:	122,179:	59,336:	28,783:	33,4
KOREA:	306,138:	174,312:	104,438:	107.4
MEXICO:	2,001,696:	599,137:	551,392:	300.0
TAIWAN:	297,502:	120,802:	90,422:	63.1
OPEC:	1,730,686:	867,282:	439,784:	456,8
NME 's:	142,112:	75,662:	38,542:	45,8
CHINA:	39,346:	4,860:	9,206:	3.0
All other:	3,280,249:	1,611,517:	863,319:	829,7
TOTAL:	19,953,294:	7,748,766:	5,550,837:	3,959,9
S. imports for consumption: :	:	• • • •		, ,
CANADA:	7,684,361:	2-,929,470:	2,260,747:	1,405,0
JAPAN:	6,026,007:	3,246,959:	1,491,927:	1,567,9
EC:	7,026,364:	3,602,271:	1,783,212:	1,770,1
BRAZIL:	661,533:	322,031:	140,265:	133,4
HONG KONG:	256,087:	109,726:	55,642:	55,0
IND IA:	369,738:	180,250:	84,569:	84,0
KOREA:	903,559:	463,851:	224,947:	208,4
MEXICO:	1,111,971:	749,030:	231,049:	211.2
TAIWAN:	756,716:	367,692:	181,908:	193,1
OPEC:	484,859:	154,754:	124,885:	75,
NME 's:	574,975:	195,430:	147,564:	81,0
CHINA:	179,403:	104,772:	39,378:	41,2
All other:	8,530,232:	3,479,512:	2,199,089:	1,674,0
TOTAL:	34,386,404:	15,800,981:	8,925,811:	7,459,1
S. merchandise trade balance: :	:	:	:	
CANADA:	-3,024,878:	-1,311,496:	-873,309:	-585,9
JAPAN:	-4,262,517:	-2,468,092:	-1,014,545:	-1,167,7
EC:	-1,840,099:	-1,982,530:	-333,688:	-952,8
BRAZIL:	-462,359:	-196,954:	-86,097:	-96,2
HONG KONG:	8,231:	-10,668:	9,999:	-5,
INDIA:	-247,558:	-120,913:	-55,786:	-50,
KOREA:	-597,421:	-289,538:	-120,509:	-100,9
MEXICO:	889,725:	-149,893:	320,343:	88,8
TAIWAN:	-459,213:	-246,890:	-91,485:	-129,9
OPEC:	1,245,827:	712,528:	314,898:	381,3
NME 's:	-432,863:	-119,768:	-109,022:	-35,2
CHINA:	-140,057:	-99,911:	-30,171:	-38,2
All other:	-5,249,982:	-1,867,995:	-1,335,769:	-844,
TOTAL:	-14,433,109:	-8,052,214:	-3,374,973:	-3,499,2
:	:	:	:	

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Imports of semifinished forms of iron and steel decreased from 501,907 tons (\$165 million) to 301,276 tons (\$112 million) in the corresponding period of 1981. Canada, the principal source of U.S. imports, experienced a 70percent decline in its shipments to the United States over these two periods. Japan, the second largest foreign supplier to the United States, decreased its shipments to the U.S. market by 43 percent. The declines in imports of these basic, semifinished forms is attributable to the overall sluggish performance of the U.S. economy in the second quarter of 1982.

Imports of cold-rolled sheet and strip increased from 359,571 tons (\$169 million) in the second quarter of 1981 to 428,461 tons (\$185 million) in the second quarter of 1982. The increase stemmed from substantial increases in imports from relatively new entrant countries in the international steel market, as imports from most traditional foreign sources either dropped noticeably (imports from Japan, the largest import source, declined by 40 percent) or remained stable (West Germany). Imports from Spain increased from only 585 tons in the second quarter of 1981 to 21,476 tons in the second quarter of 1982; imports from Argentina, from zero to 57,784 tons; and imports from Brazil, from 42 tons to 15,872 tons over the same two periods. The reason for this shift to imports of cold-rolled sheet from these non-traditional sources is readily discerned by comparing unit values of the imports. Imports of cold-rolled sheet from Argentina were \$304 a ton for the second quarter of 1982, the lowest of all major import sources (compared with a unit value of \$488 a ton for imports from Japan and \$484 a ton for imports from West Germany). Unit values of imports from both Brazil and Spain were sharply lower for the second quarter 1982 compared with the corresponding period of 1981.

> Patrick J. Magrath 523-0341

#### • Gold bullion

Exports of gold bullion in the second quarter of 1982 decreased 84 percent to \$129.6 million, from \$825.2 million during the second quarter of 1981. This continues a pattern established in 1981 as precious metal movements subside following continuing price declines since 1980. The bulk of the reduction in exports was to the United Kingdom, the leading international trading center for gold, and Canada.

Pam Woods 523-0270

#### Copper

Imports of copper ore, materials, and waste and scrap rose 15 percent in value in the second quarter of 1982 to \$39.8 million, from \$34.6 million during the second quarter of 1981. However, these imports rose 68 percent,

quantitatively, during the period to 40,330 short tons in the second quarter of 1982 from 23,996 short tons during the corresponding 1981 period. This continues a pattern established in the first quarter of 1982, with copper ore from Mexico showing the most significant gain. As the worldwide price of copper continues to decline and the domestic industry reduces mine production due to depressed copper prices, lower profit margins, and rising production costs, a move to less expensive foreign sources of supply to enable more cost efficient domestic smelting has resulted.

> Pam Woods 523-0270

#### Aluminum

Imports of wrought aluminum, including foil, rose 34 percent in the second quarter of 1982 as compared with the second quarter of 1981, while exports correspondingly dropped 35 percent during the same period. Imports of wrought aluminum rose to \$111.6 million in the second quarter of 1982 from \$83.5 million during the second quarter of 1981. Exports of wrought aluminum dropped to \$142.3 million in the second quarter of 1982 from \$220.4 million during the second quarter of 1981. This continues a pattern established in 1981, as domestic demand and consumption remain stable while domestic production is reduced due to weakened prices and rising production costs. The bulk of the imports were from Japan and West Germany. The bulk of the reduction in exports were to Canada.

Pam Woods 523-0270

#### Molybdenum

Imports of molybdenum ore and metal more than doubled in the second quarter of 1982 as compared with the corresponding 1981 period. Imports rose to \$10.1 million in the second quarter of 1982, from \$4.7 million during the second quarter of 1981. Items which increased significantly were molybdenum ore, molybdenum bearing materials, and unwrought molybdenum from Canada, Chile, and the United Kingdom. As the worldwide price of molybdenum continues to decline and the free market price remains at a level below the U.S. producer price, a shift to less expensive foreign sources of supply has ensued. Exports of unwrought molybdenum to West Germany in the second quarter of 1982 dropped 63 percent to \$996,000, from \$2.7 million during the second quarter of 1981. This continues a pattern established in the first quarter of 1982, as domestic production declined due to oversupply market conditions and falling product prices, resulting from declining demand from iron and steel producers, that are the major consumers of molybdenum.

Pam Woods 523-0270

#### Stainless steel table flatware

Imports of stainless steel table flatware have declined 21 percent in terms of quantity and 13 percent in terms of value during the second quarter of 1982 from the same 1981 period, or from 117.6 million pieces to 92.4 million pieces, and from \$21.4 million to \$18.5 million. The reason for this decline was a drop in demand coupled with a working off of the previous inventory accumulation. In fact, according to industry sources, the past quarter represents a low point in the market for the entire tableware industry.

> John DePauw 523-0255

# Ferroalloys

U.S. imports of ferroalloys (ferrochromium, ferromanganese, and ferrosilicon) and ores and metals of manganese, chrome, and silicon in the second quarter of 1982 decreased as a group 47 percent to 388 million pounds (\$107 million), compared with 736 million pounds (\$197 million) during the second quarter of 1981. Industry sources attribute the decrease to a declining domestic demand for these products in the steel industry and to the large accumulated inventories of imports. The largest decreases during the second quarter of 1982 were from South Africa and France (for ferroalloys and chrome ore and metal) and from South Africa, Brazil and Gabon (for manganese ore and metal).

> Laszlo Boszormenyi 523-0328

# Zinc ore and concentrate

Imports of zinc ore and concentrate decreased 81 percent to 12,372 short tons (\$5.3 million) in the second quarter of 1982, from 66,217 short tons (\$27.2 million) during the corresponding period of 1981. The decreased level of imports is a result of the depressed market conditions in the transportation and construction industries. Domestic smelters are operating at reduced levels (60 to 65 percent of capacity), reducing the need for material. Exports of zinc ore and concentrate more than doubled to 42,220 short tons (\$20.3 million) in the second quarter of 1982, from 15,392 short tons (\$10.4 million) during the corresponding period of 1981. The increase is primarily attributed to the ore available for export after the closure of a major smelter in 1981.

> Therese Palmer 523-0277

# Zinc metal and waste and scrap

Imports of zinc metal and waste and scrap decreased 42 percent to 115,026 short tons (\$81.2 million) in the second quarter of 1982, from 199,392 short tons (\$155.3 million) during the corresponding period of 1981. The reduced level of imports is a result of the decline in domestic consumption which was down 23 percent in 1982 compared with the corresponding period in 1981. The consumption decline is attributed to the depressed market conditions of the construction and transportation industries. Exports of zinc metal and waste and scrap decreased 58 percent to 7,053 short tons (\$6.3 million) in the second quarter of 1982, from 16,814 short tons (\$11.6 million) during the corresponding period of 1981. The reduced level of exports is a result of foreign producers and consumers drawing on their own stocks which were substantially increased in 1981.

> Therese Palmer 523-0277

# Ceramic floor and wall tiles

Imports of ceramic floor and wall tiles decreased 18 percent to 54 million square feet (\$37 million) in the second quarter of 1982, compared with 66 million square feet (\$51 million) during the same period of 1981. Coming after an ll-percent decline in the quantity of imports in the first quarter of 1982, compared to the same period of 1981, this second quarter decline appears to suggest the end of the unexpected strength shown by imports in 1981 in the face of declining home construction activity. Housing starts declined by 16 percent during 1980 and 1981 to 1.1 million units in 1981, but import volume had remained virtually unchanged during these years, remaining at the 1980 level of 255 million square feet (equal to 48 percent of apparent consumption in 1981). The remodeling market reportedly was a major factor behind this import strength in 1981, as high-interest rates and the downturn in the economy encouraged homeowners to make improvements to their existing homes, rather than purchase new homes. The continued decline of housing starts (down 26 percent for the first half of 1982, compared with the corresponding period of 1981) and the imposition of countervailing duties of 15.84 percent on imports from Mexico (effective May 7, 1982) have contributed to the import decline in 1982. Imports from Italy and Mexico accounted for 75 percent of the second quarter decline, as imports from Italy declined by 6 million square feet (\$8 million) to 20 million square feet (\$14 million), and imports from Mexico declined by 3 million square feet (\$3 million) to 5 million square feet (\$3 million).

> James J. Lukes 523-0279

# Bentonite

Exports of bentonite (a clay used primarily by the oil and gas industry in drilling mud and by the iron and steel industry in the pelletization of iron ore and in foundry sand) decreased 33 percent to 143,000 short tons (\$10.6 million) in the second quarter of 1982, compared with 214,000 short tons (\$15.7 million) during the same period of 1981. Exports account for a significant share of producers' shipments (18 percent in 1981), and the declining volume of exports for the second quarter of 1982 suggests that foreign demand for bentonite is in an accelerating downward trend. After steadily increasing during 1978-80, the quantity of exports decreased by 4 percent in 1981 and by 15 percent in the first quarter of 1982, compared with the same periods a year previous. Shipments to Canada and Japan, the two largest U.S. export markets in 1981, accounted for roughly 45 percent of the second quarter decline, as combined exports to those two countries decreased by 32,000 short tons (\$2.0 million) to 54,000 short tons (\$3.4 million). Depressed world market activity in iron and steel production and oil and gas drilling are believed responsible for the downward trend of bentonite exports.

> James J. Lukes 523-0279

#### Bolts, nuts, and screws

Although the quantity of U.S. exports of bolts, nuts, and screws (industrial fasteners) increased 50 percent, from 41 million pounds during the second quarter of 1981 to 62 million pounds during the second quarter of 1982, the value of total exports decreased from \$47 million during the second quarter of 1981 to \$42 million during the second quarter of 1982. The increase was attributable to exports of low unit value bolts to Mexico, which increased from 4 million pounds to 28 million pounds during the period. Exports of bolts to Mexico accounted for 45 percent of total U.S. exports of industrial fasteners in the second quarter of 1982 and during this period, Mexico replaced Canada as the leading U.S. export market for industrial fasteners.

> James Brandon 523-5437

#### Natural gemstone diamonds

The decline in the value of imports of natural gemstone diamonds reported in the second quarter of 1981 continued during the second quarter of 1982. U.S. imports of natural gemstone diamonds during the second quarter of 1982 totaled 233,629 carats (\$58 million), or \$248 per carat. This represents a very small increase in quantity compared with 232,716 carats (\$110 million) or \$473 per carat, but a decrease of 47 percent in value compared with the corresponding quarter of 1981. The fall off in the U.S. market, which is still in a depressed state due to the decline of consumer demand and high interest rates, has been in the larger, better quality investment stones. The market for the commercial and poorer quality diamonds has been steady and this is reflected in the lower value of the gemstone diamonds being sent to the United States.

Stan Garil 523-0304

	: 2nd quarter: : 1982 :	Previous quarter	<pre>Percent: change : from :</pre>		:Percent: :change : : from :	: 1980 :	1981
Commodity area	: : : (1)		:(2) to : : (1) : : (3) :		:(4) to : : (1) : : (5) :	(6)	(7)
	÷						
lonmetalic minerals and products, except ceramic products and glass and glass products Hydraulic cement and cement clinker Imports:						:	
Quantity (short tons)	-: 793,408;	284,109	: 179:	1,274,643	: -38:	5,263,444:	3.997.085
Value (1,000 dollars)	-: 29,260:	11,519				195,573:	151,240
Exports:	: 27,200		: :		: :	:	
Quantity (short tons)	-: 64.881:	46,524				186,311:	302.66
Value (1,000 dollars)	-: 8,739:	6,170				16,997:	31,56
Concrete mixes and articles thereof	- 0,757	0,170	: :		: :	10,777	51,50
Imports:			: :				
Imports.	· · 283:	370	• •		: -5:	1,913:	1,20
Quantity (number) Value (1,000 dollars)	-: 283.	3.620	·			17,254:	16,91
Exports:	4,7/7.		:		: ;	17,234.	10,71
Quantity (number)	-: 69,892:	89,457	• •			321,587:	887,11
Value (1,000 dollars)	-: 11,494:	18,131				37,983:	68,20
Lime	11,494.	10,131	: -3/:		· -43·	37,703.	00,20
					• •	•	
Imports: Quantity (short tons)	-: 94.618:	99,172	• •			480.416:	504.33
Value (1,000 dollars)	-: 4,461:	4,795			: -14:	19,176:	21,56
Exports:	4,401.		: -,:			17,170.	21,00
Quantity (short tons)	-: 8,300:	4,680				41.795:	28.36
Value (1,000 dollars)	0,500.	4,680				3,990:	20,30
Value (1,000 dollars)Gypsum or plaster rock, gypsum cement and	-: 898:	/47	20.	61171	· - 19·	3,990.	3,77
articles thereof Imports:			•••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••		••••	•	
Value (1,000 dollars)	-: 12,190:	12,015	: 1:	11,642	: 5:	38,962:	42,13
Evente:	• •	12,015		11,042	: :	30,702.	72,13
Value (1,000 dollars)	-: 5,244:	4,189	: 25:	6,246		18,842;	24,37
Sand	- 5,244	7,07		0,240		10,042.	27,37
Imports:	• •						
Augustity (long tong)	-: 53.800:	75,481	29:	80.896	-33:	483,233:	301.26
Quantity (long tons)	-: 181:	933				1,449:	1,46
Exports:	- 1011	733			: :	1,447.	1,10.
Augustity (long tong)	-	456,846				2,188,871:	2.139.86
Value (1,000 dollars)	-: 9,133:					40,659:	36,73
Crushed stone	· · · · ·	0,023	: :		: ;	• • • • • • • •	20,73
Imports:							
Value (1,000 dollars)	-: 1,479:	644	: 130:	2,235	34:	7,413:	7,22
Exports:		044	: 130.	-,	· · · · ·	7,713.	1,22
Value (1,000 dollars)	-: 4,585:	2,839			-40:	19,339:	23,52
value (1,000 dollars)	- 4,505.	2,037		7,031		17,339.	23,32

1/ Import values are based on Customs value; export values are based on f.a.s. value, U.S. port of export.

Table 18Quarterly and	annual data on U.S.	imports and exports f	for selected	commodity groups
-----------------------	---------------------	-----------------------	--------------	------------------

	: 2nd quarter: : 1982 : : :	Previous quarter	<pre>Percent: change : from :</pre>		<pre>Percent: change : from :</pre>	: 1980 : :	1981
Commodity area	: :		:(2) to :		:(4) to :	:	
obmindarcy area	: :		; (1) ;		: (1) :	:	
	: (1) :	(2)	: (3) :		: (5) :	(6) :	(7)
Dimension stone and articles thereof	: :		: :		: :	:	
Imports: Value (1,000 dollars)	: 44,523:	36,213	: : :	34,328	: : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :	: 90,055:	133,69
Evporte:	: :		: :		: :	:	
Value (1,000 dollars) Mica and mica products	4,835:	5,091	: -5:	4,875	: -1:	17,068:	20,85
Imports:	: :		: :		: :	:	
Value (1,000 dollars) Exports:	•••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••	1,679	): 6:	1,839	: -4:	7,862:	7,54
Value (1,000 dollars)	·: 2,272:	2,193	5: 4:	3,018	: -25:	11,864:	10,43
Graphite, carbons, and calcined petroleum and coal coke not suitable for use as fuel	: :		: :		: :	:	
Imports: Value (1,000 dollars)	·: 35,836:	37,320	· · -4:	34,561	: 4:	119,121:	157,35
Exports: Value (1,000 dollars)	: : ·: 153,697:	160,894	: -4:		: -16:	: 595,616:	715,00
Asbestos and asbestos products Twoarts:	: :	100,074			: :	:	,,,,,,,,,
Value (1,000 dollars)	: :	26,539	): -12:	37,487	: -38:	124,292:	139,16
Value (1,000 dollars)	-: 21,869:	24,263	5: -10:	26,959	- 19:	96,938:	103,03
Abrasives Imports:			: :		: :	:	
Quantity (long tons)	-: 14,035:	4,816	5: 191:	4,352	: 222:	22,214:	24,57
Quantity (long tons) Value (1,000 dollars) Exports:	24,842:	27,476	5: -10:				117,1
Quantity (long tons)	-: 9,748:	6,337	•				54,1
Value (1,000 dollars)	-: 8,066:	7,711		9,042	: -11:	36,796:	33,62
Abrasive articles	: :		: :		: :	:	
Imports:	:		:		: :	:	
Value (1,000 dollars) Exports:	: :	16,362	2: 16:	17,352	: 9: : :	60,643:	71,17
Value (1,000 dollars)	18,299:	17,290	): 6:	20,289	- 10 :	73,534:	77,7
Industrial diamonds	: :		: :		: :	:	
Quantity (carats)	-: 5,122,716:	5,031,094	: 2:	5,458,157	: -6:	21,858,278:	20,406,68
Quantity (carats) Value (1,000 dollars) Exports:	27,943:	22,787		30,954			111,77
Quantity (carats)	-: 7,121,475:	7,405,021			-2:	28,463,604:	28,337,2
Value (1,000 dollars)	-: 17,285:	17,603					28,337,20

8	2nd quarter: 1982	Previous quarter	<pre>Percent: change : from :</pre>		Percent: change : from :	1980	1981
Commodity area	(1)		:(2) to : : (1) : : (3) :		:(4) to : : (1) : : (5) :	(6)	(7)
1	l		: :		: :	:	
Natural gemstones			: :		: :	:	
Tmportet	: :		: :		: :	:	
Value (1,000 dollars)	62,157:	76,813				1,014,389:	420,79
Exports:		( 744	:			:	
Value (1,000 dollars)	5,961:	4,708	: 27:	3,918	: 52: : :	10,966:	16,10
Cut gemstones and articles thereof Imports:	•		• •		• •	•	
Value (1,000 dollars):	451,462:	533,238	- 15:	558,068	: – 19:	1,597,005:	2,193,71
Evoorte:		333,230	: :	550,000	: :	:	2,1,3,71
Value (1,000 dollars)	85,453;	85,598	: 0:	131,263	: -35:	674,208:	488,67
Synthetic gemstones	: :		: :	- ,	: :	:	
Imports	: :		: :		: :	:	
Value (1,000 dollars):	: 6,531:	6,978	: -6:	5,660	-	20,991:	23,60
Exports:	:		: :		• •	:	
Value (1,000 dollars)	3,306:	2,929	: 13:	3,355	-1:	10,325:	13,35
Clays						:	
Clays, china clay or kaolin and ball clay			• •		• •	•	
Imports: Quantity (1,000 short tons):	6:		: 569:	8	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	25:	2
Value (1,000 dollars)	· 60. · 461:			-		2,177:	1,68
Exports:		1.37	: 2510		: :	2,177	1,00
Aughtity (1.000 short tons)	409:	345	: 18:	442	: -7:	1,602:	1,62
Value (1,000 dollars)	43,156:			44,655	: -3:	140,076:	162,57
Clays, fuller's earth	: :		: :		: :	:	
Imports:	: :		: :		: :	:	
Quantity (1,000 short tons)	: 1/ :		: 0:		: 0:	1/ :	1/
Value (1,000 dollars)	: :		: 0:		: 0:	56:	3
Exports:			: :		: :	:	
Quantity (1,000 short tons)	23:					114: 9,225:	11 10.45
Value (1,000 dollars) Clays, bentonite	2,289:	2,343	- 10:	2,009		9,225:	10,45
Imports:			: :				
Quantity (1,000 short tons)	1/ 1					17 :	17
Value (1,000 dollars)	: 11:	••	: 140:			42:	4
Exports:	: :	•	: :	-	: :	:	•
Quantity (1,000 short tons)	: 143:	166	: -14:	213	: -33:	897:	86
Value (1,000 dollars)	: 10,592:	13,886	: -24:	15,732	: -33:	62,207:	64,53
Clays, artificially activated and certain other	: :		: :		: :	:	
clays	: :		: :		: :	:	
Imports:	: :		: :	_	: :	:	
Quantity (1,000 short tons)	: 2:		: 8:		•	8:	1
Value (1,000 dollars)	: 963: : :	- · ·	10: : :	.,	: -22: : :	3,117:	4,65
Exports: Quantity (1,000 short tons)			•			646:	4.0
Value (1,000 dollars)	: 19.538:					72,649:	60 80,37
AGINE (1)000 0011912)	- 17, 330.	17,712	2.			12,047.	00,37

Table 18Quarterly and annual data on U.S. imports and exports for selected commodit	y group	Jps
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	: 2nd quarter: : 1982 :	Previous quarter	<pre>:Percent: :change :</pre>	<pre>2nd quarter:Percent: 1981</pre>		: 1980 :	1981
	: :	qual cel	from :		: from :	:	.,
Commodity area	: :		:(2) to :				
	: (1) :	(2)	: (1) : : (3) :		: (1) : : (5) :	(6) :	(7)
	: :	(2)	: :		: :		~~~
Nonmetallic minerals and products, n.e.c.			: :		: :	:	
Imports:	: :		: :		: :	:	
Value (1,000 dollars)	: 82,431:	68,797	: 20:	92,290	-11:	322,255:	362,400
Exports:	:		: :			:	
Value (1,000 dollars)	: 89,130:	90,065	: -1:	112,145	-21:	315,048:	378,288
Fluorspar	: :					:	
Imports: Quantity (1,000 short tons)	: :		: :	0.00	: :	:	
Value (1,000 dollars)	: 148: : 16,647:					899:	826
Exports:	10,04/+		-8:		: - 39:	83,032:	95,854
Quantity (1,000 short tons)			8:		· · ·	17:	1 1
Value (1,000 dollars)	: 334:	-	-	-		1,659:	1, 193
Ceramic products		334	: :	512		:	1,173
Refractory and heat-insulating products			: :				
Importsi			: :		: :	:	
Value (1,000 dollars)	: 16,939:	13,401	: 26:	12,940	31:	61,165;	70,195
Exports:	: :		: ::		: :	:	, , , , , , ,
Value (1,000 dollars)	: 50,413:	53,362	: -6:	78,383	5: -36:	259,253:	271,948
Ceramic construction articles	: :		: :		: :	:	
Ceramic floor and wall tiles	: :		: :		: :	:	
Imports:	: :		: :		: :	:	
Quantity (1,000 square feet)	: 54,117:					255,411:	254,659
Value (1,000 dollars)	: 37,023:					170,409:	187,756
Exports	: :		: :		: :	:	
Quantity (1,000 square feet) Value (1,000 dollars)	; 3,230:					7,941:	11,150
Value (1,000 dollars)						7,319:	13,339
Ceramic bricks and structural clay tiles	: :				: :	:	
Imports: Value (1,000 dollars)	: :		: :		: :		
Value (1,000 dollars) Exports:	3,519:	2,336			- 12:	15,306:	14,120
Value (1,000 dollars)	: 1,273:	693	: 84:		41:	F 70/.	/ 0.07
Ceramic construction articles, n.e.c.	. 1,2/3.	073	. 04.		41.	5,794:	6,802
Imports:	• •					•	
Value (1,000 dollars)	: 891:	907	: -2:	795	; ; 12:	4,483:	3,668
Exports:		707	: :		; ;	:	3,000
Value (1,000 dollars)	: 1,689:	2,205	-23:	3,420	-51:	7,311:	11,971
Table, kitchen, household, art, and ornamental	: :	27203	: :	0,12		1,011	
pottery	: :		: :		: :	:	
Pottery products, n.e.c.	: :		: :		: :	:	
Imports:	: :		: :		: :	:	
Value (1,000 dollars)	: 74,188:	65,859	: 13:	79,930	): -7:	319,210:	336,200
Exports:	: :		: :		: :	:	
Value (1,000 dollars)	3,359:	2,298	: 46:	2,587	/: 30:	9,979:	10,611

	: 2nd quarter: : 1982 : : :	Previous quarter	<pre>:Percent: :change : : from :</pre>		<pre>:Percent: :change : : from :</pre>	: 1980 : :	1981
Commodity area			:(2) to : : (1) ;		:(4) to : : (1) :	:	
	: (1) :	(2)	: (3) :	(4)	: (5) : : :	(6) :	(7)
Fine earthenware food utensils Imports:			: :		: : : :	:	-
Augustity (1,000,dogog) = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = =	-: 6,562:					24,308:	27,935
Value (1,000 dollars)						178,445:	201,738
Exports	:		: :		: :		
Quantity (1,000 dozen)	-: 126:	137	-			734:	610
	-: 1,002:		: -12:	• • • =	: -29: : :	4,918:	4,615
Vitreous china food utensils Imports:					· · ·	•	
	3 796.		•			13,565:	16,067
Value (1,000 dollars)	-: 38,638:					147,141:	167,542
Evente:	: :			,	: :	:	
$\dot{0}$	-: 500:	343	: 46:	162	: 209:	591:	672
Value (1,000 dollars)	-: 4,561:	3,786	: 20:	3,548	: 29:	12,312:	13,32
Industrial ceramics and ceramic articles,	: :		: :	-	: :	:	
n.s.p.f.	: :		: :		: :	:	
Ceramic electrical ware	: :		: :		: :	:	
Imports:	: :		: :		: :	:	
Value (1,000 dollars)	-: 12,782:	10,965			: 1:	51,375:	48,106
Exports:	:		: :		: :	:	
Value (1,000 dollars)	-: 24,960:	24,668	: 1:	25,472	: -2:	79,562:	92,320
Ceramic sanitary ware							
Imports: Value (1,000 dollars)	: : -: 2,948:	2,422	• •		: -32:	12,536:	14,397
Exports:	2,940.	2,422	• • • •	4,303	· - 52 ·	12,930.	14,37
Value (1,000 dollars)	-: 6,783:	6,303	: 8:	8,824	· -23:	26,808:	31,662
Certain industrial ceramics and ceramic	- 0,765	0,505	: :	0,024	: :	20,000:	31,002
articles, n.s.p.f.	1		: :		: :		
Imports:	: :		: :		: :	:	
Value (1,000 dollars)	-: 4,158:	3,751	: 11:	2,231	: 86:	8,636:	12,27
Exporte:	• •		: :		: :	:	
Value (1,000 dollars)	-: 7,526:	6,733	: 12:	7,030	: 7:	26,924:	30,03
lass and glass products	: :		: :		: :	:	
Flat glass and products thereof	: :		: :		: :	:	
Imports:	:		: :		: :	:	
Value (1,000 dollars)	-: 61,906:	45,464				196,316:	194,15
Exports: Value (1,000 dollars)		7/ 7/4	: :		: :	700 054	7/5 70
Value (1,000 dollars)	-: 88,178:	76,740	15:	103,469	- 15:	322,851:	345,72
Unprocessed flat glass (float, plate, and sheet, rolled and wire glass)	• •		••••		• •	•	
Imports:	• •					· ·	
$\dot{0}$	-: 27,388:	19,465	: 41:	21,815	: 26:	120.691:	89,21
Value (1,000 dollars)	-: 9,769:		••			42,695:	42,73
Exports:	: :	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	: :	• • • •	: :	:	,/3.
Quantity (1,000 square feet)	-: 62,130:	49,922	: 24:	73,170	- 15:	306,549;	264,24
Value (1,000 dollars)	-: 38,455:					167,745:	166,17

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Table 18.--Quarterly and annual data on U.S. imports and exports for selected commodity groups

	2nd quarter: 1982	quarter	<pre>Percent: change : from :</pre>		Percent: change : from :	: 1980	1981
Commodity area			:(2) to : : (1) :		:(4) to : : (1) :	:	
	(1) :	(2)	: (3) :	(4)	: (5) : : :	(6) :	(7)
Tempered glass						:	
Imports: Quantity (1,000 square feet):		0 577	: -11:	6,111	: 24:		24 282
Value (1,000 dollars)	7,575:	8,537 13,678				20,565: 39,072:	24,282 50,099
Exports:		13,070	: 50.			37,072:	20,077
Quantity (1.000 square feet)	16,912:	12,838			: 4:	37,344:	51.027
Value (1,000 dollars)	27,250:	22,753				76,651:	87,078
Laminated glass			: ::		: :	:	
Importe:	: :		: :		: :	:	
Value (1,000 dollars)	: 14,377:	6,283	: 129:	5,485	: 162:	39,478:	26,525
Evonte:	· · ·		: :		: :	:	
Value (1,000 dollars)	: 10,708:	13,715			: -23:	39,648:	44,540
Mirrors of glass	:		: :		: :	:	
Imports:			: :				F 7 7 7 6 6
Value (1,000 dollars)	12,494:	11,497	: 9:	12,480	: 0:	53,400:	53,380
Exports: Value (1,000 dollars):	6,284:	4,528	: 39:	7,005	· - 10 :	20,666:	25,394
Glassware and other glass products	0,204.	4,520		7,005	· - 10 ·	20,000.	23,374
Imports:	•		• •		• •	•	
Value (1,000 dollars)	124,337:	103,619	: 20:	116,307	; 7;	405,665:	468,528
Exports:		103,017	: :		: :	:	100,520
Value (1,000 dollars)	135,631:	121,476	: 12:	149,556	: -9:	497,013:	551,569
Fiber Glass	: :	,	: :		: :	:	
Imports:	: :		: :		: :	:	
Value (1,000 dollars)	: 3,718:	2,552	: 46:	3,224	: 15:	11,830:	16,730
Exports:			: :		: :	:	
Value (1,000 dollars)	: 20,398:	21,278			: -23:	71,386:	89,944
Glass containers	: :		: :		: :	:	
Imports:	• • • • • •		: :		: :		
Value (1,000 dollars)	21,586:	18,265			: 13:	43,312:	66,093
Exports: Value (1,000 dollars)		10 /0/	: :		: 6:		<i>( (</i> <b>)</b> ( <b>)</b>
Value (1,000 dollars) Pressed and blown glassware n.e.c.	13,071:	10,426	: 25:	12,311	. 0.	41,807:	46,049
Imports:	• •		: :			•	
Value (1,000 dollars)	88,186:	74,190			: 7:	304,330:	341,589
Evonts:	: :	74,170	: :	029775	: ;	504,5500	341,307
Value (1,000 dollars)	63,237:	53,263	: 19:	73,854	: -14:	253,811:	276,904
Precious metals		507200	: :		: :	:	2,0,,,0,
Tmports:	: :		: :		: :	:	
Quantity (1,000 troy ounces)	: 20,521:	27,267	: -25:	25,614	: -20:	87,202:	102,132
Value (1,000 dollars)	: 596,977:	857,442	: -30:	1,074,598	: -44:	5,543,463:	4,012,112
Exports:	: :		: :		: :	:	
Quantity (1,000 troy ounces)	: 6,445:					89,041:	36,236
Value (1,000 dollars)	: 309,776:	269,019	: 15:	1,144,361	: -73:	5,988,763:	3,759,956

Commodity area	2nd quarter: 1982 : :	quarter	<pre>:Percent: :change : : from : :(2) to :</pre>		<pre>Percent: change : from : (4) to :</pre>	: 1980 : :	1981
Common ty an ea	(1)		: (1) : : (3) : : :		: (1) : : (5) : : :	(6) :	(7)
Precious metal ores, and other metal-bearing materials, sweepings, and waste and scrap Imports:			: : : : : :			:	
Quantity (1,000 troy ounces)	3,823: 87,768:	4,922 94,448	: -7:	131,869		14,778: 597,122:	19,263 472,880
Quantity (1,000 troy ounces)	3,383; 103,451;	2,154 80,111	: 57:	3,648	: -7:	25,064: 1,443,573:	13,980 722,667
Platinum group metals Imports:	: <b>:</b>		: :		: :	:	/22,00/
Quantity (1,000 troy ounces)	554: 122,159:	493 116,079	_	199,797		3,385: 1,105,716:	2,614 742,400
Quantity (1,000 troy ounces)	200:	134 34,239	: 50:	242 89,115	: -17:	713: 316,574:	763 268,970
Imports: Quantity (1,000 troy ounces) Value (1,000 dollars) Exports:	275,058:	1,191 477,267		521,743		: 4,090: 2,506,889: :	4,164 1,942,559
Quantity (1,000 troy ounces) Value (1,000 dollars) Silver bullion	396: 129,597:	282 112,310	: 15:	825,158	: -84:	4,702: 2,787,430: :	5,237 2,501,337
Imports: Quantity (1,000 troy ounces) Value (1,000 dollars) Exports:	111,339:	20,320 168,968		18,283 210,415		64,761: 1,328,162: :	75,92 837,17
Quantity (1,000 troy ounces) Value (1,000 dollars) Iron and steel mill products, waste and scrap, pig iron, and ferroalloys Pig iron, and spiegeleisen Imports:	2,200: 17,051: :	3,413 29,124				57,205: 1,326,878: : : :	15,13) 181,379
Quantity (1,000 short tons)	23,681:	66 10,836		25,797	•	402: 63,212:	436 68,152
Quantity (1,000 short tons) Value (1,000 dollars) Ferroalloys Ferrochromium	7: 833:	5 533	: 27: : 56: : :		: 62: : 39: : :	72: 8,015: :	10 1,960
Imports: Quantity (1,000 pounds)	38,375: 18,588:	55,051 26,137		49,161		329,281: 146,660:	497,42 219,20
Quantity (1,000 pounds) Value (1,000 dollars)	2,734: 1,438:	3,487 1,906	: -22:	10,685	: -74:	63,409: 22,233:	28,199 10,36

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Table 18.--Quarterly and annual data on U.S. imports and exports for selected commodity groups

commodity area	2nd quarter: 1982 : :	quarter	Percent: change : from : (2) to :		<pre>Percent: change : from : (4) to :</pre>	: 1980 : :	1981
Commotily area	(1)		: (1) : : (3) : : :		: (1) : : (5) : : :	(6)	(7)
: Ferromanganese :	:		: :		: :	:	
Imports:	:		: :		: :	:	
(1, 0, 0)	249,079:	305,582	: - 18 :	402,053	: -38:	1,045,285:	1,209,035
Value (1,000 dollars):	54,185:	64,850		88,944	: -39:	240,685:	276,422
Exports:	:				: :	:	
Quantity (1,000 pounds)	5,680:	7,103	: -20:	12,494	: -55:	36,350:	33,542
Value (1,000 dollars):	1,972:	2,844		5,506	: -64:	11,125:	13,690
Ferrosilicon	:				: :	:	-,
Imports:	:		: :		: :	:	
Aughtity (1,000 pounds)	36,845:	40,766	: -10:	39,729	: -7:	93,948:	221,488
Value (1,000 dollars)	12,216:	16,098	: -24:	18, 152	: -33:	42,526:	81,118
Fxnorts:	:		: :		: :	:	
(1,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,0	13,094:	6,001	: 118:	8,570	: 53:	54,982;	31,510
Value (1,000 dollars)	4,439:			3,216	: 38:	18,591:	12,110
Iron and steel mill products, all grades			:		: :		-, -
Imports:	:		: :		: :	:	
$\rho_{\mu\nu}$	4,516:	4,932	: -8:	5,212	: -13:	15,538:	19,938
Value (1,000 dollars)	2,625,240:			· · · · ·		6,932,233:	10,285,870
Exports:	:	-,,			: :	:	
Quantity (1,000 short tons)	536:	536	: 0:	846	: -37:	4,161:	2,966
Value (1,000 dollars)	441,633:	444,318	: -1:	613,406	: -28:	2,556,303:	2,274,142
Copper ore and metal			: :		: :	:	
Copper ore, waste and scrap, and unwrought copper:	•		: :		: :	:	
Copper ore, copper bearing materials, and waste	: :		: :		: :	:	
and scrap	:		: :		: :	:	
Imports:	:		: :		: :	:	
Quantity (short tons, contained weight):	40,330:	44,041	: -8:	23,996	: 68:	90,949:	84,907
Value (1,000 dollars)	39,837:	47,540	: - 16 :	34,588	: 15:	128,700:	115,670
Exports: :			: :		: :	:	
Quantity (short tons, contained weight):	97,724:	91,466	: 7:	94,798	: 3:	335,617:	334,121
Value (1,000 dollars):	108,148:	96,543	: 12:	114,418	: -5:	487,888:	407,440
Copper, unwrought :	:		: :		: :	:	
Imports:	:		: :		: :	:	
Quantity (short tons, contained weight):	125,476:	65,580	: 91:			520,677:	402,697
Value (1,000 dollars):	178,883:	96,341	: 86:	155,215	: 15:	1,026,974:	644,092
Exports:	:		: :		: :	:	
Quantity (short tons, contained weight):	5,066:	3,905	: 30:	8,836	: -43:	23,751:	41,708
Value (1,000 dollars)	8,784:	8,043	: 9:	16,684	: -47;	50,624:	72,948
Copper, wrought :	:				: :	:	
Imports:	: :		: :		: :	:	
Quantity (short tons, contained weight):	41,166:	49,471				110,934:	184,919
Value (1,000 dollars):	103,424:	120,531				353,130:	507,461
Exports:	: :		: :		: :	:	
Quantity (short tons, contained weight):	16,096:	20,264				118,553:	89,120
Value (1,000 dollars)	65,718:	73,567	: -11:	83,620	: -21:	393,068:	322,802

•••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••	2nd quarter:	Previous	:Percent:	2nd quarter	Percent:	:	
:	1982	quarter	<pre>:change : : from :</pre>	1981	<pre>:change : : from :</pre>	1980 :	1981
Commodity area	:		:(2) to : : (1) :		: (4) to : : (1) :	:	
	(1)		: (3) :		: (5) :	(6) :	(7)
Bauxite and aluminum metals :	:		: :		: :	:	
Bauxite : Imports: :	:		: :		: :	:	
Quantity (1,000 short tons):	3,594:	3,367		3,973	- 10 :	15,317:	15,274
Value (1,000 dollars):	110,301:	97,366		- /		380,537:	392,557
Exports:	110,501	77,500			: :	566,557,	572,557
Quantity (1.000 short tops)	5:	7	: -28:			22:	21
Value (1,000 dollars):	705:	911				4,766:	3,441
Aluminum, unwrought and waste and scrap :	:	• • •	: :		: :	:	0,
Imports:	:		: :		: :	:	
Quantity (short tons)	200,222:	181,280	: 10:	198,747	: 1:	642,737:	795,472
Value (1,000 dollars):	250,520:	239,849	: 4:	270,705	: -7:	838,070:	1,070,433
Exports: :	:		: :		: :	:	
Quantity (short tons):	149,827:	140,914	: 6:	159,190		1,158,882:	584,760
Value (1,000 dollars)	159,078:	154,079	: 3:	217,692	: -27:	1,590,536:	762,849
Aluminum, wrought other than foil : Imports: :	:		: : : :		: :	:	
Quantity (short tons):	50,399:	59,391				79,408:	145,228
Value (1,000 dollars):		115,486	-			165,393:	314,899
Exports: :	:		: :		: :	:	
Quantity (short tons):	52,861:	56,242	-			338,059:	282,762
Value (1,000 dollars):	133,011:	138,086	: -4:	206,285	: -36:	808,120:	697,739
Aluminum foil :	•		: :			:	
Imports: Quantity (short tons):		7 674	. 75.	4 070	: :		
Value (1,000 dollars):	2,289: 11,519:	3,531 12,307				4,549:	6,713
Exports:	(1,519)		: -6: : :		: 44: : :	27,218:	34,561
Quantity (short tons):	4,476:	5,851				43,209:	35,986
Value (1,000 dollars):	9,298:	8,997				76,929:	47,324
Nickel ore and metal	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	0,777	: :			10,72,7	77,327
Imoorts:			: :		: :		
(1,000,000)	71,616:	91,863	: -22:	124,298	-42:	357,091:	388,426
Value (1,000 dollars):	195,457:	254,755				1,088,639:	1,153,024
Fxports:	:		:		: .	:	.,
Quantity (1,000 pounds):	30,339:	26,164	: 16:	22,805	: 33:	106,012:	85,705
Value (1,000 dollars):	85,832;	73,405		83,945	: 2:	353,751:	307,158
Tin ore and metal :	:		: :		: -:	:	
Imports: :	:		: :		: :	:	
Quantity (long tons):	9:	8				48:	48
Value (1,000 dollars):	116,038:	104,920				787,846:	648,487
Exports:	:		: :		: :	:	
Quantity (long tons): Value (1,000 dollars):	2: 8,057:	6 81,626		-		11: 37,731:	11
							60,990

Table 18.--Quarterly and annual data on U.S. imports and exports for selected commodity groups

	2nd quarter: 1982	Previous quarter	<pre>Percent: change : from :</pre>		Percent: change : from :	: 1980 :	1981
Commodity area	(1)	(2)	:(2) to : : (1) : : (3) :		(4) to : (1) : (5) :	(6)	(7)
ead	:		: :			:	
Lead ore and concentrate			: :			•	
Tmoorts:	: :		: :		: :	:	
Quantity (short tons)	: 3,970:	1,818	: 118:	6,784	-41:	33,794:	31,211
Value (1,000 dollars)	: 1,434:	964	: 49:	4,377	: -67:	24,688:	20,917
Exports:	: :		: :		: :	:	
Quantity (short tons)	: 10,773:	12,672	: -15:	19,292	: -44:	71,845:	53,905
Value (1,000 dollars)	: 3,689:	5,567	: -34:	11,663	: -68:	60,266:	30,819
Lead metal and waste and scrap	: :		: :		: :	:	
Imports:	: :		: :		: :	:	
Quantity (short tons)	: 29,032:	20,068	: 45:	24,380	: 19:	96,061:	116,622
Value (1,000 dollars)	: 17,231:	14,380	: 20:	18,933	: -9:	95,646:	93,356
Evontet	• •				: :	••••••	
Quantity (short tons) Value (1,000 dollars)	: 29,639:	56,574	: -48:	27,105	: 9:	312,842:	90,934
Value (1,000 dollars)	: 16.907:			15,289	: 11:	227,056:	48,384
linc	: :		: :		: :	:	
Zinc ore and concentrate	: :		: :		: :	:	
Tmports:	: :		: :		: :	:	
Quantity (short tons)	: 12,372:	24,100	: -49:	66,217	: -81:	206,029:	280,401
Value (1,000 dollars)	: 5,290:					75,771:	114,404
Fxports:	: :		: :			:	,
Quantity (chart tone)	: 42,220:	15,235	: 177:	15,392	: 174:	79.616:	77,144
Value (1,000 dollars)	: 20,329:					38,728:	45,048
Zinc metal and waste and scrap	:		: :		: :	:	
Importe:	: :		: :		: :	:	
Quantity (short tons) Value (1,000 dollars)	: 115.026:	117,578	: -2:	199,392	: -42:	462,712:	691,481
Value (1,000 dollars)	: 81,216:					328,223:	565,880
Exports:	: :		: :		: :	:	202,000
Quantity (short tons)	: 7,053:	5.395	: 31:	16,814	: -58:	41.310:	42,024
Value (1,000 dollars)	: 6,335:					28,666:	32,720
fiscellaneous base metals and ores	: :		: :			20,000;	00,100
Imports:	: :		: :		: :	:	
Value (1,000 dollars)	: 313,387:	336,018	: -7:	587,639	: -47:	2,070,808:	2,095,402
Exports:	: :	00070.0	: :		: :	:	2,0,5,102
Value (1,000 dollars)	: 285,600:	215,568	: 32:	400,012	: -29:	1,849,283:	1,414,016
Ores of cerium and thorium	: :	,	: :		: :	:	.,
Imports:	: :		: :		: :	:	
Quantity (1,000 pounds, contained weight)	: :	1	: -24:	1	: -54:	3:	4
Value (1,000 dollars)	: 609:					1.853:	3,158
Exports:	: :		: :	.,	:	1	0,100
Quantity (1.000 pounds, contained weight)	· 81·		: 0:	3	: 2,282:	6:	285
Value (1,000 dollars)	: 25:		: 0:	-		17:	146
			: :	••	: :	• • •	

commodity area	2nd quarter: 1982 :	quarter	Percent: change : from : (2) to :		Percent: change : from : (4) to :	: 1980 : :	1981
	(1) : :		: (1) : : (3) : : :	:	(1) : (5) :	(6) : :	(7)
Chrome ore and metal			: :			:	
Chrome ore Imports:			•••		••••	:	
Quantity (1,000 long tons, contained)	49:	71	: -30:	79	-37:	366:	32
Value (1,000 dollars)	7,693:	12,109				56,466:	49,94
Exports:	:	,	: ::			:	
Quantity (1.000 long tons, contained)	1:	2	: -49:	1 :	: 12:	5:	6
Value (1,000 dollars):	286:	553	: -48:	217	: 32:	1,446:	5,89
Chrome, unwrought, ex. alloys and waste and	: :		: :		: :	• •	
scrap	:		: :		: :	:	
Imports:						:	
Quantity (1,000 pounds)		1/	••	7 007	-42:	3:	0/ /0
	3,204:	2,415		7,223	: -56: : :	28,367:	24,62
Exports: Quantity (1,000 pounds):	1/ 1	17		12		1/ :	17
Value (1,000 dollars)	798:	401		•••		3,788;	5,20
Cobalt ore and metal		401	: ;;	1,172	: :	3,700:	5,20
Cobalt, unwrought, unalloyed, and waste and			: :		: :	:	
scrap			: :		: :	:	
Imports:	: :		: :		: :	:	
Quantity (1,000 pounds)	: 3,473:	4,451	: -22:	2,897	: 20:	14,953:	13,90
Value (1,000 dollars)	39,328:	61,278	: -36:	55,200	: -29:	357,474:	238,82
Exports:						:	
Quantity (1,000 pounds)	225:	153			•••	1,485:	2,19
Value (1,000 dollars)	; 2,227;	1,642	: 36:	5,434	: -59:	14,576:	16,46
Columbium ore and metal			: :			:	
Columbium ore					• •		
Imports: Quantity (1,000 pounds):	664:	817	: -19:	1,555	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	4,862:	6 6 7
Value (1,000 dollars)	4.507:	4,621				27,115:	4,42 49,88
Columbium, wrought and unwrought and waste and 3	4,507+	7,021	· -2·	11,505		27,115	77,00
Scrap			: :		: :	:	
Imports:			: :		: :	:	
Quantity (1,000 pounds)	: 13:	1	: 1,043:	1/	: 61,300:	119:	
Value (1,000 dollars)	139:	15	: 801:	17	: 36,524:	2,577:	5
Iron ore	: :		: :		: :	:	
Imports:	: :		: :		: :	:	
Quantity (long tons)	3,837:	3,294				25,058:	28,33
Value (1,000 dollars)	: 132,219:	104,875				772,843:	948,11
Exports		-	: :		• •	:	<b>-</b>
Quantity (long tons)	1,231:		: 31,152:			5,689:	5,54
Value (1,000 dollars)	: 58,889:		: 23,133:	102,060	: -42:	230,567:	244,684

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Table 18.--Quarterly and annual data on U.S. imports and exports for selected commodity groups

	2nd quarter: 1982 :	quarter	<pre>Percent: change : from :</pre>		Percent: change : from :	: 1980 : :	1981
Commodity area	:		:(2) to :		:(4) to :	:	
	(1)		: (1) : : (3) : : :	(4)	(1) : (5) :	(6) :	(7)
Maonesium metal	:		: :			:	
Magnesium, unwrought, and waste and scrap	: : : :		: :		: :	:	
Quantity (short tons)	1,204:					3,669:	6,750
Value (1,000 dollars)						6,817:	12,833
Exports:	:					:	
Quantity (short tons)	8,210:					49,729:	33,065
Value (1,000 dollars)	21,786:	26,094	: -17:		24:	104,673:	81,805
Magnesium, wrought			•				
Imports: Quantity (short tons, contained weight)			-			47:	32
Value (1,000 dollars)		•				131:	129
Exports:						1311	12.
Quantity (short tons, contained weight)						6,813:	1,598
Value (1,000 dollars)			· —			23,033:	9,048
Manganese ore and metal		27710	: :		: :	:	,,,,,
Manganese ore	: :		: :		: :	:	-
Imports:	: :		: :		: :	:	
Quantity (1,000 pounds, contained weight)	49,716:	113,835	: -56:	174,739	: -72:	670,285:	622,502
Value (1,000 dollars)		10,628	: -71:	10,688	: -71:	46,432:	43,16
Exports:	: .		: :			:	
Quantity (1,000 pounds, contained weight)	: 15,441:					212,980:	66,644
Value (1,000 dollars)						6,406:	6,578
Manganese, unwrought, and waste and scrap Imports:			: :	1	: :	:	
Quantity (1,000 pounds)	; 3,562;					15,829:	16,685
Value (1,000 dollars)						8,031:	8,419
Exports:	:					:	
Quantity (1,000 pounds)	2,469:					24,639:	9,488
Value (1,000 dollars)	1,669:	831			- 16 :	11,459:	4,97
Mercury ore and metal			: :		• •		
Mercury, unwrought and waste and scrap					• •	•	
Imports: Quantity (flasks of 76 pounds each)			: 7:	2,495	· · ·	11,557:	12,58
Value (1,000 dollars)	· 2,074· · 955:					3,007:	5,060
Molybdenum ore and metal			: .		: .	5,007:	5,000
Molybdenum ore and molybdenum-bearing materials			: :		: :		
Imports:	: :		: :	8	: :	:	
Quantity (1,000 pounds, contained weight)	1,844:	1,524	: 21:	551	: 234:	3,777:	3,638
Value (1,000 dollars)						29,176:	19,48
Exports:	: :				: :	:	
Quantity (1,000 pounds, contained weight)	: 13,605:	10,016	: 36:	: 11,827	: 15:	68,217:	51,348
Value (1,000 dollars)	: 69,114:	54,712	: 26:	97,490	: -29:	715,430:	406,816

	2nd quarter: 1982 : :	quarter	<pre>Percent: change : from :</pre>		Percent: change : from :	: 1980 : ;	1981
Commodity area	: : (1) :		:(2) to : : (1) : : (3) : : : :		:(4) to : : (1) : : (5) : :	: : (6) : :	(7)
Molybdenum, unwrought and waste and scrap Imports:	:	,	: : : : : :			:	
Quantity (1,000 pounds, contained weight) Value (1,000 dollars)		142 1,037		54 787		535: 9,882: :	44 5,57
Quantity (1,000 pounds, contained weight)	174:	393 1,309		883 3,524	-80:	1,038: 8,972:	2,91 12,58
Imports: Quantity (1,000 pounds) Value (1,000 dollars)	: 16: 395:	34 888	-	30 799	-45:	: 137: 4,031:	9 2,55
Exports: Quantity (1,000 pounds) Value (1,000 dollars)	249:		: : : 45:	183	: 36:	1,010: 23,454:	70 13,79
Rhenium metal Imports: Quantity (1,000 pounds)	:		: :			23,73 <b>7</b> . : :	13,77
Value (1,000 dollars) Silicon metal	26:	42				668:	66
Silicon, unwrought, and waste and scrap Imports: Quantity (1,000 pounds)	10.735:	19,073	· · · · · · · -44:	12,833	- 16 :	: 42,458:	56,97
Value (1,000 dollars) Exports:	5,805:	9,852	: :		: :	22,484:	30,50
Quantity (1,000 pounds) Value (1,000 dollars) Silicon metal containing over 99.7% silicon	10,133:	1,913 9,915	: 2: : :	15,553	-35:	28,696: 65,477: ;	17,34 57,00
Imports: Quantity (1,000 pounds)	: 928: 6,803:	319 5,964	: 14:	236 5,881	: 292:	: 1,288: 31,823:	1,92 27,40
Tantalum ore and metal. Tantalum ore Imports:			: : : : : :	:		:	
Quantity (1,000 pounds)	8,008:	708 9,604				2,322: 73,774: :	4,28 90,60
Quantity (1,000 pounds) Value (1,000 dollars) Tantalum, unwrought, and waste and scrap		8 505	: -100: : :	:	: 0: : 0: : :	425: 12,893: :	17
Imports: Quantity (1,000 pounds) Value (1,000 dollars)	: 61: 3,527:	45 2,970	: 19:	29 1,864	: 89:	: 259: 21,120:	14 10,15
Exports: Quantity (1,000 pounds) Value (1,000 dollars)	: 158: 10,355:	92 8,199		113 8,975		: 673: 71,917:	35 32,65

	Table 18Quarterly	/ and annual data on	U.S. imports and ex	ports for selected commodity g	roups
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Commodity area	2nd quarter: 1982 : :	quarter	Percent: change : from : (2) to :		Percent: change : from : (4) to :	: 1980 : : :	198 1
	(1) :		: (1) : : (3) : : :	(4)	: (1) : : (5) : : :	(6) : :	(7)
: Tantalum, wrought	:		: :		: :	:	
Imports:	:		:		: :	:	
Quantity (1,000 pounds):	1:	1/_				1:	1/
Value (1,000 dollars)		5				172:	94
Exports:	:		: :		: :	:	
Quantity (1,000 pounds)	15:	9	••			124:	96
	2,508:	1,232	: 104:	1,602	: 57:	20,896:	6,53
Titanium ore and metal	•				• •		
Titanium ore and slag	•				• •		
Imports: Quantity (1,000 short tons):	; 100.	777	• •				7.40
Value (1,000 dollars)	128:	277				844:	719
Value (1,000 dollars)	14,157:	29,077	_			90,131:	95,748
Exports: Quantity (1,000 short tons):	1:		• •			17:	-
Value (1,000 dollars)	242:	203			•		2 4 4
	242.	203	-		· - 56. : :	3,443:	2,099
Titanium sponge : Imports:	•				• •		
Quantity (1,000 short tons)	1,475:	820				9,553:	12,980
Value (1,000 dollars)	8,845:	5,947				60,213:	93,514
Exports:	0,043	3,74/	• •			00,213.	73,51
Quantity (1,000 short tons)	17 :		. 0:			17 :	17
Value (1,000 dollars)	109:	1	-			1,088:	45
Titanium, unwrought other than sponge; and	10,51	•	: ;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;	100	: ;;	1,000:	400
waste and scrap					: :		
Imports:			: :		: :		
Quantity (1,000 short tons)	644:	1.445	-55:	1,836	: -65:	8,623:	8,062
Value (1,000 dollars)	2.356:	3,160				33,189:	24,71
Exports:	:	37.00				:	E 177 1
$Q_{uantity}$ (1.000 short tons)	2:	1		2	: 44:	6:	-
Value (1,000 dollars)	23,874:	21,359			: -24:	77,533:	114,70
Titanium, wrought		21,037			: :	11/200	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
Imports:	:		: :		: :	:	
Quantity (1,000 short tons)	1/:	17	: - 10 :	17	: -32:	:	
Value (1,000 dollars)	3.644:	4,495		4,613	: -21:	15,269:	21,57
Exports:	:	.,			: :	:	_ , , , , ,
$\dot{\theta}$ usptity (1.000 short tops)	1/ :	1/	: -49:	1/	: -39:	1:	
Value (1,000 dollars)	8,338;	14,081	: -41:	14,801	: -44:	51,588:	53,800
Tungsten ore and metal	•		: :		: :	:	
Tungsten ore and tungsten-bearing materials	:		: :		: :	:	
Imports:	:		: :		• •	:	
Quantity (1,000 pounds, tungsten content)		3,007	: -30:	2,976	: -29:	11,484:	11,770
Value (1,000 dollars)		21,001	: -41:	23, 187	: -47:	88,622:	91,326
Exports:	•		: :		: :	:	
Quantity (1,000 pounds, tungsten content)*	319:	106			: 1,039:	2,028:	175
Value (1,000 dollars)		454	: 302:	166	: 1,166:	15,453:	1,150

	2nd quarter: 1982	Previous quarter	<pre> Percent: change :</pre>	2nd quarter 1981	Percent: change :		1981
	: :	quar car	: from :		from :	:	
Commodity area			:(2) to : : (1) :		:(4) to : :  (1)   :		
	(1)	(2)	: (3) :		: (5) :		(7)
Tungsten, unwrought, and waste and scrap			: :		: :		
Tungsten, unwrought Imoorts:			: :		: :	:	
Quantity (1,000 pounds, tungsten content)		168	-21:	53			
Value (1,000 dollars)	: 1,487:	1,998		- · ·			4,531
Exports:	: :		: :		: :		
Quantity (1,000 pounds, tungsten content)	817:				• -		
Value (1,000 dollars)	7,104:		. 2/.		• • • •	28,211	36,747
Tungsten, wrought Imports:			: :				
Quantity (1,000 pounds)	: 10:		-	20	-51:	16 1	186
Value (1,000 dollars)	566:			828	: -32:	3,862	4,089
Exports:	: :		: :		: :		:
Quantity (1,000 pounds)	: 156:				-		
Value (1,000 dollars)	: 6,220:	••••			: -20:	29,765:	25,690
Metallic containers			: :		: :	1	
Imports: Value (1,000 dollars)	: · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~	: :	20 410	: : : 11:	74 0 14	
Value (1,000 dollars)Exports:	22,582:	20,206	: 12:		• • • •	74,914	81,239
Value (1,000 dollars)	: 68,426:	64,507	•		: – 15 :	277,945	296,878
Wire cordage; wire screen, netting, and fencing;	: 00)4204	04)307	: :	00,150	: :		
bale ties	: :		: :		: :	:	:
	:. :		: :		: :	:	:
Quantity (pounds)	: 171,187,320:	182,486,694	-6:	169,419,787		619,449,677	649,951,819
Amports: Quantity (pounds) Value (1,000 dollars)	: 98,884:	106,033	5: -7:		: -5:	357,207	: 396,444
			: :		: :	:	:
Quantity (pounds)	: 25,532,686:	24,576,862				118,881,710	
Value (1,000 dollars)	: 27,812:	30,407	-9:	38,999	: -29:	130,151	141,261
Wire strand and rope					• •		
Imports:	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	170 115 002	· · ·	147,332,767	• •	532,779,136	575 682 813
Quantity (pounds) Value (1,000 dollars)	· 150,004,002·	Q1,377	/: -9:				
Example 1		///////////////////////////////////////	: :		: :	2079032	· J22)033
Quantity (pounds) Value (1,000 dollars)	; 9,328,973;	13,868,969	-33:	16,595,319	: -44:	57,510,563	62,700,045
Value (1,000 dollars)	: 15,040:						
Fencing	: :		: :		: :	1	:
Imports:	: :		: :		: :	:	:
Quantity (pounds) Value (1,000 dollars)	: 5,176,828:						
Value (1,000 dollars)	: 2,171:				-		7,996
Exports: Quantity (pounds)	: :		: :		: :		
	: 612,000:						
Value (1,000 dollars)	: 1,263:	665	5: 90:		: 34:		3,825

Table 18Quarterly and annual data on U.S. imports and exports for selected commodity gro	Table 18Quarter!	' and annual d	data on U.S. <sup>3</sup>	imports and expo	rts for	selected	commodity group
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:	2nd quarter: 1982 :	Previous quarter	<pre>Percent: change :</pre>	2nd quarter 1981	<pre>Percent: change :</pre>		1981
	1702 :	quarter	· from ·		from :		1701
Commodity area :	:		:(2) to :		:(4) to :		
:	:		: (1) :		; (1) ;		
:	(1) :	(2)	: (3) :	(4)	: (5) : : :	(6) :	(7)
Wire cloth :	:		: :		: :		
Imports: :	:		: :		: :	:	
Quantity (pounds): Value (1,000 dollars):	2,974,506:	2,399,094	: 24:			10,078,082:	10,941,695
Value (1,000 dollars):	9,011:	9,769					46,981
Exports: :			: :		: :		
Quantity (pounds) Value (1,000 dollars):	5,277,842:	5,866,462					
Value (1,000 dollars): Welded wire mesh :	4,947:	4,262	16:		: -25:	22,079:	26,351
Imports:	•		: :		• •	•	
Oursetity (nounda)	9,411,244:	4,034,019			: 8:	38,168,450:	27,526,584
Value (1,000 dollars):	2,643:						
Exports:	:	• • • • • •	: :		: :		<i>,,</i> ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
Quantity (pounds) Value (1,000 dollars):	8,093,242:	2,406,299	: 236:	3,289,962	: 146:	29,387,856;	14,294,639
Value (1,000 dollars):	2,345:	1,915		2,188	: 7:	14,746:	9,522
Nails, screws, bolts, and other fasteners; locks; :	:		: :		: :	· · · · ·	
builders' hardware; furniture, luggage and :	:		: :		: :	:	
saddlery hardware :	:		: :		: :	:	
Imports: :	:		:	- /	: :		
Value (1,000 dollars):	263,180;	241,740			: 1:	921,517:	984,685
Exports: Value (1,000 dollars):	:	430 055			: :	577 (//)	(
Value (1,000 dollars): Fasteners :	157,629:	138,055	i: 14:	162,142	: -3:	537,664	601,784
Bolts, nuts, and screws	•		• •		• •	•	
Two autors							
Quantity (pounds): Value (1,000 dollars):	245.634.960:	238.494.698	: 3:	225,678,784	: 9:	861,798,004	895.402.966
Value (1.000 dollars):	134.479:	125.892	: 7:				
Evonte:	•			-	: .		
Quantity (pounds): Value (1,000 dollars):	61,831,616:	38,447,662	: 61:	41,144,470	: 50:	131, 153, 367	160,407,531
Value (1,000 dollars):	41,570:	39,529	: 5:	46,547	: -11:	162,711:	178,777
Handtools, cutlery, forks and spoons :	:		: :		: :		
Imports: :	:		: :		: :	:	
Value (1,000 dollars):	251,368:	240,029			: 4:	850,045:	948,552
Exports: :	:		: :		: :	:	
Value (1,000 dollars):	259,437:	235,930	10:	268,321	: -3:	955,732:	1,035,533
Handtools	:		: :		: :	:	
Imports: Value (1,000 dollars):	450 074-	4/0 7	· · ·	440 004	• •	E 4 7 / 7 / 7 / 7 / 7 / 7	
	158,871:	148,337	': 7: : :		: 11:	507,636	562,564
Exports: Value (1,000 dollars):	: 236,769:	217,300	•		: -5:	888,267	059 470
Table flatware	230,/09:	217,300	. 9:	200,490	·	000,20/	958,132
ICATE ITC/MQ[6 .	•		• •		· ·		•

	2nd quarter: 1982 :		Percent: change :	2nd quarter 1981	Percent: change :		1981
:	:	•	: from :	:	from :	:	
Commodity area			:(2) to : :  (1)  :		:(4) to : : (1) :		
	(1)		: (3) :		(5)		(7)
Table flatware, precious metals	:		: :		:	:	
Imports:	:		: :	:	: :	:	
Quantity (pieces)	1,410,317:	990,994					
Value (1,000 dollars)	1,996:	1,737		• • • • •			9,035
Example 1	•		: :		• •		
Quantity (pieces)	44,426:	19,447					160,112
Value (1,000 dollars)	952:	524					3,006
Table flatware, stainless steel			: :			:	
Imports: Quantity (pieces) Value (1,000 dollars)		107 016 177	• - • •	117,558,881		411,690,807:	667 000 TCO
Quantity (pieces)	y2,303,31/+	10/,014,13/	· -14· · -7·				
		20,012	· -/· : ·		· - 13 ·		02,140
Augustity (piecos)	1,710,900:						6,121,463
Quantity (pieces)	17,208:	13,807	: 25:		: 49:		
Scissors and shears		13,007	: :		: :		52,100
Two and a t	:		: :		: :	:	
Quantity (number)	10,541,656:	10,360,787	: 2:	10,307,984	: 2:	41,142,320:	41,373,241
Quantity (number) Value (1,000 dollars)	6,502:	7,048			: 3:		
Exports:	: 1	-	: :		: :		
Quantity (number)	97,268:	164,240			: -48:	312,888:	515,974
Value (1,000 dollars)	388:	850				1,335:	2,052
Miscellaneous metal products	: :		: :	:	: :	:	
Imports:	• • • • • • •		: :		• • •		
Value (1,000 dollars)	616,363;	967,304	: -36:	738,017	: -16:	3,532,401:	3,099,196
Exports:		530 (0)		( ( ) 70 (		;	0 500 455
Value (1,000 dollars)	557,813:	572,624	: -3:	641,386	- 13 :	3,243,605:	2,529,155
Chain of base metals Power transmission chain of iron and steel							
Imports:	•		••••		••••	•	
Aughtity (nounds)	12,829,070:	12,341,574	· · ·	13,130,118	-2:	55,681,256:	53,755,036
Quantity (pounds) Value (1,000 dollars)	17,046	16,875					
Evonte:		.0,075	: :				7 17 2 3 0
Quantity (pounds)	3,369,499:	3,269,479	: 3:	5,876,157	: -43:	17,169,793:	18.403.692
Value (1,000 dollars)	8,723:		-				
Anchor chain of iron or steel	:		: -:		: ;	:	
Imports:	: :		: :		: :	:	
Quantity (pounds)	: 4,080,032:					15,367,555:	
Quantity (pounds) Value (1,000 dollars)	2,005:	1,545					8,107
Evene with a t	• •		: :		: :		
Quantity (pounds) Value (1,000 dollars)	7,381,302:	510,339	: 1,346:				
Value (1,000 dollars)	: 6,651:	952	: 598:	1,597	: 316:	6,078:	5,872

Table 18Quarterly and annual	data on U.S.	imports and export	s for selected	l commodity groups

	2nd quarter: 1982 : :	quarter	<pre>Percent: change : from :</pre>		<pre>Percent: change : from :</pre>	: 1980 : :	1981
Commodity area : :	: ; (1) ;	(2)	:(2) to : : (1) : : (3) : : : :		:(4) to : : (1) : : (5) : :	: : : : :	(7)
: Round link chain and chain n.s.p.f. of iron or : steel; chain of base metals other than iron:						: : :	
or steel	:		: :			:	
Imports: Quantity (pounds): Value (1,000 dollars):	: 8,540,599: 7,040:	8,247,283 6,622				46,049,711: 38,184:	
Exports: Quantity (pounds): Value (1,000 dollars):	3,742,140: 6,896:	3,445,555 5,829				19,570,442: 27,825:	
Structures of base metal :	:		: :		: :	:	
Imports: :	:		: :		: :	:	
Quantity (1,000 short tons):	25:	24		43		155:	150
Value (1,000 dollars):	30,681:	30,586	: 0:	46,422	: -34:	162,294:	181,543
Exports: :	:		: :		: :	:	
Quantity (1,000 short tons):	66:	83				346:	379
Value (1,000 dollars): :	184,294:	234,295	: -21: : :	237,101	: -22: : :	778,519:	980,699

	1			
Commodity area	•	Imports in	: E	xports in
commonity area	Previous quarter	: Corresponding : quarter : previous year	Previous quarter	: Corresponding : quarter : previous year
<pre>onmetalic minerals and products, except ceramic products and glass and glass products Hydraulic cement and cement clinker</pre>	: : : : : : : : : : : : : :	<pre>; previous year ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ;</pre>	<pre>c quarter c quarter c</pre>	<pre>: previous year : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :</pre>

Commodity area	Trade-monitoring gates triggered for current quarter compared with				
	:	Imports in	: Exports in		
	Previous quarter	: Corresponding : quarter : previous year	Previous quarter	: Corresponding : quarter : previous year	
Ceramic sanitary ware	:	:	:	:	
Certain industrial ceramics and ceramic	•	•	•		
articles, n.s.p.f	•	: 03 09			
Glass and glass products	•	•	•	•	
Flat glass and products thereof	•	•	•		
Unprocessed flat glass (float, plate, and	•	•	•	•	
sheet, rolled and wire glass)	• 06	: (08)	•	•	
Tempered glass		: 03	: 06	•	
Laminated glass		: 03 09		: 09	
Mirrors of glass		. 03 03		. 0,	
Glassware and other glass products		•	•	•	
Fiber Glass		•	:		
Glass containers	•	•	•	•	
Pressed and blown glassware n.e.c		•	•		
Precious metals		: (03) (08)		: (03) (08) 09	
Precious metal ores, and other metal-bearing	•	. (05) (08)	•	•	
materials, sweepings, and waste and scrap		: (06)	: 06	: (03) (08) 09	
Platinum group metals		. (00)	: 06	: (03) (08) 09	
Gold bullion		: (03) 08	: 06 09	: 03 06 (08) 09	
Silver bullion		: (03) (08)	: (03) (06)	: (03) (08)	
Iron and steel mill products, waste and scrap,		: (03) (08)		. (03) (08)	
• • • • • • • • •			:		
pig iron, and ferroalloys Pig iron, and spiegeleisen	. 03 06		: 03	: 06 09 10	
			: 03	. 00 09 10	
Ferroalloys Ferrochromium	:	:	: 09		
Ferromanganese		: (03) (06) 09	: 09	: (03) (06) 08 09 : (03) (06)	
Ferrosilicon		: (06)	: 03 06	: (03) (08)	
Iron and steel mill products, all grades			. 03 00	: (06)	
Copper ore and metal	•	•	•	. (00)	
Copper ore, waste and scrap, and unwrought	•	•	•	•	
copper	•	•	•	•	
Copper ore, copper bearing materials, and	•	•	•	•	
waste and scrap	•	: 06 (08) 09	•	•	
Copper, unwrought		: 06 09	: 06	: (03) (06)	
Copper, wrought	•		:	•	
Bauxite and aluminum metals	•	•	•	•	
BauxiteBauxite	•	•	: 09	: 09	
		: 09	: 09	• • •	
Aluminum, unwrought and waste and scrap			•		
Aluminum, wrought other than foil Aluminum foil		: 06 09 10	: 08	: (06)	
Aluminum follNickel ore and metal		: 03 06 : 03 06	: 00	: (06) 08 09 : 06 09	
Fin ore and metal			: : (03) (06) (08)	: 00 09	
TH ALE WIN MELST	•	: (06) 09	; (00) (00) (00)	•	

Table 19.--Summary of trade-monitoring gates triggered for selected commodity groups, April-June 1982

	Trade-monitori	ng gates triggered f	or current quarter	compared with	
Commodity area	In	ports in	: Exports in		
	Previous quarter	: Corresponding : quarter : previous year	: Previous quarter	: Corresponding : quarter : previous year	
Lead		:	:	:	
Lead ore and concentrate:	03 06 (08) 09	: (03) (06) (08)	: 09	: (03) (06) (08) 09	
Lead metal and waste and scrap	06	:	: (03) (06)	•	
Zinc		•	: (05) (00)	•	
Zinc ore and concentrate	(03) (06) 09	: (03) (06) 09	: 03 06	: 03 06 09	
Zinc metal and waste and scrap:	(, (,	: (03) (06)	: 06	: (03) (06) 08 09 1	
Miscellaneous base metals and ores		: (03)	: 10	: (00) (00) 00 03 1	
Ores of cerium and thorium		: (03) (06)	: 03 06	: 03 06 (08)	
Chrome ore and metal		•	. 05 00		
Chrome ore	(06) 09	: (03) (06) 09	: (03) (06) 09	•	
Chrome, unwrought, ex. alloys and waste and		: (05) (00) 05	. (05) (00) 07	•	
scrap:		: (03) (06)	: 03 06	: (06) 09	
Cobalt ore and metal		: (00) (00)			
Cobalt, unwrought, unalloyed, and waste and :		•	•	•	
scrap		: (08) 09 10	: 06	: (03) (06) 08	
Columbium ore and metal		: (00) 05 10		•	
Columbium ore	09	: (03) (06)	•	•	
Columbium, wrought and unwrought and waste		: (05) (00)		•	
and scrap				•	
Iron ore		: (03) (06)	: 03 06 09	: (03) (06)	
Magnesium metal :	••	:	:	: (00) (00)	
Magnesium, unwrought, and waste and scrap:		: 09	: 09		
Magnesium, wrought:	03 06	: (03) (06) 09		:	
Manganese ore and metal :		:	-	:	
Manganese ore:	(03) (06) (08) 09	: (03) (06) 09	: 03 06 09	: (03) (06)	
Manganese, unwrought, and waste and scrap:		1	: 03 06 09	: 09	
Mercury ore and metal		•	•	•	
Mercury, unwrought and waste and scrap:	09	: 09 10			
Molybdenum ore and metal		:		:	
Molybdenum ore and molybdenum-bearing :		:	:		
materials:		: 03 06 09	: 06 09	: (08)	
Molybdenum, unwrought and waste and scrap:		: 03 06 (08) 09	: (06) 08 09	: (03) (06) 08 09 1	
Molybdenum wrought:		: (03) (06)	: 06	: 06 (08)	
Rhenium metal:		: (03) (06)	1	:	
Silicon metal		:	:	:	
Silicon, unwrought, and waste and scrap:	(03) (06)	:	:	: (06) 08 09	
Silicon metal containing over 99.7% silicon:		: 06 (08)	:	:	
Tantalum ore and metal :		:	:	:	
Tantalum ore:		: (03) (06) (08)	: (03) (06)	:	
Tantalum, unwrought, and waste and scrap:		: 03 06 09	: 06	: 06	
Tantalum, wrought:		: 03 06 09 10	: 03 06	: 03 (06) 08	
Titanium ore and metal :		:	:	:	

Table 19.--Summary of trade-monitoring gates triggered for selected commodity groups, April-June 1982

Commodity area	Trade-monitoring gates triggered for current quarter compared with				
		Imports in	: Exports in		
	Previous quarter	: Corresponding : quarter : previous year	Previous quarter	: Corresponding : quarter : previous year	
Titanium ore and slag Titanium sponge Titanium, unwrought other than sponge; and		: : 09 : (03) (06)	: : 06 : 03 09 10	: : (03) (08) 09 : 09 10	
Waste and scrap         Titanium, wrought         Tungsten ore and metal		: (03) (06) 09 : (06)	: 06 (08) : (03) (06)	: 06 (08) : (03) (06) 09	
Tungsten ore and ungsten-bearing materials	(03) (06) 09	: (03) (09) 10 :	: 03 06 08 09 :	: 03 06 :	
Tungsten, unwrought Tungsten, wrought Metallic containers	: (06) 08 :	: 03 06 09 : (06) 08 : 10	: : :	: 06 09 : :	
Wire cordage; wire screen, netting, and fencing;         bale ties         Wire strand and rope         Fencing         Wire cloth	: : 03 06	: : : : (08)	: : (06) : 03 08 09 :	: : (06) : 08 09 :	
Welded wire mesh Nails, screws, bolts, and other fasteners; locks; builders' hardware; furniture, luggage and saddlery hardware	:	: : :	: 06 (08) 09 : : :	: 06 (08) : : :	
Fasteners Bolts, nuts, and screws	:	: : :	: : 06 (08) : :	: 06 (08) : :	
Table flatware Table flatware, precious metals Table flatware, stainless steel	:	: : :	: : 03 06 10 : : (03) (06) 09	: : (06) 08 : 03 06 09 : (06)	
Miscellaneous metal products Chain of base metals Power, transmission chain of iron and steel	: 09 :	: :	:	: : : (06) 08	
Anchor chain of iron or steel Round link chain and chain n.s.p.f. of iron or steel; chain of base metals other than	:	: 09 : :	: 03 06 (08) 09 : :	: Ò3 Ó6 (08) 09 : :	
iron or steel Structures of base metal	:	: : (06)	:	: (06) : (06)	

Table 19.--Summary of trade-monitoring gates triggered for selected commodity groups, April-June 1982

### Machinery and Equipment 1/

U.S. exports of machinery and equipment during the first half of 1982 were valued at \$46.2 billion compared with \$49.2 billion in the first half of 1981, representing a decline of \$3.0 billion, or 6.0 percent. U.S. imports for the corresponding periods increased by \$3.9 billion, or by 11.5 percent from \$33.5 billion to \$37.3 billion. The resulting effect on the positive trade balance was a negative shift of \$6.8 billion (by 43.4 percent) to a surplus of \$8.9 billion in January-June 1982 compared with a \$15.7-billion surplus during the corresponding period of 1981.

U.S. exports of machinery and equipment during the second quarter 1982 totaled \$23.7 billion, compared with \$25.9 billion in the second quarter of 1981, representing a decline of \$2.2 billion, or 8.4 percent (table 20, fig. 8). During the corresponding periods, the order of major export markets remained Canada, the EC, OPEC Nations, and Mexico. U.S. imports during the corresponding periods continued their long-term increase, rising from \$17.4 billion to \$19.5 billion, or by \$2.1 billion (12.0 percent). Major sources continued to be Japan, Canada, and the EC.

Although U.S. exports exceeded imports by \$4.2 billion in the second quarter of 1982, this merchandise trade balance represents a significant decline of more than 50 percent compared with the \$8.5-billion-trade surplus registered in the corresponding period of 1981, which was an alltime record for machinery and equipment products. Japan continued to be the only major trading partner with which the United States recorded a deficit in these products in both periods, increasing from \$5.1 billion to \$5.4 billion; significant trade imbalances continued in automobiles and consumer electronic products. Also, major changes in the U.S. trade posture were accounted for by Canada and Mexico. A surplus of \$2.1 billion in U.S.-Canadian trade in the second quarter of 1981 switched to a \$88-million deficit in the second quarter of 1982. This was apparently due to the general recessionary climate and declining value of the Canadian dollar vis-a-vis the U.S. dollar. During the comparative period, the U.S. trade surplus with Mexico dropped sharply from \$1.8 billion to \$773 million, believed due primarily to a combination of such factors as Mexico's recent curtailment in import purchases, a lower valued peso, and domestic recession.

Products registering significant trade shifts in the second quarter of 1982 included office machines and certain transportation products. Consumer electronic products and electronic components, formerly among the leaders in trade activity, registered small changes with only a few items showing significant change. Details of specific commodity trade highlights follow.

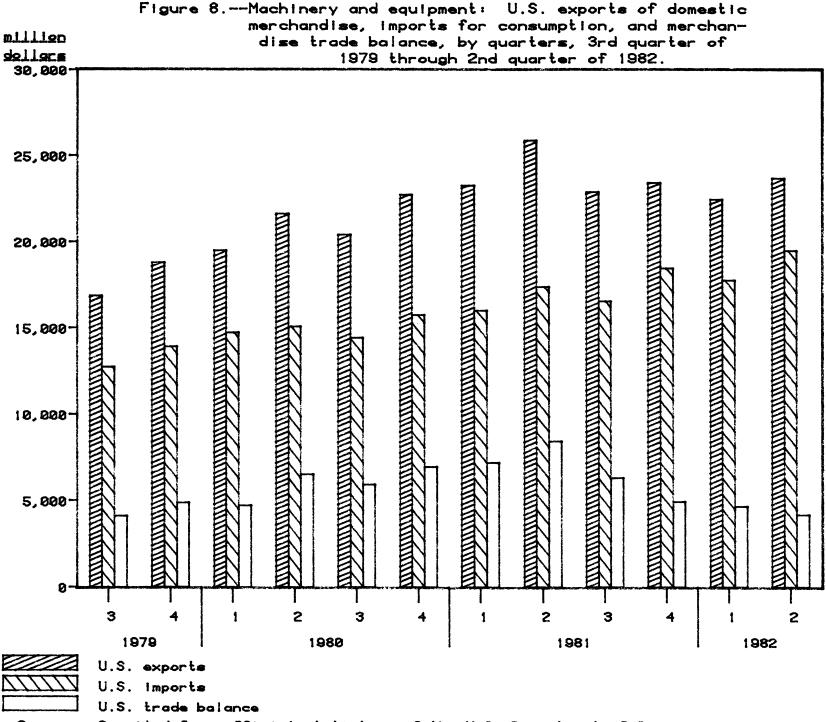
<sup>1/</sup> Included here are the commodities classified in parts 4, 5, and 6, of schedule 6 (Metals and metal products) of the Tariff Schedules of the United States.

Table 20.--Machinery and equipment: U.S. exports of domestic merchandise, imports for consumption, and merchandise trade balance, by selected countries and country groups, 1981, January-June 1982, April-June 1981, and April-June 1982 1/2/

	April- :	April-			
Item	:	1981 :	June :	June :	June
	:	:	1982 :	1981 :	1982
	:	:	:	:	
I.S. exports of domestic merchandise:	:	:	• • • • • • •	1	
CANA DA	-	20,733,205:	9,642,679:	6,121,576:	5,026,57
JAPAN		4,265,776:	1,941,315:	1,128,498:	971,78
EC	-	18,911,157:	8,998,948:	4,949,590:	4,632,08
BRAZIL		1,600,944:	718 <u>,</u> 283:	421,422:	391,23
HONG KONG		890,438:	418,522:	275,888:	216,91
INDIA		531,326:	300,327:	125,623:	159,11
KOREA		1,500,044:	784,975:	462,774:	422,85
MEXICO		8,405,098:	3,145,662:	2,367,436:	1,461,93
TA IWAN		1,584,507:	896,769:	447,611:	400,59
OPEC		11,199,106:	5,958,509:	3,035,695:	3,076,19
NME 's		622,556:	253,802:	174,023:	146,18
CHINA		206,527:	109,101:	59,924:	61,52
A11 other		25,291,867:	13,146,989:	6,382,002:	6,815,04
TOTAL		95,536,029:	46,206,784:	25,892,143:	23,720,51
J.S. imports for consumption:	:		,,		,,
CANADA	!	14,913,758:	9,058,849:	4,005,916:	5,114,58
JAPAN		25,111,732:	13,059,407:	6,270,550:	6,400,49
EC		14,457,044:	7,703,922:	3,639,504:	4,011,44
BRAZIL		483,033:	249,250:	114,939:	125.73
HONG KONG					
		1,248,977:	586,958:	301,803:	336,40
	-	35,606:	20,081:	9,150:	10,23
KOREA		1,022,888:	572,438:	238,058:	295,78
MEXICO		2,464,211:	1,220,816:	613,801:	688,63
TAIWAN		2,300,995:	1,201,984:	559,773:	640,12
OPEC	:	64,742:	44,929:	17,841:	23,66
NME's	:	271,690:	101,967:	64,462:	45,04
CHINA		39,813:	17,321:	6,228:	8,56
All other		6,167,347:	3,499,407:	1,585,957:	1,824,89
TOTAL		68,542,029:	37,320,014:	17,421,758:	19,517,05
J.S. merchandise trade balance:	:	:	:	:	
CANADA		5,819,446:	583,829:	2,115,660:	-88,01
JAPAN	!	-20,845,956:	-11,118,092:	-5,142,051:	-5,428,71
EC		4,454,112:	1,295,025:	1,310,085:	620,63
BRAZIL	:	1,117,911:	469,033:	306,483:	265,50
HONG KONG		-358,538:	-168,436:	-25,914:	-119,49
INDIA	:	495,720:	280,245:	116,472:	148,87
KOREA	:	477,155:	212,537:	224,716:	127,07
MEXICO		5,940,886:	1,924,846:	1,753,635:	773,30
TAIWAN		-716,488:	-305,215:	-112,161:	-239,53
OPEC		11,134,363:	5,913,579:	3,017,853:	3,052,52
NME's		350,865:	151,834:	109,560:	101,13
CHINA		166,714:	91,780:	53,696:	52,95
All other			•	•	•
		19,124,520:	9,647,581:	4,796,044:	4,990,14
TOTAL		26,993,999:	8,886,770:	8,470,385:	4,203,46

 $\frac{1}{2}$  Import values are based on Customs value; export values are based on f.a.s. value, U.S. port of export.  $\frac{1}{2}$  Data provided for selected countries and country groups.

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Source:

Compiled from official statistics of the U.S. Department of Commerce.

#### Steam generating boilers and parts

U.S. exports of steam generating boilers and parts totaled \$128.6 million in the second quarter of 1982. This represented a more than 27-percent decrease from the \$164.0 million exported during the corresponding period in 1981. South Korea, Spain, Taiwan, and Canada were the principal markets for U.S. exports accounting for over 54 percent of the the total value of exports. The large decline in exports can be largely attributed to a decrease in demand for parts of steam generating boilers. According to trade sources, the industry recently completed large contracts overseas. The decline in exports occurred following the completion of those contracts.

> John Tsapogas 523-0426

### Nonpiston-type aircraft engines

U.S. imports of nonpiston-type aircraft engines decreased by over 54 percent, from \$290 million in the second quarter of 1981 to \$188 million in the second quarter of 1982. U.S. exports of nonpiston-type aircraft engines declined slightly from \$206 million in the second quarter of 1981, compared with \$198 million in the corresponding period of 1982. The decline in imports and exports is largely due to an overcapacity in the world's airlines, particularily among wide-bodied aircraft. The large U.S. transport manufacturers are projecting a downward trend in shipments in 1982.

> John Tsapogas 523-0426

# Fans, blowers, and parts

U.S. imports of household fans and industrial-type fans, blowers, and parts increased by 29 percent, from \$131.3 million in the second quarter of 1981 to \$169.5 million in the corresponding period of 1982. Imports from Taiwan and Hong Kong continue to increase rapidly. U.S. imports from Taiwan jumped 100 percent from \$32 million in the second quarter of 1981 to \$64 million in the second quarter of 1982. The vast majority of imports from Taiwan and Hong Kong have been household fans, particularly electric ceiling fans and portable electric fans.

U.S. exports of fans, blowers, and parts increased by over 57 percent, from \$23.8 million in the second quarter of 1981 to \$37.5 million in the corresponding period of 1982. Iraq replaced Canada as the largest export market for fans, blowers, and parts. U.S. exports to Iraq increased from \$207,000 in the second quarter of 1981 to \$11.7 million in the corresponding period of 1982. The large increase in exports to Iraq is a reflection of the opening up of normal trade relations with that country.

> John Tsapogas 523-0426

#### Compressors and parts

U.S. exports of compressors and parts decreased by over 39 percent, from \$292.2 million in the second quarter of 1981 to \$209.9 million in the corresponding period of 1982. Canada and Mexico continue to be the dominant export markets representing 44 percent of the value of all exports in the second quarter of 1981 and 26 percent in the second quarter of 1982. U.S. exports of compressor parts to Mexico have declined from \$36 million in the second quarter of 1981 to \$7.5 million in the corresponding period of 1982. According to industry sources, Mexico recently built a plant manufacturing parts for compressors. However, the declining economic conditions within Mexico and Canada have also contributed to the decrease in U.S. exports of compressors and parts.

John Tsapogas 523-0426

### Drilling and boring machinery

The value of imports of drilling and boring machinery dropped sharply to \$10.7 million in the second quarter of 1982, representing a decrease of \$67 million compared with what it was in the second quarter of 1981. Virtually all of the decrease resulted from a drop in imports from Canada, consisting predominantly of oil-drilling and service rigs. Imports from Canada fell to \$7.1 million in the second quarter 1982 compared with \$68.4 million in the second quarter of 1981. Much of the decrease occurred because of a saturated U.S. market for oil-drilling rigs, coupled with lower prices for oil and gas in the United States. Further reason for the decline in imports from Canada was an easing in that country's recently instituted policies toward domestic oil exploration.

Ron DeMarines 523-0259

# Printing presses, offset, roll-fed type

U.S. imports of these products reached \$17.9 million in the second quarter of 1982, representing an increase of 56 percent over such imports in the corresponding period of 1981. Imports of these presses from Japan, which accounted for 92 percent of the total value of imports, rose to \$16.5 million in the second quarter of 1982, from \$9.7 million in the second quarter of 1981. In the second quarter of 1981, U.S. exports of such presses were five times the value of imports; by the second quarter of 1982, exports, totaling \$31.2 million had dropped to less than twice the value of imports. The successful marketing of these presses from Japan has included extensive advertising at trade shows. These Japanese presses are of high quality and are offered at competitive prices.

> David Slingerland 523-0263

### Metal rolling mills and parts thereof

Both imports and exports of metal rolling mills and parts decreased in the second quarter of 1982 compared with the second quarter of 1981. Imports decreased 53 percent, from \$20.2 million to \$9.6 million and exports decreased 19 percent, from \$44.4 million to \$35.9 million. The decrease in imports reflect the domestic steel and nonferrous industries' near completion of modernization of rolling mill facilities and declining demand for tubular steel and other products for the oil industry.

> Chuck West 523-0299

### Metalworking machine tools

U.S. exports of metalworking machine tools decreased 50 percent, from \$316.5 million in the second quarter of 1981 to \$157.8 million in the second quarter of 1982. Metal-shaping (metal cutting) machine tools were the most affected, with exports dropping to \$109 million from \$237 million, or by 54 percent. The two principal markets, Canada and Mexico, toward which U.S. machine tool builders directed their export efforts in 1981, together accounted for 76 percent of the decrease in exports of metalworking machine tools, reflecting the economic slump in the automotive industries of both countries and the leveling off of oil industry expansion.

Chuck West 523-0299

### Office machines

The United States realized a trade surplus of \$1.6 billion in office machines and parts in both the second quarter of 1982 and the second quarter of 1981. Exports of these products amounted to \$2.6 billion in the second quarter of 1982, compared with \$2.4 billion in the second quarter of 1981. Computers, data-processing machines, and parts were the principal items responsible for the \$175-million increase in imports. This appears to be the result of the continuing success of the Japanese industry Government cooperative efforts to increase worldwide exports. The principal U.S. exports and markets continue to be computers, data-processing machines, and parts to the United Kingdom, Canada, and West Germany. The United States continued its domination of the world market for these products despite efforts by the Japanese and other countries to increase their world market share. Products showing a significant change in activity are discussed in the following sections.

Automatic data-processing machines.--U.S. imports of automatic data-processing machines increased by almost 41 percent, amounting to \$235.0 million in the second quarter of 1982, compared with \$166.9 million in the second quarter of 1981. Imports from Japan, Canada, and Spain together accounted for more than 75 percent of the total value, or about 5 percentage points higher than their share in the second quarter of 1981. Nearly all imports from Canada continued to be produced by subsidiaries or affiliates of U.S. manufacturers. Imports from Japan in the second quarter of 1982 were more than double those of the corresponding quarter of 1981, rising from \$38.4 million to \$85.3 million. This reflects the results of Japanese industry Government efforts to develop worldwide competitive products.

Ross Reynolds 523-0230

## Audio-frequency electric amplifiers

Imports of these products increased by 36 percent, from 1.09 million units in the second quarter of 1981 to 1.48 million units in the corresponding quarter of 1982. The value of imports increased from \$36.1 million to \$37.3 million, or by 3 percent, over the corresponding period. Imports from Singapore during this period, however, increased more than fifty-fivefold in terms of quantity, rising from 6,000 units to 337,000 units, and by nineteenfold in terms of value, rising from \$299,000 to \$6.0 million. Singapore was the only source among the top four with GSP status; Japan was not eligible, Taiwan had been removed from the list of eligible countries prior to 1981, and the Republic of Korea was removed during the second quarter of 1981. Imports from Japan, the leading source in the second quarter of 1981, fell from 515,000 units to 365,000 units, representing a decline of 29 percent. Imports from the Republic of Korea, the leading source in the second quarter of 1982, increased from 368,000 units in the second quarter of 1981 to 480,000 units in the corresponding period of 1982, representing an increase of 30 percent.

Scott Baker 523-0361

## Automobile radio recievers

U.S. imports of automobile radios increased from 818,000 units, valued at \$29.5 million, in the second quarter of 1981 to 863,000 units, valued at \$33.6 million, in the second quarter of 1982, representing an increase of over 5 percent in quantity and nearly 14 percent in value. Radios from Mexico more than tripled during the corresponding period, from 75,000 units to 232,000 units, making Mexico the leading source of these products in the second quarter of 1982. Brazil and Japan were the next two leading sources with imports of 231,000 units and 221,000 units, respectively. The value of imports from Mexico increased from \$1.4 million to \$8.4 million, or by fivefold. This increase in imports from Mexico is due to a U.S.-based motor-vehicle manufacturer setting up a facility to assemble automobile radios from parts supplied by the U.S.-based manufacturer.

> Scott Baker 523-0361

# Parts of radio receivers and transceivers

U.S. imports of parts of radio receivers and transceivers increased from \$89.2 million in the second quarter of 1981 to \$110.7 million in the second quarter of 1982, representing a 24-percent rise. In spite of this increase, imports from Singapore, the leading source in the second quarter of 1981, fell from \$22.3 million to \$10.0 million, representing a 55-percent decrease, dropping Singapore to a position of being the sixth leading supplier. It is believed that the decline in imports from Singapore was due to its loss of GSP status for these products. Japan, Canada, Malaysia, Taiwan, and Mexico were the five leading sources of these products in the second quarter of 1982. Imports from Japan, Canada, and Taiwan showed substantial increases of over 89 percent, 47 percent, and 120 percent, respectively.

> Scott Baker 523-0361

### Tape recorders, tape players, and dictation machines

The value of imports of tape recorders and tape players continued to rise in the second quarter of 1982 reaching \$592.0 million compared with \$546.1 million in the corresponding quarter of 1981, representing an increase of 8 percent. Japan accounted for almost 80 percent of the value of imports; such imports are principally video cassette recorders and players for home-use markets. This market continues to expand in the United States, and Japan is virtually the sole supplier.

Harold Graves 523-0360

### Semiconductors

Semiconductors imports were valued at \$1.1 billion during April-June 1982 compared with \$903 million during the second quarter of 1981. The 17-percent increase largely reflects the activities of U.S. multinational firms with assembly plants located in the Far East. Imports from Japan during the period increased by about 26 percent, rising to \$122 million, or to over 11 percent of total imports. Of the various types of semiconductor devices imported, MOS integrated circuits accounted for about 50 percent of total imports. These devices represent advanced semiconductors including 64K random access memories (RAM's) which are incorporated into computers. Imports of MOS semiconductors from Japan increased by about 43 percent during the period. Imports of all MOS devices during the second quarter 1982 increased by about 20 percent. The increase in semiconductor imports is another indication that demand in the U.S. market for semiconductors is increasing. Exports of semiconductors increased about 12 percent during the second quarter of 1982 and largely represent U.S.-produced chips and wafers sent to assembly plants in the Far East.

> Nelson Hogge 523-0377

#### Rail locomotives and rolling stock

U.S. imports of rail locomotives and rolling stock, including parts, amounted to \$25.5 million in the second quarter of 1982, representing a decrease of 59 percent from the level attained in the corresponding period of 1981. Industry officials indicate that the decline in imports is directly attributable to the railway car surplus in the United States. Domestic railroads increased their equipment stocks in the late 1970's to accommodate the rising demand for transportation of coal. However, because of the decrease in shipments of lumber and automobiles, large numbers of locomotives and freight cars are now in storage. Exports also decreased, falling from \$129.6 million in the first 6 months of 1981 to \$116.1 million in the corresponding period of 1982.

> Debby Ladomirak 523-0131

## Automobile trucks and truck tractors

U.S. imports of all automobile trucks and truck tractors increased in value from \$888 million in the second quarter of 1981 to \$1,221 million in the second quarter of 1982, or by over 37 percent.

The growth in imports consisted primarily of lightweight gasoline-powered pickup trucks and medium/heavy diesel-powered trucks from Canada. These two types of trucks accounted for \$294 million, or almost 88 percent, of the increase in imports of automobile trucks and truck tractors. The principal cause for the increase in imports was the gradual increase in demand in the United States for pickup trucks and medium/heavy trucks which are produced in Canada by U.S.-based truck manufacturers.

U.S. exports of these products, however, declined from \$571 million in the second quarter of 1981 to \$480 million during the corresponding period of 1982, or by 19 percent. Thus, there was a trade deficit in automobile trucks and truck tractors of \$741 million in the second quarter of 1982 compared with a trade deficit of \$317 million in the second quarter of 1981. The decrease in U.S. exports occurred primarily in medium/heavy diesel-powered trucks, which declined from \$214 million in the second quarter of 1981 to \$128 million in the corresponding period of 1982.

> Jim McElroy 523-0258

## Passenger automobiles

U.S. imports of passenger automobiles increased in value from \$4.9 billion in the second quarter of 1981 to \$5.7 billion in the second quarter of 1982, or by almost 16 percent.

The increase in the value of imports was due almost exclusively to the rising unit values of automobiles from virtually every auto-exporting country. 1/ Imports of automobiles from Japan declined from 506,523 units in the second quarter of 1981 to 461,489 units in the second quarter of 1982, whereas imports of automobiles from Canada increased from 171,520 units to 228,549 units during the corresponding period.

U.S. exports, however, declined from \$1,207 million in the second quarter of 1981 to \$989 million in the corresponding quarter of 1982, or by almost 22 percent. Thus, the trade deficit in automobiles increased from \$3.6 billion posted during the second quarter of 1981 to \$4.7 billion during the second quarter of 1982, or by nearly 29 percent. The decrease of U.S. exports of automobiles occurred primarily in shipments to Canada, which declined from 1,052,783 units in the second quarter of 1981 to 851,090 units in the second quarter of 1982. Virtually all of this decrease can be attributed to the continuing decrease in Canadian demand for automobiles brought about by the Canadian economic recession and high interest rates.

> Jim McElroy 523-0258

#### Tractors

U.S. exports of tractors (agricultural and nonagricultural types) fell to \$379 million in the second quarter of 1982 from \$599 million in the second quarter of 1981. The primary reason for the drop in export demand is the high interest rate burden for the foreign (and domestic) purchasers of this equipment. Foreign dealers of U.S. tractor manufacturers have cut inventories of tractors due also to the high cost of maintaining those inventories. Consumers in foreign markets, like those in the United States, are repairing older equipment rather than buying new equipment to avoid high interest expenses. Because of this, demand for less expensive used equipment is substantial.

> Ron DeMarines 523-0259

### Floating structures

U.S. imports of floating structures increased from \$614,000 in the second quarter of 1981 to \$29.7 million in the second quarter of 1982. This dramatic increase was attributed to imports of floating docks and parts from

1/ Imports of automobiles in units for the second quarter of 1982 increased less than 2 percent when compared with the second quarter of 1981. Average unit value, however, increased from \$5,977 in 1981 to \$6,776 during the corresponding period of 1982. West Germany and Spain. West Germany accounted for \$17.3 million, or 58 percent, and Spain accounted for \$12 million, or 40 percent, of total imports during the period. U.S. exports of floating structures increased 73 percent, from \$156.5 million in the second quarter of 1981 to \$270.6 million in the corresponding period of 1982. The principal markets for these items and their share of total U.S. exports were Gabon, 19 percent; the Netherlands, 14 percent; the United Kingdom, 14 percent; Nigeria, 14 percent; Brazil, 14 percent; India, 12 percent; and Trinidad, 11 percent. As in the first quarter of 1982, the majority of exports to these countries were offshore oil well drilling and production platforms.

Chuck West 523-0299

### Articles covered by the Civil Aircraft Agreement

U.S. imports of articles covered by the Civil Aircraft Agreement increased from \$881.4 million in the second quarter of 1981 to \$892.7 million in the corresponding period of 1982, or by only 1.3 percent (app. B). U.S. exports, however, declined from \$4.1 billion to \$2.5 billion during the corresponding period, or by more than 39.0 percent. The trade surplus declined from \$3.2 billion posted in the second quarter of 1981 to \$1.6 billion in the second quarter of 1982, a decrease of 50 percent. Products showing a significant change in activity are discussed in the following sections.

<u>Civil airplanes.--U.S.</u> exports of civil airplanes decreased nearly 63 percent in quantity, falling from 924 units in the second quarter of 1981, to 345 units in the corresponding period of 1982. The value of these exports declined just over 52 percent to \$1.2 billion in the second quarter of 1982 from \$2.5 billion in the corresponding period of 1981. The principal export markets for these items in 1982 include Australia, the Republic of South Africa, and Switzerland. The majority of the exports (in terms of quantity) were single engine airplanes and multiengine planes with an empty weight of less than 10,000 pounds. The decline in the export of these products can be attributed to the decreased demand for smaller airplanes abroad due to the worldwide recession and high interest rates. Additionally, strong foreign competition in many traditional U.S. export markets has caused a decline in U.S. exports.

Helicopters.--U.S. imports of helicopters increased from 36 units in the second quarter of 1981 to 63 units in the corresponding period of 1982, representing a gain of 75 percent. The value of these imports increased 49 percent, rising to \$26.2 million in the second quarter of 1982. France was the major source of imported helicopters in this period, supplying over 82 percent in quantity and 77 percent in value of total imports. Industry officials indicate that the primary reason for the increase in imports in the second quarter of 1982 was the importation of French Dauphin 2 helicopters for use by the U.S. Coast Guard. In the second quarter of 1982, exports of U.S. helicopters decreased 61 percent in quantity (from 141 units) and almost 66 percent in value (from \$107.8 million), compared with the corresponding period in 1981. The decline is attributable to high interest rates abroad and increased foreign competition in many overseas markets.

Debby Ladomirak 523-0131

## Motor-vehicle parts and accessories 1/

U.S. imports of motor-vehicle parts and accessories, including duty-free parts and accessories imported from Canada under the United States-Canadian Automotive Products Trade Act (APTA) increased from \$2.19 billion in the second quarter of 1981 to \$2.62 billion in the second quarter of 1982, or by over 19 percent. U.S. exports, however, declined from \$3.27 billion to \$3.03 billion during the corresponding period, or by over 7 percent. The trade surplus declined from \$1.08 billion posted in the second quarter of 1981 to only \$414 million in the second quarter of 1982, representing a decrease of more than 61 percent. Products showing a significant change in activity are discussed, as follows.

Certain motor-vehicle parts.--The principal parts contained in this group are body stampings, bumpers, wheels, radiators, exhaust systems, brakes, shock absorbers, transmissions, and miscellaneous motor-vehicle parts such as axles, clutches, suspension parts (app. C). U.S. imports of products in this group increased from \$865 million in the second quarter of 1981 to \$1,045 million in the second quarter of 1982, or by 21 percent. U.S. exports, however, declined slightly from \$2.0 billion in the second quarter of 1981 to \$1.9 billion in the corresponding period of 1982. Thus, the U.S. trade surplus of these motor-vehicle parts declined from \$1.14 billion in the second quarter of 1981 to \$889 million in the second quarter of 1982.

> Jim McElroy 523-0258

1/ Included are motor-vehicle parts and accessories classified in schedules  $1-\overline{7}$  of the TSUS.

	2nd quarter: 1982 : :	Previous quarter	<pre>:Percent: :change : : from :</pre>		Percent: change : from :	: 1980 : :	1981
Commodity area :	:		:(2) to : : (1) ;	1	:(4) to : : (1) :	:	
	(1) :	(2)	: (3) :	(4)	(5)	(6) :	(7)
; oilers, nonelectric motors and engines, and other :	:		: :			:	
general-purpose machinery	:		: :		: :	:	
Steam generating boilers and auxilary equipment :	:		: :		: :	:	
and parts thereof :	:		: :		: :	:	
Imports:	:		: :			:	
Value (1,000 dollars):	8,399:	5,254				56,521:	45,292
Exports: Value (1,000 dollars):	:		: :		: :		
Value (1,000 dollars): Gas generators, with or without purifiers, and	144,972:	290,347	: -50:	189,311	: -23:	701,093:	661,442
parts thereof Imports:	:				••••	•	
Value (1,000 dollars):	1,574:	1,866	• •		· · · ·	2,966:	2,944
Exports:	1,574.	1,000		574	: ;	2,700.	2,71-
Value (1,000 dollars):	9,976:	7,938	: 26:	7,753		43,638:	38,689
Steam engines, steam turbines, and other vapor power units, and parts thereof Imports:	;	,,,,,,				:	
Value (1,000 dollars):	28,765:	22,374	• •		: 79:	121,902:	81,43
Fronts:	:	22,011	: :		: :	:	0.,,,0
Value (1,000 dollars)	97,619:	78,398	: 25:	82,767	: 18:	275,125:	308,184
Internal combustion engines, piston-type, and parts thereof Imports:	:		: :		: : : :	:	
Value (1,000 dollars): Exports:	691,233:	530,491	• •	518,891	33:	1,885,523	2,150,163
Value (1,000 dollars)	1,044,968:	1,044,992	•		· -5:	3,674,554:	4,108,09
Internal combustion engines, non-piston type, and parts thereof Imports:	;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;	,,,,,,,,,,,	: :			;	4,100,07
Value (1,000 dollars):	351,101:	342,518	. 3:	414,622	- 15 :	1,145,212:	1,550,30
Exports:	:	312,310	: :		: :	;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
Value (1,000 dollars)	765,127:	785,721	: -3:	722,704	: 6:	2,648,490:	2,989,50
Non-piston type aircraft engines	•		: :		: :	:	
Importe:	:		: :		: :	:	
Quantity (number)	467:		: -27:	931			3,40
Value (1,000 dollars)	187,841:						1,048,21
Exports:	:		•				
Quantity (number)	519:				-	1,647:	1,98
Value (1,000 dollars)	197,639:	182,772	: 8:	206,449	: -4:	572,151:	817,24
Water wheels, water turbines, and other water engines, and parts including governors therefor					· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	:	
Imports:	•		: :		: :	:	
Value (1,000 dollars)	8,970:	9,103	: -1:	8,976	: 0:	23,691:	22,54
Exports:	•		: :		: :	:	
Value (1,000 dollars)	3,010:	5,869	: -49:	2,762	: 9:	7,242:	16,53

 $\underline{l}$ / Import values are based on Customs walue; export values are based on f.a.s. value, U.S. port of export.

:	2nd quarter: 1982 :	quarter	<pre>Percent: change : from :</pre>		Percent: change : from :	: 1980 :	1981
Commodity area		:	:(2) to : : (1) :	:	(4) to : (1) :	:	
:	(1) :	(2)	: (3) :	(4)	(5):	(6) :	(7)
: Nonelectric engines and motors and parts thereof : Imports:			: :			:	
Value (1,000 dollars):	: · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	15,660	: 15:	14,039	28:	53,345:	55,997
Value (1,000 dollars):	15,431:	12,572	: 23:	15,602	- 1 :	57,390:	61,265
Pumps for liquids and parts thereof : Imports: :	•		• •			•	
Value (1,000 dollars) Exports:	: :		: :		: :	450,146: :	663,03
Value (1,000 dollars): Air pumps, vacuum pumps, air or gas compressors, fans and blowers and parts thereof		306,931	: 2:	299,076	5:	1,036,898:	1,182,133
Fans and blowers and parts thereof : Imports:	•		• •		• •	•	
Value (1,000 dollars): Exports:	•		: :	131,291	29:	263,742:	437,607
Value (1,000 dollars)		26,051	: 44: : :	23,803	57:	98,886: : :	107,363
Value (1,000 dollars): Exports:	75,957:	67,457	: 13:	74,267	2:	246,718:	277,434
Value (1,000 dollars): Air pumps, vacuum pumps, and parts thereof Imports:	209,919:	237,258	: -12: : :	292,190	-28:	835,438: : :	1,025,220
Value (1,000 dollars): Exports:	19,232:	20,903	-8:	22,840	- 16 :	75,324	76,55
Value (1,000 dollars): Air-conditioning machines and parts thereof Imports:	:	13,933	22:	18,059	-6:	54,319:	65,622
Value (1,000 dollars): Exports:	: :	26,421	: -8:	23,899	2:	75,859: :	83,960
Value (1,000 dollars) Furnace burners and non-electric industrial furnaces and ovens, and parts thereof Imports:	325,323:	301,934	: 8: : : : :	341,887	-5:	1,108,513:	1,255,17
Value (1,000 dollars): Exports:	8,826:	13,050	-32:	5,986	47	29,646:	29,070
Value (1,000 dollars) Refrigerators and refrigeration equipment and parts thereof	40,497	36,079	: 12: : :	37,629	8:	177,277	146,114
Imports: Value (1,000 dollars):	: 27,726:	15,714	: : 76:	23,404	18:	; 99,813;	89,929
Exports: Value (1,000 dollars):	: 168,229:	144,681	: 16:	200,667	- 16 :	: 622,889:	663,810

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	2nd quarter: 1982 :	quarter	<pre> Percent: change : from : </pre>		Percent: change from	: 1980 :	1981
Commodity area	•	: :	:(2) to :		:(4) to :		
	(1)		: (1) : : (3) : : :		: (1) : : (5) : : :	(6)	(7)
Calendering and similar rolling machines (except	:		: :		: :	:	
metal-working and metal-rolling and glass-working machines), and parts thereof	: :		: :		: :	:	
Imports:		0 057	: :	( 00(	: :	:	
Value (1,000 dollars) Exports:	1,491:	2,853	-48:	4,286	: -65:	11,891:	20,49
Value (1,000 dollars)	4,922:	6,281	· -22:	4,049	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	14,881:	14,88
Instantaneous or storage water heaters and parts	4,722	0,201	: -22:	7,077	: 22.	14,001:	17,00
thereof			: :		: :	:	
Imports:	:		: :		: :	:	
Value (1,000 dollars)	2,053:	3,790	: -46:	3,271	: -37:	9,312:	14,20
Exports:	: :		: :		: :	:	
Value (1,000 dollars)	; 9,305;	7,837	: 19:	9,709	: -4:	42,489:	34,84
Equipment for treating materials by changing	: :		: :		: :	:	
temperature and parts thereof			: :		••••	:	
Imports: Value (1,000 dollars)	67,049:	10 001	: 12:	52,055	: 29:		25/ 57
Exports:	6/,049.	60,006	. 12.	52,055	. 23.	195,900:	256,53
Value (1,000 dollars)	. 87,347:	83,901	: 4:	117,403	-26:	414,352:	451,59
Centrifuges and filtering and purifying machinery		00,701	: ;	,	: :	:	131137
and parts thereof	: :		: :		: :	:	
Imports:	: :		: :		: :	:	
Value (1,000 dollars)	53,872;	57,435	: -6:	45,881	: 17:	132,897:	181,04
Fxnorts:	: :		: :		: :	:	
Value (1,000 dollars)	: 203,986:	201,595	: 1:	203,416	: 0:	724,909:	802,49
Wrapping and packaging machinery, machinery for	: :		: :		•••••	:	
cleaning or drying containers, machinery for							
aerating beverages, dishwashing machines, and parts thereof			••••		• •	•	
Imports:							
Value (1,000 dollars)	70,988:	62,106	: 14:	49,082	: 45:	181,210:	198,17
Fynarts:		02,100	: :		: :	:	.,0,.,
Value (1,000 dollars)	: 111,143:	91,325	: 22:	124,895	: -11:	436,607:	460,26
Weighing machinery and scales and parts thereof	:		: :		: :	:	
Imports:	: :		: :		: :	:	
Value (1,000 dollars)	: 8,953:	8,870	: 1:	7,875	: 14:	35,813:	31,27
Exports:	: :		: :		•	;	
Value (1,000 dollars)	20,741:	19,612			- 16 :	82,491:	90,53
Sprayers and dusters and parts thereof Imports:			: :		• •	:	
Value (1,000 dollars)	27,773:	18,428	: 51:	21,922	: 27:	56,303:	74. 47
Exports	: :	10,420	• 21•	21,722	. 27.	20,202:	74,63
Value (1,000 dollars)		98,174	: 8:	114,796	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	345,662:	430,55
ATTE (1)AAA AATTELSV		70,17	: 31	117770		120000	10,00

	2nd quarter:			2nd quarter		:	1081
	1982		<pre>:change : : from :</pre>		<pre>:change : : from :</pre>	1980 :	1981
Commodity area	- -		:(2) to :		:(4) to :	•	
:	:	:	: (1) :	:	: (1) :	:	
:	(1) :	(2)	: (3) :	(4)	; (5); ; ;	(6) :	(7)
Elevators, winches, cranes, and related machinery; :			: :		: :	:	
earth-moving and mining machinery	:		: :		: :	:	
Mechanical shovels, coal-cutters, excavators,	: *		: :		: :	:	
scrapers, bulldozers, and excavating, :	:		: :		: :	:	
levelling, boring, and extracting machinery	: <b>*</b>		: :	:	: :	:	
other than elevators, winches, cranes, and	•	:	: :	:	: :	:	
related machinery and parts thereof	. <b>.</b>	:	1 1	:	•	•	
Imports: Value (1,000 dollars):	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	276 260		290 707	i i		1 0/5 0//
	226,191:	234,249	: -3:	280,703	-19:	678,750:	1,065,966
Exports: Value (1,000 dollars):	1,843,883;	1 905 775	: 2:	1 940 501	: -1:	5 090 541.	7 267 601
Drilling and boring machinery	1,040,000.	1,805,775	· · ·	1,860,591		5,989,561:	7,243,401
Imports:	•		: :		· · ·	•	
Quantity (units)		251				1,492:	2,706
Value (1,000 dollars):	833: 10,645:	30,723					
Evoarte:	• •				: :		220,123
Quantity (units): Value (1,000 dollars):	565:						3,814
Value (1.000 dollars);	94,625:	117,862					
Front-end loaders	:	,	: :		: :		0027170
Importe:	:		: :		: :	:	
Value (1,000 dollars):	: 25,925:	32,538	: -20:	33,374	: -22:	110,879:	111,784
Exports: :	: :		: :	-	: :	• • -	
Value (1,000 dollars):	: 133,927:	131,789	: 2:	259,646	: -48:	855,943;	874,406
Backhoes, shovels, clamshells, and draglines :	: :		: :		: :	:	
Imports:	:		: :		: :	:	
Quantity (units): Value (1,000 dollars):	71:					632:	798
Value (1,000 dollars)	4,178:						30,300
Evonte:	:				: :		
Quantity (units)	: 420: : 35.142:	511				2,821:	
value (1,000 dollars)	\$ 35,142;	51,254	: -31:	95,739	-63:	289,194:	290,083
Lifting, handling, loading, and unloading	· · ·		• •			1	
machinery and parts thereof	•				••••	•	
Imports: Value (1,000 dollars):	156,413:	150,055	: 4:	139 100	: 13:		544 500
Exports:	120,413.	1201022	• • •	138,109	• 13•	438,781:	546,500
Value (1,000 dollars):	215,787:	214,731	: 0:	225,857	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	776,867:	908,245
Agricultural and horticultural machinery; machinery		2177731		~~	· ~~. : :	110,001	700,275
for preparing food and drink	· · · ·				• •		
Agricultural and horticultural machinery			: :		: :		
-Imports:	: :		: :		: :	:	
Value (1,000 dollars):	102,758:	88,756	: 16:	123,721	: -17:	538,778;	440,849
Fronts:	: :		: :		: ::	/	
Value (1,000 dollars)	: 248,673:	243,573	: 2:	299,607	: -17:	862,273:	965,056
1 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	•	•	: :		: :	• • • • •	

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	2nd quarter: 1982	quarter	Percent: change : from :	1981	Percent: change : from :	: 1980 : :	1981
Commodity area	(1)		:(2) to : : (1) : : (3) :	:	(4) to : (1) : (5) :	::	(7)
			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
Parts of agricultural and horticultural machinery Imports:	: :		: :			:	
Value (1,000 dollars)	47,066:	41,331	: 14:	50,949	: -8:	218,049:	185,252
Exports: Value (1,000 dollars) Lawnmowers and parts thereof	75,133:	75,573	- 1 : : :	79,367	 : -5: : :	284,314:	309,760
Imports: Value (1,000 dollars)	5,133:	3,675	: : : 40:	3,908	: : 31:	: 6,712:	12,168
Exports: Value (1,000 dollars) Machinery for preparing and manufacturing food	37,762	49,858	-24: 24:	35,681	. 6: 	140,489: :	133,005
and drink and parts thereof Machinery for use in the manufacture of sugar and parts thereof Imports:			: :			:	
Value (1,000 dollars) Exports:	978	354	176	2,167	-55:	4,954:	5,956
Value (1,000 dollars) Walue (1,000 dollars) Meat and poultry packing plant machinery and equipment and parts thereof	6,787:	5,518	: 23:	12,964	-48:	33,821:	48,888
Imports: Value (1,000 dollars) Exports:	3,463:	3,854	- 10	2,710	: 28: : 28:	: 12,941: :	11,726
Value (1,000 dollars) Flour mill and grain mill machinery and parts thereof	21,523	15,683	: 37:	18,813	: 14: : :	75,344	76,709
Imports: Value (1,000 dollars) Exports:	• •	1,416	: 7	2,097	: -28: : :	: 6,099: :	7,390
Value (1,000 dollars)Bakery machinery and parts thereof	8,679	9,746	-11:	8,942	-3:	35,848:	39,609
Imports: Value (1,000 dollars)Exports:	: :	4,075	: 42 : 42	3,944	: 46: : :	: 16,198: :	17,649
Value (1,000 dollars) Machinery for preparing and processing fruit and vegetables and parts thereof Imports:		10,718		9,715	: 12: : : : :	35,815:	45,378
Value (1,000 dollars)	: :	861	: 181	1,819	33:	8,114: :	7,040
Value (1,000 dollars)	11,545	9,396	23	20,069	-42:	48,600:	65,697

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Table 21.--Quarterly and annual data on U.S. imports and exports for selected commodity groups

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	2nd quarter:			2nd quarter 1981		: 1980	1981
	: 1982 :		∶change ∶ ∶from ∶		change : from :	1760 :	1901
Commodity area	:		:(2) to : : (1) :	:	:(4) to :	:	
	: :				: (1) :	:	
	: (1) : : :	(2)	: (3) : :;	(4)	(5):	(6) :	(7)
Miscellaneous machinery for preparing and	: :		: :			:	
manufacturing food or drink, and parts thereof	: :		: :	:	: :	:	
Imports:	: :		: :	:	: :	:	
Value (1,000 dollars)	: 13,484:	16,025	: - 16 :	15,918	- 15 :	50,068:	60,272
Exports:	: :		: :	:	: :	:	
Value (1,000 dollars)	: 41,345:	32,145	: 29:	42,038	: -2:	128,014:	150,270
Pulp and paper machinery; bookbinding machinery; printing machinery	: :		: :		: :	:	
Machines for making cellulosic pulp, paper, or	: :		: :	:	: :	:	
paperboard; machines for processing or	: :		: :		: :	:	
finishing pulp, paper, or paperboard, or	: :		: :	:		:	
making them into articles; and parts thereof						:	
Imports: Value (1,000 dollars)	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	40 077	: . ·	<b>59 570</b>		· 272 265	257 774
	: 44,603:	60,973	: -27:	58,579	-24:	232,265:	253,736
Exports: Value (1,000 dollars)	71,637:	90,346	· -21:	80,252	-11:	311,227:	341,300
Printing trades machinery, other than for	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	707310		007676		3117221	JT 1 J J U U
textiles, and parts thereof	:		: :		: :	:	
Importe:	: :		: :		: :	:	
Value (1,000 dollars)	: 117,709:	109,346	: 8:	89,293	: 32:	353,738:	383,980
Exports:	: :	-	: :		: :	:	• • • •
Value (1,000 dollars)	: 162,153:	167,187	: -3:	198,194	- 18 :	630,960:	728,668
Duplicating machines and parts thereof	: :		: :		: :	:	
Imports:	: :				: :	:	
Value (1,000 dollars)	: 5,136:	6,592	: -22:	5,943	- 14 :	19,714:	23,974
Exports: Value (1,000 dollars)	i i i	10 5/5	: -3:	21 002	47.	÷	<b>63 0/0</b>
Value (1,000 dollars)	: 19,030:	19,565	-3.	21,902	-13:	82,424:	82,968
Textile printing machinery and parts thereof Imports:	••••		•••••		••••	•	
Value (1,000 dollars)	· · · · ·	2,475	: -25:	3,091	40:	9,052:	9,503
Fyports:	: :	69973	: :	33071	· · · ·	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	7,
Value (1,000 dollars)	· 4,397:	5,184	- 15:	3,863	: 14:	12,157:	16,424
Textile machines; laundry and dry-cleaning	: :		: :	0,000	: :	10,101	
machines; sewing machines	: :		: :		: :	:	
Machines for extruding or drawing man-made	: :		: :		: :	:	
textile filaments	: :		: :		: :	:	
Imports:	: :		: :		: :	:	
Quantity (units) Value (1,000 dollars)	: 8: : 210:	11	: -27:			194:	178
Value (1,000 dollars)	: 210:					4,638:	1,890
						:	
Quantity (units) Value (1,000 dollars)	: 22:	17				219:	249
Value (1,000 dollars)	: 404:	410	: -1:		: -77:	3,329;	6,759

	: 2nd quarter: : 1982 :	Previous quarter	<pre>Percent: change : from :</pre>		:Percent: :change : : from :	: 1980 :	1981
Commodity area	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	:	:(2) to : : (1) :		:(4) to : : (1) :	:	
	: (1) :	(2)	: (3) :	(4)	: (5) : : :	(6) :	(7)
Textile yarn-producing machinery Imports:	: :		: :		: : : : : :	:	
Ourselies (unite)	: 1,880:	2,193	: -14:	1,276	: 47:	6,395:	5,59
Value (1,000 dollars)	: 33,729:	31, 173	: 8:	25,819	: 31:	105,994;	112,69
Exports:	: :		: :		: :	:	
Quantity (units)	: 657:	423	: 55:	579	: 13:	2,811;	2,38
Value (1,000 dollars)	: 4,322:	9,282	: -53;	6,259	: -31:	40,445:	29,24
Textile yarn-preparing machines	: :		: :		: :	:	
Importe:	: :		: :		: :	:	
Quantity (units)	: 1,567:	1,775	: -12:	382	: 310:	9,567:	2,23
Value (1,000 dollars)	; 7,200;	7,089	: 2:	11,744	: -39:	51,103:	37,48
Evennhe.	• •			• • • •	: :	•	
Aughtity (unite)	: 429:	363	: 18:	583	: -26:	4,657:	3,07
Value (1,000 dollars)	: 4,629:		-	10,254	: -55:	36,983:	32,45
Weaving machines	: :		: :		: :	:	
Importe:	: :		: :		: :	:	
	: 16,709:	35,948	: -54:	4,072	: 310:	64,861:	65,29
Value (1,000 dollars)	39,055:			46,679	: -16:	157,397:	199,9
Evoarts:	: :		: :		: :	:	
Quantity (units)	: 131:	144	: -9:	274	: -52:	1,171:	1,14
Value (1,000 dollars)	: 1,756:					10,294:	9,22
Knitting machines	: ;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;	• • •	: :	• • •	: :	:	.,
Importe:	: :		: :		: :	:	
	: 5,147:	5,077	: 1:	3,866	: 33:	13,626:	15,98
Value (1,000 dollars)	: 14,452:			12,315	: 17:	42,928:	50,2
Exports:	: :		: :			:	
Quantity (units)	. 970:	650	: 49:	617	: 57:	3,265:	2,7
Value (1,000 dollars)	5,026:			5,113	: -2:	19,545:	20,5
Textile machines for making lace, net, braid,	: : :	•,••	::		: -:	:	
embroidery, trimmings, fabrics, or other	: :		: :		: :	:	
textile articles	: :		: :		: :	:	
Imports:	: :		: :		: :	:	
	: 1,309:	629	: 108:	491	: 167:	1,321:	1,9
Value (1,000 dollars)	: 2,976:					8,158:	15.8
Evoarte:	: :	• / • · •	: :		: :	:	
Augustity (unite)	. 379:	249	): 52:	515	: -26:	2,402:	2,1
Value (1,000 dollars)	3,106:					11,276:	12,9
Machines for making felt and nonwoven fabrics	: :	-,	: :		: :	:	
including bonded fabrics, in the piece or in	: :		: :		: :	:	
shapes, including felt-hat making machines	: :		: :		: :	:	
and hat-making blocks; and parts thereof	: :		: :		: :	:	
Imports:	: :		: :		: :	:	
Aughtity (unite)	: :		: 0:		: 0:	:	
Value (1,000 dollars)	1,068:	1,213			-	5,335:	5,8
Exports:	: :	•, = •	: :	•	: :	:	2,0
Aughtity (upite)	•: :		: 0:		: 0:	:	
Value (1,000 dollars)	2,172:	1,008	-		•	6,922:	9,0
	: 1	.,	: :	.,,	: :	1	,,,,

	: 2nd quarter: : 1982 :		<pre>Percent: change :</pre>	2nd quarter 1981	Percent: change :	: 1980 :	1981
	: :	quai cei	from :		: from :	:	1701
Commodity area	: :		:(2) to :	;	:(4) to :	:	
	: :		: (1) :		; (1) ;	:	
	: (1) :	(2)	: (3) :	(4)	: (5) :	(6) :	(7)
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		: :		: :	:	
Household and commercial laundry equipment and	: :		: :		: :	:	
parts thereof	: :		: :		: :	:	
Imports:	i i i	** ***		40 7/0	: .	;	77 667
Value (1,000 dollars)	-: 10,580:	10,099	): 5:	10,368	2:	40,807:	37,557
Exports:	- 45 450.	45,393	: : S: 0:	40 109	· · · ·	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	207 071
Value (1,000 dollars)	-: 45,459:	45,373	, U :	60,198	-24:	196,067:	207,971
Textile bleaching, dyeing, washing, cleaning,	•		•		• •	•	
finishing, dressing, coating, and drying machines and parts thereof	•		• •		• •	•	
machines and parts thereof Imports:	• •		• •	,	• •	•	
Imports: Value (1,000 dollars)	-: 6,629:	8,142	2: -19:	8,888	25:	45,633:	40,523
Exports:	• 0,027-	0, 176	• • •		• • •		マロシノとう
Value (1,000 dollars)	-: 5,346:	6,413	· · - 17 ·	9,127	-41:	28,755:	31,708
Fabric folding, reeling, or cutting machines	·	0,110	• • •	· · · · ·	1 1	201122	3 . , , , , , ,
Importe:	: ;			2	: :	:	
Quantity (units)	-: 852:	836	· 2:	695	: 23:	2,089:	3,021
Value (1,000 dollars)	-: 1,092:					2,405:	2,970
Eventet	•			: · · · ·	: :	•••••=	
Quantity (units)	-: 3,377:				: -29:	20,363:	16,122
Value (1,000 dollars)	-: 6,585:				-10:	31,704:	24,828
Parts of textile machinery	: :	··· -	: :		: :	•	
Importe:	: :		: :	:	: :	:	
Value (1,000 dollars)	-: 43,430:	43,015			-8:	183,978:	184,188
Evoarte:	: :		: :		: :	:	
Value (1,000 dollars)	-: 40,100:	44,504	4: -10:	: 39,325	j: 2:	167,572:	153,612
Cordage machines and parts thereof	: :		: :	\$	: :	:	
Thoonte:	: :		: :	;	: :	:	
Quantity (units)	-: :		: 0:		: 0:	• • • •	
Value (1,000 dollars)	-: 2,715:	3,778			5: 60:	6,315:	8,660
Exports	: :		: :	-	: :	:	
Quantity (units)	-: :		: 0:		: 0:		
Value (1,000 dollars)	-: 3,659:	2,222	2: 65:	2,423	5: 51:	3,855:	8,286
Sewing machines and parts thereof including	: :		: :		: :		
furniture specially designed for such	•		•	;	: :		
machines	•		•	) -	• •	•	
Imports: Value (1,000 dollars)	- 44 151	20 961	: : ]: -4:		: : 3:	776 POC.	047 615
	-: 66,151:	68,840		64,480	,:	234,806:	267,415
Exports: Value (1,000 dollars)	-: 30,985:	33,698	: : 3: -8:	: 34,457	; - 10;	: 145,607:	470 631
Value (1,000 dollars)Value (1,000 dollars) Machines for working metal, stone, and other		339070	·	, <u>יר</u> גגנ	• • •	145,007+	139,431
machines for working metal, stone, and other materials	•	,	• •	•	• •		
materials	•	÷	• •	•	• •		
	·		·	<u></u>	<u> </u>		

Table 21Quarterly and annual data on U.S. import	s and exports for selected commodity groups
--------------------------------------------------	---------------------------------------------

	2nd quarter: 1982 :	quarter	<pre>:change : : from :</pre>		∶change ∶ ∶from ∶	: 1980 : :	1981
Commodity area	(1) ;		:(2) to : : (1) : : (3) : : : :		:(4) to : : (1) : : (5) : : :	(6)	(7)
Converters, ingot molds, and casting machines, and parts thereof Imports:			: :			:	
Value (1,000 dollars) Exports:	11,976	8,678	38:	7,990	50	54,198	34,287
Value (1,000 dollars) Metal rolling mills and parts thereof Imports:	21,599	19,626	10:	29,670	-27:	93,380	109,861
Value (1,000 dollars)		11,445	- 16 :	20,218	-53:	59,490:	60,024
Value (1,000 dollars) Metalworking machine tools and parts thereof		33,310	: 8: : :	44,402	- 19: : : :	199,883:	185,294
Value (1,000 dollars) Exports:	439,569:	423,728	: 4:	406,715	8	1,518,832	1,726,143
Value (1,000 dollars) Non-metalworking machine tools and parts thereof		311,174	: -14: : :	429,401	: -37: : :	1,093,598: : :	1,453,066
Value (1,000 dollars)	• •	40,272	: -4:	35,907	8:	117,698:	151,361
Value (1,000 dollars) Tool holders and accessories		68,312	-8:	79,526	: -21: : :	257,859: : :	308,099
Value (1,000 dollars) Exports:	14,413:	15,188	: -5:		: :	55,184: :	55,794
Value (1,000 dollars) Nonelectrically powered hand tools and parts thereof Imports:	40,526:	41,897	: -3:	42,279	: -4: : : : :	179,316:	165,684
Value (1,000 dollars) Exports:	55,636	54,803	2:	64,049	-13:	249,634	231,166
Value (1,000 dollars)Gas-operated welding, brazing, cutting and surface tempering appliances and parts thereof	78,405	85,540	: -8: : : : :	102,648	: -24: : : : :	414,775: : :	387,795
Imports: Value (1,000 dollars)Exports:	1,946:	1,843	6	2,347	- 17	9,857:	10,073
Value (1,000 dollars)Office machines	20,657	21,393	-3:	27,015	-24:	68,056:	84,539
Imports: Value (1,000 dollars) Exports:	• •	967,248	6	855,274	20:	2,870,513	3,492,997
Value (1,000 dollars)	2,626,020	2,378,099	: 10:		8:	8,620,469	9,722,108

	2nd quarter: 1982 :		<pre>:Percent: :change :</pre>	2nd quarter 1981	∶Percent∶ ∶change ∶	: 1980 :	1981
:	:	-	: from :		from :	:	.,
Commodity area	:		:(2) to :		:(4) to :	:	
	(1)	: ; (2)	: (1) : : (3) :		: (1) : : (5) :		(7)
		(2)	: :	(1)	: :		~~~
Typewriters not incorporating a calculating mechanism			: : : : : :		: : : :	:	
Imports:	: :		: :		: :	:	
Quantity (1,000 units)	401:	446				2,391:	2,210
Value (1,000 dollars)	90,545:	92,991				364,771:	345,540
Exports:						:	
Quantity (1,000 units)	41:			• •		166:	200
Value (1,000 dollars)	44,668:	46,035	: -3:	52,502	: -15:	154,416:	211,163
Typewriters, nonautomatic, with hand-operated					• •	•	
keyboard : Imports:			• •		• •	•	
0upphilu (1 000 upite)	385:	433	: -11:	535	· -28:	2,374:	2,186
Value (1,000 dollars)	77,044:					345,565:	326,214
Evonte:					: :	:	5207214
Quantity (1 000 units)	26:	26	: 2:	52	: -49:	130:	150
Value (1,000 dollars)	7,034:					26,484:	39,581
Typewriters without a hand-operated keyboard	: :	•,•••	: :		: :	:	•,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
and automatic typewriters	: :		: :		: :	:	
Imports:	: :		: :		: :	:	
Quantity (1,000 units)	: 16:		: 28:	8	: 93:	17:	23
Value (1,000 dollars)	: 13,501:	9,926			: 129:	19,205:	19,325
Fxnorts:	: :		: :		: :	:	
Quantity (1,000 units)	: 14:		: 24:	10	: 46:	36:	50
Value (1,000 dollars)	; 37,634;	37,971	: -1:	39,766	: -5:	127,932;	171,581
Calculating, accounting, and similar machines	: :		: :		: :	:	
employing a calculating mechanism	: :		: :		: :	:	
Automatic data processing machines			•		••••	•	
Imports:		7.40	: :		: :	:	
Quantity (1,000 units)	428:					717:	1,133
	234,970:					552,595:	692,400
Exports: Quantity (1,000 units):						332:	280
Value (1,000 dollars)	554,732;					1,938,091:	280 2,016,134
Calculating machines specially constructed for	5 554,752	770,000	: 24:		. ,.	1,756,071,	2,010,134
multiplying and dividing			: :		: :		
Imports:			: :		: :		
Value (1,000 dollars)	59,644:	79,564	: -25:	65,527	: -9:	369,321:	316,882
Exports	: :	.,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	: :	,	: :	:	3.0,002
Value (1,000 dollars)	8,748:	9,576	: -9:	6,550	: 34:	51,213:	34,710
Calculators, hand-held or pocket type	: :		: :		: :	:	
Importe:	: :		: :		: :	:	
Quantity (1,000 units)	: 4,211:			.,		23,423:	22,333
Value (1,000 dollars)	: 23,755:					166,875:	139, 123
Exports	: :					:	
Quantity (1,000 units)	: 105:					678:	470
Value (1,000 dollars)	; 5,334;	4,400	: 21:	2,878	: 85:	28,947:	17,626

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	2nd quarter: 1982 :	Previous quarter	<pre>:change :</pre>		:change :	1980	1981
Commodity area	: : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :		: from : :(2) to : : (1) :		: from : :(4) to : : (1) : : (5) :	: ; ; ;	(7)
	: :	(2)	: (3) :	(4)	: :	(6) :	(7)
Calculating machines, except hand-held or	: :		: :		: :	:	
pocket type calculators, employing solid-state circuitry in the calculating	: :		: :		: :	:	
mechanism Imports:	: :		: :		: :	:	
$\rho_{\mu\nu}$	: 1,499:					6,991:	7,275
Value (1,000 dollars)	: 35,888:		: -21:			202,446:	177,758
Exports: Quantity (1,000 units)	. 7:		- 19:			103:	67
Value (1,000 dollars)	: 3,414:					22,265:	17,083
Office machines and parts	: :		: :		: :	:	
Photocopying machines Imports:	: :				• •	•	
Quantity (1,000 units)		6	: 22:	15	-51:	107:	38
Value (1,000 dollars)	: 8,822:	9,657				135,662:	51,918
Exports: Quantity (1,000 units)	• •	•	: -5:		: : : -6:	: 56:	77
Value (1,000 dollars)	: 22,202:			•		111,866:	34 60,837
Miscellaneous machines		10,070	: :		: :	:	00,037
Shoe machinery and parts thereof	: :		: :		: :	:	
Imports: Value (1,000 dollars)	: :	7 700	: :	7 995	: : : 32:		44 477
Exports:	: 4,345: : :	3,382	: 28:		• 52•	13,280:	14,473
Value (1,000 dollars)	: 6,372:	5,551	: 15:	5,619	: 13:	20,680:	24,593
Machinery for sorting, screening, separating,	: :		: :		: :	:	
washing, crushing, grinding, or mixing mineral substances in solid form, and parts	: :		: :		• • •	:	
thereof	 : :		: :		: :		
Imports:	: :		: :		: :	:	
Value (1,000 dollars)	: 17,083:	23,059	: -26:	24,065	: -29:	90,422:	93,704
Exports: Value (1,000 dollars)	: 92,332:	92,632	: 0:	131,447	: -30:	: 396,561:	468,525
Glass-working and related machinery and parts	: 72,552:	72,032	: :	171,717	: :	370,501.	400,021
thereof	: :		: :	:	: :	:	
Imports: Value (1,000 dollars)	: :		: :	( 0.07	: :		
Value (1,000 dollars)Exports:	: 4,957:	4,515	: 10:	.,	: 18:	31,825:	22,635
Value (1,000 dollars)	: 27,027:	20,112	•		; 5;	96,515:	96,721
Molding and forming machines for plastics or	: :		: :		• •	:	
rubber and parts thereof	: :		: :		: :	:	
Imports: Value (1,000 dollars)	: 44,448:	51,044	-13:	54,658	: -19:	: 219,684;	226,760
Evonte:	• •	51,011	: ;	51,050	•	:	220,700
Value (1,000 dollars)	: 87,143:	78,361	: 11:	91,818	: -5:	332,465:	349,893

	2nd quarter: 1982 :	quarter	<pre>Percent: change : from :</pre>		<pre> Percent: change : from : </pre>	: 1980 : :	1981
Commodity area	(1)		:(2) to : : (1) :		:(4) to : : (1) : : (5) : : :	(6)	(7)
Automatic vending machines and parts thereof	:		: :		: :	:	
Imports: Value (1,000 dollars):		2,077	: : : 32:	2,750	: :	: 9,824:	10,891
Exports:	2,750	2,0//	• 52•	2,750	• • •	7,024.	10,071
Value (1,000 dollars)	14,696:	12,895	: 14:	12,346	: 19:	43,427:	48,109
Tobacco leaf stripping or cutting machines;	:		: :		: :	:	
industrial cigar- or cigarette-making	:		: :		: :	:	
machines and parts thereof	:		: :		: :	:	
Imports: Value (1,000 dollars):		00 474	: :	9 004	: :	:	/ 0 775
Value (1,000 dollars) Exports:	10,447:	20,174	: -48:	8,924	: 17:	46,391:	40,335
Value (1,000 dollars)	5,175:	8,089	-36:	7,742	: -33:	23,618:	39,221
Miscellaneous machines and parts thereof		0,007	: :	,,,,,	: :	23,010	57,221
Imoorts:	: :		: :		: :	:	
Value (1,000 dollars)	192,236:	155,730	: 23:	144,597	: 33:	565,506:	577,159
Evoorte:	•		: :		: :	:	
Value (1,000 dollars)	402,334:	337,838	: 19:	397,189	: 1:	1,415,170:	1,593,255
Parts of machines							
Industrial molds Imports:	•		• •		• •	•	
Value (1,000 dollars)	38,923:	36,254	: 7:	38,075	: 2:	131,109:	138,560
Exports:	: :	50,251	: :	30,073	: :	:	130,300
Value (1.000 dollars)	: 35,709:	39,348	: -9:	45,460	: -21:	119,897:	159,841
Molders' patterns for manufacture of castings	: :		: :		: :	:	
Imports:	:				: :	:	
Quantity (units)	408:			521		7,362:	2,034
	221:			- • •		2,706:	1,868
Exports: Quantity (units)		26 1		549	· - 67 ·	492:	1,506
Value (1,000 dollars)	290: 692:	903			: -52:	1,586:	4,640
Taps, cocks, valves, and similar devices and		703	: :	1,150	: :	;;500*	4,040
parts thereof used to control the flow of			: :		: :	:	
liquids, gases or solids	: :		: :		: :	:	
Imports:	:		: :		: :	:	
Value (1,000 dollars)	177,849:	147,424	: 21:	153,936	: 16:	460,042:	590,306
Exports: Value (1,000 dollars)	: : 227,040:	007 040	: 1:	0/E /E/	: -8:		07/ 007
Value (1,000 dollars)Antifriction balls and rollers and ball and	22/,040.	223,919	• •	245,654	-0.	829,193:	936,027
roller bearings and parts			: :		: :		
Imports:	:		: :		: :	:	
Value (1,000 dollars)	: 131,908;	115,413	: 14:	121,551	: 9:	479,512:	476,822
Exports:	: :		: :		: :	:	
Value (1,000 dollars)	: 83,110:	75,343	: 10:	97,147	: -14:	343,026:	353,774

Table 21Quarterly	and annual	data on U.S.	imports and	exports for	selected commodity	groups

	2nd quarter: 1982 :	quarter	change :		∶change ÷	: 1980 :	1981
Commodity area			: from : :(2) to : : (1) :		: from : :(4) to : : (1) :	:	(2)
	(1)	(2)	: (3) :	(4)	: (5) : : :	(6) :	(7)
Forged steel grinding balls			: :		: :	:	
Imports:	: :		: :		: :	:	
Quantity (1 000 counde)	2,577:	3,820	: -33:	5,793	: -56:	21,392:	18,189
Value (1,000 dollars)	692:	924				4,860:	4,153
Evonte:					: :	:,200	().50
Quantity (1,000 pounds) Value (1,000 dollars)	: 23,293:	21,384	: 9:	17,427	: 34:	55,639:	76,047
Value (1.000 dollars)	4,790:	6,143	•			14,978:	20,240
Gear boxes and other speed changers with fixed,		0,	: :	2,210	: :		20/210
multiple, or variable ratios; pulleys and			: :		: :	:	
sheaves; shaft couplings; torque converters;	: :		: :		: :	:	
chain sprockets; clutches; and universal			: :		: :		
joints; and parts thereof			: :		: :		
Importe:			: :		: :		
Value (1,000 dollars)	57,921:	61,103	: -5:	71,166	: -19:	194,281:	264,033
Exports:		0.,.05	: :		: :	.,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	2017033
Value (1,000 dollars)	82,006:	80,962	: 1:	79,338	: 3:	305,335:	326,408
Miscellaneous machinery parts		00,702	: :	///000	: :	303,333	520,400
Imports:			: :		: :		
Value (1,000 dollars)	27,243:	20,613	: 32:	19,787	: 38:	67,393:	78,623
Exports:		207013	: :	177107	: 50:	07,575	70,02.
Value (1,000 dollars)	50,606:	43,678	: 16:	49,469	; 2;	160,154:	189,176
flectrical machinery and equipment		433070	: :	17,107		100,154.	107,170
Motors, generators, transformers, and related			: :		: :		
equipment			: :		: :		
Imports:					: :		
Value (1,000 dollars)	280,065:	254,222	: 10:	254,430	: 10:	841,566:	1,005,042
Expandet	• •	234,222	: :			841,500.	1,00,042
Value (1,000 dollars)	453,710:	413,201	• •		: -4:	1,477,654;	1,774,312
Transformers		4137201	: :	7/037/0	: ;	1,477,054	1,777,312
Impontet			: :		: :	•	
Quantity (1,000 units)	32,814:	30,971	: 6:	23,474	: 40:	70,316:	106,470
Value (1.000 dollars)	: 36,121:	36,477				116,933:	123,725
Evoorte:	• •	507477	: :		: :	110,755	123,72.
Quantity (1,000 units)	: 1,391:	1,208	• •			10,835:	8,048
Quantity (1,000 units) Value (1,000 dollars)	46,419:	35,862				145,811;	162,215
Motors and generators		55,002	: :		: .	145,011	102,212
Imparts:			: :		: :		
Value (1,000 dollars)	118,331:	100,202	: 18:	100,475	: 18:	335,946:	416,034
Exports:	: :		: :		: :		7107034
Value (1,000 dollars)	254,804:	221,373	• •			824,038:	1,016,92
tarde (1)AAA MATTGI31		221)3/3	· · · ·	2037030	· · ·	027,030.	1,010,72

: Commodity area :	2nd quarter: 1982 : :	quarter	<pre>Percent: change from (2) to</pre>		<pre>Percent: change : from : (4) to :</pre>	: 1980 : :	1981
commodity area	(1)		: (1) : : (3) : : :	(4)	: (1) : : (5) : : :	(6)	(7)
Generator sets	:					:	
Imports:	:						
Quantity (1,000 units)	96:	94	-			590:	86
	12,341:	9,480	: 30:		: 54:	21,497:	39,52
: Quantity (1,000 units):	12:	10			-30:	90:	9
Value (1,000 dollars)	142,738:	••				420,933:	
Magnets and electromagnetic devices	142,730.	110,407	. 20.			420,733.	554,36
Imports:					• •	•	
Value (1,000 dollars):	16,447:	14,739	• •		: -18:	59,634:	70,72
Evonte:	•	17,737		20,100	- 10	37,0341	70,72
Value (1,000 dollars):	7,164:	6,142	· · · ·	8,460	: -15:	29,395:	32,09
Primary cells and batteries	7,107.	0,172	: :	-,	· - 151	27,373.	32,09
Imports:						•	
Value (1,000 dollars):	52,256:	50,581	: 3:	45,506	: 15:	166,028:	195,12
Exports:	52,230.	10,00		43,300		100,020.	175,12
Value (1,000 dollars):	71,267:	74,024	: -4:	90,362	-21:	270,538:	336,51
Storage batteries	/ 1 / 2 0 / 1	777067	: ;	70,302		270,550.	330,31
Imports:					: :		
Value (1,000 dollars):	31,734:	30,404	: 4:	28,960	: 10:	105,031:	116,48
Evoorte:	•	507101	: :	20,700	: :	105,051	110,10
Value (1,000 dollars):	37,392;	41,661	: -10:	45,401	: - 18 :	127,587:	178,17
Portable electric hand tools :	:		: :		: .	:	
Importe:	:		: :		: :	:	
Value (1,000 dollars):	19,814:	23,539	: -16:	23,201	: -15:	79,509:	87,42
Exports: :	:		: :		: :		
Value (1,000 dollars):	23,997:	24,008	: 0:	35,719	: -33:	141,417:	133,43
Vacuum cleaners, floor polishers, and parts :	:		: :		: :	:	
thereof :	:		: :		: :	:	
Imports: :	:		: :		: :	:	
Value (1,000 dollars):	6,519:	3,796	: 72:	4,762	: 37:	13,630:	19,88
Exports:	:		: :		: :	:	
Value (1,000 dollars):	21,136:	23,695	: -11:	34,718	: -39;	114,859:	119,49
Electromechanical household appliances and parts :	:		: :		: :	:	
thereof :	:		: :		: :	:	
Imports: :	:		: :		: :	:	
Value (1,000 dollars):	19,812:	16,864	: 17:	19,667	: 1:	69,591:	87,94
Exports:	:		: :		: :	:	
Value (1,000 dollars):	21,649:	22,194	: -2:	26,796	: -19:	94,830:	97,68
Electric shavers, hair clippers, and scissors and:	:		: :		: :	:	
parts thereof	:		: :		: :	:	
Imports:					: :		<b></b>
Value (1,000 dollars)	17,401:	11,443	: 52:	12,760	: 36:	59,544:	51,63
Exports: :		A A47	· ·				
Value (1,000 dollars):	3,869:	2,205	: 75:	3,590	: 8:	13,665:	13,13

	2nd quarter: 1982 :	Previous quarter	<pre>Percent: change : from :</pre>		<pre>Percent: change : from :</pre>	: 1980 :	1981
Commodity area	(1)	(2)	:(2) to : (1) : : (3) :		:(4) to : : (1) : : (5) :	(6)	(7)
Ignition equipment						i	
Importe:			: :		: :		
Value (1,000 dollars)	58,853;	49,939	: 18:	58,217	: 1:	199,582:	217,851
Fxports:	: :		: :		: :	:	2.1705
Value (1,000 dollars)	67,689;	74,541	: -9:	84,834	: -20:	259,746:	297,270
Electric lighting equipment for motor vehicles	:		: :		: :	:	
Imports:	:		: :		: :	:	
Value (1,000 dollars)	16,637:	14,233	: 17:	14,494	: 15:	56,174:	52,399
Fronts:	: :		: :		: :	:	
Value (1,000 dollars)	; 7,399;	5,511	: 34:	8,142	: -9:	21,632:	25,412
Portable electric lamps	:	2,2.	: :	••••	: :	:	
Imports:	: :		: :		: :	:	
Value (1,000 dollars)	4,280;	3,018	42:	3,426	: 25:	14,728:	13,534
Exports:	: :	0,0.0	: :	•,•	:	:	,50
Value (1,000 dollars)	3,745:	3,916	: -4:	4,375	: -14:	18,023:	19,077
Flectric furnaces and ovens, welding, brazing.		3,7,10	: :	.,	: :	:	.,,,,,,
Electric furnaces and ovens, welding, brazing, induction and dielectric heating equipment			: :		: :	:	
Imports:			: :		: :	:	
Value (1,000 dollars)	28,324;	27,888	: 2:	25,317	: 12:	158,528:	123,667
Exports:		27,000	: :		: :	:50,520	.23,00.
Value (1,000 dollars)	96,722:	88,235	5: 10:	103,837	: -7:	355,000:	397,70
Electrothermic household appliances, other than		00,200	: :		: :	:	
cooking stoves and ranges, furnaces, heaters,			: :		: :	:	
and ovens; and parts thereof			: :		: :	:	
Imports:			: :		: :	:	
Value (1,000 dollars)	67,441:	59,473	13:	62,570	: 8:	282,571:	284,07
Exports:		277110	: :		: :	:	201707
Value (1,000 dollars)	36,466;	34,710	1: 5:	47,749	: -24:	165,672;	186,05
Electric cooking stoves and ranges and parts		51)/10	: :		: :	:	,
thereof			: :		: :	:	
Imports:			: :		: :		
Value (1,000 dollars)	66,877:	63,423	5: 5:	73,890	: -9:	245,828;	329,042
Exports:		00)120	: :	10,0,0	: :	:	527,011
Value (1,000 dollars)	37,297:	34,995	5: 7:	30,109	: 24:	117,021;	128,98
Electric furnaces, heaters, and ovens and parts		51,772	: :		: :	:	120,70
thereof			: :		: :	:	
Tmoontet			: :		: :	:	
Value (1,000 dollars)	9,237:	7,779	): 19:	9,478	: -3:	32,576:	43,07
Evoarte:	•	.,	: :	,,,,,,	: :	1	13,077
Value (1,000 dollars)	6,177:	5,702	2: 8:	6,708	: -8:	28,245;	27,942
(2102 ())VVV OUID(3)	• • • • • • •			5,700	: :		21)7

: Commodity area :	2nd quarter: 1982	quarter	Percent: change : from : (2) to :	-	Percent: change : from : (4) to :	: 1980 : :	1981
: : : :	(1)		: (1) : : (3) : : :		: (1) : : (5) : : : :	(6)	(7)
Telephone and telegraph apparatus	:		: :			:	· `,
Imports: Value (1,000 dollars): Exports:	:	143,478	-4:	120,458	: 15: : :	420,647	494,570
Value (1,000 dollars): Telephone switching and switchboard equipment: Imports:	178,144:	196,356	: -9: : :	175,857		557,039	653,215
Value (1,000 dollars): Exports:	:	49,407	: -30:	38,225	- 10:	187,718:	151,023
Value (1,000 dollars): Telephone instruments Imports:	:	74,087	: -1: : :	00,702	: -15: : :	189,165:	261,254
Quantity (1,000 units)				32,139	• •		2,607 127,734
Quantity (1,000 units)	6,868;			6,198	•	23,938:	405 26,812
Value (1,000 dollars) Exports:	116,815:	108,128		123,759	-6:	413,905	520,681
Value (1,000 dollars): Radiotelegraphic and radiotelephonic apparatus and related equipment Imports:	59,353:	49,887			- 15: : : :	294,548:	264,028
Value (1,000 dollars):	•	1,869,037	-1:		3:	5,762,705	7,650,835
Value (1,000 dollars) Television cameras	:	474,938	: 18: : :	553,760	: 2: : :	1,982,842: : :	2,232,765
Value (1,000 dollars): Exports:	•	71,967	: -4:	56,135	: 23:	131,829:	243,134
Value (1,000 dollars) Value (1,000 dollars) Television apparatus Television receivers Imports:		12,156	: 28:	16,303	: -5: : : : :	63,375:	63,666
Value (1,000 dollars) Evoorts:	:	212,316	-7:	213,332	-7:	645,201	825,115
Value (1,000 dollars) Radio receivers and parts Imports:	57,407:	63,549	- 10	99,271	-42:	436,023:	389,811
Value (1,000 dollars): Exports:	:	244,589	: 15:	,	· 9:	860,900	1,079,876
Value (1,000 dollars)	199,110	169,778	: 17:	175,105	14:	580,049	742,713

	2nd quarter: 1982 :	Previous quarter	<pre>:Percent: :change :</pre>	2nd quarter 1981	Percent:	: 1980 :	1981
:	:	qual cel	: from :		from f	:	.,
Commodity area :	:		:(2) to :		:(4) to :	:	
:	:		: (1) :		: (1) :	:	
:	(1) :	(2)	: (3) :	(4)	: (5) : : :	(6) :	(7)
Automobile radio receivers :	:		: :		: :	:	
Tmoorts: :	:		: :		: :	:	
Quantity (1,000 units):	862:	710	: 21:	818	: 5:	3,314:	3,517
Value (1,000 dollars):	33,630:	27,956	: 20:	29,476	: 14:	100,227:	129,040
Exports: :	:		: :		: :	:	
Quantity (1,000 units):	211:	191				509:	774
Value (1,000 dollars):		17,818	: -1:	21,559	: -18:	47,316:	72,617
Broadcast band radio receivers other than :	:		: :		: :	:	
automobile type :	:		: :		: :	:	
Imports: :	:		: :		: :	:	
Quantity (1,000 units):	7,642:	5,952				29,875:	33,526
Value (1,000 dollars):	122,748:	110,819				486,521:	550,249
Exports: :	:		: :		: :	:	
Quantity (1,000 units):	125:	105				594:	564
Value (1,000 dollars):	3,799:	3,594	•• 6•	4,729	: -20:	20,717:	19,764
Transceivers :	:		: :		: :	:	
Imports:	:		: :				
Quantity (1,000 units): Value (1,000 dollars):	922:	1,108				3,844:	5,154
Value (1,000 dollars)	41,273:	40,803				130,337:	171,024
Exports: :			: :		: :	:	
Quantity (1,000 units)	53:	52				268:	241
Value (1,000 dollars)	78,467:	60,584	: 30:	65,878	: 19:	238,037:	276,219
Record players, phonographs, record changers,					• •		
and turntables, and parts thereof : Imports:	•		• •		• •		
Value (1,000 dollars):	41,445:	50 / 77	- 18 :	64,910	-36:		070 70
Exports:	41,442.	50,633	- 10 -	04,710	30.	240,130:	272,38
Value (1,000 dollars):	10,784:	12,620	· - 15:	15,413	-30:	75,718:	58,022
Tape recorders, tape players, and dictation	10,704.	12,020		1,,,1,		13,710.	50,022
machines :							
Imports:	•				: :		
Value (1,000 dollars):	591,690:	662,649	11:	546,122	: 8:	1,632,333:	2,496,53
Exports:	;	002,047	: :	5109122	: :	1,032,533.	2)470,33
Value (1,000 dollars):	73,886:	65,814	: 12:	77,619	: -5:	257,437:	297,865
Radio navigational, radar, and radio remote :	; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ;	05,011	: :		: :	:	277,002
control apparatus and parts thereof :	:		: :		: :	:	
Imports:	:		: :		: :	:	
Value (1,000 dollars):	33,298:	34,800	: -4:	45,872	: -27:	85,167:	173,676
Fxports: :	:		: :		: :		
Value (1,000 dollars):	159,972:	150,754	: 6:	158,430	: 1:	619,123:	614,866

Commodíty area	: 2nd quarter: : 1982 : : :	quarter	<pre>Percent: change : from : (2) to :</pre>		Percent: change : from : (4) to :	1980 :	1981
commodity area	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		: (1) : : (3) : : :		: (1) : : (5) : : :	(6)	(7)
Radar	: :		: :		: : : :	:	
Imports: Value (1,000 dollars) Exports:	: : : 15,492:	15,034	: 3:	18,126	: -15: : -15:	; 31,679;	80,04
Value (1,000 dollars) Electric sound and visual signalling apparatus	102,979	93,189	: 11: : :	104,424	- 1 :	356,898	404,33
Imports: Value (1,000 dollars) Exports:	: :	53,412	: 3:	54,698	· · ·	185,887:	217,33
Value (1,000 dollars) Electrical capacitors Imports:	71,970	61,954	16:	70,119	: 3:	256,426	271,21
Value (1,000 dollars) Exports:	73,022:	71,826	2:	71,107	3:	271,674	287,71
Value (1,000 dollars) Aluminum electrolytic fixed capacitors Imports:	59,251:	50,379	18:	52,619		233,451	203,96
Quantity (1,000 units)	: 14,376:	210,713 17,482	: -18:	14,336		521,242: 48,315: :	745,40 59,84
Quantity (1,000 units)	: 2,888: : 3,053:	1,866 2,713		2,486	: 33:	13,662: 11,589:	9,23 10,25
Tantalum electrolytic fixed capacitors Imports: Quantity (1,000 units)	: :	60,425	: :		: :	323.489:	280 7
Value (1,000 dollars) Exports:	7,967:	7,594		10,311		45,713:	280,79 38,37
Quantity (1,000 units) Value (1,000 dollars) Ceramic fixed capacitors Imports:	: 30.619:	20,140 13,676	: 51:	23,139 15,796	: 31;	137,527: 77,907:	103,57 60,68
Quantity (1,000 units)	792,838: 28,190:	731,042 24,699	: 8:	714,132 24,322	: 11:	2,221,290: 90,089:	2,995,45 101,68
Quantity (1,000 units)	: 141,873: : 18,980:	205,766 13,274	: -31:	115,750	: 23:	383,683: 71,795:	515,54 60,40
circuits Imports:	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	• • •	
Value (1,000 dollars) Exports:	: :	276,004	: -:	,	: :	958,289	1,108,52
Value (1,000 dollars)	: 492,857:	466,412	: 6:	505,321	: -2:	1,602,001:	1,890,26

	2nd quarter: 1982 : :	quarter	<pre>:change : : from :</pre>		∶change ∶ ∶from ∶	: 1980 : ;	1981
Commodity area	(1)		:(2) to : : (1) : : (3) : : : :		:(4) to : : (1) : : (5) : : :	(6)	(7)
Electrical switches and relays Circuit breakers Imports:	:				: : : : : :	:	
Quantity (1,000 units)	4,284: 11,034:	4,466 9,614		12,741		16,573: 39,764:	20,98 45,03
Quantity (1,000 units)	10,231: 45,170:	6,368 42,593	61:	11,275	: -9:	31,313: 162,672:	37,51 171,22
Imports: Quantity (1,000 units) Value (1,000 dollars)	: 110,466: 57,233:	90,842 53,968				: 408,643: 203,063:	454,67 236,00
Exports: Quantity (1,000 units) Value (1,000 dollars):	48.065	45,282 63,318	: :	74,538		: 199,024: 231,243:	223,11 261,23
Fuses Imports: Quantity (1,000 units) Value (1,000 dollars)	23,050	18,984				66,825: 66,825:	94,98
Value (1,000 dollars) Exports: Quantity (1,000 units) Value (1,000 dollars)	:	3,057	: :		: : : 0:	10,781:	12,6
Connectors Tmoorts:	:	10,622	: :		: : : :	35,682:	37,70
Quantity (1,000 units)	45,233:	304,148 40,021	: 13:	39,321	: 15: : :	702,785: 128,446: :	1,215,98
Quantity (1,000 units)	152,433: 70,523:	167,179 66,245				739,670: 268,944: :	825,58 273,19
Imports: Quantity (1,000 units) Value (1,000 dollars) Exports:	95: 6,162:	81 2,074				501: 14,803:	7( 11,43
Quantity (1,000 units)	24: 27,325:	29 24,220				113: 71,063:	1 87,68
Imports: Quantity (1,000 units) Value (1,000 dollars)	: 456: 456: 1,997:	489 1,893				: 1,935: 6,364:	2,6 9,3
Exports: Quantity (1,000 units) Value (1,000 dollars)	: 435:	369 4,474		633		: 1,664: 17,963:	2,2 23,5

	: 2nd quarter: : 1982 : : :	quarter	<pre>Percent: change : from :</pre>		Percent: change : from :	: 1980 : :	1981
Commodity area	: : : : : (1) : : :		:(2) to : : (1) : : (3) : : : :		:(4) to : : (1) : : (5) : : :	(6)	(7)
Electrical resistors	: :		: :		: :	:	
Imports: Value (1,000 dollars)	: 50,181:	44,133	: :	43,608	: :	: 166,197:	179,185
Exports: Value (1,000 dollars) Fixed resistors	: 38,088:	35,352	: : : 8: : :	32,593	: : : 17:	142,173	134,810
Imports: Value (1,000 dollars)	: 26,543:	23,329	: :	25,039	: :	; 94,851;	101,98
Exports: Value (1,000 dollars)	: :	21,691	: :	19,838	: : : 18:	: 81,025	82,147
Carbon composition resistors Imports: Quantity (1,000 units)	: : : 250,102:	297,358	: - 16:	246,964	: : : : : 1:	1,246,133:	1,083,35
Value (1,000 dollars) Exports:	: 2,971:	2,728		2,944		14,474:	12,17
Quantity (1,000 units)	: 17,433: : 2,405:	17,158 1,928				250,686: 12,656:	138,64 9,95
Film resistors Imports:	: : :	1,348,176	: :	1,614,996	: : : : : -10:	: : 5,183,802:	( 540 00
Quantity (1,000 units) Value (1,000 dollars) Exports:	: 10,479:	9,477		12,081		42,745:	6,519,20 49,56
Quantity (1,000 units)	: 30,299: : 5,276:	19,414 3,617			: 18:	95,952: 14,360:	111,16 13,81
Wirewound resistors Imports:	: :		: :		: :	:	
Quantity (1,000 units) Value (1,000 dollars) Exports:	: 27,200: : 1,843:	30,130 1,535		1,632		47,821: 4,788:	59,06 6,53
Quantity (1,000 units)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	9,220 1,637	: 4:	9,495	: 1:	36,286: 7,826:	35,41 6,50
Automatic voltage regulators	: :		: :		: :	:	
Value (1,000 dollars) Exports: Value (1,000 dollars)	: :	4,422 8,252	: :		: :	19,606: : 32,108:	17,62
Electric lamps Imports:	: :	0,232	: :		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	52,100.	22,20
Value (1,000 dollars) Exports:	: :	40,383	: :	,	: :	163,029:	175,62
Value (1,000 dollars)	43,539:	40,782	: 7:	43,219	: 1:	192,148:	164,77

	: 2nd quarter: : 1982 :	quarter	<pre>Percent: change : from :</pre>		Percent: change from	: 1980 : :	198 1
Commedity area	: : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :		:(2) to : : (1) : : (3) :		:(4) to : : (1) : : (5) :	::	(7)
Electronic tubes (except X-ray)	· · · · ·					:	
Tmoorts:	: :		: :		: :	:	
Value (1,000 dollars)	: :	55,189	: 0:	70,975	-22:	203,805:	251,02
Value (1,000 dollars)	· 67,857:	61,930	: 10:	72,948	7:	293,407;	290,40
Television picture tubes		0 ( ) / 30		12,710			2,0,10
Value (1,000 dollars)	: :	15,953	: -4:	17,625	- 13:	43,802:	68,27
Value (1,000 dollars) Semiconductors Imports:		10,461	: -24: : :	15,051	: -47: : :	87,641: :	64,023
Value (1,000 dollars)	: :	888,233	19	903,125	17:	3,348,107	3,617,58
Value (1,000 dollars)Transistors	1,026,268:	888,245	: 16: : :	915,655	12:	3,477,234	3,606,97
Imports:	-: 504,173;	497,407	• • •		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1,797,594:	1,927,19
Quantity (1,000 units)	• •			64,026		208,988:	259,50
Quantity (1,000 units)	-: 49,518:	42,841	: 16:	62,814	-21:	243,542:	222,45
Quantity (1,000 units)	-: 23,883:				: 4: : :	95,216:	87,33
Imports:	: :		: :		: :	:	
Value (1,000 dollars) Exports:			: :		: :	2,756,514:	2,952,69
Value (1,000 dollars) Electrical conductors Imports:	: :	194,904	: 16: : :		: 21: : :	833,475: :	768,41
Value (1,000 dollars) Exports:	: :	106,852	: 35:		: 9: : :	430,231:	532,07
Value (1,000 dollars) Miscellaneous electrical articles		145,944	: -7:	166,517	: -19: : :	411,098: : :	594,39
Value (1,000 dollars)	• •	94,459	62:	74,222	106	269,928	318,90
Value (1,000 dollars)ail locomotives and rolling stock	266,809	230,495	16:	230,731	16:	833,499:	946,49
Imports: Value (1,000 dollars) Exports:	: -: 25,500:	29,572	: -14:	62,509	: -59: : -59:	: 458,362: :	226,35
Value (1,000 dollars)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	129,772	: -11:	129,634	- 10:	452,255:	487,82

	2nd quarter: 1982 :	Previous quarter	:Percent: :change : : from :		Percent: change : from :	: 1980 :	1981	
Commodity area	: : : : : : : : :		· Trom · ·(2) to · · (1) · · (3) · (4) · ·		:(4) to : : (1) : : (5) :	(6)	(7)	
otor vehicles Automobile trucks and truck tractors	: : : :		: : : : : :			:		
Imports:	: :		: :	:	: :	:		
Quantity (units)	: 200,225:	200,499	: 0:	176,719	: 13:	331,273;	721,63	
Value (1,000 dollars)	: 1,220,717:	1,162,483	: 5:	888,479	: 37:	1,765,170:	3,789,12	
Exports:	: :		: :		: :	:		
Quantity (units)	: 31,769:	27,822	: 14:	40,009	: -21:	154,298:	134,79	
Value (1,000 dollars)	: 480,247:	499,055	: -4:	571,287	: -16:	1,979,635:	2,073,68	
Motor buses	: :		: :		: :	••••••	L	
Imports:	: :		: :		: :	:		
	: 4,561:	3,511	: 30:	4,912	: -7:	11,468:	16,08	
Value (1,000 dollars)	: 73,156:	58,958					310,57	
Fynorts:	: :	507750	: .		: :		0.0757	
Ousshity (usite)	902:	690	: 31:	944	: -4:	3,530:	3,40	
Value (1,000 dollars)	: 28,441:				•		99,75	
Passenger automobiles			: :		: :	01,520	////2	
Imports:			: :					
Quantity (unite)	836,122;	742,669	: 13:	820,017	: 2:	3,315,764:	3,003,36	
Value (1,000 dollars)	: 5,665,615:	5,076,504					17,993,50	
Exports:		3,070,304	: :		: :	17,070,051	17,773,30	
Quantity (units)	: 138,374:	85,253	•		• •	631,880:	563,19	
Value (1,000 dollars)	: 989,604:						3,996,14	
Snowmobiles		031,027		1,207,213			3,770,17	
Twoonte:	• •				••••	•		
Quantity (units) Value (1,000 dollars)	: 9.741:	1,637	· · · ·	3,472	: 181:	39,202:	27,94	
	: 11,096:	2,233						
Exports:	. 11,076.		• 37/•		. 134.	58,074:	41,46	
Quantity (units)	: 1,978:	1,950	• •			15,098:	10 03	
Value (1,000 dollars)	: 996:	1,365				21,099:	10,83	
Special purpose motor vehicles	• 770•	1200	2/.	4,010	• -/9•	21,099.	13,87	
Imports:	• •				•••	•		
Quantity (units)	• •		: 0:		• •	•		
	• • • • •	00 459	•		: 0:	450 407.		
	82,017:	90,158		65,319	: 26:	150,183:	289,94	
Exports: Quantity (units)	: 2,866:	0 770	: 5:	7 050	• •	47 475.		
		2,738				17,135:	15,85	
Value (1,000 dollars)	: 263,010:	279,300	· -o·	299,931	- 12:	992,075	1,193,70	
Bodies and chassis for motor vehicles	• •		• •		• •	•		
Imports: Quantity (units)		10 074	• •	0/ 047	• •	101 711	10/ 0/	
	: 14,819:	10,934					106,84	
	: 145,835:		: 19:		: 7: : :		493,64	
Exports: Quantity (units)					-	•	100 -0	
Quantity (units) Value (1,000 dollars)	: 21,219:						100,32	
Value (1,000 dollars)	: 108,561:	91,340	: 19:	165,221	: -34:	501,763:	553,69	

	2nd quarter: 1982 :	quarter	:Percent: :change : : from :	2nd quarter 1981	Percent: change : from :	: 1980 :	1981
Commodity area			:(2) to :		:(4) to :	:	
	(1)	(2)	: (1) : : (3) : : :	(4)	: (1) : : (5) : : :	(6) : :	(7)
Motor vehicle parts, except bodies and chassis :	:		: :		: :	:	
Imports: Value (1,000 dollars): Exports:	•	744,235	40:	865,358	21:	: 2,910,049:	3,226,616
Value (1,000 dollars) Tractors, including parts	1,934,471:	1,771,354	: 9: : :	2,009,261	-4: : -4:	5,651,633:	6,936,538
Imports: : Value (1,000 dollars):	215,164:	222,195	: -3:	289,872	: -26:	: 1,087,502:	991,501
Exports: Value (1,000 dollars) Fork-lift trucks and similar industrial vehicles;	700,638	687,158	: 2: : 2:	994,782	-30	: 3,281,851: :	3,582,805
including parts :	:				: :	:	
Value (1,000 dollars): Exports:	: :		: :		: :	140,903:	192,906
Value (1,000 dollars) Tanks and other self-propelled armored vehicles, including parts	85,152:	94,053	-9: : : :	129,580	: -34: : : : :	437,773:	452,994
Imports: Value (1,000 dollars): Exports:	•	4,306	76:	7,942	: -5: : :	2,972:	17,725
Value (1,000 dollars) Motorcycles, including parts	480,484:	249,118	93:	184,930	: 160:	450,389:	743,156
Imports: Value (1,000 dollars): Exports:	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	425,362	-28:	332,857	-8:	1,257,279	1,342,241
Value (1,000 dollars)	21,025:	20,308	: 4:	21,268	: -1: : :	91,737:	77,013
self-propelled, including parts Imports: Value (1,000 dollars):	: 12,278:	6,058	: : : : : 103:	7,908	: : : : : 55:	: : 18,758:	22,970
Evoarte:			: :		: :	:	
Value (1,000 dollars)Aircraft and spacecraft, including parts Imports:		60,542	-2:	65,511	: -10: : :	226,502:	241,978
Value (1,000 dollars)	: :		: :	583,630	27:	1,908,118	2,585,931
Value (1,000 dollars) Airplanes (military and nonmilitary) Imports:		3,247,957	·: -7: : :		: -29: : :	12,771,443:	14,621,380
Quantity (units): Value (1,000 dollars):	176: 314,311:	373,566	: -16:	275,708	: 14:	968,009:	805 1,377,907
Exports: Quantity (units): Value (1,000 dollars):	: 609: 1,819,139:	689		1,349	: -55: : -42:	4,896:	4,334 10,213,210

Commodity area	2nd quarter: 1982 : : : : : : : :	quarter	:Percent: :change : : from : :(2) to : : (1) : : (3) :	;	Percent: change : from : (4) to : (1) : (5) :	1980 : ; ; ; ; ; ;	1981
Pleasure boats; floating structures							
Imports: Value (1,000 dollars) Exports:	96,960	74,234	31:	65,384:	48	182,273	251,7
Value (1,000 dollars)Yachts or pleasure boats, including parts Imports:	369,083:	209,520	76	259,629:	42:	356,721:	702,7
Value (1,000 dollars) Exports:	62,736	46,019	36:	61,128	3:	162,341	199,9
Value (1,000 dollars)	95,888:	81,010	: 18: : :	101,357: :	-5: :	262,051:	295,5

	Trade-monitoring gates triggered for current quarter compared with						
Commodity area		Imports in	: Exports in				
	Previous quarter	: Corresponding : quarter : previous year	Previous quarter	: Correspondin : quarter : previous ye			
Boilers, nonelectric motors and engines, and		:	:	:			
other general-purpose machinery		•	•				
Steam generating boilers and auxilary equipment:		•	•				
and parts thereof:			: (01) 09	: (01)			
Gas generators, with or without purifiers, and :			:	:			
parts thereof:		: 01 09	: 01 09 10	: 01 09 10			
Steam engines, steam turbines, and other vapor :			:	:			
power units, and parts thereof:		: 01	: 01	: 09			
Internal combustion engines, piston-type, and :		:	:	•			
parts thereof:		: 01	:	:			
Internal combustion engines, non-piston type, :		:	:	:			
and parts thereof:		:	:	:			
Non-piston type aircraft engines	(04) 07	: (01) (04) 07	:	:			
Water wheels, water turbines, and other water :		:	:	:			
engines, and parts including governors :		:	:	:			
therefor:		:	: (01)	:			
Nonelectric engines and motors and parts		:	:	:			
thereof:		: 01	: 01	:			
Pumps for liquids and parts thereof:		:	:	:			
Air pumps, vacuum pumps, air or gas		:	:	:			
compressors, fans and blowers and parts		:	:	:			
thereof		:	:	:			
Fans and blowers and parts thereof:		: 01	: 01 09	: 01 09 10			
Compressors and parts thereof:		:	:	: 01			
Air pumps, vacuum pumps, and parts thereof:		:	: 01	:			
Air-conditioning machines and parts thereof:		:	:	:			
Furnace burners and non-electric industrial	(01) 00	:	•	:			
furnaces and ovens, and parts thereof:		: 01	•	:			
Refrigerators and refrigeration equipment and	-	•	1				
parts thereof:	01	1	i	•			
Calendering and similar rolling machines :		ř.	i •	•			
(except metal-working and metal-rolling and		: : (01) 09	: (01)	: 01 09 10			
glass-working machines), and parts thereof-: Instantaneous or storage water heaters and	(01) 03	. (01) 09	• (01)				
parts thereof	(01) 09	: (01) 09	•	•			
Equipment for treating materials by changing		: (01) 05	•				
temperature and parts thereof		: 01	:	: (01)			
Centrifuges and filtering and purifying		1	:	:			
machinery and parts thereof		•	:	:			
Wrapping and packaging machinery, machinery for:		•	-	:			
cleaning or drying containers, machinery		•	:	:			
for aerating beverages, dishwashing		•	•	•			

Table 22Summary of trade-monito	ring gates triggere	d for selected	commodity groups,	April-June	1982
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	Trade-monitoring gates triggered for current quarter compared with					
Commodity area	]	Imports in	: Exports in			
	Previous quarter	: Corresponding : quarter : previous year	Previous quarter	: Corresponding : quarter : previous year		
machines, and parts thereof		: : 01	: : 01	:		
Weighing machinery and scales and parts thereof:		:	•	•		
Sprayers and dusters and parts thereof		: 01	:	:		
Elevators, winches, cranes, and related		:	:	:		
machinery; earth-moving and mining machinery :		:	:	:		
Mechanical shovels, coal-cutters, excavators,		:	:	:		
scrapers, bulldozers, and excavating,		:	:	:		
levelling, boring, and extracting machinery:		:	•	•		
other than elevators, winches, cranes, and		:	:	:		
related machinery and parts thereof		: 09	:	:		
Drilling and boring machinery		: (01) (07) 09	: (01) 04 (07) 10	: (04) 07 10		
Front-end loaders	(01)	: (01) 09	:	: (01)		
Backhoes, shovels, clamshells, and draglines-:		: (01) (04) (07)	: (01) (04)	: (01) (04)		
Lifting, handling, loading, and unloading		:	:	:		
machinery and parts thereof		:	:	:		
Agricultural and horticultural machinery; :		:	:	:		
machinery for preparing food and drink		:	:	:		
Agricultural and horticultural machinery		:	:	:		
Parts of agricultural and horticultural		:	:	:		
machinery;		:	:	:		
Lawnmowers and parts thereof:	01 09	: 01	: (01)	:		
Machinery for preparing and manufacturing food :		:	•	:		
and drink and parts thereof		:	:	:		
Machinery for use in the manufacture of sugar:		:	:	:		
and parts thereof	01 09 10	: (01) 09 10	: 01	: (01) 09 10		
Meat and poultry packing plant machinery and :		:	:	:		
equipment and parts thereof		: 01	: 01 10	: 10		
Flour mill and grain mill machinery and parts:		:	:	:		
thereof		: (01) 09 10	:	:		
Bakery machinery and parts thereof:	01 10	: 01 10	:	:		
Machinery for preparing and processing fruit :		:	:	:		
and vegetables and parts thereof:	01 09	: 01 09	: 01	: (01)		
Miscellaneous machinery for preparing and	:	:	:	:		
manufacturing food or drink, and parts		:	:	:		
thereof	:	:	: 01	:		
Pulp and paper machinery; bookbinding machinery; :		:	:	:		
printing machinery		:	:	:		
Machines for making cellulosic pulp, paper, or :		:	:	:		
paperboard; machines for processing or		:	:	:		
finishing pulp, paper, or paperboard, or		:	:	:		
making them into articles; and parts		:	:	:		
thereof	(01)	: (01) 09	: (01) 09	:		

:		Trade-monitoring gates triggered for current quarter compared with						
Commodity area : : :		Imports in	: Exports in					
	quarter	: Corresponding : quarter : previous year	Previous quarter	: Corresponding : quarter : previous year				
Printing trades machinery, other than for		:	:	:				
textiles, and parts thereof		: 01	:	:				
Duplicating machines and parts thereof	(01)	:	:	:				
Textile printing machinery and parts thereof	(01) 09	: (01) 09	:	:				
Textile machines; laundry and dry-cleaning	1	:	:	:				
machines; sewing machines		:	:	:				
Machines for extruding or drawing man-made		:	:	:				
textile filaments:		: (01) (04)	: 04 (07) 09 10	: (01) (04) (07) 09 1				
Textile yarn-producing machinery	(04) 07	: 01 04 09	: (01) 04 (07)	: (01) 04 (07)				
Textile yarn-preparing machines	(04)	: (01) 04 (07)	: 04 (07)	: (01) (04) (07)				
Weaving machines		: 04 (07)	: 01 07 09 10	: (04) 07 09 10				
Knitting machines		: 04	: 01 04	: 04 (07)				
Textile machines for making lace, net, braid,		:	:	:				
embroidery, trimmings, fabrics, or other			:	:				
textile articles		: (01) 04 (07)	: 01 04	: (04) 07				
Machines for making felt and nonwoven fabrics including bonded fabrics, in the piece or		:	•					
in shapes, including felt-hat making		•	•	•				
machines and hat-making blocks; and parts		•	•	•				
thereof		: 01 09	: 01	: 01				
Household and commercial laundry equipment and		:	:	:				
parts thereof			:	: (01)				
Textile bleaching, dyeing, washing, cleaning,		•	•	1				
finishing, dressing, coating, and drying								
machines and parts thereof	09	: (01)	:	: (01)				
Fabric folding, reeling, or cutting machines		: 01 04 07 09	: 07 10	: (04) 07				
Parts of textile machinery		:	:	:				
Cordage machines and parts thereof	(01) 09	: 01 09	: 01	: 01				
Sewing machines and parts thereof including	1	:	:	:				
furniture specially designed for such	1	:	:	:				
machines	:	:	:	: 10				
fachines for working metal, stone, and other		:	:	:				
materials		:	:	:				
Converters, ingot molds, and casting machines,		;	:	:				
and parts thereof		: 01 09	: 09 10	: (01) 09 10				
Metal rolling mills and parts thereof		: 01 09	:	· (01)				
Metalworking machine tools and parts thereof		•	•	: (01)				
thereof		•	•	: (01)				
Tool holders and accessories		•	•	: (01)				
Nonelectrically powered hand tools and parts		•	•	•				
thereof			•	: (01)				

Commodity area		Imports in	: Exports in		
	Previous quarter	: Corresponding : quarter : previous year	Previous quarter	: Corresponding : quarter : previous year	
Gas-operated welding, brazing, cutting and surface tempering appliances and parts thereof		:	: : :	:	
Office machines:		: 01	:	: (01) 09 :	
Typewriters not incorporating a calculating :		:	:	:	
mechanism:		: (04) 07	:	: (04) 07	
Typewriters, nonautomatic, with hand-operated: keyboard	(04)	: : (04) 07	:	: : (01) (04)	
Typewriters without a hand-operated keyboard :	· ·	: (04) 07	•	: (01) (04)	
and automatic typewriters:		: 01 04 09	: 04 (07)	: 04 (07)	
Calculating, accounting, and similar machines :		:	:	:	
employing a calculating mechanism :		:	:	:	
Automatic data processing machines:		: 01 04	: 01 04	: 04 :	
Calculating machines specially constructed : for multiplying and dividing:		•	•	: 01	
Electronic calculating machines employing :		:	:	: 01	
solid-state circuitry in the		:	:	:	
calculating mechanism:		:	:	:	
Calculators, hand-held or pocket type:		:	: 01 04	: 01 04 07 09 10	
Calculating machines, except hand-held or :		•	•	•	
pocket type calculators, employing : solid-state circuitry in the :		•	:	•	
calculating mechanism:	(01) (04)	•	: (01) (04)	: (04) 07	
Office machines and parts :		:	:	:	
Photocopying machines:	04 (07)	: (01) (04)	: 01 07	: 01 07 09	
fiscellaneous machines :		:	:	:	
Shoe machinery and parts thereof:		: 01	:	•	
Machinery for sorting, screening, separating, : washing, crushing, grinding, or mixing :		:			
mineral substances in solid form, and parts:		•	•	•	
thereof:		: (01)	:	: (01)	
Glass-working and related machinery and parts :		:	:	:	
thereof:	09	: 09	: 01 10	: 10	
Molding and forming machines for plastics or :		:	:	:	
rubber and parts thereof		:	:	:	
Automatic vending machines and parts thereof: Tobacco leaf stripping or cutting machines; :	01	:	:	•	
industrial cigar- or cigarette-making :		:	•	:	
machines and parts thereof:	(01) 09	: 09	: (01)	: (01) 10	
Miscellaneous machines and parts thereof:		: 01	:	:	
Parts of machines :		:	:	:	
Industrial molds:		:	:	: (01)	

:	Trade-monitoring gates triggered for current quarter compared with						
: Commodity area		Imports in	Exports in				
: : : :	Previous quartes	a i quarter	Previous quarter	: Corresponding : quarter : previous year			
: Molders' patterns for manufacture of castings: Taps, cocks, valves, and similar devices and : parts thereof used to control the flow of : liquids, gases or solids: Antifriction balls and rollers and ball and :		: (01) (04) (07) 09 : : :	: (01) 04 (07) 09 :	: (01) (04) 09 : : :			
<pre>roller bearings and parts: Forged steel grinding balls: Gear boxes and other speed changers with fixed,: multiple, or variable ratios; pulleys and : sheaves; shaft couplings; torque converters; chain sprockets; clutches; and : universal joints; and parts thereof:</pre>	(01) (04) 09	: (01) (04) 07 09 : : :	(01) (07) 09 10	: 04 (07) 09 : : :			
Miscellaneous machinery parts: Electrical machinery and equipment : Motors, generators, transformers, and related : equipment:		: 01	• 5 5 7	: :			
Transformers: Motors and generators:		: 01 04	: 01 04 :	: (04) 07			
Generator sets: Magnets and electromagnetic devices:	01 07	: 01 (04) 07 09 :	: 01 04 :	: (04) 07 :			
Primary cells and batteries: Storage batteries:		:	:	: (01) :			
Portable electric hand tools: Vacuum cleaners, floor polishers, and parts :		:	:	: (01) :			
thereof: Electromechanical household appliances and :	01	: 01 :	:	: (01) :			
parts thereof	01	: 01	: : : 01	: : :			
Ignition equipment: Electric lighting equipment for motor vehicles-: Portable electric lamps:	01	-	: 01 : 09	: (01) : :			
Electric furnaces and ovens, welding, brazing, : induction and dielectric heating equipment-: Electrothermic household appliances, other than:		:	:	:			
cooking stoves and ranges, furnaces, : heaters, and ovens; and parts thereof:		:	:	: : (01)			
Electric cooking stoves and ranges and parts : thereof		: 09	:	: : 01			

	Trade-monito	ring gates triggered f	-	current quarter compared with		
Commodity area	•	Imports in	: Exports in			
	Previous quarter	: Corresponding : quarter : previous year	Previous quarter	: Corresponding : quarter : previous year		
thereof	:	:	:	:		
Telephone and telegraph apparatus	-:	:	:	:		
Telephone switching and switchboard	:	:	:	:		
equipment	•: (01)	: 09	:	:		
Telephone instruments	.: (01) 04 (07)	: (01) 04 (07)	:	:		
Microphones, loudspeakers, and related equipment	:	:	:	•		
Radiotelegraphic and radiotelephonic apparatus and related equipment	:	•	:	•		
Television cameras		: 01	: 01			
Television apparatus	:	:	:	:		
Television receivers	-:	:	:	: (01)		
Radio receivers and parts	•:	:	:	:		
Automobile radio receivers	-: 01 04	: 09	: 04	:		
Broadcast band radio receivers other than	:	:	:	:		
automobile type	-: 04	· •	: 04	: (01) (04)		
Transceivers		:	: 01 07	: (04) 07 10		
Record players, phonographs, record changers, and turntables, and parts thereof		: : (01)	:	: (01)		
Tape recorders, tape players, and dictation	:	:	:	:		
machines	-:	:	:	:		
Radio navigational, radar, and radio remote	:	:	:	:		
control apparatus and parts thereof		: (01) 09	:	:		
Radar		:	:	:		
Electric sound and visual signalling apparatus-	-:	:	:	:		
Electrical capacitors		:	:	:		
Aluminum electrolytic fixed capacitors		: 05	: 05	: 01 05		
Tantalum electrolytic fixed capacitors		: (01) (05)	: 05 10	: 05 10		
Ceramic fixed capacitors	-: 08	: 08	: 01 (05) 08	: 01 05		
Articles for making and breaking electrical	:	:	:	:		
circuits	-:	:	:	:		
Electrical switches and relays	:	I (01)	:	:		
Circuit breakers		: (04)	: 04 (07)	:		
Switches other than circuit breakers		:	:	: (04) 07		
Fuses		: (04) 07		:		
Connectors Switchboards and switchgear assemblies		: (04) 07	:	: (04) 07		
AC motor storters and soltestarters	-; UI U4 U/ U9	: 01 (04) 07 09 : (01) (04) 07	: (04) 07 : 01 04 07	: (04) 07 : (04) 07		
AC motor starters and contactors Electrical resistors		: (01) (04) 07	: 01 04 07	. (04) 07		
Fixed resistors		•	:	•		
Carbon composition resistors	09	•	: 01	: (05) 08		
Film resistors	,	•	: 01 05 10	: 01 10		

	Trade-monitoring gates triggered for current quarter compared with					
Commodity area		Imports in	Exports in			
	Previous quarter	: Corresponding : quarter : previous year	Previous quarter	: Corresponding : quarter : previous year		
Wirewound resistors	: : 01 08	: : 05 (08)	:	:		
Automatic voltage regulators		:	: 01	:		
Electric lamps		•	•	•		
Electronic tubes (except X-ray)		: (01)	:			
Television picture tubes		:	: (01)	: (01)		
Semiconductors		:	:	:		
Transistors		:	: 01 04	: (04) 07		
Integrated circuits	: 01	:	:	: 01		
Electrical conductors	: 01	:	:	:		
Miscellaneous electrical articles		: 01	:	:		
Rail locomotives and rolling stock	:	: (01)	:	:		
Motor vehicles	:	:	:	:		
Automobile trucks and truck tractors		: 01 04 07 09	: 04	: (04)		
Motor buses	: 01 04	:	: 01 04 07	:		
Passenger automobiles		:	: 01 04	: (01) (04)		
Snowmobiles	: 01 04 09	: 01 04 09	: (01) (07)	: (01) (04) (07) 09		
Special purpose motor vehicles	:	: 01 09	:	: (04) 07		
Bodies and chassis for motor vehicles	: 04	: (04) 07	:	: (01) (04)		
Motor vehicle parts, except bodies and chassis-	: 01	: 01	:	:		
Tractors, including parts	:	: (01)	:	: (01)		
Fork-lift trucks and similar industrial	:	:	:	:		
vehicles, including parts	:	: (01)	:	: (01)		
Tanks and other self-propelled armored	:	:	:	:		
vehicles, including parts		: 09	: 01	: 01		
Motorcycles, including parts	: (01)	:	:	:		
Vehicles (including trailers), not		:	:	:		
self-propelled, including parts		: 01 09	:	:		
Aircraft and spacecraft, including parts		: 01	:	: (01)		
Airplanes (military and nonmilitary)		:	:	: (02) (05) 07		
Pleasure boats; floating structures		: 01	: 01 10	: 01		
Yachts or pleasure boats, including parts	: 01	:	:	: 09 10		

# Miscellaneous Manufactures 1/

The U.S. merchandise trade balance for miscellaneous manufactures for the first half of 1982 was in surplus by \$886.8 million. Principal countries and regions contributing to the surplus were the OPEC, the EC, and Canada. The largest U.S. trade deficits were registered with Japan, Taiwan, and Hong Kong.

The U.S. trade balance for miscellaneous manufactures in the second quarter of 1982 showed a surplus of \$412 million, down by 41 percent from \$695 million in the corresponding quarter of 1981 (table 23, fig. 9). The value of total exports of miscellaneous manufacturers increased from \$3.87 billion to \$3.94 billion, or by 2 percent; and that for total imports increased from \$3.2 billion to \$3.5 billion, or by 11 percent.

The major regional and country shifts occurring between the two periods were a decrease in the trade surplus with the EC from \$360 million to \$300 million (17 percent), an increase in the surplus with the OPEC from \$280 million to \$339 (21 percent) and an increase in the trade deficit with Taiwan from \$333 to \$455 (36 percent).

Some of the more striking changes in commodity imports over the period involved game machines, small arms ammunition, dolls and stuffed toy figures of animate objects, and apparatus based on the use of X-rays or other radiations. The more significant shifts in exports occurred with commodities such as nontextile floor coverings, dental instruments, as well as small arms ammunition, game machines, and musical instruments, parts, and accessories. Details in the development of trade of these and other miscellaneous manufactures commodities are highlighted, as follows.

# Dental instruments

The value of U.S. imports of dental instruments has decreased approximately 4 percent, from \$10.5 million in the second quarter of 1981 to \$10.1 million in the second quarter of 1982. Dentists in the United States are postponing purchases of new equipment because, among other reasons, patients have responded to the economic slowdown by foregoing treatment. With demand for such equipment down, domestic importers are attempting to reduce inventory until an improvement in the U.S. economy occurs. The value of exports of dental instruments was 17 percent higher in the second quarter of 1982 than in the corresponding period of 1981, rising from approximately \$30 million to about \$35 million; nonhand-held instruments accounted for most of the increase, as various countries continued to develop or upgrade their medical facilities. Also, the EC has recently allowed U.S. producers to bid on EC purchase contracts.

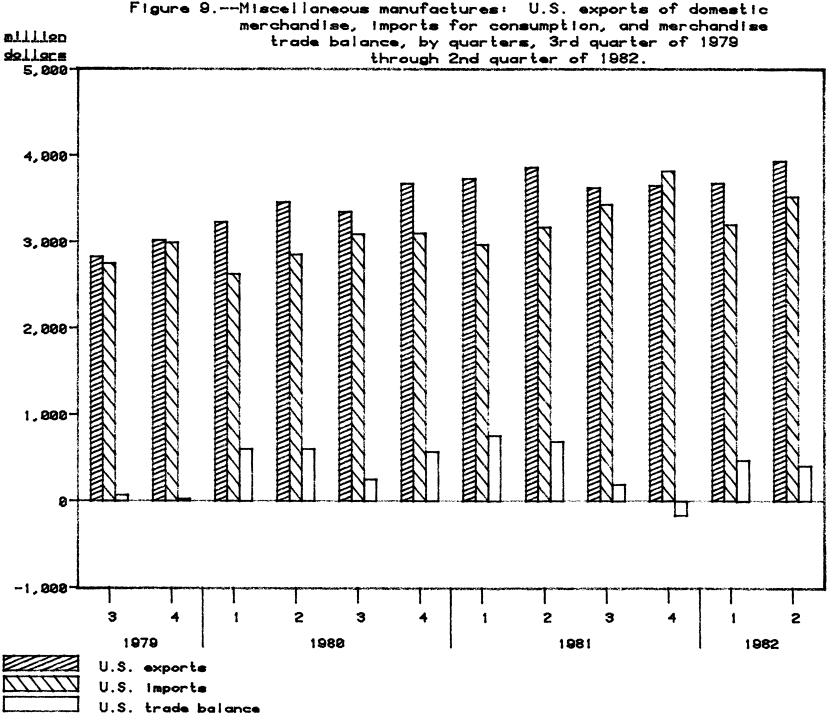
> William Cunningham 724-0980

<sup>&</sup>lt;u>1</u>/ Include here are the commodities classified in the following portion of the Tariff Schedules of the United States; schedule 7 (specified products; miscellaneous and nonenumerated products) except pts. 1(a), 1(b), 1(c), 12, and 13(b).

Table 23.--Miscellaneous manufactures: U.S. exports of domestic merchandise, imports for consumption, and merchandise trade balance, by selected countries and country groups, 1981, January-June 1982, April-June 1981, and April-June 1982 1/ 2/

*****		ands of dollars)	January- :	April- :	April-	
Item		1981 :	June :	June :	June	
	:	:	1982 :	1981 :	1982	
.S. exports of domestic merchandise:	:	:	:	:		
CANADA	•	1 050 070	020 752.	507 117.	466.00	
JAPAN	-	1,950,070:	930,753:	507,227:	466,09	
EC		1,315,070:	647,114:	325,488:	321,07	
BRAZIL	-	4,306,552:	2,213,826:	1,121,675:	1,183,78	
		175,455:	90,105:	45,832:	48,43	
HONG KONG	:	231,219:	105,978:	63,756:	56,14	
INDIA	:	90,852:	53,664:	27,561:	32,13	
KOREA	:	140,150:	107,491:	33,091:	55,83	
MEXICO	:	772,049:	304,989:	209,653:	152,69	
TAIWAN		227,855:	107,672:	62,878:	60,52	
OPEC		1,123,142:	641,525:	284,455:	342,29	
NME ' s	-	140,839:	83,474:	46,281:	42,99	
CHINA	:	70,881:	38,699:	24,797:	19,6	
All other	:	4,420,492:	2,336,818:	1,139,309:	1,179,10	
TOTAL	:	14,893,751:	7,623,414:	3,867,211:	3,941,1	
.S. imports for consumption:	:	:	• •	:	.,,.	
CANADA	:	900,786:	447,029:	235,348:	249,4	
JAPAN	:	3,265,801:	1,591,215:	802,729:	808,2	
EC	:	3,220,460:	1,692,614:	761,941:	883,6	
BRAZIL	:	54,487:	28,334:	13,443:	15,3	
HONG KONG		1,328,053:	589,887:	277,481:	302,8	
IND IA		26,360:	12,643:	5,998:	7,0	
KOREA		681,663:	361,361:	151,728:	191,1	
MEXICO	•	359,899:	148,085:	95,610:	89,1	
TAIWAN		1,741,630:	962,554:	396,278:	515,04	
OPEC			•	•		
	:	13,106:	5,465:	4,929:	2,8	
NME 's	:	178,736:	97,197:	42,047:	53,1	
		127,573:	75,045:	29,719:	41,0	
All other	:	1,633,667:	800,231:	384,604:	411,2	
TOTAL	:	13,404,653:	6,736,621:	3,172,142:	3,529,1	
.S. merchandise trade balance:	:	:	:	:		
CANADA		1,049,284:	483,724:	271,879:	216,6	
JAPAN	-	-1,950,730:	-944,101:	-477,240:	-487,1	
EC	•	1,086,091:	521,212:	359,733:	300,1	
BRAZIL	:	120,967:	61,770:	32,388:	33,1	
HONG KONG	:	-1,096,834:	-483,909:	-213,725:	-246,6	
INDIA	:	64,492:	41,020:	21,563:	25,0	
KOREA	:	-541,512:	-253,869:	-118,637:	-135,28	
MEXICO	:	412,149:	156,903:	114,042:	63,5	
TAIWAN		-1,513,775:	-854,882:	-333,399:	-454.5	
OPEC		1,110,036:	636,060:	279,525:	339,4	
NME's		-37,896:	-13,723:	4,234:	-10,20	
CHINA		-56,692:	-36,346:	-4,921:	-21,3	
All other		2,786,825:		754,704:	767,8	
TOTAL			1,536,587:			
IVIAL		1,489,098:	886,793:	695,069:	412,0	

1/ Import values are based on Customs value; export values are based on f.a.s. value, U.S. port of export.  $\overline{2}$ / Data provided for selected countries and country groups.



Source: Compiled from official statistics of the U.S. Department of Commerce.

# Bicycles

The rapid decline in imports of bicycles, which began in the fourth quarter of 1981, continued during the second quarter of 1982, and compared with the second quarter of 1981 decreased from 716,000 units, valued at \$65.1 million, to 527,000 units, valued at \$40.8 million, or 26 percent in quantity and 37 percent in value. Primarily, this reflected the general conditions in the economy but also that the amount of imports was greater than usual during the second quarter of 1981, as a domestic manufacturer continued substituting imports for domestic production following a strike at its domestic facilities. In addition, large amounts of expensive multispeed bikes from Japan entered during the second quarter of 1981. The strongest demand currently is for smaller, less expensive, BMX style bicycles. The change in the mix of imports toward this type of bicycle began during the third quarter 1981 and is reflected in current statistics. Imports of bicycles having both wheels not over 25 inches in diameter decreased only slightly, from 168,000 units in the second quarter of 1981 to 160,000 units in the second quarter of 1982, whereas the dollar value slipped from \$8.7 million to \$8.6 million. However, for the same periods, imports of bicycles having one or both wheels over 25 inches in diameter nosedived from 548,000 units to 368,000 units, or by 33 percent; the value decreased from \$56.5 million to \$32.2 million, or by 43 percent. Imports from Japan and Taiwan accounted for most of such decreases. Combined, these two countries supplied 85 percent of total imports in the second quarter of 1981 and 81 percent in the second quarter of 1982.

> Carl Seastrum 724-1733

#### Tennis equipment

U.S. imports and exports of tennis equipment both showed strong growth in the second quarter of 1982 over the corresponding period of 1981, continuing a previously established trend. Led by the rise in tennis rackets from Taiwan and Mexico, imports advanced by 28 percent, from \$10.5 million to \$13.5 million. Improved sales of tennis balls to Ireland and Japan and tennis rackets to West Germany accounted for much of the 26-percent expansion in exports, from \$10.6 million to \$13.4 million.

> Ralph Watkins 724-0976

#### Pens, mechanical pencils, and parts

Owing to increased entries of fountain pens, ballpoint pens and pencils designed to be refilled, total imports of pens, mechanical pencils, and parts increased by 21 percent in the second quarter of 1982 compared with the corresponding period of 1981, rising from \$18.2 million to \$22.0 million. Japan continued as the principal supplier of imports, accounting for 63 percent and 57 percent, respectively, of total entries in each period. Principally because of the strong U.S. dollar in relation to foreign currencies, U.S. exports declined from \$36.1 million in the second quarter of 1981 to \$31.3 million in the corresponding period of 1982, or by 13 percent. Although exports went to numerous countries, Canada, which took between 11 and 12 percent of the total value of exports in each period, was the principal market.

Bill Hanlon 724-1745

#### Furniture

While sales of domestic furniture remained at relatively stagnant levels, imports of furniture increased by 15 percent in the second quarter of 1982 compared with the corresponding quarter of 1981, rising from \$318 million to \$364 million. The principal sources were Canada, Taiwan, and Denmark, which accounted for 54 percent of all furniture imports. Imports from Canada were of all types of furniture, including an increasing amount of business and institutional furniture, whereas those from Taiwan and Denmark were primarily of items that were more easily transportable, such as contemporary or knocked down (KD) furniture or parts. Reversing the trend of the past several years, exports declined by 8 percent from the second quarter of 1981 to the corresponding period of 1982, falling from \$178 million to \$164 million. The principal markets were Saudi Arabia and Canada; this was also the second successive quarter that Saudi Arabia was the primary market. These two countries accounted for 48 percent of aggregate U.S. exports. The decline in U.S. exports is attributed to the strong dollar in the world markets which has resulted in a decreased demand for more expensive durable goods such as furniture.

> Rhett Leverett 724-1725

## Apparel fasteners and pins

Comparing the second quarter of 1982 to the second quarter of 1981, exports of apparel fasteners and pins (excluding needles) dropped 13 percent to \$12.9 million. Mexico, Canada, Hong Kong, and West Germany continued to be the largest markets, accounting for 46 percent of the total. As in the corresponding quarter of 1981, the principal items shipped in the second quarter of 1982 were buttons, snap fasteners, and slide fasteners. These items accounted for 70 percent of total exports. Industry sources indicate that the decline in exports is due principally to overseas affiliates of U.S. firms becoming increasingly self-sufficient, thereby affording transportation savings to parent companies.

> Doris Mebane 724-1730

## Optical instruments and components, other than ophthalmic

The value of U.S. imports of optical instruments and components, other than ophthalmic, decreased from almost \$117 million in the second quarter of 1981 to around \$105 million in the second quarter of 1982, or by 10 percent. The decrease in imports reversed a trend which has persisted over the past few years. The decline in imports, the chief reason for a decreased trade deficit in this area, occurred principally in optical lenses, mounted photographic lenses, and microscopes and diffraction apparatus which accounted for around 86 percent of the value of imports of optical instruments and components, other than ophthalmic. This decline reflects the slowdown in the U.S. economy. Consumers are not buying, and importers are attempting to reduce inventories before ordering new merchandise.

> William Cunningham 714-0980

## Photographic equipment and supplies

The value of U.S. imports of all photographic equipment and supplies increased from \$331.9 million in the second quarter of 1981 to \$351.6 million in the second quarter of 1982, or by about 6 percent. Hand-held still picture cameras, and parts, were the major import items in terms of value, increasing from \$135.9 million to \$138.3 million, during this period. This increase is largely attributable to imported 35mm cameras and the continuing interest in amateur photography as a hobby. Imports of still picture photofinishing equipment showed a significant increase, growing from a value of \$8.8 million in the second quarter of 1981 to \$14.3 million in the second quarter of 1982, or by about 61 percent. Imports of photofinishing equipment increased due to the popularity of minilabs, but remained below the first quarter import level due to heavy investment by domestic photofinishers in equipment designed to process and print a new film format.

U.S. exports of all photographic equipment and supplies decreased from a value of \$530.3 million in the second quarter of 1981 to \$502.6 million in the second quarter 1982, or by about 5 percent. Although this decline was reflected in exports of a variety of photographic products, the bulk of the decline was due to a falling off of overseas demand for X-ray film and graphic arts film. The value of these exports dropped from \$73.3 million in the second quarter of 1981 to \$48.8 million in the second quarter of 1982, or by about 33 percent. This decline can be attributed to the combination of a stronger dollar and a worldwide recession which encouraged reduction of inventories by distributors and retailers abroad.

Kenneth Durkin 724-1729

## Scientific instruments

The United States, the leading producer of scientific instruments, registered a trade surplus of these products, valued at \$981 million, in the second quarter of 1982, up 5 percent from the surplus of \$930 million in the second quarter of 1981. U.S. imports of all scientific instruments increased from a value of \$306.4 million in the second quarter of 1981 to \$314.4 million in the corresponding period of 1982, or by about 3 percent. During the same period the value of U.S. exports increased by about 5 percent, from \$1,236 million to \$1,295 million. The relatively slow growth of U.S. trade is due primarily to the worldwide recession.

Three commodity groups, however, recorded above average increases in trade. Exports of surveying, hydrographic, navigational, meteorological, hydrological, and geophysical instruments increased from a value of \$231.2 million in the second quarter of 1981 to \$254.8 million in the corresponding period of 1982, or by 10 percent. Increased demands by Canada, the United Kingdom, France, and Norway for specialty, high-technology electronic geophysical instruments for mineral exploration accounted for the growth. Second, during the same period the value of exports of instruments for physical and chemical analysis grew from \$225.7 million to \$251.7 million, or by 12 percent. Increased exports of specialty, highly advanced technology instruments for basic and applied research, to West Germany, the United Kingdom, and Venezuela were responsible for the growth in this commodity group. And third, the value of imports of instruments and apparatus to measure or check electrical quantities increased from \$26 million to \$36 million, or by 38 percent. Marked increases in imports of competitively priced, primarily low- to medium-technology instruments from the United Kingdom, the Netherlands, West Germany, Singapore, and Taiwan accounted for the sustained growth in imports of these instruments.

> Ruben Moller 724-1732

#### Watches and watch movements

U.S. import statistics for watches and watch movements showed a decrease in both quantity and value for second quarter 1982 compared with second quarter 1981. The data indicate that during April-June 1982, 13.9 million units valued at \$135.2 million were imported, versus 17.4 million units valued at \$186.8 million during the corresponding period of 1981. Second quarter 1982 statistics do not include solid state electronic watches and watch modules, because these articles were classified in schedule 6 of the Tariff Schedules of the United States in a basket provision throughout the period. However, second quarter 1981 statistics do include these articles.

The effect of this classification shift is most noticeable in the data for imports from Hong Kong, the major supplier to the U.S. market of solid state digital watches. Units imported decreased from 9.3 million in second quarter 1981 to 5.2 million in second quarter 1982. The value of imports fell 59 percent, from \$56.7 million to \$23.1 million. Also, whereas unit values for imported watches and watch movements had fallen steadily during 1981 and the first quarter of 1982, an increase occurred during the second quarter of 1982. This increase was because solid state electronic watches and modules are generally cheaper than the quartz analog and mechanical watches and movements represented in second quarter statistics.

> Cynthia Wilson 724-1731

#### Artificial sausage casings

U.S. exports of artificial sausage casings increased in both quantity and value in the second quarter of 1982, compared with those in the corresponding quarter of 1981. The quantity rose by 53 percent, from 2.6 million pounds to 4.0 million pounds, and the value was up 30 percent, from \$14.2 million to \$18.4 million. The significant increase in quantity is chiefly accounted for by exports to Mexico, the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics, and Australia. U.S. exports increased to Mexico partly because of a shift in demand from natural to artificial casings--principally of cellulosic plastics. Overall, increased exports of artificial casings are chiefly attributable to a world-wide effort to more fully utilize meat supplies.

> Nancy Paris 724-1748

#### Game machines

Reversing an earlier expansionary trend, exports of game machines fell by 42 percent during the second quarter of 1982 compared with the second quarter of 1981, dropping from \$90.4 million to \$52.3 million. Meanwhile, U.S. imports rose by 161 percent, from \$99.8 million to \$260.5 million. Industry sources explained that in the last half of 1981, European video arcade operators made a serious error by choosing lower priced games from the Orient over U.S.-made games of higher quality. The strength of the dollar abroad had pressured European buyers to seek cheaper sources. However, the arcade video games from the Orient had much lower appeal to the players, and spending at the arcades fell off precipitously. Consequently, many arcade operators went out of business or lacked capital to purchase higher quality games. After the games are introduced in the arcades, most home video games and cartridges are sold. Therefore, as the arcade market diminished, so did the home video market. While sales of U.S.-made game machines to Europe collapsed, comparable exports to Canada and Mexico grew by 18 percent, from \$11.8 million to \$14 million, as their arcade operators generally resisted games from the Orient.

The chief force behind the jump in imports of coin-operated game machines from Japan from \$2.3 million in the second quarter of 1981 to \$40.3 million in the second quarter of 1982 was the popularity of the arcade game Donkey-Kong. Most of the 224-percent growth in imports of noncoin-operated game machines from Taiwan, Hong Kong, and Japan from \$87.5 million to \$196.3 million can be attributed to home video games, video cartridges, and tabletop electronic game machines.

> Ralph Watkins 724-0976

# Dolls and stuffed toy figures of animate objects

Imports of dolls and stuffed toys increased from \$48.8 million in the second quarter of 1981 to \$70.7 million in the second quarter of 1982, or by 45 percent. Imports of dolls, doll parts, and doll clothing accounted for

\$50.8 million of the 1982 quarterly total, and stuffed toys accounted for \$19.9 million. In addition to the fact that toy sales usually suffer less than sales in most industries in an economic downturn, the strength of the U.S. dollar served to encourage these imports. Hong Kong and Taiwan remained the largest sources of imports of dolls, parts, and clothing, accounting for 47 percent and 26 percent, respectively, of the total. The Republic of Korea and Taiwan were the largest sources of stuffed toys, accounting for 57 percent and 25 percent, respectively, of the total. Although these three countries currently dominate this industry, there was a significant trade increase with two other countries, China and Haiti. Imports of dolls and stuffed toys from China, the site of growing U.S. toy investment, increased by more than 250 percent to \$1.9 million in the second quarter of 1982. The production of dolls (particularly stuffed dolls and doll clothing) and stuffed toys, with its high labor content, is particularly well suited to China. The existence of certain delivery and quality problems served to limit imports from China, even though such imports increased significantly. Overall doll and stuffed toy imports from Haiti rose by 61 percent from the second quarter of 1981 to the second quarter of 1982, rising to \$778,000 with imports of stuffed toys alone rising by 172 percent to \$508,000. Haiti is the site of both new and additional investment by U.S. doll and stuffed toy manufacturers.

> Mark D. Estes 724-0977

## Apparatus based on the use of X-rays or other radiations

The value of U.S. imports of apparatus based on the use of X-rays or other radiations, whether for medical, industrial, or other uses, and parts, increased 33 percent in the second quarter of 1982 compared with such imports in the second quarter of 1981, rising from approximately \$60 million to \$80 million. X-ray apparatus for medical and dental use and parts accounted for 66 percent of the import value. The Federal Republic of Germany, the Netherlands, Japan, and Israel were the major sources, supplying 72 percent of the value of U.S. imports of apparatus based on the use of X-rays or other radiations for the second quarter of 1982. Reportedly, technological advances have resulted in a boom in this area, as new equipment is purchased to replace less sophisticated products. Foreign manufacturers continue to develop high quality products that sell well in the domestic market.

> William Cunningham 724-0980

# Small arms ammunition

U.S. imports of small arms ammunition increased in the second quarter of 1982 by 80 percent to 34.6 million units compared with the second quarter of 1981; the import value of \$3.2 million was up by 143 percent. The Republic of Korea was again the primary source, with imports of 14.9 million units, valued at \$1.8 million in the second quarter of 1982 (see U.S. Trade Shifts in Selected Commodity Areas, First Quarter 1982, USITC Publication 1275). There is currently a petition before the interagency Trade Policy Staff Committee, chaired by the Office of the United States Trade Representative, by a group of U.S. ammunition manufacturers that would remove GSP treatment for imports of Korean cartridges containing a projectile.

U.S. exports of \$33.2 million for the second quarter of 1982 were down 29 percent compared with the corresponding period of 1981; however, most of this decline was in exports of military small arms ammunition which declined 37 percent to \$18.9 million, accounting for 57 percent of total exports.

> Mark D. Estes 724-0977

# Musical instruments, parts and accessories

U.S. imports of musical instruments, parts and accessories during the second quarter of 1982 were valued at \$70.8 million, representing an increase of 16 percent over the imports of \$60.9 million recorded in the second quarter of 1981. U.S. exports of such articles decreased 26 percent to a value of \$40.5 million in the second quarter of 1982 compared with \$54.8 million in the corresponding period of 1981. The decline in the value of exports reflected a 59-percent decrease in aggregate exports of pianos principally to Canada, West Germany, and the United Kingdom and a decrease of 60 percent in aggregate exports of organs chiefly to the Netherlands, Australia, and Canada. The increase in the value of imports is attributed to a 73-percent increase in the value of imports of pianos, principally from Japan and Korea. These changes reflect the effects a stronger U.S. dollar against some major currencies, sluggish economies among certain major U.S. trading partners, and the competitive advantage in world markets that Japan and Korea have shown in the production of pianos.

> Richardo Witherspoon 724-0978

## Nontextile floor coverings

U.S. exports of nontextile floor coverings dropped from \$35.4 million in the second quarter of 1981 to \$29.2 million in the second quarter of 1982, or by 17 percent. This decline is primarily attributed to decreases in exports of rubber tile, sheet goods, asphalt tile, and plastic floor runners. The value of these exports dropped 27 percent, from \$25.2 million in the second quarter of 1981 to \$19.8 million in the corresponding period of 1982. Exports to Canada, which accounted for 52 percent of the total value in the second quarter of 1982, dropped 33 percent, from \$13.0 million to \$9.8 million. Industry sources indicate that exports to Canada dropped because of its troubled economy, including labor turbulence, the devaluation of the Canadian dollar, and a near standstill in the construction industry.

> Doris Mebane 724-1730

	2nd quarter: 1982	Previous quarter	<pre>Percent: change : from :</pre>		Percent: change : from :	: 1980 :	1981
Commodity area	(1)	(2)	:(2) to : : (1) : : (3) : : : :		: (4) to : : (1) : : (5) :	(6)	(7)
Handbags			: :		: :	:	
Imports: Quantity (1,000 units) Value (1,000 dollars) Exports:	38,435: 98,586:	40,020 94,360		90,833		: 145,042: 360,566:	171,786 421,049
Quantity (1,000 units) Value (1,000 dollars) Luggage	1,781: 4,167:	2,497 4,702	: -29:	2,551 5,004	: -30:	4,227: 15,479:	7,581 20,014
Imports: Value (1,000 dollars)	76,845:	67,785		72,109	: : 7:	: 246,070:	294,377
Exports: Value (1,000 dollars) Flat goods	10,434:	9,666	: -:	15,326	-32: : :	54,574:	48,350
Imports: Value (1,000 dollars) Exports:	• •	18,992	-3:		: : : 2: : :	: 75,044: :	87,474
Value (1,000 dollars) Ophthalmic goods Imports:	2,012:	1,484	: 36:	2,864	: -30: : :	8,404: :	9,086
Value (1,000 dollars)Exports:	: :	78,843	: :		: :	277,639	299,761
Value (1,000 dollars) Optical instruments, components and lenses, except ophthalmic	32,555:	27,190	: 20:	32,628	: 0: : :	114,073:	122,722
Optical lenses (except ophthalmic lenses) and elements Imports:						:	
Value (1,000 dollars) Exports:	64,441:	67,813	-5:	73,377	- 12:	253,536:	303,861
Value (1,000 dollars) Optical instruments and components other than optical lenses	15,923	15,529	3:	13,895	: 15: : :	38,371:	50,347
Imports: Value (1,000 dollars)Exports:	40,376	42,794	-6:	43,587	-7:	152,725	181,659
Value (1,000 dollars)Surgical and medical instruments and apparatus	35,481	28,781	23:	35,826	· - 1: · · · ·	167,246	127,332
Imports: Value (1,000 dollars) Exports:	54,049:	52,295	: 3:	48,339	12:	: 175,153: :	196,808
Value (1,000 dollars)	166,239	147,360	13:	139,242	: 19:	477,071:	559,750

1/ Import values are based on Customs value; export values are based on f.a.s. value, U.S. port of export.

	2nd quarter: 1982 :	quarter	<pre>Percent: change : from :</pre>		Percent: change : from :	: 1980 : :	1981
Commodity area :	:		:(2) to :		:(4) to :	:	
	(1) :		: (1) : : (3) :		: (1) : : (5) :	(6) :	(7)
	÷		<u>;                                    </u>	····	:; :;		······
Orthopedic, prosthetic, and surgical appliances and supplies Imports:	:					:	
Value (1,000 dollars) Exports:	21,166:	22,630	-6:	17,178	23	72,172	74,931
Value (1,000 dollars):	92,443:	80,305	: 15:	79,676	: 16:	273,869:	310,757
Dental instruments and parts (including artificial teeth and dentures)	:		: :	.,,		:	0.07751
Value (1,000 dollars) Exports:	10,146:	10,666	-5:	10,533	-4:	34,965	41,157
Value (1,000 dollars):	34,714:	26,811	: 29:	29,691	: 17:	95,228:	114,431
X-ray equipment and electro-medical apparatus and parts		20,011	: :	277071	: :	;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;	117,131
Electro-medical apparatus and parts	:		: :		: :	:	
Value (1,000 dollars) Exports:	:	29,354	: 14:		: 16:	81,159: :	109,707
Value (1,000 dollars) Apparatus based on the use of X-rays or of radiations, whether for medical, industrial, or other, uses and parts Imports:	:	184,971	: 10: : : : :	190,979	: 6: : : : :	591,675:	727,881
Value (1,000 dollars)	: · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	60,255	32:	59,969	33:	226,089	269,677
Value (1,000 dollars) Surveying, hydrographic, navigational, meteorological, hydrological, geophysical instruments, and parts	84,448: : :	77,263	: 9: : : : :	84,842		296,384	336,180
Imports: Value (1,000 dollars)	69,714	50,813	37	71,135	-2:	170,851	246,080
Exports: Value (1,000 dollars): Drawing, marking-out, and mathematical calculating :	254,759:	260,088	-2:	231,171	10	743,649	911,890
instruments; micrometers, calipers, and gauges; balancing machines; non-optical measuring and checking machines, n.s.p.f., and parts	:					•	
Imports: Value (1,000 dollars)	85,992	74,111	16		-5:	314,102	343,827
Exports: Value (1,000 dollars)	26,371	23,931	• •	26,448	0	: 105,108	107,293

	2nd quarter: 1982 :	quarter	∶change ∶ ∶from ∶		Percent: change : from :	: 1980 : :	1981
Commodity area	: (1) ;		:(2) to : : (1) : : (3) : : :		:(4) to : : (1) : : (5) : : : :	(6)	(7)
Balances of a sensitivity of 5 centigrams or better, and parts; and weights Imports:	:					:	
Value (1,000 dollars) Exports:	4,795:	4,900	-2:	4,602	: 4:	24,107	19,558
Value (1,000 dollars) Machines and appliances for determining the strength of articles ormaterials under compression, tension, torsion or shearing	3,601:	3,493	; 3; ; ;	2,318	55:	9,327	13,186
stress, and parts Imports: Value (1,000 dollars)	2,792:	2,715	: :	2,227	: : 25:	13,165:	9,183
Exports: Value (1,000 dollars): Hydrometers, thermometers, barometers, and similar instruments	34,969:	27,334	28:	39,007	-10	118,810:	136,231
Imports: Value (1,000 dollars): Exports:	7,412	6,600	12:	6,949	7:	23,685	28,632
Value (1,000 dollars) Apparatus for measuring, checking or controlling liquids, or gases, or controlling temperature, and parts Imports:	:	11,592	-6:	11,367	· -4: : -4: : :	41,654 : :	48,860
Value (1,000 dollars) Exports:	66,517	63,520	. 5:	63,809	4:	219,884	252,368
Value (1,000 dollars) Instruments for physical or chemical analysis, and parts	295,082:	283,900	- 4: 	308,504	-4: : -4: : :	1,009,942	1,178,679
Imports: Value (1,000 dollars) Exports:	24,518:	25,413	-4:	23,603	4:	85,091	101,417
Value (1,000 dollars) Speedometers, tachometers, revolution counters and similar counting devices, and parts		218,622	: 15: : :	225,624	: 12: : :	803,396	904,499
Imports: Value (1,000 dollars)	11,071	10,040	10	11,167	-1:	46,789	45,769
Exports: Value (1,000 dollars) Instruments and apparatus for measuring or detecting alpha, beta, gamma, X-ray, cosmic or similar radiations, and parts	:	13,030	: 8: : : :	16,845	- 16:	43,833	60,392
Imports: Value (1,000 dollars)	2,096:	2,166	-3:	2,956		: 15,978:	10,769
Exports: Value (1,000 dollars)	34,439:	30,675	12		: : : 16: : :	116,882	126,072

	: 2nd quarter: : 1982 :	Previous quarter	<pre>Percent: change :</pre>	2nd quarter 1981	∶Percent∶ ∶change ∶	: 1980 ;	1981
	: :	quui cei	: from :		from :	:	.,
Commodity area	: :		:(2) to :		:(4) to :	:	
·	: :		: (1) :		: (1) :	:	
	: (1) :	(2)	: (3) :	(4)	: (5) : : :	(6) :	(7)
	: :		: :		: :		
Instruments and apparatus to measure or check electrical quantities, and parts	· · ·		: :		• •	•	
Imports:	: :		: :		: :	:	
Value (1,000 dollars)	: 36,023:	31,318	: 15:	26,135	: 38:	86,652;	109,877
Fxports:	: :		: :		: :	:	
Value (1,000 dollars)	: 346,284:	357,593	: -3:	319,654	: 8:	1,188,129:	1,352,211
Electricity, gas, and liquid supply meters, and	: :		: :		: :	:	
parts	• •		• •		••••	•	
Imports: Value (1,000 dollars)	. 3,510:	3,177	: 10:	3,619	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	11,014:	14,181
Value (1,000 dollars) Exports:		3,177	: :		• - 5•	11,014.	14,101
Value (1,000 dollars)	. 22,905:	20,628			11:	89,809:	98,025
Watches, clocks, and clockwork operated devices	: 22,903.	20,020		23,020	: :	67,607	70,023
(including time clocks and time stamps) and			: :		: :		
parts	: :		: :		: :	:	
Watches and watch movements	: :		: :		: :	:	
Importe:	: :		: :		: :	:	
Quantity (thousands)	: 13,877:	17,367	: -20:	17,436	: -20:	58.313:	83,332
Value (1,000 dollars)	: 135,171:	146, 153				698,580:	830,757
Exporte:	• •		: :		: :	:	
Quantity (thousands)	·: 507:	6 1 6				6,686:	8,742
Value (1,000 dollars)	4,921:	4,804	: 2:	7,116	: -31:	22,147:	26,840
Clocks and clock movements	: :		: :		: :	:	
Imports:	: :		: :		: :	:	
Quantity (thousands)	** 8,066*	11,866				41,406:	48,678
Value (1,000 dollars)	43,807:					260,125:	316,836
Exports	:		: :		: :	:	
Quantity (thousands)	679:	456				1,488:	2,094
Value (1,000 dollars)	6,623:					16,888;	22,307
Motion-picture cameras and parts thereof	: :		: :		: :		
Imports: Value (1,000 dollars)		2 0/0	• •		· · ·	;	
Value (1,000 dollars)	2,609:	2,969	-12:	3,775	-31:	33,073:	21,882
Exports: Value (1,000 dollars)	. 8,172:	6,501	: 26:	5,038	• • 62:	21,451:	22,934
Photospaphia appendix other than matimum	. 0,1/2.	0,201	. 20.	2,030	• • • • •	21,451.	22,934
Photographic cameras, other than motion-picture cameras, photographic enlargers, and	• •		• •		••••	•	
cameras, photographic enlargers, and camera-enlargers, and parts thereof	• •					•	
Imports:					· ·	•	
Value (1,000 dollars)	·: 149,721:	133,587	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	142,709	· · ·	504,576:	613,646
Exports:	: 17/)/611	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	: '2'		: ;		010/010
Value (1,000 dollars)	. 77,783:	56,802	• •		: 24:	231,881:	243,430
in a second s	: :	,	: :		: :	:	,

Table 24Quarterly and annua	l data on U.S.	imports and exports	for selected	commodity groups
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	2nd quarter: 1982 :		<pre>:Percent: :change :</pre>	2nd quarter 1981	Percent: change :	: 1980 :	1981
	:	-	: from :		from :	:	1701
Commodity area	:		:(2) to :		:(4) to :	:	
	(1)		: (1) : : (3) :		: (1) : : (5) :	(6)	(7)
:		(2)	: :		: :		
: Projectors and combination camera-projectors, with :	:		: :		: :	:	
or without sound reproducing, or sound	:		: :		: :	:	
recording and reproducing systems, and parts;	:		: :		: :	:	
and projection screens	:		: :		: :	:	
Imports: Value (1,000 dollars):	:	5	: :	F // 0		75 00/1	
Value (1,000 dollars)	6,113:	5,896	: 4:	5,642	: 8:	35,896:	25,764
Exports: Value (1,000 dollars):	25,068:	22,351	: 12:	32,503	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	108,079:	117,168
Photographic film viewers, titlers, splicers,	23,000:	22,331	: :	32,303	: :	100,079.	117,100
editors, combinations thereof, and parts			: :		: :	:	
Imoorts:	:		: :		: :	:	
Value (1,000 dollars)	627:	679	: -8:	799	: -22:	3,892:	3,262
Fxoorts:	:		: :		: :	:	
Value (1,000 dollars):	4,846:	3,276	: 48:	6,597	: -27:	17,025:	18,349
Photographic lens caps, lens hoods, adapter rings	•		: :		••••	:	
and filters; film reels and reel cans; and						:	
frames and mounts for photographic slides Imports:	•				• •		
Value (1,000 dollars):	3,308:	4,322	· -23:	5,198	: -36:	20,765:	18,976
Exports:		7, 322	: 20:	5,170	: 501	20,705.	10,7/0
Value (1,000 dollars)	7,114:	6,483	: 10:	5,204	: 37:	20,489:	21,627
Photographic flash-lighting apparatus, including	:	0,100	: :	27201	: :	20,10,1	2.,027
electronic stroboscopic flash apparatus,	:		: :		: :	:	
photographic light meters, and half-tone	:		: :		: :	:	
screens designed for use in engraving or	:		: :		: :	· · · · ·	
photographic processes; and range-finders	:		: :		: :	:	
designed to be used with photographic cameras	•		: :			:	
and parts thereof Imports:							
Value (1,000 dollars):	23,120:	21,558	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	24,865	 : -7:	87,158:	102,566
Fronts:	:	21,550	. ,.	27,000	: :	67,156.	102,500
Value (1,000 dollars)	2,093:	1,386	: 51:	2,832	-26;	13,415:	9,807
Equipment specially designed for photofinishing	:	.,	: :	-/	: :	:	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
(still pictures)	:		: :		: :	:	
Imports:	:		: :		: :	:	
Value (1,000 dollars)	14,324:	20,208	: -29:	8,765	: 63:	27,497:	47,750
Exports: Value (1,000 dollars):		50 0//		F 4 . 0 7 0		:	
Value (1,000 dollars) Equipment specially designed for processing and	55,118:	52,066	6:	51,932	: 6:	206,039:	199,156
printing motion-picture film	•				• •	•	
Imports:			: :		: :	:	
Value (1,000 dollars)	859:	629	: 36:	57 1	: 50;	2,864:	2,409
Eventet	•		: :		: :	2,201	2,107
Value (1,000 dollars)	6,460:	4,629	: 40:	7,186	: - 10 :	28,837:	23,966

	2nd quarter: 1982 :	quarter	<pre>:change :</pre>		change :	: 1980	1981
Commodity area	: ; ; ;		: from : :(2) to : : (1) : : (3) :	:	from : (4) to : (1) : (5) :	(6)	(7)
			: :		<u> </u>		
Photographic film, photosensitive emulsion, and photographic dry plates, sensitized but not exposed Imports:	:		: : : : : : : :				
Value (1,000 dollars) Exports:	99,232:	94,336	: 5:	94,568	5:	366,707:	381,333
Value (1,000 dollars):	242,071:	235,629	: 3:	271,966	-11:	1,052,929:	1,040,517
Photographic papers, including blue print and brown: print papers, sensitized but not exposed; and heat sensitive papers	:						
Value (1,000 dollars) Exports:	51,700:	46,723	11	44,975	15	165,993:	185,809
Value (1,000 dollars):	73,871;	70,606	: 5:	84,225	- 12:	296,976:	305,596
Motion-picture film in any form on which pictures, or sound and pictures, have been recorded, whether or not developed, news sound recordings:	:		: : : : : :			: :	
relating to current events abroad; and sound recordings produced on photographic or magnetic film, tape, or wire, and suitable for use in connection with motion-picture exhibits Imports:	:		: : : : : : : :			:	
Value (1,000 dollars) Exports:	4,436:	5,000	- 11:	3,927	13	29,064	21,102
Value (1,000 dollars) Magnetic video tape on which pictures or pictures and sound have been recorded	18,973:	17,665	; 7: ; ;	17,706	7:	75,919:	73,982
Imports: Quantity (1,000 linear feet):	25,652:	30,466	- 16 :	23,561	. 9:	60,272:	108,558
Value (1,000 dollars)	1,467:					3,731:	7,645
Evoorte:	:		: :		: :	:	
Quantity (1,000 linear feet)	7,934: 6,844:	7,236 5,875				23,388: 23,823:	31,423
Phonograph records	0,044.	2,0/2	: 16.			23,823.	28,924
Twospitet			: :			:	
Value (1,000 dollars) Exports:	13,425:	10,695	: 26:	• • • •	12:	35,518:	49,150
Value (1,000 dollars):	17,258:	15,443			-24:	96,546:	87,820
Sound recordings other than phonograph records, and magnetic recordings	:		· · ·			:	
Importe:	:		: :	:	: :	:	
Value (1,000 dollars) Exports:	:	3,889	: 26:	3,460	42:	15,376:	13,575
Value (1,000 dollars)	31,888:	23,315	: 37:	22,732	40:	60,642:	86,170

	2nd quarter: 1982 :	Previous quarter	<pre> Percent: change : from : </pre>		Percent: change : from :	1980	1981
Commodity area : : :	(1)	(2)	:(2) to : : (1) : : (3) :		:(4) to : : (1) : : (5) : : :	(6)	(7)
Magnetic recording media not having any material recorded thereon Imports:					: : : : : :	:	
Value (1,000 dollars) Exports:	:	95,505	; -12; ; ;	68,648	: 22: : :	229,597: :	293,668
Value (1,000 dollars) Sound recordings on disc of soft wax (master records), or metal matrices obtained therefrom, for use in the manufacture of sound records for export; and scrap and waste photographic film fit only for the recovery of its constituent materials	:	150,313		134,712	21: : : : : : : : : : : :	419,284: : : : : :	550,037
Imports: Value (1,000 dollars) Exports:	1,455:	1,588	-8:	2,073	-30:	16,139:	8,731
Value (1,000 dollars) Wusical instruments, parts and accessories Imports:	1,592:		319:	1,007	58:	2,775	2,934
Value (1,000 dollars)	• •	69,013	3: 3:	60,875	16	207,570	262,851
Value (1,000 dollars) Musical instruments	:	36,430		54,766	-26	217,615	201,743
Value (1,000 dollars) Exports:	53,055	52,538	1	42,031	26	144,354	190,671
Value (1,000 dollars) Pianos (including electric pianos, harpsichords, etc.) Imports:		25,517	· 5: : : :	40,316	-34: : -34: : :	160,630	146,409
Quantity (number) Value (1,000 dollars) Exports:	14,752: 17,869:			10,334		26,517: 32,036:	31,441 43,972
Quantity (number) Value (1,000 dollars) Organs (including pipe, reed and electronic)	2,652:		-24: -24:	6,039 6,535	: -63:	20,151: 20,047: :	21,124 22,218
Imports: Quantity (number) Value (1,000 dollars) Exports:				18,032 4,430		: 223,617: 11,985: :	164,287 21,693
Quantity (number)	4,471: 4,719:					48,692: 48,634:	40,939 42,805

	2nd quarter: 1982	quarter	Percent: change : from :		Percent: change : from :	1980	1981
Commodity area			:(2) to : : (1) :	:	(4) to : (1) :	•	<i>/</i> - <i>/</i>
	(1)	(2)	: (3) : : :	(4)	(5):	(6) :	(7)
Furniture, mattresses, and pillows, cushions, and similar furnishings Imports:						:	
Value (1,000 dollars) Exports:	363,982	318,389	. 14:	317,552	15	1,094,287	1,250,072
Value (1,000 dollars)	163,944:	144,498	· 13:	178,407	-8:	475,235:	643,748
Bedsprings and mattresses, including convertible sofas, sofa beds, and similar dual-purpose sleep furniture, and boxsprings Imports:			: :			:	
Value (1,000 dollars) Exports:	705	603	. 17:		20	2,908:	2,624
Value (1,000 dollars)	4,052:	3,343			• •	11,787	13,552
Furniture other than medical, motor-vehicle or aircraft, bedsprings or mattresses,			: :			:	
convertible sofas, sofa beds or similar dual-purpose furniture Imports:			: :			:	
Value (1,000 dollars) Exports:	276,553	262,031	6:	247,482	12	843,546	986,187
Value (1,000 dollars)Nontextile floor coverings	127,553	117,559	: 9: : :	136,857	-7	385,266	510,541
Imports: Value (1,000 dollars) Exports:	10,497:	8,692	21:		18:	: 32,857:	36,059
Value (1,000 dollars) Small arms (bore diameter 30 mm and under)	29,247	25,065	• •		- 17 :	109,895	121,883
Imports: Value (1,000 dollars) Exports:	41,844	29,145	: 44:		25	101,713	121,754
Value (1,000 dollars) Ordnance and accessories	50,150:	38,836			- 12 :	152,246	168,676
Evoante:		/	: :		•	:	
Value (1,000 dollars)Ammunition and munitions Imports:	87,555: 	39,821	: 120:	40,837	114:	162,491:	176,425
Value (1,000 dollars)	8,303:	8,118	2	4,205	97	20,643	18,188
Exports: Value (1,000 dollars)Games	242,259	339,774	-29:	225,374	7	1,075,287	889,657
Imports: Value (1,000 dollars)	• •	217,200	32:	121,669	136:	517,657	681,344
Exports: Value (1,000 dollars)	57,930;	62,155	· -7:	97,844	-41:	349,204:	360,022

	2nd quarter: 1982	Previous quarter	:Percent: :change : : from :		<pre> Percent: change : from : </pre>	: 1980 :	1981
Commodity area	(1)	(2)	:(2) to : : (1) : : (3) : : :		:(4) to : : (1) : : (5) : : :	(6)	(7)
Sporting goods			: :		: :	:	
Imports: Value (1,000 dollars) Exports:	• •	166,313	0	141,394	18	622,480	596,057
Value (1,000 dollars) Fishing tackle		89,719	16:	106,378	-2:	338,170	368,268
Value (1,000 dollars)	• •	49,180	- 15:	33,001	27:	126,696:	136,999
Value (1,000 dollars) Golf equipment		7,477	-11:	7,531	- 12:	29,332	31,311
Value (1,000 dollars)	•	15,211	15:		51:	35,262	45,057
Value (1,000 dollars) Lawn-tennis equipment Imports:	36,217:	32,129	13:		: 5:	94,573:	113,792
Value (1,000 dollars) Exports:	13,471:	10,237	•	10,521	28:	28,177	37,309
Value (1,000 dollars) Ski equipment, snowshoes, sleds, toboggans, and parts of the foregoing Snow skis	13,353:	11,221	19 19 1	10,633	26:	35,251:	40,351
Imports: Quantity (pairs) Value (1,000 dollars) Exports:	• •	79,278 3,884		8,083		1,036,624: 43,663:	686,927 32,476
Quantity (pairs) Value (1,000 dollars) Bicycles	25,871: 2,043:	14,930 1,027	; 73; ; 99; ; ;	78,716 7,556		243,061: 20,997:	221,688 18,664
Imports: Quantity (1,000 units) Value (1,000 dollars) Exports:		323 27,643		716 65,133		: 2,154: 150,676:	2,224 184,631
Quantity (1,000 units)	13: 823:	498	: 131:	22 1,366	-40:	92: 5,325:	90 5,933
Imports: Value (1,000 dollars) Exports:	: :	25,341	: -4:	43,410	: -44:	: 130,419:	142,092
Value (1,000 dollars)	2,067	2,221	•	4,040	-49:	13,512:	13,922

Commodity area	2nd quarter: 1982 : : : :	Previous quarter	<pre>Percent: change : from : (2) to :</pre>		Percent: change : from : (4) to :	1980 : :	1981
	: (1) : : :	(2)	: (1) : : (3) : : :		: (1) : : (5) : : :	(6) :	(7)
Children's vehicles, except bicycles, and baby carriages, and parts thereof Imports:					: : : : : :	:	
Value (1,000 dollars) Exports:	: 5,855:	3,710	: 58:	3,282	: 78:	12,981:	13,808
Value (1,000 dollars) Dolls and stuffed toy figures of animate objects	2,184	1,216	80:	2,415	- 10	16,946	8,476
Imports: Value (1,000 dollars) Exports:	70,706:	49,665	42:	48,810	45:	211,830	243,811
Value (1,000 dollars) Toys (except games), models, tricks, and party favors Imports:	2,377:	1,480	61:	3,255	: -27: : : : :	9,393:	12,626
Value (1,000 dollars)	171,434	129,044	33:	128,686	33:	540,744	618,491
Exports: Value (1,000 dollars) Jewelry	60,360	45,480	33:	71,217	- 15:	249,400:	278,022
Imports: Value (1,000 dollars) Exports:	• •	243,867	· 7: · 7:	232,993	12:	839,332	1,039,948
Value (1,000 dollars) Precious metal jewelry Imports:	: :	44,008	26:	66,173	: - 16 : : : :	290,495: : :	232,728
Value (1,000 dollars)	: :	178,754	: 3:	149,337	: 23:	555,273: :	706,343
Value (1,000 dollars) Costume jewelry Imports:	: :	25,661	: 36: : :	42,809	: - 18 : : :	204,309: : :	140,845
Value (1,000 dollars)	: :	39,295	11:		: 1:	171,477:	193,721
Value (1,000 dollars) Natural or cultured pearls Imports:	: :	16,973	; 7: ; ; ;	20,626	- 12:	76,846	81,929
Value (1,000 dollars)	: :	19,609	31:		-21:	80,704:	107,950
Value (1,000 dollars) Needles, pins, apparel fasteners, and hair curlers	: :	196	83:		72:	1,259	952
Value (1,000 dollars) Excorts:	30,434:	26,958	13		· · · ·	111,484	112,900
Value (1,000 dollars)	14,146:	12,825	•		- 15	58,775	59,009

	2nd quarter: 1982 :	Previous quarter	<pre>Percent: change :</pre>	2nd quarter 1981	∶Percent∶ ∶change ∶	: 1980 :	1981
<b>•</b>	: :	•	: from :		from :	:	
Commodity area			:(2) to : : (1) :		:(4) to : : (1) :	:	
	(1)	(2)	: (3) :	(4)	: (5) :	(6)	(7)
Buttons Imports:					••••		
Value (1,000 dollars)	5,289:	4,440	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	5,731	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	17,216:	20,031
Exports:	: :	1)110	: :	39731	: :	:	20,031
Value (1,000 dollars)	: 3,485:	2,853	: 22:	3,405	: 2:	10,031:	11,947
Needles, pins, hair curlers, and apparel	: :		: :		: :	• •	
fasteners, except buttons	: :		: :		: :	:	
Imports: Value (1,000 dollars)		00 E49		24 795	: :		00 0/0
Value (1,000 dollars)Exports:	: 25,144:	22,518	: 12:		• •	94,268:	92,868
Value (1,000 dollars)	: 10,661:	9,971			: -20:	48,744:	47,061
Brooms, brushes, paint rollers and combination	: :	,,,,,	: :	,	: :	:	
toilet articles	: :		: :		: :	:	
Imports:	: :		: :		: :	:	
Value (1,000 dollars)	: 18,729:	16,909			: 2:	65,260:	77,806
Exports:	:		: :		: :	:	
Value (1,000 dollars)	8,883:	8,010	: 11:	7,866	: 13:	29,648:	31,603
Pens, mechanical pencils and parts Imports:	• •				• •	•	
Value (1,000 dollars)	22,006:	21,094	• •		: 21:	65,651:	81,722
Fronts:	: :	2.,,,,,	: :		: :	:	0.,,
Value (1,000 dollars)	: 31,278:	27,216	: 15:	36,136	: -13:	138,569:	135,836
Cased pencils, and pencils, n.s.p.f., chalk	: :		: :		: :	:	
crayons, including charcoal crayons; leads for	: :		: :		: :	:	
cased pencils, refill leads, other crayons and leads; and billiard and tailors' chalk					• •		
Ieads; and billiard and tailors' chaik Imports:	· ·		• •		• •	•	
Value (1,000 dollars)	; 3,653;	3,108	: 18:	3,874	-6:	13,540:	14,219
Evonte:	• •	3,100	: :	3,011	: :	:	
Value (1,000 dollars)	: 2,697:	2,209	: 22:	2,622	: 3:	9,183:	9,839
Miscellaneous products 🕤	: :		: :		: :	:	
Casters	: :		: :		: :	:	
Imports:		F 47/	: :	( 07/	: :	:	05 07/
Quantity (1,000 units)	: 5,605: : 2,441:					16,061: 7,974:	25,274
Exports:	• 2,441•	2,/40			· - · · · ·	/, 7/4.	10,794
	: :		: 0:		: 0:	:	
Value (1,000 dollars)	: 1,534:	1,799	: -15:	2,099	: -27:	6,752:	7,833
Clothespins	:		: :		• •	:	
Imports:	: :		: :		: :	:	
Quantity (1,000 gross) Value (1,000 dollars)	: 420:	479			•	2,055:	2,211
Value (1,000 dollars)	: 599:		-		: -3:	2,994:	2,802
Exports: Quantity (1,000 gross)	: : :	17	•			: 130;	
Value (1,000 dollars)	: 10+	••			• •	89:	177
AGINE (I)AAA MAING DI	. ,.		: -31:		: -07.	07• •	201

Table 24,--Quarterly and annual data on U.S. imports and exports for selected commodity groups

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: Commodity area :	2nd quarter: 1982 : :	quarter : :	Percent: change : from : (2) to :	:	ercent: hange : from : 4) to :	: 1980 : : :	1981
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	(1)	(2) :	(1) : (3) :	(4) :	(1) : (5) : :	(6) :	(7)
sausage casings, n.s.p.f. : Imports: :	:	:	:	:	: : :	:	
Quantity (1,000 pounds): Value (1,000 dollars): Exports:	1,635: 7,245: :	2,195: 9,288: :		1,488: 6,740: :	10: 7: :	7,469: 33,007: :	6,33 28,89
Quantity (1,000 pounds): Value (1,000 dollars):	3,972: 18,437: :	3,986: 18,640: ;		2,592: 14,185: :	53: 30: :	14,301: 72,506: :	13,61 69,20

:	Trade-monitoring gates triggered for current quarter compared with						
: Commodity area :	]	Imports in	: Exports iu				
	Previous quarter	: Corresponding : quarter : previous year	Previous quarter	: Corresponding : quarter : previous year			
: landbags:		:	: : (04) 07	: : (04)			
Luggage:		:	:	: (01)			
Flat goods:		:	: 01	: (01)			
Ophthalmic goods:		:	:	:			
Optical instruments, components and lenses, : except ophthalmic :		:	:	:			
Optical lenses (except ophthalmic lenses) and :		:	:	:			
elements:		:	:	:			
Optical instruments and components other than :		:	:	:			
optical lenses:		:	: 01	:			
Surgical and medical instruments and apparatus:		:	:	:			
Orthopedic, prosthetic, and surgical appliances :		:	:	:			
and supplies:		:	:	:			
Dental instruments and parts (including :		1	:	:			
artificial teeth and dentures):		:	:				
K-ray equipment and electro-medical apparatus and: parts :			:	:			
Electro-medical apparatus and parts:			•	•			
Apparatus based on the use of X-rays or of :		•	•	•			
radiations, whether for medical,		•	•	•			
industrial, or other, uses and parts:	01	: 01	•	•			
Surveying, hydrographic, navigational, :	<b>.</b>		•	•			
meteorological, hydrological, geophysical :		•	•	•			
instruments, and parts:		•		•			
Drawing, marking-out, and mathematical :		•	:	•			
calculating instruments; micrometers, :		:	:	:			
calipers, and gauges; balancing machines; :		:	:	:			
non-optical measuring and checking machines, :		:	:	:			
n.s.p.f., and parts:		*	: 10	: 10			
Balances of a sensitivity of 5 centigrams or :		:	:	:			
better, and parts; and weights;		:	:	: 03			
fachines and appliances for determining the :		:	:	:			
strength of articles ormaterials under :		*	:	•			
compression, tension, torsion or shearing :		:	:	:			
stress, and parts:		: 09	:	:			
lydrometers, thermometers, barometers, and :		<b>1</b>	:	:			
similar instruments:		:	:				
Apparatus for measuring, checking or controlling :			•				
liquids, or gases, or controlling :			:				
temperature, and parts:							
Instruments for physical or chemical analysis, :		i	i				

# Table 25.--Summary of trade-monitoring gates triggered for selected commodity groups, April-June 1982

:	Trade-monitoring gates triggered for current quarter compared with						
Commodity area	-	Imports in	:	Exports in			
	Previous quarter	: Corresponding : quarter : previous year	: Previous : quarter	: Corresponding : quarter : previous year			
peedometers, tachometers, revolution counters and similar counting devices, and parts							
parts latches, clocks, and clockwork operated devices (including time clocks and time stamps) and parts		:	: : :				
Watches and watch movements	(01) (04)	: (01) (04) : (01) (04) : (02) 09	: (04) 07 : 01 04 09 :	: (01) (04) 07 : 04 09 : 02			
Photographic cameras, other than motion-picture cameras, photographic enlargers, and camera-enlargers, and parts thereof			: : : 02 :	: : : :			
recording and reproducing systems, and parts; and projection screens	09	: : : 09 :	: : : 02 09 10 :	: : : : 09 10 :			
and filters; film reels and reel cans; and frames and mounts for photographic slides Photographic flash-lighting apparatus, including electronic stroboscopic flash apparatus,		: (02) :	:	: : 02 09 10 :			
photographic light meters, and half-tone screens designed for use in engraving or photographic processes; and range-finders designed to be used with photographic cameras and parts thereof		: : : : :	: : : : 02	:			
quipment specially designed for photofinishing (still pictures) quipment specially designed for processing and printing motion-picture film	: : :	: 02 : 02	: : : : 02	:			
Photographic film, photosensitive emulsion, and photographic dry plates, sensitized but not exposed	: :	: :	:	:			

	Trade-monitoring gates triggered for current quarter compared with							
: Commodity area :		Imports in	: :	Exports in				
:	duarter	: Corresponding : quarter : previous year	: Previous : quarter	: Corresponding : quarter : previous year				
brown print papers, sensitized but not exposed; and heat sensitive papers		: : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :						
and sound have been recorded: Phonograph records: Sound recordings other than phonograph records, : and magnetic recordings: Magnetic recording media not having any material : recorded thereon: Sound recordings on disc of soft wax (master : records), or metal matrices obtained : therefrom, for use in the manufacture of :		: (02) (07) 09 : : : : : : : : : :	: 02 :	: (05) 07 : : : : 02 : : : :				
sound records for export; and scrap and waste: photographic film fit only for the recovery : of its constituent materials: Musical instruments, parts and accessories: Musical instruments: Pianos (including electric pianos, :		: : (02) : 01 :	: : : 02 09 : :	: : : 02 09 : (01) : (01) :				
harpsichords, etc.): Organs (including pipe, reed and electronic)-: Furniture, mattresses, and pillows, cushions, and: similar furnishings: Bedsprings and mattresses, including : convertible sofas, sofa beds, and similar : dual-purpose sleep furniture, and : boxsprings:	04	: 01 04 : 04 07 : : : :	: (01) (04) : 01 04 : : : :	: (01) (04) : 01 04 09 : : : : : :				
Furniture other than medical, motor-vehicle or : aircraft, bedsprings or mattresses, : convertible sofas, sofa beds or similar : dual-purpose furniture: Nontextile floor coverings: Small arms (bore diameter 30 mm and under): Ordnance and accessories:	01	: : : : 01	: : : : : : : : : :	: : : : : : : : :				
Ammunition and munitions:		: 01	: (01)	: 02				

Table 25.--Summary of trade-monitoring gates triggered for selected commodity groups, April-June 1982

Commodity area :		Imports in	: Exp	orts in
commontly area	Previous quarter	: Corresponding : quarter : previous year	Previous quarter	: Corresponding : quarter : previous year
Games		: : 03	:	: : (03)
Sporting goods:		•	1	:
Fishing tackle:		: 01	•	•
Golf equipment:		: 01	:	:
Lawn-tennis equipment:	01	: 01	•	: 01
Ski equipment, snowshoes, sleds, toboggans, and: parts of the foregoing		:	:	:
Snow skis:	03 04 07 09	: 09	: 03 04 09	: (03) (04) 09
Bicycles:		: (01) (04)	: 01 04 (07)	: (01) (04)
Parts of bicycles:		: (01)	:	: (01)
Children's vehicles, except bicycles, and baby		:	:	:
carriages, and parts thereof:		: 01 09	: 01	:
Dolls and stuffed toy figures of animate objects-		: 02	: 03 09	: 09
Toys (except games), models, tricks, and party : favors		: 01	: 01	:
Jewelry		:	:	:
Precious metal jewelry:		:	: 02	: 09
Costume jewelry:		:	:	:
Natural or cultured pearls:		:	: 03 09	: 03 09
Needles, pins, apparel fasteners, and hair : curlers		:	:	:
Buttons:			:	:
Needles, pins, hair curlers, and apparel fasteners, except buttons		:	:	•
toilet articles		:	:	:
Pens, mechanical pencils and parts		•	:	:
Cased pencils, and pencils, n.s.p.f., chalk crayons, including charcoal crayons; leads		:	•	:
for cased pencils, refill leads, other		•	•	•
crayons and leads; and billiard and tailors'		•	-	•
chalk		•	:	:
Miscellaneous products		-	:	•
Casters		•	:	:
Clothespins	(04)	- •	: (01) (04) 09 10	: (01) (04) (07) 09
Sausage casings, n.s.p.f:		•	•	: 06

# Table 25.--Summary of trade-monitoring gates triggered for selected commodity groups, April-June 1982

APPENDIX A

TRADE MONITORING GATES USED IN USITC MONITORING SYSTEM

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# Trade Monitoring Gates

Each commodity area listed in U.S. Trade Shifts in Selected Commodity Areas is assigned specific economic test criteria or "gates" from among those listed below. For example, in one commodity area the assigned gate for import value may be a change of 20 percent (gate 1); in another area, the gate used may be an import value change of 40 percent (gate 3).

When trade shifts meet or exceed an assigned gate level; the assigned gate is printed in the monitoring table. 1/ Thus, the gates printed do not represent actual percentage changes in trade levels or costs. For example, if for a given commodity, gate 2 ( $\pm$  30 percent) is an assigned gate, then when import value changes by 30 percent or more, gate 2 will be printed--no matter how great the actual percentage change. In this example, even if the change in import value for the commodity exceeds 40 percent, gate 3 ( $\pm$  40 percent) would not be printed, nor would gate 1 ( $\pm$  20 percent) be printed when the percent change in import value exceeds the gate 1 level but is less than the gate 2 level.

Category	Eco	onomic Criterion
Import value	1.	Total value of the import class has changed ( <u>+</u> ) by at least 20 percent compared with a designated, prior, comparable period.
	2.	Total value of the import class has changed ( <u>+</u> ) by at least 30 percent compared with a designated, prior, comparable period.
	3.	Total value of the import class has changed ( <u>+</u> ) by at least 40 percent compared with a designated, prior, comparable period.
Import quantity	4.	Total quantity of the import class has changed ( <u>+</u> ) by at least 10 percent compared with a designated, prior, comparable period.
	5.	Total quantity of the import class has changed ( <u>+</u> ) by at least 20 percent compared with a designated, prior, comparable period.
	6.	Total quantity of the import class has changed ( <u>+</u> ) by at least 30 percent compared with a designated, prior, comparable period.

Import monitoring gates

Import monitoring gates--Continued

Category	Eco	nomic Criterion
Import unit value	7.	Average unit value of the import class has changed ( <u>+</u> ) by at least 20 percent compared with a designated, prior, comparable period.
	8.	Average unit value of the import class has changed ( <u>+</u> ) by at least 30 percent compared with a designated, prior, comparable period.
Supplying countries	9.	Share of total imports, by value, from at least one country has changed (+) by at least 20 percentage points compared with a designated, prior, comparable period.
	10.	The leading supplier, by value, in the current period was not among the top four supplying countries during a designated, prior, comparable period.

# Export monitoring gates

Category	Eco	onomic Criterion
Export value	1.	Total value of the export class has changed ( <u>+</u> ) by at least 20 percent compared with a designated, prior, comparable period.
	2.	Total value of the export class has changed ( <u>+</u> ) by at least 30 percent compared with a designated, prior, comparable period.
	3.	Total value of the export class has changed ( <u>+</u> ) by at least 40 percent compared with a designated, prior, comparable period.
Export quantity	4.	Total quantity of the export class has changed ( <u>+</u> ) by at least 10 percent compared with a designated, prior, comparable period.
	5.	Total quantity of the export class has changed ( <u>+</u> ) by at least 20 percent compared with a designated, prior, comparable period.
	6.	Total quantity of the export class has changed ( <u>+</u> ) by at least 30 percent compared with a designated, prior, comparable period.

# Export monitoring gates--Continued

Category	gory Economic Criterion					
Export unit value	7.	Average unit value of the export class has changed ( <u>+</u> ) by at least 20 percent compared with a designated, prior, comparable period.				
	8.	Average unit value of the export class has changed ( <u>+</u> ) by at least 30 percent compared with a designated, prior, comparable period.				
Market countries	9.	Share of total exports, by value, to at least one country has changed (+) by at least 20 percentage points compared with a designated, prior, comparable period.				
	10.	The leading market country, by value, in the current period was not among the top four market countries during a designated, prior, comparable period.				

# APPENDIX B

TRADE DATA FOR ARTICLES COVERED BY THE MTN CIVIL AIRCRAFT AGREEMENT

	2nd quarter:		Percent: 2nd quarter		Percent: ∶change :	: 1980 :	: 1981	
•	1982		<pre>:change : : from :</pre>		from f	1700 -	1701	
Commodity area	- -		:(2) to :		:(4) to :	:		
Commodity alea	· · ·		: (1) :		: (1) :	:		
;	(1)		: (3) :		: (5) :	(6) :	(7)	
	<u> </u>		: :		: :	:		
ticles covered by the MTN Civil Aircraft	: :		: :		: : : :	:		
Agreement :	:		: :		: :	:		
(moorts:	:		: :		: :	:		
Value (1,000 dollars):	892,713:	917,002	: -3:	881,399	: 1:	2,878,453:	3,690,76	
voorte:			: :		: :	•		
Value (1,000 dollars):	2,515,635:	2,809,709	: -10:	4,108,578	: -39:	13,826,888:	14,073,19	
ingines and parts of engines	•		: :		: :	•	-	
Tmoorts:	:		: :		: :	:		
Value (1,000 dollars):	312,425:	307,940	: 1:	380,480	: - 18 :	1,036,336:	1,411,09	
Exports:	: :		: :		: :	:		
Value (1,000 dollars):	219,994:	200,007	: 10:	440,141	: -50:	1,593,989:	1,740,56	
Non-piston type internal combustion engines		2007000	: :	,	: :	;	.,	
Imports:	: <b>:</b>		: :		: :	:		
Augustitus (numbon)	: 443:	608	: -27:	912	: -51:	2,549:	3,32	
Value (1,000 dollars):	187,171:	188, 182					1,040,57	
Even whet	•		: :		: :	:	.,	
Quantity (number)	399:	512				1,393:	1,72	
Value (1,000 dollars):	167,863:	161,156				513,692:		
umps, fans and blowers, compressors,		,	: ;	107,7700	: :	515,0721	757713	
air-conditioners and refrigerating equipment	· · ·		: :		: :			
Imports:	· ·				: :	:		
Value (1,000 dollars):	1,949:	1,853	: 5:	1,653	: 18:	8,118:	8,01	
Exports:	1,747	1,055	: :	1,025	: :	0,110.	0,0	
Value (1,000 dollars):	5,367:	5,326	: 1:	6,119	- 12:	18,937:	22,34	
light simulating machines and parts thereof	2,507	2,520		0,117		10,7571	22,5	
Imports:	2 2							
Value (1,000 dollars):	12,326:	11,275	: 9:	7,530	: 64:	16,294:	38,37	
Exports:	12, 520	11,273		7,550	• • • • •	10,274.	20,37	
Value (1,000 dollars):	16,992:	12,445		11,118	 : 53:	26,834:	59,22	
lectrical generators, motors and transformers	10,772.	12,775	: 57:	11,110	• • • •	20,034.	27,20	
Imports:	•				••••	•		
Value (1,000 dollars):	1,495:	1,683	• •	2,948	: -49:	5,686:	0.70	
Exports:	1,472.	1,003		2,740	• -47•	5,000.	9,35	
	4,245:	4,052	: 5:	4,651	· -9:	• • • • • • • •	47 7	
Value (1,000 dollars)	4,243.	4,052				14,530:	17,3	
vens and other food warming equipment					••••	•		
Imports:			86:				24	
Quantity (units) Value (1,000 dollars)	588:					1,126:	26	
Value (1,000 dollars)	500	1,478	: -60:	504		3,086:	2,56	
Exports: Quantity (units):	. 77/0.	7 60/		7 570	: :	45 / 5/ 5	45 0	
Quantity (units) Value (1,000 dollars):	3,760:			• / • • /			15,21	
Value (1,000 dollars)	: 405:	357	: 13:	366	: 11:	1,317:	1,42	

1/ Import values are based on Customs value; export values are based on f.a.s. value, U.S. port of export.

Quarterly and annual data on U.S. imports and exports for articles covered by the MTN Civil Aircraft Agreement

Commodity area	2nd quarter: 1982 :	quarter	<pre>:Percent: :change : : from : :(2) to :</pre>		Percent: change from (4) to	: 1980 : :	1981
commodity area	(1)		: (1) : : (3) : : :		: (1) : : (5) : : :	(6)	(7)
Amplifiers, receivers, and recorders Imports:					: : : :	:	
Value (1,000 dollars)		836	: 34:		: 44: : :	3,343:	7,061
Value (1,000 dollars) Radio navigational aid apparatus; sound or visual signalling apparatus Imports:	37,505:	34,903	: 7: : : : :	32,127	: 17: : : : :	114,474: : :	135,822
Value (1,000 dollars)	: :	2,915	- 16 :	2,774	- 12:	9,060	11,870
Value (1,000 dollars) Automatic voltage and voltage-current regulators	:	90,337	: 3:	88,294	: 5: : :	338,742:	348,557
Value (1,000 dollars)		250	: -35:		: 37: : :	731:	372
Value (1,000 dollars) Civil balloons, airships, and gliders		3,592	: 23:	2,931	: 50: : :	7,018:	10,314
Value (1,000 dollars)	: :	901	-50:	388	: 16:	1,817	1,951
Value (1,000 dollars) Civil airplanes (including helicopters)			: -49: : :	40,496	: -76: : :	4,438:	58,575
Quantity (units) Value (1,000 dollars) Exports:	310,894:		: -14:	263,902	: 18:	964,034: :	780 1,336,505
Exports. Quantity (units) Value (1,000 dollars) New civil airplanes Imports:				2,710,563			3,826 8,551,245
Quantity (units) Value (1,000 dollars)	279,566:	140 334,351	: -1:	112 228,396	: 23:	830,103:	620 1,214,222
Exports: Quantity (units) Value (1,000 dollars) Helicopters Imports:	400: 1,254,018: :	1,643,007		2,637,310		7,765,322:	3,325 8,316,183
Quantity (units) Value (1,000 dollars) Evoorts:	63: 26,187:	46 21,625	: 37: : 21: : :	36 17,569	: 75: : 49: : :	207: 54,854: :	260 105,734
Quantity (units) Value (1,000 dollars)	55: 37,013:					298,710:	453 346,526

Quarterly and annual data on U.S. imports and exports for articles covered by the MTN Civil Aircraft Agreement

	: 2nd quarter: : 1982 : : :	quarter	∶change ÷ ∶from ÷		<pre>:change : : from :</pre>	: 1980 : :	1981
Commodity area			:(2) to : : (1) :		:(4) to : : (1) :		
	· (1) · ·		: (3) :	(4)	: (5) :		(7)
Other civil airplanes	:		: :		· · ·	:	
Imports:	:		: :		: :	:	
Quantity (units)	75:	94				304:	360
Value (1,000 dollars)	253,378:					775,248:	1,108,488
Exports:	•					:	
Quantity (units)	345:	352					2,872
Value (1,000 dollars)	1,217,005:	1,584,454	-23:	2,529,543	: -52:	7,466,612:	7,969,656
Multi-engine, 4,400 pounds and over, but	•				: :	•	
less than 10,000 pounds empty weight					• •		
Imports: Quantity (units):		29		20	: :	:	107
	20: 23,943:					119: 95,188:	123
Value (1,000 dollars) Exports:	23,743	20,023				75,100.	123,695
Ousstity (unite)	£0:	80				432:	426
Value (1,000 dollars)	87,945:	111,897				453,728:	526,043
Multi-engine airplanes, 10,000 to 33,000		111,077		120,700	: ;	+23,720;	520304.
pounds inclusive, empty weight			: :		: :	:	
Importet			: :		: :	:	
Augustity (upite)	37:	62	: -40:	44	: -16:	156:	219
Value (1,000 dollars)	203,541:					399,049:	821,68
Eventet	•	,	: :		: :	:	
Quantity (units)	2:	7	: -71:	6	: -67:	28:	20
Value (1,000 dollars)	14,622:	41,355	: -65:			83,079:	86,452
Multi-engine airplanes, over 33,000 pounds	:	-	: :		: :	:	
empty weight	:		: :		: :	:	
Imports:	:		: :		: :	:	
Quantity (units)	2:	•		•	: 100:	17:	
Value (1,000 dollars)	24,355:	33,293				279,509:	162,222
Exports:	:		• •			:	
Quantity (units) Value (1,000 dollars)	35:	45				237:	255
Value (1,000 dollars)	1,088,219:	1,410,365	: -23:	2,281,359		6,726,954:	7,180,115
Optical instruments and compasses	:		: :		: :	:	
Imports:	• • • • •		• • • •		: :	:	
Value (1,000 dollars)	2,566:	2,184		-,		10,222:	10,350
Exports: Value (1,000 dollars)		70 404	: :		: :		7/ 000
	87,272:	79,101	: 10:	,,,,,,		14,516:	34,928
leters and gauges			• •		: :	•	
Imports: Value (1,000 dollars)	33,455:	29,106	: 15:	28,150	: 19:	110 520.	105 000
Exports:		27,100	• • • • • •		: 19:	110,520:	105,892
Value (1,000 dollars)	10,699:	11,528				207,419:	230,830
ATOS (1,000 DOLLAL2)	10,077.	11,520		55,524	-01-	207,419	220,030

Quarterly and annual data on U.S. imports and exports for articles covered by the MTN Civil Aircraft Agreement

:	2nd quarter: 1982 :	quarter	∶change ∶		change :	: 1980 :	1981
Commodity area	:		: from : :(2) to :		from : (4) to :	:	
toninoutry area	:		; (1) ;	:	(1) :	:	
:	(1) :	(2)	: (3) :	(4)	(5):	(6) :	(7)
	:		: :			•	
Furniture : Imports: :	:		: :			:	
Value (1,000 dollars):	10,348:	6,664	: 55:	2,649	291:	12,792:	15,325
Exports: Value (1,000 dollars):	: 3,702:	2,572	: : : 44:	4,086	: -9:	: 7,344:	12,682
Pneumatic tires, of rubber or plastics :	:	_,_,_	: :		: :	:	
Imports: :	:		: :	:	: :	:	
Quantity (1,000 units):	4:	4	: -2:		•	11:	15
Value (1,000 dollars):	1,222:	1,101	: 11:	1,133	: 8:	2,786:	3,895
Exports: :	10:	٥	: :	0		:	
Quantity (1,000 units)	1, 193:	8 944		1,193	: 8: : 0:	41:	40
All other parts :	1,173.	744	. 20.	1,173	U .	4,344:	4,740
Imports:	:		: :		•	:	
Value (1,000 dollars):	201,261:	186,422	: 8:	186,099	. 8:	693,622:	728,135
Exports:	:		: :		• •	:	
Value (1,000 dollars): :	722,368:	664,060	: 9: : :	701,567	3:	3,221,281:	2,844,636

#### APPENDIX C

TRADE DATA FOR MOTOR VEHICLE PARTS AND ACCESSORIES

	2nd quarter: 1982 :	quarter	<pre>:Percent: :change : : from :</pre>		Percent: change : from :	1980 ÷	1981
Commodity area	: :		:(2) to :		:(4) to :	:	
	: (1) :		: (1) : : (3) :		: (1) : : (5) :	: (6) :	(7)
	:		: :		: :	:	
otor vehicle parts and accessories Imports:			: : : :		: : : :	:	
Value (1,000 dollars) Exports:	2,619,505:	1,960,930	: 34:	2,189,266	: 20:	9,029,790:	8,447,409
Value (1,000 dollars)	: 3,033,923:	2,819,677	: 8:	3,265,490	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	9.310.763:	11,261,660
Bodies and chassis for motor vehicles Imports:	: :	2,0.7,077		3)203)470		;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;	11,201,000
Quantity (unite)	: 14,819:	10,934	: 36:	24,813	: -40:	794,346:	106,840
Value (1,000 dollars)	: 145,835:	122,302	: 19:	136,693	: 7:	1,997,669:	493,647
Exports:	: : 21,219:				: :	: 95,403:	100,323
Quantity (units) Value (1,000 dollars)	: 108,561:	20,734				501,763:	553,697
Motor vehicle parts provided for in tsus items 692.32 and 692.33		71,340	: :	105,221	· - 34. · · ·	50,1,765.	223,037
Imports:	: :		: :		: :	:	
Value (1,000 dollars) Exports:	: :		: :		: :	:	
Value (1,000 dollars)	: 1,934,471:	1,771,354	: 9:	2,009,261	: -4:	5,651,633:	6,936,538
Motor vehicle body stampings, bumpers, and wheels Imports:					: : : :	:	
Value (1,000 dollars)	108,468:	79,421	: 37:	92,081	: 18:	265,600:	317,563
Exports: Value (1,000 dollars)	: 347,133:	301,537	: 15:	318,118	: 9:	: 971,695:	1,034,969
Motor vehicle hubcaps and wheel covers, radiators, mufflers, and tailpipes	· 347,133. : :	201,237		516,116	· 9. · :	9/1,095. : :	1,034,963
Imports: Value (1,000 dollars)	: : 50,993:	~~	: :		: :	:	100 500
Value (1,000 dollars)Exports:	. 50,993;	36,660	: 39:		: 2:	186,552:	182,582
Value (1,000 dollars)	: 25,780:	24,688			20:	81,978:	108,445
Motor vehicle brakes and parts thereof,		21,000	: :	32,333	: :	:	
transmissions, and shock absorbers Imports:	: :		: :		: :	:	
Value (1,000 dollars) Exports:	: 264,687:	175,577	: 51:	154,402	: 71:	692,129:	646,747
Value (1,000 dollars)	: 365,230:	336,970	: 8:	397,826	· -8:	1,172,119:	1,384,463
Other motor vehicle parts, n.s.p.f., provided for in tsus items 692.32 and 692.33			: :		: :	:	
Imports: Value (1,000 dollars)	: : : 621,073:	<b>450 57/</b>	· · ·	E/0 00F	· ·		0 070 700
Fxports:	: :		: 37:	568,885	· y: · ·	1,765,766:	2,079,722
Value (1,000 dollars)	: 1,196,326:	1,108,157	: 8:	1,260,980	: -5:	3,425,839:	4,408,659

 $\underline{1}$ / Import values are based on Customs value; export values are based on f.a.s. value, U.S. port of export.

 $\frac{2}{2}$ / Separate data on U.S. exports are not collected in terms of items covered by the United States-Canadian Automotive Products Agreement (APTA).

Quarterly and annual data on U.S. imports and exports for motor vehicle parts and accessories

	2nd quarter: 1982 :	quarter	<pre>:Percent: :change : : from :</pre>		Percent: change : from :	1980	1981
Commodity area	:		:(2) to :		:(4) to :	:	
	:		: (1) :		: (1) :	:	
	(1) :	(2)	: (3) :	(4)	: (5) : : :	(6) :	(7)
Motor vehicle engines and parts	:		: :		: :	:	
Importe:	:		: :	:	: :	:	
Value (1,000 dollars)	495,605:	343,117	: 44:	299,794	: 65:	1,104,569:	1,331,649
Exports:	:		: :		: :	:	
Value (1,000 dollars)	535,637:	522,986	: 2:	561,729	: -5:	1,691,875:	1,982,861
Radios, tape players, tape recorders,	:		: :		: :	:	
combinations, and parts thereof	:		: :		: :	:	
Imports: Value (1,000 dollars)	179,301:	178,330	: :	185,316	: -3:	: 594,068:	764,614
Exports:	1/9,301	110,000	• •	102,210	• -3•	574,000.	/04,014
Value (1,000 dollars)	21,069:	20,599	: 2:	25,731	. – 18 :	58,682:	87,338
Electrical starting and ignition equipment and		20,277	: :	227101	: :	:	01,000
parts thereof	:		: :		: :	:	
Imports:	:		: :		: :	:	
Value (1,000 dollars)	106,763:	83,389	: 28:	98,972	: 8:	299,597:	377,011
Exports:	:		: :		: :	:	
Value (1,000 dollars)	117,592:	123,686	: -5:	131,696	: -11:	371,357:	473,561
Electric lighting and signaling equipment and			: :		: :	:	
parts thereof							
Imports: Value (1,000 dollars)	17,325:	13,333	: 30:	14,126	: 23:	55,186;	51,997
Exports:	17,325	13,333	: ::		. 23.		21, 77/
Value (1,000 dollars)	29,734:	26,785	•		: -17:	117,346:	114,399
Miscellaneous electrical articles and parts		20,703	: :	53,003	: :	117)5404	114,57
thereof	:		: :		: :	:	
Importe:	: :		: :		: :	:	
Value (1,000 dollars)	17,496:	13,410	: 30:	20,353	: -14:	70,528:	73,33
Evente:	•		: :		: :	:	
Value (1,000 dollars)	5,370:	4,924	: 9:	5,462	: -2:	16,877:	20,546
Pneumatic tires and tubes	:		: :		: :	:	
Imports			: :		: :	:	
Quantity (units)	7,465,566:				: 24:		
Exports:	292,857:	237,960	: 23:		: -2:	.,	1,125,44
Quantity (units)	1,857,031:	1,777,582					11,593,317
Value (1,000 dollars)	68,427;	66,188					
Ball and roller bearings and parts thereof			: ;		: :	JEE)/ 40/	307,21
Importe:			: :		: :	:	
Value (1,000 dollars)	13,264:	11,243	: 18:	10,696	: 24:	58,203:	45,340
Exports:		•	: :		: :	:	
Value (1,000 dollars)	4,021:	3,619	): 11:	4,689	: -14:	16,917:	17,13

Commodity area	2nd quarter: 1982 :	quarter	Percent: change : from : (2) to :		Percent: change : from : (4) to :	: 1980 : :	1981
	(1)	(2)	: (1) : : (3) : : : :		: (1) : : (5) : : :	(6) :	(7)
Glass products			: :		: :	:	
Imports: Value (1,000 dollars) Exports:	•	16,693	: 80:	15,148	: 98:	65,021:	60,232
Value (1,000 dollars) Springs and leaves for springs	37,023	35,037	· 6: · · ·	42,451	-13:	, 114,187; ;	132,943
Imports: Value (1,000 dollars) Exports:	33,633:	26,229	: : : 28:	34,122	: : : -1:	: 106,791:	117,949
Value (1,000 dollars) Pumps for liquids and parts thereof	10,426	9,039	: :		- 18 :	43,194:	50,395
Imports: Value (1,000 dollars) Exports:	: :	22,166	: : : 13: : :		- 16 :	: 88,479:	111,863
Value (1,000 dollars)Air pumps, vacuum pumps, air or gas compressors, fans and blowers and parts thereof	16,461:	16,987	: -3: : :	17,786	-7:	61,955:	66,807
Imports: Value (1,000 dollars) Exports:		14,457	: 68 : 68	9,290	162:	26,081:	32,134
Value (1,000 dollars)Air conditioning machines, refrigerating equipment, and parts thereof	1,710:	2,122	: – 19: :	2,331	-27: : :	5,187:	8,219
Imports: Value (1,000 dollars) Exports:	• •	3,806	: 14:		· · · ·	13, 129	14,887
Value (1,000 dollars) Furniture designed for automotive use		67,907	16	56,365	40: : 40:	156,859	197,135
Value (1,000 dollars)	• •	46,445	: 57	64,286	• •	227,127:	235,17
Value (1,000 dollars) Jacks and parts thereof	: 16,042: : :	11,146	: 44:	17,707	: -9: : :	31,828:	54,959
Imports: Value (1,000 dollars) Exports:	: :	18,471	: 13	17,726	: 18: : :	47,403	79,614
Value (1,000 dollars) Measuring, testing, and controlling instruments and parts thereof	4,828: : :	5,014	: -4: : :	6,974	-31:	20,230:	23,829
Imports: Value (1,000 dollars) Exports:	: :	12,523	: 7	12,095	: 11: : 11:	39,686: :	46,948
Value (1,000 dollars)	565:	546		681	- 17 :	2,191:	2,452

Quarterly and annual data on U.S. imports and exports for motor vehicle parts and accessories

	: 2nd quarter: : 1982 : : :	quarter	<pre>Percent: change : from :</pre>		Percent: change : from :	: 1980 :	1981
Commodity area	: : : : : (1) : : :	(2)	:(2) to : : (1) : : (3) : : : :		:(4) to : : (1) : : (5) : : :	: : (6) :	(7)
Floor coverings	: :		: :		: :	:	
Imports: Value (1,000 dollars)	: 2,482:	1,443	: : : 72:		: : : 21:	: 6,558:	7,847
Exports: Value (1,000 dollars) Miscellaneous automotive parts and accessories,	8,282:	7,421				20,197: :	25,643
n.s.p.f. Imports: Value (1,000 dollars)	: : : : : 78,710:	51,368	: : : : : 53:	69,486	: : : : : 13:	: : 219,570:	251,102
Exports: Value (1,000 dollars)	: :		: :		: :	105,737:	125,981
Motor vehicle parts and accessories-apta Imports:	: : : :		: :		: :	:	
Bodies and chassis for motor vehicles Imports:	: :	732,353	: 62: : :	902,158	: 32: : :	2,826,845: : :	3,259,171
Quantity (units) Value (1,000 dollars) Motor vehicle parts provided for in tsus item	: 6,153: : 97,966:					33,795: 395,300:	19,928 323,625
692.33 Imports:	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	:	
Value (1,000 dollars) Motor vehicle body stampings, bumpers, and wheels	: 573,422: : :	352,843	: 63: : :	443,392	: 29: : :	1,361,157:	1,573,579
Imports: Value (1,000 dollars)	: 37,794:	24,852	: : 52:	33,705	: : : 12:	94,600:	110,18
Motor vehicle hubcaps and wheel covers, radiators, mufflers, and tailpipes Imports:	: : : : :					:	
Value (1,000 dollars) Motor vehicle brakes and parts thereof, transmissions, and shock absorbers	: 24,405: : : :	13,121	: 86:	25,531	: -4:	75,574:	80,409
Imports: Value (1,000 dollars)Other motor vehicle parts, n.s.p.f., provided	: : 128,057: : :	77,116	: 66:	34,392	272:	146,964:	182,609
for in tsus item 692.33 Imports: Value (1,000 dollars)	: : : : : 383,165:	237,752	: : : : : 61:	349,762	: : : : : 10:	: : 1,044,017:	1,200,372
Motor vehicle engines and parts Imports:	: :		: :		: :	:	
Value (1,000 dollars)	: 279,134:	146,126	: 91:	145,924	: 91: : :	399,021:	610,412

Commodity area	: 2nd quarter: : 1982 : : : :	Previous quarter	<pre> Percent: change : from : (2) to : </pre>		Percent: change : from : (4) to :	: 1980 :	1981
	: (1) : : (1) :	(2)	: (1) : : (3) : : :		: (1) : : (5) : : :	(6) :	(7)
Radios, tape players, tape recorders,	: :		: :		: :	:	
combinations, and parts thereof			: :			:	
Imports: Value (1,000 dollars)	: 10,077:	5,272	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	9,632	 : 5:	26,091:	26,58
Electrical starting and ignition equipment and	• • • • • • • • •	5,272	. 71.	7,032	• •	20,071.	20,00
parts thereof	• • • • •						
Imports:	: :						
Value (1,000 dollars)	: 22,250:	13,807	61:	17,216	: 29:	40,166:	58,76
Electric lighting and signaling equipment and		13,007	1 1	.,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	: :	4071001	50,70
parts thereof	: :		: :		: :		
Imports:	: :		: :		: :	:	
Value (1,000 dollars)	: 4,906:	3,239	51:	3,891	: 26:	12,786:	14,47
Miscellaneous electrical articles and parts	: :	-,	: :	•,••	::	:	
thereof	: :		: :		: :	:	
Imports:	: :		: :		: :	:	
Value (1,000 dollars)	: 11,633:	7,780	: 50:	13,735	: -15:	40,065:	46,05
Ball and roller bearings and parts thereof	: :		: :		: :	:	-
Importe:	: :		: :		: :	:	
Value (1,000 dollars)	: 7,776:	5,058	: 54:	7,948	: -2:	23,976:	28,82
Glass products	: :		: :		: :	:	
Imports:	: :		: :		: :	:	
Value (1,000 dollars)	: 14,431:	9,477	': 52:	8,520	: 69:	23,284:	29,36
Springs and leaves for springs	: :		: :		: :	:	
Imports:	: :		: :		: :	:	
Value (1,000 dollars)	: 23,534:	16,575	j: 42:	25,430	: -7:	79,645:	80,67
Pumps for liquids and parts thereof	: :		: :		: :	:	
Imports:	: :		: :		: :	:	
Value (1,000 dollars)		4,967	·: 60:	8,444	: -6:	27,579:	29,98
Air pumps, vacuum pumps, air or gas compressors,	: :		: :		: :	:	
fans and blowers and parts thereof	• •		: :		: :	:	
Imports:			: :		::	:	
Value (1,000 dollars)	: 3,625:	2,277	: 59:	5,763	: -37:	13,635:	19,48
Air conditioning machines, refrigerating							
equipment, and parts thereof						•	
Imports: Value (1,000 dollars)	: 828:	507	. 63:	609	: 36:	· · · · ·	0 70
Furniture designed for automotive use	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •			603	• 30+	2,253:	2,38
Imports:	• •		• •		• •	•	
Value (1,000 dollars)	54,980:	36,716	. 50:	48,454	: 13:	181,398;	177,69
Jacks and parts thereof	· 24,700·	307/10				101,398.	1//,09
Importe:	· · ·				- ·	•	
Value (1,000 dollars)	; 3,733;	2,747	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	3,913	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	10,578:	13,03
AGINE (1)AAA AAIGUD	·	2,/4/					10,00

:	2nd quarter:			2nd quarter:		:	
•	1982 :	quarter	<pre>:change :</pre>		change ፡	1980 :	1981
	:		: from :		from :	:	
Commodity area	:		:(2) to :	:	(4) to :	:	
	:		: (1) :	:	(1) :	:	
	(1) :	(2)	: (3) :	(4) :	(5) : :	(6) :	(7)
	:		: :	:	:	:	
Measuring, testing, and controlling instruments	:		: :	:	:	:	
and parts thereof	:		: :	:	:	:	
Imports: :	:		: :	:	:	:	
Value (1,000 dollars):	6,901:	6,419	: 8:	5,378:	28:	14,192:	19,46
Floor coverings :	:		: :	:	:	:	
Imports:	:		: :	:	:	:	
Value (1,000 dollars):	2,482:	1,443	: 72:	2,059:	21:	6,558:	7,847
Miscellaneous automotive parts and accessories,	:	• • • •	: :	:	- :	••••••	
n.s.p.f.	:		: :	:	:	:	
Imports:	:		: :	:	:	:	
Value (1,000 dollars):	64,108:	38,911	: 65:	56,079:	14:	169,153:	196,925
	:		: :	:	:	:	-

Quarterly and annual data on U.S. imports and exports for motor vehicle parts and accessories

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APPENDIX D

ALPHABETICAL INDEX FOR COMMODITY GROUPINGS COVERED IN THE SECTOR TABLES

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Broadwoven fabrics, of cotton	59
Broadwoven fabrics, of manmade fibers	59
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	40
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BULLONS	189

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Dimension stone and articles thereof	87 103
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borro and scurred toy rightes of animate objects	100

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dielectric heating equipment	151
Electric furnaces, heaters, and ovens and parts thereof	
Electricity, gas, and liquid supply meters, and parts	
Electric lamps	156
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Electric shavers, hair clippers, and scissors and parts thereof	
Electric sound and visual signalling apparatus	
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Filberts	21
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Fish, fresh or frozen	14
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Fishing tackle	187
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Fish, other in airtight containers, including anchovies,	
bonito, and herring	15
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appliances and parts thereofGear boxes and other speed changers with fixed, multiple, or variable ratios, pulleys and sheaves; shaft couplings; torque converters; chain sprockets; clutches; and universal joints; and parts thereof	
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Glassware and other glass products	107
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· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
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Internal combustion engines, non piston type, and parts thereof	137
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	109
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T 1	100
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	•

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Manganese ore and metal	113
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Photographic papers, including blue print and brown print papers,	
sensitized but not exposed; and heat sensitive papers	184
Pianos (including electric pianos, harpsichords, etc.)	185
Pig iron, and spiegeleisen	108
Pistachio nuts	21
Plastics and resin materials	84

Platinum group metals	108
Pleasure boats: floating structures	160
Plywood and building boards	39
Pneumatic tires	88
Polyhydric alcohols and their derivatives (non benzenoid)	82
Pork, fresh, chilled, or frozen	14
Pork, prepared or preserved, except sausage and canned hams	14
Portable electric hand tools	150
Portable electric lamps	151
Pottery products, n.e.c.	105
Poultry and poultry meat	13
Power transmission chain of iron and steel	118
Precious metal jewelry	188
Precious metal ores, and other metal-bearing materials, sweepings,	
and waste and scrap	108
Precious metals	107
Prefabricated buildings	39
Pressed and blown glassware n.e.c	107
Primary cells and batteries	150
Printed matter	42
Printing trades machinery, other than for textiles, and parts	
thereo f	142
Products, miscellaneous	189
(Certain) products in schedule 4, part 13	87
Projectors and combination camera-projectors, with or without	
sound reproducing, or sound recording and reproducing systems,	
and parts and projection screens	183
Pulp and paper machinery; bookbinding machinery; printing	
machinery	142
Pumps for liquids and parts thereof	138
Radar	154
Radio navigational, radar, and radio remote control apparatus and	
parts thereof	153
Radio receivers and parts	152
Radiotelegraphic and radiotelephonic apparatus and related	
equipment	152
Rail locomotives and rolling stock	157
Raw fibers	57
Record players, phonographs, record changers, and turntables, and	• •
parts thereof	153
Refractory and heat-insulation products	105
Refrigerators and refrigeration equipment and parts thereof	138
Rhenium metal	114
Rice (paddy and brown)	18
Robes and dressing gowns	63

Rough wood products	38
Round link chain and chain n.s.p.f. of iron or steel; chain of	
base metals other than iron or steel	119
Rubber and plastics in wire and cable insulation coverings	88
Rubber and plastics waste and scrap; film, strips, sheets, other	
profile shapes, total	87
Rubber footwear	64

Salts of organic acids (nonbenzenoid)	81
Sand	102
Sardines	15
Sauces	28
Sausage	14
Sausage casings, n.s.p.f	190
Scissors and shears	118
Seeds	18
Semi con du ctors	157
Sewing machines and parts thereof including furniture specially	
designed for such machines	144
Sewing thread	58
Shell fish	15
Shoe machinery and parts thereof	147
Shortening and cooking oils	27
Silicon metal	114
Silicon metal containing over 99.7% silicon	114
Silicon, unwrought, and waste and scrap	114
Silver bullion	108
Silver compounds	79
Ski equipment, snowshoes, sleds, toboggans, and parts of the	
foregoing	187
Small arms (bore diameter 30mm and under)	186
Snowmobiles	158
Snow skis	187
Soaps and synthetic detergents	85
Sodium bicarbonate	79
Sodium carbonate	79
Sodium chloride	79
Sodium compounds	79
Sodium hydrosulfite	80
Sodium sulfate	80
Soft drinks and certain other nonalcoholic beverages	24
Softwood lumber	38
Softwood veneer and plywood	39
Sound recordings on disc of soft wax (master records), or metal	
matrices obtained therefrom, for use in the manufacture of	
sound records for export; and scrap and waste photographic	
film fit only for the recovery of its constituent materials	185
TILM ILL ONLY FOR THE RECOVERY OF ILS CONSTITUENT MATERIALS	101

Sound recordings other than phonograph records, and magnetic recordings	10/
recordings	184
Soups	28
Soybean oil	26
Soybeans	25
Special purpose motor vehicles	158
Speedometers, tachometers, revolution counters and similar	
counting devices, and parts	181
Spices	23
Sporting goods	187
Sprayers and dusters and parts thereof	139
Spun yarn, including chenille yarns and handwork yarns	58
Spun yarn of cotton, manmade fibers, or silk	58
Spun yarn, of wool or hair	58
Starches	19
Steam engines, steam turbines, and other vapor power units, and	
parts thereof	137
Steam generating boilers and auxiliary equipment and parts thereof	137
Storage batteries	150
Structures of base metal	119
Sugar, sirups, and molasses	22
Sugar, sugar beets, and sugar cane	22
Sulfur dioxide	81
Sunflower seed	25
Surface-active agents	84
Surgical and medical instruments and apparatus	179
Surveying, hydrographic, navigational, meteorological,	
hydrological, geophysical instruments, and parts	180
Sweaters	61
Swine	13
Switchboards and switchgear assemblies	155
Switches other than circuit breakers	155
Synthetic dyes, total	85
Synthetic gems tones	104
Synthetic organic pesticides, total	77
Synthetic tanning materials	85
Synthetic toners (pigments) and lakes, total	85

Table flatware	117
Table flatware, precious metals	118
Table flatware, stainless steel	118
Table, kitchen, household, art, and ornamental pottery	105
Tanks and other self-propelled armored vehicles, including parts	159
Tantalum electrolytic fixed capacitors	154
Tantalum ore	114
Tantalum ore and metal	114

Tantalum, unwrought, and waste and scrap	114
Tantalum, wrought	115
Tape recorders, tape players, and dictation machines	153
Taps, cocks, valves, and similar devices and parts thereof used to	
control the flow of liquids, gases, or solids	148
Telephone and telegraph apparatus	152
Telephone instruments	152
Telephone switching and switchboard equipment	152
Television apparatus	152
Television cameras	152
Television picture tubes	157
Television receivers	152
Tempered glass	107
Textile bleaching, dyeing, washing, cleaning, finishing, dressing,	
coating, and drying machines and parts thereof	144
Textile fabrics for use in pneumatic tires	60
Textile fibers processed, but not woven or knit (except cordage)	57
Textile furnishings	61
Textile furnishings, except floor coverings, curtains, and	
draperies	61
Textile machines for making lace, net, braid, embroidery,	
trimmings, fabrics, or other textile articles	143
Textile machines; laundry and dry-cleaning machines; sewing	
ma ch ines	142
Textile printing machinery and parts thereof	142
Textile yarn-preparing machines	143
Textile yarn-producing machinery	143
Tin ore and metal	110
Tires other than pneumatic tires	88
Titanium ore and metal	115
Titanium ore and slag	115
Titanium sponge	115
Titanium, unwrought other than sponge; and waste and scrap	115
Titanium, wrought	115
Tobacco and tobacco products	24
Tobacco leaf stripping or cutting machines; industrial cigar- or	67
cigarette-making machines and parts thereof	148
Tomatoes, fresh, chilled or frozen	20
Tonka and vanilla beans	29
Tool holders and accessories	145
Tour (organized accessories	
Toys (except games), models, tricks, and party favors	188
Tractors, including partsTransceivers	159
Transceivers	153
Transformers	149
Trans is tor s	157
Tubes for tires	88
Tuna	15

fungsten compounds	
Sungsten ore and metal	
Sungsten ore and tungsten-bearing materials	
ungsten, unwrought	
Sungsten, unwrought, and waste and scrap	
lungs ten, wrought	
ypewriters, nonautomatic, with hand-operated keyboard	
ypewriters not incorporating a calculating mechanism	
Typewriters without a hand-operated keyboard and automatic	
typewriters	
Inprocessed flat glass (float, plate, and sheet glass)	
iranium compounds	
anadium compounds	
anadium pentoxide	
egetable oils, other	
egetable products, miscellaneous	
egetables, dried, desiccated or dehydrated	
egetables, fresh, chilled, or frozen	
egetables, processed (except dried or frozen)	
ehicles (including trailers), not self-propelled, including part	
itreous china food utensils	
all paper	
aste paper	
atches and watch movements	
atches, clocks, and clockwork operated devices (including time	
clocks and time stamps) and parts	
ater wheels, water turbines, and other water engines, and parts including governors therefor	
earing apparel and accessories, including leather, fur, down, rubber, and plastics	
rubber, and plastics	
rubber, and plastics	

Wire strand and rope	116
Wirewound resistors	
Women's, girls', and infants' dresses	62
Women's, girls', and infants' shirts and blouses	62
Women's, girls', and infants' suits, skirts, coats, and jackets	
Women's, girls', and infants' trousers, slacks and shorts	
Wood manufactures, miscellaneous	-
Wood pulp	40
Wool and fine animal hair	57
Woven or knit fabrics, coated or filled, or laminated with sheet rubber or plastics, and other laminated fabrics, and fabrics, n.s.p.f	60
Wrapping and packaging machinery, machinery for cleaning or drying containers, machinery for aerating beverages, dishwashing machines, and parts thereof	139
X-ray equipment and electro-medical apparatus and parts	180
Yachts or pleasure boats, including parts	160
Zinc	
Zinc compounds	80
Zinc metal and waste and scrap	111
Zinc ore and concentrate	
Zinc sulfate	
Zirconium compounds	81
Zirconium oxide	81

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