



United States  
International Trade Commission

# Shifts in U.S. Merchandise Trade 2013

October 2014

Publication Number: 4493

Investigation Number: 332-345

# United States International Trade Commission

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### **Address all communications to**

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Washington, DC 20436

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*This report was prepared principally by the Office of Industries*

***Project Leader***

Jeffrey Clark

[jeffrey.clark@usitc.gov](mailto:jeffrey.clark@usitc.gov)

***Deputy Project Leader***

Michael Stanton-Geddes

[michael.stanton-geddes@usitc.gov](mailto:michael.stanton-geddes@usitc.gov)

***Office of Industries***

Brian Allen, Cynthia Foreso, Sharon Ford, Dennis Fravel, Vincent Honnold, Jeffrey Okun-Kozlowicki, Christopher Robinson, Laura Rodriguez, Alison Rozema, Philip Stone, Mihir Torsekar, Karl Tsuji, and Marin Weaver

***Content Reviewers***

John Benedetto and Heidi Colby-Ozumi

***Editorial Reviewer***

Peg Hausman

***Administrative Support***

Phyllis Boone, Trina Chambers, Monica Reed, and Blair Williams

***Special Assistance***

Alison Hazen, David Lundy, and Wanda Tolson

***Help Desk and Customer Service Division***

***Under the direction of***

Dennis Rapkins, Chief

Chemicals and Textiles Division

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# **Part I**

## **U.S. Merchandise Trade and Overall Economic Performance**

This section of the report provides an overview of the economic performance of the United States during 2013. It also summarizes overall U.S. merchandise trade performance in broad industry categories in 2013 and compares it with that of previous years.

# Overall Economic Performance

Michael Stanton-Geddes  
(202) 205-2218

[michael.stanton-geddes@usitc.gov](mailto:michael.stanton-geddes@usitc.gov)

The U.S. economy grew at a rate of 1.9 percent in 2013. This growth rate was lower than the 2.8 percent increase in 2012, but similar to the 2011 growth rate.<sup>1</sup> Various factors slowed economic growth in 2013, including the U.S. federal government shutdown in early October and a decrease in private investment. U.S. gross domestic product (GDP) growth in 2013 was driven by private domestic investment and increased production.<sup>2</sup>

Total industrial production in the United States rose by 2.6 percent during 2013. Although industrial production increased in almost all sectors, it grew most strongly in the natural gas distribution and mining sectors, falling only in the textiles, paper, printing, and primary metal sectors.<sup>3</sup> Unemployment in the United States decreased from 7.9 percent of the labor force in January 2013 to 6.7 percent in December 2013.<sup>4</sup>

U.S. trade flows were affected by the relative strength of the U.S. dollar. The nominal trade-weighted value of the dollar appreciated by 1.3 percent between 2012 and 2013 relative to the currencies of the Broad dollar index,<sup>5</sup> generally lowering the cost of imported inputs and making U.S. exports more expensive in foreign markets.

One key determinant of the demand for U.S. exports is the performance of other economies. Overall, other advanced economies grew at a slower rate than the United States. The average GDP growth rate for advanced economies in 2013 was 1.3 percent (table US.1).<sup>6</sup> While Canada, the United States' largest export market, matched its previous year's growth at 1.7 percent, the United States' second-largest export market, the European Union, experienced a slow growth rate of only 0.2 percent. (The European Union accounts for 23 percent of world GDP).<sup>7</sup> In contrast, growth in emerging markets and developing economies in 2013 was stronger than

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<sup>1</sup> USDOC, BEA, "Gross Domestic Product: Fourth Quarter and Annual," February 28, 2014.

<sup>2</sup> Ibid.

<sup>3</sup> Federal Reserve System, Board of Governors, G.17 Industrial Production and Capacity Utilization (accessed April 11, 2014).

<sup>4</sup> USDOL, BLS, Current Population Survey (CPS) database (accessed April 11, 2014).

<sup>5</sup> The broad index is a weighted average of the foreign exchange values of the U.S. dollar against the currencies of a large group of major U.S. trading partners. Federal Reserve System, Foreign Exchange Rates—H.10 (accessed March 20, 2014).

<sup>6</sup> IMF, *Is the Tide Rising?* January 2014. This document is the source for the rest of this paragraph.

<sup>7</sup> World Bank, World Development Indicators database (accessed April 11, 2014).

**Table US.1** Real gross domestic product, change from previous year, (%)

| Region                          | 2012 | 2013 |
|---------------------------------|------|------|
| World output                    | 3.1  | 3.0  |
| United States                   | 2.8  | 1.9  |
| Mexico                          | 3.9  | 1.1  |
| Japan                           | 1.5  | 1.5  |
| Latin America and the Caribbean | 3.1  | 2.7  |

Source: International Monetary Fund (IMF), World Economic Outlook database (accessed May 2, 2014).

U.S. growth. China's economy grew by 7.7 percent, and China is the fourth-largest export destination for U.S. goods. The Developing Asia<sup>8</sup> region grew by 6.5 percent on average.

The countries of Latin America and the Caribbean<sup>9</sup> also grew faster than the United States, at 2.7 percent on average, although Mexico's growth was below the mean at 1.1 percent. Mexico is the United States' third-largest export market. Countries in the Central and Eastern European region also performed relatively well, with average GDP growth of 2.7 percent in 2013.

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<sup>8</sup> IMF country grouping, composed of 27 countries: Afghanistan, Bangladesh, Bhutan, Brunei Darussalam (Brunei), Cambodia, China, Fiji, India, Indonesia, Kiribati, Laos, Malaysia, the Maldives, Burma, Nepal, Pakistan, Papua New Guinea, the Philippines, Samoa, the Solomon Islands, Sri Lanka, Thailand, Timor-Leste, Tonga, Tuvalu, Vanuatu, and Vietnam.

<sup>9</sup> IMF country grouping, composed of 32 countries: Antigua and Barbuda, Argentina, The Bahamas, Barbados, Belize, Bolivia, Brazil, Chile, Colombia, Costa Rica, Dominica, Dominican Republic, Ecuador, El Salvador, Grenada, Guatemala, Guyana, Haiti, Honduras, Jamaica, Mexico, Nicaragua, Panama, Paraguay, Peru, St. Kitts and Nevis, St. Lucia, St. Vincent and the Grenadines, Suriname, Trinidad and Tobago, Uruguay, and Venezuela.

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# U.S. Trade by Industry, Sector, and Selected Trading Partners

Jeffrey Clark  
(202) 205-3318  
[jeffrey.clark@usitc.gov](mailto:jeffrey.clark@usitc.gov)

## U.S. Trade Balance<sup>10</sup>

In 2013, 9 of the 10 U.S. merchandise sectors addressed in this report—all except the agricultural sector—registered trade deficits. Additionally, 8 of the 10 sectors experienced greater trade deficits or declines in trade surpluses. The chemicals and related products and the energy-related products sectors were the exceptions. In fact, the energy-related products sector experienced a substantial decline in its trade deficit, lowering the deficit in this sector by \$55.9 billion (22 percent) (table US.2). The change in this sector was a major factor in the \$30.1 billion (3 percent) decline in the overall U.S. trade deficit to \$867.7 billion in 2013 (figure US.1). All of the sectoral deficits expanded by less than \$6 billion, and none grew by more than 8 percent. Although the agricultural products sector recorded a trade surplus in 2013, its trade surplus declined by \$430 million (2 percent) to \$26.5 billion.

The energy-related products sector continued to perform well in 2013, as U.S. production of crude petroleum reached levels not seen since the 1990s and refineries produced at levels last reached in 2000. This increased production, combined with the continued gradual decline in U.S. consumption of these products, supported more exports and reduced the need for imports.

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<sup>10</sup> Throughout this report, unless specifically noted otherwise, export data consist of data on U.S. domestic exports and import data consist of data on U.S. imports for consumption, both as reported by Census. The merchandise trade balance derived on this basis may differ from another measure of the merchandise trade balance, defined as total exports minus general imports, which is generally reported by Census and other federal agencies (see definitions of trade terms at <http://www.census.gov/foreign-trade/reference/definitions>). Note that imports for consumption may include re-exports—goods that are imported into the United States and then exported without any substantial alteration—while domestic exports do not. As a result, when trade deficits with certain partners are calculated as U.S. domestic exports minus U.S. imports for consumption, they may be larger than the deficits calculated using total exports minus general imports. This difference is most notable in bilateral trade with Canada and Mexico.

**Table US.2** U.S. exports of domestic merchandise, imports for consumption, and merchandise trade balance, by major industry/commodity sectors, 2009–13

| Item                                 | Million \$ |           |           |           |           | Absolute change, 2012–13 | Percent change, 2012–13 |
|--------------------------------------|------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|--------------------------|-------------------------|
|                                      | 2009       | 2010      | 2011      | 2012      | 2013      |                          |                         |
| U.S. exports of domestic merchandise |            |           |           |           |           |                          |                         |
| Agricultural products                | 103,184    | 121,473   | 145,724   | 149,293   | 152,162   | 2,869                    | 1.9                     |
| Forest products                      | 30,489     | 36,381    | 39,274    | 38,309    | 39,244    | 935                      | 2.4                     |
| Chemicals and related products       | 165,948    | 197,026   | 213,983   | 217,452   | 218,078   | 626                      | 0.3                     |
| Energy-related products              | 59,827     | 85,468    | 134,088   | 142,294   | 152,652   | 10,358                   | 7.3                     |
| Textiles and apparel                 | 14,653     | 17,350    | 19,433    | 19,211    | 19,754    | 543                      | 2.8                     |
| Footwear                             | 620        | 728       | 832       | 824       | 789       | -36                      | -4.3                    |
| Minerals and metals                  | 84,351     | 109,910   | 140,640   | 140,516   | 133,749   | -6,767                   | -4.8                    |
| Machinery                            | 85,427     | 104,379   | 115,193   | 122,404   | 122,269   | -135                     | -0.1                    |
| Transportation equipment             | 194,082    | 222,403   | 257,589   | 285,772   | 293,023   | 7,251                    | 2.5                     |
| Electronic products                  | 142,938    | 159,833   | 164,537   | 167,003   | 166,976   | -27                      | (a)                     |
| Miscellaneous manufactures           | 24,765     | 25,542    | 26,759    | 27,914    | 29,843    | 1,929                    | 6.9                     |
| Special provisions                   | 30,460     | 41,638    | 41,123    | 42,218    | 43,501    | 1,283                    | 3.0                     |
| Total                                | 936,745    | 1,122,131 | 1,299,176 | 1,353,211 | 1,372,039 | 18,827                   | 1.4                     |
| U.S. imports for consumption         |            |           |           |           |           |                          |                         |
| Agricultural products                | 87,301     | 97,572    | 115,585   | 122,400   | 125,699   | 3,299                    | 2.7                     |
| Forest products                      | 31,511     | 35,749    | 36,271    | 37,116    | 39,966    | 2,850                    | 7.7                     |
| Chemicals and related products       | 182,515    | 218,020   | 254,229   | 252,153   | 250,484   | -1,669                   | -0.7                    |
| Energy-related products              | 260,878    | 338,184   | 430,796   | 398,441   | 352,853   | -45,588                  | -11.4                   |
| Textiles and apparel                 | 90,581     | 104,199   | 113,611   | 113,507   | 117,225   | 3,718                    | 3.3                     |
| Footwear                             | 17,666     | 20,710    | 22,559    | 23,745    | 24,612    | 868                      | 3.7                     |
| Minerals and metals                  | 117,025    | 156,199   | 192,550   | 194,712   | 190,474   | -4,238                   | -2.2                    |
| Machinery                            | 110,061    | 130,469   | 154,948   | 166,237   | 169,113   | 2,876                    | 1.7                     |
| Transportation equipment             | 199,808    | 266,946   | 306,579   | 358,409   | 371,548   | 13,138                   | 3.7                     |
| Electronic products                  | 311,420    | 377,617   | 400,592   | 413,767   | 417,226   | 3,459                    | 0.8                     |
| Miscellaneous manufactures           | 84,437     | 97,346    | 99,415    | 104,443   | 109,412   | 4,970                    | 4.8                     |
| Special provisions                   | 55,960     | 55,600    | 59,815    | 66,105    | 71,137    | 5,032                    | 7.6                     |
| Total                                | 1,549,163  | 1,898,610 | 2,186,951 | 2,251,035 | 2,239,750 | -11,285                  | -0.5                    |

See footnote(s) at end of table.

| Item                           | Million \$ |          |          |          |          | Absolute change, 2012–13 | Percent change, 2012–13 |
|--------------------------------|------------|----------|----------|----------|----------|--------------------------|-------------------------|
|                                | 2009       | 2010     | 2011     | 2012     | 2013     |                          |                         |
| U.S. merchandise trade balance |            |          |          |          |          |                          |                         |
| Agricultural products          | 15,883     | 23,901   | 30,139   | 26,893   | 26,464   | -430                     | -1.6                    |
| Forest products                | -1,022     | 632      | 3,003    | 1,193    | -723     | -1,915                   | ( <sup>b</sup> )        |
| Chemicals and related products | -16,567    | -20,994  | -40,246  | -34,701  | -32,406  | 2,294                    | 6.6                     |
| Energy-related products        | -201,051   | -252,716 | -296,708 | -256,147 | -200,201 | 55,946                   | 21.8                    |
| Textiles and apparel           | -75,928    | -86,849  | -94,178  | -94,297  | -97,472  | -3,175                   | -3.4                    |
| Footwear                       | -17,046    | -19,982  | -21,728  | -22,920  | -23,824  | -903                     | -3.9                    |
| Minerals and metals            | -32,674    | -46,288  | -51,910  | -54,196  | -56,725  | -2,529                   | -4.7                    |
| Machinery                      | -24,634    | -26,090  | -39,755  | -43,833  | -46,844  | -3,011                   | -6.9                    |
| Transportation equipment       | -5,726     | -44,543  | -48,989  | -72,637  | -78,525  | -5,888                   | -8.1                    |
| Electronic products            | -168,483   | -217,784 | -236,055 | -246,764 | -250,250 | -3,486                   | -1.4                    |
| Miscellaneous manufactures     | -59,672    | -71,804  | -72,656  | -76,529  | -79,570  | -3,041                   | -4.0                    |
| Special provisions             | -25,500    | -13,962  | -18,692  | -23,887  | -27,635  | -3,749                   | -15.7                   |
| Total                          | -612,419   | -776,479 | -887,775 | -897,824 | -867,712 | 30,112                   | 3.4                     |

Source: Compiled from official statistics of the U.S. Department of Commerce.

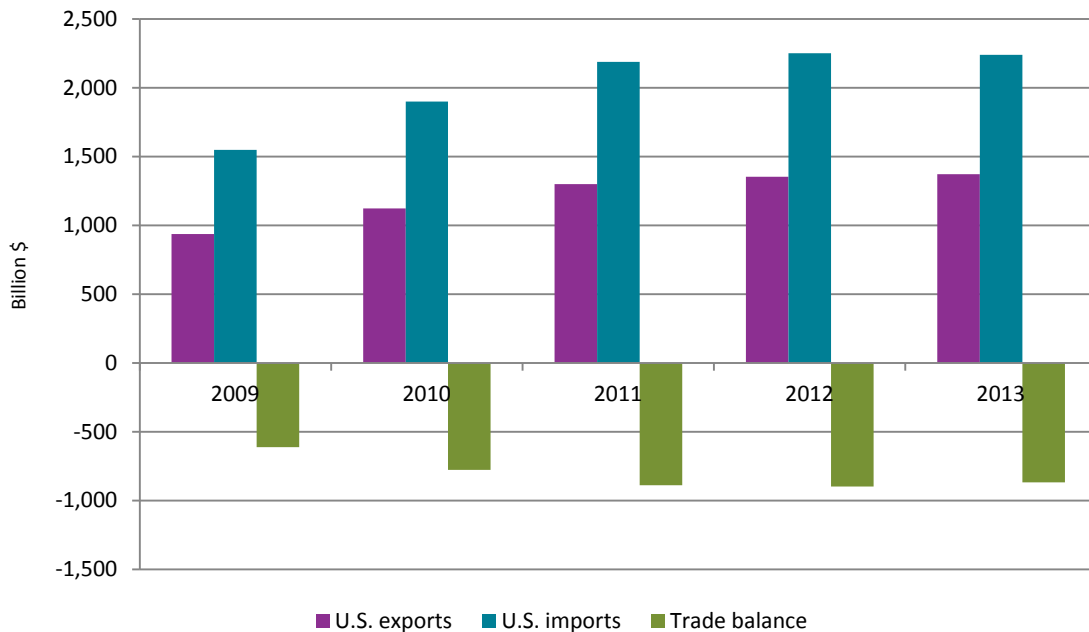
Note: Import values are based on customs value; export values are based on free along ship value, U.S. port of export. Calculations based on unrounded data. Sectors are ordered by the level of processing of the products classified therein.

<sup>a</sup>Less than 0.05 percent.

<sup>b</sup>Not meaningful for purposes of comparison.



**Figure US.1** U.S. exports of domestic merchandise, imports for consumption, and merchandise trade balance, 2009–13



Source: Compiled from official statistics of the U.S. Department of Commerce.

## U.S. Exports

In 2013, U.S. exports increased by \$18.8 billion (1 percent) to \$1,372.0 billion, as exports in 6 of the 10 sectors reviewed in this report increased. The energy-related products sector recorded the greatest increase in both absolute (\$10.4 billion) and percentage (7 percent) terms. In addition to the changes in domestic production and consumption of energy-related products noted above, continued strong global demand for distillate fuel oils also contributed to increased U.S. exports in this sector.

U.S. exports of transportation equipment and minerals and metals experienced the next-largest shifts in 2013. Exports of aircraft equipment and motor vehicles increased by \$13.6 billion, driving the transportation equipment sector's overall \$7.3 billion rise in exports (table US.3).

Increased domestic consumption of natural and synthetic stones and decreased interest in holding precious metals led to a decline in U.S. minerals and metals exports (down \$6.7 billion, or 5 percent). In anticipation of greater U.S. demand for jewelry, the U.S. industry exported fewer stones for cutting and processing overseas.

## **U.S. Imports**

In 2013, the value of total U.S. imports fell 0.5 percent to \$2,239.8 billion, with the largest absolute shifts occurring in energy-related products (down \$45.6 billion to \$352.9 billion), transportation equipment (up \$13.1 billion to \$371.5 billion), and minerals and metals (down \$4.2 billion to \$190.5 billion). Significant reductions in imports of energy-related products (down \$45.6 billion, or 11 percent) drove the contraction in the value of overall U.S. imports. Lower domestic consumption of crude petroleum and higher U.S. production of this commodity contributed to these reductions.

Mexican suppliers accounted for most of the growth in U.S. imports of transportation equipment in 2013. Benefiting from proximity to the United States, lower labor costs than the United States, and duty-free access under the North American Free Trade Agreement (NAFTA), Mexico's exports to the United States increased by \$7.2 billion (9 percent) even as exports to the U.S. market from Canada and Japan declined.

**Table US.3** All merchandise sectors: Leading changes in U.S. exports and imports, 2009–13

| Item  | Million \$ |           |           |           |           | Absolute change, 2012–13 | Percent change, 2012–13 |
|---|------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|--------------------------|-------------------------|
|   | 2009       | 2010      | 2011      | 2012      | 2013      |                          |                         |
| <b>U.S. EXPORTS</b>   |            |           |           |           |           |                          |                         |
| <b>Increases</b>  |            |           |           |           |           |                          |                         |
| Transportation equipment<br>Aircraft, spacecraft, and related equipment (TE013) | 77,700     | 73,949    | 82,028    | 95,210    | 104,881   | 9,671                    | 10.2                    |
| Motor vehicles (TE009)  | 35,963     | 48,940    | 59,454    | 65,669    | 69,557    | 3,888                    | 5.9                     |
| Energy-related products<br>Petroleum products (EP005)                           | 42,048     | 61,131    | 100,425   | 111,355   | 119,700   | 8,345                    | 7.5                     |
| Natural gas and components (EP006)  | 5,270      | 7,805     | 10,394    | 9,225     | 13,039    | 3,814                    | 41.3                    |
| Crude petroleum (EP004)   | 1,620      | 1,384     | 1,460     | 2,184     | 4,818     | 2,635                    | 120.6                   |
| Animal feeds (AG013)  | 8,498      | 9,677     | 10,103    | 12,476    | 14,525    | 2,050                    | 16.4                    |
| <b>Decreases</b>  |            |           |           |           |           |                          |                         |
| Construction and mining equipment (TE004)                                       | 19,777     | 22,010    | 27,971    | 29,959    | 23,729    | -6,230                   | -20.8                   |
| Coal, coke, and related chemical products (EP003)                               | 8,079      | 12,612    | 19,471    | 17,779    | 13,665    | -4,115                   | -23.1                   |
| Precious metals and non-numismatic coins (MM020)                                | 20,699     | 28,033    | 42,230    | 42,762    | 38,868    | -3,893                   | -9.1                    |
| Oilseeds (AG032)  | 16,780     | 18,936    | 17,875    | 25,040    | 21,794    | -3,245                   | -13.0                   |
| <b>All other</b>  | 700,312    | 837,653   | 927,765   | 941,554   | 947,462   | 5,908                    | 0.6                     |
| <b>Total</b>  | 936,745    | 1,122,131 | 1,299,176 | 1,353,211 | 1,372,039 | 18,827                   | 1.4                     |
| <b>U.S. IMPORTS</b>   |            |           |           |           |           |                          |                         |
| <b>Increases</b>  |            |           |           |           |           |                          |                         |
| Transportation equipment<br>Motor vehicles (TE009)                              | 94,348     | 132,471   | 144,426   | 171,556   | 180,005   | 8,449                    | 4.9                     |
| Aircraft, spacecraft, and related equipment (TE013)                             | 18,339     | 18,931    | 21,546    | 24,107    | 29,080    | 4,973                    | 20.6                    |
| Certain motor-vehicle parts (TE010)   | 35,296     | 51,903    | 59,875    | 69,605    | 71,969    | 2,364                    | 3.4                     |
| Telecommunications equipment (EL002)  | 60,299     | 74,065    | 79,771    | 83,831    | 89,161    | 5,330                    | 6.4                     |
| Natural and synthetic gemstones (MM019)   | 13,608     | 19,730    | 23,625    | 21,597    | 24,733    | 3,136                    | 14.5                    |
| Apparel (TX005)   | 69,457     | 78,501    | 85,668    | 84,962    | 87,658    | 2,696                    | 3.2                     |
| <b>Decreases:</b>   |            |           |           |           |           |                          |                         |
| Energy-related products<br>Crude petroleum (EP004)                              | 150,809    | 196,862   | 246,894   | 228,944   | 195,487   | -33,457                  | -14.6                   |
| Petroleum products (EP005)  | 72,581     | 97,889    | 135,170   | 129,773   | 118,136   | -11,638                  | -9.0                    |
| Steel mill products (MM025)   | 16,995     | 22,928    | 30,765    | 34,303    | 29,065    | -5,238                   | -15.3                   |
| Consumer electronics (EL003)  | 47,186     | 51,031    | 46,343    | 47,714    | 42,936    | -4,779                   | -10.0                   |
| Medicinal chemicals (CH019)   | 82,417     | 86,603    | 92,732    | 88,771    | 85,477    | -3,294                   | -3.7                    |
| Construction and mining equipment (TE004)                                       | 6,345      | 8,213     | 12,935    | 16,302    | 13,727    | -2,576                   | -15.8                   |
| <b>All other</b>  | 881,484    | 1,059,482 | 1,207,200 | 1,249,571 | 1,272,318 | 22,747                   | 1.8                     |
| <b>Total</b>  | 1,549,163  | 1,898,610 | 2,186,951 | 2,251,035 | 2,239,750 | -11,285                  | -0.5                    |

Source: Compiled from official statistics of the U.S. Department of Commerce.

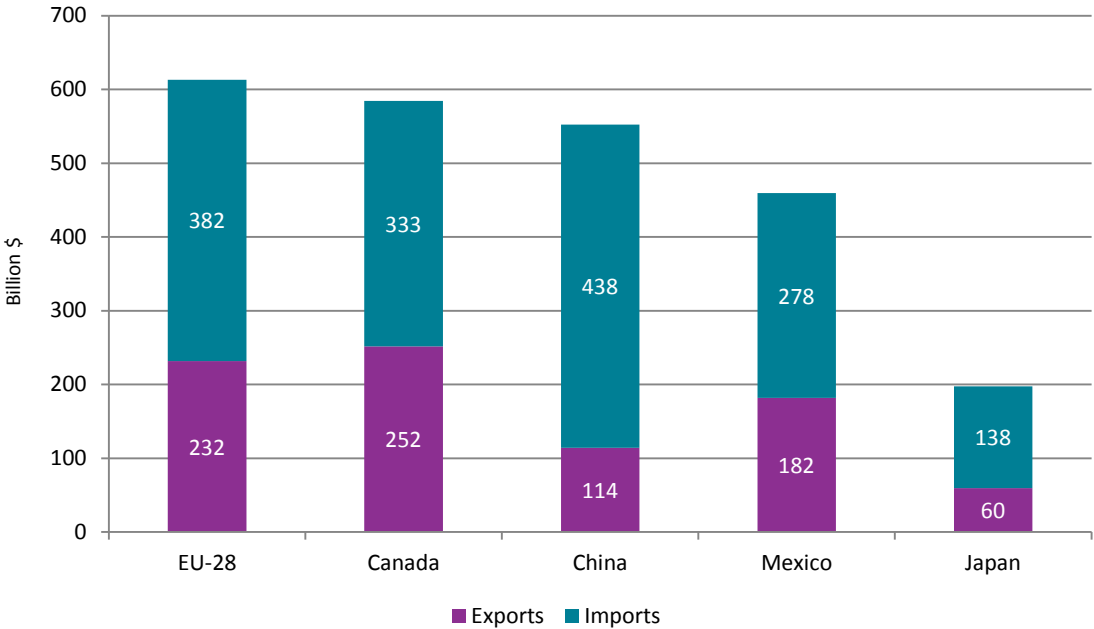
Note: Import values are based on customs value; export values are based on free along ship value, U.S. port of export. Calculations based on unrounded data. In 2009, 60 export commodity classification (schedule B) codes covering all civilian aircraft, engines, equipment, and parts were consolidated into a single code by the U.S. Census Bureau. This reclassification may have accounted for some of the shifts in exports in the transportation equipment sector.

# Shifts in U.S. Bilateral/Multilateral Trade Among Leading Trading Partners

In 2013, the United States' top five trading partners continued to be the 28 members of the European Union (EU-28), Canada, China, Mexico, and Japan (figure US.2). U.S. trade deficits increased with the EU-28 (up \$11.3 billion to \$149.9 billion), China (up \$2.5 billion to \$323.8 billion), and Canada (up \$1.5 billion to \$81.2 billion), but fell with Japan (down \$1.7 billion to \$78.3 billion) and Mexico (down \$5.3 billion to \$96.0 billion) (table US.4). Together, these trading partners accounted for 67 percent of total U.S. trade with the world. The U.S. trade deficit with these countries was equivalent to 84 percent of the total U.S. trade deficit.

The largest trade balance shift in 2013 occurred with the members of the Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries (OPEC): <sup>11</sup> the collective U.S. trade deficit with this group fell by \$31.5 billion (33 percent) to \$63.4 billion. The United States reduced its imports of energy-related products from several individual OPEC members by \$5–\$7 billion each. The combined effect on U.S. trade with OPEC and on the overall U.S. trade balance was substantial.

**Figure US.2** Total trade between the United States and its five largest trading partners, 2013



Source: Compiled from official statistics of the U.S. Department of Commerce.

<sup>11</sup> There are currently 12 OPEC member countries: Algeria, Angola, Ecuador, Iran, Iraq, Kuwait, Libya, Nigeria, Qatar, Saudi Arabia, United Arab Emirates, and Venezuela.

**Table US.4** All merchandise sectors: U.S. exports of domestic merchandise, imports for consumption, and merchandise trade balance, by selected countries and country groups, 2009–13

| Item                                 | Million \$ |           |           |           |           | Absolute change, 2012–13 | Percent change, 2012–13 |
|--------------------------------------|------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|--------------------------|-------------------------|
|                                      | 2009       | 2010      | 2011      | 2012      | 2013      |                          |                         |
| U.S. exports of domestic merchandise |            |           |           |           |           |                          |                         |
| Canada                               | 171,695    | 205,956   | 233,774   | 244,199   | 251,685   | 7,486                    | 3.1                     |
| China                                | 65,124     | 85,746    | 96,898    | 103,508   | 114,313   | 10,806                   | 10.4                    |
| Mexico                               | 105,718    | 131,602   | 159,910   | 175,159   | 181,690   | 6,531                    | 3.7                     |
| Japan                                | 47,074     | 55,727    | 61,409    | 64,599    | 59,689    | -4,910                   | -7.6                    |
| Germany                              | 40,229     | 44,391    | 44,240    | 43,676    | 42,372    | -1,304                   | -3.0                    |
| Korea                                | 27,074     | 36,836    | 41,311    | 40,004    | 39,008    | -996                     | -2.5                    |
| United Kingdom                       | 41,990     | 44,005    | 49,984    | 48,293    | 41,228    | -7,065                   | -14.6                   |
| France                               | 24,367     | 24,421    | 25,361    | 27,491    | 28,351    | 859                      | 3.1                     |
| Brazil                               | 22,135     | 30,157    | 37,275    | 37,252    | 37,627    | 375                      | 1.0                     |
| Saudi Arabia                         | 10,235     | 10,712    | 12,823    | 16,935    | 17,656    | 721                      | 4.3                     |
| All other                            | 381,104    | 452,578   | 536,192   | 552,096   | 558,419   | 6,324                    | 1.1                     |
| Total                                | 936,745    | 1,122,131 | 1,299,176 | 1,353,211 | 1,372,039 | 18,827                   | 1.4                     |
| EU-28                                | 202,581    | 217,629   | 241,587   | 235,916   | 231,676   | -4,240                   | -1.8                    |
| OPEC                                 | 46,750     | 50,050    | 59,461    | 75,855    | 77,801    | 1,946                    | 2.6                     |
| Latin America                        | 205,299    | 256,600   | 312,562   | 340,366   | 346,893   | 6,527                    | 1.9                     |
| Asia                                 | 238,447    | 307,077   | 345,014   | 349,499   | 360,224   | 10,725                   | 3.1                     |
| Sub-Saharan Africa                   | 14,638     | 16,437    | 20,298    | 21,573    | 22,969    | 1,396                    | 6.5                     |
| U.S. imports for consumption         |            |           |           |           |           |                          |                         |
| Canada                               | 224,584    | 275,536   | 316,397   | 323,925   | 332,887   | 8,962                    | 2.8                     |
| China                                | 295,545    | 364,047   | 398,467   | 424,874   | 438,147   | 13,273                   | 3.1                     |
| Mexico                               | 176,309    | 228,824   | 262,671   | 276,408   | 277,664   | 1,255                    | 0.5                     |
| Japan                                | 96,002     | 119,938   | 127,901   | 144,538   | 137,954   | -6,584                   | -4.6                    |
| Germany                              | 69,790     | 80,886    | 96,539    | 105,084   | 112,233   | 7,149                    | 6.8                     |
| Korea                                | 38,770     | 47,914    | 56,006    | 57,874    | 61,979    | 4,105                    | 7.1                     |
| United Kingdom                       | 47,019     | 49,293    | 51,045    | 54,497    | 52,165    | -2,332                   | -4.3                    |
| France                               | 33,961     | 38,241    | 39,596    | 41,099    | 44,697    | 3,598                    | 8.8                     |
| Brazil                               | 19,612     | 23,402    | 30,368    | 31,720    | 26,861    | -4,860                   | -15.3                   |
| Saudi Arabia                         | 21,366     | 30,911    | 45,130    | 52,306    | 46,576    | -5,730                   | -11.0                   |
| All other                            | 526,207    | 639,620   | 762,832   | 738,710   | 708,589   | -30,121                  | -4.1                    |
| Total                                | 1,549,163  | 1,898,610 | 2,186,951 | 2,251,035 | 2,239,750 | -11,285                  | -0.5                    |
| EU-28                                | 278,355    | 315,213   | 362,856   | 374,570   | 381,591   | 7,021                    | 1.9                     |
| OPEC                                 | 109,883    | 147,136   | 184,730   | 170,756   | 141,246   | -29,510                  | -17.3                   |
| Latin America                        | 283,049    | 358,048   | 429,290   | 443,139   | 429,634   | -13,505                  | -3.0                    |
| Asia                                 | 583,910    | 718,322   | 792,540   | 844,754   | 860,554   | 15,800                   | 1.9                     |
| Sub-Saharan Africa                   | 47,159     | 64,351    | 74,019    | 49,591    | 39,419    | -10,173                  | -20.5                   |

See footnote(s) at end of table.

| Item                           | Million \$ |          |          |          |          | Absolute change, 2012–13 | Percent change, 2012–13 |
|--------------------------------|------------|----------|----------|----------|----------|--------------------------|-------------------------|
|                                | 2009       | 2010     | 2011     | 2012     | 2013     |                          |                         |
| U.S. merchandise trade balance |            |          |          |          |          |                          |                         |
| Canada                         | -52,889    | -69,580  | -82,623  | -79,726  | -81,202  | -1,476                   | -1.9                    |
| China                          | -230,421   | -278,301 | -301,569 | -321,367 | -323,834 | -2,467                   | -0.8                    |
| Mexico                         | -70,591    | -97,222  | -102,761 | -101,249 | -95,973  | 5,276                    | 5.2                     |
| Japan                          | -48,928    | -64,211  | -66,492  | -79,939  | -78,265  | 1,674                    | 2.1                     |
| Germany                        | -29,561    | -36,495  | -52,299  | -61,408  | -69,861  | -8,452                   | -13.8                   |
| Korea                          | -11,696    | -11,077  | -14,695  | -17,870  | -22,971  | -5,100                   | -28.5                   |
| United Kingdom                 | -5,030     | -5,288   | -1,060   | -6,204   | -10,937  | -4,733                   | -76.3                   |
| France                         | -9,593     | -13,819  | -14,236  | -13,608  | -16,346  | -2,739                   | -20.1                   |
| Brazil                         | 2,523      | 6,755    | 6,907    | 5,532    | 10,767   | 5,235                    | 94.6                    |
| Saudi Arabia                   | -11,131    | -20,199  | -32,307  | -35,371  | -28,920  | 6,451                    | 18.2                    |
| All other                      | -145,103   | -187,042 | -226,640 | -186,614 | -150,169 | 36,445                   | 19.5                    |
| Total                          | -612,419   | -776,479 | -887,775 | -897,824 | -867,712 | 30,112                   | 3.4                     |
| EU-28                          | -75,774    | -97,584  | -121,269 | -138,654 | -149,915 | -11,260                  | -8.1                    |
| OPEC                           | -63,133    | -97,086  | -125,268 | -94,901  | -63,445  | 31,455                   | 33.1                    |
| Latin America                  | -77,750    | -101,448 | -116,729 | -102,772 | -82,741  | 20,031                   | 19.5                    |
| Asia                           | -345,463   | -411,246 | -447,526 | -495,255 | -500,330 | -5,075                   | -1.0                    |
| Sub-Saharan Africa             | -32,521    | -47,915  | -53,721  | -28,019  | -16,450  | 11,569                   | 41.3                    |

Source: Compiled from official statistics of the U.S. Department of Commerce.

Note: Import values are based on customs value; export values are based on free along ship value, U.S. port of export. Calculations based on unrounded data. The countries shown are those with the largest total U.S. trade (U.S. imports plus U.S. exports) in these products in the current year.

The U.S. trade deficit with China—the largest source of U.S. imports by value—grew by \$2.5 billion (0.8 percent) to \$323.8 billion in 2013. Electronic products, comprising computers, peripherals, and telecommunications equipment, continued to account for 40 percent of U.S. merchandise imports from China.

Overall trade with Japan—the fourth-largest source of U.S. imports by value—contracted by over 5 percent in 2013. Declines occurred in both exports (down by \$4.9 billion, or 8 percent) and imports (down by \$6.6 billion, or 5 percent) and were distributed across many sectors. The U.S. trade deficit with Japan fell by 2 percent in 2013.

# **Part II**

## **Bilateral Trade**

This section of the report analyzes U.S. merchandise trade with three selected trading partners—Brazil, China, and Vietnam. U.S. merchandise trade with all three of these countries changed significantly from 2012 to 2013. The section also examines bilateral U.S. trade with the Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries (OPEC), a group of 12 countries that accounted for 41 percent of world total crude petroleum production in 2013.



# Brazil

Alison Rozema  
(202) 205-3458

[alison.rozema@usitc.gov](mailto:alison.rozema@usitc.gov)

## Change in 2013 from 2012:

U.S. trade surplus: Increased by \$5.2 billion (95 percent) to \$10.8 billion

U.S. exports: Increased by \$375 million (1 percent) to \$37.6 billion

U.S. imports: Decreased by \$4.9 billion (15 percent) to \$26.9 billion

The U.S. trade surplus with Brazil increased by \$5.2 billion in 2013 (95 percent), owing almost entirely to a \$4.9 billion reduction in the value of U.S. imports (table BR.1 and figure BR.1). While four of the U.S. industry sectors reviewed in this report recorded a trade deficit with Brazil in 2013,<sup>12</sup> substantial trade surpluses in chemicals and related products and energy-related products largely accounted for the overall increase in the United States' trade surplus with Brazil. The main contributors to the growth in the trade surplus were the significant decline in the value of U.S. imports of energy-related products from Brazil coupled with the increase in U.S. exports of agricultural products to Brazil.

Brazil's gross domestic product (GDP) rose 2.5 percent in 2013. The Brazilian economy is relatively stable, and changes in the U.S. trade balance with Brazil were not a result of movements in the Brazilian economy. Rather, the change was largely the result of falling global prices for energy-related products, which caused the value of U.S. imports from Brazil to drop significantly.

## U.S. Exports

The value of U.S. exports to Brazil increased by just 1 percent (about \$375 million) to \$37.6 billion in 2013, with increased exports of agricultural products driving the growth. Agricultural product exports grew by \$1.3 billion, fueled mostly by increases in cereals exports (table BR.2).

U.S. exports of cereals to Brazil grew by \$1.2 billion (over 7,000 percent) in 2013. This sharp increase was driven by a surge in U.S. wheat exports. The United States exported almost 3.5 million metric tons (mmt) in 2013, the largest amount in 30 years, fueled by a spike in Brazilian demand and a record U.S. wheat crop.<sup>13</sup> While Brazil, a large net wheat importer,

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<sup>12</sup> These sectors include agricultural products; forest products; footwear; and minerals and metals.

<sup>13</sup> USDA, FAS, U.S. Wheat Exports to Brazil Highest in 30 Years, February 19, 2014, 1–2.

**Table BR.1** Brazil: U.S. exports of domestic merchandise, imports for consumption, and merchandise trade balance, by major industry/commodity sectors, 2009–13

| Item                                 | Million \$ |        |        |        |        | Absolute change, 2012–13 | Percent change, 2012–13 |
|--------------------------------------|------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------------------------|-------------------------|
|                                      | 2009       | 2010   | 2011   | 2012   | 2013   |                          |                         |
| U.S. exports of domestic merchandise |            |        |        |        |        |                          |                         |
| Agricultural products                | 349        | 564    | 1,892  | 695    | 1,952  | 1,257                    | 180.8                   |
| Forest products                      | 359        | 445    | 481    | 418    | 388    | -30                      | -7.2                    |
| Chemicals and related products       | 5,714      | 7,815  | 8,875  | 8,987  | 9,818  | 831                      | 9.2                     |
| Energy-related products              | 2,022      | 4,368  | 6,501  | 7,382  | 6,712  | -669                     | -9.1                    |
| Textiles and apparel                 | 188        | 246    | 271    | 284    | 254    | -30                      | -10.4                   |
| Footwear                             | 1          | 2      | 4      | 2      | 2      | -1                       | -30.1                   |
| Minerals and metals                  | 784        | 1,140  | 1,177  | 1,257  | 1,330  | 73                       | 5.8                     |
| Machinery                            | 2,144      | 3,061  | 3,516  | 3,794  | 3,961  | 166                      | 4.4                     |
| Transportation equipment             | 6,407      | 7,205  | 9,140  | 8,997  | 8,132  | -865                     | -9.6                    |
| Electronic products                  | 3,474      | 4,325  | 4,320  | 4,382  | 4,079  | -304                     | -6.9                    |
| Miscellaneous manufactures           | 184        | 218    | 291    | 263    | 227    | -36                      | -13.7                   |
| Special provisions                   | 510        | 768    | 807    | 790    | 773    | -17                      | -2.2                    |
| Total                                | 22,135     | 30,157 | 37,275 | 37,252 | 37,627 | 375                      | 1.0                     |
| U.S. imports for consumption         |            |        |        |        |        |                          |                         |
| Agricultural products                | 2,632      | 3,201  | 4,643  | 4,924  | 4,675  | -249                     | -5.1                    |
| Forest products                      | 1,300      | 1,790  | 1,793  | 1,802  | 2,159  | 357                      | 19.8                    |
| Chemicals and related products       | 1,883      | 2,705  | 3,191  | 3,157  | 2,514  | -643                     | -20.4                   |
| Energy-related products              | 6,118      | 7,000  | 8,918  | 8,631  | 4,869  | -3,762                   | -43.6                   |
| Textiles and apparel                 | 259        | 238    | 117    | 111    | 117    | 6                        | 5.1                     |
| Footwear                             | 382        | 360    | 253    | 210    | 200    | -10                      | -4.8                    |
| Minerals and metals                  | 2,458      | 3,346  | 5,554  | 5,603  | 5,214  | -389                     | -6.9                    |
| Machinery                            | 969        | 1,062  | 1,231  | 1,279  | 1,081  | -198                     | -15.5                   |
| Transportation equipment             | 2,066      | 2,221  | 2,949  | 3,325  | 3,325  | ( <sup>a</sup> )         | ( <sup>b</sup> )        |
| Electronic products                  | 321        | 305    | 288    | 323    | 254    | -68                      | -21.2                   |
| Miscellaneous manufactures           | 387        | 376    | 381    | 418    | 454    | 36                       | 8.6                     |
| Special provisions                   | 836        | 798    | 1,049  | 1,937  | 1,999  | 62                       | 3.2                     |
| Total                                | 19,612     | 23,402 | 30,368 | 31,720 | 26,861 | -4,860                   | -15.3                   |

See footnotes at end of table.

| Item                           | Million \$ |        |        |        |        | Absolute change,<br>2012–13 | Percent change,<br>2012–13 |
|--------------------------------|------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|-----------------------------|----------------------------|
|                                | 2009       | 2010   | 2011   | 2012   | 2013   |                             |                            |
| U.S. merchandise trade balance |            |        |        |        |        |                             |                            |
| Agricultural products          | -2,284     | -2,637 | -2,751 | -4,229 | -2,723 | 1,506                       | 35.6                       |
| Forest products                | -941       | -1,345 | -1,311 | -1,384 | -1,771 | -387                        | -28.0                      |
| Chemicals and related products | 3,831      | 5,110  | 5,684  | 5,830  | 7,303  | 1,474                       | 25.3                       |
| Energy-related products        | -4,096     | -2,633 | -2,417 | -1,250 | 1,843  | 3,093                       | ( <sup>c</sup> )           |
| Textiles and apparel           | -71        | 8      | 154    | 173    | 137    | -35                         | -20.5                      |
| Footwear                       | -381       | -358   | -249   | -207   | -198   | 9                           | 4.5                        |
| Minerals and metals            | -1,673     | -2,206 | -4,377 | -4,345 | -3,883 | 462                         | 10.6                       |
| Machinery                      | 1,174      | 1,999  | 2,285  | 2,516  | 2,880  | 365                         | 14.5                       |
| Transportation equipment       | 4,341      | 4,985  | 6,190  | 5,672  | 4,808  | -865                        | -15.2                      |
| Electronic products            | 3,153      | 4,020  | 4,033  | 4,060  | 3,824  | -236                        | -5.8                       |
| Miscellaneous manufactures     | -203       | -158   | -90    | -155   | -227   | -72                         | -46.2                      |
| Special provisions             | -326       | -30    | -242   | -1,147 | -1,226 | -79                         | -6.9                       |
| Total                          | 2,523      | 6,755  | 6,907  | 5,532  | 10,767 | 5,235                       | 94.6                       |

Source: Compiled from official statistics of the U.S. Department of Commerce.

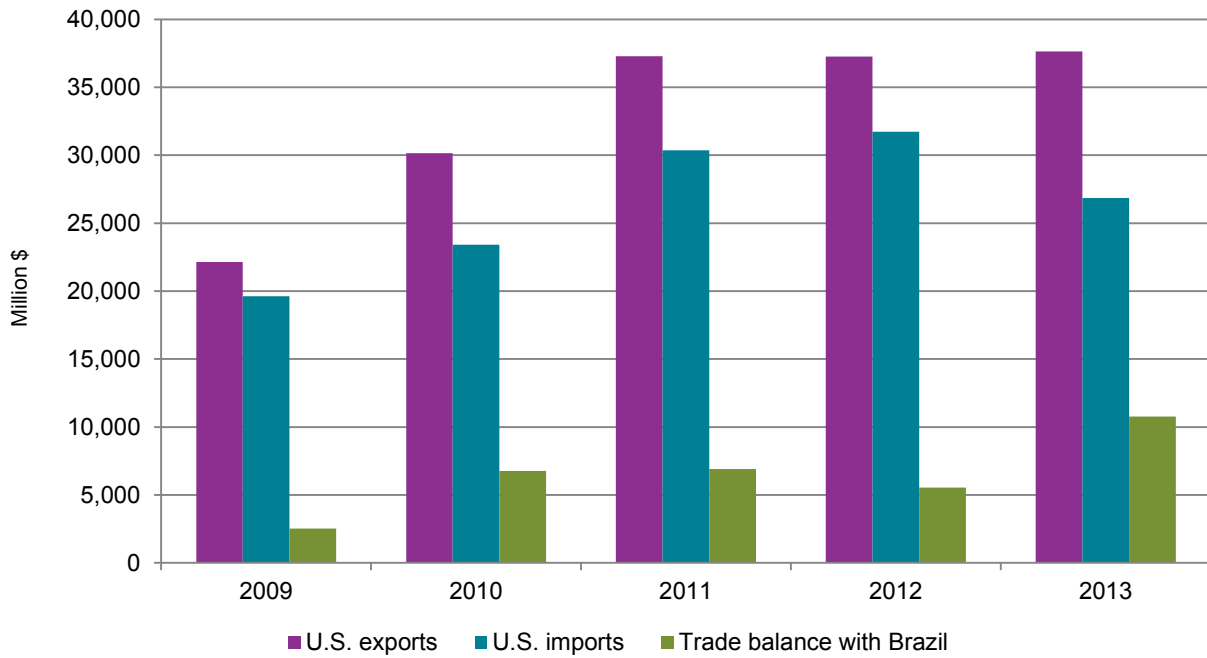
Note: Import values are based on customs value; export values are based on free along ship value, U.S. port of export. Calculations based on unrounded data. Sectors are ordered by the level of processing of the products classified therein.

<sup>a</sup>Less than \$500,000.

<sup>b</sup>Less than 0.05 percent.

<sup>c</sup>Not meaningful for purposes of comparison.

**Figure BR.1** U.S. exports of domestic merchandise, imports for consumption, and merchandise trade balance, 2009–13



Source: Compiled from official statistics of the U.S. Department of Commerce.

**Table BR.2** Brazil: Leading changes in U.S. exports and imports, 2009–13

| Item  | Million \$ |                  |                  |                  |        | Absolute change, 2012–13 | Percent change, 2012–13 |
|---|------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|--------|--------------------------|-------------------------|
|   | 2009       | 2010             | 2011             | 2012             | 2013   |                          |                         |
| <b>U.S. EXPORTS</b>                                 |            |                  |                  |                  |        |                          |                         |
| <b>Increases</b>                                    |            |                  |                  |                  |        |                          |                         |
| Cereals (AG030)                                     | 41         | 128              | 31               | 15               | 1,248  | 1,232                    | 7,975.2                 |
| <b>Decreases</b>                                    |            |                  |                  |                  |        |                          |                         |
| Petroleum products (EP005)                          | 1,026      | 2,778            | 4,315            | 5,684            | 4,972  | -711                     | -12.5                   |
| <b>All other</b>                                    | 21,068     | 27,250           | 32,928           | 31,553           | 31,408 | -145                     | -0.5                    |
| Total   | 22,135     | 30,157           | 37,275           | 37,252           | 37,627 | 375                      | 1.0                     |
| <b>U.S. IMPORTS</b>                                 |            |                  |                  |                  |        |                          |                         |
| <b>Increases</b>                                    |            |                  |                  |                  |        |                          |                         |
| Aircraft, spacecraft, and related equipment (TE013) | 722        | 697              | 872              | 985              | 1,742  | 757                      | 76.8                    |
| Oilseeds (AG032)                                    | 1          | ( <sup>a</sup> ) | ( <sup>a</sup> ) | ( <sup>a</sup> ) | 184    | 183                      | 42,525.7                |
| <b>Decreases</b>                                    |            |                  |                  |                  |        |                          |                         |
| Energy-related products                             | 4,661      | 5,188            | 6,498            | 5,374            | 2,659  | -2,715                   | -50.5                   |
| Crude petroleum (EP004)                             |            |                  |                  |                  |        |                          |                         |
| Petroleum products (EP005)                          | 1,150      | 1,367            | 1,783            | 2,633            | 1,918  | -715                     | -27.2                   |
| <b>All other</b>                                    | 13,079     | 16,149           | 21,214           | 22,728           | 20,358 | -2,370                   | -10.4                   |
| Total   | 19,612     | 23,402           | 30,368           | 31,720           | 26,861 | -4,860                   | -15.3                   |

Source: Compiled from official statistics of the U.S. Department of Commerce.

Note: Import values are based on customs value; export values are based on free along ship value, U.S. port of export. Calculations based on unrounded data. In 2009, 60 export commodity classification (schedule B) codes covering all civilian aircraft, engines, equipment, and parts were consolidated into a single code by the U.S. Census Bureau. This reclassification may have accounted for some of the shifts in exports in the transportation equipment sector.

<sup>a</sup>Less than \$500,000.

generally purchases its wheat from neighboring Argentina, shortages in Argentine production drove up its wheat prices.<sup>14</sup> The Argentine government imposed an export ban on wheat, leaving Brazilian consumers to find alternate sources of supply.<sup>15</sup> While U.S. wheat is usually subject to a 10 percent import duty in Brazil,<sup>16</sup> this common external tariff (CET) was waived through the summer of 2013 in order to lower the cost of imported wheat for Brazilian customers.<sup>17</sup> Although Argentina's export restriction on wheat is not permanent, the U.S. wheat industry views it as an opportunity for further export growth to Brazil in the future.<sup>18</sup>

The increase in agricultural exports to Brazil was largely offset by export declines in several other sectors, including exports of energy-related products and transportation equipment, which fell by over \$0.5 billion each (although these represented decreases of less than 10 percent from the previous year). In 2013, the quantity of U.S. exports of petroleum products to Brazil increased by 6 percent, from 60.7 million barrels in 2012 to 64.5 million barrels. However, the value of such exports decreased by 13 percent compared with 2012. This rise in volume but decline in value was caused by a drop in world prices of crude petroleum, the feedstock for the production of petroleum products. Average world prices for crude petroleum decreased by about 3 percent to \$108 per barrel in 2013. Brazil's 13 refineries have a capacity of 1.9 million barrels per day of crude petroleum and are currently operating at full capacity. The refining industry in Brazil is not able to fully process the nation's production of heavy crudes and, because of this capacity constraint, Brazil must import petroleum products to meet domestic demand.<sup>19</sup> Brazil accounts for only about 5 percent of total U.S. petroleum product exports, with Argentina being Brazil's primary source of these imports.

## U.S. Imports

The value of U.S. imports from Brazil fell by \$4.9 billion (15 percent) to \$26.9 billion in 2013. This decline was driven by a large decrease (almost \$3.8 billion) in both the value and the quantity of U.S. imports from Brazil of energy-related products.

U.S. imports of crude petroleum from Brazil decreased by 50 percent in value and by about 33 percent in terms of quantity. Although the United States is Brazil's primary market for crude petroleum, Brazil is not a major supplier to the U.S. market, accounting for less than 2 percent of total U.S. crude petroleum imports. Most of Brazil's crude production is heavy crude, which

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<sup>14</sup> Sjerven, "Brazil Emerges as Major Market for U.S. Wheat," August 28, 2013.

<sup>15</sup> In addition to a drought in Argentina, which depressed wheat output during the 2012–13 season, the Argentinian government's June announcement that it would not authorize wheat shipments likely lowered wheat production further, as growers switched to other crops. Southern states in Argentina plant wheat later in July and August, and the knowledge that the export market was limited by the government caused some producers to plant barley in lieu of wheat. Sjerven, "Brazil Emerges as Major Market for U.S. Wheat," August 28, 2013.

<sup>16</sup> The 10 percent duty is applied to all countries outside the Mercado Común del Sur (Common Market of the South) exporting wheat to Brazil. Sjerven, "Brazil Emerges as Major Market for U.S. Wheat," August 28, 2013.

<sup>17</sup> Brazil previously lifted a CET on wheat in 2008. This action, though temporary, also led to a surge of U.S. wheat exports to this market. U.S. Wheat Associates, "Wheat Exports Grow As Brazil Waives Tariff," April 11, 2013.

<sup>18</sup> U.S. Wheat Associates, "Wheat Exports Grow As Brazil Waives Tariff," April 11, 2013.

<sup>19</sup> USDOE, EIA, "Country Analysis: Brazil," October 2013.

yields fewer of the higher-valued petroleum products than light crudes do. During 2013, U.S. production of crude petroleum increased, while consumption decreased as a result of economic conditions.

U.S. imports of petroleum products from Brazil dropped by about 28 percent in terms of value and by about 3 percent in terms of quantity. The United States is not a major importer of petroleum products, as the U.S. domestic industry refines lighter crudes to satisfy most U.S. demand for petroleum products. Brazil supplied only about 1 percent of total U.S. imports of petroleum products in 2013.

Though energy-related products drove the overall decrease in U.S. imports from Brazil, U.S. imports of several product categories notably increased. U.S. imports of aircraft, spacecraft, and related equipment from Brazil increased by over \$750 billion (77 percent) to about \$1.7 billion. This growth reflected U.S. airlines' and business jet operators' investments in new regional jets and single-aisle aircraft produced by Embraer in Brazil.<sup>20</sup> Embraer also increased production of its small Phenom jet at its facility in Melbourne, Florida, which uses many parts produced in Brazil.<sup>21</sup>

Additionally, the United States imported oilseeds valued at \$184 million from Brazil in 2013, compared to less than \$0.5 million worth in 2012. U.S. imports of soybeans constituted most of this increase. The United States usually imports only a small amount of soybeans and was a large net exporter to the world in 2013. However, in 2012, the Midwestern states experienced a drought, while global demand for soybeans remained high. The United States and Brazil are generally able to satisfy global demand for soybeans, but delays and problems at Brazilian ports limited Brazil's ability to export soybeans, and as a result the United States exported for a longer time period than usual. U.S. soybean processors still needed to maintain their crush rate (the share of soybeans that are crushed) in order to provide soy oil and meal to consumers, and U.S. domestic stocks were getting smaller and more expensive. By the summer of 2013, the price difference between domestically produced soybeans and imported soybeans from Brazil was so low that many U.S. processors chose to import the oilseed from Brazil.<sup>22</sup>

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<sup>20</sup> Reuters, "Embraer Seeks to Maintain Profit Margin," February 26, 2014.

<sup>21</sup> Trimble, "Embraer Announces Melbourne Expansion," October 29, 2013; Thalji, "Aircraft Parts Have Port of Tampa Flying High," February 9, 2013.

<sup>22</sup> Government representative, email message to USITC staff, February 28, 2014; industry representative, email message to USITC staff, February 28, 2014.

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# China

Dennis Fravel  
(202) 205-3404  
[dennis.fravel@usitc.gov](mailto:dennis.fravel@usitc.gov)

## Change in 2013 from 2012:

U.S. trade deficit: Increased by \$2.5 billion (1 percent) to \$323.8 billion

U.S. exports: Increased by \$10.8 billion (10 percent) to \$114.3 billion

U.S. imports: Increased by \$13.3 billion (3 percent) to \$438.1 billion

The U.S. trade deficit with China increased by \$2.5 billion (1 percent) in 2013, as U.S. exports to China rose by \$10.8 billion and U.S. imports rose by \$13.3 billion (figure CN.1 and table CN.1). The increasing trade deficit resulted from rising deficits with China in machinery (up by \$2.7 billion), electronic products (up by \$2.3 billion), chemicals and related products (up by \$1.5 billion), and textiles and apparel (up by \$1.1 billion). Growth in the U.S. trade deficit with China was limited by a higher U.S. trade surplus in transportation equipment (up by \$6.6 billion). Two other U.S. industry sectors that had trade surpluses with China in 2013 were agricultural products and energy-related products. China's real GDP grew by 7.7 percent in both 2012 and 2013.<sup>23</sup>

## U.S. Exports

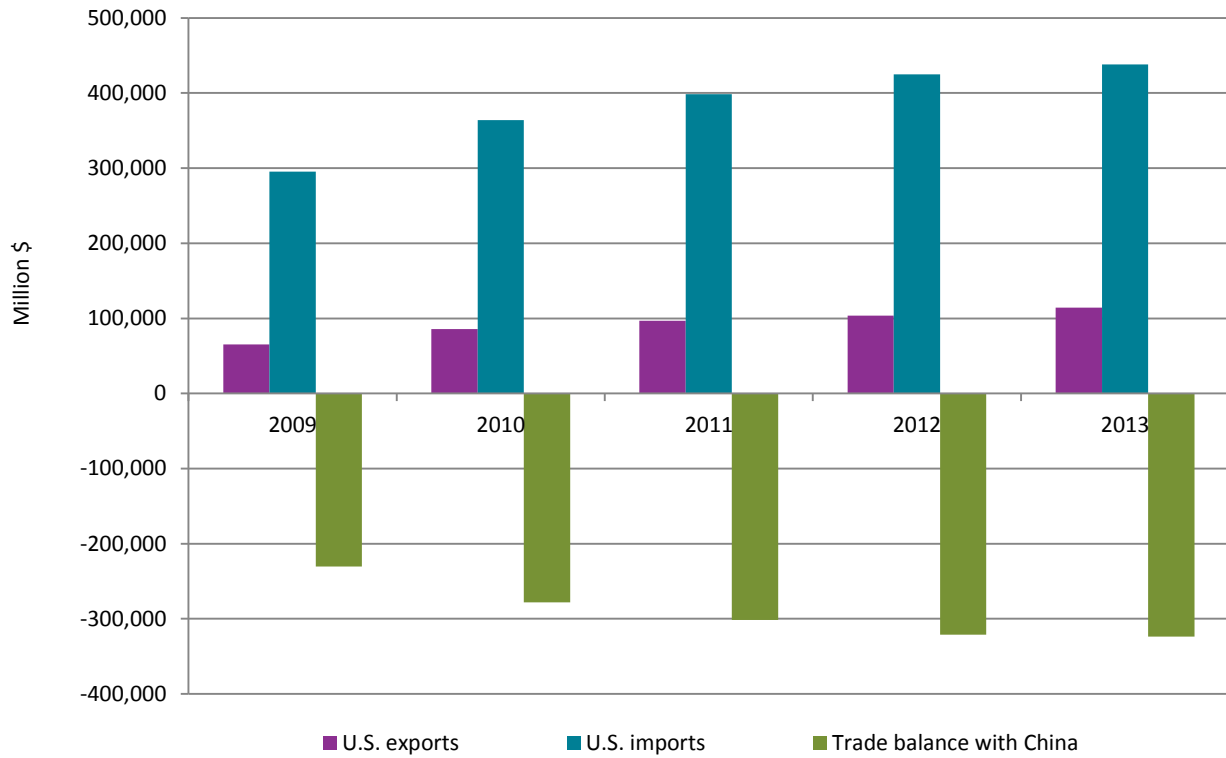
U.S. merchandise exports to China increased by \$10.8 billion (or 10 percent) to \$114.3 billion in 2013. The four sectors that contributed the most to the growth of U.S. merchandise exports to China in 2013 were transportation equipment (up by \$7.6 billion), electronic products (up by \$1.8 billion), forest products (up by \$583 million), and machinery (up by \$546 million) (table CN.1).

The transportation equipment sector accounted for the second-largest share (22 percent) of all U.S. merchandise exports to China in 2013, but represented the largest increase in U.S. exports to China (figure CN.2). Sector exports rose because of significant increases in 2013 of U.S. exports of aircraft, spacecraft, and related equipment (up by 53 percent, or \$4.2 billion) and motor vehicles (up by 51 percent, or \$2.8 billion) (table CN.2).

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<sup>23</sup> IMF, *World Economic Outlook*, January 2014.

**Figure CN.1** U.S. exports of domestic merchandise, imports for consumption, and merchandise trade balance, 2009–13



Source: Compiled from official statistics of the U.S. Department of Commerce.

**Table CN.1** China: U.S. exports of domestic merchandise, imports for consumption, and merchandise trade balance, by major industry/commodity sectors, 2009–13

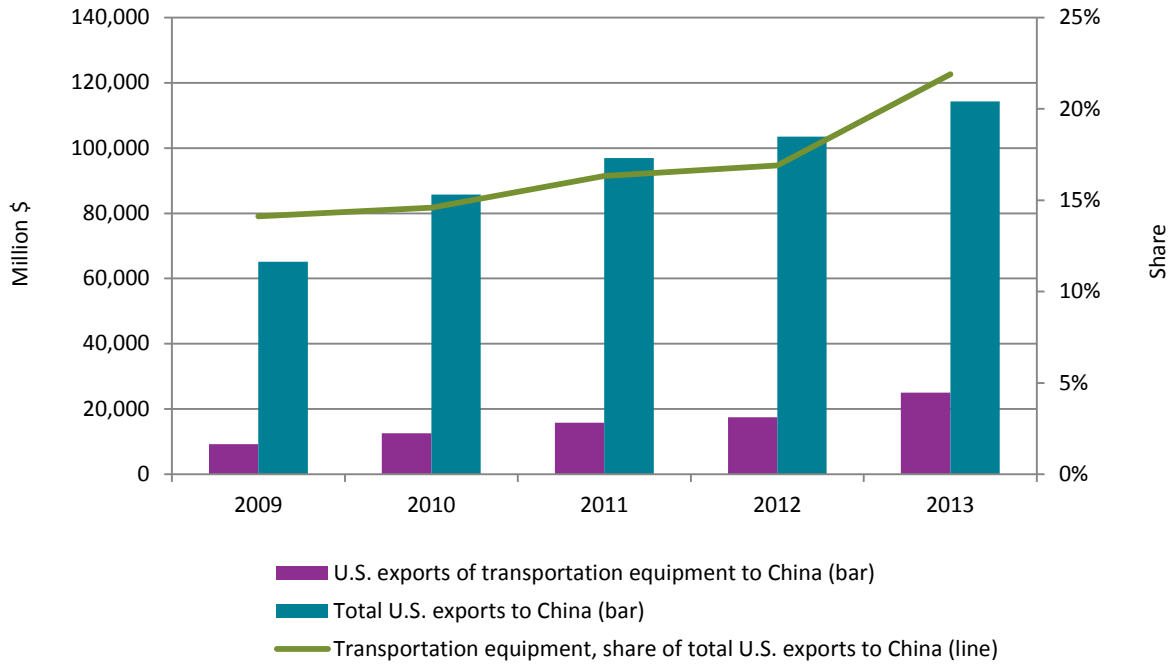
| Item                                 | Million \$ |         |         |         |         | Absolute change, 2012–13 | Percent change, 2012–13 |
|--------------------------------------|------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|--------------------------|-------------------------|
|                                      | 2009       | 2010    | 2011    | 2012    | 2013    |                          |                         |
| U.S. exports of domestic merchandise |            |         |         |         |         |                          |                         |
| Agricultural products                | 13,762     | 18,232  | 20,089  | 27,266  | 27,176  | -89                      | -0.3                    |
| Forest products                      | 3,720      | 5,050   | 6,722   | 6,208   | 6,791   | 583                      | 9.4                     |
| Chemicals and related products       | 10,643     | 13,344  | 15,021  | 14,205  | 14,128  | -76                      | -0.5                    |
| Energy-related products              | 708        | 1,619   | 2,308   | 2,785   | 3,057   | 272                      | 9.8                     |
| Textiles and apparel                 | 846        | 1,083   | 1,240   | 1,243   | 1,412   | 169                      | 13.6                    |
| Footwear                             | 44         | 55      | 56      | 47      | 44      | -3                       | -5.7                    |
| Minerals and metals                  | 8,703      | 10,791  | 13,489  | 12,099  | 11,998  | -101                     | -0.8                    |
| Machinery                            | 5,424      | 7,903   | 8,946   | 8,539   | 9,085   | 546                      | 6.4                     |
| Transportation equipment             | 9,193      | 12,519  | 15,827  | 17,494  | 25,038  | 7,544                    | 43.1                    |
| Electronic products                  | 11,133     | 13,493  | 11,889  | 12,331  | 14,123  | 1,792                    | 14.5                    |
| Miscellaneous manufactures           | 362        | 354     | 425     | 458     | 508     | 50                       | 10.9                    |
| Special provisions                   | 585        | 1,301   | 886     | 834     | 954     | 120                      | 14.3                    |
| Total                                | 65,124     | 85,746  | 96,898  | 103,508 | 114,313 | 10,806                   | 10.4                    |
| U.S. imports for consumption         |            |         |         |         |         |                          |                         |
| Agricultural products                | 4,850      | 5,653   | 6,498   | 7,043   | 6,967   | -76                      | -1.1                    |
| Forest products                      | 6,281      | 7,123   | 7,333   | 8,080   | 8,277   | 197                      | 2.4                     |
| Chemicals and related products       | 17,510     | 21,319  | 25,637  | 27,975  | 29,445  | 1,470                    | 5.3                     |
| Energy-related products              | 305        | 495     | 620     | 390     | 498     | 108                      | 27.7                    |
| Textiles and apparel                 | 35,083     | 42,095  | 44,798  | 44,949  | 46,239  | 1,289                    | 2.9                     |
| Footwear                             | 13,415     | 15,727  | 16,677  | 17,026  | 16,876  | -151                     | -0.9                    |
| Minerals and metals                  | 19,146     | 22,208  | 25,258  | 26,890  | 27,616  | 726                      | 2.7                     |
| Machinery                            | 25,995     | 32,326  | 36,534  | 40,730  | 44,024  | 3,294                    | 8.1                     |
| Transportation equipment             | 8,553      | 11,850  | 15,284  | 16,866  | 17,813  | 947                      | 5.6                     |
| Electronic products                  | 110,794    | 143,716 | 158,671 | 171,159 | 175,212 | 4,053                    | 2.4                     |
| Miscellaneous manufactures           | 49,892     | 57,635  | 57,041  | 59,339  | 60,574  | 1,235                    | 2.1                     |
| Special provisions                   | 3,721      | 3,900   | 4,116   | 4,425   | 4,606   | 181                      | 4.1                     |
| Total                                | 295,545    | 364,047 | 398,467 | 424,874 | 438,147 | 13,273                   | 3.1                     |

| Item                           | Million \$ |          |          |          |          | Absolute change, 2012–13 | Percent change, 2012–13 |
|--------------------------------|------------|----------|----------|----------|----------|--------------------------|-------------------------|
|                                | 2009       | 2010     | 2011     | 2012     | 2013     |                          |                         |
| U.S. merchandise trade balance |            |          |          |          |          |                          |                         |
| Agricultural products          | 8,913      | 12,579   | 13,591   | 20,223   | 20,210   | -13                      | -0.1                    |
| Forest products                | -2,561     | -2,073   | -612     | -1,872   | -1,486   | 386                      | 20.6                    |
| Chemicals and related products | -6,867     | -7,975   | -10,616  | -13,771  | -15,316  | -1,546                   | -11.2                   |
| Energy-related products        | 403        | 1,125    | 1,689    | 2,395    | 2,559    | 164                      | 6.8                     |
| Textiles and apparel           | -34,237    | -41,013  | -43,558  | -43,707  | -44,827  | -1,120                   | -2.6                    |
| Footwear                       | -13,371    | -15,671  | -16,622  | -16,979  | -16,831  | 148                      | 0.9                     |
| Minerals and metals            | -10,443    | -11,416  | -11,769  | -14,792  | -15,619  | -827                     | -5.6                    |
| Machinery                      | -20,571    | -24,423  | -27,588  | -32,191  | -34,939  | -2,748                   | -8.5                    |
| Transportation equipment       | 640        | 669      | 543      | 628      | 7,225    | 6,597                    | 1,050.5                 |
| Electronic products            | -99,661    | -130,223 | -146,782 | -158,828 | -161,089 | -2,260                   | -1.4                    |
| Miscellaneous manufactures     | -49,530    | -57,281  | -56,616  | -58,881  | -60,067  | -1,185                   | -2.0                    |
| Special provisions             | -3,136     | -2,599   | -3,230   | -3,592   | -3,653   | -61                      | -1.7                    |
| Total                          | -230,421   | -278,301 | -301,569 | -321,367 | -323,834 | -2,467                   | -0.8                    |

Source: Compiled from official statistics of the U.S. Department of Commerce.

Note: Import values are based on customs value; export values are based on free along ship value, U.S. port of export. Calculations based on unrounded data. Sectors are ordered by the level of processing of the products classified therein.

**Figure CN.2** China: Total U.S. exports, U.S. exports of transportation equipment, and share of total U.S. exports of transportation equipment



Source: Compiled from official statistics of the U.S. Department of Commerce.

**Table CN.2** China: Leading changes in U.S. exports and imports, 2009–13

| Item  | Million \$ |         |         |         |         | Absolute change, 2012–13 | Percent change 2012–13 |
|---|------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|--------------------------|------------------------|
|   | 2009       | 2010    | 2011    | 2012    | 2013    |                          |                        |
| <b>U.S. EXPORTS</b>   |            |         |         |         |         |                          |                        |
| <b>Increases</b>  |            |         |         |         |         |                          |                        |
| Transportation equipment  | 5,308      | 5,712   | 6,330   | 7,881   | 12,076  | 4,195                    | 53.2                   |
| Aircraft, spacecraft, and related equipment (TE013)             |            |         |         |         |         |                          |                        |
| Motor vehicles (TE009)  | 951        | 3,105   | 5,008   | 5,479   | 8,285   | 2,806                    | 51.2                   |
| Agricultural products   | 142        | 337     | 1,013   | 1,535   | 2,676   | 1,141                    | 74.3                   |
| Cereals (AG030)   |            |         |         |         |         |                          |                        |
| Animal feeds (AG013)  | 286        | 883     | 731     | 1,091   | 2,040   | 949                      | 86.9                   |
| Semiconductors and integrated circuits (EL015)                  | 4,164      | 5,198   | 3,486   | 2,659   | 3,561   | 902                      | 33.9                   |
| <b>Decreases</b>  |            |         |         |         |         |                          |                        |
| Agricultural products   | 9,222      | 10,824  | 10,454  | 14,973  | 13,372  | -1,601                   | -10.7                  |
| Oilseeds (AG032)  |            |         |         |         |         |                          |                        |
| Cotton, not carded or combed (AG049)                            | 824        | 2,064   | 2,562   | 3,422   | 2,181   | -1,240                   | -36.3                  |
| <b>All other</b>  | 44,228     | 57,622  | 67,313  | 66,467  | 70,121  | 3,654                    | 5.5                    |
| <b>Total</b>  | 65,124     | 85,746  | 96,898  | 103,508 | 114,313 | 10,806                   | 10.4                   |
| <b>Imports</b>  |            |         |         |         |         |                          |                        |
| <b>Increases</b>  |            |         |         |         |         |                          |                        |
| Telecommunications equipment (EL002)                            | 22,615     | 30,637  | 37,254  | 49,102  | 53,983  | 4,881                    | 9.9                    |
| Household appliances, including commercial applications (MT004) | 6,858      | 8,331   | 8,778   | 9,671   | 11,090  | 1,419                    | 14.7                   |
| <b>Decreases</b>  |            |         |         |         |         |                          |                        |
| Electronic products   | 20,554     | 21,734  | 17,892  | 18,037  | 16,942  | -1,095                   | -6.1                   |
| Consumer electronics (EL003)                                    |            |         |         |         |         |                          |                        |
| Computers, peripherals, and parts (EL017)                       | 50,873     | 68,148  | 75,392  | 76,291  | 75,645  | -646                     | -0.8                   |
| Fabricated structurals (MM027)                                  | 428        | 382     | 477     | 615     | 211     | -404                     | -65.6                  |
| <b>All other</b>  | 194,217    | 234,816 | 258,675 | 271,159 | 280,276 | 9,117                    | 3.4                    |
| <b>Total</b>  | 295,545    | 364,047 | 398,467 | 424,874 | 438,147 | 13,273                   | 3.1                    |

Source: Compiled from official statistics of the U.S. Department of Commerce.

Note: Import values are based on customs value; export values are based on free along ship value, U.S. port of export. Calculations based on unrounded data. In 2009, 60 export commodity classification (schedule B) codes covering all civilian aircraft, engines, equipment, and parts were consolidated into a single code by the U.S. Census Bureau. This reclassification may have accounted for some of the shifts in exports in the transportation equipment sector.

In 2013, China was the largest single-country market for U.S. exports of aircraft, spacecraft, and related equipment, accounting for almost 12 percent of such exports. In 2013, China was a significant market for commercial aircraft.<sup>24</sup> The growth in U.S. exports of these products in 2013 was most likely due to deliveries of commercial aircraft and spare parts for Boeing aircraft. In 2013, Boeing delivered 143 planes to China, and expects to deliver a similar number there in 2014.<sup>25</sup>

Industry foresees significant potential for the business jet market. Although it felt that Chinese airspace regulations prevented the sharp rise in deliveries originally anticipated for 2013, the U.S. industry expects Chinese aviation and other regulatory authorities to expand Chinese airspace to accommodate more business jets in 2014.<sup>26</sup>

Transportation equipment exports to China also rose because of an increase in U.S. exports of motor vehicles to China in 2013 (table CN.2). Comprising passenger automobiles, tractors, trucks, and motorcycles, these exports rose from 167,251 units in 2012 to 247,976 in 2013, or from \$5.5 billion to \$8.3 billion.<sup>27</sup> In addition, U.S. exports of certain motor-vehicle parts to China rose in value by \$623 million to almost \$1.4 billion in 2013.

The increase in U.S. motor vehicle exports was driven primarily by exports of passenger automobiles. Since 2010, China has become the largest export market for U.S. passenger automobiles. Although the market is largely served by Chinese production,<sup>28</sup> relatively competitive cost structures have enabled U.S.- and foreign-owned automobile manufacturers to export from their U.S. manufacturing operations.<sup>29</sup>

The second-largest sectoral increase in exports to China was in electronic products. The increase occurred chiefly in exports of semiconductors and integrated circuits (up \$902 million to \$3.6 billion) that are incorporated into electronic products assembled or manufactured in China. U.S. exports of measuring, testing, and controlling instruments (up \$516 million to \$3.8 billion)—principally instruments and apparatus for measuring or checking electrical quantities specially designed for telecommunications—also contributed to the rise in these sectoral exports.

U.S. exports of agricultural products, which experienced the largest sector increase from 2011 to 2012, showed a minor decrease in 2013. Nonetheless, agricultural products remained the largest U.S. export sector to China in 2013, valued at \$27.2 billion and accounting for almost 24 percent of U.S. exports to China. In 2013, U.S. exports to China of cereals rose \$1.1 billion, while exports of animal feeds rose \$949 million. Such increases, however, were offset by

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<sup>24</sup> Boeing Co., “Long-Term Market, Current Market Outlook,” n.d. (accessed March 24, 2014).

<sup>25</sup> Bloomberg News, “Boeing Expects to Deliver 140 Planes,” January 21, 2014.

<sup>26</sup> Fang and Miller, “Small Jet Makers See Big Chance,” December 26, 2013.

<sup>27</sup> USITC DataWeb/USDOC (April 17, 2014).

<sup>28</sup> Based on new passenger-car registrations. EIU, “Industry Report: Automotive, China,” January 2014, 2.

<sup>29</sup> Arnsdorf, “U.S. Car Revival Boosts Shipping,” December 13, 2013. A certain amount of U.S. exports are likely to be gray market exports (i.e., exports and sales outside of automobile manufacturers’ normal sales channels) of luxury automobiles. Barris, “\$50,000 in the US; \$149,000 in China,” *ChinaDaily USA*, December 6, 2013.

declines in exports of oilseeds (down \$1.6 billion) and cotton, not carded or combed (down \$1.2 billion), as shown in table CN.2.

## U.S. Imports

In 2013, U.S. imports of merchandise from China increased by \$13.2 billion, or 3 percent, over 2012. The increase in U.S. imports from China was principally driven by the electronic products sector, although the machinery and chemicals and related products sectors also registered high import growth (table CN.1).

The electronic products sector accounted for 40 percent of total U.S. imports from China in 2013. Imports in this sector rose by \$4.1 billion (2 percent), a much slower rate of increase than during 2011–12 (8 percent). Computers, peripherals, and parts accounted for 43 percent of imports in this sector, followed by telecommunications equipment (31 percent), consumer electronics (10 percent), and other industries, such as medical goods and semiconductors and integrated circuits (16 percent).

The largest increase in imports of electronic products was in the telecommunications equipment group. The majority of these imports were cellphones manufactured in China, U.S. imports of which rose by \$3.8 billion to reach \$36.6 billion in 2013 (table CN.1).<sup>30</sup> In 2013, China remained the largest supplier of U.S. imports in the telecommunications equipment industry, accounting for almost 61 percent of total U.S. imports from all sources in this industry.

The large increase in imports of telecommunications equipment from China was partially offset by a decline in imports of computers, peripherals, and parts, which fell by \$646 million (almost 1 percent) to \$75.6 billion in 2013. The decline was due to falling demand from consumers and corporations for personal computers and servers, as consumers shifted towards mobile devices.<sup>31</sup> There was also a decline in imports of consumer electronics<sup>32</sup> from China, which fell by \$1.1 billion (6 percent) to \$16.9 billion in 2013, as U.S. consumers reduced spending on these consumer electronics, particularly television cameras and camcorders, and radios.<sup>33</sup>

Machinery sector imports from China rose in 2013, principally due to increased imports of household appliances, up \$1.4 billion (15 percent) to \$11.1 billion in 2013. Within the group of household appliances, imports of washing machines from China rose by \$553 million.<sup>34</sup> One possible reason for the increase in U.S. imports of washing machines was a shift in production of these goods to China following issuance of antidumping duty orders on imports of large residential washers from the Republic of Korea (Korea) and Mexico and a countervailing duty

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<sup>30</sup> NPD Group, “Apple Leads US Consumer Smartphone Sales,” February 20, 2014.

<sup>31</sup> EIU, “Telecoms and Technology Report,” May 28, 2013, 1.

<sup>32</sup> The category of consumer electronics EL003 in Table CN.2 includes radios, amplifiers, turntables, television camcorders, and televisions, but not electronic products such as computers, tablets, and cellular telephones.

<sup>33</sup> CEA, “U.S. Consumer Electronics Sales & Forecasts 2009–2014,” January 2014, 16.

<sup>34</sup> NPD Group, “The NPD Group Reports Consumers Spent \$46B,” February 14, 2014.



order on large residential washers from Korea, issued in February 2013.<sup>35</sup> Imports from China of small household appliances, such as food processors and vacuum cleaners, also rose in 2013. Other groups in the machinery sector that had import increases from China in 2013 were the electrical transformers, static converters, and inverters category, as well as nonautomotive insulated electrical wire and related equipment.

The fourth-largest increase in sector imports from China occurred in chemicals and related products. Imports in this sector were up by almost \$1.5 billion (5 percent) in 2013. Imports of miscellaneous plastic products, tires and tubes, and organic chemicals registered significant increases in 2013.

The United States imposed trade remedies in 2012 and 2013 on two types of renewable energy products from China. U.S. imports of utility-scale wind towers for wind turbines from China declined by \$404 million in 2013. This followed the imposition of U.S. antidumping and countervailing duty orders in February 2013.<sup>36</sup> The U.S. Department of Commerce also issued antidumping and countervailing duty orders in December 2012 on certain crystalline silicon photovoltaic solar panels from China.<sup>37</sup> The Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States (HTS) categorizes this type of solar photovoltaic product under the semiconductors and integrated circuits subheading. The trade figures for this subheading show a decline of \$342 million in U.S. imports from China in 2013.

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<sup>35</sup> Wolf, "ITC Imposes Duties on Imported Washers," January 23, 2013. See also USITC, *Certain Large Residential Washers from Korea and Mexico, Investigation Nos. 701-TA-488 and 731-TA-1199-1200 (Final)*, Publication 4378, February 2013.

<sup>36</sup> 78 Fed. Reg. 11146 (February 15, 2013) and 78 Fed. Reg. 11152 (February 15, 2013). See also USITC, *Utility Scale Wind Towers from China and Vietnam: Investigation Nos. 701-TA-486 and 731-TA-1195-1196 (Final)*, Publication 4372, February 2013.

<sup>37</sup> 77 Fed. Reg. 73017 (December 7, 2012) and 77 Fed. Reg. 73018 (December 7, 2012).

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# Vietnam

Christopher Robinson  
(202) 205-2602

[christopher.robinson@usitc.gov](mailto:christopher.robinson@usitc.gov)

## Change in 2013 from 2012:

U.S. trade deficit: Increased by \$3.9 billion (25 percent) to \$19.7 billion

U.S. exports: Increased by \$400 million (8 percent) to \$4.7 billion

U.S. imports: Increased by \$4.3 billion (21 percent) to \$24.4 billion

The U.S. trade deficit with Vietnam increased by \$3.9 billion in 2013, as a \$4.3 billion increase in U.S. imports was only partially offset by a \$400 million increase in U.S. exports (figure VN.1 and table VN.1). This shift principally reflects Vietnam's increasing ability to compete with other U.S. import sources. During 2013, the Vietnamese economy expanded by 5 percent, and exports and foreign direct investment were major factors in this growth. Exports grew by 15 percent, while Vietnam's exports-to-GDP ratio rose to 75 percent in 2013 from 56 percent in 2009. Disbursed foreign direct investment increased 10 percent, and pledged foreign direct investment rose 55 percent.

## U.S. Exports

U.S. exports to Vietnam increased by \$400 million to \$4.7 billion in 2013 (up 8 percent from 2012). U.S. exports to Vietnam grew in seven of the sectors shown in table VN.1, with one sector, agricultural products, accounting for most of the overall increase in exports (table VN.2).

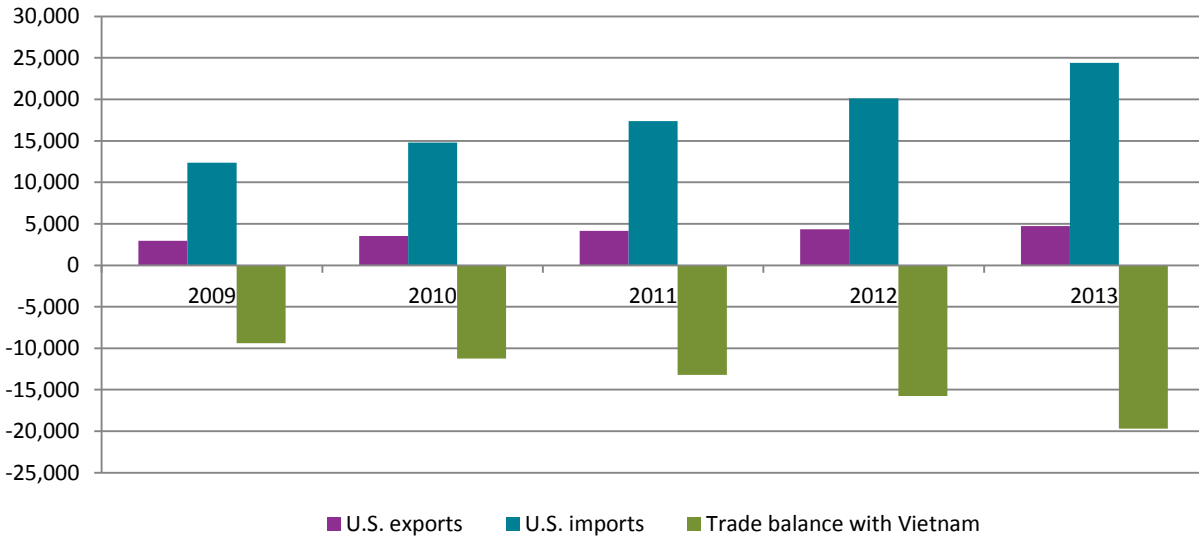
U.S. exports of agricultural products increased by \$500 million, due to a combination of higher domestic Vietnamese consumption of animal feed and an increase in Vietnamese imports of edible nuts. U.S. exports of animal feed to Vietnam rose by \$171 million (74 percent) in 2013. Changes in Vietnamese eating habits, coinciding with recent economic growth, have spurred growth in the domestic livestock sector. Domestic and foreign investment have increased Vietnamese capacity for animal feed production,<sup>38</sup> but this growth was insufficient to meet the rapid rise in feed demand in 2013.<sup>39</sup> As a result, Vietnam increased its imports of U.S. animal feed, including corn, wheat, and soybeans.

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<sup>38</sup> USDA, FAS, "Vietnam: Oilseeds and Products Annual, 2013," April 5, 2012, 17–18.

<sup>39</sup> USDA, FAS, "Vietnam: Grain and Feed Annual, 2013," April 3, 2013, 2.

**Figure VN.1** U.S. exports of domestic merchandise, imports for consumption, and merchandise trade balance with Vietnam, 2009–13



Source: Compiled from official statistics of the U.S. Department of Commerce.

**Table VN.1** Vietnam: U.S. exports of domestic merchandise, imports for consumption, and merchandise trade balance, by major industry/commodity sectors, 2009–13

| Item                                 | Million \$ |        |        |        |        | Absolute change, 2012–13 | Percent change, 2012–13 |
|--------------------------------------|------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------------------------|-------------------------|
|                                      | 2009       | 2010   | 2011   | 2012   | 2013   |                          |                         |
| U.S. exports of domestic merchandise |            |        |        |        |        |                          |                         |
| Agricultural products                | 968        | 1,390  | 1,756  | 1,746  | 2,248  | 502                      | 28.8                    |
| Forest products                      | 166        | 227    | 236    | 263    | 291    | 27                       | 10.4                    |
| Chemicals and related products       | 356        | 351    | 494    | 483    | 557    | 73                       | 15.2                    |
| Energy-related products              | 7          | 13     | 12     | 11     | 15     | 4                        | 31.1                    |
| Textiles and apparel                 | 37         | 41     | 43     | 67     | 62     | -5                       | -6.9                    |
| Footwear                             | 25         | 47     | 54     | 39     | 60     | 21                       | 54.3                    |
| Minerals and metals                  | 293        | 348    | 283    | 292    | 316    | 24                       | 8.3                     |
| Machinery                            | 199        | 240    | 312    | 275    | 268    | -7                       | -2.5                    |
| Transportation equipment             | 632        | 490    | 501    | 312    | 215    | -97                      | -31.1                   |
| Electronic products                  | 221        | 313    | 404    | 800    | 626    | -174                     | -21.8                   |
| Miscellaneous manufactures           | 21         | 18     | 22     | 22     | 19     | -3                       | -13.0                   |
| Special provisions                   | 42         | 62     | 35     | 34     | 37     | 2                        | 6.2                     |
| Total                                | 2,967      | 3,540  | 4,153  | 4,345  | 4,714  | 369                      | 8.5                     |
| U.S. imports for consumption         |            |        |        |        |        |                          |                         |
| Agricultural products                | 1,377      | 1,779  | 2,270  | 2,418  | 2,760  | 342                      | 14.2                    |
| Forest products                      | 125        | 163    | 162    | 191    | 228    | 37                       | 19.3                    |
| Chemicals and related products       | 371        | 437    | 500    | 523    | 524    | 2                        | 0.3                     |
| Energy-related products              | 596        | 334    | 341    | 305    | 471    | 166                      | 54.6                    |
| Textiles and apparel                 | 5,290      | 6,177  | 7,081  | 7,499  | 8,564  | 1,065                    | 14.2                    |
| Footwear                             | 1,323      | 1,616  | 2,019  | 2,388  | 2,898  | 510                      | 21.4                    |
| Minerals and metals                  | 326        | 396    | 634    | 850    | 799    | -51                      | -6.0                    |
| Machinery                            | 130        | 213    | 316    | 496    | 506    | 10                       | 2.0                     |
| Transportation equipment             | 175        | 259    | 347    | 610    | 699    | 90                       | 14.7                    |
| Electronic products                  | 879        | 1,102  | 1,219  | 1,666  | 3,191  | 1,525                    | 91.5                    |
| Miscellaneous manufactures           | 1,694      | 2,251  | 2,402  | 3,083  | 3,621  | 539                      | 17.5                    |
| Special provisions                   | 79         | 57     | 73     | 76     | 132    | 57                       | 74.5                    |
| Total                                | 12,367     | 14,784 | 17,364 | 20,105 | 24,397 | 4,292                    | 21.3                    |

| Item                           | Million \$ |         |         |         |         | Absolute change,<br>2012–13 | Percent change,<br>2012–13 |
|--------------------------------|------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|-----------------------------|----------------------------|
|                                | 2009       | 2010    | 2011    | 2012    | 2013    |                             |                            |
| U.S. merchandise trade balance |            |         |         |         |         |                             |                            |
| Agricultural products          | -409       | -389    | -514    | -672    | -512    | 160                         | 23.8                       |
| Forest products                | 41         | 64      | 75      | 72      | 62      | -9                          | -13.2                      |
| Chemicals and related products | -15        | -86     | -5      | -40     | 32      | 72                          | ( <sup>a</sup> )           |
| Energy-related products        | -589       | -321    | -330    | -294    | -456    | -163                        | -55.5                      |
| Textiles and apparel           | -5,254     | -6,136  | -7,038  | -7,432  | -8,502  | -1,070                      | -14.4                      |
| Footwear                       | -1,298     | -1,569  | -1,965  | -2,349  | -2,838  | -489                        | -20.8                      |
| Minerals and metals            | -33        | -48     | -351    | -558    | -483    | 75                          | 13.5                       |
| Machinery                      | 69         | 26      | -4      | -221    | -238    | -17                         | -7.6                       |
| Transportation equipment       | 457        | 231     | 154     | -298    | -484    | -187                        | -62.7                      |
| Electronic products            | -659       | -790    | -815    | -866    | -2,565  | -1,699                      | -196.2                     |
| Miscellaneous manufactures     | -1,674     | -2,234  | -2,381  | -3,061  | -3,602  | -541                        | -17.7                      |
| Special provisions             | -37        | 5       | -38     | -41     | -96     | -54                         | -131.3                     |
| Total                          | -9,400     | -11,245 | -13,211 | -15,760 | -19,683 | -3,923                      | -24.9                      |

Source: Compiled from official statistics of the U.S. Department of Commerce.

Note: Import values are based on customs value; export values are based on free along ship value, U.S. port of export. Calculations based on unrounded data. Sectors are ordered by the level of processing of the products classified therein.

<sup>a</sup>Not meaningful for purposes of comparison.

In 2013, U.S. exports to Vietnam of edible nuts rose by \$173 million (106 percent). Much of this increase was in peanuts, with exports increasing by \$97 million (an over 80-fold rise). In part, this reflects global trends in the peanut market: the U.S. had its largest crop ever,<sup>40</sup> while two other leading exporters, India and Argentina, had smaller crops than in 2012.<sup>41</sup> China also supplied fewer peanuts to the global market in 2013, owing to increased domestic demand for peanuts (used to produce peanut oil).<sup>42</sup> In fact, U.S. exports to Vietnam included purchases in Vietnam to supply the Chinese market.<sup>43</sup> This practice was reportedly halted in April by Chinese authorities,<sup>44</sup> but likely contributed to the increase in U.S. exports to Vietnam for 2013.

U.S. exports of cotton, not carded or combed, increased \$153 million (62 percent). During 2013, Vietnamese imports of cotton increased as demand rose, driven by an increase in yarn production capacity. India, typically a major cotton exporter, produced less cotton than expected in 2012, opening opportunities for U.S. cotton exporters in Vietnam. Yarn produced in Vietnam is both exported directly and consumed domestically by the export-oriented textile and apparel industries.<sup>45</sup>

## U.S. Imports

U.S. imports from Vietnam rose by \$4.29 billion (21 percent) to \$24.4 billion in 2013. Three sectors—electronic products, textiles and apparel, and footwear—accounted for \$2.6 billion of this increase. A common set of competitive factors, including low labor costs, a large labor pool, and proximity to existing supply chains, enabled Vietnam to increase its share of U.S. imports compared to other sources.<sup>46</sup> Specifically, multiyear increases in labor costs in China, which is the largest U.S. import source in these sectors, provided an incentive for foreign investors to also locate some production facilities in other nearby countries.<sup>47</sup> Vietnam was a primary beneficiary of this trend.<sup>48</sup>

U.S. imports of electronic products from Vietnam increased by \$1.53 billion (92 percent) to \$3.2 billion, while U.S. imports of electronic products from all sources rose by 0.8 percent. Much of the increase in imports from Vietnam resulted from investment in production facilities

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<sup>40</sup> U.S. peanut exports to all countries increased by 109 percent in 2013.

<sup>41</sup> Floyd, "Chinese Market Softer for U.S. Grown Peanuts," June 5, 2013; Archer, "U.S. Export Market Developments," July 27, 2013.

<sup>42</sup> Archer, "U.S. Export Market Developments," July 27, 2013.

<sup>43</sup> Floyd, "Chinese Market Softer for U.S. Grown Peanuts," June 5, 2013.

<sup>44</sup> Archer, "U.S. Export Market Developments," July 27, 2013.

<sup>45</sup> Cleveland, "Strong U.S. Exports Bolster Cotton Market," February 7, 2014.

<sup>46</sup> *Taipei Times*, "Samsung Moves Factories from China to Vietnam," December 13, 2013; Leong, "Vietnam's High-Tech Boom," February 24, 2014; Textile World, "Vietnam: A Small Tiger Is Growing Up," September/October 2012; Kenneally, "Vietnam Continues to Dominate TPP Debate," October 8, 2013.

<sup>47</sup> Bloomberg, "China Wages Seen Jumping in 2014," January 6, 2014. Accenture, "Wage Increases in China," 2011.

<sup>48</sup> Bloomberg, "China Wages Seen Jumping in 2014," January 6, 2014.



**Table VN.2** Vietnam: Leading changes in U.S. exports and imports, 2009–13

| Item                                      | Million \$   |              |              |              |               | Absolute change, 2012–13 | Percent change, 2012–13 |
|---|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|---------------|--------------------------|-------------------------|
|   | 2009         | 2010         | 2011         | 2012         | 2013          |                          |                         |
| <b>U.S. EXPORTS</b>                       |              |              |              |              |               |                          |                         |
| <b>Increases</b>                          |              |              |              |              |               |                          |                         |
| Agricultural products                     | 34           | 43           | 88           | 163          | 336           | 173                      | 105.6                   |
| Edible nuts (AG020)                       |              |              |              |              |               |                          |                         |
| Animal feeds (AG013)                      | 178          | 291          | 217          | 231          | 402           | 171                      | 73.9                    |
| Cotton, not carded or combed (AG049)      | 171          | 253          | 369          | 248          | 401           | 153                      | 61.8                    |
| <b>All other</b>                          | <b>2,583</b> | <b>2,954</b> | <b>3,479</b> | <b>3,703</b> | <b>3,575</b>  | <b>-128</b>              | <b>-3.5</b>             |
| Total                                     | 2,967        | 3,540        | 4,153        | 4,345        | 4,714         | 369                      | 8.5                     |
| <b>U.S. IMPORTS:</b>                      |              |              |              |              |               |                          |                         |
| <b>Increases</b>                          |              |              |              |              |               |                          |                         |
| Apparel (TX005)                           | 5,121        | 5,910        | 6,726        | 7,183        | 8,226         | 1,043                    | 14.5                    |
| Computers, peripherals, and parts (EL017) | 328          | 514          | 535          | 808          | 1,821         | 1,013                    | 125.3                   |
| Footwear (FW001)                          | 1,323        | 1,616        | 2,019        | 2,388        | 2,898         | 510                      | 21.4                    |
| <b>All other</b>                          | <b>5,595</b> | <b>6,745</b> | <b>8,084</b> | <b>9,726</b> | <b>11,452</b> | <b>1,726</b>             | <b>17.7</b>             |
| Total                                     | 12,367       | 14,784       | 17,364       | 20,105       | 24,397        | 4,292                    | 21.3                    |

Source: Compiled from official statistics of the U.S. Department of Commerce.

Note: Import values are based on customs value; export values are based on free along ship value, U.S. port of export. Calculations based on unrounded data.

by multinational companies. The importance of foreign direct investment is demonstrated in mobile phones, where Samsung accounted for 98 percent of Vietnam's 2013 exports.<sup>49</sup>

U.S. imports of textiles and apparel from all sources increased by 3 percent in 2013. U.S. imports of textiles and apparel from Vietnam, however, increased by 14 percent (\$1.1 billion) to \$8.6 billion, and Vietnam's share of total U.S. imports in this sector increased from 6.6 percent to 7.3 percent. Vietnam's textile and apparel industry benefits from low labor costs relative to other exporting countries.<sup>50</sup>

U.S. imports of footwear from Vietnam increased by \$510 million (21 percent) to \$2.9 billion. U.S. imports of footwear from all sources increased 4 percent, while Vietnam's share of U.S. imports increased from 10 percent to 12 percent. As with textiles and apparel, the Vietnamese footwear industry benefits from comparatively low labor costs.<sup>51</sup> Vietnamese operations associated with foreign direct investment accounted for an estimated 76 percent of Vietnam's total exports in the footwear sector.<sup>52</sup>

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<sup>49</sup> *Taipei Times*, "Samsung Moves Factories from China to Vietnam," December 13, 2013.

<sup>50</sup> AmCham Vietnam, "Vietnam-U.S. Trade Status 2013," December 1, 2013.

<sup>51</sup> Xinhua, "Vietnam's Footwear Export Hits Record High in 2013," January 7, 2014.

<sup>52</sup> *Viet Nam News*, "Footwear Industry Heads for Record Year," November 7, 2013.

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# Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries (OPEC)

Cynthia B. Foreso  
(202) 205-3348

[cynthia.foreso@usitc.gov](mailto:cynthia.foreso@usitc.gov)

## Change in 2013 from 2012:

U.S. trade deficit: Decreased by \$31.4 billion (33 percent) to \$63.4 billion

U.S. exports: Increased by \$1.9 billion (3 percent) to \$77.8 billion

U.S. imports: Decreased by \$29.5 billion (17 percent) to \$141.2 billion

The OPEC<sup>53</sup> countries collectively accounted for 7 percent of the total U.S. trade deficit in 2013 (table OP.1). Energy-related products accounted for 85 percent of U.S. imports from OPEC member countries in 2013. Crude petroleum imports from OPEC countries declined from \$88.3 billion in 2012 to \$65.2 billion in 2013, due principally to flat U.S. consumption and increasing U.S. production.

OPEC member countries coordinate and unify their petroleum policies with a view to ensuring the stability of prices in international oil markets.<sup>54</sup> OPEC collectively accounted for 73 percent of the world's reserves of crude petroleum and 41 percent of the world's total production in 2013.<sup>55</sup> Saudi Arabia supplied 31 percent of OPEC's crude production in 2013, followed by Venezuela (8 percent) and Nigeria (6 percent).

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<sup>53</sup> There are currently 12 OPEC member countries: Algeria, Angola, Ecuador, Iran, Iraq, Kuwait, Libya, Nigeria, Qatar, Saudi Arabia, United Arab Emirates, and Venezuela.

OPEC was founded in September 1930 by five countries: Iran, Iraq, Kuwait, Saudi Arabia, and Venezuela. They were later joined by Qatar (1961), Indonesia (1962), Libya (1962), the United Arab Emirates (1967), Algeria (1969), Nigeria (1971), Ecuador (1973), Gabon (1975) and Angola (2007). From December 1992 until October 2007, Ecuador suspended its membership. Gabon terminated its membership in 1995. Indonesia suspended its membership effective January 2009.

<sup>54</sup> The stated mission of OPEC is to "coordinate and unify the petroleum policies of its Member Countries and ensure the stabilization of oil markets in order to secure an efficient, economic and regular supply of petroleum to consumers, a steady income to producers and a fair return on capital for those investing in the petroleum industry." [http://www.opec.org/opec\\_web/en/about\\_us/23.htm](http://www.opec.org/opec_web/en/about_us/23.htm) (accessed March 5, 2014).

<sup>55</sup> *Oil and Gas Journal*, "Forecast and Review," January 6, 2014.

**Table OP.1** U.S. exports of domestic merchandise, imports for consumption, and merchandise trade balance, by major industry/commodity sectors, 2009–13

| Item                                 | Million \$ |         |         |                  |                  | Absolute change, 2012–13 | Percent change, 2012–13 |
|--------------------------------------|------------|---------|---------|------------------|------------------|--------------------------|-------------------------|
|                                      | 2009       | 2010    | 2011    | 2012             | 2013             |                          |                         |
| U.S. exports of domestic merchandise |            |         |         |                  |                  |                          |                         |
| Agricultural products                | 4,301      | 5,092   | 6,908   | 6,690            | 6,947            | 257                      | 3.8                     |
| Forest products                      | 685        | 883     | 1,009   | 918              | 940              | 22                       | 2.4                     |
| Chemicals and related products       | 4,130      | 5,175   | 6,272   | 6,685            | 6,720            | 35                       | 0.5                     |
| Energy-related products              | 2,652      | 3,585   | 4,500   | 7,665            | 9,273            | 1,608                    | 21.0                    |
| Textiles and apparel                 | 331        | 377     | 450     | 483              | 469              | -14                      | -3.0                    |
| Footwear                             | 32         | 37      | 53      | 50               | 41               | -9                       | -18.0                   |
| Minerals and metals                  | 2,222      | 2,172   | 3,077   | 3,670            | 4,452            | 782                      | 21.3                    |
| Machinery                            | 6,487      | 7,055   | 7,224   | 8,869            | 8,786            | -84                      | -0.9                    |
| Transportation equipment             | 18,164     | 17,730  | 20,677  | 29,266           | 27,735           | -1,531                   | -5.2                    |
| Electronic products                  | 5,460      | 5,269   | 6,103   | 7,614            | 7,750            | 136                      | 1.8                     |
| Miscellaneous manufactures           | 1,237      | 1,394   | 1,855   | 2,416            | 3,030            | 613                      | 25.4                    |
| Special provisions                   | 1,049      | 1,282   | 1,332   | 1,528            | 1,657            | 129                      | 8.4                     |
| Total                                | 46,750     | 50,050  | 59,461  | 75,855           | 77,801           | 1,946                    | 2.6                     |
| U.S. imports for consumption         |            |         |         |                  |                  |                          |                         |
| Agricultural products                | 1,679      | 1,692   | 2,031   | 1,972            | 2,074            | 102                      | 5.2                     |
| Forest products                      | 68         | 80      | 77      | 78               | 76               | -2                       | -2.7                    |
| Chemicals and related products       | 8,071      | 12,136  | 15,120  | 16,087           | 15,558           | -530                     | -3.3                    |
| Energy-related products              | 98,097     | 130,793 | 163,728 | 148,520          | 119,390          | -29,131                  | -19.6                   |
| Textiles and apparel                 | 173        | 220     | 147     | 152              | 146              | -6                       | -3.7                    |
| Footwear                             | 1          | 1       | 1       | ( <sup>a</sup> ) | ( <sup>a</sup> ) | ( <sup>a</sup> )         | -23.7                   |
| Minerals and metals                  | 707        | 1,261   | 2,286   | 2,461            | 2,131            | -330                     | -13.4                   |
| Machinery                            | 73         | 95      | 120     | 146              | 146              | ( <sup>a</sup> )         | 0.1                     |
| Transportation equipment             | 25         | 35      | 48      | 60               | 182              | 122                      | 202.6                   |
| Electronic products                  | 25         | 27      | 40      | 45               | 73               | 29                       | 63.5                    |
| Miscellaneous manufactures           | 40         | 35      | 40      | 57               | 58               | 1                        | 2.4                     |
| Special provisions                   | 924        | 761     | 1,093   | 1,177            | 1,412            | 235                      | 20.0                    |
| Total                                | 109,883    | 147,136 | 184,730 | 170,756          | 141,246          | -29,510                  | -17.3                   |

| Item                           | Million \$ |          |          |          |          | Absolute change,<br>2012–13 | Percent change,<br>2012–13 |
|--------------------------------|------------|----------|----------|----------|----------|-----------------------------|----------------------------|
|                                | 2009       | 2010     | 2011     | 2012     | 2013     |                             |                            |
| U.S. merchandise trade balance |            |          |          |          |          |                             |                            |
| Agricultural products          | 2,623      | 3,400    | 4,878    | 4,718    | 4,874    | 155                         | 3.3                        |
| Forest products                | 617        | 803      | 933      | 840      | 864      | 24                          | 2.9                        |
| Chemicals and related products | -3,941     | -6,960   | -8,848   | -9,403   | -8,838   | 565                         | 6.0                        |
| Energy-related products        | -95,445    | -127,208 | -159,228 | -140,855 | -110,117 | 30,738                      | 21.8                       |
| Textiles and apparel           | 157        | 156      | 303      | 331      | 323      | -9                          | -2.6                       |
| Footwear                       | 32         | 36       | 52       | 49       | 40       | -9                          | -18.0                      |
| Minerals and metals            | 1,515      | 911      | 792      | 1,209    | 2,321    | 1,112                       | 92.0                       |
| Machinery                      | 6,414      | 6,959    | 7,104    | 8,724    | 8,640    | -84                         | -1.0                       |
| Transportation equipment       | 18,139     | 17,695   | 20,629   | 29,206   | 27,553   | -1,652                      | -5.7                       |
| Electronic products            | 5,435      | 5,242    | 6,063    | 7,569    | 7,677    | 108                         | 1.4                        |
| Miscellaneous manufactures     | 1,198      | 1,359    | 1,815    | 2,360    | 2,972    | 612                         | 25.9                       |
| Special provisions             | 125        | 520      | 239      | 351      | 245      | -106                        | -30.2                      |
| Total                          | -63,133    | -97,086  | -125,268 | -94,901  | -63,445  | 31,455                      | 33.1                       |

Source: Compiled from official statistics of the U.S. Department of Commerce.

Note: Import values are based on customs value; export values are based on free along ship value, U.S. port of export. Calculations based on unrounded data. Sectors are ordered by the level of processing of the products classified within a sector.

<sup>a</sup>Less than \$500,000.

## U.S. Exports

In 2013, U.S. exports of goods to the OPEC member countries accounted for only 6 percent of total U.S. exports. The primary products exported included transportation equipment, energy-related products, and certain drilling equipment.

There was a major shift in U.S. exports of energy-related products to OPEC countries, which rose by 21 percent in 2013 (table OP.2). The increase is accounted for by rising prices of petroleum products, primarily jet fuels to Nigeria and distillate and residual fuel oils to Ecuador, Venezuela, and Nigeria. Although Nigeria has four refineries, their capacity utilization rates hover around 16–18 percent due to operational failures, fires, and sabotage (mainly of pipelines leading from the wellhead to the refineries). As a result, the four refineries do not meet domestic demand.<sup>56</sup> Ecuador is a net importer of petroleum products, and its three refineries, which are small and operate well below capacity, likewise do not meet domestic demand.<sup>57</sup> Most of Venezuela's crude petroleum is refined outside of the country; 40 percent is refined along the U.S. Gulf Coast and is dedicated to the U.S. market. During 2013, Venezuela was unable to meet its domestic demand for distillate and residual oils because its domestic refineries were operating at about 50 percent capacity, and much of that capacity was slated for export to neighboring countries under long-term contracts. As a result, Venezuela imported distillate and residual fuel oils from U.S. refineries.<sup>58</sup>

Transportation equipment was the largest U.S. export to the OPEC countries in 2013, accounting for 36 percent of the total. U.S. exports of ships, tugs, and pleasure boats increased by nearly 183 percent to \$113 million in 2013, while exports of construction and mining equipment more than doubled, reaching \$14.2 million. The United Arab Emirates is a major market for U.S. exports of these products and acts as a regional entry point for U.S. firms seeking access to the Middle East's markets. In addition, the country is rapidly adding to its stock of civil aircraft and undertaking significant infrastructure projects, which boosted import demand for construction equipment in 2013.<sup>59</sup>

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<sup>56</sup> USDOE, EIA, "Country Analysis Brief: Nigeria," December 30, 2013.

<sup>57</sup> USDOE, EIA, "Country Analysis: Ecuador," January 16, 2014; *Oil and Gas Journal*, "Western Europe Leads Global Refining Contraction," December 2, 2013.

<sup>58</sup> USDOE, EIA, "Country Analysis Brief: Venezuela," October 3, 2012; *Oil and Gas Journal*, "Western Europe Leads Global Refining Contraction," December 2, 2013.

<sup>59</sup> USDOC, "Export Countries of Interest for North Carolina" (accessed March 12, 2014).



**Table OP.2** OPEC: Leading changes in U.S. exports and imports, 2009–13

| Item  | Million \$ |         |         |         |         | Absolute change, 2012–13 | Percent change, 2012–13 |
|---|------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|--------------------------|-------------------------|
|   | 2009       | 2010    | 2011    | 2012    | 2013    |                          |                         |
| <b>U.S. EXPORTS</b>   |            |         |         |         |         |                          |                         |
| <b>Increases</b>  |            |         |         |         |         |                          |                         |
| Petroleum products (EP005)                                    | 2,386      | 3,233   | 4,228   | 7,273   | 8,738   | 1,465                    | 20.1                    |
| Precious metals and non-numismatic coins (MM020)              | 30         | 163     | 548     | 880     | 1,555   | 675                      | 76.7                    |
| Navigational instruments and remote control apparatus (EL005) | 104        | 105     | 144     | 448     | 1,060   | 613                      | 136.9                   |
| Aircraft, spacecraft, and related equipment (TE013)           | 6,495      | 5,193   | 6,681   | 11,198  | 11,374  | 176                      | 1.6                     |
| <b>Decreases</b>  |            |         |         |         |         |                          |                         |
| Electric motors, generators, and related equipment (MT023)    | 812        | 1,561   | 1,069   | 1,614   | 1,034   | -580                     | -35.9                   |
| Transportation equipment<br>Motor vehicles (TE009)            | 4,649      | 6,543   | 7,625   | 10,740  | 10,246  | -494                     | -4.6                    |
| Construction and mining equipment (TE004)                     | 2,730      | 2,131   | 2,231   | 2,544   | 2,124   | -420                     | -16.5                   |
| Aircraft engines and gas turbines (TE001)                     | 2,065      | 1,652   | 1,634   | 1,700   | 1,377   | -323                     | -19.0                   |
| Certain motor-vehicle parts (TE010)                           | 868        | 855     | 988     | 1,170   | 876     | -293                     | -25.1                   |
| <b>All other</b>  | 26,611     | 28,614  | 34,314  | 38,289  | 39,416  | 1,127                    | 2.9                     |
| <b>Total</b>  | 46,750     | 50,050  | 59,461  | 75,855  | 77,801  | 1,946                    | 2.6                     |
| <b>U.S. IMPORTS</b>   |            |         |         |         |         |                          |                         |
| <b>Increases</b>  |            |         |         |         |         |                          |                         |
| Chemicals and related products<br>Fertilizers (CH010)         | 1,816      | 2,457   | 3,546   | 3,889   | 4,040   | 151                      | 3.9                     |
| Certain organic chemicals (CH006)                             | 295        | 546     | 787     | 739     | 784     | 45                       | 6.0                     |
| Precious metals and non-numismatic coins (MM020)              | 33         | 87      | 56      | 492     | 627     | 134                      | 27.3                    |
| Coal, coke, and related chemical products (EP003)             | 1,598      | 2,034   | 3,007   | 2,869   | 2,973   | 103                      | 3.6                     |
| Shellfish (AG009)   | 388        | 462     | 583     | 604     | 706     | 102                      | 16.9                    |
| <b>Decreases</b>  |            |         |         |         |         |                          |                         |
| Energy-related product<br>Crude petroleum (EP004)             | 65,832     | 86,188  | 103,226 | 88,291  | 65,195  | -23,095                  | -26.2                   |
| Petroleum products (EP005)                                    | 22,937     | 32,655  | 44,961  | 44,100  | 38,777  | -5,323                   | -12.1                   |
| Natural gas and components (EP006)                            | 7,730      | 9,916   | 12,533  | 13,261  | 12,445  | -816                     | -6.2                    |
| Major primary olefins (CH001)                                 | 4,266      | 6,727   | 7,509   | 7,541   | 6,952   | -589                     | -7.8                    |
| <b>All other</b>  | 4,988      | 6,063   | 8,520   | 8,971   | 8,749   | -222                     | -2.5                    |
| <b>Total</b>  | 109,883    | 147,136 | 184,730 | 170,756 | 141,246 | -29,510                  | -17.3                   |

Source: Compiled from official statistics of the U.S. Department of Commerce.

Note: Import values are based on customs value; export values are based on free along ship value, U.S. port of export. Calculations based on unrounded data. In 2009, 60 export commodity classification (schedule B) codes covering all civilian aircraft, engines, equipment, and parts were consolidated into a single code by the U.S. Census Bureau. This reclassification may have accounted for some of the shifts in exports in the transportation equipment sector.

## U.S. Imports

U.S. imports of energy-related products from OPEC countries decreased by 20 percent to \$119.4 billion between 2012 and 2013, with Saudi Arabia, Venezuela, and Nigeria being the principal OPEC sources. Energy-related products accounted for nearly the entire shift in U.S. imports from OPEC countries in 2013 and accounted for 85 percent of total U.S. imports from these countries. Crude petroleum was the largest import category in 2013, accounting for about 46 percent of the total value of U.S. imports from OPEC, followed by petroleum products (27 percent). The United States imports very little natural gas and coal from OPEC countries.

The quantity of U.S. imports of crude petroleum from OPEC declined by 14 percent to 1.4 billion barrels in 2013. The drop in imports of crude resulted from increased U.S. production, stagnant U.S. demand, and supply disruptions in both Venezuela and Nigeria.

U.S. imports of crude petroleum from Saudi Arabia declined by 3 percent to 484.8 million barrels in 2013, while imports from Venezuela declined by 17 percent to 291.0 million barrels. While Venezuela has been decreasing its exports to the United States in recent years in an effort to diversify its markets, the United States remains Venezuela's primary market. Venezuela exports heavy crude, which can be refined into petroleum products in refineries on the U.S. Gulf Coast that were specifically designed for this type of crude. Other markets for Venezuela's crude include China, the Caribbean, and the European Union.

The quantity and the share of U.S. imports from Nigeria have fallen substantially during the past few years. Such imports declined by 37 percent in 2013 to a new low of 102.6 million barrels. Some of this decline can be attributed to the growth in U.S. crude petroleum production from the Bakken and Eagle Ford formations, both of which are of similar quality and as a result partially displaced Nigeria's crude.<sup>60</sup> Also, Nigerian crude as a share of U.S. imports has fallen as a result of the idling of two U.S. East Coast refineries in late 2011 and early 2012 that were significant purchasers of Nigerian crude; the two refineries reopened in 2013, but are primarily refining domestically produced crude.<sup>61</sup>

U.S. imports of petroleum products from OPEC also declined in 2013, by \$5.3 billion (12 percent) to \$38.8 billion. In terms of quantity, these imports declined from 87.8 million barrels to 79.3 million barrels (or by 10 percent). The decline is largely attributed to lower U.S. demand for these products. Also, U.S. refineries, which generally satisfy over 90 percent of domestic consumption, increased their capacity utilization rates in 2013 and thereby domestic production,<sup>62</sup> further reducing demand for imports. OPEC accounted for 10 percent of total U.S. imports of petroleum products in 2013, with Algeria (4 percent), Venezuela (2 percent), and Saudi Arabia (less than 1 percent) being the leading OPEC sources.

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<sup>60</sup> The Bakken and Eagle Ford formations are "shale plays." These are areas with "'fine grained, organic rich, sedimentary rocks. The shales are both the source of and the reservoir for natural gas' and oil." When the rock is fractured or "fracked," the trapped natural gas and oil are released and can be extracted from the ground. The Bakken formation is in North Dakota; the Eagle Ford formation is in Texas. USDOE, EIA, *Review of Emerging Resources*, July 2011, vii.

<sup>61</sup> USDOE, EIA, "U.S. Imports of Nigerian Crude Oil," April 10, 2012.

<sup>62</sup> USDOE, EIA, "Short-Term Energy Outlook," February 11, 2014.

The primary petroleum products imported from Algeria include distillate and residual fuel oils shipped to the U.S. northeastern states. Algeria's three coastal refineries produce a surplus of petroleum products, and the United States is the market for about 50 percent of this surplus.<sup>63</sup> U.S. imports of petroleum products from Venezuela continued to decline from the low levels witnessed in 2012. The drop in 2012 was due to the massive gas explosion that occurred at the Paraguaná refinery in August of that year, which resulted in its total closure; the refinery is still not fully operational.<sup>64</sup> U.S. imports of petroleum products from Saudi Arabia tend to be specialty naphthas, which have a high unit value. These imports fluctuate, entering the U.S. market in response to refinery maintenance needs.<sup>65</sup>

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<sup>63</sup> USDOE, EIA, "Country Analysis Brief: Algeria," May 20, 2013.

<sup>64</sup> *Oil and Gas Journal*, "Western Europe Leads Global Refining Contraction," December 2, 2013.

<sup>65</sup> USDOE, EIA, "Country Analysis Brief: Saudi Arabia," February 26, 2014.

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# **Part III**

## **Commodities**

This part of the report examines shifts in trade for 10 merchandise sectors: agricultural products; chemicals and related products; electronic products; energy-related products; footwear; forest products; minerals and metals; machinery; textiles and apparel; and transportation equipment.

# Agricultural Products

Marin Weaver  
(202) 205-3461

[marin.weaver@usitc.gov](mailto:marin.weaver@usitc.gov)

## Change in 2013 from 2012:

U.S. trade surplus: Decreased by \$430 million (2 percent) to \$26.5 billion

U.S. exports: Increased by \$2.9 billion (2 percent) to \$152.2 billion

U.S. imports: Increased by \$3.3 billion (3 percent) to \$125.7 billion

The U.S. trade surplus in agricultural products fell by 2 percent to \$26.5 billion in 2013, as an increase in U.S. agricultural exports was offset by somewhat higher growth in imports (table AG.1). Three commodity groups led the growth in U.S. exports—animal feed, dairy products, and edible nuts, all of which had annual export increases in excess of \$1 billion. Income growth in developing countries drove the increased demand for these products.<sup>66</sup> However, these gains were partially offset by decreased exports in other commodities, especially the \$3.3 billion dollar decline in oilseed exports.

The picture was similarly mixed in terms of U.S. imports. In particular, a 13 percent increase in the value of shellfish imports, driven by higher shrimp prices, was a major contributor to the growth in the value of U.S. agricultural imports. This growth was somewhat offset by declines, due to lower prices, in the value of imports in two commodity groups—miscellaneous vegetable substances (e.g., guar gum, pectins, and seaweed) and coffee and tea.

Leading export markets for U.S. agricultural products in 2013 were the same as in 2012—China, Canada, Mexico, and Japan. Exports to China were flat, while exports to Canada increased slightly (4 percent). Exports to Mexico and Japan declined by 4 percent and 10 percent, respectively. In 2013, the United States was a net importer from both Canada and Mexico, historically its leading suppliers of imported agricultural products. U.S. imports from both countries increased by more than 7 percent in 2013, reflecting in part increased imports of wheat from Canada and sugar from Mexico.

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<sup>66</sup> Trostle and Seely, “Developing Countries Dominate World Demand,” August 5, 2013.

**Table AG. 1** Agricultural products: U.S. exports of domestic merchandise, imports for consumption, and merchandise trade balance, by selected countries and country groups, 2009–13

| Item                                  | Million \$ |         |         |         |         | Absolute change, 2012–13 | Percent change, 2012–13 |
|---------------------------------------|------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|--------------------------|-------------------------|
|                                       | 2009       | 2010    | 2011    | 2012    | 2013    |                          |                         |
| U.S. exports of domestic merchandise: |            |         |         |         |         |                          |                         |
| Canada                                | 16,571     | 17,996  | 20,637  | 22,285  | 23,087  | 802                      | 3.6                     |
| Mexico                                | 12,911     | 14,594  | 18,425  | 18,981  | 18,258  | -723                     | -3.8                    |
| China                                 | 13,762     | 18,232  | 20,089  | 27,266  | 27,176  | -89                      | -0.3                    |
| Japan                                 | 12,249     | 12,934  | 15,277  | 14,585  | 13,174  | -1,411                   | -9.7                    |
| Brazil                                | 349        | 564     | 1,892   | 695     | 1,952   | 1,257                    | 180.8                   |
| Korea                                 | 4,199      | 5,626   | 7,366   | 6,516   | 5,686   | -830                     | -12.7                   |
| Indonesia                             | 1,784      | 2,215   | 2,805   | 2,483   | 2,808   | 325                      | 13.1                    |
| Italy                                 | 869        | 936     | 1,144   | 996     | 1,361   | 366                      | 36.7                    |
| India                                 | 673        | 799     | 732     | 865     | 873     | 9                        | 1.0                     |
| Chile                                 | 243        | 421     | 572     | 698     | 899     | 201                      | 28.8                    |
| All other                             | 39,574     | 47,157  | 56,784  | 53,924  | 56,887  | 2,962                    | 5.5                     |
| Total                                 | 103,184    | 121,473 | 145,724 | 149,293 | 152,162 | 2,869                    | 1.9                     |
| EU-28                                 | 8,593      | 10,387  | 12,066  | 12,019  | 13,554  | 1,535                    | 12.8                    |
| OPEC                                  | 4,301      | 5,092   | 6,908   | 6,690   | 6,947   | 257                      | 3.8                     |
| Latin America                         | 22,009     | 25,002  | 32,094  | 31,817  | 32,805  | 989                      | 3.1                     |
| Asia                                  | 43,002     | 52,249  | 61,571  | 66,438  | 65,954  | -484                     | -0.7                    |
| Sub-Saharan Africa                    | 1,956      | 2,304   | 3,043   | 2,670   | 2,640   | -30                      | -1.1                    |
| U.S. imports for consumption:         |            |         |         |         |         |                          |                         |
| Canada                                | 17,136     | 18,999  | 21,893  | 23,203  | 24,913  | 1,710                    | 7.4                     |
| Mexico                                | 12,460     | 14,690  | 17,122  | 17,732  | 19,066  | 1,334                    | 7.5                     |
| China                                 | 4,850      | 5,653   | 6,498   | 7,043   | 6,967   | -76                      | -1.1                    |
| Japan                                 | 687        | 716     | 759     | 780     | 766     | -14                      | -1.8                    |
| Brazil                                | 2,632      | 3,201   | 4,643   | 4,924   | 4,675   | -249                     | -5.1                    |
| Korea                                 | 393        | 450     | 510     | 558     | 636     | 78                       | 13.9                    |
| Indonesia                             | 1,967      | 2,149   | 2,494   | 2,507   | 2,793   | 286                      | 11.4                    |
| Italy                                 | 3,197      | 3,291   | 3,759   | 3,904   | 4,192   | 287                      | 7.4                     |
| India                                 | 1,314      | 1,806   | 3,105   | 5,790   | 4,444   | -1,346                   | -23.2                   |
| Chile                                 | 2,887      | 2,909   | 3,289   | 3,509   | 4,281   | 772                      | 22.0                    |
| All other                             | 39,778     | 43,709  | 51,513  | 52,449  | 52,966  | 517                      | 1.0                     |
| Total                                 | 87,301     | 97,572  | 115,585 | 122,400 | 125,699 | 3,299                    | 2.7                     |
| EU-28                                 | 15,550     | 16,724  | 18,917  | 19,926  | 20,833  | 906                      | 4.5                     |
| OPEC                                  | 1,679      | 1,692   | 2,031   | 1,972   | 2,074   | 102                      | 5.2                     |
| Latin America                         | 28,912     | 32,571  | 40,012  | 41,463  | 43,041  | 1,578                    | 3.8                     |
| Asia                                  | 16,926     | 19,893  | 24,669  | 27,204  | 25,693  | -1,511                   | -5.6                    |
| Sub-Saharan Africa                    | 1,459      | 1,846   | 2,102   | 1,921   | 1,958   | 37                       | 1.9                     |

See footnote(s) at the end of table.

| Item                            | Million \$ |        |        |        |         | Absolute change, 2012–13 | Percent change, 2012–13 |
|---------------------------------|------------|--------|--------|--------|---------|--------------------------|-------------------------|
|                                 | 2009       | 2010   | 2011   | 2012   | 2013    |                          |                         |
| U.S. merchandise trade balance: |            |        |        |        |         |                          |                         |
| Canada                          | -565       | -1,003 | -1,255 | -918   | -1,826  | -908                     | -98.9                   |
| Mexico                          | 452        | -96    | 1,303  | 1,249  | -808    | -2,057                   | ( <sup>a</sup> )        |
| China                           | 8,913      | 12,579 | 13,591 | 20,223 | 20,210  | -13                      | -0.1                    |
| Japan                           | 11,562     | 12,218 | 14,519 | 13,805 | 12,408  | -1,397                   | -10.1                   |
| Brazil                          | -2,284     | -2,637 | -2,751 | -4,229 | -2,723  | 1,506                    | 35.6                    |
| Korea                           | 3,806      | 5,175  | 6,856  | 5,958  | 5,050   | -907                     | -15.2                   |
| Indonesia                       | -182       | 66     | 311    | -24    | 15      | 39                       | ( <sup>a</sup> )        |
| Italy                           | -2,328     | -2,355 | -2,616 | -2,909 | -2,830  | 79                       | 2.7                     |
| India                           | -641       | -1,007 | -2,372 | -4,925 | -3,571  | 1,354                    | 27.5                    |
| Chile                           | -2,644     | -2,488 | -2,717 | -2,811 | -3,382  | -571                     | -20.3                   |
| All other                       | -204       | 3,448  | 5,271  | 1,476  | 3,921   | 2,445                    | 165.7                   |
| Total                           | 15,883     | 23,901 | 30,139 | 26,893 | 26,464  | -430                     | -1.6                    |
| EU-28                           | -6,957     | -6,337 | -6,851 | -7,907 | -7,279  | 628                      | 7.9                     |
| OPEC                            | 2,623      | 3,400  | 4,878  | 4,718  | 4,874   | 155                      | 3.3                     |
| Latin America                   | -6,904     | -7,569 | -7,918 | -9,646 | -10,236 | -590                     | -6.1                    |
| Asia                            | 26,076     | 32,356 | 36,903 | 39,234 | 40,261  | 1,027                    | 2.6                     |
| Sub-Saharan Africa              | 497        | 459    | 941    | 749    | 682     | -66                      | -8.9                    |

Source: Compiled from official statistics of the U.S. Department of Commerce.

Note: Import values are based on customs value; export values are based on free along ship value, U.S. port of export. Calculations based on unrounded data. The countries shown are those with the largest total U.S. trade (U.S. imports plus U.S. exports) in these products in the current year.

<sup>a</sup>Not meaningful for purposes of comparison.



## U.S. Exports

Increases in U.S. agricultural exports in 2013 were led by animal feed, dairy products, and edible nuts (table AG.2). Animal feed exports increased by 16 percent to \$14.5 billion. This commodity group covers a wide range of products, but the two largest for U.S. producers were “soybean oilcake and other solids” and “brewing/distilling dregs and waste.” These two products together accounted for almost 50 percent of all animal feed exports in 2013 and were major contributors to the increase in exports in this group.<sup>67</sup> Most of the growth in exports was driven by increasing demand for animal feed in China, Vietnam, and Turkey.<sup>68</sup> As incomes rise in these developing countries, consumer demand grows for animal protein, which in turn increases demand for animal feed.

U.S. dairy exports have also increased significantly in recent years. Nearly 80 percent of the year-over-year \$1.6 billion increase in U.S. dairy exports came from four products—skim milk powder (also known as nonfat dry milk), cheese, whey and whey products, and butter. The fastest-growing export markets for U.S. dairy products are in Asia and North Africa. Rising global demand, especially in rapidly developing economies, increased both export prices and volumes for U.S. dairy products in 2013.

U.S. exports of edible nuts rose by 22 percent to \$8.3 billion in 2013.<sup>69</sup> The 28 members of the European Union (EU-28) and Hong Kong are the biggest markets for U.S. exports; in-shell almonds and in-shell pistachios account for the largest share of exports to these partners.<sup>70</sup> The biggest absolute growth in U.S. exports of nuts came from shelled almonds (up \$708 million) and was largely caused by higher prices.<sup>71</sup> Prices of these tree nuts have generally risen along with global demand because supply is constrained. Nut trees are limited to specific climate zones and often require many years to reach their full production capacity.<sup>72</sup> Many factors contribute to the growth of demand (manifested in consumer willingness to pay higher prices) for tree nuts, including consumer perception that nuts are a healthy snack, rising demand in

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<sup>67</sup> Exports of soybean oilcake and other solids (HTS 2304.00.00) increased \$551 million (16 percent); of brewing/distilling dregs (HTS 2303.30.00), \$856 million (41 percent). Prices and export volumes for both products increased during 2013. USITC DataWeb/USDOC (accessed February 12, 2014).

<sup>68</sup> USITC DataWeb/USDOC (accessed February 26, 2013).

<sup>69</sup> Edible nuts cover a variety of products, including almonds, pistachios, walnuts, and peanuts.

<sup>70</sup> In 2013, the EU accounted for 30 percent of exports (by value); Hong Kong accounted for 14 percent, although some were likely reexported to other markets. USITC DataWeb/DOC (accessed February 26, 2014); USDA, FAS, *Hong Kong: Product Brief—Tree Nuts*, August 23, 2013, 3.

<sup>71</sup> USITC Dataweb/USDOC (accessed February 12, 2014). Between 2012 and 2013, shelled almond exports grew about 1 percent by quantity; average unit export value grew 27 percent.

<sup>72</sup> Depending on the type of nut, full bearing is reached sometime between 5 to 20 years after planting.

**Table AG.2** Agricultural products: Leading changes in U.S. exports and imports, 2009–13

| Item  | Million \$ |         |         |         |         | Absolute change, 2012–13 | Percent change, 2012–13 |
|---|------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|--------------------------|-------------------------|
|   | 2009       | 2010    | 2011    | 2012    | 2013    |                          |                         |
| <b>U.S. EXPORTS:</b>  |            |         |         |         |         |                          |                         |
| <b>Increases:</b>   |            |         |         |         |         |                          |                         |
| Animal feeds (AG013)  | 8,498      | 9,677   | 10,103  | 12,476  | 14,525  | 2,050                    | 16.4                    |
| Dairy products (AG010)  | 2,020      | 3,441   | 4,490   | 4,810   | 6,382   | 1,572                    | 32.7                    |
| Edible nuts (AG020)   | 4,024      | 4,756   | 5,679   | 6,870   | 8,345   | 1,475                    | 21.5                    |
| Infant formulas, malt extracts, and other edible preparations (AG036) | 3,786      | 4,174   | 4,815   | 5,415   | 6,065   | 650                      | 12.0                    |
| <b>Decreases:</b>   |            |         |         |         |         |                          |                         |
| Oilseeds (AG032)  | 16,780     | 18,936  | 17,875  | 25,040  | 21,794  | -3,245                   | -13.0                   |
| Animal or vegetable fats and oils (AG033)                             | 3,354      | 4,484   | 4,729   | 4,433   | 3,591   | -842                     | -19.0                   |
| <b>All other</b>  | 64,721     | 76,005  | 98,032  | 90,250  | 91,460  | 1,210                    | 1.3                     |
| <b>Total</b>  | 103,184    | 121,473 | 145,724 | 149,293 | 152,162 | 2,869                    | 1.9                     |
| <b>U.S. IMPORTS:</b>  |            |         |         |         |         |                          |                         |
| <b>Increases:</b>   |            |         |         |         |         |                          |                         |
| Shellfish (AG009)   | 6,587      | 7,469   | 8,704   | 8,055   | 9,140   | 1,085                    | 13.5                    |
| Fresh, chilled, or frozen vegetables (AG018)                          | 4,800      | 5,846   | 6,490   | 6,513   | 7,366   | 854                      | 13.1                    |
| <b>Decreases:</b>   |            |         |         |         |         |                          |                         |
| Miscellaneous vegetable substances (AG017)                            | 1,280      | 1,465   | 2,349   | 5,042   | 3,426   | -1,617                   | -32.1                   |
| Coffee and tea (AG028)  | 4,509      | 5,469   | 8,666   | 7,618   | 6,441   | -1,177                   | -15.4                   |
| Sugar (AG012A)  | 1,246      | 2,046   | 2,867   | 2,351   | 1,678   | -673                     | -28.6                   |
| <b>All other</b>  | 68,878     | 75,277  | 86,509  | 92,821  | 97,648  | 4,827                    | 5.2                     |
| <b>Total</b>  | 87,301     | 97,572  | 115,585 | 122,400 | 125,699 | 3,299                    | 2.7                     |

Source: Compiled from official statistics of the U.S. Department of Commerce.

Note: Import values are based on customs value; export values are based on free along ship value, U.S. port of export. Calculations based on unrounded data.

developing countries, and nuts' status as a gift or special snack for holidays in some Asian markets.<sup>73</sup>

By contrast, U.S. oilseed exports fell by \$3.2 billion, the largest absolute decline of any U.S. agricultural product in 2013. Soybean exports, which make up about three-quarters of U.S. oilseed exports, fell 13 percent by value and 8 percent by quantity.<sup>74</sup> When U.S. prices reached near-record highs in the summer of 2013, importing countries switched to Brazil, which had a large supply of soybeans due to a bountiful harvest.<sup>75</sup> U.S. oilseed exports declined in almost every market. Exports to China showed the largest decline in absolute terms, falling \$1.6 billion (11 percent) from 2012.<sup>76</sup>

In 2013, U.S. agricultural exports to Brazil rose sharply, increasing 181 percent to almost \$2.0 billion, about two-thirds of which was wheat. The value of wheat exports increased from \$13 million in 2012 to \$1.2 billion in 2013, a 30-year high.<sup>77</sup> Brazil's traditional supplier, Argentina, experienced its worst wheat harvest in a century and was unable to meet Brazilian demand due to a ban on wheat exports imposed by the Argentine government. As a result, Brazil lowered its tariff on U.S. wheat from 10 percent to zero during April–December 2013, which made it less costly to import U.S. product. These circumstances created an opportunity for U.S. exporters, who benefited from record U.S. wheat production in 2013.<sup>78</sup>

In 2013, U.S. agricultural exports to Japan fell more in absolute terms (\$1.4 billion) than those to any other market. This was driven by a \$1.2 billion (41 percent) fall in corn exports, primarily because of a 38 percent decline in feed corn volumes. Japan's global feed corn imports fell about 15 percent by value and 10 percent by volume as it substituted some corn with lower-priced sorghum and wheat in animal feed. In addition, since late 2012, Brazilian feed corn has had a price advantage over U.S. feed corn; in 2013, average Japanese import values for this commodity from Brazil were \$309 per metric ton, compared to \$341 from the United States.<sup>79</sup> As a result of this price discrepancy, Japan's imports from the United States fell more sharply than the average, and Brazil replaced the United States as Japan's largest feed corn supplier.

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<sup>73</sup> USDA, FAS, *Hong Kong: Product Brief—Tree Nuts*, August 23, 2013, 1, 5; USDA, FAS, *EU-28: Tree Nuts Annual*, September 13, 2013; International Nut and Dried Fruit Council, News and Media (accessed February 27, 2014) [http://www.nutfruit.org/en/news\\_7119](http://www.nutfruit.org/en/news_7119); industry officials, farm tours, California, August 3–9, 2013.

<sup>74</sup> Based on HTS 120190. U.S. oilseed exports fell by \$3.2 billion and 4.4 million metric tons. USITC DataWeb/DOC (accessed February 25, 2014).

<sup>75</sup> O'Brien, "Soybean Market Outlook in September 2013," September 20, 2013; Thiesse, "September 2013 USDA Crop Production Summary," September 17, 2013; U.S. government official, email to USITC staff, February 28, 2014.

<sup>76</sup> USITC DataWeb/USDOC (accessed February 26, 2014).

<sup>77</sup> Ibid.

<sup>78</sup> USDA, FAS, *Brazil: U.S. Wheat Exports to Brazil*, February 19, 2014, 1–2.

<sup>79</sup> Japan's imports from the United States fell by about 59 percent in both volume and value between 2012 and 2013. GTIS, GTA (accessed February 26, 2014); USDA, FAS, *Japan: Grain and Feed Update*, July 26, 2013.

## U.S. Imports

Shellfish led the increase in the value of U.S. agricultural imports in 2013, accounting for about one-third of the total increase in value. In 2013, U.S. imports of shellfish grew by 14 percent to \$9.1 billion. Two-thirds of this growth can be attributed to a 26 percent increase in the value of imports of certain shrimp and prawns.<sup>80</sup> Prices rose as shrimp production fell in major producing regions of East and Southeast Asia, a result of an outbreak of early mortality syndrome (EMS) disease starting in late 2012.<sup>81</sup>

The United States has large agricultural trade flows (imports and exports) with its North American Free Trade Agreement (NAFTA) partners, Canada and Mexico, but was a net importer in this category from these two countries in 2013. U.S. imports from both Canada and Mexico reached their highest levels ever in 2013, at \$24.9 billion and \$19.1 billion, respectively. Mexico and Canada benefit from their proximity to the United States, which gives them logistical advantages over other U.S. import suppliers, and from preferential trade access under NAFTA.

In 2013, the largest absolute increase in U.S. agricultural imports from Canada were of live cattle (not for breeding), which grew 22 percent to \$1.3 billion, and wheat (non-durum), which grew 37 percent to \$779 million. Both increases were driven by higher import quantities, although prices also increased.<sup>82</sup> A major factor contributing to increased U.S. imports of Canadian cattle was the closure of a beef slaughter plant in Quebec, resulting in higher volumes of Canadian cattle delivered for slaughter in the United States. In addition, low prices in late 2012 caused some U.S. producers to wait until 2013 to deliver cattle for slaughter, and a slaughter plant in Alberta closed for a week, causing a temporary increase in cattle shipments to the United States.<sup>83</sup> The United States imported more Canadian wheat in 2013 because some U.S.-produced wheat was diverted to Brazil (see above). Canada was able to make up the shortfall in the U.S. market because of a good harvest and limited competition from other producing regions like Australia, which had lower production levels in 2013 than the year before.<sup>84</sup>

The U.S. agricultural imports from Mexico with the largest absolute increases in 2013 from 2012 levels were raw cane sugar and avocados. The value of U.S. imports of raw cane sugar rose by \$314 million to \$415 million; the import quantity increased sevenfold.<sup>85</sup> U.S. refiners can import Mexican sugar duty free and quota free under NAFTA.<sup>86</sup> U.S. imports of Mexican avocados grew by \$230 million to \$992 million in 2013 because of both higher prices and increased quantities shipped.<sup>87</sup> Rising demand (both globally and within the United States) and

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<sup>80</sup> Import volumes declined slightly (less than 1 percent). USITC DataWeb/USDOC (accessed February 24, 2014).

<sup>81</sup> FAO, "GlobeFish: Shrimp," August 2013; FAO, "GlobeFish: Shrimp," September 2013.

<sup>82</sup> USITC DataWeb/USDOC (accessed March 4, 2014).

<sup>83</sup> USDA, FAS, Canada: Livestock and Products Annual, September 1, 2013, 5.

<sup>84</sup> USDA, FAS, *Canada: Grain and Feed Update*, July 26, 2013, 2.

<sup>85</sup> USITC DataWeb/USDOC (accessed March 4, 2014).

<sup>86</sup> USDA, FAS, *Mexico: Sugar Semi-annual*, September 24, 2013; USDA, ERS, *Sugar and Sweeteners Outlook*, August 16, 2013.

<sup>87</sup> USITC DataWeb/USDOC (accessed March 4, 2014).

the timing of Mexico's shipments, which led to tighter supplies in the U.S. market late in the year compared to 2012, forced U.S. import prices for avocados higher in 2013.<sup>88</sup> In addition, U.S. per capita consumption of avocados more than doubled between 2010–13 because of multiple factors, including a promotional campaign by the U.S. industry and avocados' wider availability at restaurants.<sup>89</sup>

U.S. imports of miscellaneous vegetable substances in 2013 fell by \$1.6 billion (32 percent) from 2012.<sup>90</sup> About half of these were mucilages and thickeners derived from guar seeds, also known as guar gum. Imports of guar gum fell by \$1.8 billion (52 percent), largely because of lower prices rather than lower imported volumes.<sup>91</sup> Guar gum is used in oil and shale gas exploration, and as a thickener in certain processed foods. The vast majority of guar gum is imported from India (97 percent in 2013).<sup>92</sup> In 2012, guar gum prices were high because fears of production shortages in India, which accounts for about 80 percent of global guar gum production, drove a speculative bubble.<sup>93</sup> In 2013, prices fell because (1) the Indian government, which had banned guar gum futures trading between March 2012 and May 14, 2013, issued guidelines aimed at reducing speculation on guar gum, and (2) guar gum production in India increased as farmers devoted more acreage to guar seed.<sup>94</sup>

The value of U.S. imports of coffee and tea fell by 15 percent to \$6.4 billion. This decline was primarily the result of lower prices for certain Arabica coffee imports, which fell 23 percent (\$956 million) by value in spite of a 5 percent (40,379 metric tons) rise in quantity.<sup>95</sup> Lower prices drove down the value of U.S. imports of Arabica coffee from almost every supplier, and five suppliers had declines of over \$100 million each—Brazil (\$209 million), Guatemala (\$146 million), Indonesia (\$124 million), Honduras (\$117 million), and Mexico (\$106 million).<sup>96</sup>

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<sup>88</sup> USDA, FAS, *Mexico: Avocado Annual*, December 19, 2013; Boyd, "After Rocky Start, Mexican Avocado Season Stabilizes," November 4, 2013.

<sup>89</sup> Karst, "Avocado Consumption: Still on the Rise?" June 24, 2012; Polis, "Mexican Hass Avocado Industry," June 19, 2012.

<sup>90</sup> Mucilages and thickeners are used in food and manufacturing to thicken, bind, and enhance volume.

<sup>91</sup> Import quantity fell about 34,015 metric tons (12 percent) compared to 2012. USITC DataWeb/USDOC (accessed February 12, 2014).

<sup>92</sup> Mukherjee, "Is Guar Gum's Dream Run Nearing Its End?" November 4, 2013; Ghosal, "Foreign Guar Gum Buyers Return," November 7, 2013.

<sup>93</sup> Guar gum prices were 900 percent higher in 2012 than in 2011. USITC, *Shifts in U.S. Merchandise Trade 2012*, 2013, AG-7.

<sup>94</sup> Sharma, "India to Raise 2013 Output of Fracking Ingredient," May 29, 2013; Ghosal, "Foreign Guar Gum Buyers Return," November 7, 2013; Mukherjee, "Is Guar Gum's Dream Run Nearing Its End?" November 4, 2013.

<sup>95</sup> Based on HTS 0901.11.0025. USITC DataWeb/USDOC (accessed February 12, 2014, and March 3, 2014).

<sup>96</sup> Lower prices were the main reason import values fell for almost every supplier. The volume of U.S. imports from some suppliers also fell, but less sharply than the values. USITC DataWeb/USDOC (accessed March 12, 2014).

Arabica coffee prices fell because of a large harvest in Brazil for the second year in a row, as well as higher production in Colombia after a successful replanting program beginning in 2010.<sup>97</sup>

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<sup>97</sup> McFarlane, "Coffee Drinkers Treated to More Arabica," October 30, 2013; Agrimoney.com, "Arabica Coffee Prices," December 31, 2013; USDA, FAS, *Coffee: World Markets and Trade*, December 2013; USDA, FAS, *Colombia: Coffee Semi-annual*, November 15, 2010, 1; Tepper, "As Coffee Rust Devastates Latin America," March 25, 2013; USDA, FAS, *Colombia: Coffee Annual*, May 24, 2011. Colombia has struggled with coffee rust disease and coffee cherry borer (broca) infestations since 2010.

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## Chemicals and Related Products

Philip Stone  
(202) 205-3424  
[philip.stone@usitc.gov](mailto:philip.stone@usitc.gov)

### Change in 2013 from 2012:

U.S. trade deficit: Decreased by \$2.3 billion (6.6 percent) to \$32.4 billion

U.S. exports: Increased by \$626 million (0.3 percent) to \$218.1 billion

U.S. imports: Decreased by \$1.7 billion (1 percent) to \$250.5 billion

The U.S. trade deficit in chemicals and related products decreased by \$2.3 billion (6.6 percent) to \$32.4 billion in 2013. U.S. exports remained relatively flat compared to 2012, increasing by only \$626 million (0.3 percent) in 2013, while U.S. imports decreased by \$1.7 billion (0.7 percent). Medicinal chemicals accounted for the largest share of trade in this sector, with \$85.5 billion in U.S. imports and \$48.2 billion in U.S. exports in 2013. The largest change in value for U.S. exports in this sector was for miscellaneous plastic products, for which U.S. exports increased by \$813 million. Medicinal chemicals recorded the largest change in U.S. imports, decreasing by \$3.9 billion.

The EU-28 and Canada are the largest trading partners for the United States in the chemicals sector (table CH.1). In 2013, U.S. exports of chemicals and related products to the EU-28 and Canada totaled \$54 billion and \$36 billion respectively. U.S. trade with both trading partners remained relatively unchanged compared to 2012. U.S. exports to the EU-28 decreased by \$76 million (0.1 percent) but increased to Canada by \$16 million (less than 0.1 percent). U.S. imports from the EU-28 totaled \$86 billion in 2013, a decrease of \$292 million (0.3 percent) from 2012. U.S. imports from Canada totaled \$34 billion in 2013, a decrease of \$399 million (1 percent) from 2012.

**Table CH.1** Chemicals and related products: U.S. exports of domestic merchandise, imports for consumption, and merchandise trade balance, by selected countries and country groups, 2009–13

| Item                                  | Million \$ |         |         |         |         | Absolute change, 2012–13 | Percent change, 2012–13 |
|---------------------------------------|------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|--------------------------|-------------------------|
|                                       | 2009       | 2010    | 2011    | 2012    | 2013    |                          |                         |
| U.S. exports of domestic merchandise: |            |         |         |         |         |                          |                         |
| Canada                                | 26,743     | 31,281  | 35,319  | 36,027  | 36,043  | 16                       | ( <sup>a</sup> )        |
| China                                 | 10,643     | 13,344  | 15,021  | 14,205  | 14,128  | -76                      | -0.5                    |
| Mexico                                | 20,313     | 23,869  | 27,670  | 30,652  | 31,736  | 1,085                    | 3.5                     |
| Germany                               | 10,580     | 10,830  | 7,806   | 7,500   | 7,140   | -360                     | -4.8                    |
| Ireland                               | 1,732      | 2,147   | 1,987   | 2,194   | 2,480   | 286                      | 13.0                    |
| Japan                                 | 7,958      | 10,741  | 11,609  | 12,201  | 10,745  | -1,456                   | -11.9                   |
| Belgium                               | 8,568      | 10,431  | 11,715  | 12,281  | 13,050  | 769                      | 6.3                     |
| United Kingdom                        | 7,488      | 8,116   | 8,756   | 8,449   | 6,886   | -1,563                   | -18.5                   |
| Switzerland                           | 2,804      | 2,849   | 2,927   | 2,349   | 2,651   | 302                      | 12.8                    |
| Brazil                                | 5,714      | 7,815   | 8,875   | 8,987   | 9,818   | 831                      | 9.2                     |
| All other                             | 63,405     | 75,602  | 82,297  | 82,607  | 83,399  | 792                      | 1.0                     |
| Total                                 | 165,948    | 197,026 | 213,983 | 217,452 | 218,078 | 626                      | 0.3                     |
| EU-28                                 | 51,138     | 55,332  | 53,679  | 54,470  | 54,394  | -76                      | -0.1                    |
| OPEC                                  | 4,130      | 5,175   | 6,272   | 6,685   | 6,720   | 35                       | 0.5                     |
| Latin America                         | 37,042     | 45,653  | 53,373  | 56,985  | 58,906  | 1,921                    | 3.4                     |
| Asia                                  | 37,564     | 49,179  | 54,955  | 53,034  | 51,351  | -1,682                   | -3.2                    |
| Sub-Saharan Africa                    | 1,459      | 1,596   | 1,916   | 2,048   | 2,050   | 1                        | 0.1                     |
| U.S. imports for consumption:         |            |         |         |         |         |                          |                         |
| Canada                                | 25,021     | 30,037  | 34,515  | 34,161  | 33,762  | -399                     | -1.2                    |
| China                                 | 17,510     | 21,319  | 25,637  | 27,975  | 29,445  | 1,470                    | 5.3                     |
| Mexico                                | 5,767      | 7,059   | 8,374   | 9,101   | 9,686   | 586                      | 6.4                     |
| Germany                               | 14,922     | 15,368  | 17,885  | 19,992  | 21,639  | 1,647                    | 8.2                     |
| Ireland                               | 19,953     | 25,260  | 30,795  | 24,715  | 22,235  | -2,481                   | -10.0                   |
| Japan                                 | 9,985      | 12,013  | 12,269  | 12,433  | 12,138  | -295                     | -2.4                    |
| Belgium                               | 5,209      | 5,160   | 4,752   | 3,886   | 5,018   | 1,132                    | 29.1                    |
| United Kingdom                        | 15,004     | 12,655  | 11,170  | 10,022  | 8,658   | -1,364                   | -13.6                   |
| Switzerland                           | 5,892      | 7,497   | 9,158   | 10,123  | 11,133  | 1,011                    | 10.0                    |
| Brazil                                | 1,883      | 2,705   | 3,191   | 3,157   | 2,514   | -643                     | -20.4                   |
| All other                             | 61,368     | 78,946  | 96,482  | 96,589  | 94,256  | -2,332                   | -2.4                    |
| Total                                 | 182,515    | 218,020 | 254,229 | 252,153 | 250,484 | -1,669                   | -0.7                    |
| EU-28                                 | 77,653     | 83,783  | 91,738  | 86,566  | 86,274  | -292                     | -0.3                    |
| OPEC                                  | 8,071      | 12,136  | 15,120  | 16,087  | 15,558  | -530                     | -3.3                    |
| Latin America                         | 12,927     | 16,974  | 22,187  | 22,739  | 23,138  | 399                      | 1.8                     |
| Asia                                  | 45,795     | 56,492  | 67,964  | 71,499  | 70,953  | -546                     | -0.8                    |
| Sub-Saharan Africa                    | 988        | 2,081   | 2,349   | 1,540   | 1,326   | -214                     | -13.9                   |

See footnote(s) at the end of table.

| Item                            | Million \$ |         |         |         |         | Absolute change, 2012–13 | Percent change, 2012–13 |
|---------------------------------|------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|--------------------------|-------------------------|
|                                 | 2009       | 2010    | 2011    | 2012    | 2013    |                          |                         |
| U.S. merchandise trade balance: |            |         |         |         |         |                          |                         |
| Canada                          | 1,722      | 1,244   | 804     | 1,866   | 2,281   | 415                      | 22.2                    |
| China                           | -6,867     | -7,975  | -10,616 | -13,771 | -15,316 | -1,546                   | -11.2                   |
| Mexico                          | 14,546     | 16,810  | 19,296  | 21,551  | 22,050  | 499                      | 2.3                     |
| Germany                         | -4,342     | -4,538  | -10,079 | -12,492 | -14,498 | -2,007                   | -16.1                   |
| Ireland                         | -18,221    | -23,114 | -28,808 | -22,521 | -19,754 | 2,767                    | 12.3                    |
| Japan                           | -2,028     | -1,272  | -660    | -232    | -1,393  | -1,161                   | -500.4                  |
| Belgium                         | 3,359      | 5,272   | 6,963   | 8,396   | 8,032   | -363                     | -4.3                    |
| United Kingdom                  | -7,516     | -4,539  | -2,414  | -1,572  | -1,772  | -199                     | -12.7                   |
| Switzerland                     | -3,088     | -4,648  | -6,231  | -7,773  | -8,482  | -709                     | -9.1                    |
| Brazil                          | 3,831      | 5,110   | 5,684   | 5,830   | 7,303   | 1,474                    | 25.3                    |
| All other                       | 2,037      | -3,344  | -14,185 | -13,982 | -10,857 | 3,125                    | 22.3                    |
| Total                           | -16,567    | -20,994 | -40,246 | -34,701 | -32,406 | 2,294                    | 6.6                     |
| EU-28                           | -26,515    | -28,451 | -38,059 | -32,096 | -31,880 | 216                      | 0.7                     |
| OPEC                            | -3,941     | -6,960  | -8,848  | -9,403  | -8,838  | 565                      | 6.0                     |
| Latin America                   | 24,115     | 28,679  | 31,186  | 34,246  | 35,768  | 1,522                    | 4.4                     |
| Asia                            | -8,232     | -7,313  | -13,009 | -18,466 | -19,602 | -1,136                   | -6.2                    |
| Sub-Saharan Africa              | 472        | -485    | -432    | 508     | 723     | 215                      | 42.3                    |

Source: Compiled from official statistics of the U.S. Department of Commerce.

Note: Import values are based on customs value; export values are based on free along ship value, U.S. port of export. Calculations based on unrounded data. The countries shown are those with the largest total U.S. trade (U.S. imports plus U.S. exports) in these products in the current year.

<sup>a</sup>Less than 0.05 percent.

## U.S. Exports

U.S. exports of chemicals and related products remained relatively level, growing by only \$626 million (0.3 percent) in 2013. The largest increases in U.S. exports were of miscellaneous plastic products and commodity organic chemicals. U.S. exports of miscellaneous plastic products rose by \$0.8 billion (3 percent), owing to increased exports of plastic boxes, cases, crates, and similar articles and plastic articles not elsewhere specified or included (table CH.2). Among commodity organic chemicals, U.S. exports of styrene showed the highest growth, fueled by rising demand in Latin America as well as by global production problems, including an unplanned shutdown of Shell's styrene monomer plant in Alberta, Canada.<sup>98</sup>

U.S. exports of synthetic rubber decreased by \$661 million in 2013. The decline in the value of synthetic rubber exports was largely the result of high stocks and low prices of natural rubber, a substitute for synthetic rubber used in the production of vehicle tires and other products.<sup>99</sup> Additionally, new synthetic rubber production facilities began operations in China in 2013, further reducing demand for U.S. exports of synthetic rubber.<sup>100</sup>

U.S. exports of fertilizers decreased by \$511 million in 2013. U.S. fertilizer exports dropped, in part, due to lower exports of certain phosphate fertilizers to India. India started 2013 with high stocks of these fertilizers and consumed less throughout the year because of decreased and delayed subsidy payments to farmers, as well as a weaker rupee that made U.S fertilizers more expensive.<sup>101</sup>

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<sup>98</sup> Balboa, "US Styrene to Remain Tight in 2014," January 13, 2014.

<sup>99</sup> Liu and Richardson, "China Butadiene and Synthetic Rubber in Crisis," July 1, 2013.

<sup>100</sup> Liu and Richardson, "China Butadiene and Synthetic Rubber in Crisis," July 1, 2013.

<sup>101</sup> *Chemical Week*, "India Cuts Phosphate and Potash Subsidies," May 13, 2013, 8; PotashCorp., *Q4 2013 Market Analysis Report*, December 10, 2013, 16.

**Table CH.2** Chemicals and related products: Leading changes in U.S. exports and imports, 2009–13

| Item  | Million \$ |         |         |         |         | Absolute change, 2012–13 | Percent change, 2012–13 |
|---|------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|--------------------------|-------------------------|
|   | 2009       | 2010    | 2011    | 2012    | 2013    |                          |                         |
| <b>U.S. EXPORTS:</b>                            |            |         |         |         |         |                          |                         |
| <b>Increases:</b>                               |            |         |         |         |         |                          |                         |
| Miscellaneous plastic products (CH033)          | 17,719     | 21,235  | 23,108  | 23,755  | 24,568  | 813                      | 3.4                     |
| Organic commodity chemicals (CH004)             | 3,633      | 5,073   | 6,047   | 6,499   | 7,134   | 636                      | 9.8                     |
| <b>Decreases:</b>                               |            |         |         |         |         |                          |                         |
| Synthetic rubber (CH031)                        | 2,697      | 3,734   | 4,792   | 4,637   | 3,976   | -661                     | -14.3                   |
| Fertilizers (CH010)                             | 3,684      | 3,941   | 5,429   | 4,984   | 4,473   | -511                     | -10.3                   |
| Medicinal chemicals (CH019)                     | 46,359     | 47,304  | 45,928  | 48,673  | 48,232  | -441                     | -0.9                    |
| <b>All other</b>                                | 91,856     | 115,739 | 128,680 | 128,904 | 129,694 | 791                      | 0.6                     |
| <b>Total</b>                                    | 165,948    | 197,026 | 213,983 | 217,452 | 218,078 | 626                      | 0.3                     |
| <b>U.S. IMPORTS:</b>                            |            |         |         |         |         |                          |                         |
| <b>Increases:</b>                               |            |         |         |         |         |                          |                         |
| Miscellaneous plastic products (CH033)          | 19,328     | 22,956  | 25,279  | 27,344  | 28,821  | 1,477                    | 5.4                     |
| Miscellaneous chemicals and specialties (CH023) | 3,507      | 4,310   | 5,202   | 4,997   | 6,154   | 1,157                    | 23.2                    |
| <b>Decreases:</b>                               |            |         |         |         |         |                          |                         |
| Medicinal chemicals (CH019)                     | 82,417     | 86,603  | 92,732  | 88,771  | 85,477  | -3,294                   | -3.7                    |
| Major primary olefins (CH001)                   | 5,931      | 10,496  | 13,079  | 11,148  | 9,258   | -1,889                   | -16.9                   |
| <b>All other</b>                                | 71,332     | 93,654  | 117,937 | 119,893 | 120,774 | 881                      | 0.7                     |
| <b>Total</b>                                    | 182,515    | 218,020 | 254,229 | 252,153 | 250,484 | -1,669                   | -0.7                    |

Source: Compiled from official statistics of the U.S. Department of Commerce.

Note: Import values are based on customs value; export values are based on free along ship value, U.S. port of export. Calculations based on unrounded data.

## U.S. Imports

U.S. imports decreased by \$1.7 billion in 2013, largely because of declines in imports of pharmaceuticals and primary olefins. The value of pharmaceuticals imported in 2013 fell by \$3.3 billion compared to 2012. The decrease in value of pharmaceutical imports likely stemmed from the replacement of high-cost brand-name medicines by cheaper generic medicines, as patent terms expired for blockbuster drugs such as atorvastatin (brand name Lipitor) and clopidogrel (brand name Plavix). U.S. imports of primary olefins decreased by \$1.9 billion because of increases in domestic production of olefins such as ethylene and propylene.

U.S. imports of miscellaneous plastic products and miscellaneous chemicals and specialties increased in 2013. U.S. imports of miscellaneous plastic products grew by \$1.5 billion, in part because of increased imports of plastic floor tiles and plastic tubes, which are used in new-home construction. U.S. imports of miscellaneous chemicals and specialties increased by \$1.2 billion, primarily the result of increased imports of biodiesel from Argentina and Indonesia. Argentine and Indonesian exporters of biodiesel were seeking new markets after the EU-28 imposed antidumping duties on biodiesel from these countries in 2013.<sup>102</sup> At the same time, the United States government reinstated the \$1 per gallon tax credit for biodiesel through the end of 2013, increasing demand for biodiesel in the U.S. market.<sup>103</sup>

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<sup>102</sup> European Commission, "EU to Impose Definitive Anti-Dumping Duties," November 21, 2013.

<sup>103</sup> Reuters, "U.S. Biodiesel Tax Credit Revived through 2013 by Congress," January 2, 2013.

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# Electronic Products

Sharon Ford  
(202) 205-3084  
[sharon.ford@usitc.gov](mailto:sharon.ford@usitc.gov)

## Change in 2013 from 2012:

U.S. trade deficit: Increased by \$3.5 billion (1 percent) to \$250.3 billion

U.S. exports: Decreased by \$27 million (less than 0.1 percent) to \$167.0 billion

U.S. imports: Increased by \$3.5 billion (1 percent) to \$417.2 billion

The U.S. trade deficit in electronic products rose by \$3.5 billion to \$250.3 billion in 2013 (1 percent). The slight increase was driven by growing deficits in telecommunications equipment as well as circuit apparatus assemblies. U.S. exports of electronic products declined marginally, by less than 0.1 percent, while imports increased by 0.8 percent.

China continued to be the largest contributor to the U.S. deficit in electronic products trade; China's share of the deficit was \$161.1 billion in 2013 (table EL.1). China is a leading producer of semiconductors and computers (the former being an input for the latter) as well as peripheral products.<sup>104</sup> Along with the emerging economies of Malaysia and Thailand, China has benefited from the shift of production capacity away from countries with high manufacturing costs, such as the United States and Japan.<sup>105</sup>

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<sup>104</sup> The World Trade Organization's *International Trade Statistics 2011* reports that in 2010, China established itself as the largest manufacturer of computer hardware products in the world, accounting for over one-third of world trade in these goods.

<sup>105</sup> IBISWorld, *Global Computer Hardware Manufacturing*, March 2013, 14; Standard & Poor's, "Industry Surveys: Semiconductors," April 2013, 9.

**Table EL.1** Electronic products: U.S. exports of domestic merchandise, imports for consumption, and merchandise trade balance, by selected countries and country groups, 2009–13

| Item                                  | Million \$ |         |         |         |         | Absolute change, 2012–13 | Percent change, 2012–13 |
|---------------------------------------|------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|--------------------------|-------------------------|
|                                       | 2009       | 2010    | 2011    | 2012    | 2013    |                          |                         |
| U.S. exports of domestic merchandise: |            |         |         |         |         |                          |                         |
| China                                 | 11,133     | 13,493  | 11,889  | 12,331  | 14,123  | 1,792                    | 14.5                    |
| Mexico                                | 14,901     | 16,537  | 16,733  | 18,945  | 20,737  | 1,792                    | 9.5                     |
| Japan                                 | 8,521      | 9,661   | 10,631  | 11,264  | 10,419  | -844                     | -7.5                    |
| Canada                                | 15,217     | 16,692  | 18,207  | 18,455  | 17,731  | -724                     | -3.9                    |
| Malaysia                              | 4,889      | 6,451   | 5,807   | 4,709   | 4,533   | -176                     | -3.7                    |
| Korea                                 | 5,437      | 6,378   | 7,158   | 7,172   | 6,714   | -458                     | -6.4                    |
| Germany                               | 7,639      | 8,183   | 8,203   | 7,954   | 7,964   | 10                       | 0.1                     |
| Taiwan                                | 3,732      | 4,659   | 4,929   | 3,735   | 3,520   | -215                     | -5.8                    |
| Thailand                              | 1,855      | 2,496   | 2,294   | 2,152   | 2,226   | 75                       | 3.5                     |
| Singapore                             | 4,709      | 6,131   | 5,716   | 4,836   | 4,647   | -189                     | -3.9                    |
| All other                             | 64,905     | 69,150  | 72,971  | 75,450  | 74,360  | -1,090                   | -1.4                    |
| Total                                 | 142,938    | 159,833 | 164,537 | 167,003 | 166,976 | -27                      | ( <sup>a</sup> )        |
| EU-28                                 | 35,484     | 36,546  | 36,630  | 35,134  | 34,836  | -298                     | -0.8                    |
| OPEC                                  | 5,460      | 5,269   | 6,103   | 7,614   | 7,750   | 136                      | 1.8                     |
| Latin America                         | 29,098     | 31,812  | 32,908  | 35,908  | 37,482  | 1,574                    | 4.4                     |
| Asia                                  | 50,161     | 61,228  | 61,588  | 59,538  | 58,747  | -791                     | -1.3                    |
| Sub-Saharan Africa                    | 1,285      | 1,205   | 1,217   | 1,351   | 1,347   | -4                       | -0.3                    |
| U.S. imports for consumption:         |            |         |         |         |         |                          |                         |
| China                                 | 110,794    | 143,716 | 158,671 | 171,159 | 175,212 | 4,053                    | 2.4                     |
| Mexico                                | 50,325     | 62,049  | 61,996  | 65,344  | 63,627  | -1,716                   | -2.6                    |
| Japan                                 | 22,917     | 26,757  | 26,697  | 26,213  | 24,216  | -1,997                   | -7.6                    |
| Canada                                | 9,626      | 9,449   | 9,758   | 9,513   | 9,074   | -439                     | -4.6                    |
| Malaysia                              | 17,142     | 17,892  | 16,602  | 17,100  | 19,165  | 2,065                    | 12.1                    |
| Korea                                 | 15,662     | 18,011  | 17,953  | 14,543  | 16,560  | 2,017                    | 13.9                    |
| Germany                               | 9,717      | 11,227  | 13,399  | 13,512  | 13,532  | 20                       | 0.1                     |
| Taiwan                                | 14,221     | 17,977  | 20,990  | 17,214  | 16,130  | -1,084                   | -6.3                    |
| Thailand                              | 7,900      | 9,514   | 9,556   | 10,983  | 11,558  | 575                      | 5.2                     |
| Singapore                             | 6,788      | 8,060   | 8,039   | 7,879   | 6,387   | -1,492                   | -18.9                   |
| All other                             | 46,330     | 52,964  | 56,930  | 60,308  | 61,766  | 1,458                    | 2.4                     |
| Total                                 | 311,420    | 377,617 | 400,592 | 413,767 | 417,226 | 3,459                    | 0.8                     |
| EU-28                                 | 32,519     | 37,113  | 40,863  | 41,589  | 42,091  | 502                      | 1.2                     |
| OPEC                                  | 25         | 27      | 40      | 45      | 73      | 29                       | 63.5                    |
| Latin America                         | 55,269     | 69,861  | 70,940  | 76,083  | 74,300  | -1,783                   | -2.3                    |
| Asia                                  | 203,564    | 251,509 | 268,258 | 275,697 | 280,774 | 5,077                    | 1.8                     |
| Sub-Saharan Africa                    | 81         | 87      | 108     | 98      | 98      | ( <sup>b</sup> )         | -0.4                    |

See footnote(s) at the end of table.

| Item                            | Million \$ |          |          |          |          | Absolute change, 2012–13 | Percent change, 2012–13 |
|---------------------------------|------------|----------|----------|----------|----------|--------------------------|-------------------------|
|                                 | 2009       | 2010     | 2011     | 2012     | 2013     |                          |                         |
| U.S. merchandise trade balance: |            |          |          |          |          |                          |                         |
| China                           | -99,661    | -130,223 | -146,782 | -158,828 | -161,089 | -2,260                   | -1.4                    |
| Mexico                          | -35,424    | -45,511  | -45,263  | -46,398  | -42,890  | 3,508                    | 7.6                     |
| Japan                           | -14,395    | -17,095  | -16,066  | -14,949  | -13,797  | 1,152                    | 7.7                     |
| Canada                          | 5,591      | 7,243    | 8,448    | 8,942    | 8,657    | -285                     | -3.2                    |
| Malaysia                        | -12,253    | -11,441  | -10,795  | -12,391  | -14,632  | -2,241                   | -18.1                   |
| Korea                           | -10,225    | -11,633  | -10,795  | -7,371   | -9,845   | -2,474                   | -33.6                   |
| Germany                         | -2,078     | -3,044   | -5,196   | -5,558   | -5,568   | -10                      | -0.2                    |
| Taiwan                          | -10,489    | -13,318  | -16,061  | -13,478  | -12,610  | 868                      | 6.4                     |
| Thailand                        | -6,045     | -7,019   | -7,262   | -8,831   | -9,332   | -501                     | -5.7                    |
| Singapore                       | -2,079     | -1,929   | -2,323   | -3,043   | -1,740   | 1,304                    | 42.8                    |
| All other                       | 18,575     | 16,187   | 16,041   | 15,143   | 12,595   | -2,548                   | -16.8                   |
| Total                           | -168,483   | -217,784 | -236,055 | -246,764 | -250,250 | -3,486                   | -1.4                    |
| EU-28                           | 2,965      | -568     | -4,233   | -6,455   | -7,255   | -800                     | -12.4                   |
| OPEC                            | 5,435      | 5,242    | 6,063    | 7,569    | 7,677    | 108                      | 1.4                     |
| Latin America                   | -26,171    | -38,050  | -38,032  | -40,175  | -36,818  | 3,356                    | 8.4                     |
| Asia                            | -153,403   | -190,281 | -206,670 | -216,159 | -222,028 | -5,868                   | -2.7                    |
| Sub-Saharan Africa              | 1,204      | 1,117    | 1,109    | 1,253    | 1,250    | -4                       | -0.3                    |

Source: Compiled from official statistics of the U.S. Department of Commerce.

Note: Import values are based on customs value; export values are based on free along ship value, U.S. port of export. Calculations based on unrounded data. The countries shown are those with the largest total U.S. trade (U.S. imports plus U.S. exports) in these products in the current year.

<sup>a</sup>Less than 0.05 percent.

<sup>b</sup>Less than \$500,000.

## U.S. Exports

U.S. exports of electronic products decreased by \$27 million (less than 0.1 percent) in 2013, against the backdrop of a sluggish global economy.<sup>106</sup> Despite this overall decline, U.S. exports increased in a number of subsectors, namely telecommunications equipment, navigational instruments and remote control apparatus, and circuit apparatus assemblies. The leading destinations for U.S. exports of electronic products were the United States' NAFTA partners, Mexico (\$20.7 billion) and Canada (\$17.7 billion). Together, Mexico and Canada accounted for 23 percent of sector exports. They were followed by China (\$14.1 billion) and Japan (\$10.4 billion), which together accounted for 15 percent of U.S. exports in this sector. In 2013, exports increased to 4 of the United States' top 10 export destinations but declined to the remaining six.

In 2013, the major markets for U.S. telecommunications equipment exports, which totaled \$16.3 billion, were Mexico, Canada, and Hong Kong. U.S. exports of telecommunications equipment rose by \$1.1 million (7 percent) in 2013 (table EL.2). This increase was driven by a number of factors, including growing reliance worldwide on communications networks, expanding 4G/LTE networks, increasing mobile broadband access in developing countries, and the continuing

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<sup>106</sup> Standard & Poor's, "Industry Surveys: Semiconductors," April 2013, 1.

**Table EL.2** Electronic products: Leading changes in U.S. exports and imports, 2009–13

| Item  | Million \$ |         |         |         |         | Absolute change, 2012–13 | Percent change, 2012–13 |
|---|------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|--------------------------|-------------------------|
|   | 2009       | 2010    | 2011    | 2012    | 2013    |                          |                         |
| <b>U.S. EXPORTS:</b>  |            |         |         |         |         |                          |                         |
| <b>Increases:</b>   |            |         |         |         |         |                          |                         |
| Telecommunications equipment (EL002)                          | 13,421     | 13,605  | 14,619  | 15,156  | 16,260  | 1,105                    | 7.3                     |
| Navigational instruments and remote control apparatus (EL005) | 2,558      | 2,768   | 3,317   | 3,356   | 3,830   | 474                      | 14.1                    |
| Circuit apparatus assemblies (EL012)                          | 2,206      | 2,427   | 2,788   | 3,338   | 3,798   | 460                      | 13.8                    |
| <b>Decreases:</b>   |            |         |         |         |         |                          |                         |
| Computers, peripherals, and parts (EL017)                     | 19,837     | 20,592  | 20,332  | 21,086  | 20,111  | -975                     | -4.6                    |
| Semiconductors and integrated circuits (EL015)                | 25,058     | 31,267  | 29,188  | 26,436  | 26,075  | -361                     | -1.4                    |
| Blank and prerecorded media (EL004)                           | 3,567      | 3,560   | 3,371   | 3,464   | 3,215   | -248                     | -7.2                    |
| Consumer electronics (EL003)                                  | 3,965      | 4,785   | 5,092   | 4,794   | 4,553   | -242                     | -5.0                    |
| <b>All other</b>  | 72,325     | 80,829  | 85,831  | 89,374  | 89,133  | -241                     | -0.3                    |
| <b>Total</b>  | 142,938    | 159,833 | 164,537 | 167,003 | 166,976 | -27                      | ( <sup>a</sup> )        |
| <b>U.S. IMPORTS:</b>  |            |         |         |         |         |                          |                         |
| <b>Increases:</b>   |            |         |         |         |         |                          |                         |
| Telecommunications equipment (EL002)                          | 60,299     | 74,065  | 79,771  | 83,831  | 89,161  | 5,330                    | 6.4                     |
| Medical goods (EL022)   | 25,928     | 29,219  | 31,796  | 32,639  | 34,131  | 1,492                    | 4.6                     |
| Circuit apparatus assemblies (EL012)                          | 4,228      | 5,446   | 6,216   | 7,471   | 8,589   | 1,118                    | 15.0                    |
| Semiconductors and integrated circuits (EL015)                | 21,190     | 29,134  | 37,624  | 37,358  | 38,025  | 667                      | 1.8                     |
| <b>Decreases:</b>   |            |         |         |         |         |                          |                         |
| Consumer electronics (EL003)                                  | 47,186     | 51,031  | 46,343  | 47,714  | 42,936  | -4,779                   | -10.0                   |
| <b>All other</b>  | 152,590    | 188,721 | 198,842 | 204,753 | 204,385 | -369                     | -0.2                    |
| <b>Total</b>  | 311,420    | 377,617 | 400,592 | 413,767 | 417,226 | 3,459                    | 0.8                     |

Source: Compiled from official statistics of the U.S. Department of Commerce.

Note: Import values are based on customs value; export values are based on free along ship value, U.S. port of export. Calculations based on unrounded data.

<sup>a</sup>Less than 0.05 percent.

attempt by operators to capture revenue from services and content delivered over their own networks.<sup>107</sup> U.S. exports of navigational instruments and remote control devices continued their steady rise, growing from \$3.4 billion in 2012 to \$3.8 billion (14 percent) in 2013. As the economy has gradually improved, increases in research and development budgets have led to advances in both navigational instruments and remote control devices.<sup>108</sup> The new products (e.g., electricity measuring and testing instruments and medical and bioscience diagnostic equipment) have enabled the U.S. industry to remain competitive amid rising foreign competition and changing demand in downstream markets. Additionally, growth in customer industries such as aircraft manufacturing, shipbuilding, and construction has provided strong demand for various instruments and devices.<sup>109</sup> The leading markets for U.S. exports of various related instruments and devices were the United Arab Emirates (accounting for 24 percent of U.S. exports), Japan (11 percent), and Canada (10 percent).

Exports of circuit apparatus assemblies<sup>110</sup> have increased in each of the past five years, growing from \$2.2 billion in 2009 to \$3.8 billion in 2013, and by \$460 million (14 percent) from 2012 to 2013. The rise reflects continuing growth in global demand for downstream products, such as telecommunications equipment and measuring, testing, and controlling instruments. Growing demand for telecommunications equipment was driven by the continuing expansion of 4G/LTE: the number of commercial networks increased from 49 in 29 countries in January 2012 to 260 in 93 countries by the end of 2013.<sup>111</sup> Global demand for measuring, testing, and controlling instruments rose due to requirements for higher-precision instruments with stricter quality, safety, and environmental standards. The Canadian Environmental Assessment Act of 2012, for example, strengthens assessments related to nuclear safety, energy, and the environment.<sup>112</sup> The leading markets for U.S. exports of circuit apparatus assemblies were Canada (23 percent), Mexico (15 percent), and China (9 percent).

U.S. exports of computers, peripherals, and parts as well as semiconductors declined in 2013. The \$975 million (5 percent) decrease in computers, peripherals, and parts exports was caused by the slow economic recovery in foreign markets.<sup>113</sup> Exports of semiconductors and integrated circuits decreased \$361 million (1 percent), marking the third consecutive year of declines. Semiconductor fabrication operations continued to expand in Asia, where 9 of the top 10

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<sup>107</sup> EIU, "Telecoms and Technology Report," May 28, 2013, 2.

<sup>108</sup> IBISWorld, Navigational Instrument Manufacturing in the U.S., February 2014, 9.

<sup>109</sup> IBISWorld, Navigational Instrument Manufacturing in the U.S., February 2014, 8. More robust export growth has been limited by the appreciating dollar, as industry products become more expensive on the world market; exchange rates can be found on the Federal Reserve website.

<sup>110</sup> Circuit apparatus assemblies include products like control panels, switch assemblies, and remote controls.

<sup>111</sup> EIU, "Telecoms and Technology Report," May 28, 2013, 5.

<sup>112</sup> Canadian Environmental Assessment Agency website, <http://www.ceaa-acee.gc.ca/default.asp?lang=En&n=CE87904C-1#ws96301A7E> (accessed March 11, 2014).

<sup>113</sup> Standard & Poor's, "Industry Surveys: Semiconductors," April 2013, 1.

semiconductor production foundries are located. Likewise, the Pacific Rim trading partners, especially Taiwan, have seen their chip foundry<sup>114</sup> businesses grow steadily.<sup>115</sup>

U.S. exports of blank and prerecorded media also decreased in 2013, from \$3.5 billion to \$3.2 billion (7 percent), largely as an indirect result of cloud computing. The popularity of readily accessible and cost-effective online operating and application services (software-as-a-service) is increasingly leading companies and individuals to forego purchasing compact discs. Instead, they are accessing software online. In addition, exports of consumer electronics<sup>116</sup> fell \$242 million (5 percent) in 2013, while exports of television receivers and monitors fell \$160 million (11.6 percent). The declines—a continuation of a trend for both types of products that commenced in 2010—reflect the evolving role of mobile devices and personal computers in accessing music, television programming, and other media content for global consumers.<sup>117</sup> Mobile devices, which were initially restricted to telephony and short text messaging, are increasingly powerful. Although they remain slower than computers in connecting to and transmitting information over the Internet, “apps”<sup>118</sup> enable such devices to access a wide range of movies, television shows, music, games, and sports.<sup>119</sup>

## U.S. Imports

U.S. imports of electronic products increased marginally by \$3.5 billion (1 percent) to reach a record \$417.2 billion in 2013. As has been the case since 2009, the leading supplying countries were China and Mexico. U.S. imports from China reached \$175.2 billion, and were more than double the value of imports of the next largest supplier, Mexico (\$63.6 billion). The largest increases in U.S. imports came from Korea (up 14 percent) and Malaysia (up 12 percent). Korea had the largest gains in printing and related machinery, while Malaysia had the largest gains in computers, peripherals, and parts; and electrical sound and visual signaling apparatus.

U.S. imports of telecommunications equipment and medical goods registered the largest increases by value in 2013. U.S. imports of telecommunications equipment rose from \$83.8 billion to \$89.2 billion (6 percent), with China and Korea posting the greatest increases of 9 percent and 8 percent, respectively. This growth was driven by the introduction of new products with increased functionality, very few of which are produced in the United States.<sup>120</sup> For example, increasingly sophisticated mobile devices are replacing stereos, televisions, and

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<sup>114</sup> A chip foundry manufactures chips for other companies.

<sup>115</sup> Standard & Poor’s, “Industry Surveys: Semiconductors,” April 2013, 9.

<sup>116</sup> The definition of “consumer electronics” increasingly varies as new products are developed and existing ones converge. Before the introduction of home computers, “consumer electronics” generally referred to audio and video products, such as radios, television receivers, record players, and tape recorders.

<sup>117</sup> Marketwired, “Vuclip Releases a Sequel,” March 19, 2014.

<sup>118</sup> “App” is an abbreviation for a software application that can run on the Internet, a computer, a phone, or another electronic device.

<sup>119</sup> Marketwired, “Vuclip Releases a Sequel,” March 19, 2014. One industry source reports that 38 percent of smartphone owners regularly watch videos on their devices, and 10 percent watch full-length television programs on them. EIU, “Telecommunications World Industry Outlook,” November 2013, 8.

<sup>120</sup> EIU, “Telecoms and Technology Report,” May 28, 2013, 1. According to this report, the United States has outspent the rest of the world in telecommunications equipment each of the past five years, and is forecast to continue doing so through 2017.

other entertainment electronics, resulting in increased imports of computers and telecommunications equipment and decreased imports of consumer electronics. The personal computer, in particular, is becoming a hub for a wide array of consumer electronic devices, ranging from mobile phones and digital music players to cameras and smartphones.<sup>121</sup>

U.S. imports of medical goods in 2013 increased from \$32.6 billion to \$34.1 billion (5 percent). The aging Baby Boom population, with an increasing need for medical goods, drove this increase, along with the introduction of new cardiovascular and neurological devices.<sup>122</sup> The largest increases occurred with respect to imports from Ireland and China (up by 9 percent from each country); these countries remained the United States' second- and fourth-largest suppliers of medical devices in 2013. Ireland is a global leader in the production of various cardiac devices, and growing U.S. demand for these goods reflects the high rate of U.S. heart-related afflictions.<sup>123</sup> Imports from China were mostly hospital supplies, instruments, and other low-value-added, low-cost devices.<sup>124</sup>

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<sup>121</sup> EIU, "Telecoms and Technology Report," May 28, 2013, 1.

<sup>122</sup> *Today's Medical Developments*, "Entering the Medical-Manufacturing Crossroads," February 2013.

<sup>123</sup> CDC, "Heart Disease Facts," February 19, 2014.

<sup>124</sup> See table CH.1 in part 1.



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## Energy-Related Products

Cynthia B. Foreso  
(202) 205-3348  
[cynthia.foreso@usitc.gov](mailto:cynthia.foreso@usitc.gov)

### Change in 2013 from 2012:

U.S. trade deficit: Decreased by \$55.9 billion (22 percent) to \$200.2 billion

U.S. exports: Increased by \$10.4 billion (7 percent) to \$152.7 billion

U.S. imports: Decreased by \$45.6 billion (11 percent) to \$352.9 billion

The U.S. trade deficit in the energy-related products sector<sup>125</sup> fell by 22 percent (table EP.1) in 2013, continuing the 13 percent decline experienced in 2012. Crude petroleum is the primary energy product in this sector, accounting for 95 percent of the total U.S. trade deficit in energy-related products in 2013. However, the trade deficit in crude petroleum decreased in 2013 (by 16 percent), reaching its lowest level since 2009. This decrease was due to falling U.S. imports resulting from higher domestic production coupled with reduced U.S. consumption. Also, U.S. exports of petroleum products (particularly distillate and residual fuel oils) and natural gas (primarily from oil shale deposits in the Bakken formation) continued to increase in 2013, more than offsetting a drop in U.S. exports of coal (figure EP.1 and table EP.2).

In addition to changes in U.S. supply and demand for energy products, global price changes also impacted U.S. trade, albeit to a much smaller extent. During 2012–13, prices for most energy-related products followed the trends in crude petroleum prices, increasing by an average of 4 percent except for coal, which declined slightly by 2 percent (figure EP.2). The world benchmark price for a barrel of crude petroleum increased slightly in 2013 in response to rising global consumption (particularly in China) and supply disruptions in certain members of the Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries (OPEC). U.S. natural gas prices increased in 2013 as production from less profitable wells decreased.<sup>126</sup> Global coal prices declined in 2013 as electric utilities (which have been the primary consumers of coal) continued switching to cleaner-burning natural gas.

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<sup>125</sup> The quantity and price data presented in this chapter are derived primarily from official statistics of the U.S. Department of Energy.

<sup>126</sup> U.S. Department of Energy, Energy Information Administration, *Short-Term Energy Outlook*, February 11, 2014.

**Table EP.1** Energy-related products: U.S. exports of domestic merchandise, imports for consumption, and merchandise trade balance, by selected countries and country groups, 2009–13

| Item                                  | Million \$ |         |         |         |         | Absolute change, 2012–13 | Percent change, 2012–13 |
|---------------------------------------|------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|--------------------------|-------------------------|
|                                       | 2009       | 2010    | 2011    | 2012    | 2013    |                          |                         |
| U.S. exports of domestic merchandise: |            |         |         |         |         |                          |                         |
| Canada                                | 10,127     | 12,436  | 17,437  | 18,204  | 24,720  | 6,516                    | 35.8                    |
| Mexico                                | 7,948      | 14,471  | 23,652  | 24,152  | 23,386  | -766                     | -3.2                    |
| Saudi Arabia                          | 70         | 70      | 153     | 135     | 182     | 46                       | 34.2                    |
| Venezuela                             | 797        | 654     | 768     | 3,653   | 2,902   | -751                     | -20.6                   |
| Colombia                              | 1,244      | 2,311   | 2,791   | 3,601   | 5,582   | 1,980                    | 55.0                    |
| Russia                                | 103        | 187     | 135     | 104     | 141     | 36                       | 34.6                    |
| Netherlands                           | 5,304      | 5,926   | 11,632  | 11,532  | 11,814  | 282                      | 2.4                     |
| Nigeria                               | 325        | 617     | 631     | 1,005   | 2,125   | 1,120                    | 111.5                   |
| Ecuador                               | 1,028      | 2,077   | 2,371   | 2,604   | 3,159   | 555                      | 21.3                    |
| Brazil                                | 2,022      | 4,368   | 6,501   | 7,382   | 6,712   | -669                     | -9.1                    |
| All other                             | 30,858     | 42,351  | 68,017  | 69,923  | 71,931  | 2,008                    | 2.9                     |
| Total                                 | 59,827     | 85,468  | 134,088 | 142,294 | 152,652 | 10,358                   | 7.3                     |
| EU-28                                 | 12,636     | 14,371  | 26,597  | 25,703  | 26,437  | 734                      | 2.9                     |
| OPEC                                  | 2,652      | 3,585   | 4,500   | 7,665   | 9,273   | 1,608                    | 21.0                    |
| Latin America                         | 23,444     | 39,593  | 60,883  | 69,932  | 70,962  | 1,030                    | 1.5                     |
| Asia                                  | 8,146      | 12,229  | 16,760  | 16,492  | 16,544  | 52                       | 0.3                     |
| Sub-Saharan Africa                    | 1,166      | 1,493   | 1,959   | 2,107   | 3,601   | 1,493                    | 70.9                    |
| U.S. imports for consumption:         |            |         |         |         |         |                          |                         |
| Canada                                | 64,367     | 82,587  | 103,749 | 103,042 | 109,739 | 6,697                    | 6.5                     |
| Mexico                                | 24,214     | 33,102  | 44,475  | 39,375  | 34,126  | -5,248                   | -13.3                   |
| Saudi Arabia                          | 18,916     | 26,278  | 38,738  | 45,245  | 39,583  | -5,663                   | -12.5                   |
| Venezuela                             | 25,044     | 28,901  | 35,326  | 30,237  | 22,754  | -7,483                   | -24.7                   |
| Colombia                              | 6,490      | 10,337  | 14,826  | 17,396  | 14,937  | -2,459                   | -14.1                   |
| Russia                                | 12,768     | 18,248  | 24,757  | 21,617  | 19,329  | -2,288                   | -10.6                   |
| Netherlands                           | 3,458      | 3,750   | 5,296   | 5,437   | 3,965   | -1,472                   | -27.1                   |
| Nigeria                               | 19,136     | 29,148  | 33,310  | 18,838  | 11,774  | -7,064                   | -37.5                   |
| Ecuador                               | 3,436      | 5,538   | 7,316   | 6,937   | 8,570   | 1,633                    | 23.5                    |
| Brazil                                | 6,118      | 7,000   | 8,918   | 8,631   | 4,869   | -3,762                   | -43.6                   |
| All other                             | 76,930     | 93,295  | 114,086 | 101,687 | 83,206  | -18,480                  | -18.2                   |
| Total                                 | 260,878    | 338,184 | 430,796 | 398,441 | 352,853 | -45,588                  | -11.4                   |
| EU-28                                 | 18,970     | 22,157  | 26,706  | 27,033  | 24,012  | -3,021                   | -11.2                   |
| OPEC                                  | 98,097     | 130,793 | 163,728 | 148,520 | 119,390 | -29,131                  | -19.6                   |
| Latin America                         | 73,035     | 92,230  | 122,221 | 110,576 | 90,498  | -20,078                  | -18.2                   |
| Asia                                  | 4,223      | 7,214   | 8,805   | 8,137   | 9,996   | 1,860                    | 22.9                    |
| Sub-Saharan Africa                    | 37,674     | 51,266  | 58,816  | 36,467  | 26,393  | -10,074                  | -27.6                   |

See footnote(s) at the end of table.

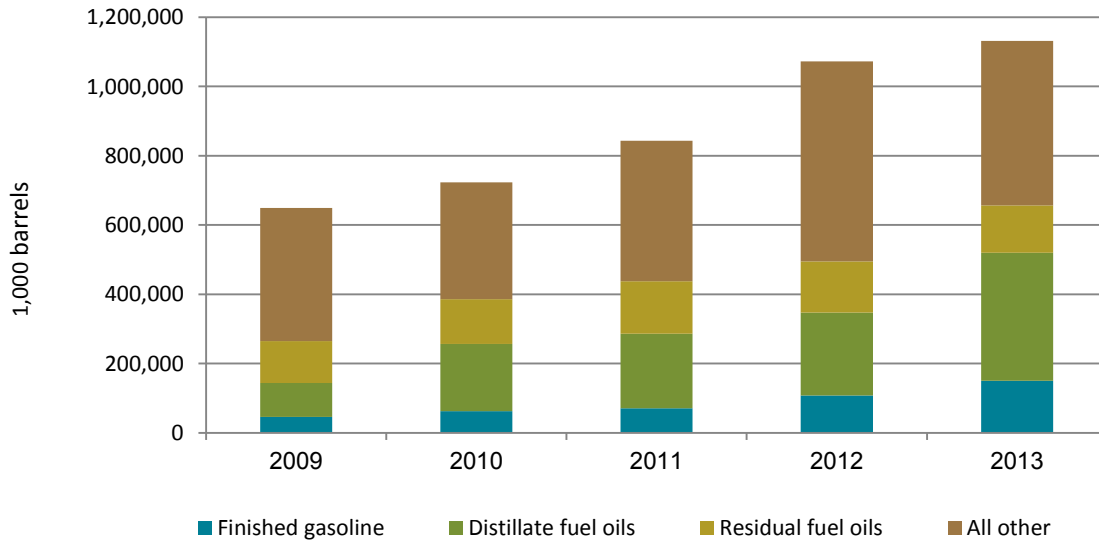
| Item                            | Million \$ |          |          |          |          | Absolute change, 2012–13 | Percent change, 2012–13 |
|---------------------------------|------------|----------|----------|----------|----------|--------------------------|-------------------------|
|                                 | 2009       | 2010     | 2011     | 2012     | 2013     |                          |                         |
| U.S. merchandise trade balance: |            |          |          |          |          |                          |                         |
| Canada                          | -54,239    | -70,151  | -86,312  | -84,837  | -85,019  | -182                     | -0.2                    |
| Mexico                          | -16,267    | -18,631  | -20,823  | -15,223  | -10,740  | 4,483                    | 29.4                    |
| Saudi Arabia                    | -18,846    | -26,208  | -38,585  | -45,110  | -39,401  | 5,709                    | 12.7                    |
| Venezuela                       | -24,248    | -28,247  | -34,558  | -26,585  | -19,852  | 6,732                    | 25.3                    |
| Colombia                        | -5,247     | -8,026   | -12,034  | -13,795  | -9,356   | 4,439                    | 32.2                    |
| Russia                          | -12,664    | -18,061  | -24,622  | -21,513  | -19,189  | 2,324                    | 10.8                    |
| Netherlands                     | 1,847      | 2,177    | 6,336    | 6,094    | 7,848    | 1,754                    | 28.8                    |
| Nigeria                         | -18,811    | -28,531  | -32,678  | -17,833  | -9,649   | 8,184                    | 45.9                    |
| Ecuador                         | -2,408     | -3,462   | -4,944   | -4,333   | -5,411   | -1,078                   | -24.9                   |
| Brazil                          | -4,096     | -2,633   | -2,417   | -1,250   | 1,843    | 3,093                    | ( <sup>a</sup> )        |
| All other                       | -46,072    | -50,944  | -46,070  | -31,764  | -11,275  | 20,489                   | 64.5                    |
| Total                           | -201,051   | -252,716 | -296,708 | -256,147 | -200,201 | 55,946                   | 21.8                    |
| EU-28                           | -6,333     | -7,786   | -108     | -1,330   | 2,426    | 3,756                    | ( <sup>a</sup> )        |
| OPEC                            | -95,445    | -127,208 | -159,228 | -140,855 | -110,117 | 30,738                   | 21.8                    |
| Latin America                   | -49,591    | -52,637  | -61,337  | -40,644  | -19,535  | 21,108                   | 51.9                    |
| Asia                            | 3,923      | 5,015    | 7,955    | 8,355    | 6,547    | -1,808                   | -21.6                   |
| Sub-Saharan Africa              | -36,508    | -49,773  | -56,857  | -34,360  | -22,792  | 11,567                   | 33.7                    |

Source: Compiled from official statistics of the U.S. Department of Commerce.

Note: Import values are based on customs value; export values are based on free along ship value, U.S. port of export. Calculations based on unrounded data. The countries shown are those with the largest total U.S. trade (U.S. imports plus U.S. exports) in these products in the current year.

<sup>a</sup>Not meaningful for purposes of comparison.

**Figure EP.1** U.S. exports of petroleum products have increased four years in a row



Source: Derived from official statistics of the U.S. Department of Energy.

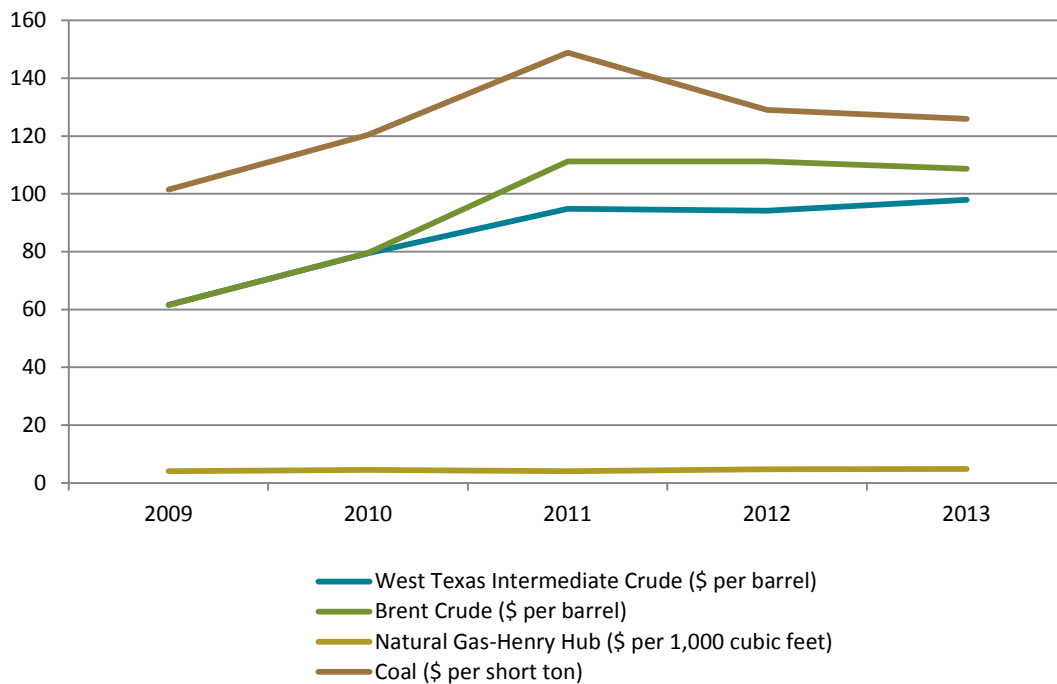
**Table EP.2** Energy-related products: Leading changes in U.S. exports and imports, 2009–13

| Item  | Million \$ |         |         |         |         | Absolute change, 2012–13 | Percent change, 2012–13 |
|---|------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|--------------------------|-------------------------|
|   | 2009       | 2010    | 2011    | 2012    | 2013    |                          |                         |
| <b>U.S. EXPORTS:</b>                              |            |         |         |         |         |                          |                         |
| <b>Increases:</b>                                 |            |         |         |         |         |                          |                         |
| Petroleum products (EP005)                        | 42,048     | 61,131  | 100,425 | 111,355 | 119,700 | 8,345                    | 7.5                     |
| Crude petroleum (EP004)                           | 1,620      | 1,384   | 1,460   | 2,184   | 4,818   | 2,635                    | 120.6                   |
| <b>Decreases:</b>                                 |            |         |         |         |         |                          |                         |
| Coal, coke, and related chemical products (EP003) | 8,079      | 12,612  | 19,471  | 17,779  | 13,665  | -4,115                   | -23.1                   |
| Nuclear materials (EP002)                         | 2,235      | 1,886   | 1,948   | 1,518   | 1,103   | -416                     | -27.4                   |
| Electrical energy (EP001)                         | 575        | 648     | 391     | 233     | 327     | 94                       | 40.5                    |
| Natural gas and components (EP006)                | 5,270      | 7,805   | 10,394  | 9,225   | 13,039  | 3,814                    | 41.3                    |
| Total   | 59,827     | 85,468  | 134,088 | 142,294 | 152,652 | 10,358                   | 7.3                     |
| <b>U.S. IMPORTS:</b>                              |            |         |         |         |         |                          |                         |
| <b>Decreases:</b>                                 |            |         |         |         |         |                          |                         |
| Crude petroleum (EP004)                           | 150,809    | 196,862 | 246,894 | 228,944 | 195,487 | -33,457                  | -14.6                   |
| Petroleum products (EP005)                        | 72,581     | 97,889  | 135,170 | 129,773 | 118,136 | -11,638                  | -9.0                    |
| Coal, coke, and related chemical products (EP003) | 4,123      | 5,335   | 7,076   | 5,447   | 4,796   | -650                     | -11.9                   |
| Nuclear materials (EP002)                         | 4,454      | 5,025   | 4,943   | 4,171   | 3,845   | -325                     | -7.8                    |
| Natural gas and components (EP006)                | 26,840     | 31,001  | 34,616  | 28,193  | 28,296  | 103                      | 0.4                     |
| Electrical energy (EP001)                         | 2,071      | 2,071   | 2,096   | 1,914   | 2,293   | 380                      | 19.8                    |
| Total   | 260,878    | 338,184 | 430,796 | 398,441 | 352,853 | -45,588                  | -11.4                   |

Source: Compiled from official statistics of the U.S. Department of Commerce.

Note: Import values are based on customs value; export values are based on free along ship value, U.S. port of export. Calculations based on unrounded data.

**Figure EP.2** Trends in energy prices



Source: Derived from official statistics of the U.S. Department of Energy.

## U.S. Exports

U.S. exports of energy-related products increased by 7 percent to \$152.7 billion in 2013, with the largest growth seen in exports to Canada, Colombia, and Nigeria. The dominant energy-related goods exported from the United States in 2013 continued to be petroleum products. Natural gas, coal, and crude petroleum were also exported, but with much smaller values.<sup>127</sup>

## Petroleum Products

The value of U.S. exports of petroleum products increased by 7.5 percent (\$8.3 billion) to \$119.7 billion in 2013 as exports continued to surge. In 2012, for the first time in over 60 years, the United States exported a larger volume of petroleum products than it imported. In 2013, export volumes rose again, increasing by about 9 percent over 2012 levels to 1.3 billion barrels.

<sup>127</sup> U.S. exports of crude petroleum have been prohibited since 1973, except as approved by the U.S. government. Canada has been the only consistent market for these exports, which are part of a commercial exchange agreement between U.S. and Canadian refiners that has been approved by the secretary of the Department of Energy. In May 1996, the President determined that allowing export of Alaskan North Slope (ANS) crude was in the national interest, thus ending the 23-year ban on ANS crude exports. However, the President can impose new export restrictions if severe crude petroleum supply shortages occur.



While distillate and residual fuels continued to be the leading petroleum exports (with the EU-28 being the primary market), the product mix changed from the previous year, as it normally does.<sup>128</sup> Most of the increase in the quantity of U.S. exports of petroleum products is attributed to the following factors: (1) reduced domestic demand for motor fuels, due in part to a still-lagging economy and more fuel-efficient cars; (2) increased U.S. production of crude petroleum (the feedstock for petroleum products), particularly increased supplies of crude petroleum from North Dakota's Bakken formation; and (3) high demand for distillate and residual fuel oils on the world market.

Particularly strong increases were seen in U.S. exports of petroleum products to France, Colombia, and Nigeria. U.S. exports to France increased by 47 percent to \$4.8 billion in 2013. This increase was due to the multiweek shutdown of all three of Total's<sup>129</sup> refineries (caused by a workers' strike that began in early 2013), along with maintenance problems. The shutdown resulted in the removal of about 1.2 million barrels per day of distillation capacity during the third quarter of 2013, and much of the fourth quarter as well.<sup>130</sup> U.S. exports to Colombia increased by 56 percent to \$5.6 billion because of refining declines at the largest Colombian oil refiner, Cartagena Oil Refinery, caused by worker strikes, which began in September 2012 and lasted through most of 2013.<sup>131</sup> Exports to Nigeria experienced the largest increase, as U.S. exports of fuel oils increased to meet demand. Although Nigeria has four refineries, their capacity utilization rates hover around 16–18 percent due to operational failures, fires, and sabotage, mainly on pipelines leading from the wellhead to the refineries. As a result, the four refineries cannot meet domestic demand.<sup>132</sup>

## Coal, Coke, and Other Carbonaceous Materials

In 2013, U.S. exports of coal, coke, and other related products decreased in value by 23 percent to \$13.7 billion and in quantity by 6 percent to 117.7 million short tons. The decline in U.S. exports is attributed to the continued economic downturn in the EU-28, the largest regional importer of U.S. coal; decreased Asian demand; and increased coal production in other coal-exporting countries (primarily Australia, which has now fully recovered mining operations following the Queensland floods of 2011–12). In addition, there has been a growing international interest in moving away from coal in favor of cleaner-burning energy sources such as natural gas and certain renewable fuels.<sup>133</sup>

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<sup>128</sup> Refineries do not produce only one product from a barrel of crude petroleum; they produce a variety of products, such as gasoline, heating oils, and diesel and bunker fuels. Ultimately, there is a market for all of these products, whether domestic or foreign. Petroleum products are traded globally, and the United States has a long history of exporting certain petroleum products and importing others to balance refinery output and global demand. *Oil and Gas Journal*, "Refining Report," April 15, 2013.

<sup>129</sup> Total is a multinational energy company headquartered in France.

<sup>130</sup> *Oil and Gas Journal*, "Western Europe Leads Global Refining Contraction," December 2, 2013.

<sup>131</sup> *Ibid.*

<sup>132</sup> U.S. Department of Energy, Energy Information Administration, *Country Analysis Brief—Nigeria*, December 30, 2013.

<sup>133</sup> USDOE, EIA, *Short-Term Energy Outlook*, February 11, 2014.

## Natural Gas and Components

The quantity of U.S. natural gas exports (in gaseous form) decreased by 10 percent to 1.5 trillion cubic feet in 2013, but the value increased by 34 percent to \$5.8 billion owing to the rise in natural gas prices.<sup>134</sup> U.S. exports of natural gas in gaseous form are transported via pipeline, and the United States' NAFTA partners, Canada and Mexico, are the only U.S. markets. Trade generally fluctuates from year to year based on market size along the pipeline. The price of U.S. exports of pipeline natural gas increased from \$2.79 per thousand cubic feet in 2012 to \$3.94 per thousand cubic feet in 2013, a 41 percent rise.

The volume of U.S. exports of liquefied natural gas (LNG) continued to decrease, dropping from 28.3 billion cubic feet in 2012 to about 7.3 billion cubic feet in 2013 primarily as a result of increased consumption of natural gas in the United States and decreased exports to Japan. U.S. exports of LNG to Japan fell from 14.0 billion cubic feet in 2012 to 4.3 billion cubic feet in 2013.<sup>135</sup> The decline occurred primarily because Japanese power plants that use natural gas as their fuel source were still operating well below capacity, if at all, due to damage from the March 2011 earthquake and tsunami. Also, during 2013, there was a limited U.S. supply of natural gas from the mature North Cook Inlet gas field, which is liquefied in Kenai, Alaska, solely for export to Japan.

In 2012, for the first time, the United States became a net exporter of liquefied petroleum gases (LPGs)<sup>136</sup>, and these exports further increased by 69 percent to 121 million barrels in 2013. In terms of value, U.S. exports of LPGs rose by 78 percent to \$4.9 billion, with the strongest export growth to the Netherlands, Brazil, and Japan. This increase was the result of increased production from shale deposits in the Marcellus formation and other areas producing shale gas and tight crude<sup>137</sup>. The U.S. supply of propane and other LPGs is expected to increase as pipeline infrastructure from these shale areas to refineries and natural gas processing plants is built.<sup>138</sup>

## U.S. Imports

In 2013, U.S. imports of energy-related products decreased by 11 percent to \$352.9 billion. Canada remained the leading source of U.S. imports of energy-related products, with Saudi

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<sup>134</sup> Unlike petroleum prices, which are largely set on the world market, U.S. domestic natural gas prices are based on supply and demand in the NAFTA countries, which are connected via pipelines. For the last several years, these prices have ranged below those in Asia and Europe. The difference between domestic and international prices is in part explained by transportation costs, as liquefying and shipping natural gas involves significant costs. Constraints on the industry's capacity to handle liquefied natural gas is another factor driving up international prices.

<sup>135</sup> USDOE, EIA, *Short-Term Energy Outlook*, February 11, 2014.

<sup>136</sup> LPG are a group of hydrocarbon gases or hydrocarbon gas liquids, primarily [propane](#), [normal butane](#), and [isobutane](#), derived from crude petroleum refining or natural gas processing. These gases may be marketed individually or mixed. They can be liquefied through pressurization (without requiring cryogenic refrigeration) for convenience of transportation or storage. These products are primarily used for heating and cooking, as well as chemical conversion.

<sup>137</sup> Tight crude is crude oil extracted from rock formations with low permeability deep below the earth's surface.

<sup>138</sup> USDOE, EIA, "U.S. Exports of Liquefied Petroleum Gases," May 2, 2013.

Arabia, Mexico, Venezuela, Russia, and Nigeria being the other major U.S. import suppliers. However, there were significant shifts in importance among the suppliers; in particular, imports of crude petroleum from Nigeria, Venezuela, Mexico, and Saudi Arabia registered large declines, while Canada was the only supplier to see increased imports. Crude petroleum continued to be the primary energy product the United States imported in 2013, accounting for 55 percent of the total value of sector imports; petroleum products accounted for 33 percent, and natural gas for 8 percent. However, U.S. imports of crude petroleum and petroleum products saw significant declines, while imports of natural gas remained essentially unchanged.

## **Crude Petroleum**

The United States is the second-largest world importer of crude petroleum, being outpaced only by China in 2013. However, the value of U.S. imports of crude petroleum declined by 15 percent to \$195.5 billion in 2013, and the quantity declined by 10 percent to 2.8 billion barrels as U.S. production increased by 15 percent to its highest level since 1990. At the same time, U.S. consumption remained at about 2012 levels.

Canada has been the leading U.S. import source of crude petroleum for decades and continued to be so in 2013. U.S. crude imports from Canada increased to 887.7 million barrels valued at \$74 billion in 2013, or by 6.5 percent for both quantity and value. Large multinational energy companies operate in both countries and exchange crude and petroleum products across the border. An integrated system of shared pipelines crossing the U.S.-Canada border makes it easy and cost efficient to transport crude petroleum from the wellhead to refineries.

U.S. imports of crude petroleum from all other major sources declined in 2013. Crude petroleum from OPEC, which accounted for 46 percent of the total quantity (33 percent of the value) of crude petroleum imported, declined in 2013 as the share of the U.S. market accounted for by Saudi Arabia, Venezuela, and Nigeria fell. U.S. imports from OPEC declined by 13 percent in quantity to 1.3 billion barrels in 2013. The decreases in imports of crude are due to increased U.S. production, stagnant U.S. demand, and supply disruptions in both Venezuela and Nigeria.

With respect to Nigeria, U.S. imports of crude declined by 37 percent in 2013 to a recent low of 102.6 million barrels. Some of this decline can be attributed to the growth in U.S. crude petroleum production from the Bakken and Eagle Ford shale formations, both of which produce

crude similar in quality to Nigeria's crude.<sup>139</sup> U.S. imports of Nigeria crude as a share of U.S. imports have also fallen as a result of the idling of two U.S. East Coast refineries in late 2011 and early 2012 that were significant purchasers of Nigerian crude; the two refineries reopened in 2013, but are primarily refining domestically produced crude petroleum.<sup>140</sup>

## Petroleum Products

The value of U.S. petroleum product imports fell by 9 percent in 2013, while the quantity fell by about 1 percent to 753.0 million barrels. This decrease was due primarily to a small reduction in demand for residual fuel oils, which are used to generate electricity for large industrial complexes; many of these consumers have switched to natural gas, as it is a cleaner-burning and less expensive fuel.<sup>141</sup> Additionally, U.S. refineries, which generally satisfy over 90 percent of domestic consumption, increased their capacity utilization rates in 2013,<sup>142</sup> further reducing demand for imports.

Non-OPEC import sources continue to be the primary suppliers of petroleum products to the United States, accounting for 90 percent of total U.S. imports in 2013. Canada remained the primary source of U.S. imports of petroleum products; imports from Canada increased by 6 percent to 203.1 million barrels in 2013 and accounted for 50 percent of total U.S. imports of these products.<sup>143</sup> Imports from Mexico increased by 13 percent and accounted for 8 percent of total U.S. imports. Imports from most other sources declined, including those from OPEC, which declined 10 percent. Among OPEC countries, imports from Venezuela continued to decline from the low levels witnessed in 2012 because of the massive gas explosion that occurred in August 2012 at the Paraguaná refinery, which resulted in its total closure; the refinery is still not fully operational.<sup>144</sup> Also, U.S. imports of petroleum products from Brazil decreased by about 28 percent in terms of value and by about 3 percent in terms of quantity. Brazil's refineries are already operating at full capacity and cannot meet their own domestic demand; as a result, Brazil nearly ceased all exports of petroleum products in 2013.<sup>145</sup>

## Natural Gas and Components

The value of U.S. imports of natural gas increased by 0.4 percent to \$28.3 billion in 2013, while the volume of imports fell by 10 percent to 2.6 trillion cubic feet. The increased value of natural

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<sup>139</sup> The Bakken and Eagle Ford formations are "shale plays." These are areas with "'fine grained, organic rich, sedimentary rocks. The shales are both the source of and the reservoir for natural gas' and oil." When the rock is fractured or "fracked," the trapped natural gas and oil are released and can be extracted from the ground. The Bakken formation is in North Dakota; the Eagle Ford formation is in Texas. USDOE, EIA, *Review of Emerging Resources*, July 2011, vii.

<sup>140</sup> USDOE, EIA, "U.S. Imports of Nigerian Crude Oil," April 10, 2012.

<sup>141</sup> USDOE, EIA, *Short-Term Energy Outlook*, February 11, 2014.

<sup>142</sup> Ibid.

<sup>143</sup> U.S. imports of refined petroleum products from Canada are mostly distillate and residual fuel oils and gasoline (including stocks for blending motor fuel).

<sup>144</sup> *Oil and Gas Journal*, "Western Europe Leads Global Refining Contraction," December 2, 2013.

<sup>145</sup> Ibid.

gas imports resulted from higher prices for both pipeline natural gas and LNG. Canada remains the primary U.S. supplier, accounting for 99 percent of pipeline natural gas imports, which decreased by 6 percent to 2.8 trillion cubic feet in 2013. This quantity decrease is due to two main factors: (1) a 4 percent increase in U.S. natural gas production, and (2) normal trade fluctuations that occur regularly between the United States and Canada based on changes in market supply and demand along the pipelines.

The quantity of U.S. imports of LNG also declined in 2013, falling by 45 percent to 96.9 million cubic feet, largely due to reduced imports of LNG from Trinidad and Tobago. One reason for the decline was that the price of LNG from Trinidad and Tobago was more than double the price of natural gas imported via pipeline from Canada or produced in the United States. Trinidad and Tobago also diversified export markets for LNG, including entering into long-term contracts with certain Latin American and Caribbean countries.<sup>146</sup> In 2013, the United States fell from being the primary market for LNG from Trinidad and Tobago to ranking as the fourth-largest market behind Spain, Chile, and Argentina.

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<sup>146</sup> *Oil and Gas Journal*, "Trinidad and Tobago Energy Minister," October 29, 2012.

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## Footwear

Laura V. Rodriguez  
(202) 205-3499

[laura.rodriguez@usitc.gov](mailto:laura.rodriguez@usitc.gov)

### **Change in 2013 from 2012:**

U.S. trade deficit: Increased by \$903 million (4 percent) to \$23.8 billion

U.S. exports: Decreased by \$36 million (4 percent) to \$789 million

U.S. imports: Increased by \$868 million (4 percent) to \$24.6 billion

In 2013, the U.S. trade deficit in footwear (a category that also includes footwear parts) grew by \$903 million (4 percent) as U.S. imports rose by \$868 million and U.S. exports fell by \$36 million (table FW.1. U.S. exports declined for a second consecutive year from a five-year peak of \$832 million in 2011. Although U.S. exports to most leading export destinations fell in 2013, U.S. exports to Vietnam (primarily footwear parts) rose \$21 million (up by 54 percent), while those to Canada rose \$9 million (8 percent).

Imports supplied over 98 percent of domestic demand in 2013.<sup>147</sup> China remained by far the largest supplier of footwear to the United States, accounting for 69 percent of all U.S. footwear imports. China's share was down from 72 percent in 2012 as other Asian producers, particularly Vietnam and Indonesia, increased their respective shares of the U.S. market at China's expense.

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<sup>147</sup> U.S. industry representative, email message to USITC staff, March 24, 2014.



**Table FW.1** Footwear: U.S. exports of domestic merchandise, imports for consumption, and merchandise trade balance, by selected countries and country groups, 2009–13

| Item                                  | Million \$ |        |        |        |        | Absolute change, 2012–13 | Percent change, 2012–13 |
|---------------------------------------|------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------------------------|-------------------------|
|                                       | 2009       | 2010   | 2011   | 2012   | 2013   |                          |                         |
| U.S. exports of domestic merchandise: |            |        |        |        |        |                          |                         |
| China                                 | 44         | 55     | 56     | 47     | 44     | -3                       | -5.7                    |
| Vietnam                               | 25         | 47     | 54     | 39     | 60     | 21                       | 54.3                    |
| Italy                                 | 6          | 4      | 6      | 4      | 4      | (a)                      | -11.0                   |
| Indonesia                             | 6          | 7      | 12     | 12     | 9      | -3                       | -25.5                   |
| Mexico                                | 63         | 79     | 65     | 57     | 44     | -13                      | -23.2                   |
| India                                 | 5          | 4      | 4      | 4      | 3      | -1                       | -20.8                   |
| Dominican Rep                         | 22         | 23     | 26     | 26     | 20     | -5                       | -20.4                   |
| Brazil                                | 1          | 2      | 4      | 2      | 2      | -1                       | -30.1                   |
| Spain                                 | 2          | 3      | 4      | 2      | 2      | -1                       | -32.0                   |
| Canada                                | 83         | 87     | 94     | 116    | 125    | 9                        | 7.7                     |
| All other                             | 363        | 417    | 507    | 514    | 476    | -39                      | -7.5                    |
| Total                                 | 620        | 728    | 832    | 824    | 789    | -36                      | -4.3                    |
| EU-28                                 | 54         | 57     | 56     | 56     | 60     | 4                        | 7.2                     |
| OPEC                                  | 32         | 37     | 53     | 50     | 41     | -9                       | -18.0                   |
| Latin America                         | 176        | 218    | 230    | 216    | 194    | -22                      | -10.1                   |
| Asia                                  | 229        | 287    | 347    | 336    | 321    | -15                      | -4.4                    |
| Sub-Saharan Africa                    | 34         | 29     | 35     | 27     | 24     | -4                       | -13.5                   |
| U.S. imports for consumption:         |            |        |        |        |        |                          |                         |
| China                                 | 13,415     | 15,727 | 16,677 | 17,026 | 16,876 | -151                     | -0.9                    |
| Vietnam                               | 1,323      | 1,616  | 2,019  | 2,388  | 2,898  | 510                      | 21.4                    |
| Italy                                 | 771        | 896    | 1,113  | 1,198  | 1,323  | 125                      | 10.4                    |
| Indonesia                             | 446        | 593    | 764    | 940    | 1,158  | 219                      | 23.3                    |
| Mexico                                | 254        | 319    | 371    | 492    | 548    | 56                       | 11.3                    |
| India                                 | 164        | 180    | 196    | 264    | 290    | 26                       | 9.7                     |
| Dominican Rep                         | 121        | 167    | 207    | 244    | 269    | 25                       | 10.2                    |
| Brazil                                | 382        | 360    | 253    | 210    | 200    | -10                      | -4.8                    |
| Spain                                 | 106        | 115    | 142    | 164    | 186    | 22                       | 13.3                    |
| Canada                                | 66         | 66     | 55     | 49     | 47     | -1                       | -2.8                    |
| All other                             | 617        | 671    | 762    | 771    | 818    | 48                       | 6.2                     |
| Total                                 | 17,666     | 20,710 | 22,559 | 23,745 | 24,612 | 868                      | 3.7                     |
| EU-28                                 | 1,093      | 1,283  | 1,568  | 1,683  | 1,860  | 177                      | 10.5                    |
| OPEC                                  | 1          | 1      | 1      | (a)    | (a)    | (a)                      | -23.7                   |
| Latin America                         | 780        | 871    | 878    | 1,003  | 1,062  | 59                       | 5.8                     |
| Asia                                  | 15,658     | 18,414 | 19,979 | 20,921 | 21,546 | 625                      | 3.0                     |
| Sub-Saharan Africa                    | 1          | 1      | 2      | 9      | 21     | 12                       | 126.9                   |

See footnote(s) at the end of table.

| Item                            | Million \$ |         |         |         |         | Absolute change, 2012–13 | Percent change, 2012–13 |
|---------------------------------|------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|--------------------------|-------------------------|
|                                 | 2009       | 2010    | 2011    | 2012    | 2013    |                          |                         |
| U.S. merchandise trade balance: |            |         |         |         |         |                          |                         |
| China                           | -13,371    | -15,671 | -16,622 | -16,979 | -16,831 | 148                      | 0.9                     |
| Vietnam                         | -1,298     | -1,569  | -1,965  | -2,349  | -2,838  | -489                     | -20.8                   |
| Italy                           | -765       | -892    | -1,107  | -1,194  | -1,320  | -125                     | -10.5                   |
| Indonesia                       | -440       | -586    | -752    | -927    | -1,149  | -222                     | -23.9                   |
| Mexico                          | -191       | -239    | -307    | -435    | -504    | -69                      | -15.9                   |
| India                           | -159       | -176    | -192    | -260    | -286    | -26                      | -10.1                   |
| Dominican Rep                   | -99        | -144    | -180    | -219    | -249    | -30                      | -13.8                   |
| Brazil                          | -381       | -358    | -249    | -207    | -198    | 9                        | 4.5                     |
| Spain                           | -104       | -113    | -138    | -161    | -184    | -23                      | -14.0                   |
| Canada                          | 18         | 21      | 39      | 68      | 78      | 10                       | 15.3                    |
| All other                       | -254       | -254    | -255    | -256    | -343    | -87                      | -33.8                   |
| Total                           | -17,046    | -19,982 | -21,728 | -22,920 | -23,824 | -903                     | -3.9                    |
| EU-28                           | -1,040     | -1,227  | -1,512  | -1,627  | -1,800  | -173                     | -10.7                   |
| OPEC                            | 32         | 36      | 52      | 49      | 40      | -9                       | -18.0                   |
| Latin America                   | -604       | -653    | -648    | -787    | -868    | -80                      | -10.2                   |
| Asia                            | -15,429    | -18,127 | -19,632 | -20,585 | -21,225 | -639                     | -3.1                    |
| Sub-Saharan Africa              | 33         | 27      | 33      | 18      | 2       | -16                      | -86.4                   |

Source: Compiled from official statistics of the U.S. Department of Commerce.

Note: Import values are based on customs value; export values are based on free along ship value, U.S. port of export. Calculations based on unrounded data. The countries shown are those with the largest total U.S. trade (U.S. imports plus U.S. exports) in these products in the current year.

<sup>a</sup>Less than \$500,000.

U.S. consumer spending on footwear rose by 2 percent between 2012 and 2013,<sup>148</sup> and sales at U.S. shoe stores increased 1.3 percent during the same period, down from 5 percent growth between 2011 and 2012.<sup>149</sup> Industry sources report that expenditures on fashion footwear categories—namely outdoor and men’s casual shoes—experienced the largest growth, at 10 percent and 7 percent, respectively.<sup>150</sup> The boost in sales of casual shoes reflects an apparent style trend “from business and dress attire to an ‘anything goes’ look with work attire.”<sup>151</sup>

## U.S. Exports

Canada, Korea, and Vietnam were the top three export markets for U.S. producers; these countries accounted for 16 percent, 11 percent, and 8 percent, respectively, of U.S. exports of footwear by value in 2013. U.S. exports of footwear to Vietnam rose by the largest percentage and amount, up by \$21.1 million (54 percent) to \$60.1 million. However, virtually all of the U.S. footwear exported to Vietnam consisted of footwear parts used to assemble footwear for the U.S. market.<sup>152</sup> U.S. exports of footwear to Canada grew by \$9 million (8 percent) to \$125 million, whereas U.S. exports to Korea fell for the first time since 2009, down sharply by \$17.6 million (17 percent) to \$83.7 million. Other significant markets for U.S. footwear exports in 2013 were Japan, China, and Mexico. U.S. exports to all three of these markets fell in 2013.<sup>153</sup>

Exports account for a significant source of revenue for domestic footwear manufacturers, totaling an estimated 32 percent of industry revenues in 2013.<sup>154</sup> U.S. production of footwear is concentrated in niche markets—rubber/fabric footwear, men’s work shoes, and plastic/protective footwear.<sup>155</sup> In addition, U.S. footwear manufacturers compete on the basis of non-price factors such as specialized types of footwear (e.g., hard-to-find sizes/widths and hand-sewn items), quality, design, exclusive channels of distribution, new product introductions, and brand differentiation. American-made shoes have developed a reputation for high quality and value (high-end athletic shoes, for example) that in recent years has enabled them to make inroads into Asian markets such as Korea.<sup>156</sup> In contrast, footwear parts, including removable insoles, heel cushions, and gaiters, which made up just slightly over one fourth of U.S. exports in 2013, are generally used in low-cost countries (such as China and Vietnam) to assemble final goods that are imported back into the United States.

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<sup>148</sup> USDOL, BEA, *Personal Consumption Expenditures*, January 2014, table 4.5U.

<sup>149</sup> USDOC, Census, *Monthly Retail Trade and Food Services: Shoe Stores*, February 2014, table 4482.

<sup>150</sup> NPD Group, “Sales Growth of Men’s Fashion Footwear,” February 12, 2014.

<sup>151</sup> *Ibid.*

<sup>152</sup> Vietnam has become a leading source of footwear manufacturing for U.S. footwear firms such as NIKE, Inc. Nike, “Form 10-K,” July 19, 2013. (Nike’s fiscal year 2013 ended on May 31, 2013.)

<sup>153</sup> Compiled from official statistics of the U.S. Department of Commerce. These countries do not appear in table FW.1 because the table was generated based on U.S. imports, which far exceed U.S. exports.

<sup>154</sup> IBISWorld, *Shoe and Footwear Manufacturing*, September 2013, 9.

<sup>155</sup> AAFA, “ShoeStats 2013,” December 2013, 12.

<sup>156</sup> IBISWorld, *Shoe and Footwear Manufacturing*, September 2013, 11, 15, 16.

## U.S. Imports

U.S. imports of footwear increased by \$868 million (4 percent) to \$24.6 billion in 2013 as the U.S. economy continued to strengthen.<sup>157</sup> Demand growth was filled primarily by low-cost imports from Asia, which increased by \$625 million between 2012 and 2013. U.S. imports of footwear also grew from Italy (up \$125 million) and Mexico (up \$56 million).

Most of the growth in Asian imports in 2013 came from Vietnam and Indonesia. Imports from these suppliers rose by \$510 million (21 percent) and \$219 million (23 percent), respectively, with a small portion of that increase perhaps reflected in a \$151 million (0.9 percent) decrease in U.S. imports from China in 2013. Vietnam's General Statistics Office and the Vietnam Leather, Footwear, and Handbag Association reported that Vietnam's total footwear exports reached a record high in 2013, which likely can be attributed to Vietnam's relatively low labor costs compared to other footwear exporters and to the expansion of footwear production by foreign investors in anticipation of expected benefits from the TPP.<sup>158</sup>

Although China remains the largest supplier of footwear imports to the United States, U.S. imports of footwear from China fell by \$151 million (1 percent) in 2013. U.S. footwear firms continued to move to a "China plus one" sourcing strategy to diversify away from China and offset rising costs.<sup>159</sup>

Because footwear production is highly labor intensive, U.S. producers have moved much of their production and sourcing of footwear to low-cost suppliers abroad, focusing on branding and design in the United States.<sup>160</sup> For example, Nike manufactured 98 percent of its footwear overseas using independent contract manufacturers in Vietnam, China, and Indonesia.<sup>161</sup> As U.S. producers have increasingly relied on foreign sources for footwear, the U.S. industry has continued to shrink. Between 2008 and 2013, the number of domestic footwear manufacturing establishments fell from 302 to 276 and the workforce decreased from 14,222 to 13,948.<sup>162</sup>

Whereas Asian producers largely supply inexpensive shoes, manufacturers in Italy specialize in making high-quality, high-value leather designer footwear.<sup>163</sup> Italy remains an important supplier to the high-end U.S. market and was the third-largest supplier of footwear to the United States in 2013. Mexico has also expanded as a supplier of footwear to the U.S. market in

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<sup>157</sup> U.S. industry representative, email message to USITC staff, March 24, 2014.

<sup>158</sup> *Global Times*, "Vietnam's Footwear Export Hits Record High," January 7, 2014; Yen, "Vietnam Investment Review: Foreign Footwear Companies," December 17, 2013.

<sup>159</sup> AAFA, "ShoeStats 2013," December 2013, 5.

<sup>160</sup> IBISWorld, *Shoe and Footwear Manufacturing*, September 2013, 4. New Balance is the only remaining U.S. producer of athletic footwear that manufactures a portion (25 percent) of its products domestically.

<sup>161</sup> Nike, "Form 10-K," July 31, 2013 (Nike's fiscal year 2013 ended May 31, 2013).

<sup>162</sup> The 2013 data are based on preliminary statistics from the U.S. Department of Labor. USDOL, BLS, "Quarterly Census of Employment and Wages" (accessed February 25, 2014).

<sup>163</sup> IBISWorld, *Shoe and Footwear Manufacturing*, September 2013, 12; Igedo Company, "Shoe Industry Comparisons in Western European Countries," n.d. (accessed May 21, 2013); Italian Trade Commission, "Footwear 2011," (accessed May 21, 2013).

recent years, garnering a reputation for innovative designer shoes.<sup>164</sup> U.S. imports of footwear from Mexico rose by \$56 million (11 percent) in 2013 from 2012.

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<sup>164</sup> World Footwear, "Mexico Will Host the 5th World Footwear Congress," September 30, 2013; RNCOS Business Consultancy Service, "Mexican Designer Footwear Gaining Traction," November 27, 2013.

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## Forest Products

Vincent Honnold  
(202) 205-3314

[vincent.honnold@usitc.gov](mailto:vincent.honnold@usitc.gov)

### **Change in 2013 from 2012:**

U.S. trade balance: Decreased by \$1.9 billion to a deficit of \$0.7 billion

U.S. exports: Increased by \$0.9 billion (2 percent) to \$39.2 billion

U.S. imports: Increased by \$2.9 billion (8 percent) to \$40.0 billion

After three consecutive years of trade surpluses in the forest products sector, the United States swung into a trade deficit in 2013 as a small increase in exports was more than offset by a significant increase in imports. Continued recovery in the U.S. housing market during 2013 drove an increase in demand for imports of wood products such as lumber, wood veneer and wood panels, and moldings, millwork, and joinery. Strengthening construction markets in China led to greater demand for U.S. exports of wood building products.

With an abundance of forest resources, proximity to the United States, and a long-established forest products industry, Canada has traditionally been the largest trading partner of the United States in forest products. In 2013, Canada accounted for 26 percent of the value of U.S. forest products exports and 45 percent of the value of U.S. imports (table FP.1). The U.S. trade deficit with Canada in forest products increased irregularly between 2009 and 2013, from \$5.6 billion to \$7.8 billion. China is the second-largest trading partner of the United States in this sector and in 2013 accounted for 17 percent of the value of U.S. forest products exports and 21 percent of the value of U.S. imports. The U.S. trade deficit with China in forest products, while fluctuating, has decreased overall from \$2.6 billion in 2009 to \$1.5 billion in 2013. Other large trading partners of the United States in forest products include Mexico, Japan, and Brazil.



**Table FP.1** Forest products: U.S. exports of domestic merchandise, imports for consumption, and merchandise trade balance, by selected countries and country groups, 2009–13

| Item                                  | Million \$ |        |        |        |        | Absolute change, 2012–13 | Percent change, 2012–13 |
|---------------------------------------|------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------------------------|-------------------------|
|                                       | 2009       | 2010   | 2011   | 2012   | 2013   |                          |                         |
| U.S. exports of domestic merchandise: |            |        |        |        |        |                          |                         |
| Canada                                | 9,142      | 10,150 | 10,249 | 10,236 | 10,257 | 21                       | 0.2                     |
| China                                 | 3,720      | 5,050  | 6,722  | 6,208  | 6,791  | 583                      | 9.4                     |
| Mexico                                | 4,162      | 4,891  | 5,067  | 5,239  | 5,391  | 152                      | 2.9                     |
| Japan                                 | 1,712      | 1,992  | 2,209  | 2,156  | 2,218  | 62                       | 2.9                     |
| Brazil                                | 359        | 445    | 481    | 418    | 388    | -30                      | -7.2                    |
| United Kingdom                        | 1,117      | 1,214  | 1,277  | 1,453  | 1,520  | 66                       | 4.6                     |
| Germany                               | 762        | 846    | 794    | 782    | 736    | -47                      | -6.0                    |
| Korea                                 | 765        | 938    | 962    | 845    | 856    | 11                       | 1.3                     |
| Italy                                 | 727        | 921    | 928    | 762    | 802    | 39                       | 5.2                     |
| Chile                                 | 149        | 225    | 226    | 234    | 239    | 5                        | 2.3                     |
| All other                             | 7,874      | 9,709  | 10,359 | 9,976  | 10,047 | 71                       | 0.7                     |
| Total                                 | 30,489     | 36,381 | 39,274 | 38,309 | 39,244 | 935                      | 2.4                     |
| EU-28                                 | 4,477      | 5,140  | 5,244  | 5,111  | 5,071  | -40                      | -0.8                    |
| OPEC                                  | 685        | 883    | 1,009  | 918    | 940    | 22                       | 2.4                     |
| Latin America                         | 6,647      | 8,028  | 8,288  | 8,363  | 8,584  | 221                      | 2.6                     |
| Asia                                  | 8,284      | 10,652 | 12,844 | 12,000 | 12,780 | 780                      | 6.5                     |
| Sub-Saharan Africa                    | 206        | 267    | 317    | 284    | 274    | -10                      | -3.4                    |
| U.S. imports for consumption:         |            |        |        |        |        |                          |                         |
| Canada                                | 14,781     | 16,544 | 16,521 | 16,464 | 18,088 | 1,624                    | 9.9                     |
| China                                 | 6,281      | 7,123  | 7,333  | 8,080  | 8,277  | 197                      | 2.4                     |
| Mexico                                | 1,201      | 1,369  | 1,490  | 1,525  | 1,651  | 126                      | 8.3                     |
| Japan                                 | 482        | 554    | 517    | 531    | 474    | -57                      | -10.8                   |
| Brazil                                | 1,300      | 1,790  | 1,793  | 1,802  | 2,159  | 357                      | 19.8                    |
| United Kingdom                        | 478        | 518    | 545    | 552    | 555    | 3                        | 0.5                     |
| Germany                               | 1,055      | 1,132  | 1,146  | 1,158  | 1,110  | -48                      | -4.1                    |
| Korea                                 | 373        | 493    | 523    | 516    | 539    | 23                       | 4.5                     |
| Italy                                 | 307        | 319    | 349    | 354    | 365    | 11                       | 3.0                     |
| Chile                                 | 542        | 558    | 624    | 618    | 764    | 146                      | 23.6                    |
| All other                             | 4,712      | 5,349  | 5,429  | 5,516  | 5,985  | 469                      | 8.5                     |
| Total                                 | 31,511     | 35,749 | 36,271 | 37,116 | 39,966 | 2,850                    | 7.7                     |
| EU-28                                 | 3,975      | 4,341  | 4,560  | 4,528  | 4,742  | 214                      | 4.7                     |
| OPEC                                  | 68         | 80     | 77     | 78     | 76     | -2                       | -2.7                    |
| Latin America                         | 3,384      | 4,068  | 4,235  | 4,271  | 4,912  | 641                      | 15.0                    |
| Asia                                  | 8,693      | 9,982  | 10,134 | 10,981 | 11,256 | 274                      | 2.5                     |
| Sub-Saharan Africa                    | 79         | 87     | 109    | 122    | 135    | 13                       | 10.7                    |

See footnote(s) at the end of table.

| Item                            | Million \$ |        |        |        |        | Absolute change, 2012–13 | Percent change, 2012–13 |
|---------------------------------|------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------------------------|-------------------------|
|                                 | 2009       | 2010   | 2011   | 2012   | 2013   |                          |                         |
| U.S. merchandise trade balance: |            |        |        |        |        |                          |                         |
| Canada                          | -5,639     | -6,394 | -6,272 | -6,228 | -7,831 | -1,603                   | -25.7                   |
| China                           | -2,561     | -2,073 | -612   | -1,872 | -1,486 | 386                      | 20.6                    |
| Mexico                          | 2,961      | 3,522  | 3,577  | 3,714  | 3,740  | 26                       | 0.7                     |
| Japan                           | 1,230      | 1,438  | 1,692  | 1,625  | 1,745  | 119                      | 7.4                     |
| Brazil                          | -941       | -1,345 | -1,311 | -1,384 | -1,771 | -387                     | -28.0                   |
| United Kingdom                  | 639        | 696    | 732    | 901    | 965    | 64                       | 7.1                     |
| Germany                         | -293       | -286   | -352   | -376   | -375   | 1                        | 0.3                     |
| Korea                           | 392        | 445    | 439    | 329    | 317    | -12                      | -3.7                    |
| Italy                           | 421        | 602    | 579    | 408    | 437    | 29                       | 7.0                     |
| Chile                           | -393       | -333   | -398   | -385   | -525   | -140                     | -36.5                   |
| All other                       | 3,162      | 4,360  | 4,930  | 4,459  | 4,062  | -398                     | -8.9                    |
| Total                           | -1,022     | 632    | 3,003  | 1,193  | -723   | -1,915                   | ( <sup>a</sup> )        |
| EU-28                           | 502        | 800    | 684    | 583    | 330    | -254                     | -43.5                   |
| OPEC                            | 617        | 803    | 933    | 840    | 864    | 24                       | 2.9                     |
| Latin America                   | 3,264      | 3,960  | 4,054  | 4,092  | 3,672  | -420                     | -10.3                   |
| Asia                            | -410       | 670    | 2,710  | 1,018  | 1,524  | 506                      | 49.7                    |
| Sub-Saharan Africa              | 127        | 181    | 208    | 162    | 140    | -23                      | -14.0                   |

Source: Compiled from official statistics of the U.S. Department of Commerce.

Note: Import values are based on customs value; export values are based on free along ship value, U.S. port of export. Calculations based on unrounded data. The countries shown are those with the largest total U.S. trade (U.S. imports plus U.S. exports) in these products in the current year.

<sup>a</sup>Not meaningful for purposes of comparison.

## U.S. Exports

U.S. exports of forest products rose by 2 percent between 2012 and 2013, from \$38.3 billion to \$39.2 billion. Most of this increase was accounted for by growth in U.S. exports of logs and rough wood products and lumber, primarily to China (table FP.2). U.S. exports of logs and rough wood products to China rose from \$819 million in 2012 to \$1.2 billion in 2013, and U.S. exports of lumber to China grew from \$743 million in 2012 to \$1.0 billion in 2013. Strong construction markets in China increased both demand and prices in these two product categories.<sup>165</sup> Export prices for two commodity grades of U.S. logs increased by 11 percent and 16 percent in 2013 over 2012 levels.<sup>166</sup> The average unit value of U.S. lumber exports to China rose by 3 percent between 2012 and 2013.

## U.S. Imports

U.S. imports of forest products grew by 8 percent, from \$37.1 billion in 2012 to \$40.0 billion in 2013. U.S. imports of lumber, wood veneer and wood panels, and moldings, millwork, and joinery accounted for most of this increase, and within these three product categories, imports from Canada accounted for most of the growth. Imports from Brazil of wood veneer and wood panels and moldings, millwork, and joinery accounted for a smaller portion of this growth. During 2013, the continued recovery in the U.S. housing market strengthened demand and prices for these products. Canadian and Brazilian suppliers participated in this recovery, as did Chinese and Mexican suppliers, to a lesser extent.

U.S. imports of lumber increased by more than \$1 billion (27 percent) in 2013 compared to 2012, largely because of demand for single-family housing units. U.S. housing starts increased by 18 percent between 2012 and 2013, from 781,000 starts to 923,000 starts. U.S. housing starts in 2013 were 67 percent higher than during the 2009 trough, when housing starts bottomed out as a result of the financial crisis and subsequent recession.<sup>167</sup> In 2013, U.S. housing starts reached their highest level since 2008. The largest category within U.S. housing starts, single-family starts, experienced a 15 percent gain between 2012 and 2013.<sup>168</sup> Single-family starts consume a higher proportion of lumber to total building materials than multi-family starts.<sup>169</sup> Strong U.S. demand in 2013 pushed up prices for commodity grades of lumber by more than 10 percent over 2012.<sup>170</sup>

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<sup>165</sup> IBIS World, *Building Construction in China*, September 2013, 37.

<sup>166</sup> Weyerhaeuser, "Form 10-K," February 28, 2014, 7, 8, 36.

<sup>167</sup> USDOC, Census, *New Residential Construction* (accessed February 18, 2014).

<sup>168</sup> U.S. housing starts are categorized as 1 unit, 2 to 4 units, and 5 units or more.

<sup>169</sup> Canfor Corporation, "Management's Discussion and Analysis 2013," 2013, 5.

<sup>170</sup> West Fraser, "2013 Management's Discussion and Analysis," 2013, 5.

**Table FP.2** Forest products: Leading changes in U.S. exports and imports, 2009–13

| Item                                    | Million \$ |        |        |        |        | Absolute change, 2012–13 | Percent change, 2012–13 |
|---|------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------------------------|-------------------------|
|   | 2009       | 2010   | 2011   | 2012   | 2013   |                          |                         |
| <b>U.S. EXPORTS:</b>                    |            |        |        |        |        |                          |                         |
| <b>Increases:</b>                       |            |        |        |        |        |                          |                         |
| Logs and rough wood products (FP001)    | 1,716      | 2,236  | 2,624  | 2,545  | 3,117  | 573                      | 22.5                    |
| Lumber (FP002)                          | 1,593      | 2,256  | 2,607  | 2,681  | 3,130  | 449                      | 16.7                    |
| <b>Decreases:</b>                       |            |        |        |        |        |                          |                         |
| Wood pulp and recovered paper (FP009)   | 6,751      | 8,788  | 9,816  | 9,006  | 8,768  | -239                     | -2.7                    |
| Printed matter (FP016)                  | 5,162      | 5,405  | 5,371  | 5,313  | 5,094  | -219                     | -4.1                    |
| <b>All other</b>                        | 15,267     | 17,695 | 18,856 | 18,764 | 19,135 | 371                      | 2.0                     |
| <b>Total</b>                            | 30,489     | 36,381 | 39,274 | 38,309 | 39,244 | 935                      | 2.4                     |
| <b>U.S. IMPORTS:</b>                    |            |        |        |        |        |                          |                         |
| <b>Increases:</b>                       |            |        |        |        |        |                          |                         |
| Lumber (FP002)                          | 2,639      | 3,391  | 3,366  | 3,961  | 5,036  | 1,075                    | 27.1                    |
| Wood veneer and wood panels (FP004)     | 2,961      | 3,413  | 3,263  | 3,931  | 4,605  | 673                      | 17.1                    |
| Moldings, millwork, and joinery (FP003) | 2,125      | 2,316  | 2,229  | 2,478  | 2,853  | 375                      | 15.2                    |
| <b>Decreases:</b>                       |            |        |        |        |        |                          |                         |
| Printed matter (FP016)                  | 3,952      | 4,282  | 4,174  | 4,237  | 4,181  | -56                      | -1.3                    |
| Newsprint (FP012)                       | 1,442      | 1,377  | 1,464  | 1,344  | 1,290  | -54                      | -4.0                    |
| <b>All other</b>                        | 18,392     | 20,969 | 21,775 | 21,164 | 22,001 | 836                      | 4.0                     |
| <b>Total</b>                            | 31,511     | 35,749 | 36,271 | 37,116 | 39,966 | 2,850                    | 7.7                     |

Source: Compiled from official statistics of the U.S. Department of Commerce.

Note: Import values are based on customs value; export values are based on free along ship value, U.S. port of export. Calculations based on unrounded data.

Demand for Canadian and Brazilian wood veneer and wood panels and moldings, millwork, and joinery also increased because of U.S. housing starts. Prices for many of these products increased, too. For example, prices for a commodity grade of medium-density fiberboard rose by 7 percent in 2013 over 2012.<sup>171</sup>

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<sup>171</sup> West Fraser, "2013 Management's Discussion and Analysis," 2014, 7.

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# Machinery

Jeff Okun-Kozlowicki

(202) 205-3366

[jeff.okun.kozlowicki@usitc.gov](mailto:jeff.okun.kozlowicki@usitc.gov)

## Change in 2013 from 2012:

U.S. trade deficit: Increased by \$3.0 billion (7 percent) to \$46.8 billion

U.S. exports: Decreased by \$0.1 billion (0.1 percent) to \$122.3 billion

U.S. imports: Increased by \$2.9 billion (2 percent) to \$169.1 billion

In 2013, the U.S. merchandise trade deficit for machinery rose by \$3.0 billion to \$46.8 billion, a 7 percent increase. Higher U.S. imports of machinery were attributable in part to increased residential and commercial construction in the United States, which boosted demand for several machinery product groups (see figure MT.1).

The United States maintained trade deficits for machinery with most major trading partners except for Canada, Taiwan, and Brazil (table MT.1). In 2013, the machinery trade deficit with China increased by \$2.7 billion (9 percent) to \$34.9 billion, while the deficit with Japan decreased by \$1.8 billion (10 percent) to \$15.6 billion.

## U.S. Exports

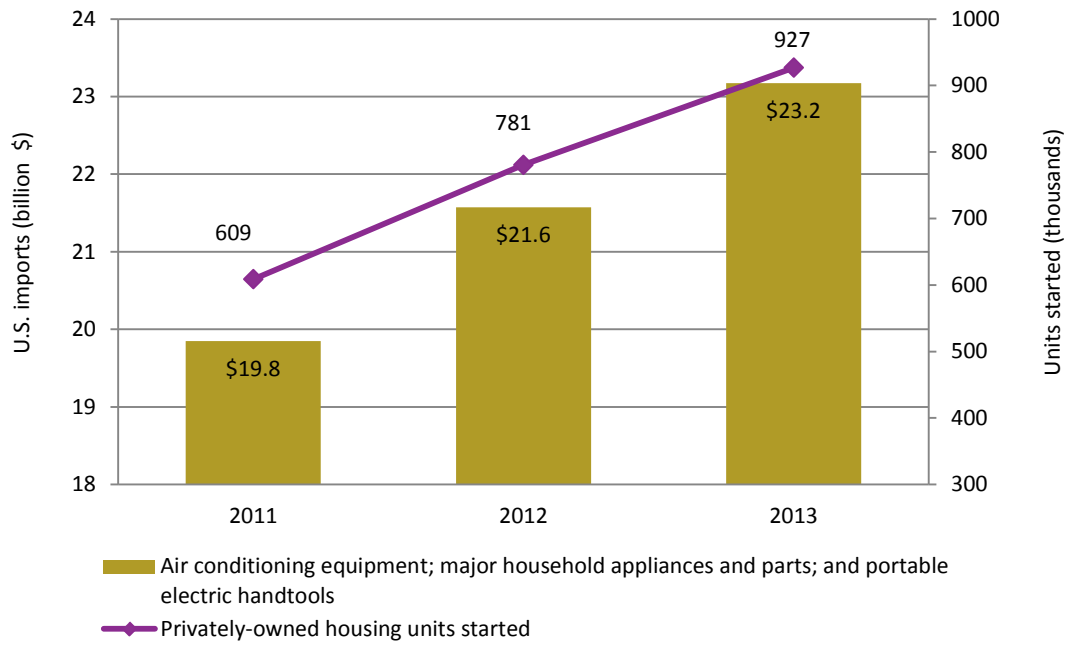
U.S. exports of machinery decreased slightly, falling by \$135 million (0.1 percent) to \$122.3 billion in 2013. Major shifts occurred in taps, cocks, valves, and similar devices; farm and garden machinery and equipment; electric motors and generators; and metal rolling mills (table MT.2). By destination, Mexico, China, and Japan accounted for the largest increases in the value of U.S. exports of machinery (table MT.1). The largest decline in U.S. exports was to Canada.

The largest absolute increase in machinery exports occurred in exports of taps, cocks, valves, and similar devices, which increased by \$1.2 billion (13 percent) to \$10.2 billion in 2013. Global demand for this product group—which is often used in oil and gas applications—has expanded steadily since 2010, as the petroleum refining and pipeline industries have rebounded following the economic recession.<sup>172</sup> Increased exports to Korea, China, Mexico, and Singapore accounted for 55 percent of the total increase in U.S. exports in 2013.

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<sup>172</sup> IBISWorld, *Valve Manufacturing*, November 2013, 8.

**Figure MT.1** U.S. residential construction and imports of certain machinery product groups



Source: USITC DataWeb/USDOC (accessed March 10, 2014); USDOC, Census, "New Privately Owned Housing Units Started," n.d. (accessed March 10, 2014).



**Table MT.1** Machinery: U.S. exports of domestic merchandise, imports for consumption, and merchandise trade balance, by selected countries and country groups, 2009–13

| Item                                 | Million \$ |         |         |         |         | Absolute change, 2012–13 | Percent change, 2012–13 |
|--------------------------------------|------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|--------------------------|-------------------------|
|                                      | 2009       | 2010    | 2011    | 2012    | 2013    |                          |                         |
| U.S. exports of domestic merchandise |            |         |         |         |         |                          |                         |
| China                                | 5,424      | 7,903   | 8,946   | 8,539   | 9,085   | 546                      | 6.4                     |
| Mexico                               | 10,442     | 11,655  | 13,450  | 15,508  | 16,491  | 983                      | 6.3                     |
| Canada                               | 17,437     | 20,324  | 23,025  | 24,938  | 24,658  | -280                     | -1.1                    |
| Japan                                | 2,588      | 2,992   | 3,467   | 3,068   | 3,409   | 340                      | 11.1                    |
| Germany                              | 2,869      | 3,734   | 4,213   | 4,029   | 3,996   | -33                      | -0.8                    |
| Korea                                | 3,454      | 5,659   | 5,499   | 5,632   | 5,584   | -48                      | -0.9                    |
| Taiwan                               | 3,276      | 5,856   | 4,529   | 4,602   | 4,691   | 89                       | 1.9                     |
| Italy                                | 918        | 977     | 1,066   | 1,012   | 1,091   | 79                       | 7.8                     |
| United Kingdom                       | 2,426      | 2,756   | 2,893   | 2,971   | 3,043   | 72                       | 2.4                     |
| France                               | 1,699      | 1,754   | 1,898   | 1,965   | 1,982   | 17                       | 0.9                     |
| All other                            | 34,893     | 40,769  | 46,207  | 50,140  | 48,240  | -1,900                   | -3.8                    |
| Total                                | 85,427     | 104,379 | 115,193 | 122,404 | 122,269 | -135                     | -0.1                    |
| EU-28                                | 13,568     | 15,539  | 17,249  | 16,939  | 17,344  | 404                      | 2.4                     |
| OPEC                                 | 6,487      | 7,055   | 7,224   | 8,869   | 8,786   | -84                      | -0.9                    |
| Latin America                        | 19,467     | 23,545  | 26,475  | 29,814  | 29,917  | 103                      | 0.3                     |
| Asia                                 | 22,218     | 31,970  | 32,827  | 32,444  | 32,731  | 287                      | 0.9                     |
| Sub-Saharan Africa                   | 1,834      | 1,990   | 2,108   | 2,396   | 2,425   | 30                       | 1.2                     |
| U.S. imports for consumption         |            |         |         |         |         |                          |                         |
| China                                | 25,995     | 32,326  | 36,534  | 40,730  | 44,024  | 3,294                    | 8.1                     |
| Mexico                               | 16,584     | 20,548  | 23,144  | 25,280  | 26,292  | 1,011                    | 4.0                     |
| Canada                               | 10,352     | 10,899  | 12,511  | 13,350  | 13,521  | 171                      | 1.3                     |
| Japan                                | 11,633     | 15,202  | 19,014  | 20,461  | 18,986  | -1,475                   | -7.2                    |
| Germany                              | 11,063     | 12,286  | 15,302  | 15,767  | 16,542  | 775                      | 4.9                     |
| Korea                                | 4,786      | 5,675   | 6,379   | 6,824   | 6,572   | -252                     | -3.7                    |
| Taiwan                               | 2,324      | 2,810   | 3,487   | 3,908   | 3,942   | 34                       | 0.9                     |
| Italy                                | 4,492      | 4,369   | 5,872   | 6,045   | 6,258   | 213                      | 3.5                     |
| United Kingdom                       | 2,818      | 2,953   | 3,651   | 3,877   | 3,932   | 55                       | 1.4                     |
| France                               | 1,966      | 2,282   | 2,790   | 3,095   | 3,390   | 295                      | 9.5                     |
| All other                            | 18,047     | 21,118  | 26,265  | 26,899  | 25,654  | -1,245                   | -4.6                    |
| Total                                | 110,061    | 130,469 | 154,948 | 166,237 | 169,113 | 2,876                    | 1.7                     |
| EU-28                                | 29,338     | 31,803  | 40,246  | 41,167  | 41,564  | 397                      | 1.0                     |
| OPEC                                 | 73         | 95      | 120     | 146     | 146     | ( <sup>a</sup> )         | 0.1                     |
| Latin America                        | 17,885     | 21,966  | 24,913  | 27,145  | 27,835  | 690                      | 2.5                     |
| Asia                                 | 48,807     | 61,488  | 72,020  | 79,232  | 80,673  | 1,441                    | 1.8                     |
| Sub-Saharan Africa                   | 226        | 319     | 362     | 361     | 344     | -17                      | -4.6                    |

See footnote(s) at the end of table.

| Item                           | Million \$ |         |         |         |         | Absolute change, 2012–13 | Percent change, 2012–13 |
|--------------------------------|------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|--------------------------|-------------------------|
|                                | 2009       | 2010    | 2011    | 2012    | 2013    |                          |                         |
| U.S. merchandise trade balance |            |         |         |         |         |                          |                         |
| China                          | -20,571    | -24,423 | -27,588 | -32,191 | -34,939 | -2,748                   | -8.5                    |
| Mexico                         | -6,142     | -8,893  | -9,695  | -9,773  | -9,801  | -28                      | -0.3                    |
| Canada                         | 7,085      | 9,425   | 10,514  | 11,588  | 11,137  | -451                     | -3.9                    |
| Japan                          | -9,045     | -12,209 | -15,546 | -17,393 | -15,577 | 1,816                    | 10.4                    |
| Germany                        | -8,193     | -8,552  | -11,089 | -11,738 | -12,547 | -809                     | -6.9                    |
| Korea                          | -1,331     | -17     | -880    | -1,192  | -988    | 203                      | 17.1                    |
| Taiwan                         | 952        | 3,045   | 1,042   | 694     | 749     | 55                       | 8.0                     |
| Italy                          | -3,574     | -3,392  | -4,806  | -5,033  | -5,167  | -134                     | -2.7                    |
| United Kingdom                 | -392       | -198    | -757    | -906    | -889    | 17                       | 1.8                     |
| France                         | -268       | -528    | -892    | -1,130  | -1,408  | -278                     | -24.6                   |
| All other                      | 16,845     | 19,651  | 19,943  | 23,241  | 22,586  | -655                     | -2.8                    |
| Total                          | -24,634    | -26,090 | -39,755 | -43,833 | -46,844 | -3,011                   | -6.9                    |
| EU-28                          | -15,770    | -16,264 | -22,998 | -24,228 | -24,220 | 8                        | <sup>(b)</sup>          |
| OPEC                           | 6,414      | 6,959   | 7,104   | 8,724   | 8,640   | -84                      | -1.0                    |
| Latin America                  | 1,581      | 1,578   | 1,562   | 2,668   | 2,082   | -586                     | -22.0                   |
| Asia                           | -26,589    | -29,518 | -39,193 | -46,787 | -47,941 | -1,154                   | -2.5                    |
| Sub-Saharan Africa             | 1,608      | 1,671   | 1,746   | 2,035   | 2,081   | 46                       | 2.3                     |

Source: Compiled from official statistics of the U.S. Department of Commerce.

Note: Import values are based on customs value; export values are based on free along ship value, U.S. port of export. Calculations based on unrounded data. The countries shown are those with the largest total U.S. trade (U.S. imports plus U.S. exports) in these products in the current year.

<sup>a</sup>Less than \$500,000.

<sup>b</sup>Less than 0.05 percent.

**Table MT.2** Machinery: Leading changes in U.S. exports and imports, 2009–13

| Item  | Million \$ |         |         |         |         | Absolute change, 2012–13 | Percent change, 2012–13 |
|---|------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|--------------------------|-------------------------|
|   | 2009       | 2010    | 2011    | 2012    | 2013    |                          |                         |
| <b>U.S. EXPORTS:</b>  |            |         |         |         |         |                          |                         |
| <b>Increases:</b>   |            |         |         |         |         |                          |                         |
| Taps, cocks, valves, and similar devices (MT020)                | 5,929      | 7,071   | 8,421   | 9,077   | 10,248  | 1,171                    | 12.9                    |
| <b>Decreases:</b>   |            |         |         |         |         |                          |                         |
| Farm and garden machinery and equipment (MT009)                 | 7,667      | 8,653   | 11,234  | 13,147  | 11,645  | -1,501                   | -11.4                   |
| Electric motors, generators, and related equipment (MT023)      | 6,743      | 7,584   | 7,897   | 9,321   | 8,297   | -1,024                   | -11.0                   |
| Metal rolling mills (MT014)                                     | 486        | 524     | 442     | 430     | 347     | -83                      | -19.3                   |
| Non-metalworking machine tools (MT018)                          | 582        | 730     | 704     | 688     | 615     | -73                      | -10.5                   |
| <b>All other</b>  | 64,020     | 79,815  | 86,496  | 89,742  | 91,117  | 1,374                    | 1.5                     |
| <b>Total</b>  | 85,427     | 104,379 | 115,193 | 122,404 | 122,269 | -135                     | -0.1                    |
| <b>U.S. IMPORTS:</b>  |            |         |         |         |         |                          |                         |
| <b>Increases:</b>   |            |         |         |         |         |                          |                         |
| Household appliances, including commercial applications (MT004) | 16,608     | 19,731  | 20,524  | 21,542  | 22,763  | 1,221                    | 5.7                     |
| Air-conditioning equipment and parts (MT002)                    | 8,576      | 10,695  | 12,810  | 14,045  | 14,977  | 932                      | 6.6                     |
| Portable electric handtools (MT025)                             | 2,140      | 2,431   | 2,648   | 2,787   | 3,081   | 293                      | 10.5                    |
| Boilers, turbines, and related machinery (MT022)                | 1,899      | 1,614   | 1,464   | 1,299   | 1,480   | 181                      | 13.9                    |
| Metal rolling mills (MT014)                                     | 523        | 382     | 425     | 373     | 489     | 117                      | 31.3                    |
| <b>Decreases:</b>   |            |         |         |         |         |                          |                         |
| Semiconductor manufacturing equipment and robotics (MT019)      | 5,914      | 9,335   | 13,791  | 12,711  | 11,502  | -1,209                   | -9.5                    |
| Electric motors, generators, and related equipment (MT023)      | 10,075     | 10,338  | 12,055  | 13,189  | 12,103  | -1,085                   | -8.2                    |
| Metal cutting machine tools (MT015)                             | 2,173      | 2,529   | 4,509   | 5,822   | 5,106   | -716                     | -12.3                   |
| Pulp, paper, and paperboard machinery (MT011)                   | 830        | 950     | 1,033   | 1,260   | 981     | -278                     | -22.1                   |
| <b>All other</b>  | 61,323     | 72,464  | 85,688  | 93,209  | 96,630  | 3,421                    | 3.7                     |
| <b>Total</b>  | 110,061    | 130,469 | 154,948 | 166,237 | 169,113 | 2,876                    | 1.7                     |

Source: Compiled from official statistics of the U.S. Department of Commerce.

Note: Import values are based on customs value; export values are based on free along ship value, U.S. port of export. Calculations based on unrounded data.

The largest absolute decrease in machinery exports was in farm and garden machinery, exports of which decreased by \$1.5 billion (11 percent) to \$11.6 billion. Following a surge in exports in 2011 and 2012 resulting from strong farm incomes, high food prices, and a weak U.S. dollar, exports decreased in 2013 to all major markets except Canada.<sup>173</sup> Slower economic growth, falling food prices, and a stronger U.S. dollar contributed to export declines to several leading markets, such as Brazil, Russia, and South Africa.<sup>174</sup> The export decline to Australia may be attributable to Australian farmers' struggles with serious drought and a strong Australian dollar, which hurt demand for Australian farm exports.<sup>175</sup> The largest decrease in this product group occurred in track-laying tractors, exports of which fell by 54 percent to \$805 million in 2013. U.S. exports of this product group to Canada, on the other hand, increased by \$330 million (9 percent) to \$4.2 billion in 2013. North American farmers were reportedly in a financial position that allowed them to upgrade their equipment.<sup>176</sup>

U.S. exports of motors, generators, and related equipment fell by \$1.0 billion (11 percent) to \$8.3 billion in 2013. This primarily reflects an \$811 million (35 percent) decline in exports of other generating sets, with the largest decline in exports to Venezuela and Australia. There are significant annual fluctuations in U.S. exports of these products, with export volumes and destinations often correlated with orders for individual power plants.<sup>177</sup>

U.S. exports of metal rolling mills declined by \$83 million (19 percent) to \$347 million in 2013. Exports to China of this product group decreased by \$41 million (29 percent) to \$101 million in 2013, the lowest level of such exports in recent years. Most of the decline was in exports of parts for rolling mills. The decrease may have been due to improved capabilities of the Chinese industry to manufacture its own rolling mills and parts.

## U.S. Imports

In 2013, U.S. imports of machinery increased by \$2.9 billion (2 percent) to \$169.1 billion. Major shifts occurred in household appliances; air conditioning equipment and parts; portable electric hand tools; boilers, turbines, and related machinery; metal rolling mills; semiconductor manufacturing equipment; electric motors, generators, and related equipment; metal cutting machine tools; and pulp, paper, and paperboard machinery. By origin, China, Mexico, and Germany accounted for the largest increases, while Japan accounted for the largest decrease in the value of U.S. machinery imports.

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<sup>173</sup> Deere & Co, "Form 10-K," December 17, 2012, 23.

<sup>174</sup> IMF, "Table 3," March 6, 2014; BBC News, "Brazil's Economy Shrinks 0.5%," December 3, 2013; Zaks, "Russia Economy Chief Says Dire 2013 Was 'Low Point,'" January 31, 2014.

<sup>175</sup> Tcktctck, "Australian Farmers Suffer through Drought," May 1, 2013.

<sup>176</sup> Kanicki, "Dealers View 2014 with 'Tempered' Confidence," October 2013; Canada's Farm Progress Show, "Canada's Farm Show Rolls Out Red Carpet," March 18, 2013.

<sup>177</sup> For an example of the extent to which demand for these products can fluctuate annually and by region, see *Diesel and Gas Turbine Worldwide*, "37th Power Generation Order Survey," May 2013, 3–4, and *Diesel and Gas Turbine Worldwide*, "36th Power Generation Order Survey," May 2012, 3–4.

The largest absolute increase in machinery imports in 2013 came from imports of household appliances, which increased \$1.2 billion (6 percent) to \$22.8 billion. The increase was largely composed of greater imports of combined refrigerator-freezers from China and Mexico (up by \$399 million), along with food processors (up by \$200 million) and other motorized appliances. The increase in imports is attributable to growth in residential construction, which is one of the largest drivers of demand for household appliances.<sup>178</sup> Imports of household appliances from China rose by \$1.4 billion in 2013; such imports have grown every year since 2010, as more companies have located their overseas facilities in China to access low labor costs.<sup>179</sup>

The second-largest absolute increase involved imports of air-conditioning equipment and parts, which increased by \$932 million (7 percent) to \$15.0 billion. The import growth largely came from Mexico (up by \$618 million), China (\$183 million), and Korea (\$105 million). Growth in residential and commercial construction and home improvements spurred demand for this product group,<sup>180</sup> which is increasingly produced overseas. The increase in imports is part of a trend since 2010, as manufacturers moved some of their facilities for this product group to Mexico, China, and other markets during the economic recession.<sup>181</sup>

The largest absolute decrease in U.S. imports came in semiconductor manufacturing equipment and robotics, which fell by \$1.2 billion (10 percent) to \$11.5 billion in 2013. The decrease in 2013 followed a \$1.1 billion decrease in 2012. The decline was driven primarily by a \$1.3 billion decline in U.S. imports of machines and apparatus for the manufacture of semiconductor devices or electronic integrated circuits. Imports from the top five U.S. partners for these products—Japan, the Netherlands, Singapore, Korea, and Germany—fell by \$1.3 billion in 2013 (see figure MT.2). The decrease in 2013 likely indicates a shift away from demand for larger, high-capital machinery investments, as the construction of a number of large new semiconductor wafer fabrication facilities concluded in the United States. However, despite the fall in import values, U.S. import quantities of semiconductor manufacturing equipment more than doubled in 2013, indicating an increase in imports of lower-value parts, components, and machinery. Import values for semiconductor manufacturing equipment have fluctuated frequently over the past decade due to changes in the capacity needs of the domestic semiconductor manufacturing industry.<sup>182</sup>

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<sup>178</sup> IBISWorld, Major Household Appliance Manufacturing, December 2013, 5.

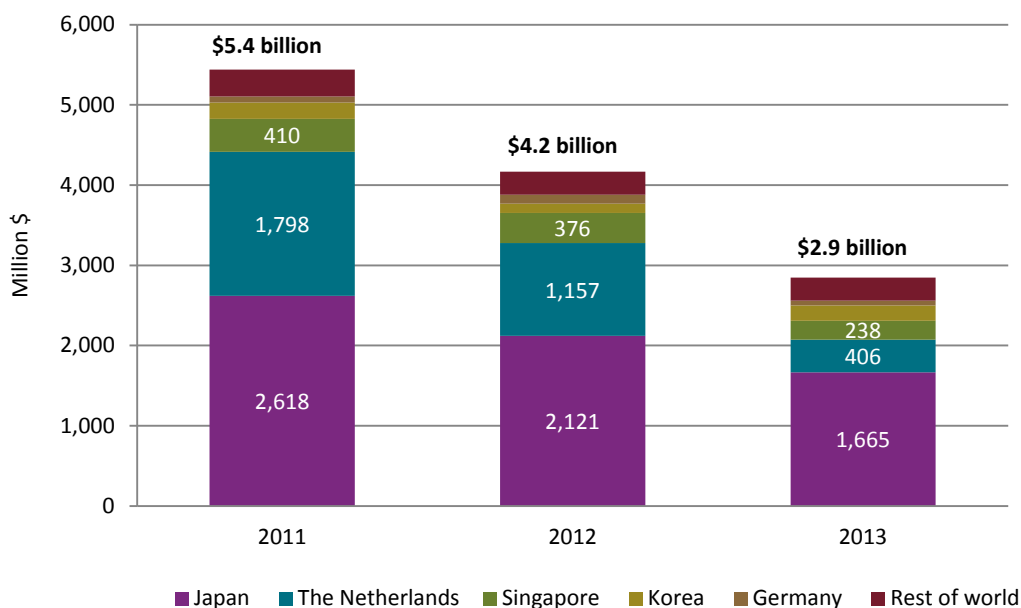
<sup>179</sup> Ibid., 10.

<sup>180</sup> IBISWorld, Heating and Air Conditioning Equipment Manufacturing, October 2013, 17.

<sup>181</sup> Ibid., 20.

<sup>182</sup> Lineback et al., *The McClean Report*, 2013.

**Figure MT.2** Imports of certain semiconductor machinery



Source: USITC DataWeb/USDOC (accessed March 10, 2013).

U.S. imports of electric motors, generators, and related equipment fell \$1.1 billion (8 percent) to \$12.1 billion in 2013. The decline was likely due to decreased wind turbine demand linked to the expected expiration of a long-standing production tax credit (PTC)—the main tax credit for the wind sector—at the end of 2012. While the PTC was ultimately renewed, the late timing of the renewal motivated managers to schedule project activities for 2012 that might otherwise have been left for 2013; the uncertainty also limited project development activity going into 2013.<sup>183</sup> As a result, U.S. wind turbine installations declined from 13,131 megawatts (MW) in 2012 to 1,084 MW in 2013.<sup>184</sup> This led to a \$952 million decline in U.S. imports of wind-powered generating sets,<sup>185</sup> a \$159 million decline in imports of generators for wind turbines, and a \$95 million decline in imports of parts of wind turbine generators.

Imports of metal-cutting machine tools decreased by \$716 million (12 percent) to \$5.1 billion in 2013. Much of the decline came in the form of reduced imports of machining centers and lathes, which are widely used in the motor vehicle, aerospace, and medical devices industries. U.S. consumers of machine tools tend to purchase these large capital machines every three to five years. The decrease in 2013 thus reflects typical industry trends, as imports of this product

<sup>183</sup> USITC, Renewable Energy and Related Services, August 2013, 4-8 to 4-9.

<sup>184</sup> AWEA, “AWEA U.S. Wind Industry Fourth Quarter,” January 30, 2014, 3.

<sup>185</sup> Wind-powered generating sets include nacelles and any items imported with the nacelle, such as the blades or hub. If these components are imported or exported separately from the nacelle, they are included in different Harmonized System subheadings.

group increased by \$3.3 billion from 2010 to 2012. By market, imports from Japan fell by \$362 million (15 percent) in 2013, followed by those from Taiwan (\$129 million, or 25 percent), Germany (\$119 million, or 12 percent), and Korea (\$115 million, or 25 percent). The drop in imports from Japan was due to Japanese companies increasing their U.S.-based production beginning in late 2012: one producer opened a new U.S. factory in 2013, and another expanded its existing U.S. operations.<sup>186</sup>

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<sup>186</sup> *Metalworking Production and Purchasing*, "Mazak Rolls Out 30,000th Kentucky-Built Machine," September 10, 2013; DMG Mori Seiki Manufacturing, "About Us," <http://www.dmgmori-seikimfgusa.com/about-us> (accessed March 10, 2014).

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## Minerals and Metals

Karl Tsuji  
(202) 205-3434  
[karl.tsuji@usitc.gov](mailto:karl.tsuji@usitc.gov)

### Change in 2013 from 2012:

U.S. trade deficit: Increased by \$2.5 billion (4.7 percent) to \$56.7 billion

U.S. exports: Decreased by \$6.8 billion (4.8 percent) to \$133.7 billion

U.S. imports: Decreased by \$4.2 billion (2.2 percent) to \$190.5 billion

In 2013, both U.S. exports and U.S. imports of minerals and metals decreased, and since the decline in exports exceeded the decline in imports, the U.S. trade deficit in this category continued to widen. The United States has maintained a trade deficit in minerals and metals in each successive year since 2009 (figure MM.1). During this five-year period, the U.S. trade deficit widened the most with China (by \$5.2 billion), followed by India (\$4.7 billion), Israel (\$3.3 billion), and Canada (\$2.2 billion) (table MM.1). Leading shifts among U.S. imports and exports of minerals and metals over 2009—13 (table MM.2) reflected the economic performance of the major downstream consuming industries. Of particular importance were recovering construction activity,<sup>187</sup> varying growth rates among individual durable-goods manufacturing industries,<sup>188</sup> and continued rising energy production.<sup>189</sup> Such shifts also resulted from shortfalls in domestic mine resources for many critical raw materials and generally lower commodity prices.<sup>190</sup>

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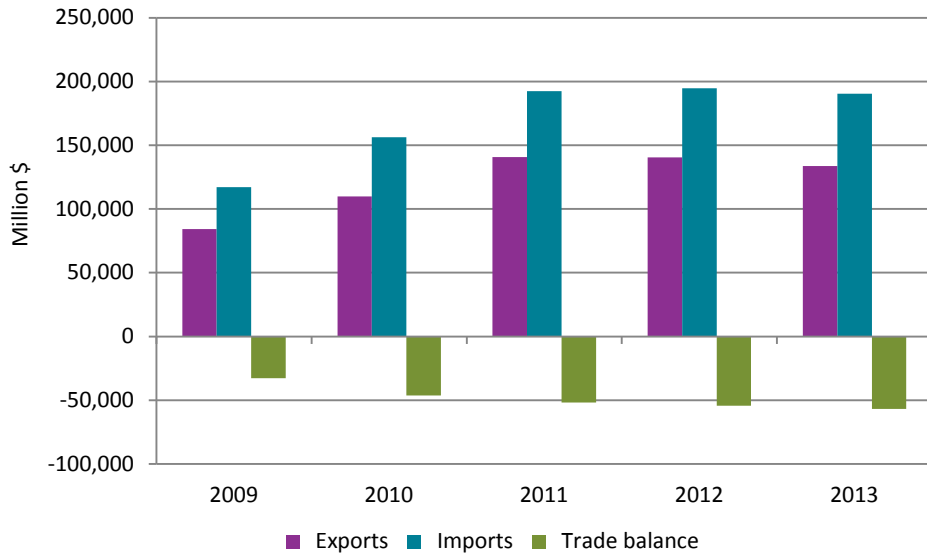
<sup>187</sup> USDOC, Census, “December 2013 Construction at \$930.5 Billion Annual Rate,” February 3, 2014, table 1, “Value of Construction Put in Place in the United States, Not Seasonally Adjusted,” 1 and 3.

<sup>188</sup> USDOC, Census, “Full Report on Manufacturers’ Shipments,” February 4, 2014, table 1, “Value of Manufacturers’ Shipments for Industry Groups,” 2.

<sup>189</sup> USDOE, EIA, “Crude Oil and Natural Gas Resource Development,” February 25, 2014, 75–80.

<sup>190</sup> USDO, USGS, “Significant Events, Trends, and Issues,” January 2013, 7.

**Figure MM.1** Minerals and metals: U.S. exports of domestic merchandise, imports for consumption, and merchandise trade balance, for minerals and metals, 2009–13



Source: Compiled from official statistic of the U.S. Department of Commerce.

**Table MM.1** Minerals and metals: U.S. exports of domestic merchandise, imports for consumption, and merchandise trade balance, by selected countries and country groups, 2009–13

| Item                                  | Million \$ |         |         |         |         | Absolute change, 2012–13 | Percent change, 2012–13 |
|---------------------------------------|------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|--------------------------|-------------------------|
|                                       | 2009       | 2010    | 2011    | 2012    | 2013    |                          |                         |
| U.S. exports of domestic merchandise: |            |         |         |         |         |                          |                         |
| Canada                                | 18,907     | 24,978  | 28,710  | 28,691  | 27,585  | -1,106                   | -3.9                    |
| China                                 | 8,703      | 10,791  | 13,489  | 12,099  | 11,998  | -101                     | -0.8                    |
| Mexico                                | 9,603      | 12,450  | 15,764  | 17,766  | 18,918  | 1,152                    | 6.5                     |
| Switzerland                           | 7,035      | 10,196  | 13,227  | 14,622  | 13,413  | -1,209                   | -8.3                    |
| India                                 | 2,176      | 3,159   | 2,835   | 4,645   | 2,640   | -2,004                   | -43.2                   |
| Hong Kong                             | 1,347      | 2,536   | 7,848   | 8,855   | 11,770  | 2,915                    | 32.9                    |
| Germany                               | 2,371      | 3,710   | 4,338   | 3,903   | 4,047   | 143                      | 3.7                     |
| Japan                                 | 2,043      | 3,026   | 3,670   | 3,088   | 3,213   | 125                      | 4.0                     |
| Israel                                | 737        | 700     | 1,156   | 1,903   | 857     | -1,045                   | -54.9                   |
| Korea                                 | 2,658      | 3,176   | 4,170   | 3,829   | 3,674   | -155                     | -4.1                    |
| All other                             | 28,771     | 35,188  | 45,433  | 41,116  | 35,633  | -5,483                   | -13.3                   |
| Total                                 | 84,351     | 109,910 | 140,640 | 140,516 | 133,749 | -6,767                   | -4.8                    |
| EU-28                                 | 17,343     | 21,354  | 26,493  | 23,126  | 16,737  | -6,389                   | -27.6                   |
| OPEC                                  | 2,222      | 2,172   | 3,077   | 3,670   | 4,452   | 782                      | 21.3                    |
| Latin America                         | 13,399     | 17,199  | 21,300  | 23,641  | 24,707  | 1,066                    | 4.5                     |
| Asia                                  | 21,194     | 28,616  | 40,118  | 39,286  | 40,241  | 955                      | 2.4                     |
| Sub-Saharan Africa                    | 789        | 1,136   | 1,407   | 1,520   | 1,922   | 402                      | 26.5                    |
| U.S. imports for consumption:         |            |         |         |         |         |                          |                         |
| Canada                                | 22,533     | 31,382  | 35,358  | 32,529  | 33,380  | 851                      | 2.6                     |
| China                                 | 19,146     | 22,208  | 25,258  | 26,890  | 27,616  | 726                      | 2.7                     |
| Mexico                                | 12,142     | 16,236  | 21,944  | 21,997  | 19,257  | -2,740                   | -12.5                   |
| Switzerland                           | 1,102      | 1,259   | 1,667   | 1,642   | 1,364   | -278                     | -16.9                   |
| India                                 | 5,136      | 7,714   | 9,149   | 8,668   | 10,286  | 1,618                    | 18.7                    |
| Hong Kong                             | 304        | 384     | 457     | 544     | 579     | 35                       | 6.5                     |
| Germany                               | 4,496      | 6,221   | 7,722   | 7,726   | 7,540   | -187                     | -2.4                    |
| Japan                                 | 4,468      | 5,752   | 6,971   | 8,024   | 7,362   | -662                     | -8.3                    |
| Israel                                | 5,966      | 8,242   | 9,741   | 8,817   | 9,375   | 559                      | 6.3                     |
| Korea                                 | 2,387      | 3,466   | 5,038   | 5,878   | 5,539   | -340                     | -5.8                    |
| All other                             | 39,347     | 53,334  | 69,244  | 71,997  | 68,175  | -3,822                   | -5.3                    |
| Total                                 | 117,025    | 156,199 | 192,550 | 194,712 | 190,474 | -4,238                   | -2.2                    |
| EU-28                                 | 18,316     | 23,555  | 29,028  | 30,107  | 29,061  | -1,046                   | -3.5                    |
| OPEC                                  | 707        | 1,261   | 2,286   | 2,461   | 2,131   | -330                     | -13.4                   |
| Latin America                         | 22,469     | 29,944  | 41,802  | 44,226  | 40,534  | -3,692                   | -8.3                    |
| Asia                                  | 36,410     | 46,351  | 55,319  | 59,271  | 60,477  | 1,206                    | 2.0                     |
| Sub-Saharan Africa                    | 3,813      | 5,702   | 6,519   | 5,523   | 5,334   | -189                     | -3.4                    |

See footnote(s) at the end of table.

| Item                            | Million \$ |         |         |         |         | Absolute change, 2012-13 | Percent change, 2012-13 |
|---------------------------------|------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|--------------------------|-------------------------|
|                                 | 2009       | 2010    | 2011    | 2012    | 2013    |                          |                         |
| U.S. merchandise trade balance: |            |         |         |         |         |                          |                         |
| Canada                          | -3,625     | -6,404  | -6,649  | -3,838  | -5,795  | -1,957                   | -51.0                   |
| China                           | -10,443    | -11,416 | -11,769 | -14,792 | -15,619 | -827                     | -5.6                    |
| Mexico                          | -2,540     | -3,786  | -6,180  | -4,230  | -339    | 3,892                    | 92.0                    |
| Switzerland                     | 5,933      | 8,937   | 11,560  | 12,980  | 12,049  | -931                     | -7.2                    |
| India                           | -2,959     | -4,555  | -6,314  | -4,023  | -7,646  | -3,622                   | -90.0                   |
| Hong Kong                       | 1,043      | 2,152   | 7,392   | 8,311   | 11,191  | 2,880                    | 34.7                    |
| Germany                         | -2,125     | -2,511  | -3,384  | -3,823  | -3,493  | 330                      | 8.6                     |
| Japan                           | -2,425     | -2,726  | -3,301  | -4,936  | -4,149  | 787                      | 16.0                    |
| Israel                          | -5,229     | -7,542  | -8,585  | -6,914  | -8,518  | -1,604                   | -23.2                   |
| Korea                           | 272        | -290    | -868    | -2,049  | -1,865  | 185                      | 9.0                     |
| All other                       | -10,576    | -18,146 | -23,812 | -30,881 | -32,542 | -1,661                   | -5.4                    |
| Total                           | -32,674    | -46,288 | -51,910 | -54,196 | -56,725 | -2,529                   | -4.7                    |
| EU-28                           | -973       | -2,201  | -2,534  | -6,981  | -12,324 | -5,344                   | -76.5                   |
| OPEC                            | 1,515      | 911     | 792     | 1,209   | 2,321   | 1,112                    | 92.0                    |
| Latin America                   | -9,070     | -12,745 | -20,502 | -20,585 | -15,827 | 4,758                    | 23.1                    |
| Asia                            | -15,216    | -17,735 | -15,201 | -19,986 | -20,236 | -250                     | -1.3                    |
| Sub-Saharan Africa              | -3,024     | -4,565  | -5,113  | -4,003  | -3,411  | 592                      | 14.8                    |

Source: Compiled from official statistics of the U.S. Department of Commerce.

Note: Import values are based on customs value; export values are based on free along ship value, U.S. port of export. Calculations based on unrounded data. The countries shown are those with the largest total U.S. trade (U.S. imports plus U.S. exports) in these products in the current year.

**Table MM.2** Minerals and metals: Leading changes in U.S. exports and imports, 2009–13

| Item   | Million \$ |         |         |         |         | Absolute change, 2012–13 | Percent change, 2012–13 |
|--|------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|--------------------------|-------------------------|
|  | 2009       | 2010    | 2011    | 2012    | 2013    |                          |                         |
| <b>U.S. EXPORTS:</b>   |            |         |         |         |         |                          |                         |
| <b>Increases:</b>  |            |         |         |         |         |                          |                         |
| Miscellaneous products of base metal (MM031)                           | 5,997      | 7,087   | 8,066   | 8,817   | 9,318   | 502                      | 5.7                     |
| Pipes and tubes of carbon and alloy steels (MM025L)                    | 2,565      | 3,042   | 3,204   | 3,895   | 4,179   | 284                      | 7.3                     |
| Industrial fasteners of base metal (MM032)                             | 1,962      | 2,446   | 2,854   | 3,133   | 3,380   | 247                      | 7.9                     |
| Cement, stone, and related products (MM009)                            | 2,069      | 2,703   | 3,070   | 3,245   | 3,442   | 197                      | 6.1                     |
| <b>Decreases:</b>  |            |         |         |         |         |                          |                         |
| Precious metals and non-numismatic coins (MM020)                       | 20,699     | 28,033  | 42,230  | 42,762  | 38,868  | -3,893                   | -9.1                    |
| Iron and steel waste and scrap (MM023)                                 | 7,125      | 8,399   | 11,398  | 9,449   | 7,595   | -1,854                   | -19.6                   |
| Natural and synthetic gemstones (MM019)                                | 2,447      | 3,303   | 3,684   | 3,623   | 2,356   | -1,267                   | -35.0                   |
| Plates, sheets, and strips of carbon and alloy steels (MM025B)         | 3,940      | 5,137   | 5,976   | 5,744   | 5,320   | -424                     | -7.4                    |
| Bars, rods, and light shapes of carbon and alloy steels (MM025C)       | 989        | 1,536   | 1,860   | 1,826   | 1,483   | -343                     | -18.8                   |
| Unrefined and refined copper (MM036A)                                  | 452        | 579     | 243     | 754     | 508     | -247                     | -32.7                   |
| Metal construction components (MM028)                                  | 1,147      | 1,227   | 1,428   | 1,802   | 1,562   | -240                     | -13.3                   |
| Ingots, blooms, billets, and slabs of carbon and alloy steels (MM025A) | 459        | 474     | 818     | 632     | 409     | -223                     | -35.3                   |
| Unwrought aluminum (MM037)   | 2,673      | 3,930   | 4,977   | 4,418   | 4,200   | -218                     | -4.9                    |
| Angles, shapes, and sections of carbon and alloy steels (MM025D)       | 459        | 659     | 1,007   | 1,112   | 922     | -190                     | -17.1                   |
| <b>All other</b>   | 31,369     | 41,357  | 49,825  | 49,305  | 50,206  | 902                      | 1.8                     |
| <b>Total</b>   | 84,351     | 109,910 | 140,640 | 140,516 | 133,749 | -6,767                   | -4.8                    |
| <b>U.S. IMPORTS:</b>   |            |         |         |         |         |                          |                         |
| <b>Increases:</b>  |            |         |         |         |         |                          |                         |
| Natural and synthetic gemstones (MM019)                                | 13,608     | 19,730  | 23,625  | 21,597  | 24,733  | 3,136                    | 14.5                    |
| Cement, stone, and related products (MM009)                            | 4,536      | 5,066   | 5,498   | 5,840   | 6,482   | 643                      | 11.0                    |
| Unrefined and refined copper (MM036A)                                  | 3,403      | 4,489   | 5,840   | 4,938   | 5,453   | 515                      | 10.4                    |
| Primary and secondary aluminum (MM037A)                                | 5,021      | 6,163   | 7,471   | 6,839   | 7,249   | 410                      | 6.0                     |
| Certain builders' hardware (MM045)                                     | 3,119      | 3,646   | 3,848   | 4,026   | 4,379   | 353                      | 8.8                     |
| Refined lead (MM039A)  | 213        | 258     | 299     | 344     | 692     | 347                      | 100.9                   |
| Miscellaneous products of base metal (MM031)                           | 9,686      | 11,889  | 13,630  | 14,938  | 15,209  | 271                      | 1.8                     |
| Nonpowered handtools (MM042)   | 3,628      | 4,786   | 5,445   | 6,088   | 6,344   | 256                      | 4.2                     |
| Cooking and kitchen ware (MM033)                                       | 2,180      | 2,683   | 2,676   | 2,781   | 3,023   | 243                      | 8.7                     |
| Ceramic floor and wall tiles (MM012)                                   | 964        | 1,025   | 1,078   | 1,184   | 1,412   | 228                      | 19.3                    |
| Unwrought zinc (MM040A)  | 1,076      | 1,449   | 1,605   | 1,318   | 1,543   | 225                      | 17.0                    |

| Item   | Million \$     |                |                |                |                | Absolute change, 2012–13 | Percent change, 2012–13 |
|--|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|--------------------------|-------------------------|
|  | 2009           | 2010           | 2011           | 2012           | 2013           |                          |                         |
| <b>Decreases:</b>  |                |                |                |                |                |                          |                         |
| Pipes and tubes of carbon and alloy steels (MM025L)                    | 6,718          | 6,798          | 8,952          | 11,324         | 8,919          | -2,405                   | -21.2                   |
| Precious metals and non-numismatic coins (MM020)                       | 16,287         | 23,701         | 33,423         | 32,257         | 30,181         | -2,075                   | -6.4                    |
| Certain base metals and chemical elements (MM041)                      | 3,822          | 6,106          | 7,563          | 6,744          | 5,830          | -914                     | -13.6                   |
| Fabricated structurals (MM027)   | 1,366          | 1,215          | 1,211          | 1,893          | 1,025          | -868                     | -45.8                   |
| Plates, sheets, and strips of carbon and alloy steels (MM025B)         | 4,480          | 6,133          | 7,934          | 8,726          | 7,896          | -830                     | -9.5                    |
| Ingots, blooms, billets, and slabs of carbon and alloy steels (MM025A) | 891            | 2,535          | 4,192          | 4,109          | 3,397          | -712                     | -17.3                   |
| Ferroalloys (MM022)  | 1,062          | 2,668          | 2,930          | 2,899          | 2,380          | -519                     | -17.9                   |
| Primary iron products (MM021)  | 1,184          | 2,149          | 2,916          | 2,925          | 2,474          | -452                     | -15.4                   |
| Plates, sheets, and strips of stainless steels (MM025G)                | 670            | 1,423          | 1,830          | 1,771          | 1,354          | -417                     | -23.6                   |
| Bars, rods, and light shapes of carbon and alloy steels (MM025C)       | 1,472          | 2,362          | 3,110          | 3,466          | 3,111          | -355                     | -10.2                   |
| Iron ores and concentrates (MM003)                                     | 375            | 703            | 841            | 757            | 426            | -331                     | -43.7                   |
| Industrial ceramics (MM010)  | 712            | 1,241          | 1,815          | 1,700          | 1,464          | -237                     | -13.9                   |
| <b>All other</b>   | <b>30,553</b>  | <b>37,980</b>  | <b>44,816</b>  | <b>46,249</b>  | <b>45,497</b>  | <b>-752</b>              | <b>-1.6</b>             |
| <b>Total</b>   | <b>117,025</b> | <b>156,199</b> | <b>192,550</b> | <b>194,712</b> | <b>190,474</b> | <b>-4,238</b>            | <b>-2.2</b>             |

Source: Compiled from official statistics of the U.S. Department of Commerce.

Note: Import values are based on customs value; export values are based on free along ship value, U.S. port of export. Calculations based on unrounded data.

Among the leading changes for U.S. trade in minerals and metals in 2012–13 were significant shifts in both U.S. exports and U.S. imports of natural and artificial gemstones and precious metals and non-numismatic coins (table MM.2). U.S. trade in natural and artificial gemstones significantly contributed to widening the U.S. trade deficit for minerals and metals between 2012 and 2013; the deficit grew by \$4.4 billion (24 percent) to \$22.4 billion (figure MM.2). On the one hand, U.S. exports of natural and artificial gemstones decreased by \$1.3 billion (35 percent) to \$2.4 billion in 2013, with the largest decreases recorded to Israel, followed by India. On the other hand, U.S. imports of these goods increased by \$3.1 billion (15 percent) to \$24.7 billion, with the largest increases recorded from India, followed by Israel and Belgium. India is one of the world’s largest centers for the processing (cutting and polishing) of diamond and colored gemstones and for the making of precious jewelry, and Israel and Belgium are both major diamond processing and trading centers.

Nonindustrial (gem-quality) diamonds—worked, but not mounted or set—accounted for most of the U.S. trade shifts for gemstones. The decrease of \$1.2 billion in the value of exports reflected lower quantities shipped, while the increase of \$3.0 billion in the value of imports reflected higher imports of higher-priced, larger diamonds (weighing more than 0.5 carat each) rather than lower-priced, smaller ones (not more than 0.5 carat each).<sup>191</sup>

Industry observers’ anticipation in first quarter 2013 that U.S. retail sales of precious jewelry and watches would continue growing from 2012 levels<sup>192</sup> was fulfilled by reports of robust year-end holiday sales.<sup>193</sup> Lacking domestic mined-diamond resources, the United States was almost totally dependent upon imports to meet increased downstream consumption needs of precious jewelry manufacturers.<sup>194</sup>

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<sup>191</sup> USITC DataWeb/USDOC (accessed March 10, 2014).

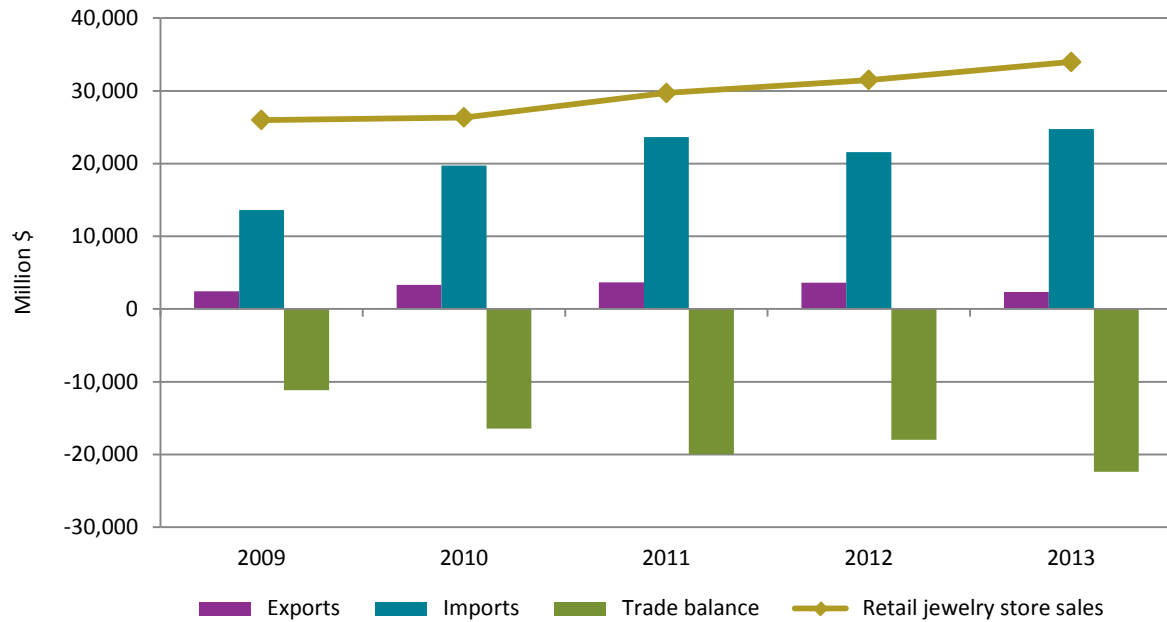
<sup>192</sup> Munn, *U.S. Retail Jewelry Industry Update 2013*, n.d. (accessed March 11, 2014).

<sup>193</sup> Bates, “Jewelry Will Be among Holiday Season’s Top-Selling Categories,” December 3, 2013; Ford, “Report: U.S. Jewelry and Watch Sales,” December 24, 2013; Cavale, “Discounts, Promotions Spur Sales,” December 26, 2013. U.S. consumer demand for gold, in the form of precious jewelry, increased by 14 metric tons (13 percent) to 123 metric tons in 2013. WGC, “Gold Demand Trends Full Year 2013,” February 18, 2014, 21, table 11, “Consumer Demand in Selected Countries: Four-Quarter Totals (Tonnes).”

<sup>194</sup> Hence, U.S. diamond exports are reexports of recut stones or recovered stones (e.g., from disposal of precious jewelry). Olson, “Gemstones,” February 2014, 62.



**Figure MM.2** U.S. trade flows of natural and synthetic gemstones and retail jewelry store sales, 2009–13



Source: Compiled from official statistics of the U.S. Department of Commerce; USDOC, *Census, Monthly Retail Trade and Food Services, Jewelry Stores* (accessed March 26, 2014).

Note: Retail jewelry stores (NAICS 44831) sell any combination of precious (fine) jewelry, sterling ware, and watches. Inclusion of department stores sales of these items would more than double these values.

## U.S. Exports

Although U.S. exports of minerals and metals decreased by \$6.8 billion (4.8 percent) to \$133.7 billion in 2013, certain products recorded increased exports (table MM.2). The leading U.S. export was miscellaneous products of base metal, which increased by \$502 million (6 percent) to \$9.3 billion. The United States' NAFTA partners (Canada and Mexico) were the leading U.S. destination markets for these products in 2013, with Mexico recording the largest increase in exports, up \$205 million (8 percent) to \$2.7 billion. U.S. exports to NAFTA partners reflect the extensive integration of the North American manufacturing industry through production-sharing arrangements and cross-border ties. Specific products in this category that recorded the largest export increases included miscellaneous iron or steel articles (up by \$246 million); miscellaneous aluminum articles (up by \$147 million); and base-metal hinges, castors, mountings, and fittings (up by \$135 million). U.S. exports of miscellaneous base-metal products increased concurrently with the growth in shipment values reported by durable-goods

manufacturers, either of finished base-metal products or of downstream products that contain intermediate base-metal products.<sup>195</sup>

Precious metals and non-numismatic coins recorded the leading U.S. export decrease by value, down \$3.9 billion (9 percent) to \$38.9 billion. The largest decreases in exports were to the United Kingdom and Switzerland—major global centers for refining, fabricating, and trading of all precious metals—and India, a major precious-jewelry fabricating and consuming market. Gold accounted for most of this export decline, as exports of unwrought gold (as unrefined doré and refined bullion) decreased by \$1.8 billion, while gold waste and scrap exports decreased by \$1.4 billion.

In addition to the smaller quantity of gold exported in 2013,<sup>196</sup> the price for gold also decreased in 2013,<sup>197</sup> further reducing the value of gold exports. Some financial-market observers attributed the decrease in gold prices to the fact that investors were less concerned about potential inflation.<sup>198</sup>

As the world's largest and most highly industrialized economy, with a well-established, nationwide scrap recovery infrastructure, the United States is the world's leading generator of ferrous (iron and steel) scrap, with production levels far exceeding domestic consumption needs.<sup>199</sup> However, the value of U.S. exports of iron and steel waste and scrap decreased by \$1.9 billion (20 percent) to \$7.6 billion. This decline reflected both lower quantities exported<sup>200</sup> and weaker prices.<sup>201</sup> The lower export quantities were attributed by industry observers to competition with scrap production in foreign markets; the weaker prices, to overcapacity among domestic scrap generation and processing operations.<sup>202</sup> Turkey, followed by Taiwan, India, Korea, China, and Malaysia, accounted for the largest decreases in U.S. exports (in excess of \$100 million each). All six trading partners have large steel industries,<sup>203</sup> and each is highly

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<sup>195</sup> U.S. manufacturers of durable goods reported a 3.4 percent increase of their shipments in 2013 compared to the previous year. USDOC, Census, "Full Report on Manufacturers' Shipments, Inventories and Orders, December 2013," February 4, 2014, table 1, "Value of Manufacturers' Shipments for Industry Groups," 2.

<sup>196</sup> U.S. exports of the gold contained in doré, bullion, and waste and scrap decreased by 135 metric tons (14 percent) to 812 metric tons. USITC DataWeb/USDOC, March 10 and 12, 2014.

<sup>197</sup> The London Bullion Market Association's "p.m. gold fix" (the world price for gold announced each afternoon in London) averaged \$1,411.23 per troy ounce in 2013, which was \$257.75 (15 percent) below the 2012 annual average price. LBMA, "Historic Statistics, Gold Fixings, Daily Prices," March 5, 2014.

<sup>198</sup> Berthelsen, Wessel, and Zuckerman, "Gold Plunges As Fears over Inflation Fade," April 16, 2013.

<sup>199</sup> In 2012 (the most recent year for which information was available), the United States exported 21 million metric tons (21 percent) of the 103 million metric tons of ferrous waste and scrap exported worldwide. WSD, "Table 49: Exports of Scrap," *Steel Statistical Yearbook 2013*, November 15, 2013, 102–3.

<sup>200</sup> The United States exported 19 million metric tons of ferrous waste and scrap in 2013, nearly 3 million metric tons (14 percent) less than the amount in the previous year. USITC DataWeb/USDOC, March 6, 2014.

<sup>201</sup> Average annual U.S. ferrous scrap prices declined by \$23.95 per long ton (6 percent) to \$375.17 per long ton in 2013. Calculated from the annual averages of weekly prices for no. 1 bushelings, no. 1 heavy melting steel, and shredded automobile scrap. AMM, "AMM's Pricing Section," February 6, 2014.

<sup>202</sup> Fenton, "Iron and Steel Scrap," February 2014, 81.

<sup>203</sup> WSD, "The Largest Steel Producing Countries," January 22, 2014.

dependent upon foreign sources of ferrous scrap for their steelmaking industries.<sup>204</sup> However, all six trading partners imported less ferrous scrap from the world in 2013 than in the previous year,<sup>205</sup> although their reasons varied: crude-steel output decreased in Turkey and Korea, but crude-steel producers in Taiwan, India, China, and Malaysia shifted to other types of ferrous raw materials<sup>206</sup> for their increased output.<sup>207</sup>

## U.S. Imports

Overall, U.S. imports of minerals and metals declined by \$4.2 billion (2.2 percent) to \$190.5 billion in 2013. Contributing significantly to this decline were imports of pipes and tubes of carbon and alloy steels (table MM.2), which decreased by \$2.4 billion (21 percent) to \$8.9 billion. Japan, followed by Germany, Canada, the UK, India, Russia, and China, accounted for the largest decreases in U.S. imports (in excess of \$100 million each) in 2013. This decrease reflected both weaker prices and lower import quantities<sup>208</sup> during a period when U.S. domestic consumption of steel pipe and tube also decreased.<sup>209</sup> Lower activity levels in the leading end-use markets were cited by some industry observers as dampening domestic demand for line

The value of U.S. imports of precious metals and non-numismatic coins fell by \$2.1 billion (6 percent) to \$30.2 billion, with the largest decreases recorded from Mexico, followed by Colombia, Bolivia, and South Africa—all major precious-metal mining countries. Gold accounted for most of this decline, with the value of imports of unwrought gold down by \$1.8 billion and that of imports of gold waste and scrap down by \$354 million. As the quantity of gold imports actually increased in 2013, the decreased value of U.S. imports was caused solely by significantly lower gold prices.<sup>210</sup> The lower prices, combined with improved consumer sentiment, spurred increased U.S. consumer demand in 2013 for precious jewelry and investment items (in the forms of bullion bars and non-numismatic coins), the largest end-use sectors for gold consumption.<sup>211</sup>

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<sup>204</sup> For information about quantities of ferrous scrap imported by these steelmakers in 2012, see WSD, “Table 50: Imports of Scrap,” *Steel Statistical Yearbook 2013*, November 15, 2013, 104–5.

<sup>205</sup> Import quantities of HS 7204: ferrous waste and scrap; remelting scrap ingots of iron or steel. GTIS, Global Trade Atlas, March 10, 2014.

<sup>206</sup> Other ferrous raw materials for steelmaking can include iron ore, directly reduced iron, domestically generated ferrous scrap, inventoried ferrous scrap of domestic and foreign origin, etc.

<sup>207</sup> WSD, “The Largest Steel Producing Countries,” January 22, 2014.

<sup>208</sup> U.S. imports of pipes and tubes of carbon and alloy steels fell by 816,700 metric tons (11 percent) to less than 7 million metric tons in 2013. USITC DataWeb/USDOC, March 8, 2014.

<sup>209</sup> U.S. domestic consumption of pipes and tubes of carbon and alloy steel decreased by 525,700 short tons (3 percent) to 18 million short tons in 2013. Preston, “All Pipe and Tube Market Analysis,” February 2014, 27, 62; Preston, “All Pipe and Tube Market Analysis,” February 2013, 60.

<sup>210</sup> U.S. imports of the gold contained in these forms increased by 157 metric tons (35 percent) to 599 metric tons. USITC DataWeb/USDOC, March 10 and 12, 2014.

<sup>211</sup> U.S. consumer demand for gold, in the forms of precious jewelry, bullion bars, and non-numismatic coins, increased by 28 metric tons (18 percent) to 190 metric tons in 2013. WGC, “Gold Demand Trends Full Year 2013,” February 18, 2014, 21, table 11, “Consumer Demand in Selected Countries: Four-Quarter Totals (Tonnes).”

U.S. imports of certain base metals and chemical elements (minor metals) decreased by \$914 million (14 percent) to \$5.8 billion. Nickel accounted for the largest import decrease (down by \$505 million), with the largest decline from major mined-nickel producer Russia, followed by Australia.<sup>212</sup> Import declines in 2013 reflected both lower quantities<sup>213</sup> (owing to reduced domestic consumption<sup>214</sup>) and weaker global prices, the result of reduced Chinese demand for ferronickel, European manufacturing cutbacks, and record accumulations of nickel in commodity exchange warehouses.<sup>215</sup> Titanium accounted for the second-largest decrease (down by \$182 million), with the largest decline from major unwrought (sponge) titanium producer Japan, followed by Kazakhstan and China.<sup>216</sup> The value of U.S. titanium sponge imports declined, despite higher global sponge prices,<sup>217</sup> because of lower import quantities<sup>218</sup> caused by declining domestic demand for sponge as firms increasingly sought titanium scrap as a substitute.<sup>219</sup>

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<sup>212</sup> Kuck, "Nickel," February 2014, 109.

<sup>213</sup> U.S. import quantities of nickel and articles thereof in various forms decreased by 12,600 metric tons (8 percent) to 157,600 metric tons in 2013. USITC DataWeb/USDOC, March 10, 2014.

<sup>214</sup> Despite increased production of nickel-bearing stainless steels, reported domestic consumption of nickel by all downstream consuming sectors decreased by 14,000 metric tons (6 percent) to 202,000 metric tons in 2013. Kuck, "Nickel," February 2014, 108.

<sup>215</sup> Kuck, "Nickel," February 2014, 109.

<sup>216</sup> Bedinger, "Titanium and Titanium Dioxide," February 2014, 171.

<sup>217</sup> *Ibid.*, 170.

<sup>218</sup> U.S. import quantities of titanium and articles thereof in various forms fell by nearly 7,800 metric tons (16 percent) to 40,100 metric tons in 2013. USITC DataWeb/USDOC, March 10, 2014.

<sup>219</sup> Reported domestic consumption of titanium sponge declined by 10,500 metric tons (30 percent) to 24,600 metric tons in 2013. Recycling of titanium metal scrap increased by 10,000 metric tons (29 percent) to 45,000 metric tons. Bedinger, "Titanium and Titanium Dioxide," February 2014, 170; Bedinger, "Titanium and Titanium Dioxide," January 2013, 172.

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# Textiles and Apparel

Laura V. Rodriguez  
(202) 205-3499

[laura.rodriquez@usitc.gov](mailto:laura.rodriquez@usitc.gov)

## Change in 2013 from 2012:

U.S. trade deficit: Increased by \$3.2 billion (3 percent) to \$97.5 billion

U.S. exports: Increased by \$543 million (3 percent) to \$19.8 billion

U.S. imports: Increased by \$3.7 billion (3 percent) to \$117.2 billion

In 2013, the U.S. trade deficit in textiles and apparel rose to \$97.5 billion, the result of a substantial (\$3.7 billion) increase in U.S. imports that outweighed the small increase in U.S. exports (table TX.1). Imports supplied about 98 percent of U.S. consumer demand for textiles and apparel in 2013.<sup>220</sup> Compared to the small decline in U.S. imports in 2012, the significant growth in U.S. imports in 2013 reflected the strengthening U.S. economy.<sup>221</sup> Imports in four categories—shirts and blouses, home furnishings, women’s and girls’ trousers, and men’s and boys’ trousers—together accounted for 48 percent of U.S. imports of textiles and apparel in 2013 (table TX.2). U.S. exports of fabrics continued to lead sector exports, rising 3 percent to \$6.5 billion. These exports were followed by U.S. exports of fibers and yarns (excluding raw cotton and raw wool), which also rose 3 percent to \$5.2 billion.<sup>222</sup>

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<sup>220</sup> AAFA, “ApparelStats 2013,” December 2013, 4.

<sup>221</sup> U.S. apparel industry representatives, email message to USITC staff, March 4, 2014.

<sup>222</sup> USITC DataWeb/USDOC (accessed February 24, 2014).



**Table TX.1** Textiles and apparel: U.S. exports of domestic merchandise, imports for consumption, and merchandise trade balance, by selected countries and country groups, 2009–13

| Item                                  | Million \$ |         |         |         |         | Absolute change, 2012–13 | Percent change, 2012–13 |
|---------------------------------------|------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|--------------------------|-------------------------|
|                                       | 2009       | 2010    | 2011    | 2012    | 2013    |                          |                         |
| U.S. exports of domestic merchandise: |            |         |         |         |         |                          |                         |
| China                                 | 846        | 1,083   | 1,240   | 1,243   | 1,412   | 169                      | 13.6                    |
| Mexico                                | 3,109      | 3,680   | 4,075   | 4,162   | 4,419   | 258                      | 6.2                     |
| Vietnam                               | 37         | 41      | 43      | 67      | 62      | -5                       | -6.9                    |
| India                                 | 114        | 141     | 162     | 168     | 166     | -1                       | -0.8                    |
| Canada                                | 3,063      | 3,386   | 3,675   | 3,873   | 3,849   | -24                      | -0.6                    |
| Indonesia                             | 132        | 113     | 131     | 142     | 180     | 37                       | 26.3                    |
| Bangladesh                            | 20         | 8       | 20      | 28      | 22      | -6                       | -20.2                   |
| Honduras                              | 1,073      | 1,469   | 1,848   | 1,464   | 1,408   | -56                      | -3.8                    |
| Pakistan                              | 55         | 55      | 40      | 32      | 40      | 8                        | 26.1                    |
| Cambodia                              | 5          | 6       | 6       | 7       | 8       | 1                        | 14.8                    |
| All other                             | 6,199      | 7,369   | 8,192   | 8,026   | 8,187   | 161                      | 2.0                     |
| Total                                 | 14,653     | 17,350  | 19,433  | 19,211  | 19,754  | 543                      | 2.8                     |
| EU-28                                 | 1,666      | 1,987   | 2,140   | 2,073   | 2,125   | 51                       | 2.5                     |
| OPEC                                  | 331        | 377     | 450     | 483     | 469     | -14                      | -3.0                    |
| Latin America                         | 6,409      | 7,769   | 9,034   | 8,600   | 8,761   | 161                      | 1.9                     |
| Asia                                  | 2,517      | 3,035   | 3,327   | 3,352   | 3,606   | 254                      | 7.6                     |
| Sub-Saharan Africa                    | 199        | 236     | 261     | 278     | 281     | 3                        | 1.1                     |
| U.S. imports for consumption:         |            |         |         |         |         |                          |                         |
| China                                 | 35,083     | 42,095  | 44,798  | 44,949  | 46,239  | 1,289                    | 2.9                     |
| Mexico                                | 5,177      | 5,537   | 5,881   | 5,782   | 5,826   | 43                       | 0.8                     |
| Vietnam                               | 5,290      | 6,177   | 7,081   | 7,499   | 8,564   | 1,065                    | 14.2                    |
| India                                 | 4,991      | 5,833   | 6,447   | 6,397   | 6,865   | 468                      | 7.3                     |
| Canada                                | 1,972      | 2,225   | 2,320   | 2,413   | 2,323   | -91                      | -3.8                    |
| Indonesia                             | 4,214      | 4,858   | 5,562   | 5,416   | 5,457   | 41                       | 0.8                     |
| Bangladesh                            | 3,557      | 4,104   | 4,719   | 4,639   | 5,112   | 473                      | 10.2                    |
| Honduras                              | 2,133      | 2,499   | 2,726   | 2,696   | 2,562   | -134                     | -5.0                    |
| Pakistan                              | 2,861      | 3,166   | 3,487   | 3,143   | 3,201   | 58                       | 1.8                     |
| Cambodia                              | 1,888      | 2,234   | 2,627   | 2,560   | 2,588   | 28                       | 1.1                     |
| All other                             | 23,416     | 25,472  | 27,962  | 28,013  | 28,489  | 476                      | 1.7                     |
| Total                                 | 90,581     | 104,199 | 113,611 | 113,507 | 117,225 | 3,718                    | 3.3                     |
| EU-28                                 | 3,983      | 4,513   | 5,259   | 5,376   | 5,640   | 264                      | 4.9                     |
| OPEC                                  | 173        | 220     | 147     | 152     | 146     | -6                       | -3.7                    |
| Latin America                         | 13,321     | 14,673  | 15,996  | 15,777  | 15,808  | 32                       | 0.2                     |
| Asia                                  | 66,826     | 77,998  | 84,873  | 84,703  | 88,088  | 3,385                    | 4.0                     |
| Sub-Saharan Africa                    | 943        | 814     | 929     | 891     | 965     | 74                       | 8.3                     |

| Item                            | Million \$ |         |         |         |         | Absolute change, 2012–13 | Percent change, 2012–13 |
|---------------------------------|------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|--------------------------|-------------------------|
|                                 | 2009       | 2010    | 2011    | 2012    | 2013    |                          |                         |
| U.S. merchandise trade balance: |            |         |         |         |         |                          |                         |
| China                           | -34,237    | -41,013 | -43,558 | -43,707 | -44,827 | -1,120                   | -2.6                    |
| Mexico                          | -2,068     | -1,857  | -1,806  | -1,621  | -1,406  | 214                      | 13.2                    |
| Vietnam                         | -5,254     | -6,136  | -7,038  | -7,432  | -8,502  | -1,070                   | -14.4                   |
| India                           | -4,877     | -5,692  | -6,285  | -6,230  | -6,699  | -469                     | -7.5                    |
| Canada                          | 1,091      | 1,161   | 1,355   | 1,460   | 1,526   | 67                       | 4.6                     |
| Indonesia                       | -4,082     | -4,745  | -5,431  | -5,274  | -5,278  | -4                       | -0.1                    |
| Bangladesh                      | -3,537     | -4,096  | -4,699  | -4,611  | -5,090  | -479                     | -10.4                   |
| Honduras                        | -1,060     | -1,030  | -878    | -1,232  | -1,154  | 78                       | 6.3                     |
| Pakistan                        | -2,806     | -3,111  | -3,447  | -3,111  | -3,160  | -50                      | -1.6                    |
| Cambodia                        | -1,882     | -2,227  | -2,621  | -2,553  | -2,580  | -27                      | -1.1                    |
| All other                       | -17,217    | -18,103 | -19,770 | -19,987 | -20,302 | -315                     | -1.6                    |
| Total                           | -75,928    | -86,849 | -94,178 | -94,297 | -97,472 | -3,175                   | -3.4                    |
| EU-28                           | -2,316     | -2,526  | -3,119  | -3,302  | -3,515  | -213                     | -6.5                    |
| OPEC                            | 157        | 156     | 303     | 331     | 323     | -9                       | -2.6                    |
| Latin America                   | -6,912     | -6,904  | -6,962  | -7,177  | -7,048  | 129                      | 1.8                     |
| Asia                            | -64,309    | -74,963 | -81,546 | -81,351 | -84,482 | -3,131                   | -3.8                    |
| Sub-Saharan Africa              | -744       | -577    | -667    | -614    | -685    | -71                      | -11.5                   |

Source: Compiled from official statistics of the U.S. Department of Commerce.

Note: Import values are based on customs value; export values are based on free along ship value, U.S. port of export. Calculations based on unrounded data. The countries shown are those with the largest total U.S. trade (U.S. imports plus U.S. exports) in these products in the current year.

**Table TX.2** Textiles and apparel: Leading changes in U.S. exports and imports, 2009–13

| Item   | Million \$ |         |         |         |         | Absolute change, 2012–13 | Percent change, 2012–13 |
|--|------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|--------------------------|-------------------------|
|  | 2009       | 2010    | 2011    | 2012    | 2013    |                          |                         |
| <b>U.S. EXPORTS:</b>                                     |            |         |         |         |         |                          |                         |
| <b>Increases:</b>  |            |         |         |         |         |                          |                         |
| Miscellaneous textile products (TX006)                   | 2,134      | 2,474   | 2,740   | 2,798   | 3,010   | 212                      | 7.6                     |
| Fabrics (TX002)  | 4,917      | 5,878   | 6,285   | 6,346   | 6,548   | 202                      | 3.2                     |
| Fibers and yarns, except raw cotton and raw wool (TX001) | 3,496      | 4,444   | 5,610   | 5,059   | 5,201   | 143                      | 2.8                     |
| <b>Decreases:</b>  |            |         |         |         |         |                          |                         |
| Other wearing apparel (TX005S)                           | 370        | 415     | 458     | 476     | 457     | -20                      | -4.1                    |
| Hosiery (TX005J)   | 291        | 315     | 284     | 275     | 258     | -17                      | -6.3                    |
| <b>All other</b>   | 3,446      | 3,824   | 4,056   | 4,257   | 4,279   | 23                       | 0.5                     |
| <b>Total</b>   | 14,653     | 17,350  | 19,433  | 19,211  | 19,754  | 543                      | 2.8                     |
| <b>U.S. IMPORTS:</b>                                     |            |         |         |         |         |                          |                         |
| <b>Increases:</b>  |            |         |         |         |         |                          |                         |
| Shirts and blouses (TX005E)                              | 21,962     | 24,728  | 26,728  | 26,030  | 27,254  | 1,224                    | 4.7                     |
| Home furnishings (TX004)                                 | 7,553      | 9,058   | 9,208   | 9,253   | 10,037  | 784                      | 8.5                     |
| Women's and girls' trousers (TX005D)                     | 8,043      | 8,663   | 8,965   | 9,082   | 9,736   | 653                      | 7.2                     |
| Men's and boys' trousers (TX005C)                        | 6,805      | 7,496   | 8,277   | 8,267   | 8,640   | 373                      | 4.5                     |
| <b>Decreases:</b>  |            |         |         |         |         |                          |                         |
| Women's and girls' suits, skirts, and coats (TX005G)     | 4,739      | 5,121   | 5,465   | 5,125   | 4,896   | -229                     | -4.5                    |
| Gloves, including gloves for sports (TX005M)             | 3,234      | 3,874   | 4,517   | 4,709   | 4,577   | -132                     | -2.8                    |
| Men's and boys' coats and jackets (TX005B)               | 2,299      | 2,636   | 3,183   | 2,970   | 2,839   | -131                     | -4.4                    |
| <b>All other</b>   | 35,946     | 42,622  | 47,268  | 48,072  | 49,248  | 1,176                    | 2.4                     |
| <b>Total</b>   | 90,581     | 104,199 | 113,611 | 113,507 | 117,225 | 3,718                    | 3.3                     |

Source: Compiled from official statistics of the U.S. Department of Commerce.

Note: Import values are based on customs value; export values are based on free along ship value, U.S. port of export. Calculations based on unrounded data.

The United States continued to register a trade deficit in textiles and apparel with several of its top trading partners. The largest trade deficit increases were with China (\$1.1 billion), Vietnam (\$1.1 billion), and India (\$480 million). Continuing a trend that began in 2009, the U.S. trade deficit with Mexico shrank in 2013, falling by \$214 million (13 percent) to \$1.4 billion as the \$258 million increase in U.S. exports to Mexico outpaced the \$43 million increase in U.S. imports from that country. China remained the largest supplier of U.S. imports of textiles and apparel in 2013, accounting for almost 40 percent of U.S. imports of these products.

## U.S. Exports

U.S. exports of textiles and apparel rose by \$543 million (3 percent) to \$19.8 billion in 2013. U.S. exports in this sector are largely composed of textile articles, which accounted for 83 percent of all U.S. exports of textiles and apparel in 2013.<sup>223</sup> Of these textile articles, fibers and yarns (excluding raw cotton and raw wool) were the second-largest export group (table TX.2). Exports of these products are used primarily as intermediate inputs for finished products manufactured abroad, which are then imported back into the United States. In 2013, the top U.S. export markets for textile inputs continued to be Mexico and Canada—partner countries in NAFTA—and Honduras, a partner country in the Dominican Republic-Central America-United States Free Trade Agreement (CAFTA-DR). These countries collectively accounted for almost half (48 percent) of U.S. exports of textile inputs in 2013.

## U.S. Imports

U.S. imports of textiles and apparel rebounded from a modest decline in 2012, rising by \$3.7 billion (3 percent) in 2013. The recovery in U.S. sector imports likely reflects a strengthening of the U.S. economy and a rise in U.S. consumers' confidence in the economy in 2013.<sup>224</sup> Although consumers reportedly were more frugal in purchasing clothing relative to expenditures on other goods or services in 2013,<sup>225</sup> the value of U.S. apparel retail sales grew by almost 3 percent,<sup>226</sup> reflecting growth of \$6.9 billion in consumer spending on garments.<sup>227</sup>

U.S. imports of textiles and apparel are principally composed of apparel, which represented slightly more than three-fourths of all U.S. sector imports by value in 2013. By quantity, total U.S. apparel imports rose by 5 percent between 2012 and 2013. This increase was largely driven by a 5 percent growth in U.S. imports of manmade-fiber apparel, which outpaced the 2 percent growth in U.S. imports of cotton apparel.<sup>228</sup> The continued rise in demand for products made of manmade fibers reflects consumers' growing preference for the functional and performance

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<sup>223</sup> USITC DataWeb/USDOC (accessed February 24, 2014).

<sup>224</sup> Barclays, "2013: A Year of 'Cautious Confidence,'" December 10, 2013.

<sup>225</sup> Barclays, "2013: A Year of 'Cautious Confidence,'" December 10, 2013; Moore, "U.S. Economic Indicators Improve in 2013," January 4, 2014.

<sup>226</sup> USDOC, Census, Monthly Retail Trade and Food Services: Clothing Stores, February 2014, table 4481.

<sup>227</sup> USDOL, BEA, *Personal Consumption Expenditures*, February 2014, table 4.5.U.

<sup>228</sup> USDOC, ITA, OTEXA, "Major Shippers Report," March 6, 2013.

properties (i.e., moisture management, wearing comfort, elasticity, and recovery) that manmade fibers offer that natural fibers do not.<sup>229</sup>

U.S. imports from Asia, the largest regional supplier—accounting for three-quarters of all sector imports—rose by \$3.4 billion (4 percent) to \$88.1 billion. A significant share of the increase in U.S. imports of textiles and apparel in 2013 was accounted for by a \$1.3 billion increase in imports from China, by far the leading supplier of textiles and apparel to the United States. Almost as substantial was the \$1.1 billion growth (14 percent) in imports from Vietnam, the second-leading supplier of these products to the United States.

Despite stated efforts in recent years by U.S. retailers to diversify their supply chains, China still dominates as a supplier of textiles and apparel to the United States and is expected to remain the leading sourcing country.<sup>230</sup> Although China's textile and apparel production costs have been rising,<sup>231</sup> industry sources report such costs have been offset by gains in productivity.<sup>232</sup> China maintains significant advantages over other suppliers in economies of scale, infrastructure, efficiency, expertise, and stability.<sup>233</sup> China's share of U.S. imports of textiles and apparel by quantity grew to 48 percent of the total in 2013, up from 47 percent in 2012.<sup>234</sup> This exceeded by more than seven times the volume of imports from India, the next leading supplier of textiles and apparel to the United States.

In 2013, U.S. imports of textiles and apparel from Vietnam grew by 14 percent to \$8.6 billion. Led by cotton and manmade-fiber knit shirts/blouses and slacks/pants, these imports have grown rapidly in recent years. Reasons for this trend include the country's relatively low labor costs; the industry's focus on specialization, modernization, and increasing added value; and the government of Vietnam's incentives to attract foreign investment for development.<sup>235</sup> In 2013, several new textile and garment plants began production in Vietnam. In addition, the anticipation of the proposed Trans-Pacific Partnership (TPP) reportedly prompted the implementation of numerous fiber and textile projects to prepare for the possibility of greater market access.<sup>236</sup> Also in 2013, significant investments were made to build several new textile and apparel facilities, including a \$40 million factory to produce cotton yarn in Vietnam's southern province of Binh Dong, a new spandex production facility in the province of Dong Nai, and a \$100 million denim plant in the northeastern province of Quang Nkinh.<sup>237</sup>

U.S. imports from South Asian suppliers Bangladesh and India also experienced significant growth, rising by \$473 million (10 percent) and \$468 million (7 percent), respectively, in 2013. Despite political uncertainty, factory safety problems, and labor disturbances in 2013, U.S.

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<sup>229</sup> Donaldson, "Demand for Man-made Fibers Up and Growing," December 29, 2013.

<sup>230</sup> Beron, "Opportunities and Challenges in Asia's Apparel," February 12, 2014.

<sup>231</sup> Donaldson, "Rising Chinese Apparel Production Costs," December 3, 2013.

<sup>232</sup> Barrie, "US Apparel Imports from China," February 12, 2014.

<sup>233</sup> Beron, "Opportunities and Challenges in Asia's Apparel," February 12, 2014.

<sup>234</sup> USDOC, ITA, OTEXA, "Major Shippers Report," February 18, 2014.

<sup>235</sup> Textiles Intelligence, "Vietnam Aims to Become One of the Top Five," January 2, 2013.

<sup>236</sup> Barrie, "Vietnam: Textile and Garment Exports Soared," January 9, 2014.

<sup>237</sup> Fibre2Fashion, "Vietnamese Textile Sector Attracts Investment in 2013," January 16, 2014.

imports from Bangladesh continued to grow because the country's low labor costs help it to meet the global market's demand for competitively priced apparel. As a result, the Bangladesh textiles and apparel sector has been attracting business from international apparel brands and retailers such as Wal-Mart, JC Penney, the Gap, and others.<sup>238</sup> The growth in U.S. sector imports from India likely reflects the industry in India's efforts to upgrade its technology, focus on innovation in product and design, and improve training.<sup>239</sup>

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<sup>238</sup> Islam, "Bangladesh: Apparel Exports Soars 20% in H1," January 14, 2014.

<sup>239</sup> Smith, "India: Garment Exports Continued to Rise," December 12, 2013.

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# Transportation Equipment

Mihir P. Torsekar

(202) 205-3350

[mihir.torsekar@usitc.gov](mailto:mihir.torsekar@usitc.gov)

## Change in 2013 from 2012:

U.S. trade deficit: Increased by \$5.9 billion (8 percent) to \$78.5 billion

U.S. exports: Increased by \$7.3 billion (3 percent) to \$293.0 billion

U.S. imports: Increased by \$13.1 billion (4 percent) to \$371.5 billion

In 2013 the U.S. trade deficit in transportation equipment increased for the fifth straight year, as import growth exceeded export growth by \$5.9 billion (table TE.1). The expansion of the sectoral deficit was principally fueled by increased imports of motor vehicles and of aircraft, spacecraft, and related equipment (aircraft and related equipment), coupled with a \$6.2 billion drop in exports of construction and mining equipment.

The United States maintained a trade deficit within the transportation equipment sector with four of its top five trading partners, including Canada, Mexico, Japan, and Germany; China was the lone exception. In 2013, the U.S. bilateral trade surplus with China for transportation equipment increased by \$6.6 billion (more than 1,000 percent) to \$7.2 billion, reflecting China's rapidly growing demand for aircraft and related equipment and, to a lesser extent, motor vehicles.

**Table TE.1** Transportation equipment: U.S. exports of domestic merchandise, imports for consumption, and merchandise trade balance, by selected countries and country groups, 2009–13

| Item                                  | Million \$ |         |         |         |         | Absolute change, 2012–13 | Percent change, 2012–13 |
|---------------------------------------|------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|--------------------------|-------------------------|
|                                       | 2009       | 2010    | 2011    | 2012    | 2013    |                          |                         |
| U.S. exports of domestic merchandise: |            |         |         |         |         |                          |                         |
| Canada                                | 44,447     | 57,243  | 63,354  | 67,427  | 68,452  | 1,025                    | 1.5                     |
| Mexico                                | 16,804     | 22,528  | 27,130  | 31,213  | 33,695  | 2,482                    | 8.0                     |
| Japan                                 | 7,095      | 7,535   | 7,748   | 11,463  | 10,046  | -1,417                   | -12.4                   |
| Germany                               | 11,659     | 11,312  | 13,118  | 13,507  | 12,589  | -917                     | -6.8                    |
| China                                 | 9,193      | 12,519  | 15,827  | 17,494  | 25,038  | 7,544                    | 43.1                    |
| Korea                                 | 3,238      | 4,704   | 4,807   | 5,578   | 6,180   | 602                      | 10.8                    |
| United Kingdom                        | 8,208      | 8,818   | 9,933   | 9,574   | 10,932  | 1,358                    | 14.2                    |
| France                                | 9,161      | 7,677   | 7,828   | 8,261   | 8,524   | 263                      | 3.2                     |
| Brazil                                | 6,407      | 7,205   | 9,140   | 8,997   | 8,132   | -865                     | -9.6                    |
| United Arab Em                        | 5,487      | 4,136   | 6,245   | 10,647  | 9,298   | -1,349                   | -12.7                   |
| All other                             | 72,384     | 78,726  | 92,459  | 101,611 | 100,136 | -1,475                   | -1.5                    |
| Total                                 | 194,082    | 222,403 | 257,589 | 285,772 | 293,023 | 7,251                    | 2.5                     |
| EU-28                                 | 44,387     | 41,935  | 48,299  | 48,020  | 47,955  | -65                      | -0.1                    |
| OPEC                                  | 18,164     | 17,730  | 20,677  | 29,266  | 27,735  | -1,531                   | -5.2                    |
| Latin America                         | 34,594     | 41,802  | 50,207  | 56,535  | 55,601  | -934                     | -1.7                    |
| Asia                                  | 35,712     | 42,824  | 48,467  | 55,032  | 65,581  | 10,549                   | 19.2                    |
| Sub-Saharan Africa                    | 4,969      | 5,330   | 7,043   | 7,926   | 7,406   | -520                     | -6.6                    |
| U.S. imports for consumption:         |            |         |         |         |         |                          |                         |
| Canada                                | 43,301     | 58,922  | 64,420  | 73,230  | 71,358  | -1,873                   | -2.6                    |
| Mexico                                | 37,697     | 57,439  | 67,167  | 77,547  | 84,769  | 7,222                    | 9.3                     |
| Japan                                 | 40,241     | 52,674  | 55,569  | 69,277  | 67,368  | -1,909                   | -2.8                    |
| Germany                               | 20,809     | 27,458  | 32,826  | 38,113  | 41,855  | 3,742                    | 9.8                     |
| China                                 | 8,553      | 11,850  | 15,284  | 16,866  | 17,813  | 947                      | 5.6                     |
| Korea                                 | 9,059      | 11,397  | 15,542  | 18,899  | 21,368  | 2,469                    | 13.1                    |
| United Kingdom                        | 7,690      | 9,367   | 10,859  | 12,667  | 12,943  | 276                      | 2.2                     |
| France                                | 9,478      | 10,588  | 10,638  | 11,494  | 12,618  | 1,123                    | 9.8                     |
| Brazil                                | 2,066      | 2,221   | 2,949   | 3,325   | 3,325   | ( <sup>a</sup> )         | ( <sup>b</sup> )        |
| United Arab Em                        | 7          | 13      | 29      | 37      | 159     | 122                      | 328.5                   |
| All other                             | 20,908     | 25,017  | 31,295  | 36,954  | 37,973  | 1,019                    | 2.8                     |
| Total                                 | 199,808    | 266,946 | 306,579 | 358,409 | 371,548 | 13,138                   | 3.7                     |
| EU-28                                 | 48,053     | 59,853  | 71,357  | 82,400  | 88,148  | 5,748                    | 7.0                     |
| OPEC                                  | 25         | 35      | 48      | 60      | 182     | 122                      | 202.6                   |
| Latin America                         | 40,391     | 60,576  | 71,230  | 82,097  | 89,466  | 7,369                    | 9.0                     |
| Asia                                  | 63,267     | 82,566  | 93,389  | 113,831 | 114,874 | 1,043                    | 0.9                     |
| Sub-Saharan Africa                    | 1,549      | 1,713   | 2,318   | 2,167   | 2,318   | 151                      | 7.0                     |

See footnote(s) at end of table.

| Item                            | Million \$ |         |         |         |         | Absolute change, 2012–13 | Percent change, 2012–13 |
|---------------------------------|------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|--------------------------|-------------------------|
|                                 | 2009       | 2010    | 2011    | 2012    | 2013    |                          |                         |
| U.S. merchandise trade balance: |            |         |         |         |         |                          |                         |
| Canada                          | 1,146      | -1,679  | -1,065  | -5,804  | -2,906  | 2,898                    | 49.9                    |
| Mexico                          | -20,892    | -34,912 | -40,037 | -46,334 | -51,074 | -4,740                   | -10.2                   |
| Japan                           | -33,146    | -45,138 | -47,821 | -57,814 | -57,322 | 492                      | 0.9                     |
| Germany                         | -9,150     | -16,146 | -19,707 | -24,606 | -29,265 | -4,659                   | -18.9                   |
| China                           | 640        | 669     | 543     | 628     | 7,225   | 6,597                    | 1,050.5                 |
| Korea                           | -5,821     | -6,694  | -10,735 | -13,321 | -15,188 | -1,867                   | -14.0                   |
| United Kingdom                  | 518        | -549    | -926    | -3,093  | -2,011  | 1,081                    | 35.0                    |
| France                          | -317       | -2,911  | -2,811  | -3,233  | -4,094  | -861                     | -26.6                   |
| Brazil                          | 4,341      | 4,985   | 6,190   | 5,672   | 4,808   | -865                     | -15.2                   |
| United Arab Em                  | 5,479      | 4,123   | 6,216   | 10,610  | 9,139   | -1,471                   | -13.9                   |
| All other                       | 51,476     | 53,709  | 61,164  | 64,657  | 62,164  | -2,493                   | -3.9                    |
| Total                           | -5,726     | -44,543 | -48,989 | -72,637 | -78,525 | -5,888                   | -8.1                    |
| EU-28                           | -3,665     | -17,918 | -23,058 | -34,380 | -40,193 | -5,813                   | -16.9                   |
| OPEC                            | 18,139     | 17,695  | 20,629  | 29,206  | 27,553  | -1,652                   | -5.7                    |
| Latin America                   | -5,797     | -18,774 | -21,023 | -25,562 | -33,864 | -8,303                   | -32.5                   |
| Asia                            | -27,555    | -39,742 | -44,923 | -58,799 | -49,293 | 9,507                    | 16.2                    |
| Sub-Saharan Africa              | 3,420      | 3,618   | 4,725   | 5,759   | 5,088   | -672                     | -11.7                   |

Source: Compiled from official statistics of the U.S. Department of Commerce.

Note: Import values are based on customs value; export values are based on free along ship value, U.S. port of export. Calculations based on unrounded data. The countries shown are those with the largest total U.S. trade (U.S. imports plus U.S. exports) in these products in the current year.

<sup>a</sup>Less than \$500,000.

<sup>b</sup>Less than 0.05 percent.

**Table TE.2** Transportation equipment: Leading changes in U.S. exports and imports, 2009–13

| Item  | Million \$ |         |         |         |         | Absolute change, 2012–13 | Percent change, 2012–13 |
|---|------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|--------------------------|-------------------------|
|   | 2009       | 2010    | 2011    | 2012    | 2013    |                          |                         |
| <b>U.S. EXPORTS:</b>  |            |         |         |         |         |                          |                         |
| <b>Increases:</b>   |            |         |         |         |         |                          |                         |
| Aircraft, spacecraft, and related equipment (TE013)                           | 77,700     | 73,949  | 82,028  | 95,210  | 104,881 | 9,671                    | 10.2                    |
| Motor vehicles (TE009)  | 35,963     | 48,940  | 59,454  | 65,669  | 69,557  | 3,888                    | 5.9                     |
| <b>Decreases:</b>   |            |         |         |         |         |                          |                         |
| Construction and mining equipment (TE004)                                     | 19,777     | 22,010  | 27,971  | 29,959  | 23,729  | -6,230                   | -20.8                   |
| Ships, tugs, pleasure boats, and similar vessels (TE014)                      | 1,946      | 2,525   | 2,420   | 3,387   | 2,591   | -796                     | -23.5                   |
| <b>All other</b>  | 58,697     | 74,979  | 85,716  | 91,548  | 92,265  | 717                      | 0.8                     |
| <b>Total</b>  | 194,082    | 222,403 | 257,589 | 285,772 | 293,023 | 7,251                    | 2.5                     |
| <b>U.S. IMPORTS:</b>  |            |         |         |         |         |                          |                         |
| <b>Increases:</b>   |            |         |         |         |         |                          |                         |
| Motor vehicles (TE009)  | 94,348     | 132,471 | 144,426 | 171,556 | 180,005 | 8,449                    | 4.9                     |
| Aircraft, spacecraft, and related equipment (TE013)                           | 18,339     | 18,931  | 21,546  | 24,107  | 29,080  | 4,973                    | 20.6                    |
| <b>Decreases:</b>   |            |         |         |         |         |                          |                         |
| Construction and mining equipment (TE004)                                     | 6,345      | 8,213   | 12,935  | 16,302  | 13,727  | -2,576                   | -15.8                   |
| Motors and engines, except internal combustion, aircraft, or electric (TE015) | 2,240      | 2,431   | 3,358   | 4,466   | 3,629   | -837                     | -18.7                   |
| <b>All other</b>  | 78,536     | 104,900 | 124,314 | 141,978 | 145,107 | 3,129                    | 2.2                     |
| <b>Total</b>  | 199,808    | 266,946 | 306,579 | 358,409 | 371,548 | 13,138                   | 3.7                     |

Source: Compiled from official statistics of the U.S. Department of Commerce.

Note: Import values are based on customs value; export values are based on free along ship value, U.S. port of export. Calculations based on unrounded data. In 2009, 60 export commodity classification (schedule B) codes covering all civilian aircraft, engines, equipment, and parts were consolidated into a single code by the U.S. Census Bureau. This reclassification may have accounted for some of the shifts in exports in the transportation equipment sector.

## U.S. Exports

The \$7.3 billion (3 percent) increase in U.S. transportation equipment exports in 2013 to \$293.0 billion was driven by a \$9.7 billion increase in aircraft and related equipment, along with a \$3.9 billion increase in motor vehicles (table TE.2). Exports of aircraft and related equipment, which represented more than one-third of total sectoral exports, primarily reflected U.S.-based Boeing's near-record global deliveries of jets and civil aircraft in 2013. The company delivered 648 jets in 2013, eclipsing its previous record of 620 from 1999.<sup>240</sup> The aircraft delivered in 2013 had been ordered by airlines and leasing companies in previous years, as the production time and waitlist for large civil aircraft can stretch from many months to several years. (While companies account for the sales differently, the trade value is registered only when the plane is delivered.) Airlines have been ordering more aircraft because of increasing traffic, as measured by revenue passenger miles.<sup>241</sup> Carriers have also taken advantage of lower borrowing costs to replace existing fleets with more fuel-efficient planes; Boeing is one of the world's leading manufacturers of these aircraft.<sup>242</sup>

China remained the largest export market for U.S. aircraft equipment in 2013. It registered both the largest absolute growth in aircraft equipment imports from the United States (\$12.1 billion) and the largest percentage increase (53 percent). The country is already the world's second-largest aircraft market, and growing travel demand from within the country, along with an increase in air cargo, is translating into rapid growth in demand for aircraft. About half of China's new aircraft are supplied by Boeing.<sup>243</sup>

The growth in U.S. exports of motor vehicles principally resulted from increased demand for passenger vehicles in China, which has the world's largest passenger vehicle market. The \$2.8 billion (51 percent) increase in U.S. exports of passenger vehicles to China during 2012–13 was the largest value gain recorded during the five-year period 2009–13 (see part II, "China," figure CN.2). In quantity, the United States exported 80,597 more passenger vehicles in 2013 than in 2012—a 49 percent increase—to reach 246,915 vehicles exported to China. China registered 17,929,000 passenger vehicles in 2013 (figure TE.1), so U.S. imports accounted for just over 1 percent of the Chinese market. Passenger car registrations in China increased 16 percent from the previous year and 74 percent over the 2009–13 period, as shown in figure TE.1, reflecting the country's increased wealth, better roads, and greater access to financing options.<sup>244</sup> Albeit from a small base, sales of U.S. vehicles in China increased by nearly 50 percent in 2013, as Chinese consumers began to choose U.S.-made vehicles over Japanese ones; sales of Japanese vehicles in China have declined since 2012, owing to an ongoing dispute over territory in the East China Sea.<sup>245</sup> Exports of motor vehicles to regional partners Canada

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<sup>240</sup> Gates, "Boeing's 2013 Deliveries," January 6, 2014.

<sup>241</sup> IATA, "Passenger Demand Maintains Historic Growth Rates," February 6, 2014. "Revenue passenger miles" are calculated by multiplying the number of paying passengers by the length of the trip for each flight.

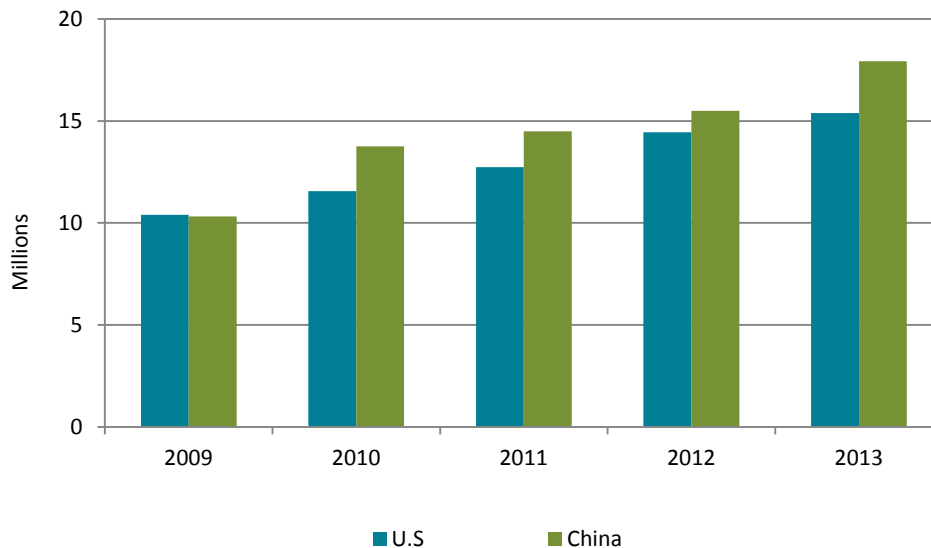
<sup>242</sup> IATA, "Passenger Demand Maintains Historic Growth Rates," February 6, 2014.

<sup>243</sup> Foley, "Boeing Turns," September 7, 2013.

<sup>244</sup> EIU, "Industry Report: Automotive, China," January 2014.

<sup>245</sup> Ibid.

**Figure TE.1** Million of passenger car registrations: China overtook the U.S. to become the world’s largest passenger car market during 2009–13



Source: EIU, “China: Automotive Report,” January, 2014.

and Mexico also increased slightly, although these increases totaled only a combined \$1.7 billion and remained consistent with growth during the previous five years. These markets remained significant destinations for U.S. motor vehicles, owing to the integration of the motor vehicle industry in North America stemming from NAFTA.

Strong export growth in the aircraft and motor vehicles sectors was tempered by a \$6.2 billion (21 percent) reduction in U.S. exports of construction and mining equipment. These exports dropped to \$23.7 billion in 2013, as exports to four of the United States’ five leading markets fell by a combined \$4.4 billion; more than two-thirds of this decline occurred in Australia and Canada. Reasons for the decrease varied, but included difficulties in securing skilled labor in these two markets in particular, along with rising input costs and a focus on completing projects delayed by the recent global economic recession.<sup>246</sup>

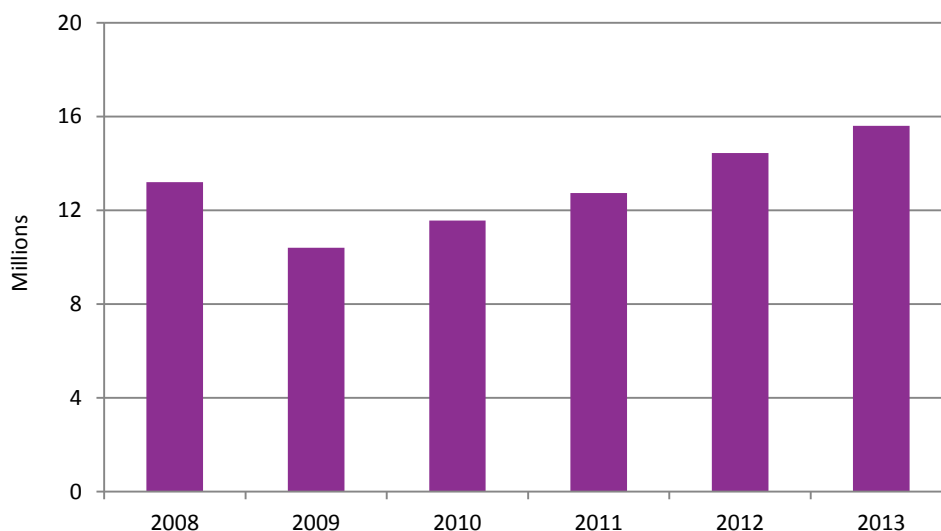
## U.S. Imports

The largest contributors to the growth in U.S. imports of transportation equipment in 2013, in terms of absolute value, were the motor vehicle and aircraft equipment industries. Imports of the former rose by \$8.4 billion (5 percent) to \$180.0 billion, while imports of the latter grew by \$5.0 billion (21 percent) to \$29.0 billion. Relatively strong U.S. motor vehicle imports resulted,

<sup>246</sup> KPMG, *Global Construction Survey 2013*, 2013; ACA, AI, “Construction Outlook,” October 2013.

in part, from wider access to credit; increased consumer confidence, stemming from the ongoing economic recovery; and improved household wealth, owing to declining unemployment rates and stock market gains.<sup>247</sup> In particular, sales of light motor vehicles in the United States increased by 8 percent to 15.6 million units during 2013, the highest level recorded since the economic recession<sup>248</sup> (figure TE.2).

**Figure TE.2** New passenger vehicle registrations reached a four-year high in 2013



Source: EIU, “United States of America: Automotive Report,” January, 2014.

Imported motor vehicles from Mexico and Germany, the United States’ second- and fourth-leading suppliers of these goods in 2013, increased by 14 and 10 percent, respectively. Mexico has emerged as one of the leading destinations for motor vehicle production, due in large part to the country’s relatively low labor costs and proximity to the large U.S. market, which imports these goods duty-free under NAFTA. Many of the world’s largest manufacturers have recently established manufacturing facilities within the country, including Nissan, Mazda, and Honda.<sup>249</sup> German-based manufacturers enjoyed success in the United States during 2013 due to increased marketing campaigns and greater investments in new dealerships. These efforts may have translated into the nearly threefold increase seen in purchases of these vehicles—especially Volkswagens.<sup>250</sup>

<sup>247</sup> Isidore, “Car Sales,” January 3, 2014.

<sup>248</sup> EIU, “Industry Report: Automotive, United States of America,” January 2014.

<sup>249</sup> *Economist*, “Steaming Hot,” November 15, 2013.

<sup>250</sup> EIU, “Industry Report: Automotive, United States of America,” January, 2014.

Increased U.S. imports of aircraft and related equipment resulted from domestic carriers replacing their fleets with more fuel-efficient aircraft types. Many of these aircraft were produced by Airbus in Europe and Embraer in Brazil, and then exported to the United States.<sup>251</sup>

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<sup>251</sup> Schlangenstein, "JetBlue Defers," October 29, 2013.



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# Part IV

## Special Topic Chapter

The use of value added offers researchers an innovative method for analyzing trade flows. This section gives an overview of the concept of value added as a measurement of trade, as well as relevant data sources. It also discusses how this information can help business officials, government representatives, and others gain new insights into the economics of global production as well as the sources and destinations of value in trade.

# Value Added as a Measurement of Trade

Brian Allen  
(202) 205-3034  
[brian.allen@usitc.gov](mailto:brian.allen@usitc.gov)

Most trade statistics, including those found earlier in this report, represent trade between countries on a “gross” basis. Under this approach, both the exporting country and the importing country simply record the total value of a good that has been traded. Statistics produced using this method are both the easiest to find and the easiest to understand, and they do accurately reflect total imports and exports between nations for many purposes.

However, such statistics do not fully account for global supply chains—in particular, for the way slices of value—goods or services—are added at each step of increasingly international manufacturing processes. These inputs, also known as “intermediates,” may be anything from a circuit board added to a product, to the further processing of a half-assembled car, to the work of a testing service ensuring that a food ingredient meets national standards. It is not uncommon for one intermediate to be added in Country A, a second in Country B, and a third in Country C.

Because goods often cross multiple borders, intermediates may be counted several times when the gross method is used to calculate global trade flows. Analysts have recognized that attributing the entire export value to the last exporting country does not provide people with information on the source of value in global trade. In contrast, “value-added” international trade statistics reflect the value added at each step of the supply chain across national borders. The use of value-added statistics has become more routine for analyzing trade flows, although challenges remain—including a lack of data broken out at an intermediate input level by industry or country, as well as difficulties getting timely data. A brief introduction to the concept and its uses is presented below.

## Definition of Value Added and Findings from Its Use in Trade Data

“Value added” can be defined at both the microeconomic and the macroeconomic levels. At the microeconomic level, it is defined as “the amount by which the value of a good . . . increases at a specific step in a production process.” At the macroeconomic level, in the context of measuring exports, it is defined as “the value of national work performed (i.e., the contribution of all national factors of production) in a country’s exports.”<sup>252</sup> Export values calculated using the value-added method differ from official reported export values, which do not distinguish between “national” (domestic) inputs into a product and foreign inputs into that

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<sup>252</sup> Sposi and Koech. “Value-Added Data Recast the U.S.-China Trade Deficit,” July 2013; Benedetto, “Implications and Interpretations,” July 2012. See also Maurer, “Trade in Value Added,” April 14, 2011.

product.<sup>253</sup> For example, one microeconomic analysis attempted to calculate the percentage of contributions from Japan, the United States, and the Republic of Korea (Korea) contained in an Apple iPod music player sold in the United States after being assembled in China. The analysis estimated that at least 82 percent of the factory cost originated in Japan, the United States, and Korea, with China's contribution estimated at only 4 percent of the value. This breakdown would be reflected in trade statistics that are based on value-added calculations. Gross trade statistics, however, show 100 percent of the iPod's import value originating in China.<sup>254</sup>

One breakdown of the (macroeconomic) elements that make up a country's gross exports identifies three types of value added: (1) domestic (national) value added that will never reenter the domestic market, (2) domestic (national) value added that will eventually reenter in the form of imports, and (3) foreign value added that is incorporated into domestic exports. In contrast, a country's value-added export figures capture only the domestic value added that does not reenter the domestic market.<sup>255</sup> Under this definition, value-added imports are only the part of a country's imports that is foreign value added. The difference between gross and value-added measures of trade is that only the latter can reflect the actual supply chain processes in which goods cross national boundaries several times during a multinational production process.

Measuring trade in terms of value added leads to several discoveries. First, it reveals export values for some countries, including China, to be smaller than reported, because the value of imported inputs, which is included in official export figures, is now excluded.<sup>256</sup> In addition, it shows which countries account for the final demand for the production of each country (for use in consumption, investment, and government expenditures), because the value of production is traced through various stages across countries to its ultimate destination.<sup>257</sup> (It is often useful to distinguish such "final destination" countries from countries that import a good only to incorporate it into a product which they will then export.) Finally, the value-added approach provides more information on the contribution of various sectors to production for export.<sup>258</sup>

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<sup>253</sup> OECD and WTO, "Trade in Value-Added: Concepts, Methodologies and Challenges." See also Maurer, "Trade in Value Added," April 14, 2011.

<sup>254</sup> Dedrick, Kraemer, and Linden, "Who Profits From Innovation?" May 2008. See also Varian, "An iPod Has Global Value," June 28, 2007, and Dedrick, "Who Profits from Innovation?" March 21, 2012. Even the iPod packaging may have originated in the United States in the form of paper waste exported to China for reprocessing; McCormack, "U.S. Continues to Import," September 28, 2012.

There have been some critiques of the assumptions underlying the manufacturing locations of the iPod components examined in the study. See McMillion, "China Trade Apologists Know a 'Reality,'" October 21, 2011; Benedetto, "Implications and Interpretations of Value-Added Trade Balances," July 2012.

<sup>255</sup> Benedetto, "Implications and Interpretations of Value-Added Trade Balances," July 2012. See also Koopman et al., "Give Credit Where Credit Is Due," September 2010.

<sup>256</sup> CBO, "How Changes in the Value of the Chinese Currency," July 17, 2008.

<sup>257</sup> See Jones, Powers, and Ubee, "Making Global Value Chain Research More Accessible," October 2013.

<sup>258</sup> USITC, *The Economic Effects of Significant U.S. Import Restraints: Seventh Update*, 2011. See also Fujii-Gambero and Cervantes-Martínez, "Indirect Value Added in Mexico's Manufacturing Exports," March 2013.

## Data and Data Sources for Value Added

A primary source for value-added trade data is the Trade in Value Added (TiVA) database, the product of a joint initiative of the Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development (OECD) and the World Trade Organization (WTO).<sup>259</sup> As of May 2013, it had gathered data on more than 57 countries and economic entities and zones, such as the European Union (EU) and the Association of Southeast Asian Nations, and on 18 economic activities, such as mining and electrical equipment. TiVA takes its underlying data from highly aggregated input-output tables issued by the participating countries and economic entities; these tables reflect how much of the value of the industry's output is represented by inputs purchased from another industry.<sup>260</sup> The World Input-Output Database (WIOD) is another project that publishes global and national input-output tables using a set format.<sup>261</sup> Studies of high-visibility bilateral trade relationships have also benefited from using input-output tables made available by individual markets, including the United States,<sup>262</sup> China,<sup>263</sup> Japan,<sup>264</sup> and the EU and certain EU members.<sup>265</sup>

## The Need for Value-Added Data and Challenges in its Use

Measuring trade on a value-added basis provides valuable insights to the sometimes intricate workings of global supply chains. This approach makes it easier to describe and analyze the various inputs and factors that result in products generated by the contemporary global supply chain. However, it is important to understand the limits on the underlying trade data when applying a value-added analysis. For example, while the TiVA database contains the most recently available data, most country's data are from 2011, thus yielding a lag of several years in the timeliness of the raw data and a still longer lag in the timeliness of data analysis. The gap widens further if analysis involves national input-output tables from countries with an even longer data lag. As a result, conclusions drawn from the data, and even ways in which the data can be analyzed, can be dated by anywhere from 3 to 10 years, depending on the framework

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<sup>259</sup> Lewis, "Trade in Value-Added," December 3, 2013. See OECD, "OECD-WTO Database on Trade in Value-Added," n.d. (accessed various dates).

<sup>260</sup> CBO, "How Changes in the Value of the Chinese Currency," July 17, 2008. The OECD defines input-output tables as describing "the sale and purchase relationships between producers and consumers within an economy." OECD, "Measuring Trade in Value Added" (accessed various dates).

<sup>261</sup> Timmer, "The World Input-Output Database (WIOD)," April 2012. See [http://www.wiod.org/new\\_site/database/wiots.htm](http://www.wiod.org/new_site/database/wiots.htm).

<sup>262</sup> For input-output tables through 2012 produced by the Bureau of Economic Analysis in the U.S. Department of Commerce and the Bureau of Labor Statistics in the U.S. Department of Labor, see [www.bea.gov/industry/index.htm](http://www.bea.gov/industry/index.htm) and [http://www.bls.gov/emp/ep\\_data\\_input\\_output\\_matrix.htm](http://www.bls.gov/emp/ep_data_input_output_matrix.htm).

<sup>263</sup> For data through 2007, see <http://www.purpleculture.net/china-inputoutput-tables-2007-p-4346/>. See also Koopman, Wang, and Wei, "How Much of Chinese Exports," March 2008.

<sup>264</sup> For data through 2005, see <http://www.stat.go.jp/english/data/io/index.htm>.

<sup>265</sup> For data through 2011, see [http://epp.eurostat.ec.europa.eu/portal/page/portal/esa95\\_supply\\_use\\_input\\_tables/data/database](http://epp.eurostat.ec.europa.eu/portal/page/portal/esa95_supply_use_input_tables/data/database). See also Cappariello, "Domestic Value Added Content of Exports," February 2012.

and the purpose of the analysis.<sup>266</sup> For goods with dynamic supply chains, such a lag may result in analytic conclusions that no longer reflect current trade trends or policy initiatives.

In addition, difficulties exist in gathering value-added statistics. These include the reluctance of certain sources to release data that may be commercially sensitive; the lack of a common statistical framework; data assumptions that may understate the effects of international engagement on a domestic economy; and challenges in distinguishing between inputs and final goods.<sup>267</sup> A recent paper proposes a framework for addressing some of the data issues systematically, but considerable work remains to be done.<sup>268</sup>

Nevertheless, even analysis of the data currently available yields benefits in terms of a clearer understanding of bilateral trade. For example, a country's *global* trade balance is the same whether it is considered in light of gross trade statistics or value-added ones.<sup>269</sup> Measures of *bilateral* trade balances, though, can differ greatly, depending on the method used to calculate them. For example, the U.S. bilateral trade deficit with China is smaller when measured in trade in value added than when measured in gross trade, because China buys so many of the inputs for its exports from other countries.<sup>270</sup> However, U.S. bilateral trade deficits with many of those other countries are larger (or U.S. trade surpluses with them are smaller) when measured in trade in value added, since many U.S. imports from China incorporate the value of inputs originating in these countries.<sup>271</sup> Given the attention routinely accorded the U.S.-China trade deficit, a more detailed understanding of that deficit would enhance any analysis involving it.

Applying the value-added approach to trade in services might also suggest different levels of trade flows for goods and services trade than traditional measures show. An analysis using the TiVA database finds that trade in a particular good may have a sizable component of trade in related services affecting the data. Measuring trade in manufactured goods using the value-added method, the U.S. trade deficit in manufactured goods is significantly lower than the gross measure, although the overall U.S. trade deficit (in goods and services together) remains

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<sup>266</sup> *Economist*, "Value-Added Trade," January 19, 2013.

<sup>267</sup> Derviş, Meltzer, and Foda, "Value-Added Trade and Its Implications," April 2, 2013; Powers, "The Value of Value Added," November 2012. Some analysis has taken place that uses certain firm-level transaction data, such as that from the Annual Surveys of Industrial Firms conducted by China's National Bureau of Statistics, which covers all Chinese state-owned enterprises and non-state-owned companies that have sales of more than ¥5 million [\$775,000] in a given year. See Kee and Tang, "Domestic Value Added in Chinese Exports," September 2012.

<sup>268</sup> Koopman, Wang, and Wei, "Tracing Value-Added and Double Counting," February 2014, 459–94.

<sup>269</sup> Benedetto, "Implications and Interpretations of Value-Added Trade Balances," July 2012.

<sup>270</sup> See Ma, Wang, and Zhu, "Domestic Value Added in China's Exports," May 2013.

<sup>271</sup> Derviş, Meltzer, and Foda, "Value-Added Trade and Its Implications," April 2, 2013. For examples of inputs to Chinese production, see Horowitz and Riker, "Measuring Shifts in Brazil's Trade," 2014; Wang, Powers, and Wei, "Value Chains in East Asian Production Networks," October 2009. See also Benedetto, "Implications and Interpretations of Value-Added Trade Balances," July 2012 (noting that the U.S. trade deficit with China would not greatly shrink if calculated using value added).

unchanged.<sup>272</sup> The lower calculated trade deficit in value added for manufactured goods results from foreign services that contribute to trade in manufactured goods, such as transportation, distribution, and finance services, which were previously categorized as manufactured imports but are now service sector imports in value-added terms. At the same time, the study found that the value created by services in the United States and incorporated directly or indirectly as inputs represented 27 percent of the total domestic value added in U.S. gross manufactured exports in 2009. For certain industrial classifications, such as wood and paper; food, beverages, and tobacco; and transport equipment, it is estimated that “more than one-third of the domestic value-added in exports comes from the services sector.”<sup>273</sup>

Another analysis from a different perspective cautions against the use of value-added trade data when analyzing U.S. trade with China. The analysis contends that those data do not account in a timely fashion for the rapidly increasing domestic content in China’s exports and may be affected by China’s currency policies.<sup>274</sup>

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<sup>272</sup> At the same time, under a value-added calculation, the U.S. surplus in trade in services becomes a deficit. The standard method calculates that in 2009 there was a 61-34 split among U.S. gross exports between the manufacturing sector and the services sector; using the alternative method, this becomes a 42-52 split. The change occurs because of the services used to facilitate and improve the links in the global production chain. Xu, “A Value-Added Perspective on U.S. International Trade,” January 9, 2014.

<sup>273</sup> Xu, “A Value-Added Perspective on U.S. International Trade,” January 9, 2014, section 3, “The Rising Role of Services in Manufacturing Trade.”

<sup>274</sup> Scott, “Value-Added Analysis of Trade with China,” June 27, 2013.

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# **Appendix A**

## **U.S. Trade by Industry Group and Subgroup**

**Table A.1** Agricultural products: U.S. trade for industry/commodity groups and subgroups, 2009–13

| USITC code and industry/commodity group       | Million \$ |        |        |        |        | Absolute change, 2012–13 | Percent change, 2012–13 |
|---|------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------------------------|-------------------------|
|   | 2009       | 2010   | 2011   | 2012   | 2013   |                          |                         |
| AG001 Certain miscellaneous animals and meats |            |        |        |        |        |                          |                         |
| Exports                                       | 2,308      | 2,500  | 2,916  | 2,808  | 2,990  | 182                      | 6.5                     |
| Imports                                       | 1,747      | 1,738  | 2,020  | 2,099  | 2,234  | 134                      | 6.4                     |
| Trade balance                                 | 561        | 762    | 896    | 709    | 757    | 48                       | 6.8                     |
| AG002 Cattle and beef                         |            |        |        |        |        |                          |                         |
| Exports                                       | 2,817      | 3,873  | 5,222  | 5,627  | 6,089  | 462                      | 8.2                     |
| Imports                                       | 3,784      | 4,314  | 4,457  | 5,353  | 5,417  | 64                       | 1.2                     |
| Trade balance                                 | -967       | -442   | 766    | 273    | 672    | 399                      | 145.9                   |
| AG003 Swine and pork                          |            |        |        |        |        |                          |                         |
| Exports                                       | 3,645      | 4,003  | 5,263  | 5,498  | 5,116  | -381                     | -6.9                    |
| Imports                                       | 1,020      | 1,292  | 1,367  | 1,354  | 1,499  | 145                      | 10.7                    |
| Trade balance                                 | 2,625      | 2,711  | 3,895  | 4,144  | 3,617  | -527                     | -12.7                   |
| AG004 Sheep and meat of sheep                 |            |        |        |        |        |                          |                         |
| Exports                                       | 34         | 28     | 27     | 20     | 21     | 1                        | 4.5                     |
| Imports                                       | 434        | 512    | 659    | 552    | 568    | 15                       | 2.8                     |
| Trade balance                                 | -400       | -484   | -632   | -532   | -546   | -14                      | -2.7                    |
| AG005 Poultry                                 |            |        |        |        |        |                          |                         |
| Exports                                       | 4,297      | 4,298  | 5,009  | 5,535  | 5,594  | 59                       | 1.1                     |
| Imports                                       | 263        | 301    | 310    | 373    | 403    | 30                       | 8.1                     |
| Trade balance                                 | 4,034      | 3,997  | 4,699  | 5,162  | 5,191  | 29                       | 0.6                     |
| AG006 Fresh or frozen fish                    |            |        |        |        |        |                          |                         |
| Exports                                       | 2,326      | 2,649  | 3,343  | 3,185  | 3,275  | 90                       | 2.8                     |
| Imports                                       | 4,880      | 5,432  | 5,981  | 6,396  | 6,670  | 274                      | 4.3                     |
| Trade balance                                 | -2,554     | -2,783 | -2,638 | -3,211 | -3,395 | -185                     | -5.7                    |
| AG007 Canned fish                             |            |        |        |        |        |                          |                         |
| Exports                                       | 251        | 234    | 264    | 269    | 279    | 10                       | 3.8                     |
| Imports                                       | 1,090      | 1,215  | 1,334  | 1,557  | 1,548  | -9                       | -0.6                    |
| Trade balance                                 | -839       | -981   | -1,069 | -1,287 | -1,268 | 19                       | 1.5                     |
| AG008 Cured and other fish                    |            |        |        |        |        |                          |                         |
| Exports                                       | 194        | 229    | 243    | 273    | 288    | 15                       | 5.5                     |
| Imports                                       | 443        | 468    | 518    | 548    | 537    | -11                      | -2.0                    |
| Trade balance                                 | -249       | -239   | -275   | -274   | -248   | 26                       | 9.5                     |

| USITC code and industry/commodity group | Million \$ |        |        |        |        | Absolute change,<br>2012-13 | Percent change,<br>2012-13 |
|---|------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|-----------------------------|----------------------------|
|   | 2009       | 2010   | 2011   | 2012   | 2013   |                             |                            |
| AG009 Shellfish                         |            |        |        |        |        |                             |                            |
| Exports                                 | 1,035      | 1,179  | 1,489  | 1,501  | 1,500  | -1                          | <sup>a</sup>               |
| Imports                                 | 6,587      | 7,469  | 8,704  | 8,055  | 9,140  | 1,085                       | 13.5                       |
| Trade balance                           | -5,552     | -6,290 | -7,215 | -6,555 | -7,640 | -1,085                      | -16.6                      |
| AG010 Dairy products                    |            |        |        |        |        |                             |                            |
| Exports                                 | 2,020      | 3,441  | 4,490  | 4,810  | 6,382  | 1,572                       | 32.7                       |
| Imports                                 | 1,977      | 1,984  | 2,277  | 2,503  | 2,425  | -78                         | -3.1                       |
| Trade balance                           | 43         | 1,457  | 2,213  | 2,307  | 3,957  | 1,650                       | 71.5                       |
| AG011 Eggs                              |            |        |        |        |        |                             |                            |
| Exports                                 | 347        | 358    | 408    | 483    | 610    | 127                         | 26.4                       |
| Imports                                 | 30         | 40     | 42     | 43     | 42     | -1                          | -2.8                       |
| Trade balance                           | 317        | 319    | 366    | 440    | 568    | 128                         | 29.2                       |
| AG012 Sugar and other sweeteners        |            |        |        |        |        |                             |                            |
| Exports                                 | 687        | 1,101  | 1,334  | 1,484  | 1,351  | -132                        | -8.9                       |
| Imports                                 | 1,905      | 2,744  | 3,734  | 3,311  | 2,707  | -604                        | -18.2                      |
| Trade balance                           | -1,218     | -1,643 | -2,400 | -1,827 | -1,356 | 471                         | 25.8                       |
| AG012A Sugar                            |            |        |        |        |        |                             |                            |
| Exports                                 | 137        | 231    | 273    | 259    | 270    | 11                          | 4.2                        |
| Imports                                 | 1,246      | 2,046  | 2,867  | 2,351  | 1,678  | -673                        | -28.6                      |
| Trade balance                           | -1,109     | -1,815 | -2,594 | -2,092 | -1,408 | 684                         | 32.7                       |
| AG012B High fructose corn sweetener     |            |        |        |        |        |                             |                            |
| Exports                                 | 257        | 511    | 597    | 784    | 616    | -167                        | -21.4                      |
| Imports                                 | 92         | 104    | 108    | 120    | 134    | 13                          | 11.2                       |
| Trade balance                           | 165        | 407    | 489    | 664    | 483    | -181                        | -27.3                      |
| AG013 Animal feeds                      |            |        |        |        |        |                             |                            |
| Exports                                 | 8,498      | 9,677  | 10,103 | 12,476 | 14,525 | 2,050                       | 16.4                       |
| Imports                                 | 1,290      | 1,472  | 2,067  | 2,671  | 2,910  | 239                         | 9.0                        |
| Trade balance                           | 7,208      | 8,204  | 8,036  | 9,805  | 11,616 | 1,811                       | 18.5                       |
| AG014 Live plants                       |            |        |        |        |        |                             |                            |
| Exports                                 | 190        | 197    | 208    | 218    | 242    | 24                          | 11.1                       |
| Imports                                 | 487        | 524    | 549    | 525    | 552    | 28                          | 5.2                        |
| Trade balance                           | -297       | -327   | -341   | -307   | -310   | -3                          | -1.1                       |
| AG015 Seeds                             |            |        |        |        |        |                             |                            |
| Exports                                 | 1,190      | 1,292  | 1,460  | 1,559  | 1,644  | 86                          | 5.5                        |
| Imports                                 | 792        | 813    | 941    | 1,302  | 1,542  | 240                         | 18.4                       |
| Trade balance                           | 398        | 479    | 519    | 257    | 103    | -154                        | -60.0                      |

| USITC code and industry/commodity group  | Million \$   |              |              |              |              | Absolute change, 2012-13 | Percent change, 2012-13 |
|--|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------------------|-------------------------|
|  | 2009         | 2010         | 2011         | 2012         | 2013         |                          |                         |
| AG015A Grass Seed                        |              |              |              |              |              |                          |                         |
| Exports                                  | 315          | 357          | 454          | 447          | 475          | 28                       | 6.2                     |
| Imports                                  | 141          | 124          | 142          | 164          | 184          | 20                       | 12.2                    |
| Trade balance                            | 173          | 234          | 312          | 284          | 291          | 8                        | 2.8                     |
| AG015B Fruit Seed                        |              |              |              |              |              |                          |                         |
| Exports                                  | 51           | 55           | 66           | 53           | 50           | -3                       | -5.7                    |
| Imports                                  | 41           | 46           | 56           | 66           | 68           | 2                        | 3.0                     |
| Trade balance                            | 10           | 8            | 10           | -13          | -18          | -5                       | -37.7                   |
| AG015C Vegetable Seeds                   |              |              |              |              |              |                          |                         |
| Exports                                  | 457          | 490          | 519          | 495          | 473          | -23                      | -4.6                    |
| Imports                                  | 309          | 340          | 409          | 495          | 486          | -9                       | -1.9                    |
| Trade balance                            | 148          | 150          | 110          | <sup>b</sup> | -13          | -13                      | <sup>c</sup>            |
| AG015D Grain Seeds                       |              |              |              |              |              |                          |                         |
| Exports                                  | 255          | 235          | 275          | 343          | 423          | 79                       | 23.1                    |
| Imports                                  | 253          | 240          | 262          | 469          | 671          | 202                      | 43.1                    |
| Trade balance                            | 1            | -5           | 12           | -126         | -249         | -123                     | -97.5                   |
| AG015E Sugar Beet Seed                   |              |              |              |              |              |                          |                         |
| Exports                                  | 4            | 4            | 5            | 5            | 4            | -1                       | -17.2                   |
| Imports                                  | <sup>b</sup> | 1            | 5            | <sup>b</sup> | <sup>b</sup> | <sup>b</sup>             | -8.4                    |
| Trade balance                            | 3            | 4            | <sup>b</sup> | 5            | 4            | -1                       | -18.0                   |
| AG015F Oilseed Seeds                     |              |              |              |              |              |                          |                         |
| Exports                                  | 107          | 148          | 139          | 213          | 218          | 5                        | 2.4                     |
| Imports                                  | 46           | 62           | 65           | 106          | 132          | 26                       | 24.6                    |
| Trade balance                            | 61           | 86           | 73           | 107          | 86           | -21                      | -19.7                   |
| AG015G Tobacco Seeds                     |              |              |              |              |              |                          |                         |
| Exports                                  | 2            | 2            | 2            | 2            | 2            | <sup>b</sup>             | -3.7                    |
| Imports                                  | 1            | <sup>b</sup> | 1            | 2            | <sup>b</sup> | -1                       | -68.7                   |
| Trade balance                            | 2            | 2            | 1            | <sup>b</sup> | 1            | 1                        | 495.4                   |
| AG016 Cut flowers                        |              |              |              |              |              |                          |                         |
| Exports                                  | 39           | 37           | 33           | 26           | 23           | -3                       | -11.4                   |
| Imports                                  | 768          | 847          | 881          | 968          | 1,000        | 32                       | 3.3                     |
| Trade balance                            | -728         | -810         | -848         | -942         | -978         | -35                      | -3.7                    |
| AG017 Miscellaneous vegetable substances |              |              |              |              |              |                          |                         |
| Exports                                  | 822          | 872          | 902          | 1,007        | 915          | -92                      | -9.1                    |
| Imports                                  | 1,280        | 1,465        | 2,349        | 5,042        | 3,426        | -1,617                   | -32.1                   |
| Trade balance                            | -458         | -593         | -1,447       | -4,035       | -2,510       | 1,525                    | 37.8                    |

| USITC code and industry/commodity group                       | Million \$ |        |        |        |        | Absolute change, 2012–13 | Percent change, 2012–13 |
|---|------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------------------------|-------------------------|
|   | 2009       | 2010   | 2011   | 2012   | 2013   |                          |                         |
| AG018 Fresh, chilled, or frozen vegetables                    |            |        |        |        |        |                          |                         |
| Exports   | 2,005      | 2,179  | 2,338  | 2,265  | 2,471  | 206                      | 9.1                     |
| Imports   | 4,800      | 5,846  | 6,490  | 6,513  | 7,366  | 854                      | 13.1                    |
| Trade balance   | -2,796     | -3,668 | -4,151 | -4,247 | -4,895 | -648                     | -15.3                   |
| AG019 Prepared or preserved vegetables, mushrooms, and olives |            |        |        |        |        |                          |                         |
| Exports   | 2,446      | 2,567  | 2,794  | 3,197  | 3,426  | 229                      | 7.2                     |
| Imports   | 2,736      | 2,894  | 3,199  | 3,430  | 3,379  | -51                      | -1.5                    |
| Trade balance   | -290       | -327   | -405   | -233   | 47     | 280                      | <sup>c</sup>            |
| AG020 Edible nuts   |            |        |        |        |        |                          |                         |
| Exports   | 4,024      | 4,756  | 5,679  | 6,870  | 8,345  | 1,475                    | 21.5                    |
| Imports   | 1,275      | 1,463  | 1,865  | 1,998  | 1,997  | -1                       | <sup>a</sup>            |
| Trade balance   | 2,749      | 3,293  | 3,815  | 4,872  | 6,348  | 1,475                    | 30.3                    |
| AG021 Tropical fruit  |            |        |        |        |        |                          |                         |
| Exports   | 70         | 101    | 107    | 153    | 174    | 21                       | 13.6                    |
| Imports   | 3,130      | 3,301  | 3,836  | 3,974  | 4,376  | 402                      | 10.1                    |
| Trade balance   | -3,060     | -3,201 | -3,729 | -3,821 | -4,202 | -381                     | -10.0                   |
| AG022 Citrus fruit  |            |        |        |        |        |                          |                         |
| Exports   | 832        | 998    | 1,115  | 1,136  | 1,146  | 10                       | 0.8                     |
| Imports   | 683        | 776    | 838    | 862    | 969    | 107                      | 12.4                    |
| Trade balance   | 149        | 222    | 277    | 274    | 177    | -97                      | -35.6                   |
| AG023 Deciduous fruit   |            |        |        |        |        |                          |                         |
| Exports   | 1,396      | 1,550  | 1,771  | 2,040  | 1,989  | -51                      | -2.5                    |
| Imports   | 372        | 424    | 392    | 373    | 461    | 88                       | 23.6                    |
| Trade balance   | 1,024      | 1,126  | 1,379  | 1,667  | 1,528  | -139                     | -8.3                    |
| AG024 Other fresh fruit                                       |            |        |        |        |        |                          |                         |
| Exports   | 1,326      | 1,435  | 1,640  | 1,782  | 1,920  | 139                      | 7.8                     |
| Imports   | 2,302      | 2,803  | 2,659  | 2,941  | 3,236  | 295                      | 10.0                    |
| Trade balance   | -976       | -1,368 | -1,019 | -1,160 | -1,316 | -156                     | -13.4                   |
| AG025 Dried fruit other than tropical                         |            |        |        |        |        |                          |                         |
| Exports   | 533        | 608    | 710    | 689    | 674    | -15                      | -2.2                    |
| Imports   | 180        | 183    | 207    | 218    | 214    | -4                       | -1.7                    |
| Trade balance   | 353        | 426    | 503    | 471    | 460    | -11                      | -2.4                    |
| AG026 Frozen fruit  |            |        |        |        |        |                          |                         |
| Exports   | 130        | 148    | 191    | 210    | 217    | 7                        | 3.4                     |
| Imports   | 348        | 393    | 526    | 624    | 631    | 6                        | 1.0                     |
| Trade balance   | -218       | -244   | -335   | -414   | -413   | 1                        | 0.2                     |

| USITC code and industry/commodity group      | Million \$ |        |        |        |        | Absolute change, 2012-13 | Percent change, 2012-13 |
|--|------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------------------------|-------------------------|
|  | 2009       | 2010   | 2011   | 2012   | 2013   |                          |                         |
| AG027 Prepared or preserved fruit            |            |        |        |        |        |                          |                         |
| Exports                                      | 365        | 412    | 515    | 522    | 582    | 60                       | 11.4                    |
| Imports                                      | 1,213      | 1,320  | 1,523  | 1,631  | 1,779  | 148                      | 9.1                     |
| Trade balance                                | -848       | -909   | -1,008 | -1,109 | -1,197 | -88                      | -7.9                    |
| AG028 Coffee and tea                         |            |        |        |        |        |                          |                         |
| Exports                                      | 819        | 945    | 1,206  | 1,352  | 1,305  | -47                      | -3.5                    |
| Imports                                      | 4,509      | 5,469  | 8,666  | 7,618  | 6,441  | -1,177                   | -15.4                   |
| Trade balance                                | -3,690     | -4,524 | -7,460 | -6,266 | -5,137 | 1,130                    | 18.0                    |
| AG029 Spices                                 |            |        |        |        |        |                          |                         |
| Exports                                      | 117        | 122    | 131    | 148    | 153    | 5                        | 3.4                     |
| Imports                                      | 729        | 872    | 1,124  | 1,197  | 1,275  | 78                       | 6.5                     |
| Trade balance                                | -612       | -750   | -992   | -1,048 | -1,122 | -73                      | -7.0                    |
| AG030 Cereals                                |            |        |        |        |        |                          |                         |
| Exports                                      | 17,240     | 19,930 | 28,110 | 20,347 | 19,866 | -481                     | -2.4                    |
| Imports                                      | 1,808      | 1,610  | 1,930  | 2,637  | 3,437  | 799                      | 30.3                    |
| Trade balance                                | 15,432     | 18,320 | 26,180 | 17,709 | 16,429 | -1,280                   | -7.2                    |
| AG031 Milled grains, malts, and starches     |            |        |        |        |        |                          |                         |
| Exports                                      | 824        | 736    | 769    | 817    | 767    | -51                      | -6.2                    |
| Imports                                      | 957        | 982    | 1,089  | 1,114  | 1,271  | 157                      | 14.1                    |
| Trade balance                                | -132       | -246   | -319   | -297   | -504   | -208                     | -70.0                   |
| AG032 Oilseeds                               |            |        |        |        |        |                          |                         |
| Exports                                      | 16,780     | 18,936 | 17,875 | 25,040 | 21,794 | -3,245                   | -13.0                   |
| Imports                                      | 668        | 647    | 870    | 843    | 1,418  | 576                      | 68.3                    |
| Trade balance                                | 16,112     | 18,289 | 17,005 | 24,197 | 20,376 | -3,821                   | -15.8                   |
| AG033 Animal or vegetable fats and oils      |            |        |        |        |        |                          |                         |
| Exports                                      | 3,354      | 4,484  | 4,729  | 4,433  | 3,591  | -842                     | -19.0                   |
| Imports                                      | 3,779      | 4,306  | 6,558  | 5,965  | 5,813  | -152                     | -2.5                    |
| Trade balance                                | -425       | 177    | -1,829 | -1,532 | -2,222 | -691                     | -45.1                   |
| AG034 Pasta, cereals, and other bakery goods |            |        |        |        |        |                          |                         |
| Exports                                      | 2,489      | 2,708  | 3,024  | 3,382  | 3,642  | 260                      | 7.7                     |
| Imports                                      | 3,971      | 4,415  | 4,888  | 5,127  | 5,381  | 254                      | 5.0                     |
| Trade balance                                | -1,482     | -1,706 | -1,863 | -1,745 | -1,739 | 6                        | 0.4                     |
| AG035 Sauces, condiments, and soups          |            |        |        |        |        |                          |                         |
| Exports                                      | 1,172      | 1,285  | 1,412  | 1,575  | 1,740  | 166                      | 10.5                    |
| Imports                                      | 964        | 1,030  | 1,156  | 1,229  | 1,282  | 52                       | 4.2                     |
| Trade balance                                | 208        | 255    | 256    | 345    | 459    | 114                      | 32.9                    |



| USITC code and industry/commodity group                             | Million \$ |        |        |        |        | Absolute change, 2012-13 | Percent change, 2012-13 |
|---|------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------------------------|-------------------------|
|   | 2009       | 2010   | 2011   | 2012   | 2013   |                          |                         |
| AG036 Infant formulas, malt extracts, and other edible preparations |            |        |        |        |        |                          |                         |
| Exports   | 3,786      | 4,174  | 4,815  | 5,415  | 6,065  | 650                      | 12.0                    |
| Imports   | 1,615      | 1,930  | 2,109  | 2,267  | 2,464  | 197                      | 8.7                     |
| Trade balance   | 2,171      | 2,244  | 2,706  | 3,148  | 3,602  | 453                      | 14.4                    |
| AG037 Cocoa, chocolate, and confectionery                           |            |        |        |        |        |                          |                         |
| Exports   | 1,384      | 1,530  | 1,799  | 1,976  | 2,174  | 198                      | 10.0                    |
| Imports   | 4,659      | 5,599  | 6,096  | 5,578  | 5,717  | 139                      | 2.5                     |
| Trade balance   | -3,275     | -4,069 | -4,296 | -3,602 | -3,543 | 59                       | 1.7                     |
| AG038 Fruit and vegetable juices                                    |            |        |        |        |        |                          |                         |
| Exports   | 990        | 1,084  | 1,247  | 1,212  | 1,233  | 20                       | 1.7                     |
| Imports   | 1,357      | 1,402  | 1,944  | 1,844  | 1,854  | 10                       | 0.5                     |
| Trade balance   | -367       | -317   | -697   | -632   | -621   | 11                       | 1.7                     |
| AG039 Nonalcoholic beverages, excluding fruit and vegetable juices  |            |        |        |        |        |                          |                         |
| Exports   | 887        | 886    | 1,024  | 1,169  | 1,302  | 133                      | 11.4                    |
| Imports   | 1,626      | 1,789  | 2,030  | 2,406  | 2,589  | 183                      | 7.6                     |
| Trade balance   | -739       | -902   | -1,006 | -1,237 | -1,287 | -50                      | -4.0                    |
| AG040 Malt beverages  |            |        |        |        |        |                          |                         |
| Exports   | 306        | 327    | 365    | 446    | 517    | 71                       | 15.8                    |
| Imports   | 3,325      | 3,493  | 3,551  | 3,683  | 3,685  | 2                        | 0.1                     |
| Trade balance   | -3,020     | -3,166 | -3,187 | -3,236 | -3,168 | 68                       | 2.1                     |
| AG041 Wine and certain other fermented beverages                    |            |        |        |        |        |                          |                         |
| Exports   | 860        | 1,064  | 1,293  | 1,336  | 1,555  | 219                      | 16.4                    |
| Imports   | 4,039      | 4,306  | 4,901  | 5,151  | 5,353  | 202                      | 3.9                     |
| Trade balance   | -3,180     | -3,242 | -3,608 | -3,816 | -3,799 | 17                       | 0.4                     |
| AG042 Distilled spirits   |            |        |        |        |        |                          |                         |
| Exports   | 1,051      | 1,175  | 1,361  | 1,501  | 1,533  | 32                       | 2.1                     |
| Imports   | 4,810      | 5,218  | 5,770  | 6,067  | 6,417  | 350                      | 5.8                     |
| Trade balance   | -3,759     | -4,042 | -4,409 | -4,566 | -4,883 | -318                     | -7.0                    |
| AG043 Unmanufactured tobacco  |            |        |        |        |        |                          |                         |
| Exports   | 1,160      | 1,167  | 1,149  | 1,098  | 1,141  | 43                       | 3.9                     |
| Imports   | 900        | 720    | 737    | 885    | 952    | 67                       | 7.6                     |
| Trade balance   | 260        | 447    | 412    | 213    | 189    | -24                      | -11.1                   |
| AG044 Cigars and certain other manufactured tobacco                 |            |        |        |        |        |                          |                         |
| Exports   | 76         | 83     | 105    | 166    | 197    | 31                       | 19.0                    |
| Imports   | 475        | 532    | 590    | 673    | 765    | 92                       | 13.7                    |
| Trade balance   | -399       | -450   | -484   | -508   | -568   | -61                      | -12.0                   |

| USITC code and industry/commodity group      | Million \$   |       |       |       |       | Absolute change, 2012–13 | Percent change, 2012–13 |
|--|--------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|--------------------------|-------------------------|
|  | 2009         | 2010  | 2011  | 2012  | 2013  |                          |                         |
| AG045 Cigarettes                             |              |       |       |       |       |                          |                         |
| Exports                                      | 414          | 371   | 383   | 317   | 288   | -28                      | -8.9                    |
| Imports                                      | 156          | 137   | 125   | 137   | 147   | 10                       | 7.2                     |
| Trade balance                                | 258          | 234   | 258   | 179   | 141   | -38                      | -21.2                   |
| AG046 Hides, skins, and leather              |              |       |       |       |       |                          |                         |
| Exports                                      | 1,812        | 2,827 | 3,248 | 3,156 | 3,662 | 506                      | 16.0                    |
| Imports                                      | 450          | 593   | 609   | 674   | 699   | 24                       | 3.6                     |
| Trade balance                                | 1,362        | 2,233 | 2,639 | 2,482 | 2,964 | 482                      | 19.4                    |
| AG047 Furskins                               |              |       |       |       |       |                          |                         |
| Exports                                      | 182          | 265   | 397   | 575   | 665   | 90                       | 15.7                    |
| Imports                                      | 102          | 142   | 166   | 207   | 265   | 58                       | 28.2                    |
| Trade balance                                | 80           | 123   | 230   | 368   | 400   | 32                       | 8.6                     |
| AG048 Wool and other animal hair             |              |       |       |       |       |                          |                         |
| Exports                                      | 21           | 24    | 24    | 18    | 24    | 6                        | 32.3                    |
| Imports                                      | 20           | 20    | 35    | 34    | 28    | -6                       | -18.1                   |
| Trade balance                                | 2            | 3     | -11   | -16   | -4    | 12                       | 74.7                    |
| AG049 Cotton, not carded or combed           |              |       |       |       |       |                          |                         |
| Exports                                      | 3,384        | 5,746 | 8,424 | 6,246 | 5,589 | -657                     | -10.5                   |
| Imports                                      | <sup>b</sup> | 1     | 16    | 7     | 7     | <sup>b</sup>             | -1.2                    |
| Trade balance                                | 3,384        | 5,744 | 8,408 | 6,239 | 5,582 | -657                     | -10.5                   |
| AG050 Ethyl alcohol for nonbeverage purposes |              |       |       |       |       |                          |                         |
| Exports                                      | 245          | 883   | 3,260 | 1,927 | 1,567 | -359                     | -18.6                   |
| Imports                                      | 564          | 326   | 903   | 1,839 | 1,412 | -427                     | -23.2                   |
| Trade balance                                | -318         | 556   | 2,357 | 87    | 155   | 68                       | 77.4                    |

Source: Compiled from official statistics of the U.S. Department of Commerce.

Note: The codes shown above are used by the U.S. International Trade Commission to identify major groupings and subgroupings of imported and exported products for trade monitoring purposes. Import values are based on customs value; export values are based on free along ship value, U.S. port of export. Calculations based on unrounded data.

<sup>a</sup>Less than 0.05 percent.

<sup>b</sup>Less than \$500,000.

<sup>c</sup>Not meaningful for purposes of comparison.

**Table A.2** Chemicals and related products: U.S. trade for industry/commodity groups and subgroups, 2009–13

| USITC code and industry/commodity group | Million \$ |        |         |         |        | Absolute change, 2012–13 | Percent change, 2012–13 |
|---|------------|--------|---------|---------|--------|--------------------------|-------------------------|
|   | 2009       | 2010   | 2011    | 2012    | 2013   |                          |                         |
| CH001 Major primary olefins             |            |        |         |         |        |                          |                         |
| Exports                                 | 439        | 587    | 887     | 620     | 659    | 39                       | 6.3                     |
| Imports                                 | 5,931      | 10,496 | 13,079  | 11,148  | 9,258  | -1,889                   | -16.9                   |
| Trade balance                           | -5,493     | -9,909 | -12,192 | -10,527 | -8,599 | 1,928                    | 18.3                    |
| CH002 Other olefins                     |            |        |         |         |        |                          |                         |
| Exports                                 | 430        | 623    | 676     | 629     | 535    | -93                      | -14.8                   |
| Imports                                 | 375        | 473    | 630     | 696     | 686    | -10                      | -1.4                    |
| Trade balance                           | 56         | 150    | 47      | -67     | -150   | -83                      | -124.5                  |
| CH003 Primary aromatics                 |            |        |         |         |        |                          |                         |
| Exports                                 | 531        | 816    | 1,161   | 1,053   | 738    | -315                     | -29.9                   |
| Imports                                 | 2,054      | 2,992  | 3,951   | 4,524   | 4,705  | 181                      | 4.0                     |
| Trade balance                           | -1,523     | -2,176 | -2,790  | -3,472  | -3,968 | -496                     | -14.3                   |
| CH004 Organic commodity chemicals       |            |        |         |         |        |                          |                         |
| Exports                                 | 3,633      | 5,073  | 6,047   | 6,499   | 7,134  | 636                      | 9.8                     |
| Imports                                 | 2,104      | 3,139  | 3,811   | 3,414   | 3,858  | 444                      | 13.0                    |
| Trade balance                           | 1,529      | 1,935  | 2,236   | 3,085   | 3,277  | 192                      | 6.2                     |
| CH005 Organic specialty chemicals       |            |        |         |         |        |                          |                         |
| Exports                                 | 6,956      | 9,739  | 9,449   | 9,396   | 9,421  | 24                       | 0.3                     |
| Imports                                 | 7,805      | 8,580  | 10,620  | 11,111  | 12,019 | 909                      | 8.2                     |
| Trade balance                           | -849       | 1,160  | -1,171  | -1,714  | -2,599 | -884                     | -51.6                   |
| CH006 Certain organic chemicals         |            |        |         |         |        |                          |                         |
| Exports                                 | 13,339     | 17,679 | 20,754  | 20,315  | 20,302 | -14                      | -0.1                    |
| Imports                                 | 6,663      | 9,072  | 11,261  | 10,659  | 10,894 | 235                      | 2.2                     |
| Trade balance                           | 6,675      | 8,607  | 9,493   | 9,656   | 9,408  | -248                     | -2.6                    |
| CH007 Miscellaneous inorganic chemicals |            |        |         |         |        |                          |                         |
| Exports                                 | 9,059      | 11,379 | 12,613  | 12,822  | 12,458 | -365                     | -2.8                    |
| Imports                                 | 6,388      | 8,314  | 11,000  | 10,218  | 9,352  | -866                     | -8.5                    |
| Trade balance                           | 2,671      | 3,066  | 1,613   | 2,604   | 3,106  | 502                      | 19.3                    |
| CH008 Inorganic acids                   |            |        |         |         |        |                          |                         |
| Exports                                 | 535        | 657    | 909     | 849     | 891    | 43                       | 5.0                     |
| Imports                                 | 496        | 529    | 679     | 735     | 676    | -59                      | -8.1                    |
| Trade balance                           | 38         | 128    | 230     | 113     | 215    | 102                      | 90.0                    |

| USITC code and industry/commodity group                               | Million \$ |        |         |         |         | Absolute change, 2012-13 | Percent change, 2012-13 |
|---|------------|--------|---------|---------|---------|--------------------------|-------------------------|
|   | 2009       | 2010   | 2011    | 2012    | 2013    |                          |                         |
| CH009 Chlor-alkali chemicals  |            |        |         |         |         |                          |                         |
| Exports   | 1,601      | 1,583  | 2,123   | 2,393   | 2,362   | -31                      | -1.3                    |
| Imports   | 453        | 355    | 487     | 405     | 427     | 22                       | 5.5                     |
| Trade balance   | 1,149      | 1,228  | 1,637   | 1,988   | 1,935   | -53                      | -2.7                    |
| CH010 Fertilizers   |            |        |         |         |         |                          |                         |
| Exports   | 3,684      | 3,941  | 5,429   | 4,984   | 4,473   | -511                     | -10.3                   |
| Imports   | 7,373      | 11,801 | 16,763  | 16,791  | 15,549  | -1,242                   | -7.4                    |
| Trade balance   | -3,689     | -7,860 | -11,334 | -11,807 | -11,076 | 731                      | 6.2                     |
| CH011 Paints, inks, and related items, and certain components thereof |            |        |         |         |         |                          |                         |
| Exports   | 5,195      | 6,937  | 8,185   | 7,542   | 7,166   | -376                     | -5.0                    |
| Imports   | 2,151      | 2,744  | 3,168   | 3,377   | 3,491   | 114                      | 3.4                     |
| Trade balance   | 3,044      | 4,193  | 5,017   | 4,165   | 3,676   | -489                     | -11.8                   |
| CH012 Synthetic organic pigments                                      |            |        |         |         |         |                          |                         |
| Exports   | 329        | 445    | 425     | 375     | 336     | -39                      | -10.5                   |
| Imports   | 330        | 494    | 526     | 530     | 532     | 2                        | 0.4                     |
| Trade balance   | -1         | -48    | -101    | -155    | -197    | -42                      | -26.8                   |
| CH013 Synthetic dyes and azoic couplers                               |            |        |         |         |         |                          |                         |
| Exports   | 300        | 379    | 414     | 391     | 452     | 61                       | 15.6                    |
| Imports   | 260        | 380    | 367     | 390     | 397     | 8                        | 2.0                     |
| Trade balance   | 40         | -1     | 47      | 1       | 54      | 53                       | 4,461.8                 |
| CH014 Synthetic tanning agents  |            |        |         |         |         |                          |                         |
| Exports   | 19         | 24     | 22      | 23      | 24      | 1                        | 3.3                     |
| Imports   | 6          | 8      | 9       | 9       | 10      | 1                        | 13.9                    |
| Trade balance   | 13         | 16     | 13      | 14      | 14      | <sup>a</sup>             | -3.2                    |
| CH015 Natural tanning and dyeing materials                            |            |        |         |         |         |                          |                         |
| Exports   | 67         | 78     | 81      | 88      | 83      | -5                       | -5.9                    |
| Imports   | 122        | 138    | 146     | 186     | 182     | -4                       | -2.0                    |
| Trade balance   | -55        | -60    | -65     | -98     | -99     | -1                       | -1.5                    |
| CH016 Photographic chemicals and preparations                         |            |        |         |         |         |                          |                         |
| Exports   | 610        | 803    | 693     | 700     | 693     | -7                       | -1.0                    |
| Imports   | 343        | 394    | 402     | 359     | 337     | -22                      | -6.0                    |
| Trade balance   | 267        | 409    | 291     | 341     | 356     | 15                       | 4.3                     |
| CH017 Pesticide products and formulations                             |            |        |         |         |         |                          |                         |
| Exports   | 3,737      | 4,507  | 4,310   | 4,604   | 5,212   | 608                      | 13.2                    |
| Imports   | 2,249      | 2,169  | 2,946   | 3,396   | 3,830   | 434                      | 12.8                    |
| Trade balance   | 1,488      | 2,338  | 1,364   | 1,208   | 1,382   | 174                      | 14.4                    |

| USITC code and industry/commodity group                 | Million \$ |         |         |         |         | Absolute change, 2012-13 | Percent change, 2012-13 |
|---|------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|--------------------------|-------------------------|
|   | 2009       | 2010    | 2011    | 2012    | 2013    |                          |                         |
| CH018 Adhesives and glues                               |            |         |         |         |         |                          |                         |
| Exports   | 997        | 1,257   | 1,333   | 1,386   | 1,402   | 16                       | 1.2                     |
| Imports   | 276        | 315     | 332     | 356     | 385     | 29                       | 8.3                     |
| Trade balance   | 721        | 942     | 1,002   | 1,031   | 1,017   | -13                      | -1.3                    |
| CH019 Medicinal chemicals                               |            |         |         |         |         |                          |                         |
| Exports   | 46,359     | 47,304  | 45,928  | 48,673  | 48,232  | -441                     | -0.9                    |
| Imports   | 82,417     | 86,603  | 92,732  | 88,771  | 85,477  | -3,294                   | -3.7                    |
| Trade balance   | -36,057    | -39,299 | -46,805 | -40,098 | -37,245 | 2,853                    | 7.1                     |
| CH020 Essential oils and other flavoring materials      |            |         |         |         |         |                          |                         |
| Exports   | 1,816      | 2,055   | 2,216   | 2,355   | 2,459   | 104                      | 4.4                     |
| Imports   | 2,940      | 3,141   | 3,395   | 3,376   | 3,675   | 299                      | 8.9                     |
| Trade balance   | -1,124     | -1,085  | -1,180  | -1,021  | -1,216  | -195                     | -19.1                   |
| CH021 Perfumes, cosmetics, and toiletries               |            |         |         |         |         |                          |                         |
| Exports   | 5,911      | 6,600   | 6,892   | 7,495   | 7,897   | 402                      | 5.4                     |
| Imports   | 4,738      | 5,492   | 6,237   | 6,864   | 7,574   | 710                      | 10.3                    |
| Trade balance   | 1,173      | 1,108   | 655     | 631     | 324     | -308                     | -48.7                   |
| CH022 Soaps, detergents, and surface-active agents      |            |         |         |         |         |                          |                         |
| Exports   | 4,409      | 5,115   | 5,566   | 5,809   | 5,927   | 118                      | 2.0                     |
| Imports   | 1,737      | 2,026   | 2,269   | 2,480   | 2,620   | 140                      | 5.6                     |
| Trade balance   | 2,672      | 3,089   | 3,298   | 3,329   | 3,307   | -22                      | -0.7                    |
| CH023 Miscellaneous chemicals and specialties           |            |         |         |         |         |                          |                         |
| Exports   | 5,155      | 5,730   | 6,777   | 6,844   | 7,029   | 186                      | 2.7                     |
| Imports   | 3,507      | 4,310   | 5,202   | 4,997   | 6,154   | 1,157                    | 23.2                    |
| Trade balance   | 1,648      | 1,420   | 1,575   | 1,847   | 875     | -971                     | -52.6                   |
| CH024 Explosives, propellant powders, and related items |            |         |         |         |         |                          |                         |
| Exports   | 575        | 732     | 720     | 766     | 750     | -16                      | -2.1                    |
| Imports   | 512        | 608     | 626     | 642     | 644     | 3                        | 0.4                     |
| Trade balance   | 63         | 124     | 95      | 125     | 106     | -19                      | -15.1                   |
| CH025 Polyethylene resins in primary forms              |            |         |         |         |         |                          |                         |
| Exports   | 6,236      | 6,959   | 7,495   | 7,370   | 7,736   | 367                      | 5.0                     |
| Imports   | 2,454      | 3,330   | 4,118   | 3,812   | 4,257   | 445                      | 11.7                    |
| Trade balance   | 3,781      | 3,630   | 3,377   | 3,557   | 3,479   | -79                      | -2.2                    |
| CH026 Polypropylene resins in primary forms             |            |         |         |         |         |                          |                         |
| Exports   | 2,659      | 3,085   | 3,442   | 3,133   | 3,162   | 29                       | 0.9                     |
| Imports   | 162        | 255     | 304     | 360     | 413     | 53                       | 14.8                    |
| Trade balance   | 2,498      | 2,830   | 3,137   | 2,774   | 2,750   | -24                      | -0.9                    |

| USITC code and industry/commodity group          | Million \$ |        |        |        |        | Absolute change, 2012-13 | Percent change, 2012-13 |
|--|------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------------------------|-------------------------|
|  | 2009       | 2010   | 2011   | 2012   | 2013   |                          |                         |
| CH027 Polyvinyl chloride resins in primary forms |            |        |        |        |        |                          |                         |
| Exports  | 2,228      | 3,149  | 3,500  | 3,402  | 3,376  | -27                      | -0.8                    |
| Imports  | 247        | 368    | 472    | 452    | 432    | -20                      | -4.3                    |
| Trade balance                                    | 1,981      | 2,781  | 3,028  | 2,950  | 2,943  | -7                       | -0.2                    |
| CH028 Styrene polymers in primary forms          |            |        |        |        |        |                          |                         |
| Exports  | 1,000      | 1,307  | 1,441  | 1,437  | 1,413  | -24                      | -1.7                    |
| Imports  | 653        | 862    | 989    | 1,145  | 1,168  | 23                       | 2.0                     |
| Trade balance                                    | 347        | 446    | 452    | 292    | 245    | -47                      | -16.1                   |
| CH029 Saturated polyester resins                 |            |        |        |        |        |                          |                         |
| Exports  | 963        | 1,346  | 1,353  | 1,377  | 1,419  | 42                       | 3.1                     |
| Imports  | 873        | 960    | 1,351  | 1,387  | 1,451  | 64                       | 4.6                     |
| Trade balance                                    | 90         | 387    | 2      | -10    | -32    | -22                      | -208.2                  |
| CH030 Other plastics in primary forms            |            |        |        |        |        |                          |                         |
| Exports  | 10,412     | 14,512 | 16,134 | 15,771 | 16,217 | 446                      | 2.8                     |
| Imports  | 3,377      | 4,606  | 5,030  | 5,503  | 5,599  | 96                       | 1.7                     |
| Trade balance                                    | 7,034      | 9,906  | 11,104 | 10,268 | 10,618 | 350                      | 3.4                     |
| CH031 Synthetic rubber                           |            |        |        |        |        |                          |                         |
| Exports  | 2,697      | 3,734  | 4,792  | 4,637  | 3,976  | -661                     | -14.3                   |
| Imports  | 1,178      | 1,816  | 2,507  | 2,604  | 2,212  | -392                     | -15.0                   |
| Trade balance                                    | 1,519      | 1,918  | 2,285  | 2,033  | 1,764  | -269                     | -13.2                   |
| CH032 Tires and tubes                            |            |        |        |        |        |                          |                         |
| Exports  | 3,799      | 4,385  | 5,423  | 5,891  | 5,465  | -426                     | -7.2                    |
| Imports  | 8,229      | 10,806 | 13,411 | 14,752 | 14,687 | -65                      | -0.4                    |
| Trade balance                                    | -4,429     | -6,421 | -7,989 | -8,861 | -9,222 | -361                     | -4.1                    |
| CH033 Miscellaneous plastic products             |            |        |        |        |        |                          |                         |
| Exports  | 17,719     | 21,235 | 23,108 | 23,755 | 24,568 | 813                      | 3.4                     |
| Imports  | 19,328     | 22,956 | 25,279 | 27,344 | 28,821 | 1,477                    | 5.4                     |
| Trade balance                                    | -1,609     | -1,721 | -2,171 | -3,589 | -4,253 | -664                     | -18.5                   |
| CH034 Miscellaneous rubber products              |            |        |        |        |        |                          |                         |
| Exports  | 2,442      | 3,121  | 3,500  | 3,880  | 3,936  | 56                       | 1.4                     |
| Imports  | 3,331      | 4,491  | 5,153  | 5,713  | 5,849  | 135                      | 2.4                     |
| Trade balance                                    | -890       | -1,370 | -1,653 | -1,833 | -1,913 | -80                      | -4.4                    |
| CH035 Gelatin                                    |            |        |        |        |        |                          |                         |
| Exports  | 62         | 65     | 88     | 100    | 109    | 9                        | 8.9                     |
| Imports  | 179        | 181    | 205    | 265    | 305    | 40                       | 15.1                    |
| Trade balance                                    | -117       | -116   | -116   | -165   | -196   | -31                      | -18.9                   |

| USITC code and industry/commodity group | Million \$ |        |        |        |        | Absolute change, 2012–13 | Percent change, 2012–13 |
|---|------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------------------------|-------------------------|
|   | 2009       | 2010   | 2011   | 2012   | 2013   |                          |                         |
| CH036 Natural rubber                    |            |        |        |        |        |                          |                         |
| Exports                                 | 45         | 83     | 94     | 87     | 64     | -22                      | -25.8                   |
| Imports                                 | 1,274      | 2,820  | 4,772  | 3,382  | 2,557  | -825                     | -24.4                   |
| Trade balance                           | -1,228     | -2,737 | -4,678 | -3,295 | -2,492 | 803                      | 24.4                    |

Source: Compiled from official statistics of the U.S. Department of Commerce.

Note: The codes shown above are used by the U.S. International Trade Commission to identify major groupings and subgroupings of imported and exported products for trade monitoring purposes. Import values are based on customs value; export values are based on free along ship value, U.S. port of export. Calculations based on unrounded data.

<sup>a</sup>Less than \$500,000.

**Table A.3** Electronic products: U.S. trade for industry/commodity groups and subgroups, 2009–13

| USITC code and industry/commodity group                     | Million \$ |         |         |         |         | Absolute change, 2012–13 | Percent change, 2012–13 |
|---|------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|--------------------------|-------------------------|
|   | 2009       | 2010    | 2011    | 2012    | 2013    |                          |                         |
| EL001 Office machines                                       |            |         |         |         |         |                          |                         |
| Exports   | 759        | 724     | 675     | 589     | 517     | -73                      | -12.3                   |
| Imports   | 1,487      | 1,564   | 1,579   | 1,521   | 1,492   | -30                      | -2.0                    |
| Trade balance   | -727       | -839    | -904    | -932    | -975    | -43                      | -4.6                    |
| EL002 Telecommunications equipment                          |            |         |         |         |         |                          |                         |
| Exports   | 13,421     | 13,605  | 14,619  | 15,156  | 16,260  | 1,105                    | 7.3                     |
| Imports   | 60,299     | 74,065  | 79,771  | 83,831  | 89,161  | 5,330                    | 6.4                     |
| Trade balance   | -46,878    | -60,460 | -65,152 | -68,675 | -72,900 | -4,225                   | -6.2                    |
| EL003 Consumer electronics                                  |            |         |         |         |         |                          |                         |
| Exports   | 3,965      | 4,785   | 5,092   | 4,794   | 4,553   | -242                     | -5.0                    |
| Imports   | 47,186     | 51,031  | 46,343  | 47,714  | 42,936  | -4,779                   | -10.0                   |
| Trade balance   | -43,221    | -46,246 | -41,251 | -42,920 | -38,383 | 4,537                    | 10.6                    |
| EL003A Television receivers and video monitors              |            |         |         |         |         |                          |                         |
| Exports   | 1,223      | 1,540   | 1,718   | 1,374   | 1,214   | -160                     | -11.6                   |
| Imports   | 29,751     | 31,125  | 27,552  | 27,560  | 24,235  | -3,325                   | -12.1                   |
| Trade balance   | -28,528    | -29,585 | -25,834 | -26,186 | -23,021 | 3,165                    | 12.1                    |
| EL004 Blank and prerecorded media                           |            |         |         |         |         |                          |                         |
| Exports   | 3,567      | 3,560   | 3,371   | 3,464   | 3,215   | -248                     | -7.2                    |
| Imports   | 3,799      | 3,814   | 4,106   | 4,256   | 4,665   | 409                      | 9.6                     |
| Trade balance   | -232       | -254    | -736    | -792    | -1,449  | -657                     | -83.0                   |
| EL005 Navigational instruments and remote control apparatus |            |         |         |         |         |                          |                         |
| Exports   | 2,558      | 2,768   | 3,317   | 3,356   | 3,830   | 474                      | 14.1                    |
| Imports   | 5,501      | 5,341   | 5,405   | 6,390   | 5,987   | -403                     | -6.3                    |
| Trade balance   | -2,943     | -2,573  | -2,088  | -3,035  | -2,157  | 877                      | 28.9                    |
| EL006 Radio and television broadcasting equipment           |            |         |         |         |         |                          |                         |
| Exports   | 989        | 1,090   | 1,075   | 961     | 870     | -91                      | -9.5                    |
| Imports   | 2,279      | 2,734   | 2,895   | 3,337   | 3,060   | -277                     | -8.3                    |
| Trade balance   | -1,290     | -1,645  | -1,820  | -2,376  | -2,190  | 186                      | 7.8                     |
| EL007 Electric sound and visual signaling apparatus         |            |         |         |         |         |                          |                         |
| Exports   | 1,243      | 1,295   | 1,357   | 1,379   | 1,340   | -39                      | -2.8                    |
| Imports   | 2,455      | 2,821   | 3,018   | 2,970   | 3,109   | 139                      | 4.7                     |
| Trade balance   | -1,212     | -1,526  | -1,662  | -1,592  | -1,769  | -178                     | -11.2                   |



| USITC code and industry/commodity group      | Million \$ |        |        |         |         | Absolute change, 2012-13 | Percent change, 2012-13 |
|--|------------|--------|--------|---------|---------|--------------------------|-------------------------|
|  | 2009       | 2010   | 2011   | 2012    | 2013    |                          |                         |
| EL008 Electrical capacitors and resistors    |            |        |        |         |         |                          |                         |
| Exports                                      | 1,172      | 1,254  | 1,204  | 1,291   | 1,317   | 27                       | 2.1                     |
| Imports                                      | 1,586      | 2,296  | 2,323  | 2,322   | 2,428   | 107                      | 4.6                     |
| Trade balance                                | -414       | -1,042 | -1,119 | -1,031  | -1,111  | -80                      | -7.7                    |
| EL009 Printed circuits                       |            |        |        |         |         |                          |                         |
| Exports                                      | 1,141      | 1,325  | 1,200  | 1,299   | 1,303   | 5                        | 0.4                     |
| Imports                                      | 1,479      | 1,841  | 1,883  | 1,853   | 1,862   | 9                        | 0.5                     |
| Trade balance                                | -338       | -516   | -683   | -554    | -559    | -4                       | -0.8                    |
| EL010 Circuit apparatus exceeding 1000V      |            |        |        |         |         |                          |                         |
| Exports                                      | 576        | 649    | 748    | 785     | 748     | -37                      | -4.7                    |
| Imports                                      | 465        | 523    | 687    | 775     | 708     | -67                      | -8.7                    |
| Trade balance                                | 111        | 126    | 61     | 9       | 40      | 31                       | 326.6                   |
| EL011 Circuit apparatus not exceeding 1000V  |            |        |        |         |         |                          |                         |
| Exports                                      | 5,032      | 5,859  | 6,106  | 6,494   | 6,768   | 274                      | 4.2                     |
| Imports                                      | 5,727      | 7,911  | 8,430  | 9,180   | 9,555   | 375                      | 4.1                     |
| Trade balance                                | -694       | -2,051 | -2,324 | -2,686  | -2,788  | -102                     | -3.8                    |
| EL012 Circuit apparatus assemblies           |            |        |        |         |         |                          |                         |
| Exports                                      | 2,206      | 2,427  | 2,788  | 3,338   | 3,798   | 460                      | 13.8                    |
| Imports                                      | 4,228      | 5,446  | 6,216  | 7,471   | 8,589   | 1,118                    | 15.0                    |
| Trade balance                                | -2,022     | -3,019 | -3,428 | -4,133  | -4,791  | -658                     | -15.9                   |
| EL013 Parts of circuit apparatus             |            |        |        |         |         |                          |                         |
| Exports                                      | 1,864      | 2,442  | 2,679  | 2,851   | 2,837   | -14                      | -0.5                    |
| Imports                                      | 1,424      | 2,037  | 2,402  | 2,662   | 2,767   | 105                      | 3.9                     |
| Trade balance                                | 440        | 405    | 276    | 189     | 70      | -119                     | -62.8                   |
| EL014 Electron tubes                         |            |        |        |         |         |                          |                         |
| Exports                                      | 262        | 320    | 273    | 242     | 220     | -22                      | -9.0                    |
| Imports                                      | 267        | 294    | 348    | 343     | 309     | -34                      | -9.9                    |
| Trade balance                                | -5         | 25     | -76    | -101    | -89     | 12                       | 11.8                    |
| EL015 Semiconductors and integrated circuits |            |        |        |         |         |                          |                         |
| Exports                                      | 25,058     | 31,267 | 29,188 | 26,436  | 26,075  | -361                     | -1.4                    |
| Imports                                      | 21,190     | 29,134 | 37,624 | 37,358  | 38,025  | 667                      | 1.8                     |
| Trade balance                                | 3,869      | 2,133  | -8,437 | -10,922 | -11,950 | -1,027                   | -9.4                    |
| EL016 Miscellaneous electrical equipment     |            |        |        |         |         |                          |                         |
| Exports                                      | 1,744      | 2,066  | 2,329  | 2,629   | 2,586   | -43                      | -1.6                    |
| Imports                                      | 3,638      | 5,587  | 6,841  | 6,105   | 6,376   | 271                      | 4.4                     |
| Trade balance                                | -1,894     | -3,521 | -4,512 | -3,476  | -3,790  | -314                     | -9.0                    |

| USITC code and industry/commodity group                | Million \$ |         |          |          |          | Absolute change, 2012–13 | Percent change, 2012–13 |
|--|------------|---------|----------|----------|----------|--------------------------|-------------------------|
|  | 2009       | 2010    | 2011     | 2012     | 2013     |                          |                         |
| EL017 Computers, peripherals, and parts                |            |         |          |          |          |                          |                         |
| Exports  | 19,837     | 20,592  | 20,332   | 21,086   | 20,111   | -975                     | -4.6                    |
| Imports  | 95,391     | 118,898 | 121,300  | 123,283  | 121,329  | -1,955                   | -1.6                    |
| Trade balance  | -75,554    | -98,306 | -100,968 | -102,198 | -101,218 | 980                      | 1.0                     |
| EL018 Photographic film and paper                      |            |         |          |          |          |                          |                         |
| Exports  | 2,091      | 2,034   | 1,996    | 1,793    | 1,801    | 8                        | 0.4                     |
| Imports  | 1,067      | 1,056   | 999      | 804      | 756      | -48                      | -5.9                    |
| Trade balance  | 1,023      | 978     | 998      | 990      | 1,045    | 55                       | 5.6                     |
| EL019 Optical fibers, optical fiber bundles and cables |            |         |          |          |          |                          |                         |
| Exports  | 906        | 982     | 893      | 1,165    | 1,104    | -61                      | -5.2                    |
| Imports  | 481        | 589     | 676      | 776      | 783      | 7                        | 1.0                     |
| Trade balance  | 425        | 392     | 217      | 389      | 321      | -68                      | -17.5                   |
| EL020 Optical goods, including ophthalmic goods        |            |         |          |          |          |                          |                         |
| Exports  | 4,447      | 5,489   | 5,636    | 5,460    | 5,477    | 17                       | 0.3                     |
| Imports  | 6,632      | 8,095   | 8,805    | 9,275    | 9,466    | 191                      | 2.1                     |
| Trade balance  | -2,184     | -2,606  | -3,169   | -3,814   | -3,989   | -174                     | -4.6                    |
| EL021 Photographic cameras and equipment               |            |         |          |          |          |                          |                         |
| Exports  | 1,301      | 1,550   | 1,578    | 1,511    | 1,452    | -58                      | -3.9                    |
| Imports  | 842        | 928     | 891      | 873      | 853      | -21                      | -2.4                    |
| Trade balance  | 459        | 622     | 687      | 638      | 600      | -38                      | -5.9                    |
| EL022 Medical goods                                    |            |         |          |          |          |                          |                         |
| Exports  | 28,647     | 30,604  | 32,298   | 33,471   | 33,440   | -31                      | -0.1                    |
| Imports  | 25,928     | 29,219  | 31,796   | 32,639   | 34,131   | 1,492                    | 4.6                     |
| Trade balance  | 2,719      | 1,384   | 502      | 832      | -691     | -1,523                   | <sup>a</sup>            |
| EL023 Watches and clocks                               |            |         |          |          |          |                          |                         |
| Exports  | 356        | 381     | 453      | 396      | 356      | -40                      | -10.1                   |
| Imports  | 3,000      | 3,592   | 4,372    | 4,643    | 4,833    | 189                      | 4.1                     |
| Trade balance  | -2,643     | -3,211  | -3,919   | -4,247   | -4,476   | -229                     | -5.4                    |
| EL024 Drawing, drafting, and calculating instruments   |            |         |          |          |          |                          |                         |
| Exports  | 543        | 605     | 594      | 562      | 427      | -134                     | -23.9                   |
| Imports  | 158        | 206     | 242      | 270      | 272      | 2                        | 0.8                     |
| Trade balance  | 385        | 399     | 351      | 291      | 155      | -137                     | -46.9                   |

| USITC code and industry/commodity group               | Million \$ |        |        |        |        | Absolute change, 2012–13 | Percent change, 2012–13 |
|---|------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------------------------|-------------------------|
|   | 2009       | 2010   | 2011   | 2012   | 2013   |                          |                         |
| EL025 Measuring, testing, and controlling instruments |            |        |        |        |        |                          |                         |
| Exports   | 19,251     | 22,161 | 24,738 | 26,496 | 26,569 | 73                       | 0.3                     |
| Imports   | 14,912     | 18,592 | 21,639 | 23,115 | 23,777 | 662                      | 2.9                     |
| Trade balance   | 4,339      | 3,569  | 3,099  | 3,381  | 2,793  | -589                     | -17.4                   |

Source: Compiled from official statistics of the U.S. Department of Commerce.

Note: The codes shown above are used by the U.S. International Trade Commission to identify major groupings and subgroupings of imported and exported products for trade monitoring purposes. Import values are based on customs value; export values are based on free along ship value, U.S. port of export. Calculations based on unrounded data.

<sup>a</sup>Not meaningful for purposes of comparison.

**Table A.4** Energy-related products: U.S. trade for industry/commodity groups and subgroups, 2009–13

| USITC code and industry/commodity group         | Million \$ |          |          |          |          | Absolute change, 2012–13 | Percent change, 2012–13 |
|---|------------|----------|----------|----------|----------|--------------------------|-------------------------|
|   | 2009       | 2010     | 2011     | 2012     | 2013     |                          |                         |
| EP001 Electrical energy                         |            |          |          |          |          |                          |                         |
| Exports   | 575        | 648      | 391      | 233      | 327      | 94                       | 40.5                    |
| Imports   | 2,071      | 2,071    | 2,096    | 1,914    | 2,293    | 380                      | 19.8                    |
| Trade balance                                   | -1,495     | -1,423   | -1,705   | -1,681   | -1,966   | -285                     | -17.0                   |
| EP002 Nuclear materials                         |            |          |          |          |          |                          |                         |
| Exports   | 2,235      | 1,886    | 1,948    | 1,518    | 1,103    | -416                     | -27.4                   |
| Imports   | 4,454      | 5,025    | 4,943    | 4,171    | 3,845    | -325                     | -7.8                    |
| Trade balance                                   | -2,219     | -3,139   | -2,996   | -2,652   | -2,743   | -90                      | -3.4                    |
| EP003 Coal, coke, and related chemical products |            |          |          |          |          |                          |                         |
| Exports   | 8,079      | 12,612   | 19,471   | 17,779   | 13,665   | -4,115                   | -23.1                   |
| Imports   | 4,123      | 5,335    | 7,076    | 5,447    | 4,796    | -650                     | -11.9                   |
| Trade balance                                   | 3,956      | 7,278    | 12,395   | 12,333   | 8,869    | -3,464                   | -28.1                   |
| EP004 Crude petroleum                           |            |          |          |          |          |                          |                         |
| Exports   | 1,620      | 1,384    | 1,460    | 2,184    | 4,818    | 2,635                    | 120.6                   |
| Imports   | 150,809    | 196,862  | 246,894  | 228,944  | 195,487  | -33,457                  | -14.6                   |
| Trade balance                                   | -149,189   | -195,478 | -245,435 | -226,760 | -190,669 | 36,091                   | 15.9                    |
| EP005 Petroleum products                        |            |          |          |          |          |                          |                         |
| Exports   | 42,048     | 61,131   | 100,425  | 111,355  | 119,700  | 8,345                    | 7.5                     |
| Imports   | 72,581     | 97,889   | 135,170  | 129,773  | 118,136  | -11,638                  | -9.0                    |
| Trade balance                                   | -30,533    | -36,758  | -34,745  | -18,418  | 1,564    | 19,983                   | <sup>a</sup>            |
| EP006 Natural gas and components                |            |          |          |          |          |                          |                         |
| Exports   | 5,270      | 7,805    | 10,394   | 9,225    | 13,039   | 3,814                    | 41.3                    |
| Imports   | 26,840     | 31,001   | 34,616   | 28,193   | 28,296   | 103                      | 0.4                     |
| Trade balance                                   | -21,571    | -23,196  | -24,222  | -18,968  | -15,256  | 3,711                    | 19.6                    |

Source: Compiled from official statistics of the U.S. Department of Commerce.

Note: The codes shown above are used by the U.S. International Trade Commission to identify major groupings and subgroupings of imported and exported products for trade monitoring purposes. Import values are based on customs value; export values are based on free along ship value, U.S. port of export. Calculations based on unrounded data.

<sup>a</sup>Not meaningful for purposes of comparison.

**Table A.5** Forest products: U.S. trade for industry/commodity groups and subgroups, 2009–13

| USITC code and industry/commodity group | Million \$ |        |        |        |        | Absolute change, 2012–13 | Percent change, 2012–13 |
|---|------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------------------------|-------------------------|
|   | 2009       | 2010   | 2011   | 2012   | 2013   |                          |                         |
| FP001 Logs and rough wood products      |            |        |        |        |        |                          |                         |
| Exports                                 | 1,716      | 2,236  | 2,624  | 2,545  | 3,117  | 573                      | 22.5                    |
| Imports                                 | 398        | 423    | 427    | 459    | 483    | 24                       | 5.3                     |
| Trade balance                           | 1,317      | 1,813  | 2,197  | 2,085  | 2,634  | 549                      | 26.3                    |
| FP002 Lumber                            |            |        |        |        |        |                          |                         |
| Exports                                 | 1,593      | 2,256  | 2,607  | 2,681  | 3,130  | 449                      | 16.7                    |
| Imports                                 | 2,639      | 3,391  | 3,366  | 3,961  | 5,036  | 1,075                    | 27.1                    |
| Trade balance                           | -1,046     | -1,135 | -759   | -1,280 | -1,906 | -626                     | -48.9                   |
| FP003 Moldings, millwork, and joinery   |            |        |        |        |        |                          |                         |
| Exports                                 | 549        | 648    | 702    | 711    | 736    | 25                       | 3.5                     |
| Imports                                 | 2,125      | 2,316  | 2,229  | 2,478  | 2,853  | 375                      | 15.2                    |
| Trade balance                           | -1,576     | -1,668 | -1,527 | -1,767 | -2,117 | -351                     | -19.9                   |
| FP004 Wood veneer and wood panels       |            |        |        |        |        |                          |                         |
| Exports                                 | 833        | 1,065  | 1,060  | 1,113  | 1,140  | 26                       | 2.4                     |
| Imports                                 | 2,961      | 3,413  | 3,263  | 3,931  | 4,605  | 673                      | 17.1                    |
| Trade balance                           | -2,128     | -2,348 | -2,203 | -2,818 | -3,465 | -647                     | -23.0                   |
| FP005 Wooden containers                 |            |        |        |        |        |                          |                         |
| Exports                                 | 253        | 271    | 270    | 276    | 300    | 24                       | 8.8                     |
| Imports                                 | 546        | 590    | 619    | 654    | 717    | 64                       | 9.7                     |
| Trade balance                           | -293       | -319   | -349   | -378   | -417   | -39                      | -10.5                   |
| FP006 Tools and tool handles of wood    |            |        |        |        |        |                          |                         |
| Exports                                 | 56         | 61     | 41     | 47     | 47     | <sup>a</sup>             | 0.2                     |
| Imports                                 | 156        | 177    | 185    | 200    | 221    | 20                       | 10.2                    |
| Trade balance                           | -100       | -116   | -144   | -153   | -174   | -20                      | -13.3                   |
| FP007 Miscellaneous articles of wood    |            |        |        |        |        |                          |                         |
| Exports                                 | 216        | 221    | 267    | 212    | 204    | -9                       | -4.1                    |
| Imports                                 | 981        | 1,068  | 1,122  | 1,200  | 1,301  | 101                      | 8.4                     |
| Trade balance                           | -765       | -847   | -854   | -988   | -1,097 | -109                     | -11.1                   |
| FP008 Cork and rattan                   |            |        |        |        |        |                          |                         |
| Exports                                 | 54         | 46     | 43     | 40     | 38     | -3                       | -7.0                    |
| Imports                                 | 561        | 618    | 715    | 741    | 737    | -5                       | -0.6                    |
| Trade balance                           | -507       | -571   | -672   | -701   | -699   | 2                        | 0.2                     |

| USITC code and industry/commodity group | Million \$ |        |        |        |        | Absolute change, 2012-13 | Percent change, 2012-13 |
|---|------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------------------------|-------------------------|
|   | 2009       | 2010   | 2011   | 2012   | 2013   |                          |                         |
| FP009 Wood pulp and recovered paper     |            |        |        |        |        |                          |                         |
| Exports                                 | 6,751      | 8,788  | 9,816  | 9,006  | 8,768  | -239                     | -2.7                    |
| Imports                                 | 2,449      | 3,886  | 4,043  | 3,369  | 3,634  | 264                      | 7.8                     |
| Trade balance                           | 4,302      | 4,902  | 5,773  | 5,637  | 5,134  | -503                     | -8.9                    |
| FP010 Paper boxes and bags              |            |        |        |        |        |                          |                         |
| Exports                                 | 1,483      | 1,669  | 1,744  | 1,757  | 1,836  | 79                       | 4.5                     |
| Imports                                 | 1,596      | 1,796  | 1,920  | 1,990  | 2,085  | 95                       | 4.8                     |
| Trade balance                           | -113       | -127   | -176   | -233   | -249   | -17                      | -7.2                    |
| FP011 Industrial papers and paperboards |            |        |        |        |        |                          |                         |
| Exports                                 | 7,265      | 8,574  | 9,338  | 9,085  | 9,378  | 293                      | 3.2                     |
| Imports                                 | 4,621      | 5,256  | 5,397  | 5,301  | 5,578  | 277                      | 5.2                     |
| Trade balance                           | 2,644      | 3,318  | 3,941  | 3,784  | 3,799  | 16                       | 0.4                     |
| FP011A Paperboard                       |            |        |        |        |        |                          |                         |
| Exports                                 | 5,065      | 6,055  | 6,739  | 6,346  | 6,600  | 254                      | 4.0                     |
| Imports                                 | 2,019      | 2,342  | 2,394  | 2,321  | 2,549  | 228                      | 9.8                     |
| Trade balance                           | 3,045      | 3,713  | 4,345  | 4,025  | 4,051  | 25                       | 0.6                     |
| FP011B Tissue and tissue products       |            |        |        |        |        |                          |                         |
| Exports                                 | 1,589      | 1,774  | 1,801  | 1,944  | 2,033  | 89                       | 4.6                     |
| Imports                                 | 1,946      | 2,176  | 2,178  | 2,130  | 2,201  | 72                       | 3.4                     |
| Trade balance                           | -357       | -402   | -376   | -186   | -169   | 17                       | 9.1                     |
| FP011C Industrial paper                 |            |        |        |        |        |                          |                         |
| Exports                                 | 611        | 745    | 798    | 795    | 745    | -50                      | -6.3                    |
| Imports                                 | 656        | 738    | 825    | 851    | 827    | -23                      | -2.7                    |
| Trade balance                           | -44        | 7      | -28    | -56    | -82    | -27                      | -47.4                   |
| FP012 Newsprint                         |            |        |        |        |        |                          |                         |
| Exports                                 | 317        | 440    | 535    | 454    | 445    | -8                       | -1.9                    |
| Imports                                 | 1,442      | 1,377  | 1,464  | 1,344  | 1,290  | -54                      | -4.0                    |
| Trade balance                           | -1,125     | -937   | -929   | -890   | -845   | 45                       | 5.1                     |
| FP013 Printing and writing papers       |            |        |        |        |        |                          |                         |
| Exports                                 | 1,105      | 1,277  | 1,336  | 1,533  | 1,439  | -93                      | -6.1                    |
| Imports                                 | 4,285      | 4,044  | 4,024  | 3,858  | 3,870  | 12                       | 0.3                     |
| Trade balance                           | -3,180     | -2,766 | -2,688 | -2,325 | -2,431 | -105                     | -4.5                    |
| FP014 Certain specialty papers          |            |        |        |        |        |                          |                         |
| Exports                                 | 1,389      | 1,526  | 1,476  | 1,336  | 1,297  | -39                      | -2.9                    |
| Imports                                 | 835        | 905    | 935    | 922    | 943    | 22                       | 2.3                     |
| Trade balance                           | 554        | 621    | 540    | 414    | 354    | -60                      | -14.6                   |

| USITC code and industry/commodity group | Million \$ |       |       |       |       | Absolute change, 2012–13 | Percent change, 2012–13 |
|---|------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|--------------------------|-------------------------|
|   | 2009       | 2010  | 2011  | 2012  | 2013  |                          |                         |
| FP015 Miscellaneous paper products      |            |       |       |       |       |                          |                         |
| Exports                                 | 1,749      | 1,898 | 2,043 | 2,199 | 2,276 | 77                       | 3.5                     |
| Imports                                 | 1,964      | 2,207 | 2,388 | 2,470 | 2,432 | -38                      | -1.5                    |
| Trade balance                           | -216       | -309  | -345  | -270  | -156  | 114                      | 42.3                    |
| FP016 Printed matter                    |            |       |       |       |       |                          |                         |
| Exports                                 | 5,162      | 5,405 | 5,371 | 5,313 | 5,094 | -219                     | -4.1                    |
| Imports                                 | 3,952      | 4,282 | 4,174 | 4,237 | 4,181 | -56                      | -1.3                    |
| Trade balance                           | 1,210      | 1,123 | 1,197 | 1,075 | 913   | -163                     | -15.1                   |

Source: Compiled from official statistics of the U.S. Department of Commerce.

Note: The codes shown above are used by the U.S. International Trade Commission to identify major groupings and subgroupings of imported and exported products for trade monitoring purposes. Import values are based on customs value; export values are based on free along ship value, U.S. port of export. Calculations based on unrounded data.

<sup>a</sup>Less than \$500,000.

**Table A.6** Minerals and metals: U.S. trade for industry/commodity groups and subgroups, 2009–13

| USITC code and industry/commodity group              | Million \$     |       |       |       |       | Absolute change, 2012–13 | Percent change, 2012–13 |
|--|----------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|--------------------------|-------------------------|
|  | 2009           | 2010  | 2011  | 2012  | 2013  |                          |                         |
| MM001 Clays and related mineral products             |                |       |       |       |       |                          |                         |
| Exports  | 980            | 1,269 | 1,284 | 1,267 | 1,293 | 27                       | 2.1                     |
| Imports  | 351            | 429   | 447   | 454   | 430   | -24                      | -5.3                    |
| Trade balance  | 628            | 840   | 837   | 813   | 863   | 50                       | 6.2                     |
| MM002 Fluorspar and miscellaneous mineral substances |                |       |       |       |       |                          |                         |
| Exports  | 47             | 107   | 139   | 121   | 123   | 1                        | 0.9                     |
| Imports  | 184            | 173   | 223   | 242   | 241   | -2                       | -0.6                    |
| Trade balance  | -138           | -66   | -85   | -121  | -118  | 3                        | 2.2                     |
| MM003 Iron ores and concentrates                     |                |       |       |       |       |                          |                         |
| Exports  | 356            | 1,092 | 1,327 | 1,436 | 1,483 | 47                       | 3.3                     |
| Imports  | 375            | 703   | 841   | 757   | 426   | -331                     | -43.7                   |
| Trade balance  | -19            | 388   | 486   | 678   | 1,057 | 379                      | 55.8                    |
| MM004 Copper ores and concentrates                   |                |       |       |       |       |                          |                         |
| Exports  | 930            | 1,181 | 2,227 | 2,396 | 2,556 | 160                      | 6.7                     |
| Imports  | <sup>a</sup> 2 | 2     | 143   | 30    | 18    | -12                      | -39.3                   |
| Trade balance  | 929            | 1,179 | 2,084 | 2,366 | 2,538 | 172                      | 7.3                     |
| MM005 Lead ores, concentrates, and residues          |                |       |       |       |       |                          |                         |
| Exports  | 382            | 668   | 725   | 594   | 572   | -23                      | -3.8                    |
| Imports  | <sup>a</sup> 2 | 2     | 29    | 29    | 20    | -9                       | -31.2                   |
| Trade balance  | 381            | 666   | 696   | 565   | 552   | -14                      | -2.4                    |
| MM005A Lead ores and concentrates                    |                |       |       |       |       |                          |                         |
| Exports  | 372            | 667   | 724   | 594   | 571   | -23                      | -3.9                    |
| Imports  | <sup>a</sup> 2 | 2     | 29    | 28    | 18    | -10                      | -36.5                   |
| Trade balance  | 372            | 665   | 696   | 566   | 553   | -13                      | -2.3                    |
| MM006 Zinc ores, concentrates, and residues          |                |       |       |       |       |                          |                         |
| Exports  | 674            | 934   | 1,062 | 885   | 989   | 103                      | 11.7                    |
| Imports  | 76             | 63    | 64    | 41    | 22    | -18                      | -45.1                   |
| Trade balance  | 598            | 871   | 998   | 845   | 966   | 122                      | 14.4                    |
| MM006A Zinc ores and concentrates                    |                |       |       |       |       |                          |                         |
| Exports  | 663            | 924   | 1,050 | 866   | 963   | 98                       | 11.3                    |
| Imports  | 68             | 44    | 46    | 14    | 6     | -8                       | -57.2                   |
| Trade balance  | 595            | 880   | 1,004 | 852   | 957   | 105                      | 12.4                    |



| USITC code and industry/commodity group             | Million \$       |                  |        |        |        | Absolute change, 2012-13 | Percent change, 2012-13 |
|---|------------------|------------------|--------|--------|--------|--------------------------|-------------------------|
|   | 2009             | 2010             | 2011   | 2012   | 2013   |                          |                         |
| MM007 Certain ores, concentrates, ash, and residues |                  |                  |        |        |        |                          |                         |
| Exports   | 768              | 1,225            | 1,609  | 1,276  | 1,202  | -75                      | -5.8                    |
| Imports   | 1,696            | 1,747            | 2,184  | 2,336  | 2,255  | -82                      | -3.5                    |
| Trade balance                                       | -928             | -522             | -576   | -1,060 | -1,053 | 7                        | 0.7                     |
| MM007A Molybdenum ores and concentrates             |                  |                  |        |        |        |                          |                         |
| Exports   | 631              | 1,055            | 1,446  | 1,119  | 1,032  | -86                      | -7.7                    |
| Imports   | 150              | 314              | 460    | 299    | 297    | -2                       | -0.7                    |
| Trade balance                                       | 481              | 741              | 986    | 820    | 736    | -84                      | -10.3                   |
| MM008 Precious metal ores and concentrates          |                  |                  |        |        |        |                          |                         |
| Exports   | 204              | 249              | 413    | 321    | 395    | 74                       | 22.9                    |
| Imports   | 36               | 62               | 156    | 57     | 25     | -32                      | -56.4                   |
| Trade balance                                       | 168              | 187              | 257    | 264    | 370    | 106                      | 40.0                    |
| MM008A Gold ores and concentrates                   |                  |                  |        |        |        |                          |                         |
| Exports   | 68               | 158              | 299    | 271    | 340    | 68                       | 25.1                    |
| Imports   | 33               | 58               | 125    | 43     | 18     | -25                      | -57.8                   |
| Trade balance                                       | 35               | 100              | 174    | 228    | 321    | 93                       | 40.7                    |
| MM008B Silver ores and concentrates                 |                  |                  |        |        |        |                          |                         |
| Exports   | 134              | 81               | 110    | 48     | 41     | -7                       | -14.0                   |
| Imports   | ( <sup>a</sup> ) | ( <sup>a</sup> ) | 1      | 8      | 3      | -5                       | -56.9                   |
| Trade balance                                       | 134              | 81               | 110    | 40     | 38     | -2                       | -5.4                    |
| MM009 Cement, stone, and related products           |                  |                  |        |        |        |                          |                         |
| Exports   | 2,069            | 2,703            | 3,070  | 3,245  | 3,442  | 197                      | 6.1                     |
| Imports   | 4,536            | 5,066            | 5,498  | 5,840  | 6,482  | 643                      | 11.0                    |
| Trade balance                                       | -2,467           | -2,364           | -2,428 | -2,595 | -3,040 | -446                     | -17.2                   |
| MM009A Cement                                       |                  |                  |        |        |        |                          |                         |
| Exports   | 109              | 169              | 190    | 233    | 233    | ( <sup>a</sup> )         | -0.2                    |
| Imports   | 511              | 501              | 478    | 524    | 541    | 18                       | 3.4                     |
| Trade balance                                       | -402             | -331             | -288   | -290   | -308   | -18                      | -6.2                    |
| MM010 Industrial ceramics                           |                  |                  |        |        |        |                          |                         |
| Exports   | 807              | 1,146            | 1,292  | 1,271  | 1,309  | 37                       | 2.9                     |
| Imports   | 712              | 1,241            | 1,815  | 1,700  | 1,464  | -237                     | -13.9                   |
| Trade balance                                       | 95               | -95              | -523   | -429   | -155   | 274                      | 63.9                    |
| MM011 Ceramic bricks and similar articles           |                  |                  |        |        |        |                          |                         |
| Exports   | 39               | 39               | 56     | 54     | 46     | -7                       | -13.7                   |
| Imports   | 43               | 34               | 46     | 44     | 55     | 11                       | 24.1                    |
| Trade balance                                       | -5               | 5                | 10     | 10     | -8     | -18                      | <sup>b</sup>            |

| USITC code and industry/commodity group        | Million \$ |         |         |         |         | Absolute change, 2012-13 | Percent change, 2012-13 |
|--|------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|--------------------------|-------------------------|
|  | 2009       | 2010    | 2011    | 2012    | 2013    |                          |                         |
| MM012 Ceramic floor and wall tiles             |            |         |         |         |         |                          |                         |
| Exports  | 39         | 40      | 42      | 43      | 41      | -3                       | -5.8                    |
| Imports  | 964        | 1,025   | 1,078   | 1,184   | 1,412   | 228                      | 19.3                    |
| Trade balance                                  | -926       | -985    | -1,036  | -1,141  | -1,372  | -231                     | -20.3                   |
| MM013 Ceramic household articles               |            |         |         |         |         |                          |                         |
| Exports  | 100        | 97      | 99      | 107     | 109     | 3                        | 2.4                     |
| Imports  | 1,181      | 1,490   | 1,487   | 1,500   | 1,583   | 83                       | 5.5                     |
| Trade balance                                  | -1,081     | -1,393  | -1,388  | -1,394  | -1,474  | -81                      | -5.8                    |
| MM014 Flat glass                               |            |         |         |         |         |                          |                         |
| Exports  | 1,785      | 2,310   | 2,478   | 2,435   | 2,600   | 166                      | 6.8                     |
| Imports  | 1,474      | 1,784   | 1,825   | 1,822   | 1,835   | 13                       | 0.7                     |
| Trade balance                                  | 311        | 526     | 653     | 613     | 765     | 153                      | 24.9                    |
| MM015 Glass containers                         |            |         |         |         |         |                          |                         |
| Exports  | 298        | 279     | 290     | 295     | 268     | -27                      | -9.0                    |
| Imports  | 792        | 926     | 1,070   | 1,127   | 1,250   | 122                      | 10.8                    |
| Trade balance                                  | -494       | -647    | -780    | -833    | -981    | -149                     | -17.9                   |
| MM016 Household glassware                      |            |         |         |         |         |                          |                         |
| Exports  | 215        | 247     | 244     | 271     | 264     | -7                       | -2.4                    |
| Imports  | 632        | 758     | 776     | 855     | 869     | 14                       | 1.7                     |
| Trade balance                                  | -417       | -512    | -533    | -584    | -605    | -21                      | -3.6                    |
| MM017 Miscellaneous glass products             |            |         |         |         |         |                          |                         |
| Exports  | 686        | 877     | 886     | 833     | 897     | 64                       | 7.6                     |
| Imports  | 789        | 954     | 1,049   | 1,066   | 1,116   | 50                       | 4.7                     |
| Trade balance                                  | -103       | -77     | -163    | -233    | -220    | 13                       | 5.7                     |
| MM018 Fiberglass insulation products           |            |         |         |         |         |                          |                         |
| Exports  | 205        | 127     | 172     | 187     | 234     | 47                       | 25.3                    |
| Imports  | 73         | 73      | 115     | 139     | 140     | 1                        | 0.5                     |
| Trade balance                                  | 131        | 54      | 56      | 47      | 94      | 47                       | 98.2                    |
| MM019 Natural and synthetic gemstones          |            |         |         |         |         |                          |                         |
| Exports  | 2,447      | 3,303   | 3,684   | 3,623   | 2,356   | -1,267                   | -35.0                   |
| Imports  | 13,608     | 19,730  | 23,625  | 21,597  | 24,733  | 3,136                    | 14.5                    |
| Trade balance                                  | -11,161    | -16,427 | -19,942 | -17,974 | -22,377 | -4,403                   | -24.5                   |
| MM020 Precious metals and non-numismatic coins |            |         |         |         |         |                          |                         |
| Exports  | 20,699     | 28,033  | 42,230  | 42,762  | 38,868  | -3,893                   | -9.1                    |
| Imports  | 16,287     | 23,701  | 33,423  | 32,257  | 30,181  | -2,075                   | -6.4                    |
| Trade balance                                  | 4,412      | 4,332   | 8,808   | 10,505  | 8,687   | -1,818                   | -17.3                   |

| USITC code and industry/commodity group                              | Million \$ |        |         |         |         | Absolute change, 2012–13 | Percent change, 2012–13 |
|--|------------|--------|---------|---------|---------|--------------------------|-------------------------|
|  | 2009       | 2010   | 2011    | 2012    | 2013    |                          |                         |
| MM020A Unrefined and refined gold                                    |            |        |         |         |         |                          |                         |
| Exports  | 11,918     | 14,698 | 24,134  | 33,339  | 31,585  | -1,753                   | -5.3                    |
| Imports  | 7,928      | 11,647 | 14,330  | 15,912  | 14,124  | -1,788                   | -11.2                   |
| Trade balance  | 3,990      | 3,052  | 9,805   | 17,426  | 17,462  | 35                       | 0.2                     |
| MM021 Primary iron products  |            |        |         |         |         |                          |                         |
| Exports  | 7          | 18     | 38      | 12      | 7       | -5                       | -40.0                   |
| Imports  | 1,184      | 2,149  | 2,916   | 2,925   | 2,474   | -452                     | -15.4                   |
| Trade balance  | -1,176     | -2,131 | -2,878  | -2,913  | -2,467  | 447                      | 15.3                    |
| MM022 Ferroalloys  |            |        |         |         |         |                          |                         |
| Exports  | 128        | 165    | 171     | 143     | 126     | -17                      | -12.1                   |
| Imports  | 1,062      | 2,668  | 2,930   | 2,899   | 2,380   | -519                     | -17.9                   |
| Trade balance  | -935       | -2,503 | -2,760  | -2,756  | -2,254  | 501                      | 18.2                    |
| MM023 Iron and steel waste and scrap                                 |            |        |         |         |         |                          |                         |
| Exports  | 7,125      | 8,399  | 11,398  | 9,449   | 7,595   | -1,854                   | -19.6                   |
| Imports  | 817        | 1,423  | 1,655   | 1,605   | 1,483   | -122                     | -7.6                    |
| Trade balance  | 6,307      | 6,975  | 9,743   | 7,844   | 6,112   | -1,732                   | -22.1                   |
| MM024 Abrasive and ferrous products                                  |            |        |         |         |         |                          |                         |
| Exports  | 528        | 774    | 855     | 806     | 843     | 37                       | 4.7                     |
| Imports  | 745        | 1,039  | 1,218   | 1,184   | 1,190   | 6                        | 0.5                     |
| Trade balance  | -217       | -265   | -364    | -378    | -347    | 32                       | 8.4                     |
| MM024A Abrasive products   |            |        |         |         |         |                          |                         |
| Exports  | 339        | 486    | 544     | 506     | 522     | 16                       | 3.1                     |
| Imports  | 536        | 683    | 770     | 803     | 818     | 15                       | 1.9                     |
| Trade balance  | -197       | -197   | -226    | -297    | -296    | (a)                      | 0.1                     |
| MM025 Steel mill products  |            |        |         |         |         |                          |                         |
| Exports  | 10,648     | 14,086 | 16,647  | 16,965  | 16,017  | -948                     | -5.6                    |
| Imports  | 16,995     | 22,928 | 30,765  | 34,303  | 29,065  | -5,238                   | -15.3                   |
| Trade balance  | -6,347     | -8,842 | -14,118 | -17,337 | -13,048 | 4,289                    | 24.7                    |
| MM025A Ingots, blooms, billets, and slabs of carbon and alloy steels |            |        |         |         |         |                          |                         |
| Exports  | 459        | 474    | 818     | 632     | 409     | -223                     | -35.3                   |
| Imports  | 891        | 2,535  | 4,192   | 4,109   | 3,397   | -712                     | -17.3                   |
| Trade balance  | -432       | -2,060 | -3,375  | -3,477  | -2,989  | 489                      | 14.1                    |
| MM025B Plates, sheets, and strips of carbon and alloy steels         |            |        |         |         |         |                          |                         |
| Exports  | 3,940      | 5,137  | 5,976   | 5,744   | 5,320   | -424                     | -7.4                    |
| Imports  | 4,480      | 6,133  | 7,934   | 8,726   | 7,896   | -830                     | -9.5                    |
| Trade balance  | -540       | -997   | -1,958  | -2,982  | -2,576  | 405                      | 13.6                    |

| USITC code and industry/commodity group                        | Million \$ |       |        |        |        | Absolute change, 2012-13 | Percent change, 2012-13 |
|--|------------|-------|--------|--------|--------|--------------------------|-------------------------|
|  | 2009       | 2010  | 2011   | 2012   | 2013   |                          |                         |
| MM025C Bars, rods, and light shapes of carbon and alloy steels |            |       |        |        |        |                          |                         |
| Exports  | 989        | 1,536 | 1,860  | 1,826  | 1,483  | -343                     | -18.8                   |
| Imports  | 1,472      | 2,362 | 3,110  | 3,466  | 3,111  | -355                     | -10.2                   |
| Trade balance  | -483       | -825  | -1,250 | -1,640 | -1,629 | 12                       | 0.7                     |
| MM025D Angles, shapes, and sections of carbon and alloy steels |            |       |        |        |        |                          |                         |
| Exports  | 459        | 659   | 1,007  | 1,112  | 922    | -190                     | -17.1                   |
| Imports  | 394        | 516   | 631    | 573    | 648    | 75                       | 13.2                    |
| Trade balance  | 65         | 143   | 376    | 539    | 274    | -265                     | -49.2                   |
| MM025E Wire of carbon and alloy steels                         |            |       |        |        |        |                          |                         |
| Exports  | 198        | 270   | 287    | 258    | 242    | -16                      | -6.1                    |
| Imports  | 493        | 665   | 758    | 807    | 771    | -36                      | -4.4                    |
| Trade balance  | -295       | -395  | -471   | -549   | -529   | 20                       | 3.6                     |
| MM025F Ingots, blooms, billets, and slabs of stainless steels  |            |       |        |        |        |                          |                         |
| Exports  | 101        | 97    | 159    | 173    | 134    | -39                      | -22.6                   |
| Imports  | 204        | 355   | 505    | 513    | 352    | -161                     | -31.5                   |
| Trade balance  | -104       | -258  | -346   | -340   | -218   | 122                      | 35.9                    |
| MM025G Plates, sheets, and strips of stainless steels          |            |       |        |        |        |                          |                         |
| Exports  | 841        | 1,365 | 1,441  | 1,282  | 1,377  | 95                       | 7.4                     |
| Imports  | 670        | 1,423 | 1,830  | 1,771  | 1,354  | -417                     | -23.6 <sup>b</sup>      |
| Trade balance  | 171        | -58   | -389   | -489   | 23     | 512                      |                         |
| MM025H Bars, rods, and light shapes of stainless steels        |            |       |        |        |        |                          |                         |
| Exports  | 200        | 271   | 398    | 382    | 330    | -52                      | -13.7                   |
| Imports  | 362        | 564   | 849    | 800    | 656    | -143                     | -17.9                   |
| Trade balance  | -162       | -293  | -451   | -417   | -326   | 91                       | 21.8                    |
| MM025I Angles, shapes, and sections of stainless steels        |            |       |        |        |        |                          |                         |
| Exports  | 11         | 17    | 17     | 22     | 19     | -3                       | -14.5                   |
| Imports  | 17         | 31    | 36     | 31     | 32     | 1                        | 3.1                     |
| Trade balance  | -6         | -14   | -19    | -9     | -13    | -4                       | -45.8                   |
| MM025J Wire of stainless steels                                |            |       |        |        |        |                          |                         |
| Exports  | 59         | 86    | 109    | 111    | 101    | -10                      | -8.6                    |
| Imports  | 126        | 205   | 248    | 239    | 228    | -11                      | -4.6                    |
| Trade balance  | -67        | -119  | -138   | -128   | -127   | 1                        | 1.1                     |
| MM025K Rails and accessories of carbon and alloy steels        |            |       |        |        |        |                          |                         |
| Exports  | 209        | 210   | 250    | 327    | 359    | 32                       | 9.8                     |
| Imports  | 313        | 327   | 396    | 442    | 455    | 13                       | 3.0                     |
| Trade balance  | -104       | -117  | -146   | -114   | -96    | 19                       | 16.4                    |

| USITC code and industry/commodity group                      | Million \$ |        |        |        |        | Absolute change, 2012-13 | Percent change, 2012-13 |
|--|------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------------------------|-------------------------|
|  | 2009       | 2010   | 2011   | 2012   | 2013   |                          |                         |
| MM025L Pipes and tubes of carbon and alloy steels            |            |        |        |        |        |                          |                         |
| Exports  | 2,565      | 3,042  | 3,204  | 3,895  | 4,179  | 284                      | 7.3                     |
| Imports  | 6,718      | 6,798  | 8,952  | 11,324 | 8,919  | -2,405                   | -21.2                   |
| Trade balance  | -4,153     | -3,756 | -5,748 | -7,429 | -4,740 | 2,689                    | 36.2                    |
| MM025M Pipes and tubes of stainless steels                   |            |        |        |        |        |                          |                         |
| Exports  | 260        | 294    | 406    | 443    | 429    | -14                      | -3.1                    |
| Imports  | 693        | 675    | 853    | 1,026  | 859    | -167                     | -16.3                   |
| Trade balance  | -433       | -381   | -447   | -583   | -430   | 153                      | 26.3                    |
| MM025N Tool steels   |            |        |        |        |        |                          |                         |
| Exports  | 358        | 627    | 714    | 759    | 713    | -46                      | -6.0                    |
| Imports  | 161        | 339    | 470    | 477    | 386    | -91                      | -19.0                   |
| Trade balance  | 197        | 288    | 244    | 282    | 327    | 45                       | 16.0                    |
| MM026 Steel pipe and tube fittings and certain cast products |            |        |        |        |        |                          |                         |
| Exports  | 1,291      | 1,537  | 1,692  | 1,835  | 1,928  | 93                       | 5.1                     |
| Imports  | 1,246      | 1,447  | 1,992  | 2,487  | 2,303  | -183                     | -7.4                    |
| Trade balance  | 45         | 90     | -299   | -651   | -375   | 276                      | 42.4                    |
| MM027 Fabricated structurals                                 |            |        |        |        |        |                          |                         |
| Exports  | 420        | 500    | 582    | 727    | 799    | 72                       | 9.9                     |
| Imports  | 1,366      | 1,215  | 1,211  | 1,893  | 1,025  | -868                     | -45.8                   |
| Trade balance  | -946       | -714   | -629   | -1,166 | -226   | 940                      | 80.6                    |
| MM028 Metal construction components                          |            |        |        |        |        |                          |                         |
| Exports  | 1,147      | 1,227  | 1,428  | 1,802  | 1,562  | -240                     | -13.3                   |
| Imports  | 1,939      | 1,618  | 1,744  | 2,156  | 2,315  | 158                      | 7.3                     |
| Trade balance  | -792       | -391   | -317   | -354   | -753   | -398                     | -112.4                  |
| MM029 Metallic containers                                    |            |        |        |        |        |                          |                         |
| Exports  | 1,333      | 1,479  | 1,592  | 1,648  | 1,782  | 135                      | 8.2                     |
| Imports  | 1,288      | 1,038  | 1,193  | 1,408  | 1,414  | 6                        | 0.4                     |
| Trade balance  | 45         | 441    | 399    | 240    | 368    | 129                      | 53.7                    |
| MM030 Wire products of base metal                            |            |        |        |        |        |                          |                         |
| Exports  | 1,124      | 1,413  | 1,629  | 1,755  | 1,906  | 151                      | 8.6                     |
| Imports  | 1,731      | 2,105  | 2,499  | 2,792  | 2,723  | -69                      | -2.5                    |
| Trade balance  | -607       | -692   | -870   | -1,037 | -817   | 220                      | 21.2                    |
| MM031 Miscellaneous products of base metal                   |            |        |        |        |        |                          |                         |
| Exports  | 5,997      | 7,087  | 8,066  | 8,817  | 9,318  | 502                      | 5.7                     |
| Imports  | 9,686      | 11,889 | 13,630 | 14,938 | 15,209 | 271                      | 1.8                     |
| Trade balance  | -3,689     | -4,802 | -5,564 | -6,122 | -5,891 | 231                      | 3.8                     |

| USITC code and industry/commodity group                  | Million \$ |        |        |        |        | Absolute change, 2012-13 | Percent change, 2012-13 |
|--|------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------------------------|-------------------------|
|  | 2009       | 2010   | 2011   | 2012   | 2013   |                          |                         |
| MM032 Industrial fasteners of base metal                 |            |        |        |        |        |                          |                         |
| Exports  | 1,962      | 2,446  | 2,854  | 3,133  | 3,380  | 247                      | 7.9                     |
| Imports  | 2,561      | 3,490  | 4,234  | 4,679  | 4,575  | -104                     | -2.2                    |
| Trade balance  | -599       | -1,044 | -1,380 | -1,545 | -1,194 | 351                      | 22.7                    |
| MM033 Cooking and kitchen ware                           |            |        |        |        |        |                          |                         |
| Exports  | 221        | 253    | 256    | 284    | 292    | 9                        | 3.1                     |
| Imports  | 2,180      | 2,683  | 2,676  | 2,781  | 3,023  | 243                      | 8.7                     |
| Trade balance  | -1,960     | -2,430 | -2,420 | -2,497 | -2,731 | -234                     | -9.4                    |
| MM034 Metal and ceramic sanitary ware                    |            |        |        |        |        |                          |                         |
| Exports  | 193        | 202    | 206    | 190    | 184    | -5                       | -2.7                    |
| Imports  | 1,030      | 1,183  | 1,214  | 1,331  | 1,464  | 133                      | 10.0                    |
| Trade balance  | -836       | -981   | -1,008 | -1,141 | -1,280 | -139                     | -12.2                   |
| MM035 Construction castings and other cast-iron articles |            |        |        |        |        |                          |                         |
| Exports  | 53         | 64     | 85     | 80     | 82     | 3                        | 3.4                     |
| Imports  | 139        | 168    | 229    | 253    | 231    | -22                      | -8.6                    |
| Trade balance  | -86        | -104   | -144   | -174   | -149   | 25                       | 14.2                    |
| MM036 Copper and related articles                        |            |        |        |        |        |                          |                         |
| Exports  | 4,636      | 7,189  | 8,841  | 8,738  | 8,303  | -435                     | -5.0                    |
| Imports  | 6,125      | 8,609  | 11,158 | 9,735  | 10,181 | 446                      | 4.6                     |
| Trade balance  | -1,488     | -1,420 | -2,318 | -997   | -1,878 | -881                     | -88.4                   |
| MM036A Unrefined and refined copper                      |            |        |        |        |        |                          |                         |
| Exports  | 452        | 579    | 243    | 754    | 508    | -247                     | -32.7                   |
| Imports  | 3,403      | 4,489  | 5,840  | 4,938  | 5,453  | 515                      | 10.4                    |
| Trade balance  | -2,951     | -3,909 | -5,597 | -4,183 | -4,946 | -762                     | -18.2                   |
| MM036B Copper alloy plate, sheet, and strip              |            |        |        |        |        |                          |                         |
| Exports  | 193        | 263    | 288    | 275    | 316    | 41                       | 15.0                    |
| Imports  | 119        | 225    | 255    | 254    | 298    | 43                       | 16.9                    |
| Trade balance  | 73         | 38     | 32     | 20     | 19     | -2                       | -9.2                    |
| MM037 Unwrought aluminum                                 |            |        |        |        |        |                          |                         |
| Exports  | 2,673      | 3,930  | 4,977  | 4,418  | 4,200  | -218                     | -4.9                    |
| Imports  | 5,761      | 7,180  | 8,678  | 8,049  | 8,428  | 379                      | 4.7                     |
| Trade balance  | -3,089     | -3,250 | -3,701 | -3,631 | -4,228 | -597                     | -16.4                   |
| MM037A Primary and secondary aluminum                    |            |        |        |        |        |                          |                         |
| Exports  | 620        | 921    | 1,134  | 1,056  | 1,016  | -40                      | -3.8                    |
| Imports  | 5,021      | 6,163  | 7,471  | 6,839  | 7,249  | 410                      | 6.0                     |
| Trade balance  | -4,401     | -5,242 | -6,337 | -5,783 | -6,233 | -450                     | -7.8                    |

| USITC code and industry/commodity group    | Million \$ |        |        |        |        | Absolute change, 2012-13 | Percent change, 2012-13 |
|--|------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------------------------|-------------------------|
|  | 2009       | 2010   | 2011   | 2012   | 2013   |                          |                         |
| MM038 Aluminum mill products               |            |        |        |        |        |                          |                         |
| Exports                                    | 3,671      | 4,235  | 5,305  | 5,526  | 5,705  | 179                      | 3.2                     |
| Imports                                    | 3,330      | 4,397  | 4,712  | 4,572  | 4,493  | -78                      | -1.7                    |
| Trade balance                              | 341        | -162   | 594    | 955    | 1,212  | 257                      | 27.0                    |
| MM038A Aluminum bars, rods, and profiles   |            |        |        |        |        |                          |                         |
| Exports                                    | 431        | 534    | 654    | 736    | 874    | 138                      | 18.8                    |
| Imports                                    | 783        | 899    | 531    | 620    | 643    | 24                       | 3.8                     |
| Trade balance                              | -352       | -365   | 124    | 116    | 231    | 115                      | 98.7                    |
| MM038B Aluminum wire                       |            |        |        |        |        |                          |                         |
| Exports                                    | 132        | 163    | 187    | 154    | 159    | 5                        | 3.4                     |
| Imports                                    | 321        | 387    | 491    | 644    | 583    | -61                      | -9.4                    |
| Trade balance                              | -189       | -224   | -304   | -490   | -424   | 66                       | 13.4                    |
| MM038C Aluminum plate, sheet, and strip    |            |        |        |        |        |                          |                         |
| Exports                                    | 2,397      | 2,699  | 3,426  | 3,652  | 3,750  | 98                       | 2.7                     |
| Imports                                    | 1,423      | 2,104  | 2,544  | 2,235  | 2,081  | -154                     | -6.9                    |
| Trade balance                              | 974        | 595    | 883    | 1,417  | 1,669  | 252                      | 17.8                    |
| MM038D Aluminum foil                       |            |        |        |        |        |                          |                         |
| Exports                                    | 460        | 538    | 714    | 603    | 513    | -90                      | -14.9                   |
| Imports                                    | 591        | 751    | 867    | 795    | 902    | 107                      | 13.5                    |
| Trade balance                              | -131       | -213   | -153   | -192   | -389   | -197                     | -102.8                  |
| MM038E Aluminum tubes, pipes, and fittings |            |        |        |        |        |                          |                         |
| Exports                                    | 226        | 269    | 296    | 365    | 390    | 25                       | 6.8                     |
| Imports                                    | 190        | 210    | 232    | 231    | 238    | 7                        | 3.1                     |
| Trade balance                              | 36         | 59     | 64     | 134    | 152    | 17                       | 13.0                    |
| MM039 Lead and related articles            |            |        |        |        |        |                          |                         |
| Exports                                    | 283        | 278    | 293    | 253    | 276    | 23                       | 9.0                     |
| Imports                                    | 509        | 708    | 897    | 892    | 1,176  | 284                      | 31.8                    |
| Trade balance                              | -225       | -431   | -604   | -639   | -900   | -261                     | -40.9                   |
| MM039A Refined lead                        |            |        |        |        |        |                          |                         |
| Exports                                    | 61         | 62     | 29     | 33     | 41     | 8                        | 23.0                    |
| Imports                                    | 213        | 258    | 299    | 344    | 692    | 347                      | 100.9                   |
| Trade balance                              | -152       | -196   | -269   | -311   | -651   | -340                     | -109.3                  |
| MM040 Zinc and related articles            |            |        |        |        |        |                          |                         |
| Exports                                    | 185        | 289    | 315    | 312    | 303    | -10                      | -3.2                    |
| Imports                                    | 1,254      | 1,703  | 1,966  | 1,611  | 1,806  | 195                      | 12.1                    |
| Trade balance                              | -1,069     | -1,414 | -1,651 | -1,298 | -1,503 | -205                     | -15.8                   |

| USITC code and industry/commodity group                        | Million \$ |        |        |        |        | Absolute change, 2012-13 | Percent change, 2012-13 |
|--|------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------------------------|-------------------------|
|  | 2009       | 2010   | 2011   | 2012   | 2013   |                          |                         |
| MM040A Unwrought zinc  |            |        |        |        |        |                          |                         |
| Exports  | 3          | 4      | 20     | 15     | 11     | -4                       | -26.6                   |
| Imports  | 1,076      | 1,449  | 1,605  | 1,318  | 1,543  | 225                      | 17.0                    |
| Trade balance  | -1,073     | -1,445 | -1,586 | -1,303 | -1,532 | -229                     | -17.5                   |
| MM041 Certain base metals and chemical elements                |            |        |        |        |        |                          |                         |
| Exports  | 2,735      | 3,227  | 4,291  | 4,361  | 4,225  | -137                     | -3.1                    |
| Imports  | 3,822      | 6,106  | 7,563  | 6,744  | 5,830  | -914                     | -13.6                   |
| Trade balance  | -1,087     | -2,879 | -3,272 | -2,383 | -1,606 | 777                      | 32.6                    |
| MM041A Titanium ingot  |            |        |        |        |        |                          |                         |
| Exports  | 20         | 10     | 6      | 71     | 87     | 16                       | 22.8                    |
| Imports  | 13         | 4      | 12     | 9      | 14     | 6                        | 66.1                    |
| Trade balance  | 6          | 6      | -6     | 62     | 73     | 10                       | 16.9                    |
| MM042 Nonpowered handtools                                     |            |        |        |        |        |                          |                         |
| Exports  | 2,734      | 3,538  | 4,078  | 4,101  | 4,074  | -27                      | -0.7                    |
| Imports  | 3,628      | 4,786  | 5,445  | 6,088  | 6,344  | 256                      | 4.2                     |
| Trade balance  | -894       | -1,248 | -1,368 | -1,987 | -2,270 | -284                     | -14.3                   |
| MM043 Certain cutlery, sewing implements, and related products |            |        |        |        |        |                          |                         |
| Exports  | 562        | 625    | 636    | 603    | 588    | -14                      | -2.4                    |
| Imports  | 1,253      | 1,525  | 1,720  | 1,763  | 1,818  | 56                       | 3.2                     |
| Trade balance  | -691       | -900   | -1,084 | -1,160 | -1,230 | -70                      | -6.0                    |
| MM044 Table flatware and related products                      |            |        |        |        |        |                          |                         |
| Exports  | 26         | 22     | 28     | 26     | 24     | -2                       | -6.6                    |
| Imports  | 444        | 530    | 560    | 523    | 587    | 64                       | 12.1                    |
| Trade balance  | -418       | -508   | -532   | -498   | -563   | -65                      | -13.1                   |
| MM045 Certain builders' hardware                               |            |        |        |        |        |                          |                         |
| Exports  | 942        | 1,002  | 1,053  | 1,113  | 1,183  | 70                       | 6.3                     |
| Imports  | 3,119      | 3,646  | 3,848  | 4,026  | 4,379  | 353                      | 8.8                     |
| Trade balance  | -2,177     | -2,644 | -2,795 | -2,913 | -3,196 | -283                     | -9.7                    |

Source: Compiled from official statistics of the U.S. Department of Commerce.

Note: The codes shown above are used by the U.S. International Trade Commission to identify major groupings and subgroupings of imported and exported products for trade monitoring purposes. Import values are based on customs value; export values are based on free along ship value, U.S. port of export. Calculations based on unrounded data.

<sup>a</sup>Less than \$500,000.

<sup>b</sup>Not meaningful for purposes of comparison.



**Table A.7** Miscellaneous manufactures: U.S. trade for industry/commodity groups and subgroups, 2009–13

| USITC code and industry/commodity group                 | Million \$ |        |        |        |        | Absolute change, 2012–13 | Percent change, 2012–13 |
|---|------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------------------------|-------------------------|
|   | 2009       | 2010   | 2011   | 2012   | 2013   |                          |                         |
| MS001 Luggage, handbags, and flat goods                 |            |        |        |        |        |                          |                         |
| Exports   | 449        | 461    | 524    | 539    | 581    | 42                       | 7.7                     |
| Imports   | 6,395      | 7,917  | 8,893  | 9,880  | 10,372 | 491                      | 5.0                     |
| Trade balance   | -5,946     | -7,456 | -8,369 | -9,341 | -9,790 | -450                     | -4.8                    |
| MS001A Luggage  |            |        |        |        |        |                          |                         |
| Exports   | 286        | 305    | 350    | 362    | 390    | 28                       | 7.7                     |
| Imports   | 3,602      | 4,860  | 5,461  | 6,178  | 6,406  | 228                      | 3.7                     |
| Trade balance   | -3,316     | -4,556 | -5,111 | -5,816 | -6,016 | -200                     | -3.4                    |
| MS001B Handbags   |            |        |        |        |        |                          |                         |
| Exports   | 117        | 111    | 120    | 111    | 125    | 13                       | 12.0                    |
| Imports   | 2,131      | 2,274  | 2,519  | 2,723  | 2,903  | 180                      | 6.6                     |
| Trade balance   | -2,014     | -2,163 | -2,399 | -2,611 | -2,778 | -167                     | -6.4                    |
| MS001C Flat goods                                       |            |        |        |        |        |                          |                         |
| Exports   | 35         | 32     | 42     | 52     | 54     | 2                        | 4.0                     |
| Imports   | 621        | 748    | 871    | 947    | 1,015  | 68                       | 7.2                     |
| Trade balance   | -585       | -716   | -829   | -894   | -961   | -66                      | -7.4                    |
| MS002 Certain other leather goods                       |            |        |        |        |        |                          |                         |
| Exports   | 98         | 124    | 131    | 157    | 152    | -5                       | -2.9                    |
| Imports   | 391        | 483    | 611    | 570    | 580    | 11                       | 1.9                     |
| Trade balance   | -293       | -359   | -480   | -413   | -428   | -15                      | -3.7                    |
| MS003 Musical instruments and accessories               |            |        |        |        |        |                          |                         |
| Exports   | 599        | 618    | 713    | 739    | 692    | -47                      | -6.4                    |
| Imports   | 1,075      | 1,204  | 1,234  | 1,264  | 1,251  | -14                      | -1.1                    |
| Trade balance   | -476       | -586   | -521   | -525   | -558   | -34                      | -6.4                    |
| MS004 Umbrellas, whips, riding crops, and canes         |            |        |        |        |        |                          |                         |
| Exports   | 12         | 15     | 20     | 21     | 20     | -1                       | -5.9                    |
| Imports   | 385        | 479    | 498    | 521    | 525    | 4                        | 0.7                     |
| Trade balance   | -372       | -464   | -479   | -500   | -505   | -5                       | -1.0                    |
| MS005 Silverware and related articles of precious metal |            |        |        |        |        |                          |                         |
| Exports   | 246        | 351    | 249    | 285    | 264    | -21                      | -7.4                    |
| Imports   | 1,398      | 1,383  | 1,496  | 944    | 1,148  | 203                      | 21.5                    |
| Trade balance   | -1,152     | -1,032 | -1,246 | -660   | -884   | -224                     | -34.0                   |

| USITC code and industry/commodity group        | Million \$ |         |         |         |         | Absolute change, 2012-13 | Percent change, 2012-13 |
|--|------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|--------------------------|-------------------------|
|  | 2009       | 2010    | 2011    | 2012    | 2013    |                          |                         |
| MS006 Precious jewelry and related articles    |            |         |         |         |         |                          |                         |
| Exports  | 3,931      | 4,327   | 4,781   | 4,817   | 5,178   | 361                      | 7.5                     |
| Imports  | 5,755      | 6,945   | 7,725   | 7,443   | 8,114   | 671                      | 9.0                     |
| Trade balance                                  | -1,824     | -2,618  | -2,943  | -2,626  | -2,936  | -310                     | -11.8                   |
| MS007 Costume jewelry and related articles     |            |         |         |         |         |                          |                         |
| Exports  | 148        | 167     | 179     | 191     | 201     | 9                        | 4.9                     |
| Imports  | 1,379      | 1,719   | 1,799   | 1,964   | 1,931   | -33                      | -1.7                    |
| Trade balance                                  | -1,231     | -1,551  | -1,621  | -1,773  | -1,730  | 42                       | 2.4                     |
| MS008 Bicycles and certain parts               |            |         |         |         |         |                          |                         |
| Exports  | 313        | 342     | 349     | 395     | 386     | -9                       | -2.4                    |
| Imports  | 1,404      | 1,818   | 1,848   | 2,136   | 1,959   | -177                     | -8.3                    |
| Trade balance                                  | -1,092     | -1,476  | -1,499  | -1,741  | -1,573  | 167                      | 9.6                     |
| MS009 Furniture                                |            |         |         |         |         |                          |                         |
| Exports  | 3,392      | 3,872   | 4,226   | 4,766   | 4,807   | 41                       | 0.9                     |
| Imports  | 20,057     | 24,005  | 24,659  | 26,914  | 28,590  | 1,675                    | 6.2                     |
| Trade balance                                  | -16,665    | -20,132 | -20,433 | -22,149 | -23,783 | -1,634                   | -7.4                    |
| MS010 Writing instruments and related articles |            |         |         |         |         |                          |                         |
| Exports  | 130        | 157     | 172     | 164     | 178     | 14                       | 8.8                     |
| Imports  | 1,092      | 1,277   | 1,357   | 1,390   | 1,395   | 4                        | 0.3                     |
| Trade balance                                  | -962       | -1,120  | -1,185  | -1,227  | -1,217  | 10                       | 0.8                     |
| MS011 Lamps and lighting fittings              |            |         |         |         |         |                          |                         |
| Exports  | 916        | 1,056   | 1,268   | 1,327   | 1,350   | 23                       | 1.7                     |
| Imports  | 4,709      | 5,824   | 6,443   | 7,644   | 8,585   | 941                      | 12.3                    |
| Trade balance                                  | -3,793     | -4,769  | -5,175  | -6,317  | -7,235  | -918                     | -14.5                   |
| MS012 Prefabricated buildings                  |            |         |         |         |         |                          |                         |
| Exports  | 627        | 875     | 961     | 1,075   | 1,151   | 76                       | 7.1                     |
| Imports  | 216        | 242     | 227     | 244     | 227     | -17                      | -7.0                    |
| Trade balance                                  | 410        | 633     | 734     | 831     | 924     | 93                       | 11.2                    |
| MS013 Toys and games                           |            |         |         |         |         |                          |                         |
| Exports  | 2,435      | 2,450   | 2,462   | 2,562   | 2,398   | -164                     | -6.4                    |
| Imports  | 21,256     | 22,387  | 19,974  | 18,923  | 18,339  | -584                     | -3.1                    |
| Trade balance                                  | -18,821    | -19,936 | -17,511 | -16,361 | -15,941 | 420                      | 2.6                     |
| MS014 Sporting goods                           |            |         |         |         |         |                          |                         |
| Exports  | 1,550      | 1,633   | 1,655   | 1,700   | 1,722   | 22                       | 1.3                     |
| Imports  | 4,688      | 5,573   | 5,725   | 6,143   | 6,131   | -12                      | -0.2                    |
| Trade balance                                  | -3,138     | -3,940  | -4,070  | -4,443  | -4,409  | 34                       | 0.8                     |

| USITC code and industry/commodity group                      | Million \$ |        |        |        |        | Absolute change, 2012–13 | Percent change, 2012–13 |
|--|------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------------------------|-------------------------|
|  | 2009       | 2010   | 2011   | 2012   | 2013   |                          |                         |
| MS015 Smokers' articles                                      |            |        |        |        |        |                          |                         |
| Exports  | 85         | 88     | 112    | 122    | 123    | 2                        | 1.4                     |
| Imports  | 188        | 229    | 244    | 228    | 275    | 47                       | 20.8                    |
| Trade balance  | -103       | -141   | -132   | -106   | -152   | -46                      | -43.1                   |
| MS016 Brooms, brushes, and hair grooming articles            |            |        |        |        |        |                          |                         |
| Exports  | 266        | 290    | 296    | 308    | 316    | 7                        | 2.4                     |
| Imports  | 1,292      | 1,473  | 1,561  | 1,686  | 1,734  | 49                       | 2.9                     |
| Trade balance  | -1,026     | -1,184 | -1,265 | -1,377 | -1,418 | -41                      | -3.0                    |
| MS016A Brooms and brushes                                    |            |        |        |        |        |                          |                         |
| Exports  | 244        | 266    | 268    | 277    | 288    | 10                       | 3.7                     |
| Imports  | 1,060      | 1,195  | 1,274  | 1,400  | 1,466  | 67                       | 4.8                     |
| Trade balance  | -816       | -930   | -1,006 | -1,122 | -1,179 | -57                      | -5.0                    |
| MS016B Hair grooming articles, non-electric (except brushes) |            |        |        |        |        |                          |                         |
| Exports  | 22         | 24     | 28     | 31     | 28     | -3                       | -9.1                    |
| Imports  | 232        | 278    | 287    | 286    | 268    | -18                      | -6.3                    |
| Trade balance  | -211       | -254   | -260   | -255   | -240   | 15                       | 6.0                     |
| MS017 Works of art and miscellaneous manufactured goods      |            |        |        |        |        |                          |                         |
| Exports  | 5,169      | 3,680  | 3,854  | 3,768  | 4,564  | 797                      | 21.1                    |
| Imports  | 8,621      | 10,325 | 11,513 | 12,546 | 13,926 | 1,380                    | 11.0                    |
| Trade balance  | -3,452     | -6,645 | -7,659 | -8,778 | -9,361 | -583                     | -6.6                    |
| MS018 Apparel fasteners                                      |            |        |        |        |        |                          |                         |
| Exports  | 109        | 143    | 155    | 125    | 168    | 43                       | 34.4                    |
| Imports  | 60         | 77     | 82     | 89     | 88     | -1                       | -0.7                    |
| Trade balance  | 48         | 67     | 73     | 36     | 79     | 44                       | 122.1                   |
| MS019 Arms, ammunition, and armored vehicles                 |            |        |        |        |        |                          |                         |
| Exports  | 4,292      | 4,892  | 4,652  | 4,854  | 5,592  | 739                      | 15.2                    |
| Imports  | 4,076      | 3,988  | 3,526  | 3,915  | 4,243  | 328                      | 8.4                     |
| Trade balance  | 216        | 905    | 1,126  | 939    | 1,349  | 410                      | 43.7                    |
| MS019A Small arms and ammunition                             |            |        |        |        |        |                          |                         |
| Exports  | 1,115      | 1,311  | 1,327  | 1,261  | 1,301  | 40                       | 3.2                     |
| Imports  | 2,304      | 2,136  | 2,063  | 2,544  | 3,144  | 600                      | 23.6                    |
| Trade balance  | -1,189     | -824   | -736   | -1,283 | -1,843 | -560                     | -43.6                   |

Source: Compiled from official statistics of the U.S. Department of Commerce.

Note: The codes shown above are used by the U.S. International Trade Commission to identify major groupings and subgroupings of imported and exported products for trade monitoring purposes. Import values are based on customs value; export values are based on free along ship value, U.S. port of export. Calculations based on unrounded data.

**Table A.8** Machinery: U.S. trade for industry/commodity groups and subgroups, 2009–13

| USITC code and industry/commodity group                       | Million \$ |         |         |         |         | Absolute change, 2012–13 | Percent change, 2012–13 |
|---|------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|--------------------------|-------------------------|
|   | 2009       | 2010    | 2011    | 2012    | 2013    |                          |                         |
| MT001 Pumps for liquids                                       |            |         |         |         |         |                          |                         |
| Exports   | 4,238      | 5,073   | 6,189   | 7,085   | 7,385   | 300                      | 4.2                     |
| Imports   | 3,746      | 4,915   | 6,356   | 7,216   | 7,150   | -66                      | -0.9                    |
| Trade balance   | 492        | 158     | -167    | -131    | 235     | 366                      | <sup>a</sup>            |
| MT002 Air-conditioning equipment and parts                    |            |         |         |         |         |                          |                         |
| Exports   | 6,911      | 7,857   | 8,568   | 9,198   | 9,569   | 370                      | 4.0                     |
| Imports   | 8,576      | 10,695  | 12,810  | 14,045  | 14,977  | 932                      | 6.6                     |
| Trade balance   | -1,665     | -2,838  | -4,242  | -4,847  | -5,409  | -562                     | -11.6                   |
| MT003 Industrial thermal-processing equipment and furnaces    |            |         |         |         |         |                          |                         |
| Exports   | 3,489      | 3,993   | 4,430   | 4,634   | 4,517   | -116                     | -2.5                    |
| Imports   | 3,648      | 3,365   | 3,790   | 4,120   | 3,961   | -160                     | -3.9                    |
| Trade balance   | -160       | 628     | 640     | 513     | 557     | 43                       | 8.4                     |
| MT004 Household appliances, including commercial applications |            |         |         |         |         |                          |                         |
| Exports   | 5,576      | 6,308   | 6,771   | 7,184   | 7,523   | 339                      | 4.7                     |
| Imports   | 16,608     | 19,731  | 20,524  | 21,542  | 22,763  | 1,221                    | 5.7                     |
| Trade balance   | -11,031    | -13,423 | -13,753 | -14,358 | -15,240 | -882                     | -6.1                    |
| MT004A Major household appliances and parts                   |            |         |         |         |         |                          |                         |
| Exports   | 1,875      | 1,977   | 1,999   | 2,123   | 2,037   | -86                      | -4.0                    |
| Imports   | 5,964      | 7,113   | 7,037   | 7,529   | 8,198   | 669                      | 8.9                     |
| Trade balance   | -4,089     | -5,136  | -5,038  | -5,406  | -6,161  | -755                     | -14.0                   |
| MT005 Centrifuges and filtering and purifying equipment       |            |         |         |         |         |                          |                         |
| Exports   | 4,703      | 5,163   | 5,922   | 6,297   | 6,789   | 492                      | 7.8                     |
| Imports   | 3,886      | 4,653   | 5,569   | 5,794   | 6,052   | 259                      | 4.5                     |
| Trade balance   | 817        | 509     | 354     | 503     | 736     | 233                      | 46.4                    |
| MT006 Wrapping, packaging, and can-sealing machinery          |            |         |         |         |         |                          |                         |
| Exports   | 722        | 758     | 869     | 832     | 822     | -10                      | -1.2                    |
| Imports   | 1,625      | 1,808   | 2,343   | 2,241   | 2,421   | 180                      | 8.1                     |
| Trade balance   | -903       | -1,050  | -1,474  | -1,409  | -1,600  | -191                     | -13.5                   |
| MT007 Scales and weighing machinery                           |            |         |         |         |         |                          |                         |
| Exports   | 194        | 185     | 199     | 212     | 212     | -1                       | -0.3                    |
| Imports   | 529        | 663     | 680     | 700     | 690     | -10                      | -1.4                    |
| Trade balance   | -336       | -477    | -481    | -488    | -479    | 9                        | 1.9                     |

| USITC code and industry/commodity group                | Million \$ |       |        |        |        | Absolute change, 2012-13 | Percent change, 2012-13 |
|--|------------|-------|--------|--------|--------|--------------------------|-------------------------|
|  | 2009       | 2010  | 2011   | 2012   | 2013   |                          |                         |
| MT008 Mineral processing machinery                     |            |       |        |        |        |                          |                         |
| Exports  | 1,193      | 1,405 | 1,721  | 1,842  | 1,666  | -176                     | -9.5                    |
| Imports  | 656        | 752   | 1,097  | 1,232  | 1,264  | 33                       | 2.6                     |
| Trade balance  | 537        | 653   | 624    | 610    | 402    | -208                     | -34.1                   |
| MT009 Farm and garden machinery and equipment          |            |       |        |        |        |                          |                         |
| Exports  | 7,667      | 8,653 | 11,234 | 13,147 | 11,645 | -1,501                   | -11.4                   |
| Imports  | 4,977      | 5,887 | 7,069  | 8,191  | 8,943  | 752                      | 9.2                     |
| Trade balance  | 2,689      | 2,767 | 4,165  | 4,956  | 2,702  | -2,254                   | -45.5                   |
| MT010 Industrial food-processing and related machinery |            |       |        |        |        |                          |                         |
| Exports  | 763        | 877   | 1,008  | 1,063  | 1,073  | 10                       | 1.0                     |
| Imports  | 741        | 825   | 1,027  | 1,071  | 1,286  | 215                      | 20.1                    |
| Trade balance  | 23         | 52    | -19    | -8     | -213   | -205                     | -2,617.3                |
| MT011 Pulp, paper, and paperboard machinery            |            |       |        |        |        |                          |                         |
| Exports  | 616        | 643   | 713    | 780    | 734    | -47                      | -6.0                    |
| Imports  | 830        | 950   | 1,033  | 1,260  | 981    | -278                     | -22.1                   |
| Trade balance  | -214       | -307  | -320   | -479   | -248   | 232                      | 48.4                    |
| MT012 Printing and related machinery                   |            |       |        |        |        |                          |                         |
| Exports  | 1,431      | 1,651 | 1,699  | 1,587  | 1,469  | -118 <sup>b</sup>        | -7.5 <sup>c</sup>       |
| Imports  | 1,372      | 1,251 | 1,420  | 1,388  | 1,388  |                          |                         |
| Trade balance  | 59         | 400   | 279    | 199    | 81     | -119                     | -59.5                   |
| MT013 Textile machinery                                |            |       |        |        |        |                          |                         |
| Exports  | 642        | 800   | 741    | 712    | 700    | -12                      | -1.7                    |
| Imports  | 843        | 1,190 | 1,292  | 1,221  | 1,360  | 139                      | 11.4                    |
| Trade balance  | -201       | -389  | -551   | -509   | -660   | -151                     | -29.7                   |
| MT014 Metal rolling mills                              |            |       |        |        |        |                          |                         |
| Exports  | 486        | 524   | 442    | 430    | 347    | -83                      | -19.3                   |
| Imports  | 523        | 382   | 425    | 373    | 489    | 117                      | 31.3                    |
| Trade balance  | -37        | 143   | 17     | 57     | -142   | -200                     | ( <sup>a</sup> )        |
| MT015 Metal cutting machine tools                      |            |       |        |        |        |                          |                         |
| Exports  | 1,524      | 1,883 | 2,357  | 2,438  | 2,410  | -28                      | -1.2                    |
| Imports  | 2,173      | 2,529 | 4,509  | 5,822  | 5,106  | -716                     | -12.3                   |
| Trade balance  | -650       | -646  | -2,152 | -3,384 | -2,696 | 688                      | 20.3                    |
| MT016 Machine tool accessories                         |            |       |        |        |        |                          |                         |
| Exports  | 319        | 401   | 475    | 421    | 438    | 17                       | 4.0                     |
| Imports  | 438        | 568   | 793    | 923    | 842    | -81                      | -8.7                    |
| Trade balance  | -119       | -167  | -317   | -501   | -404   | 97                       | 19.4                    |

| USITC code and industry/commodity group                         | Million \$ |        |        |        |        | Absolute change, 2012-13 | Percent change, 2012-13 |
|---|------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------------------------|-------------------------|
|   | 2009       | 2010   | 2011   | 2012   | 2013   |                          |                         |
| MT017 Metal forming machine tools                               |            |        |        |        |        |                          |                         |
| Exports   | 938        | 1,190  | 1,418  | 1,399  | 1,319  | -80                      | -5.7                    |
| Imports   | 816        | 847    | 1,177  | 1,418  | 1,543  | 124                      | 8.8                     |
| Trade balance   | 121        | 343    | 241    | -19    | -224   | -205                     | -1,077.6                |
| MT018 Non-metalworking machine tools                            |            |        |        |        |        |                          |                         |
| Exports   | 582        | 730    | 704    | 688    | 615    | -73                      | -10.5                   |
| Imports   | 1,287      | 1,090  | 1,118  | 1,178  | 1,350  | 172                      | 14.6                    |
| Trade balance   | -705       | -359   | -415   | -490   | -735   | -245                     | -49.9                   |
| MT019 Semiconductor manufacturing equipment and robotics        |            |        |        |        |        |                          |                         |
| Exports   | 8,414      | 16,533 | 14,694 | 13,570 | 13,606 | 36                       | 0.3                     |
| Imports   | 5,914      | 9,335  | 13,791 | 12,711 | 11,502 | -1,209                   | -9.5                    |
| Trade balance   | 2,500      | 7,198  | 903    | 859    | 2,104  | 1,245                    | 144.9                   |
| MT019A Semiconductor manufacturing equipment                    |            |        |        |        |        |                          |                         |
| Exports   | 8,005      | 16,136 | 14,200 | 13,137 | 13,126 | -11                      | -0.1                    |
| Imports   | 5,510      | 8,772  | 13,077 | 11,998 | 10,752 | -1,247                   | -10.4                   |
| Trade balance   | 2,495      | 7,364  | 1,122  | 1,138  | 2,374  | 1,236                    | 108.6                   |
| MT020 Taps, cocks, valves, and similar devices                  |            |        |        |        |        |                          |                         |
| Exports   | 5,929      | 7,071  | 8,421  | 9,077  | 10,248 | 1,171                    | 12.9                    |
| Imports   | 7,542      | 9,661  | 11,667 | 12,977 | 13,538 | 561                      | 4.3                     |
| Trade balance   | -1,613     | -2,590 | -3,246 | -3,901 | -3,290 | 611                      | 15.7                    |
| MT021 Mechanical power transmission equipment                   |            |        |        |        |        |                          |                         |
| Exports   | 1,713      | 2,177  | 2,753  | 3,058  | 2,972  | -87                      | -2.8                    |
| Imports   | 3,047      | 3,672  | 4,730  | 5,201  | 4,747  | -455                     | -8.7                    |
| Trade balance   | -1,334     | -1,494 | -1,977 | -2,143 | -1,775 | 368                      | 17.2                    |
| MT022 Boilers, turbines, and related machinery                  |            |        |        |        |        |                          |                         |
| Exports   | 1,773      | 1,643  | 1,930  | 1,736  | 1,846  | 110                      | 6.3                     |
| Imports   | 1,899      | 1,614  | 1,464  | 1,299  | 1,480  | 181                      | 13.9                    |
| Trade balance   | -126       | 29     | 466    | 437    | 366    | -71                      | -16.2                   |
| MT023 Electric motors, generators, and related equipment        |            |        |        |        |        |                          |                         |
| Exports   | 6,743      | 7,584  | 7,897  | 9,321  | 8,297  | -1,024                   | -11.0                   |
| Imports   | 10,075     | 10,338 | 12,055 | 13,189 | 12,103 | -1,085                   | -8.2                    |
| Trade balance   | -3,332     | -2,754 | -4,158 | -3,868 | -3,807 | 61                       | 1.6                     |
| MT024 Electrical transformers, static converters, and inductors |            |        |        |        |        |                          |                         |
| Exports   | 2,416      | 2,759  | 2,991  | 3,118  | 3,303  | 184                      | 5.9                     |
| Imports   | 7,577      | 8,999  | 9,585  | 10,053 | 10,582 | 529                      | 5.3                     |
| Trade balance   | -5,162     | -6,240 | -6,594 | -6,934 | -7,279 | -344                     | -5.0                    |

| USITC code and industry/commodity group                            | Million \$ |        |                |        |        | Absolute change, 2012–13 | Percent change, 2012–13 |
|--|------------|--------|----------------|--------|--------|--------------------------|-------------------------|
|  | 2009       | 2010   | 2011           | 2012   | 2013   |                          |                         |
| MT025 Portable electric handtools                                  |            |        |                |        |        |                          |                         |
| Exports  | 110        | 141    | 157            | 199    | 198    | -1                       | -0.4                    |
| Imports  | 2,140      | 2,431  | 2,648          | 2,787  | 3,081  | 293                      | 10.5                    |
| Trade balance  | -2,031     | -2,290 | -2,492         | -2,588 | -2,882 | -294                     | -11.4                   |
| MT026 Nonelectrically powered handtools                            |            |        |                |        |        |                          |                         |
| Exports  | 814        | 917    | 927            | 948    | 897    | -51                      | -5.4                    |
| Imports  | 1,017      | 1,404  | 1,570          | 1,673  | 1,742  | 68                       | 4.1                     |
| Trade balance  | -203       | -487   | -643           | -725   | -844   | -119                     | -16.4                   |
| MT027 Electric lamps (bulbs) and portable electric lights          |            |        |                |        |        |                          |                         |
| Exports  | 668        | 752    | 738            | 715    | 729    | 14                       | 1.9                     |
| Imports  | 2,281      | 2,705  | 2,809          | 2,973  | 3,185  | 211                      | 7.1                     |
| Trade balance  | -1,613     | -1,953 | -2,071         | -2,258 | -2,456 | -198                     | -8.8                    |
| MT028 Welding and soldering equipment                              |            |        |                |        |        |                          |                         |
| Exports  | 816        | 1,064  | 1,243          | 1,219  | 1,210  | -9                       | -0.7                    |
| Imports  | 742        | 901    | 1,243          | 1,391  | 1,431  | 40                       | 2.9                     |
| Trade balance  | 74         | 163    | <sup>(b)</sup> | -172   | -221   | -49                      | -28.2                   |
| MT029 Nonautomotive insulated electrical wire and related products |            |        |                |        |        |                          |                         |
| Exports  | 3,727      | 4,790  | 5,382          | 6,020  | 6,207  | 187                      | 3.1                     |
| Imports  | 4,540      | 6,025  | 6,765          | 7,258  | 7,552  | 294                      | 4.1                     |
| Trade balance  | -813       | -1,235 | -1,384         | -1,238 | -1,346 | -108                     | -8.7                    |
| MT030 Miscellaneous machinery                                      |            |        |                |        |        |                          |                         |
| Exports  | 8,510      | 9,011  | 10,535         | 11,281 | 11,379 | 98                       | 0.9                     |
| Imports  | 7,717      | 8,668  | 10,503         | 11,446 | 11,608 | 163                      | 1.4                     |
| Trade balance  | 793        | 343    | 33             | -164   | -229   | -65                      | -39.4                   |
| MT031 Molds and molding machinery                                  |            |        |                |        |        |                          |                         |
| Exports  | 1,801      | 1,841  | 2,066          | 2,191  | 2,144  | -46                      | -2.1                    |
| Imports  | 2,294      | 2,617  | 3,086          | 3,544  | 3,995  | 451                      | 12.7                    |
| Trade balance  | -494       | -775   | -1,020         | -1,353 | -1,850 | -497                     | -36.7                   |

Source: Compiled from official statistics of the U.S. Department of Commerce.

Note: The codes shown above are used by the U.S. International Trade Commission to identify major groupings and subgroupings of imported and exported products for trade monitoring purposes. Import values are based on customs value; export values are based on free along ship value, U.S. port of export. Calculations based on unrounded data.

<sup>a</sup>Not meaningful for purposes of comparison.

<sup>b</sup>Less than \$500,000.

<sup>c</sup>Less than 0.05 percent.

**Table A.9** Textiles, apparel, and footwear: U.S. trade for industry/commodity groups and subgroups, 2009–13

| USITC code and industry/commodity group                | Million \$ |       |       |       |       | Absolute change, 2012–13 | Percent change, 2012–13 |
|--|------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|--------------------------|-------------------------|
|  | 2009       | 2010  | 2011  | 2012  | 2013  |                          |                         |
| TX001 Fibers and yarns, except raw cotton and raw wool |            |       |       |       |       |                          |                         |
| Exports  | 3,496      | 4,444 | 5,610 | 5,059 | 5,201 | 143                      | 2.8                     |
| Imports  | 2,638      | 3,479 | 3,980 | 3,830 | 3,752 | -78                      | -2.0                    |
| Trade balance  | 857        | 965   | 1,630 | 1,229 | 1,449 | 220                      | 17.9                    |
| TX002 Fabrics  |            |       |       |       |       |                          |                         |
| Exports  | 4,917      | 5,878 | 6,285 | 6,346 | 6,548 | 202                      | 3.2                     |
| Imports  | 4,410      | 5,444 | 6,241 | 6,587 | 6,733 | 145                      | 2.2                     |
| Trade balance  | 507        | 434   | 44    | -241  | -184  | 57                       | 23.7                    |
| TX002A Broadwoven fabrics                              |            |       |       |       |       |                          |                         |
| Exports  | 1,261      | 1,417 | 1,637 | 1,565 | 1,536 | -29                      | -1.8                    |
| Imports  | 1,708      | 2,114 | 2,481 | 2,507 | 2,486 | -21                      | -0.8                    |
| Trade balance  | -447       | -697  | -844  | -942  | -950  | -8                       | -0.9                    |
| TX002B Knit fabrics                                    |            |       |       |       |       |                          |                         |
| Exports  | 891        | 1,036 | 1,026 | 991   | 1,023 | 32                       | 3.2                     |
| Imports  | 652        | 727   | 841   | 959   | 948   | -11                      | -1.1                    |
| Trade balance  | 238        | 309   | 185   | 32    | 74    | 42                       | 132.7                   |
| TX002C Specialty fabrics                               |            |       |       |       |       |                          |                         |
| Exports  | 374        | 405   | 383   | 368   | 359   | -9                       | -2.5                    |
| Imports  | 380        | 445   | 488   | 518   | 531   | 13                       | 2.4                     |
| Trade balance  | -7         | -41   | -105  | -151  | -172  | -22                      | -14.4                   |
| TX002D Coated and other fabrics                        |            |       |       |       |       |                          |                         |
| Exports  | 925        | 1,246 | 1,312 | 1,380 | 1,370 | -9                       | -0.7                    |
| Imports  | 864        | 1,168 | 1,356 | 1,436 | 1,513 | 77                       | 5.4                     |
| Trade balance  | 61         | 78    | -44   | -57   | -143  | -86                      | -152.5                  |
| TX002E Glass fiber fabrics                             |            |       |       |       |       |                          |                         |
| Exports  | 219        | 237   | 251   | 271   | 282   | 10                       | 3.8                     |
| Imports  | 120        | 143   | 170   | 207   | 205   | -2                       | -0.9                    |
| Trade balance  | 99         | 94    | 81    | 64    | 76    | 12                       | 19.3                    |
| TX002F Other fabrics                                   |            |       |       |       |       |                          |                         |
| Exports  | 1,248      | 1,537 | 1,676 | 1,772 | 1,979 | 207                      | 11.7                    |
| Imports  | 685        | 847   | 905   | 961   | 1,049 | 88                       | 9.2                     |
| Trade balance  | 563        | 691   | 771   | 811   | 930   | 119                      | 14.6                    |



| USITC code and industry/commodity group         | Million \$ |        |        |        |        | Absolute change, 2012–13 | Percent change, 2012–13 |
|---|------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------------------------|-------------------------|
|   | 2009       | 2010   | 2011   | 2012   | 2013   |                          |                         |
| TX003 Carpets and rugs                          |            |        |        |        |        |                          |                         |
| Exports   | 821        | 959    | 1,025  | 1,057  | 1,070  | 13                       | 1.3                     |
| Imports   | 1,475      | 1,732  | 1,904  | 2,030  | 2,154  | 124                      | 6.1                     |
| Trade balance                                   | -654       | -773   | -880   | -974   | -1,084 | -110                     | -11.3                   |
| TX004 Home furnishings                          |            |        |        |        |        |                          |                         |
| Exports   | 363        | 398    | 436    | 500    | 512    | 12                       | 2.4                     |
| Imports   | 7,553      | 9,058  | 9,208  | 9,253  | 10,037 | 784                      | 8.5                     |
| Trade balance                                   | -7,190     | -8,660 | -8,772 | -8,753 | -9,525 | -772                     | -8.8                    |
| TX004A Blankets                                 |            |        |        |        |        |                          |                         |
| Exports   | 23         | 20     | 23     | 28     | 28     | 1                        | 2.9                     |
| Imports   | 616        | 735    | 740    | 751    | 860    | 108                      | 14.4                    |
| Trade balance                                   | -593       | -716   | -717   | -724   | -831   | -107                     | -14.8                   |
| TX004B Pillowcases and sheets                   |            |        |        |        |        |                          |                         |
| Exports   | 46         | 53     | 65     | 71     | 72     | 1                        | 1.6                     |
| Imports   | 1,938      | 2,447  | 2,534  | 2,547  | 2,819  | 272                      | 10.7                    |
| Trade balance                                   | -1,893     | -2,394 | -2,468 | -2,477 | -2,747 | -270                     | -10.9                   |
| TX004C Table/kitchen linens and towels          |            |        |        |        |        |                          |                         |
| Exports   | 44         | 51     | 47     | 50     | 49     | -1                       | -2.0                    |
| Imports   | 1,852      | 2,151  | 2,196  | 2,257  | 2,333  | 76                       | 3.4                     |
| Trade balance                                   | -1,808     | -2,099 | -2,149 | -2,207 | -2,284 | -77                      | -3.5                    |
| TX004D Curtains                                 |            |        |        |        |        |                          |                         |
| Exports   | 78         | 80     | 91     | 110    | 113    | 3                        | 3.0                     |
| Imports   | 991        | 1,101  | 1,052  | 989    | 1,130  | 141                      | 14.3                    |
| Trade balance                                   | -913       | -1,021 | -961   | -879   | -1,017 | -138                     | -15.7                   |
| TX004E Bedspreads and other furnishing articles |            |        |        |        |        |                          |                         |
| Exports   | 54         | 62     | 66     | 80     | 86     | 6                        | 7.5                     |
| Imports   | 1,112      | 1,383  | 1,509  | 1,563  | 1,645  | 82                       | 5.2                     |
| Trade balance                                   | -1,058     | -1,321 | -1,443 | -1,483 | -1,558 | -76                      | -5.1                    |
| TX004F Pillows, cushions, and sleeping bags     |            |        |        |        |        |                          |                         |
| Exports   | 118        | 131    | 143    | 160    | 162    | 1                        | 0.9                     |
| Imports   | 1,042      | 1,240  | 1,175  | 1,142  | 1,248  | 107                      | 9.3                     |
| Trade balance                                   | -924       | -1,108 | -1,032 | -982   | -1,087 | -105                     | -10.7                   |
| TX004G Tapestries and other wall hangings       |            |        |        |        |        |                          |                         |
| Exports   | 1          | 1      | 1      | 1      | 1      | ( <sup>a</sup> )         | 17.8                    |
| Imports   | 2          | 2      | 3      | 4      | 2      | -1                       | -34.0                   |
| Trade balance                                   | -1         | -2     | -2     | -3     | -1     | 1                        | 51.5                    |

| USITC code and industry/commodity group            | Million \$ |         |         |         |         | Absolute change, 2012–13 | Percent change, 2012–13 |
|--|------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|--------------------------|-------------------------|
|  | 2009       | 2010    | 2011    | 2012    | 2013    |                          |                         |
| TX005 Apparel                                      |            |         |         |         |         |                          |                         |
| Exports  | 2,922      | 3,197   | 3,337   | 3,452   | 3,412   | -39                      | -1.1                    |
| Imports  | 69,457     | 78,501  | 85,668  | 84,962  | 87,658  | 2,696                    | 3.2                     |
| Trade balance                                      | -66,534    | -75,304 | -82,331 | -81,510 | -84,246 | -2,736                   | -3.4                    |
| TX005A Men's and boys' suits and sports coats      |            |         |         |         |         |                          |                         |
| Exports  | 31         | 27      | 20      | 25      | 23      | -1                       | -5.8                    |
| Imports  | 949        | 1,014   | 1,201   | 1,304   | 1,359   | 54                       | 4.2                     |
| Trade balance                                      | -917       | -987    | -1,181  | -1,280  | -1,336  | -56                      | -4.4                    |
| TX005B Men's and boys' coats and jackets           |            |         |         |         |         |                          |                         |
| Exports  | 60         | 73      | 89      | 95      | 103     | 7                        | 7.6                     |
| Imports  | 2,299      | 2,636   | 3,183   | 2,970   | 2,839   | -131                     | -4.4                    |
| Trade balance                                      | -2,239     | -2,563  | -3,094  | -2,874  | -2,736  | 138                      | 4.8                     |
| TX005C Men's and boys' trousers                    |            |         |         |         |         |                          |                         |
| Exports  | 216        | 234     | 258     | 265     | 259     | -5                       | -2.1                    |
| Imports  | 6,805      | 7,496   | 8,277   | 8,267   | 8,640   | 373                      | 4.5                     |
| Trade balance                                      | -6,589     | -7,262  | -8,019  | -8,002  | -8,380  | -378                     | -4.7                    |
| TX005D Women's and girls' trousers                 |            |         |         |         |         |                          |                         |
| Exports  | 239        | 276     | 285     | 297     | 295     | -2                       | -0.6                    |
| Imports  | 8,043      | 8,663   | 8,965   | 9,082   | 9,736   | 653                      | 7.2                     |
| Trade balance                                      | -7,803     | -8,387  | -8,680  | -8,785  | -9,440  | -655                     | -7.5                    |
| TX005E Shirts and blouses                          |            |         |         |         |         |                          |                         |
| Exports  | 525        | 556     | 587     | 671     | 669     | -2                       | -0.3                    |
| Imports  | 21,962     | 24,728  | 26,728  | 26,030  | 27,254  | 1,224                    | 4.7                     |
| Trade balance                                      | -21,437    | -24,172 | -26,141 | -25,358 | -26,584 | -1,226                   | -4.8                    |
| TX005F Sweaters                                    |            |         |         |         |         |                          |                         |
| Exports  | 27         | 33      | 29      | 32      | 38      | 5                        | 15.9                    |
| Imports  | 2,014      | 2,275   | 2,492   | 2,324   | 2,364   | 40                       | 1.7                     |
| Trade balance                                      | -1,987     | -2,242  | -2,463  | -2,292  | -2,327  | -35                      | -1.5                    |
| TX005G Women's and girls' suits, skirts, and coats |            |         |         |         |         |                          |                         |
| Exports  | 158        | 146     | 145     | 144     | 145     | 2                        | 1.3                     |
| Imports  | 4,739      | 5,121   | 5,465   | 5,125   | 4,896   | -229                     | -4.5                    |
| Trade balance                                      | -4,581     | -4,975  | -5,320  | -4,981  | -4,750  | 231                      | 4.6                     |
| TX005H Women's and girls' dresses                  |            |         |         |         |         |                          |                         |
| Exports  | 163        | 188     | 235     | 237     | 258     | 20                       | 8.6                     |
| Imports  | 3,098      | 3,679   | 4,339   | 4,619   | 4,530   | -89                      | -1.9                    |
| Trade balance                                      | -2,935     | -3,490  | -4,104  | -4,382  | -4,272  | 110                      | 2.5                     |

| USITC code and industry/commodity group           | Million \$ |        |        |        |        | Absolute change, 2012-13 | Percent change, 2012-13 |
|---|------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------------------------|-------------------------|
|   | 2009       | 2010   | 2011   | 2012   | 2013   |                          |                         |
| TX005I Robes, nightwear, and underwear            |            |        |        |        |        |                          |                         |
| Exports   | 97         | 127    | 116    | 112    | 125    | 13                       | 11.8                    |
| Imports   | 4,683      | 5,464  | 5,704  | 5,619  | 5,763  | 144                      | 2.6                     |
| Trade balance                                     | -4,586     | -5,337 | -5,588 | -5,507 | -5,638 | -131                     | -2.4                    |
| TX005J Hosiery                                    |            |        |        |        |        |                          |                         |
| Exports   | 291        | 315    | 284    | 275    | 258    | -17                      | -6.3                    |
| Imports   | 1,509      | 1,831  | 1,947  | 2,031  | 2,163  | 132                      | 6.5                     |
| Trade balance                                     | -1,218     | -1,516 | -1,663 | -1,755 | -1,905 | -149                     | -8.5                    |
| TX005K Body-supporting garments                   |            |        |        |        |        |                          |                         |
| Exports   | 47         | 60     | 74     | 68     | 57     | -11                      | -15.9                   |
| Imports   | 1,850      | 2,247  | 2,250  | 2,360  | 2,525  | 166                      | 7.0                     |
| Trade balance                                     | -1,803     | -2,186 | -2,176 | -2,292 | -2,468 | -176                     | -7.7                    |
| TX005L Neckwear, handkerchiefs, and scarves       |            |        |        |        |        |                          |                         |
| Exports   | 20         | 20     | 26     | 28     | 30     | 2                        | 7.3                     |
| Imports   | 758        | 834    | 968    | 1,013  | 1,130  | 117                      | 11.6                    |
| Trade balance                                     | -738       | -813   | -942   | -985   | -1,100 | -115                     | -11.7                   |
| TX005M Gloves, including gloves for sports        |            |        |        |        |        |                          |                         |
| Exports   | 126        | 148    | 164    | 162    | 147    | -14                      | -8.8                    |
| Imports   | 3,234      | 3,874  | 4,517  | 4,709  | 4,577  | -132                     | -2.8                    |
| Trade balance                                     | -3,108     | -3,727 | -4,352 | -4,547 | -4,430 | 118                      | 2.6                     |
| TX005N Headwear                                   |            |        |        |        |        |                          |                         |
| Exports   | 128        | 140    | 162    | 192    | 182    | -9                       | -4.9                    |
| Imports   | 1,357      | 1,652  | 1,999  | 1,982  | 1,928  | -54                      | -2.7                    |
| Trade balance                                     | -1,229     | -1,512 | -1,837 | -1,791 | -1,746 | 44                       | 2.5                     |
| TX005O Leather apparel and accessories            |            |        |        |        |        |                          |                         |
| Exports   | 154        | 145    | 137    | 139    | 146    | 7                        | 5.3                     |
| Imports   | 841        | 934    | 926    | 954    | 1,062  | 108                      | 11.3                    |
| Trade balance                                     | -687       | -789   | -789   | -815   | -916   | -101                     | -12.4                   |
| TX005P Fur apparel and other fur articles         |            |        |        |        |        |                          |                         |
| Exports   | 19         | 15     | 15     | 19     | 19     | (a)                      | 2.6                     |
| Imports   | 136        | 158    | 186    | 157    | 157    | (a)                      | (b)                     |
| Trade balance                                     | -117       | -143   | -171   | -139   | -138   | (a)                      | 0.3                     |
| TX005Q Rubber, plastic, and coated-fabric apparel |            |        |        |        |        |                          |                         |
| Exports   | 173        | 186    | 179    | 148    | 134    | -14                      | -9.5                    |
| Imports   | 445        | 603    | 640    | 762    | 829    | 67                       | 8.9                     |
| Trade balance                                     | -272       | -417   | -462   | -614   | -695   | -81                      | -13.3                   |

| USITC code and industry/commodity group | Million \$ |         |         |         |         | Absolute change, 2012–13 | Percent change, 2012–13 |
|---|------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|--------------------------|-------------------------|
|   | 2009       | 2010    | 2011    | 2012    | 2013    |                          |                         |
| TX005R Nonwoven apparel                 |            |         |         |         |         |                          |                         |
| Exports                                 | 77         | 93      | 74      | 68      | 66      | -1                       | -1.6                    |
| Imports                                 | 500        | 554     | 591     | 628     | 654     | 25                       | 4.0                     |
| Trade balance                           | -423       | -461    | -517    | -561    | -587    | -26                      | -4.7                    |
| TX005S Other wearing apparel            |            |         |         |         |         |                          |                         |
| Exports                                 | 370        | 415     | 458     | 476     | 457     | -20                      | -4.1                    |
| Imports                                 | 4,235      | 4,739   | 5,290   | 5,026   | 5,254   | 227                      | 4.5                     |
| Trade balance                           | -3,865     | -4,324  | -4,832  | -4,550  | -4,797  | -247                     | -5.4                    |
| TX006 Miscellaneous textile products    |            |         |         |         |         |                          |                         |
| Exports                                 | 2,134      | 2,474   | 2,740   | 2,798   | 3,010   | 212                      | 7.6                     |
| Imports                                 | 5,047      | 5,984   | 6,609   | 6,844   | 6,891   | 47                       | 0.7                     |
| Trade balance                           | -2,914     | -3,510  | -3,870  | -4,047  | -3,881  | 166                      | 4.1                     |
| FW001 Footwear                          |            |         |         |         |         |                          |                         |
| Exports                                 | 620        | 728     | 832     | 824     | 789     | -36                      | -4.3                    |
| Imports                                 | 17,666     | 20,710  | 22,559  | 23,745  | 24,612  | 868                      | 3.7                     |
| Trade balance                           | -17,046    | -19,982 | -21,728 | -22,920 | -23,824 | -903                     | -3.9                    |

Source: Compiled from official statistics of the U.S. Department of Commerce.

Note: The codes shown above are used by the U.S. International Trade Commission to identify major groupings and subgroupings of imported and exported products for trade monitoring purposes. Import values are based on customs value; export values are based on free along ship value, U.S. port of export. Calculations based on unrounded data.

<sup>a</sup>Less than \$500,000.

<sup>b</sup>Less than 0.05 percent.

**Table A.10** Transportation equipment: U.S. trade for industry/commodity groups and subgroups, 2009–13

| USITC code and industry/commodity group                            | Million \$ |         |         |          |          | Absolute change, 2012–13 | Percent change, 2012–13 |
|--|------------|---------|---------|----------|----------|--------------------------|-------------------------|
|  | 2009       | 2010    | 2011    | 2012     | 2013     |                          |                         |
| TE001 Aircraft engines and gas turbines                            |            |         |         |          |          |                          |                         |
| Exports  | 9,457      | 8,786   | 9,556   | 10,181   | 9,443    | -739                     | -7.3                    |
| Imports  | 14,558     | 14,807  | 16,946  | 19,292   | 19,631   | 339                      | 1.8                     |
| Trade balance  | -5,102     | -6,021  | -7,389  | -9,110   | -10,188  | -1,078                   | -11.8                   |
| TE002 Internal combustion piston engines, other than for aircraft  |            |         |         |          |          |                          |                         |
| Exports  | 11,556     | 16,199  | 18,117  | 18,937   | 18,857   | -79                      | -0.4                    |
| Imports  | 11,866     | 17,989  | 22,548  | 24,522   | 23,906   | -616                     | -2.5                    |
| Trade balance  | -310       | -1,790  | -4,431  | -5,586   | -5,048   | 537                      | 9.6                     |
| TE003 Forklift trucks and similar industrial vehicles              |            |         |         |          |          |                          |                         |
| Exports  | 1,576      | 2,163   | 2,848   | 3,046    | 3,066    | 19                       | 0.6                     |
| Imports  | 1,182      | 1,432   | 2,427   | 3,110    | 3,246    | 135                      | 4.4                     |
| Trade balance  | 394        | 732     | 421     | -64      | -180     | -116                     | -181.2                  |
| TE004 Construction and mining equipment                            |            |         |         |          |          |                          |                         |
| Exports  | 19,777     | 22,010  | 27,971  | 29,959   | 23,729   | -6,230                   | -20.8                   |
| Imports  | 6,345      | 8,213   | 12,935  | 16,302   | 13,727   | -2,576                   | -15.8                   |
| Trade balance  | 13,432     | 13,797  | 15,036  | 13,656   | 10,002   | -3,654                   | -26.8                   |
| TE005 Ball and rollers bearings                                    |            |         |         |          |          |                          |                         |
| Exports  | 1,701      | 2,212   | 2,596   | 2,694    | 2,658    | -37                      | -1.4                    |
| Imports  | 1,927      | 2,753   | 3,553   | 3,864    | 3,590    | -274                     | -7.1                    |
| Trade balance  | -226       | -540    | -957    | -1,170   | -932     | 238                      | 20.3                    |
| TE006 Primary cells and batteries and electric                     |            |         |         |          |          |                          |                         |
| Exports  | 2,162      | 2,712   | 3,184   | 3,054    | 3,522    | 468                      | 15.3                    |
| Imports  | 2,985      | 3,701   | 4,102   | 4,512    | 4,681    | 169                      | 3.8                     |
| Trade balance  | -823       | -989    | -918    | -1,458   | -1,159   | 299                      | 20.5                    |
| TE007 Ignition, starting, lighting, and other electrical equipment |            |         |         |          |          |                          |                         |
| Exports  | 1,867      | 2,426   | 2,749   | 3,022    | 3,125    | 103                      | 3.4                     |
| Imports  | 4,066      | 5,588   | 6,497   | 7,113    | 7,690    | 577                      | 8.1                     |
| Trade balance  | -2,199     | -3,162  | -3,748  | -4,091   | -4,565   | -474                     | -11.6                   |
| TE008 Rail locomotive and rolling stock                            |            |         |         |          |          |                          |                         |
| Exports  | 2,140      | 2,410   | 3,053   | 3,659    | 3,641    | -18                      | -0.5                    |
| Imports  | 1,251      | 1,405   | 1,809   | 1,972    | 1,602    | -371                     | -18.8                   |
| Trade balance  | 888        | 1,005   | 1,244   | 1,687    | 2,040    | 352                      | 20.9                    |
| TE009 Motor vehicles   |            |         |         |          |          |                          |                         |
| Exports  | 35,963     | 48,940  | 59,454  | 65,669   | 69,557   | 3,888                    | 5.9                     |
| Imports  | 94,348     | 132,471 | 144,426 | 171,556  | 180,005  | 8,449                    | 4.9                     |
| Trade balance  | -58,386    | -83,531 | -84,972 | -105,887 | -110,448 | -4,561                   | -4.3                    |

| USITC code and industry/commodity group                                     | Million \$ |         |         |         |         | Absolute change, 2012-13 | Percent change, 2012-13 |
|---|------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|--------------------------|-------------------------|
|   | 2009       | 2010    | 2011    | 2012    | 2013    |                          |                         |
| TE010 Certain motor-vehicle parts   |            |         |         |         |         |                          |                         |
| Exports   | 22,713     | 31,194  | 35,714  | 37,806  | 38,109  | 303                      | 0.8                     |
| Imports   | 35,296     | 51,903  | 59,875  | 69,605  | 71,969  | 2,364                    | 3.4                     |
| Trade balance   | -12,584    | -20,709 | -24,161 | -31,799 | -33,860 | -2,061                   | -6.5                    |
| TE011 Powersport vehicles   |            |         |         |         |         |                          |                         |
| Exports   | 2,571      | 2,748   | 2,985   | 3,235   | 3,214   | -21                      | -0.6                    |
| Imports   | 2,988      | 2,317   | 3,251   | 3,866   | 3,860   | -6                       | -0.2                    |
| Trade balance   | -417       | 431     | -266    | -631    | -646    | -15                      | -2.4                    |
| TE011A Motorcycles and mopeds   |            |         |         |         |         |                          |                         |
| Exports   | 1,357      | 1,373   | 1,476   | 1,526   | 1,641   | 115                      | 7.5                     |
| Imports   | 2,341      | 1,618   | 2,420   | 2,873   | 2,813   | -60                      | -2.1                    |
| Trade balance   | -984       | -246    | -944    | -1,347  | -1,172  | 175                      | 13.0                    |
| TE012 Trailers, semi-trailers, and parts                                    |            |         |         |         |         |                          |                         |
| Exports   | 1,772      | 2,486   | 3,038   | 3,493   | 3,821   | 328                      | 9.4                     |
| Imports   | 906        | 1,202   | 1,911   | 2,117   | 2,144   | 27                       | 1.3                     |
| Trade balance   | 866        | 1,284   | 1,126   | 1,376   | 1,677   | 301                      | 21.9                    |
| TE013 Aircraft, spacecraft, and related equipment                           |            |         |         |         |         |                          |                         |
| Exports   | 77,700     | 73,949  | 82,028  | 95,210  | 104,881 | 9,671                    | 10.2                    |
| Imports   | 18,339     | 18,931  | 21,546  | 24,107  | 29,080  | 4,973                    | 20.6                    |
| Trade balance   | 59,361     | 55,019  | 60,482  | 71,103  | 75,801  | 4,698                    | 6.6                     |
| TE014 Ships, tugs, pleasure boats, and similar vessels                      |            |         |         |         |         |                          |                         |
| Exports   | 1,946      | 2,525   | 2,420   | 3,387   | 2,591   | -796                     | -23.5                   |
| Imports   | 1,510      | 1,804   | 1,395   | 2,005   | 2,789   | 784                      | 39.1                    |
| Trade balance   | 436        | 720     | 1,026   | 1,382   | -198    | -1,580                   | <sup>a</sup>            |
| TE015 Motors and engines, except internal combustion, aircraft, or electric |            |         |         |         |         |                          |                         |
| Exports   | 1,183      | 1,641   | 1,875   | 2,420   | 2,809   | 389                      | 16.1                    |
| Imports   | 2,240      | 2,431   | 3,358   | 4,466   | 3,629   | -837                     | -18.7                   |
| Trade balance   | -1,057     | -789    | -1,483  | -2,047  | -820    | 1,226                    | 59.9                    |

Source: Compiled from official statistics of the U.S. Department of Commerce.

Note: The codes shown above are used by the U.S. International Trade Commission to identify major groupings and subgroupings of imported and exported products for trade monitoring purposes. Import values are based on customs value; export values are based on f.a.s. value, U.S. port of export. Calculations based on unrounded data. In 2009, 60 export commodity classification (schedule B) codes covering all civilian aircraft, engines, equipment, and parts were consolidated into a single code by the U.S. Census Bureau. This reclassification may have accounted for some of the shifts in exports in the aircraft, spacecraft, and related equipment industry/commodity group and the engines and gas turbines industry/commodity group.

<sup>a</sup>Not meaningful for purposes of comparison